## Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 2008</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Initial release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 2013</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>New release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 2017</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>Update references to organizational Code, DOE Directives, and Foreign Obligation Codes</td>
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Section 1 Introduction

1.1 System Description

The Nuclear Materials Management and Safeguards System (NMMSS) is the U.S. Government’s national level system for tracking and accounting for domestically held source and special nuclear material and for tracking imports and exports of these materials to and from the U.S. The system also tracks various other U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)-owned nuclear materials for financial, materials management, and safeguards purposes. The NMMSS program is co-sponsored by the DOE and the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and is managed by the National Nuclear Security Administration’s (NNSA) Office of Nuclear Materials Integration (ONMI), NA-53. NMMSS supports five key areas of nuclear material control and accounting: (1) tracking of nuclear materials located within the U.S., (2) tracking nuclear materials entering or exiting the U.S., (3) tracking foreign-obligated nuclear materials within the U.S., (4) reporting facility data to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and (5) providing financial information on inventories and transactions of nuclear materials owned by the U.S. Government. Data and reports from the NMMSS database are used in fulfilling U.S. Government reporting obligations under International Treaties and Agreements and in preparation of DOE Annual Financial Reports used to meet DOE/NNSA financial reporting requirements under Federal statutes.

1.2 Documentation and Reporting

Nuclear material transactions, material balances, and inventories are reported to and documented in NMMSS at the Reporting Identification Symbol (RIS) level. (RISs are three- or four-letter codes tied to specific DOE/NNSA or NRC licensee facilities, sites, or other reporting locations. See Section 13, Reporting Identification Symbol (RIS) for additional information.)

DOE/NNSA facilities should document and report all RIS-level nuclear material transactions, material balance reports, and inventories per the instructions of this User Guide. NRC licensees with DOE-owned materials (owner code G) at their facilities should also follow the instructions of this User Guide for reporting RIS-level transactions, material balances, and inventories for DOE-owned materials to NMMSS. Most nuclear materials at NRC-licensed facilities are, however, non-DOE-owned (owner code J) materials and should be documented in and reported to NMMSS per instructions provided by the NRC. Current NRC instructions for reporting to NMMSS can be found in NRC NUREG/BR-0006, Rev. 7, Instructions for Completing Nuclear Material Transaction Reports, and NRC NUREG/BR-0007, Rev. 6, Instructions for the Preparation and Distribution of Material Status Reports.

Data and reports can be sent to NMMSS either electronically or by mail. The classified and unclassified mailing addresses for NMMSS are provided below. Contact the NMMSS staff for information about sending data or reports to NMMSS electronically.

NMMSS mailing addresses:

(MEDIA ENCLOSED – DO NOT X-RAY)

Classified Inner Envelope:
ATTN: Pete Dessoules, NA-532
U.S. Department of Energy
P.O. Box A
Germantown, MD 20875-0963
Washington, DC 20585-1290

Classified Outer Envelope:
ATTN: Pete Dessoules, NA-532
U.S. Department of Energy
P.O. Box A
Germantown, MD 20875-0963

Unclassified Address:
ATTN: Pete Dessoules, NA-532
U.S. Department of Energy
Germantown Building
1000 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20585-1290
For classified data and reports, the sender must consult the Safeguards and Security Information Management System (SSIMS) to verify the classified mailing address of the receiver before sending data or reports through the mail.

1.3 NMMSS Forms

Data collection forms identified and described in this guide (see Appendix A, DOE NMMSS Forms) or their electronic equivalent, are used to document and report nuclear material transactions, material balances, and inventories in accordance with the instructions provided in this User Guide.

Any electronic form should contain all information necessary for proper documentation and reporting of nuclear material transactions, material balances, and inventories. Guidance examples of the paper forms are provided in Appendix A for informational purposes. The paper forms are available from the NMMSS staff and online at:

http://nnsa.energy.gov/aboutus/ourprograms/nuclearenergy/nmmssinfo/doenrcforms

1.4 Use of Reporting Identification Symbol (RIS)

Data entered into NMMSS is keyed to sets of RISs. Detailed information on the establishment, maintenance, and deactivation of an individual RIS is provided in Section 13, Reporting Identification Symbol, of this User Guide.

Unless a shipment is covered by one of the exclusions in this Users Guide [e.g., shipments to the Department of Defense (DoD)], in other DOE Orders or Manuals, or other agreements, reportable quantities of accountable nuclear material are shipped only to facilities with a valid RIS.

1.5 Corrections to Data Submitted

Corrections of data previously submitted to NMMSS and found to be in error must be submitted to NMMSS within one working day following notification of the error.

1.6 Reconciliation of Facility Inventory Data with NMMSS

Reconciliation of inventory data is required of DOE/NNSA facilities following September submissions. The process to be followed is set forth in Section 12, Inventory Reporting, of this User Guide.

1.7 Classification of NMMSS Information

Data submitted to NMMSS must be classified, marked, transmitted, and handled commensurate with DOE O 471.6, Change 2, Information Security, 05/21/2015, DOE O 475.2B, Identifying Classified Information, 10/03/2014, and applicable DOE classification guidance.

Classified information is exempt from public disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (see 5 U.S.C. 552). Unclassified information collected in NMMSS is subject to public disclosure. Exemption from disclosure can be requested. (See exemption categories in: DOE O 471.3, Change 1, Identifying and Protecting Official Use Only [OUO] Information, 01/13/2011.) A respondent may specifically request that data be withheld under the applicable FOIA exemption; however, the final determination with regard to disclosure or nondisclosure of information is made by DOE/NNSA.
DOE/NNSA regulations for handling proprietary information of a private business, foreign government, or an international organization [10 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) 1004.11(b)] allow a respondent to advise DOE/NNSA that data submitted on the forms should not be made available to the public. A new written justification need not be submitted each time data is submitted if the respondent’s views with regard to the confidentiality of the information requested have not changed.

### 1.8 NMMSS Support

Direct comments and inquiries to: [NMMSS@nnsa.doe.gov](mailto:NMMSS@nnsa.doe.gov) or the following address:

Pete Dessaulles, Federal Program Manager  
NMMSS  
Office of Nuclear Materials Integration, NA-532  
Germantown Building  
U.S. Department of Energy  
1000 Independence Avenue, SW  
Washington, DC 20585-1290
Section 2  General Information for Reporting

This section provides general information that can be used when preparing reports sent to NMMSS and additional guidance where appropriate. Three major types of information are submitted to NMMSS: transactions, material balances, and inventories. Additional guidance for these specific types of reporting is provided in subsequent sections.

2.1  Reporting Data to NMMSS

Facilities should report to NMMSS electronically. Guidance for the reporting of nuclear material information in electronic file formats to NMMSS is provided in NMMSS Report D-23, *Personal Computer Data Input for Department of Energy Contractors*, and D-24, *Personal Computer Data Input for Nuclear Regulatory Commission Licensees*. These reports are available online at:

http://nnsa.energy.gov/aboutus/ourprograms/nuclearsecurity/nmmsshome/nmmsssinfo/nmmsssreports

Facilities are encouraged to use the NMMSS software package, Safeguards Management Software (SAMS), to edit facility data prior to submitting electronic data to NMMSS. This software may be obtained from the NMMSS Program.

If electronic means are unavailable, reporting using paper forms is permitted; however, it must be coordinated through the NMMSS Program Manager. Under emergency conditions or if a special, non-standard report is required, paper forms are acceptable.

NOTE: In this document, paper forms and numbers (e.g., DOE/NRC Form (F) 741) are mentioned for instructional purposes. The fact that a paper form is available does not relieve the facility from the requirement to report electronically.

