On June 24, 1976, Central Maine Power Company (Central Maine) filed an application with the Federal Power Commission in Docket No. E-9562. That application, filed pursuant to this Commission's order of May 25, 1976 in Docket No. E-9547, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10485, dated September 3, 1953, and the Commission's Regulations thereunder, seeks, and permission is hereby granted to Permittee to operate and maintain the electric transmission facilities described in Article 2, infra, at the international border between the United States and Canada upon the following conditions.

The Secretary of State, by letter dated August 17, 1976 and the Secretary of Defense, by letter dated August 16, 1976 favorably recommend that a Permit be granted as hereinafter provided.

Upon consideration of this matter, the Commission finds that the issuance of a Permit, as hereinafter provided, is appropriate and consistent with the public interest.

Pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 10485, dated September 3, 1953, and the Commission's Regulations thereunder, permission is hereby granted to Permittee to construct, operate and maintain electric transmission facilities described in Article 2, infra, at the international border between the United States and Canada upon the following conditions.

Article 1. The facilities herein described shall be subject to all conditions, provisions and requirements of this Permit. This permit may be modified or revoked by the President of the United States or the Federal Power Commission, and may be amended by the Federal Power Commission upon proper application therefore.
Article 2. The facilities covered by and subject to this Permit shall include:

Two 1/0 triplex cables, operating at 120/240 volts, single phase, 60 hertz supported on wood poles, crossing the International Boundary at a point approximately 113 feet south of the centerline of State Route No. 27 in the township of Coburn Gore, Franklin County, Maine.

No substantial change shall hereafter be made in the above described facilities and operation thereof authorized by the Permit unless and until such change shall have been approved by the Commission.

Article 3. Insofar as the electric facilities authorized herein, or which may be subsequently included herein by modification or amendment, are utilized for the transmission of electric energy from the United States to Canada, they may be utilized for such transmission only in the amount, at the rate and in the manner authorized by the Commission under Section 202(e) of the Federal Power Act.

Article 4. The operation, maintenance and connection of the aforesaid facilities shall be subject to the inspection and approval of the Division Engineer, Corps of Engineers, United States Army in Boston, Massachusetts, who is in charge of the district affected herein, and a representative of the Commission, both of whom shall be authorized representatives of the United States for such purposes. Permittee shall allow officers or employees of the United States showing proper credentials free and unrestricted access into, through and across any lands occupied by said facilities in the performance of their official duties.

Article 5. In the operation, maintenance and connection of the facilities herein specified, Permittee shall place and maintain suitable structures to reduce to a reasonable degree the possibility of contract or inductive interference between its transmission facilities and any other facilities not owned by Permittee.
Article 6. If, in the future, it should appear to
the Secretary of the Army that any facilities or operations
permitted hereunder cause unreasonable obstructions to the
free navigation of any of the navigable waters of the United
States, Permittee may be required, upon notice from the
Secretary of the Army, to remove or alter the same so as
to render navigation through such waters free and unobstructed.

Article 7. Permittee shall comply promptly with any
regulations or instructions affecting the facilities, or
any part thereof, owned by it and covered by this Permit
which may be issued by the President of the United States
or any government department or agency of the United States
for the aid and protection of aerial navigation.

Article 8. Permittee shall be liable for all damages
occasional to the property of others by the operation,
maintenance and connection of the facilities owned by it
and covered by this Permit, and in no event shall the
United States be liable therefor. Permittee shall do
everything reasonably within its power to prevent or
suppress fires on or near any land occupied under this
Permit.

Article 9. Permittee shall make, keep and preserve
full and complete records with respect to the flow of all
electric energy transmitted between the United States and
Canada over the facilities authorized herein; and shall
furnish in triplicate to the Commission, with respect to
such transmission of energy, reports annually on or before
February 15, showing the gross amount of kilowatt-hours
received, the maximum rate of transmission in kilowatts, and
the consideration paid therefor during each month of the
preceding calendar year.

Article 10. Neither this Permit nor the facilities,
or any part thereof, covered by this Permit, shall be
transferable or assignable, but in the event of the
involuntary transfer of the facilities by operation of law
(including such transfers to receivers, trustees, or
purchasers under foreclosure or judicial sale) the Permit
shall continue in effect temporarily for a reasonable
time thereafter pending the making of an application for a
new Permit and decision thereon, provided notice is
promptly given in writing to the Commission accompanied
by a statement that the facilities authorized by this
Permit remain substantially the same as before the transfer.
Article 11. Upon the termination, revocation or surrender of this Permit, the facilities herein authorized, which are owned, operated, maintained and connected by Permittee, shall be removed within such time as the Commission may specify and at the expense of Permittee. Upon failure of Permittee to remove such facilities or any portion thereof, the Commission may direct that possession of the same may be taken and the facilities removed at the expense of Permittee, and Permittee shall have no claim for damages by reason of such possession or removal.

Article 12. When in the opinion of the President of the United States, evidenced by a written order addressed to Permittee, the safety of the United States demands it, the United States shall have the right to enter upon and take possession of the facilities, or any part thereof, owned, operated, maintained and connected by Permittee under this Permit, and all contracts covering the transmission of electric energy by means of said facilities, or any part thereof, and shall retain possession, management and control thereof for such length of time as may appear to the President to be necessary to accomplish said purpose and then restore possession and control to Permittee; and in the event that the United States shall exercise such right, it shall pay to the Permittee just and fair compensation for the use of said facilities as may be fixed by the Commission upon the basis of a reasonable profit in time of peace and the cost of restoring said facilities to as good condition as existed at the taking over thereof, less the reasonable value of any improvements that may be made thereto by the United States and which are valuable and serviceable to Permittee.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, Richard L. Dunham, have hereunto signed my name this 29th day of September, 1976, in the City of Washington, District of Columbia.

[Signature]
Chairman of the
Federal Power Commission