#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

- A. <u>Brief Description of Proposal</u>: Western Area Power Administration (Western) proposes to conduct routine vegetation management and inspection along 20.1 miles of its Curecanti - Poncha (CCI-PON) 230-kV Transmission Line from the Poncha Substation located near Poncha Springs, Colorado, towards the Curecanti Substation. The work will occur from the Poncha Substation to Structure 63/3, and from Structures 62/2 to 61/3, approximately four miles west of Monarch Pass, Colorado. The project is located on private lands and those managed by the USDI Bureau of Land Management and USDA Forest Service. The work is a continuation of annual danger tree removal and clearing around electrical structures. Trained crews will measure electrical clearance distances between the conductor and tree branches and cut down any trees that meet or exceed the allowable clearance distance. Any "danger" trees and vegetation that constitute an electrical hazard to the line will be removed. Individual trees will be cut, lopped, and scattered within the existing rights-of-way (ROW) or processed through a chipper machine and chips left onsite. Also proposed is routine maintenance to clear vegetation in and around transmission structures, as needed, to ensure access to the structures. Vegetation that is 50 feet or less from a transmission structure will be pruned or removed using a rubber-treaded machine. Herbicide may be sprayed on tree stumps to alleviate sapling regrowth. No ground disturbance will occur. Crews will consist of two to five persons. Equipment used will include pickup trucks, laser measuring devices, tree chipper machines, ropes, skid-steer, and chainsaws. All travel will be confined to existing ROW access roads. Only rubber-treaded vehicles will be used.
- B. Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied: (See text in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D.)

#### **B1.3.** Routine Maintenance:

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to:

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

- (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses;
- (b) Door and window repair or replacement;
- (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement;
- (d) Reroofing;
- (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement;
- (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters;
- (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles;
- (h) Repair of road embankments;
- (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems;
- (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces;
- (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation);
- (1) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, "Radioactive Waste Management," or its successor;
- (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 ("Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions") or its successor;
- (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells, lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes);
- (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), removal of contaminated intact equipment and other materials (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and
- (p) Removal of debris.

## C. <u>Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR 1021.410 (b)</u>: (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)

1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal must not:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases; and
- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to, those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).
- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211.

#### D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

If the scope of work of this project changes, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted to determine whether additional environmental review is required.

This Categorical Exclusion expires one year from the signature date. If all project work has not been completed by the expiration date, or if the need for an environmental compliance extension is anticipated, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for an updated environmental review.

To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, work should be scheduled outside the March 1 through July 31 general nesting period. If work is to be done during this period, contact Western's Environmental Division so that they may arrange for a pedestrian survey to be conducted in advance of the maintenance crews to identify active nests that are to be avoided.

If any cultural resources are inadvertently discovered during implementation of the proposed action, work within 50 feet of the discovery area shall halt immediately, Western's archaeologist shall be contacted, and the resource shall be evaluated by an archaeologist or historian who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61). Work in the area of discovery may not resume until notification to proceed is provided by Western's archaeologist.

Due to Environmentally sensitive areas, only hand-cutting is permitted around Structure 79/4. If machine cutting is used around Structure 73/1, the machinery must remain strictly within the 50 foot radius around the structure. Avoidance maps illustrating these areas have been provided to Western's Vegetation crews.

Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

For Structures 61/3-76/2, the sections of the line that cross the Gunnison and San Isabel National Forests, the conservation measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse effects noted in the Biological Assessment/Evaluation (BA/E) submitted to the US Fish and Wildlife Service will be followed. Specific stipulations from the BA/E will be provided to the project manager.

Western has a clean vehicle policy and all equipment used must be cleaned prior to use in order to prevent transportation of invasive plant or noxious weed seeds. Operators will be required to wash all machinery (trailers, trucks, UTVs, etc.) before entering the action area and working on the project to prevent transport of non-native species.

To minimize impacts to the environment and prevent damage to access roads, operation of off-road equipment will not be permitted during periods of heavy rains, when soils are wet, or when excessive soil damage may occur due to unsuitable operating conditions. Project work shall not be conducted during periods when the soil is too wet to adequately support equipment. If equipment creates ruts in excess of six inches deep, the soil shall be deemed too wet to adequately support equipment.

The herbicide spraying Contractor shall be licensed in the State of Colorado and shall follow all applicable Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and label guidelines. The contractor shall use only EPA registered herbicides that are approved for the intended use.

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

E. <u>Determination</u>: Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I have determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Date: <u>6 MAY</u> 2016

Brian Little

**NEPA** Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

Prepared by: Tim Snowden

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

#### ATTACHMENT A

# Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in		X	
appendix B to subpart D.			
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the		X	
proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental			
effects of the proposal, including, but not limited to, scientific			
controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal;			
uncertain effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks; and			
unresolved conflicts concerning alternate uses of available resources.			
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of		X	
a categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur when a proposal is			
broken down into small parts in order to avoid the appearance of			
significance of the total action. The scope of a proposal must			
include the consideration of connected and cumulative actions, that			
is, the proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially			
significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to other			
actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant			•
impacts (40 CFR 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR			
1506.1 or § 1021.211 of this part concerning limitations on actions			
during EIS preparation.			
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of	NO	YES	Unknown
Actions in Appendix B.			
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit	X		
requirements for environment, safety and health, or similar			
requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.			
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste	X		
storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including	-		]
incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically	i		
excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions			
or facilities.			
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or	X		
CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that	ļ		]
preexist in the environment such that there would be			
uncontrolled or unpermitted releases.			
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on	X	7	
environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally			]
sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified		1	ļ
as needing protection through Executive Order, statue, or			
regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally			

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:  (i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, State, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;  (ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their habitat (including critical habitat) or federally- proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise federally-protected		
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, State, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;  (ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their habitat (including critical habitat) or federally- proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise federally-protected		excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally
habitat (including critical habitat) or federally- proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise federally-protected		(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, State, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;
Act or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act);	X	habitat (including critical habitat) or federally- proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise federally-protected species (such as under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4, — X  Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental  Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);	X	(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4, — Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as federally- and state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic rivers, State and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas), and marine sanctuaries;	X	state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic rivers, State and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas), and marine sanctuaries;
(v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), —  Farmland Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor;	X	local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), — Farmland Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers, X wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are vital in a region); and	X	(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers, wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are vital in a region); and
(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or X	X	(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or

#### Curecanti - Poncha 230-kV Transmission Line Vegetation Management Gunnison and Chaffee Counties, Colorado Project No. 2016-126

Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the National Institutes of Health.		X		
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