2.2  Data Accuracy

DOE/NNSA line management is responsible for ensuring that NMMSS accurately reflects nuclear material inventory data at license-exempt facilities, and DOE/NNSA-owned nuclear material inventory data at licensed facilities.
2.3 Reportable Elements and Isotopes/Weight Units/Rounding

2.3.1 Reportable Elements and Isotopes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Material</th>
<th>MT Code</th>
<th>Reporting Weight Unit Report to Nearest Whole Unit</th>
<th>Element Weight</th>
<th>Isotope Weight</th>
<th>Isotope Weight %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Whole kg</td>
<td>Total U</td>
<td>U-235</td>
<td>U-235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total U</td>
<td>U-235</td>
<td>U-235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium-242(^1)</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Pu</td>
<td>Pu-242</td>
<td>Pu-242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Americium-241(^2)</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Am</td>
<td>Am-241</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Americium-243(^2)</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Am</td>
<td>Am-243</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Cm</td>
<td>Cm-246</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californium</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Whole microgram</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>Cf-252</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Pu</td>
<td>Pu-239+Pu-241</td>
<td>Pu-240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enriched Lithium</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Whole kg</td>
<td>Total Li</td>
<td>Li-6</td>
<td>Li-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-233</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total U</td>
<td>U-233</td>
<td>U-232 (ppm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>Whole kg</td>
<td>Total U</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neptunium-237(^2)</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total Np</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium-238(^3)</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>gm to tenth</td>
<td>Total Pu</td>
<td>Pu-238</td>
<td>Pu-238</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deuterium(^4)</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>kg to tenth</td>
<td>D(_2)O</td>
<td>D(_2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tritium(^5)</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>gm to hundredth</td>
<td>Total H-3</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thorium</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>Whole kg</td>
<td>Total Th</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium in Cascades(^6)</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>Whole gm</td>
<td>Total U</td>
<td>U-235</td>
<td>U-235</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Am=americium, Cm=curium, D\(_2\)O=deuterium, gm=gram, H-3=tritium, kg=kilogram, Li=lithium, MT=material type, Np=neptunium, ppm=parts per million, Pu=plutonium, Th=thorium, U=uranium

1 Report as Pu-242 if the contained Pu-242 is 20 percent or greater of total Pu by weight; otherwise, report as Pu-239-241.
2 Am and Np-237 contained in Pu as part of the natural in-growth process are not required to be accounted for or reported until separated from the Pu.
3 Report as Pu-238 if the contained Pu-238 is 10 percent or greater of total Pu by weight; otherwise, report as Pu-239-241.
4 For D\(_2\)O in the form of heavy water, both the element and isotope weight fields should be used; otherwise, report isotope weight only.
5 H-3 contained in water (H\(_2\)O or D\(_2\)O) used as a moderator in a nuclear reactor is not an accountable material.
6 U in cascades is treated as enriched U and should be reported as MT 89.

2.3.2 Reportable Weight Units

Weights are reported in the metric weight units specified for each nuclear material as shown in Section 2.3.1, Reportable Elements and Isotopes, of this User Guide.

2.3.3 Rounding

Both element and isotope weights are reported if they round to a reportable quantity. In cases where the element is a reportable quantity, but the isotope is not a reportable quantity, the material is still to be
reported, but for the isotope, enter 0 (zero). In cases where the isotope is a reportable quantity, but the element is not a reportable quantity, the material is still to be reported, but for the element enter 0 (zero). See Table 2–2 below.

Nuclear material transactions should be documented and reported as accurately as possible to reflect the actual quantity of material transferred. If a transaction of discrete items, each of which is less than a reportable quantity, sum to a reportable quantity, the transaction should be recorded to most accurately reflect the actual quantity involved.

The shipper and receiver decide how to ensure appropriate accounting documentation in NMMSS. Both the shipper and receiver must agree on the method to use. If the shipper and receiver cannot agree, refer to ONMI to decide how best to document the transaction.

Quantities reported as shown in Table 2–2 below with fractions of one-half or greater are rounded upwards and fractions of less than one-half of a reporting unit are reported as the number zero (0).

NOTE: When performing general calculations not related to discrete items in a transaction, do the calculation first before rounding.

For software development purposes, sites or facilities may use more significant digits than provided in the tables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 2–2. Rounding Policy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quantity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equal to or greater than one-half of the reporting unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than one-half of the reporting unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.4 Format of Units

Metric units are required for reporting to NMMSS. NMMSS does not accept semi-colons (;), colons (:), question marks (?) or the number sign (#). Do not use those characters when entering data.


2.4.1 Weights in Kilograms

If weights are recorded in pounds at the facility, the conversion factor 0.45359 kg/pound is used for conversion when reporting to NMMSS.

2.4.2 Volume Units

Measurements that have been made and records that have been kept in volume units should be converted to the reporting unit for the specific material type (MT). Material properties and equations in the CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics are used to convert gas or liquid volumes to the appropriate units.
2.4.3 Definition of Year

A year is defined as 365.2422 days.

2.4.4 Parts Per Million (PPM) Calculations

Use the following abbreviations for parts per million calculations.

- ppmv (parts per million for volume) for Volume Basis
- ppm (parts per million) for Mass Basis
  NOTE: The calculation for ppm of U-232 in total uranium is a mass basis.
- ppma (parts per million atom) for Number of Atoms Basis

2.5 Limits of Error on Transfers of Special Nuclear Material and Tritium

DOE/NNSA facilities determine and notify DOE/NNSA of limits of error on transfers of special nuclear material (SNM) and/or tritium (except in the case of tritium in reservoirs). Such notification is made on a DOE/NRC F 741. Limits of error are recorded on all copies of the form.

2.6 Material Type (MT) Codes

The following table provides the detailed MT codes used by DOE/NNSA for reporting nuclear materials. Note that other entities (e.g., NRC and IAEA) may use different codes for the same materials.
Table 2–3. Nuclear Material Type (MT) Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MT Code</th>
<th>Type Description</th>
<th>Reporting Unit</th>
<th>MT Code</th>
<th>Type Description</th>
<th>Reporting Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Americium-241</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>&lt;0.21% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Americium-243</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.21 to &lt; 0.24% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>0.24 to &lt; 0.26% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>Californium</td>
<td>microgram</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>0.26 to &lt; 0.28% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>0.28 to &lt; 0.31% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>49</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>0.31 to &lt; 0.50% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>0.50 to &lt; 0.60% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>&lt; 4.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>0.60 to &lt; 0.710% U-235</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>4.00 &lt; 7.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>&gt; 0.712 to &lt; 0.90% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>7.00 &lt; 10.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>&gt; 0.90% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>10.00 &lt; 13.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>&gt; 1.15% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>13.00 &lt; 16.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>&gt; 1.60% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>16.00 &lt; 19.00% Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>1.15 to &lt; 1.60% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>19.00% and above Pu-240</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>1.60 to &lt; 2.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Lithium Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>2.00 to &lt; 2.60% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>2.60 to &lt; 2.90% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>2.90 to &lt; 3.10% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>&gt;Normal (7.42%) to &lt; 55.00%</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>3.10 to &lt; 3.40% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>55.00 to &lt; 80.00%</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>3.40 to &lt; 3.90% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>80.00% and above</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>3.90 to &lt; 4.10% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>Uranium Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>4.10 to &lt; 5.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>65</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>5.00 to &lt; 10.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>10.00 to &lt; 20.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>&lt; 5 ppm U-232</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>20.00 to &lt; 35.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>5 to &lt; 10 ppm U-232</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>35.00 to &lt; 45.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>10 to &lt; 50 ppm U-232</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>45.00 to &lt; 80.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>50 ppm and above U-232</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>80.00 to &lt; 92.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>92.00 to &lt; 94.00% U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>72</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>94.00% and above U-235</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>Deuterium (D2) Total</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>Tritium Total</td>
<td>km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>20% thru 60%</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>Thorium Total</td>
<td>kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>&gt; 60%</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>U in Cascades Total</td>
<td>gm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>0.710 to 0.712%</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>This series is available for local use</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Neptunium-237</td>
<td>gm</td>
<td>78</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Plutonium-238 (Pu-238)</td>
<td>gm to tenth</td>
<td>79</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Tritium</td>
<td>gm to hundredth</td>
<td>80</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

gm=gram, H-3=tritium, kg=kilogram, MT=material type
2.7 Owner Codes

The codes in the following table are used to identify ownership of nuclear material for transactions and inventory reporting. For instructions regarding the proper owner code to be used in a particular circumstance, contact the NMMSS staff.

