PMC-ND

(1.08.09.13)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND RENEWABLE ENERGY NEPA DETERMINATION



RECIPIENT:University of California, Berkeley

STATE: CA

PROJECT

Low-Cost Identification and Monitoring of Diverse MELs inResidential and Commercial Buildings with

TITLE:

PowerBlade

Funding Opportunity Announcement Number **DE-FOA-2632**

DE-EE0008220

Procurement Instrument Number NEPA Control Number CID Number GFO-0008220-001

GO8220

Based on my review of the information concerning the proposed action, as NEPA Compliance Officer (authorized under DOE Order 451.1A), I have made the following determination:

CX, EA, EIS APPENDIX AND NUMBER:

Description:

gathering, analysis, and dissemination

A9 Information Information gathering (including, but not limited to, literature surveys, inventories, site visits, and audits), data analysis (including, but not limited to, computer modeling), document preparation (including, but not limited to, conceptual design, feasibility studies, and analytical energy supply and demand studies), and information dissemination (including, but not limited to, document publication and distribution, and classroom training and informational programs), but not including site characterization or environmental monitoring. (See also B3.1 of appendix B to this subpart.)

B3.6 Smallscale research and development, laboratory pilot projects

Siting, construction, modification, operation, and decommissioning of facilities for smallscale research and development projects; conventional laboratory operations (such as preparation of chemical standards and sample analysis); and small-scale pilot projects (generally less than 2 years) frequently conducted to verify a concept before demonstration actions, provided that construction or modification would be within or contiguous to a previously disturbed or developed area (where active utilities and currently used roads are operations, and readily accessible). Not included in this category are demonstration actions, meaning actions that are undertaken at a scale to show whether a technology would be viable on a larger scale and suitable for commercial deployment.

B5.1 Actions to conserve energy or water

(a) Actions to conserve energy or water, demonstrate potential energy or water conservation, and promote energy efficiency that would not have the potential to cause significant changes in the indoor or outdoor concentrations of potentially harmful substances. These actions may involve financial and technical assistance to individuals (such as builders, owners, consultants, manufacturers, and designers), organizations (such as utilities), and governments (such as state, local, and tribal). Covered actions include, but are not limited to weatherization (such as insulation and replacing windows and doors); programmed lowering of thermostat settings; placement of timers on hot water heaters; installation or replacement of energy efficient lighting, low-flow plumbing fixtures (such as faucets, toilets, and showerheads), heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems, and appliances; installation of drip-irrigation systems; improvements in generator efficiency and appliance efficiency ratings; efficiency improvements for vehicles and transportation (such as fleet changeout); power storage (such as flywheels and batteries, generally less than 10 megawatt equivalent); transportation management systems (such as traffic signal control systems, car navigation, speed cameras, and automatic plate number recognition); development of energyefficient manufacturing, industrial, or building practices; and small-scale energy efficiency and conservation research and development and small-scale pilot projects. Covered actions include building renovations or new structures, provided that they occur in a previously disturbed or developed area. Covered actions could involve commercial, residential, agricultural, academic, institutional, or industrial sectors. Covered actions do not include rulemakings, standard-settings, or proposed DOE legislation, except for those actions listed in B5.1(b) of this appendix. (b) Covered actions include rulemakings that establish energy conservation standards for consumer products and industrial equipment, provided that the actions would not: (1) have the potential to cause a significant change in manufacturing infrastructure (such as construction of new manufacturing plants with considerable associated ground disturbance); (2) involve significant unresolved conflicts concerning alternative uses of available resources (such as rare or limited raw materials); (3) have the potential to result in a significant increase in the disposal of materials posing significant risks to human health and the environment (such as RCRA hazardous wastes); or (4) have the potential to cause a significant increase in energy consumption in a state or region.

Rationale for determination:

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) is proposing to provide federal funding to the University of California at Berkeley (UC Berkeley) to develop three generations of highly accurate and cost-effective wireless meters for monitoring individual electric loads.