Table 2–4. Owner Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Owner Code</th>
<th>Type of Ownership of Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>DOE-owned material</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>Non-DOE-owned material</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.8 Processing Codes

Use the appropriate one-character, alphabetic processing code letter to identify the specific type of processing action required of NMMSS.

Table 2–5. Processing Code (PC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Processing Code (PC)</th>
<th>Block 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Entry of new data set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C¹</td>
<td>Replacement of data set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D¹</td>
<td>Deletion of data set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Processing codes C and D cannot be used after the close of a processing period.

2.9 Action Codes

Action codes are one-character alphabetic code letters which describe the shipper’s or receiver’s intent in issuing the DOE/NRC F 741.
### Table 2–6. Action Code (AC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Code (AC)</th>
<th>Block 6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Shipper's original data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Receiver's data accepting shipper's weights without measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Shipper's adjustment or acknowledgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Receiver's adjustment or acknowledgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Receiver's independent measurement or determination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J$^1$</td>
<td>Receiver's interim data reporting material in transit or project receipts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>One-party transaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N$^2$</td>
<td>Known delay in receiver reporting of at least 10 days but less than 30 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>In-place transfers between projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Identifies a one-party transaction to remove the WR obligation on material</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S$^3$</td>
<td>Receiver's data accepting shipper's weights under a safeguards closure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>Contested weights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U$^4$</td>
<td>Known delay in receiver reporting of at least 30 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Shipper's side of an obligation exchange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Receiver's side of an obligation exchange</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Action code J identifies receiver's interim reporting of project receipt of DOE/NNSA production or research materials that are in transit at the end of the month or that have been received but not reported. A transaction with action code J must be followed with action code B, E, or S.

2. A transaction with action code N must be followed with action code B, E, or S. When an N action code follows a J action code, detail lines are not reported. NOTE: NRC defines action code N differently from DOE/NNSA.

3. Safeguards closure only for certain facilities. Restricted to DOE/NNSA facilities, owner code must be G, shipper and receiver can’t be the same, transaction indicator (TI) is blank, cannot use with a V RIS, and detail lines are reported. NRC does not use action code S.

4. A transaction with action code U must be followed with action code B, E, or S. When a U action code follows a J action code, detail lines are not reported.

### 2.10 Radioactive Decay

Facilities send data on reportable quantities of radioactive decay to NMMSS on a DOE/NRC F 741 in accordance with instructions in Section 3, General Instructions for Transaction Reporting, of this NMMSS User Guide. The shipping facility should calculate and report decay on material in transit up to the first day of the month in which the material was shipped. Using a locally generated report or memorandum, the shipper should inform the receiver of the date on which decay for the items being shipped was last calculated. The receiving facility should calculate decay for the entire month in which the shipment was received or in which the shipment was in transit at the report date; however, no decay should be reported until the end of the month in which the material is actually received. For material in transit over the period from the end of one month through the beginning of another, the receiving facility should calculate and report decay for a two-month period, i.e., the month in which the material was shipped and the month in which it was received.

Radioactive decay is reported in accordance with the following tables.
### Table 2–7. Half-Life and Daily Decay Factors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Isotope</th>
<th>Radioactive Half-life and Decay Constants</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Half-Life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Americium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>432.2 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>162.8 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>18.10 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californium</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>2.645 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>87.7 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>14.290 y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen (Tritium)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>12.33 y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

d=days, y=years  
Source: Brookhaven National Laboratory, National Nuclear Data Center, Nuclear Wallet Cards, 8th Ed., 1/00

### Table 2–8. Decay Factors for Monthly Reporting Periods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Isotope</th>
<th>Deduct From¹</th>
<th>28</th>
<th>29</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>31</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Americium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.000123</td>
<td>0.000127</td>
<td>0.000132</td>
<td>0.000136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.119215</td>
<td>0.123472</td>
<td>0.127730</td>
<td>0.131987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.002936</td>
<td>0.003041</td>
<td>0.003145</td>
<td>0.003250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californium</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>I only</td>
<td>0.020090</td>
<td>0.020807</td>
<td>0.021525</td>
<td>0.022242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.000606</td>
<td>0.000628</td>
<td>0.000649</td>
<td>0.000671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.003719</td>
<td>0.003851</td>
<td>0.003984</td>
<td>0.004117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen (Tritium)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.004310</td>
<td>0.004464</td>
<td>0.004617</td>
<td>0.004771</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ “E only” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the Element Weight. “I only” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the Isotope Weight. “E&I” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the weights of both Element and Isotope.

### Table 2–9. Decay Factors for Quarterly Reporting Periods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Isotope</th>
<th>Deduct From¹</th>
<th>89</th>
<th>90</th>
<th>91</th>
<th>92</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Americium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.000391</td>
<td>0.000395</td>
<td>0.000399</td>
<td>0.000404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.378932</td>
<td>0.383189</td>
<td>0.387447</td>
<td>0.391705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curium</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.009332</td>
<td>0.009436</td>
<td>0.009541</td>
<td>0.009646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Californium</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>I only</td>
<td>0.063857</td>
<td>0.064575</td>
<td>0.065292</td>
<td>0.066010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.001926</td>
<td>0.001948</td>
<td>0.001969</td>
<td>0.001991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>241</td>
<td>E&amp;I</td>
<td>0.011820</td>
<td>0.011952</td>
<td>0.012085</td>
<td>0.012218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen (Tritium)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>E only</td>
<td>0.013698</td>
<td>0.013852</td>
<td>0.014006</td>
<td>0.014160</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

² “E only” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the Element Weight. “I only” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the Isotope Weight. “E&I” means that the calculated Decay Weight is to be deducted from the weights of both Element and Isotope.
2.10.1 Daily Decay Constants

Daily decay constants are calculated using the formula below (unless half-lives are stated in days).

\[
\text{Decay Constant (days}^{-1}) = \frac{\ln(2)}{(T^{1/2} \times 365.2422)}
\]

where—

\[T^{1/2} = \text{Half Life (years)}\]

2.10.2 Days, Months, and Quarters Decay Calculations

Decay calculations are made for days, months, and quarters. Month and quarter decay factors are provided for the convenience of the user.

To calculate the quantity decayed (Qd) at a time t, use the following formula:

\[Q_d = Q_o - Q_t\]

where—

\[Q_d = \text{quantity of material decayed at a time t}\]
\[Q_t = \text{quantity of material remaining at time t after undergoing decay}\]
\[Q_o = \text{initial quantity of material before calculating decay}\]

To calculate the quantity remaining (Qt) at a time t, use the following formula:

\[Q_t = Q_o \times e^{(-d \times C)} \text{ or } Q_t = Q_o \times DF\]

where—

\[d = \text{number of days}\]
\[C = \text{daily decay constant from Table 2-7.}\]
\[DF = \text{Decay Factor from Table 2–8 (Months) or Table 2–9 (Quarters)}\]

To calculate the Decay Factor (DF), use the following formula:

\[DF = e^{(-d \times C)}\]

2.11 Nuclear Material Blending Transactions

2.11.1 Reporting

Blending or crossovers of materials are reported to NMMSS to ensure accurate records of the facility’s material inventory. The report to NMMSS would show the reduction in one or more quantities and the increase in another.
1) Inventory change code 22 (from other materials) is used to show the gain in material.

2) Code 71 (degradation to other materials) is used to show the reduction of material.

### 2.11.2 Matching and Sequencing

NMMSS has been programmed to recognize a blending or crossover operation by the order in which the codes 22 and 71 are presented. The lines of data on DOE/NRC F 741 are to appear in sequence. That is, a line or lines with code 22 should be followed by matching line or lines with code 71. There are two methods of matching codes 22 and 71. One method is to pair code 22 with the corresponding 71, a second method is to list a series of code 22s followed by corresponding 71s. See Table 2–10 for an example.

Table 2–10. Blending Transaction Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Row Number</th>
<th>Type Inventory Code</th>
<th>Summary Material Type (MT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2.11.3 Multiple Sets of Code 22/71 Combinations

When reporting a blending transaction with multiple sets of code 22/71 combinations, the position of the 22 in the data set must correspond to the position of the 71 in the data set. For example, row number 1 must correspond to row number 6. This case represents the blending of material from summary MT 10 to summary MT 20. Row 2 must correspond with row 7 in the data set, etc. For specific format requirements, refer to the guidance for electronic format data submissions.

### 2.11.4 Additional Instructions for Blending Transactions

1) As an internal transaction, RIS entries should be identical.

2) Use action code M.

3) The two data lines, codes 22 and 71, should agree in terms of quantities, plus or minus a reportable unit.
4) Plutonium blending operations should also be reported. For such blending operations, only the element weight (total plutonium) is compared. The different MTs of plutonium account for the different isotopes of plutonium. For example, the reportable isotope for MT 50 is Pu-239 + Pu-241. The reportable isotope for MT 83 is Pu-238. When blending these plutonium MTs, there is no direct relationship between the individual isotope weights.

5) For blending operations with different accountable nuclear materials, the relative quantity (mass) of each accountable material is to be maintained.

2.12 Normal Operation Losses (NOLs), Measured Discards and Accidental Losses

The instructions in this section apply to both DOE- and non-DOE-owned nuclear material at DOE/NNSA facilities, and DOE-owned material at NRC-licensed facilities. These instructions are provided to supplement the reporting procedures for normal operation losses (NOLs), measured discards and accidental losses. Losses and discards are reported using a DOE/NRC F 741.

Use the following procedure when reporting NOLs, measured discards or accidental losses.

1) License-exempt and/or licensed contractors not subject to the requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should use one of the following: (See Section 4, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting Instructions – SHIPPER, of this User Guide for transaction definitions.)
   a. Use A–M transactions to remove loss or discard material from active inventory for subsequent shipment to a waste management site.
   b. Use A–A transactions to remove material from active inventory when—
      i. It is shipped to a waste management site,
      ii. It has been discharged to the atmosphere or the ground, or
      iii. It has been consumed in use.

2) License-exempt and/or licensed contractors subject to the requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement use A–A transactions.

3) If 1.a or 1.b above applies, one of the letters listed below may be appended to the facility’s three-character RIS, as appropriate. The three-character identifier should be entered as the shipper’s RIS in Block 1 of DOE/NRC F 741 or as the receiver in Block 2. The four-character identifier should be on file with NMMSS before it is used for reporting to the system. The following letters are for use by all reporting facilities.

   A – Discharge to the atmosphere
   G – Discharge to the ground or a body of water or stream
   I – Discharge to run-off
   R – Consumed during use

NOTE: It is understood that recovery of material discharged to the ground as a result of an accidental loss may not be possible.
4) The use of codes H and L is optional for non-licensed contractors not under IAEA reporting requirements. Use the following letters only by license-exempt contractors subject to the requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement and licensed contractors.

- H – A waste holding area from which material could be recovered
- L – A lagoon, holding pond, or tank from which material could be recovered

5) Enter code 74 as the inventory change code in Block 26c or 27c of DOE/NRC F 741, as appropriate, when reporting NOLs or measured discards.

6) Enter code 75 as the inventory change code in Block 26c or 27c of DOE/NRC F 741, as appropriate, when reporting accidental losses.

7) When reporting the return to active inventory of material previously reported as a NOL, measured discard, or accidental loss, follow the instructions below. See Appendix B of this User Guide, for additional information.
   a. A previously reported NOL, measured discard, or accidental loss may be reversed through the adjustment process.
   b. An A–B transaction with no inventory change code, (transfer from a V RIS, or waste disposition area, to a facility) may be reported to NMMSS as a receipt on Line 30 of the Material Balance Report (MBR) generated for the receiving facility. NOTE: This applies only if the waste disposition area is an onsite waste holding area (H) or a lagoon (L).

2.13 Waste and Burial Sites

A waste disposition area on the site subject to both DOE/NNSA and NRC reporting requirements is assigned at least one four-character RIS. The first three characters should correspond to the DOE/NNSA or the NRC RIS for the facility. It is only required that one three-character RIS be assigned for reporting data for the waste disposition area. The assignment of more than one RIS to a waste disposition area is at the discretion of DOE/NNSA line management.

Use the following procedure for site closure or decommissioning, or if the receiver requires documentation.

1) Document transactions of waste material using DOE/NRC F 741.

2) For transfers of nuclear material from a waste disposition area (i.e., a three-character RIS with a fourth character H, G, or L appended) to a waste management site (V RIS), the applicable composition/facility code is entered in Block 26h of the DOE/NRC F 741 documenting the transfer.

3) Transfers to or from a waste management site (V RIS), including transfer from one waste management site to another, and transfers identified with character H appended to the RIS, is reported to NMMSS on a DOE/NRC F 741.

4) Shippers and receivers evaluate and make changes and adjustments to records, as necessary, based upon re-measurement.
Section 3  General Instructions for Transaction Reporting

This section provides general instructions for transaction reporting. In addition to the instructions in this section, specific procedures for completing each form and for submitting the data to NMMSS are contained in Section 4, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting Instructions – SHIPPER; and Section 5, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting Instructions – RECEIVER, of this User Guide.

As part of their materials control and accountability (MC&A) programs, DOE/NNSA facilities and NRC licensees maintain documentation of authorities, responsibilities, and processes for carrying out MC&A functions, including transferring of nuclear materials. MC&A processes and responsibilities usually include maintaining documentation of signatures required to transfer material, verifying the receiver is authorized to receive the quantities and types of materials being shipped, advising the shipper of proposed shipments and providing any necessary advance information and documentation. The NMMSS Report D-2, *DOE Directory of Reporting Identification Symbols*, provides addresses and contact information for DOE/NNSA facilities, and in a few cases information about which materials that can be shipped to those facilities; all of which are useful for carrying out the MC&A responsibilities listed above for transfer of nuclear materials. Similar information for NRC licensees is provided in the NMMSS Report D-3, *NRC Directory of Reporting Identification Symbols*.