Activities associated with the proposed project would include design, development, fabrication, laboratory testing, field

testing, field deployment, and data analysis of wireless plugload energy meters that monitor and identify miscellaneous electrical loads(MELs). Design and development activities would occur at UC Berkeley in Berkeley, CA. Laboratory testing would be completed at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL), also in Berkeley, CA. Although the exact facility has yet to be chosen, fabrication would occur at a fully-licensed and permitted, purposebuilt electronics manufacturing facility. Data analysis would be completed at both UC Berkeley and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) in Golden, CO.

The proposed project would involve the field deployment of wireless sensors into 200-500 pre-existing, occupied households in various communities around the U.S. The precise locations of the 200-500 households have yet to be defined. However, the footprint of this deployment would be miniscule. Installations would be limited to a small circuit board that would fit on the prong-face of a standard three-prong electrical plug that would read and collect data for the establishment of a more accurate database. All retrofits would be completed indoors so there would be no ground disturbance or potential to effect sensitive natural or cultural resources. No modifications to the structure or finishes of the homes would be necessary. Therefore, DOE has determined that the proposed activities do not have the potential to cause effects on historic properties and subsequently DOE has no further obligations under the National Historic Preservation Act. Retrofits would not alter energy use or efficiency and there would be no added noise or emissions due to these activities.

Potential health and safety hazards would include the use of mains-powered electrical equipment. Safety would be ensured through a combination of laboratory testing and appropriate electrical certifications. All staff and contractors receive safety training at regular intervals. The proposed project would not necessitate the use or handling of any hazardous materials. Nonhazardous waste produced would be limited to packaging materials (e.g. cardboard boxed, filler material, etc.). To the extent possible, all such material will be recycled.

Based on the review of the proposal, DOE has determined the proposal fits within the class of action(s) and the integral elements of Appendix B to Subpart D of 10 CFR 1021 outlined in the DOE categorical exclusion(s) selected above. DOE has also determined that: (1) there are no extraordinary circumstances (as defined by 10 CFR 1021.410 (2)) related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal; (2) the proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of a categorical exclusion; and (3) the proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially significant impacts, related to other proposals with cumulatively significant actions, or an improper interim action. This proposal is categorically excluded from further NEPA review.

NEPA PROVISION

DOE has made a final NEPA determination for this award

Insert the following language in the award:

If the Recipient intends to make changes to the scope or objective of this project, the Recipient is required to contact the Project Officer, identified in Block 15 of the Assistance Agreement before proceeding. The Recipient must receive notification of approval from the DOE Contracting Officer prior to commencing with work beyond that currently approved. If the Recipient moves forward with activities that are not authorized for Federal funding by the DOE Contracting Officer in advance of a final NEPA decision, the Recipient is doing so at risk of not receiving Federal funding and such costs may not be recognized as allowable cost share.

Note to Specialist:

Building Technologies Office

This NEPA determination does not require a tailored NEPA provision.

Review completed by Rebecca McCord 11/20/2017.

SIC	GNATURE OF THIS MEMORANDUM CONSTITUTES A RECORD OF THIS DECISION.								
NE	PA Compliance Officer Signature: Casey Strickland	Date:	11/21/2017						
	NEPA Compliance Officer								
FIELD OFFICE MANAGER DETERMINATION									
	Field Office Manager review required								
NCO REQUESTS THE FIELD OFFICE MANAGER REVIEW FOR THE FOLLOWING REASON:									
Proposed action fits within a categorical exclusion but involves a high profile or controversial issue that warrants Field Office Manager's attention. Proposed action falls within an EA or EIS category and therefore requires Field Office Manager's review and determination.									

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BASED ON MY REVIEW I CONCUR WITH T	THE DETERMINATION OF	THE NCO:		
Field Office Manager's Signature:	Field Office Manager		Date:	
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