### 3.1  Physical Transfer Reporting Timelines

Data on all transactions occurring during a calendar month is submitted no later than eight working days following the end of the month during which the transactions occurred. These extra days are justified as time needed for monthly closure of the books for reasons of monthly adjustments. Table 3–1 shows deadlines for distribution of DOE/NRC F 741.

**Table 3–1. Submission Dates for Physical Transfer of Material**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Physical Transfer Requiring DOE/NRC F 741 Preparation and Distribution</th>
<th>Reporting Timelines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shipper distributes to NMMSS and receiver for domestic shipment</td>
<td>One workday after shipment is made</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic receiver distributes to NMMSS and shipper on domestic shipment</td>
<td>Ten workdays after receipt of shipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shipper distributes to NMMSS shipment and foreign receiver’s side of the form</td>
<td>One workday after receiving the foreign receiver’s data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic distribution to NMMSS reporting material received from foreign shipper</td>
<td>Ten workdays after receipt of shipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrections to submitted data sent to NMMSS and other party</td>
<td>One workday after correction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.2  Transaction Documentation Methods

Facilities should distribute transaction documentation electronically unless manual/paper submission is coordinated through the NMMSS Program Manager. Nuclear material types, elements, and isotopes are to be reported, and their respective reporting units are specified in Section 2.6, Material Type (MT) Codes, of this User Guide. For each detail line of shipper/receiver data entries on DOE/NRC F 741, material quantities reported by assay may be summarized, but only within detailed MT assay ranges (e.g.,
for enriched uranium, within 10 to 20 percent U-235 or within 80 to 92 percent U-235, as appropriate) required for reporting inventory. See Section 12, Inventory Reporting, of this User Guide.

### 3.2.1 Electronic Method

Procedures and instructions in this User Guide apply except that signatures on transaction documents are not required. Internal controls ensure that data transmitted has been properly authorized. The sender and recipient of electronic data produce hard copies as needed by organizations according to Section 3.3, Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741, of this User Guide.

The hard copies contain the information normally included on DOE/NRC F 741. For activities involving NRC or Agreement State licensees, the electronic method of handling and transmitting transfer data follow all requirements of applicable NRC regulations.

### 3.2.2 Manual Method

Facilities with a low volume of reporting activity may prepare DOE/NRC F 741 in paper form if coordinated with the NMMSS Program Manager. Such facilities are encouraged to convert to electronic form preparation in coordination with the NMMSS staff.

### 3.2.3 Agreement of Transaction Data

Data sent to NMMSS should agree on a line-for-line-basis with data sent between the shipper and receiver on DOE/NRC F 741, or electronic equivalent.

### 3.3 Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741

Transaction information is generally distributed electronically; however, a few small sites continue to use the paper DOE/NRC F 741. Use the following procedures during distribution regardless of use of either the electronic or paper transaction format.

1) If an electronic format is used, do not also distribute a paper copy unless specifically requested by the recipient.

2) It is recognized that some DOE/NNSA site or field offices do not desire copies of transaction information in any format but, instead, rely on NMMSS reports to satisfy local needs.

3) As an absolute minimum requirement for distribution of transactions information, copies should be provided to the other party to the transaction and to the NMMSS staff (RIS QFA). For one-party transactions, the facility generating the transaction should also provide a copy to the NMMSS staff (RIS QFA).
Distribution is illustrated in Table 3–2.

### Table 3–2. Distribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Transaction</th>
<th>Other Party To Transaction</th>
<th>NMMSS (QFA)</th>
<th>Shipper’s Site or Field Office (If Requested)</th>
<th>Receiver’s Site or Field Office (If Requested)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shipment of Material</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipt of Material</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-Party Transaction</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 3.4 Shipper–Receiver Differences

The in-transit accounting rule that DOE/NNSA has adopted states that when nuclear material leaves the shipper, it officially goes on the receiver’s books in NMMSS.

Consult DOE O 474.2, Change 4, *Nuclear Material Control and Accountability*, 09/13/2016, for requirements on evaluating shipper-receiver differences.

#### 3.5 Amendments or Adjustments to Previously Issued DOE/NRC F 741

When one-party makes an adjustment to a transaction, DOE/NNSA line management should ensure that contractors under their jurisdiction document the adjustment on DOE/NRC F 741 or electronic equivalent. For specific instructions regarding corrections or adjustments, see Sections 4 and 5 of this User Guide. Contractors should transmit the completed form to the other party to the transaction within one workday after obtaining the adjustment data and provide a copy to the NMMSS staff at RIS QFA.

#### 3.6 Transactions/Transfers within the U.S. (non-DoD)

Also see Section 4 and Section 5 of this User Guide.

##### 3.6.1 DOE/NNSA Transfers of Nuclear Material to/from Contractors

DOE/NNSA facilities who receive authorization and requests for distribution of nuclear material to/from other contractors must document such transfers using DOE/NRC F 741.

##### 3.6.2 DOE/NNSA Transfers of Nuclear Material to Licensees

DOE/NNSA contractors who receive authorization and requests for distribution of nuclear material to a licensee, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §2073, §2093, and §2111, document such transfers using DOE/NRC F 741.

##### 3.6.3 DOE/NNSA Transfers of Nuclear Material from Licensees

Transfer documents for nuclear material shipped to DOE/NNSA for credit or service by a licensed facility should be prepared and distributed by the shipper in accordance with NRC reporting requirements. When such material is received, it should be documented by the receiver using DOE/NRC F 741.
3.6.4 DOE/NNSA Internal Project Transfers

Transfers of material between DOE/NNSA projects under the same RIS will be reported to NMMSS (i.e., a change in project numbers). Reporting is accomplished by submitting DOE F DP–749 or by electronic data submission. Instructions for internal project transfers follow the general instructions for transaction reporting with the special guidance shown below. Facilities transmitting data to NMMSS by automated means, need not complete DOE F DP–749, but should also follow the data format defined below.

3.6.4.1 Transaction Identification Information

Columns 1-18 on DOE F DP-749

Columns 1–4, SHIPPER RIS. Enter the shipper’s or originator’s RIS for transactions involving project transfers, left justified.

Columns 5–8, RECEIVER RIS. For project transfers, enter the receiver’s RIS, left justified.

The shipper’s and receiver’s RISs should be the same.

Columns 9–14, INTERNAL TRANSACTION NUMBER. Enter the number that indicates a specific transfer in a transfer series. An alphanumeric journal entry number may be used in lieu of the transfer number.

Column 15, CORR. NUMBER (Correction Number). When a shipper or receiver issues a corrected document to adjust data previously reported, an alphanumeric character is appended to the original transfer number to identify the transaction as a correction. For correction or adjustment entries, this is a required data field. For all other transactions, this field is left blank.

Column 16, PROC. CODE [Process Code (PC)]. Enter the appropriate one-character, alphabetic code from the list below to identify the specific type of processing action required.

A – Initial entry of data to report a transaction.

C – Replacement of data for a transaction. An initial entry cannot be replaced after the close of a processing period.

D – Deletion of a transaction. An initial entry cannot be deleted after the close of a processing period.

Column 17, TRAN. CODE (Transaction Code). Make no entry.

Column 18, ACT. CODE (Action Code). Code letter P is preprinted on the form to identify in-place transfers between projects.

3.6.4.2 Header Information

Data Record Number 1

Column 19, DATA CODE. Code number 1 is preprinted on the form.

Columns 20–21, NO. OF LINES. Enter numeric digits to indicate the total number of detail information lines pertaining to a specific transaction.
Columns 22–23. Make no entry.

Columns 24–33, SEALED SOURCE SERIAL NUMBER. Make no entry.

Columns 34–50, CONTRACT/IDENTIFICATION NUMBER. Use is optional.

Columns 51–69. Make no entry.

Columns 70–77, ACTION DATE. Enter the date the activity occurs. The numbers representing the month should be entered in the first two columns, the day of the month in the next two columns, and the year in the final four columns. For example, January 5, 2010, would be recorded as:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MO.</th>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>YR.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>05</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Columns 78–80. Make no entry.

3.6.4.3 Detail Information

Data Record Number 2

Column 19, DATA CODE. Code number 2 is preprinted on the form.

Columns 20–21, LINE NO. Enter a sequential number for one transaction to identify a discrete line.

Columns 22–31, FROM PROJECT NUMBER. Enter the project number from which the material is being transferred left justified.

Columns 32–35, FROM COMP. CODE. Enter the numeric code that identifies the chemical and/or physical form of the material under the project number from which it is being transferred left justified. A complete set of composition codes (referred to as Composition of Ending Inventory – COEI – codes) is available from the NMMSS staff (NMMSS D-25 Report) or the 2008 DOE Inventory Profile Report (NMMSS I-17 report).

Columns 36–45, TO PROJECT NUMBER. Enter the project number to which the material is being transferred left justified.

Columns 46–49, TO COMP. CODE. Enter the numeric code that identifies the chemical and/or physical form of the material under the project number from which it is being transferred left justified.

Columns 50–51, MT. Enter the appropriate two-digit numeric material type code to identify the type of nuclear material being reported. See Table 2-3 of this User Guide.

Column 52, OWNER CODE. Code letter G is preprinted on the form.
Columns 53–63, ELEMENT WEIGHT. Enter the metric weight of the contained nuclear material as prescribed in Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide. See Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide for rounding policy.

- Enter decimal units, when required, in columns 62 and/or 63 (segregated by broken lines).

- To show negative numeric data, enter a minus sign in the column preceding the first digit. In instances where negative data are shown in whole units or tenths of a unit, zeros should be entered in the remaining decimal place(s) with a minus sign in the column preceding the first digit.

Columns 64–69, WEIGHT % ISOTOPE. For each line, enter the weight percent of the isotope U-235, Li-6, Pu-240, Pu-242, or Pu-238 reported to not more than four decimal places. For U-233, enter the parts per million of U-232 right justified to column 69.

Columns 70–80, ISOTOPE WEIGHT. Enter the metric weight of the contained nuclear material as prescribed in Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide. See Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide for rounding policy.

- Enter decimal units, when required, in columns 79 and/or 80 (segregated on DOE F DP–749 by broken lines).

- To show negative numeric data, enter a minus sign in the column preceding the first digit. In instances where negative data are shown in whole units or tenths of a unit, zero(s) should be entered in the remaining decimal place(s) with a minus sign in the column preceding the first digit.

3.7 Transactions/Transfers Involving DoD

In any instance where a U.S. Government contractor has either a transaction involving a shipment to, or receipt from, DoD or a mutual defense partner pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §2121(b), or 2121(c) (which address DoD and mutual defense transfers, respectively), such facility should prepare and distribute DOE/NRC F 741 in accordance with instructions provided in Section 6, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting - Transfers to/from DOD, of this User Guide, for DoD; or Section 7, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting – U.S. and Foreign Nations, Foreign Regional Organizations, or Supranational Organizations, of this User Guide, for mutual defense and any additional guidance which may be provided by DOE/NNSA line management or the NMMSS Program.

3.8 Transactions Involving International Accounts

International transfer data and DOE/NNSA exports should be handled according to the instructions in Section 7 of this User Guide.

Foreign nations, foreign regional organizations, supranational organizations, or foreign facilities (hereinafter referred to collectively as foreign entities) may receive or return DOE-owned material obtained by sale, lease, grant, donation, or loan from contractor facilities, or from NRC or Agreement State licensees, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §2074 and §2094 and 42 U.S.C. §2112 or §2121(c). For a transaction involving an export/import, the facility should prepare both the shipper’s and the receiver’s data and distribute the forms.
1) For exports, the shipper should request that the foreign receiver sign and return the DOE/NRC F 741 to the shipping facility to document the transfer.

2) For imports, if the foreign shipper’s data are incomplete or unknown, the receiver should contact the NMMSS Program for further guidance.

For international transfers that are covered by more than one export/import license, a separate DOE/NRC F 741 should be prepared for the material covered by each individual export/import license. See Section 7 of this User Guide, for details.

Tracking imported material having foreign accounting obligations requires the use of special tracking procedures. See Section 8, Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting – Foreign Obligations Tracking, of this User Guide for details.

### 3.9 Transactions of Foreign Obligated Material

Section 8 of this User Guide provides additional detailed information.

When tracking foreign obligated materials within the U.S., each facility submits information necessary to track materials among facilities that use foreign obligation codes.

The shipper is responsible for supplying foreign obligation information for each shipment. If the resolution of a shipper–receiver difference on a line of data results in a reduction of the shipper’s value to a quantity less than the obligated quantity, the obligated quantity should also be reduced. The obligated quantity may not be greater than the quantity of like material shipped.

### 3.10 Transactions of IAEA Safeguards Agreement Materials

Special procedures should be used to implement some of the reporting requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement. The special procedures for facilities that have been selected either under the terms of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol are described in Section 9, Nuclear Material Reporting – U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreements, of this User Guide.

Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should comply with the requirements and procedures in other sections of this User Guide. Those facilities that are importers and/or exporters of nuclear material also should comply with Section 7 and Section 8 of this User Guide.

For further guidance, refer to Code 10 of the Subsidiary Arrangements to the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

### 3.11 Facility Transfers and Receipts Concerning a Foreign Entity

When transferring material to a foreign entity, the shipper should include with the shipment a copy of DOE/NRC F 741 containing the shipper’s data.

When receiving material from a foreign entity, the receiver should include with the receipt a copy of DOE/NRC F 741 containing the receiver’s data.

See Sections 7, 8, and 9 of this Users Guide. Contact the NMMSS Program if additional guidance and further instruction is needed.
3.12 Non-Physical Transfer of Nuclear Material

DOE/NRC F 741 or electronic equivalent is used to record a change in ownership or financial responsibility. Loans/leases, sales or donations of DOE-owned material should be documented and recorded by using nature of transaction codes and “For Account” and “To Account” RISs, specified in the instructions for Blocks 11, 12 and 13 of the DOE/NRC F 741 in Sections 4 and 5 of this User Guide. Additional information on “For Account” and “To Account” RISs is provided in Appendix C of this User Guide.

3.13 Special Requirements

3.13.1 Other Types of Receipts and Removals

Various other types of receipts and removals including, but not limited to, production, transfers to and from other materials, sales, decay, losses, inventory changes, and inventory differences (see Section 11, Material Balance Reporting, of this User Guide), should be documented using DOE/NRC F 741 or electronic equivalent.

Such other types of receipt and removal data involving reportable quantities should be documented and reported consistent with the use of inventory change codes specified in the instructions for Block 26c in Section 4 and Block 27c in Section 5. See also Appendix B.

3.13.2 Reporting of Nuclear Material in Transit for Domestic Shipments

Material in transit at the end of a reporting period is entered into the intended receiver’s inventory. A facility making a shipment of nuclear material and/or initiating a DOE/NRC F 741 during the last five calendar days of a month, on the day of shipment, provide the intended receiver with the information shown below to facilitate the reporting of material balance, transaction, and inventory data. The information specified below should be transmitted to the receiver by telephone on the agreed day of shipment, with confirmation by facsimile or e-mail (classified or unclassified, as appropriate). This requirement may be satisfied by the timely distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 data via appropriate telecommunications systems when both the shipper and receiver possess such capabilities.

1. Transfer series (shipper’s RIS, receiver’s RIS, and transaction number)

2. Material types. See Section 2.6, Material Type (MT) Codes

3. Total element weights and (if warranted) isotope weights, weight percent and/or parts per million (based on estimates, if necessary). See Section 2.6, Material Type (MT) Codes

4. Project number (for owner code G material)

5. Obligation tracking data

6. Number of items

7. Composition codes

8. Owner codes

9. Date of shipment
3.13.3 Delayed Receiver Measurements

In cases where the receiver cannot determine independent measured values for a shipment within ten calendar days of receipt of the shipment, and there is no agreement in place whereby the receiver can accept shipper’s values, the receiver should confirm receipt of the material with either an action code N, U, or S. See Section 2.9, Action Codes, the footnotes to Table 2–6, and Section 5 of this User Guide for additional information. If an action code N or an action code U follows an action code J, no data lines are required.

3.13.4 Mixtures of U-233 and U-235

For the case where reportable quantities of U-233 and U-235 are mixed together, a transaction on a DOE/NRC F 741 should contain two lines and be reported as follows:

1) Line 1 should be reported with MT 20. The element weight should be the total uranium weight. The isotope weight should be the isotopic weight of U-235.

2) Line 2 should be reported with MT 70. The element weight should be the total uranium weight. The isotope weight should be the isotopic weight of U-233.
Section 4  Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting Instructions – 
SHIPPER

The instructions that follow provide specific guidance in the preparation of the DOE/NRC F 741 or the electronic equivalent. The file formats for reporting electronically are maintained by the NMMSS staff and can be provided upon request.

The shipper of the material should complete the shipper’s portion of DOE/NRC F 741 by completing the numbered blocks as follows:

**BLOCK 1, SHIPPER’S RIS.** Enter the shipper’s RIS, normally a three-character field. Under some circumstances, a four-character RIS should be entered (e.g., appending a letter to the end of a three-character RIS to denote discharge of material to air or ground). See subsequent sections for special instructions for importers and exporters of nuclear materials. This block should be completed for the following types of transactions.

1) Transfers between facilities

2) Transfers between RISs within a facility

3) Transfers between facilities and DoD

4) Transfers between domestic and foreign facilities

5) Loan/lease, sale or donation

6) One-party transactions (e.g., transactions with an M action code)

7) Corrections to the above transactions

**BLOCK 2, RECEIVER’S RIS.** Enter the receiver’s RIS, normally three-characters when the transaction is a transfer of material from the shipper to another facility. Care should be taken to ensure that the receiving facility’s RIS is reported and not the RIS for the agent handling the shipment. The shipper or originator enters its facility’s RIS in this block for a one-party transaction (e.g., a transaction with an M action code). This field is completed for the types of transactions listed for Block 1, items 1–7. See Section 7 of this User Guide, for special instructions concerning imports and exports of nuclear materials.

**BLOCK 3, TRANSACTION NO.** Enter a consecutive number for the same shipper–receiver combination and ensure that a number is not skipped in the series or duplicated. For one-party transactions, it is desirable that the shipper enter the appropriate journal entry number to identify the transaction as it occurs (e.g., 000105), the first two digits indicating the year, the next two digits indicating the month (i.e., 01 through 12), and the last two digits identifying the specific transaction in the month. (The example above is for transaction 5 for January of 2000.) Do not prefix or suffix the transfer series number. For one-party or in-place transactions between projects or uranium enrichment contracts, an alphanumeric number may be used when necessary to maintain uniqueness.
**BLOCK 4, CORRECTION NO.** This block is used to correct or adjust a previously issued DOE/NRC F 741. In preparing the corrected copy, the shipper or receiver should enter in Blocks 1, 2, and 3, the same shipper RIS, receiver RIS, and transaction number (transfer series) used in the original report, and then enter in Block 4 a consecutive correction number, beginning with 1 (numeral one). The corrected copy should clearly identify the items being corrected. The party making the adjustment should notify the other party to the transaction that an adjustment is necessary and follow up by issuing a corrected DOE/NRC F 741. The correction number is a one-character field. An alpha correction number may be used by a facility when the correction does not affect the other facility. The shipper and/or receiver should enter the date the adjustment is entered in the facility records in Block 22b or 22e, as appropriate. The shipper and receiver distribute the corrected copy in accordance with the distribution pattern for the original DOE/NRC F 741. This field should be completed when:

1) A shipper or receiver issues a corrected DOE/NRC F 741 to adjust data previously reported to NMMSS.

2) A correction affects another facility. A numeric character is required, action code C for the shipper and action code D for the receiver [also see Blocks 26a and 27a for further guidance (back reference line number)].

   a. For each detail line in Block 26 or 27 being corrected, two lines should appear on the corrected copy; one with the data originally submitted and the other with the correct data. The line containing the original data should show the number of items, element weight, isotope weight, and limits of error as negative quantities. (For correcting lines that were originally negative, add a positive quantity.) The corrected line should show current quantities in these data fields.

   b. For each detail line in Block 26 or 27 being deleted, the original line should be repeated, with the number of items, element weight, isotope weight, and limits of error shown as negated quantities. (For deleting lines that were originally negative, add a positive quantity.)

   c. For each new detail line in Block 26 or 27 being added, enter new data in data fields. If using back reference numbers, enter 000 for new line.

3) Either the shipper or receiver can make an adjustment. The other party to the transaction should either accept the adjustment or acknowledge that an adjustment has been made.

4) If it is necessary to adjust or correct any data element in an M action code (one-party) transaction reported in a previous period. Either a numeric or an alphabetic character may be used.

5) Scrap material is recovered or re-measured for a more accurate total value for the quantity of nuclear material in the original shipments. The DOE/NRC F 741 for the original shipments should be corrected by prorating the total quantity of the correction according to the quantity of the original shipments. When this method is determined to be impracticable, e.g., for reprocessing campaigns, measurements on several shipments of material recovered simultaneously may be reported as a correction to a single document with additional details provided to the other party.
**BLOCK 5, PROCESSING CODE.** Enter the appropriate one-character, alphabetic code to identify the specific type of processing action required.

A – Initial entry of data.

C – Replacement of data. An entire data set may be replaced at any time prior to the close of the processing period in which the initial entry was made with the concurrence of the other party to the transaction.

D – Deletion of data. Data may be deleted at any time prior to the close of the NMMSS processing period in which the initial entry was made.

**BLOCK 6, ACTION CODE.** Enter the alphabetic code from the list below which describes the shipper’s purpose in issuing the DOE/NRC F 741. The action code field is a one-character alpha field.

A – Shipper’s original data; requires completion of Block 22a, action date of shipment.

C – Shipper’s adjustment or acknowledgment of receiver’s adjustment; requires completion of Block 22b, action date of shipper’s correction.

M – One-party transaction, (e.g., an onsite gain or loss) reported on DOE/NRC F 741 (or electronic equivalent); requires completion of Block 22a, 22b, 22c, or 22e.

R – A one-party transaction to remove the Former Soviet Union Weapons (WR) obligations on material; requires completion of Blocks 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.

X – A shipper’s side of an obligation exchange; requires completion of Blocks 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.

**BLOCK 7, DOCUMENTATION (Only if document is classified SECRET).** Enter the number of pages if the submission is classified as Secret. NOTE: The block is reserved for paper copy submissions only.

**BLOCK 8, Name and Address of Shipper.** No data required. This information is not captured in NMMSS but is for documentation purposes or as desired by one or more users of the transaction information.

**BLOCK 8a, NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER.** Enter the name and address of the shipper.

**BLOCK 8b, LICENSE NUMBER.** Enter the appropriate possession license number if the shipper is a licensee. Do not enter an export/import license number in this block.

**BLOCK 8c, ATTENTION.** Enter the name of a specific individual to be contacted concerning the shipment.

**BLOCK 8d, TELEPHONE.** Enter the telephone number of the individual identified in Block 8c.
**BLOCK 9, Name and Address of Receiver.** No data required. This information is not captured in NMMSS, but is for documentation purposes or as desired by one or more users of the transaction information.

**BLOCK 9a, NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECEIVER.** Enter the name and address of the receiver.

**BLOCK 9b, LICENSE NUMBER.** Enter the receiver’s possession license number if the receiver is a licensee. Do not enter an export/import license number in this block.

**BLOCK 9c, ATTENTION.** Enter the name of the individual designated by the receiver to be contacted concerning receipt of the shipment.

**BLOCK 9d, TELEPHONE.** The shipper enters the telephone number of the individual identified in Block 9c.

**BLOCK 10, NUMBER OF DATA LINES.** Enter the total number of detail information lines supplied in Block 26 for the shipper’s transaction data.

**BLOCK 11, NATURE OF TRANSACTION** (TI Codes). This block is to be completed for DOE-owned material transferred under lease or loan agreements, pursuant to an enriching service agreement, or material sold or donated by or to DOE/NNSA. See Table 4–1 for Nature of Transaction (TI) Codes.

1) If applicable, enter the appropriate code from the list in Table 4–1.

2) This list is not applicable to one-party transactions.

3) This block is not to be completed for transfers of DOE-owned contract nuclear material within or between DOE/NNSA programs, transfers of material owned by other U.S. Government agencies, transfers of privately owned material, or transfers to DOE/NNSA under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) or (c), as amended.

**Table 4–1. Nature of Transaction (Transaction Indicator [TI] Codes)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TI Codes</th>
<th>Block 11, NATURE OF TRANSACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Initiates loan/lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Transfers loan/lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Transfer of leased/loaned material with no change in loan/lease responsibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Return of leased/loaned material to DOE/NNSA for credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Sale for DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Pursuant to an enriching service agreement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Sale to DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Transfer from Government-to-private inventory other than by sale or enriching service agreement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>Transfer from private to Government inventory other than by sale or enriching service agreement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BLOCK 12, SHIPPED FOR ACCOUNT OF.

1) The shipper completes block 12 if the material is either DOE-owned leased/loaned material or DOE-owned contract material being transferred to a licensee or foreign entity, if the shipment represents a sale or donation of privately owned material to DOE, or if the DOE field element or site office having programmatic responsibility for the material being transferred is different from both the shipper’s and receiver’s DOE site of field office.

2) Enter the address of the facility or entity having lease or loan financial responsibility for the material in block 12a and the RIS in block 12b.

3) For shipments by DoD, under 42 U.S.C. 2121(b) with the exception of transfers of Navy cores and associated items, the initiator of the DOE/NRC F 741 enters the appropriate RIS for the DOE shipping point reported in block 12a. For transfers of Navy cores and associated items from DoD to DOE, under 42 U.S.C. 2121(b) the RIS QZD is entered in block 12b.

BLOCK 13, SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF.

1) The shipper completes this block if the material is either DOE-owned leased/loaned material or DOE-owned contract material being transferred to a licensee or foreign entity, if the shipment represents a sale or donation of privately owned material to DOE, or the DOE field element or site office having programmatic responsibility for the material being transferred is different from both the shipper’s and receiver’s DOE field elements or site offices.

2) Enter the address of the facility or entity having lease or loan financial responsibility for the material in block 13a and the RIS in block 13b.

3) For shipments to DoD, under 42 U.S.C. 2121(b) (with the exception of transfers of Navy cores and associated items), the initiator of DOE/NRC F 741 enters the appropriate RIS for the DoD first destination point reported. For transfers of Navy cores and associated items from DOE to DoD under 42 U.S.C. 2121(b) the RIS QZD is entered in block 13b.

BLOCK 14, TRANSFER AUTHORITY - CONTRACT, NM DRAFT OR ORDER NUMBER (if applicable).

1) Enter transfer authority for DOE-owned materials as appropriate, e.g., DOE/NNSA contract or usage agreement number, loan/lease agreement number, draft number, SNM order number, purchase order number, letter of authorization, and so forth. Block 14 data is not required for domestic shipments.

2) If the shipment is to a foreign country, enter the DOE/NNSA foreign contract number if applicable.

3) The shipper ensures that it has appropriate authorization and approval to ship the material to the receiver before its movement.

4) An entry is optional otherwise, and if not one of the cited cases, the block may be used for local purposes.
BLOCK 15, EXPORT OR IMPORT TRANSFERS: LICENSE NO. (if applicable).

1) For all export/import transfers, the shipper or originator enters the following:

   a. Specific NRC export/import license number if shipping arrangements are handled by an agent who is required to obtain a NRC license to export/import. If more than one export/import license is applicable to a transfer, a separate DOE/NRC F 741 should be prepared for each license.

   b. GEN–LIC, if the transfer is authorized under an NRC general license.

   c. LIC–EXEMPT, if the transfer is exempt from licensing.

2) For further instructions for transfers of nuclear material between the U.S. and foreign nations, foreign regional organizations, or supranational organizations, see Section 7, of this User Guide.

BLOCK 16, MATERIAL TYPE AND DESCRIPTION. This information is not captured in NMMSS but is for documentation purposes or as desired by one or more users of the transaction information.

NOTE: Blocks 17–21 are only to be completed for foreign-obligated nuclear material.

BLOCK 17, LINE NUMBER. If required, enter sequential line number. See Section 7 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 18, COUNTRY OF OBLIGATION. If required, enter the two-character Obligation Code for the country or entity designation related to the line number entered in Block 17. See Section 8 of this User Guide, including Table 8–1 for the Foreign Obligation Codes.

BLOCK 19, MATERIAL TYPE. If required, enter the two character MT to which the obligation is attached. The only MTs to be reported are 10, 20, 50, 70, 81, and 88. See Section 8 of this User Guide, including Table 8–2 for the Material Types (MT).

BLOCK 20, OBLIGATED ELEMENT WEIGHT. If required, enter the element weight of the quantity obligated. See Section 8 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 21, OBLIGATED ISOTOPE WEIGHT (For Enriched Uranium Only). If required, enter the isotope weight of the quantity obligated to the nearest gram. See Section 8 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 22, ACTION DATE. The action date for a transaction is entered in one of the blocks below. Enter numerical date (MMDDYYYY).

   BLOCK 22a, SHIPMENT. Enter the date of the transaction (i.e., date of physical or nonphysical transfer of material). See Section 7 of this User Guide, for special instructions for importers or exporters of nuclear materials.

   BLOCK 22b, SHIPPER’S CORRECTION. When either shipper’s or receiver’s data on a previously issued DOE/NRC F 741 is adjusted, the shipper enters either the date of shipper’s adjustment or acknowledgment of receiver’s adjustment.
BLOCKs 22c-e. For receiver only.

BLOCK 23, Miscellaneous Data.

BLOCK 23a, MISCELLANEOUS. This information is not captured in NMMSS but is for documentation purposes or as desired by one or more users of the transaction information.

BLOCK 23b, CONCISE NOTE ATTACHED (DOE/NRC F 740M). This information is captured in NMMSS. Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials and facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement may prepare a Concise Note to report additional information. The shipper places a code letter X in the one-character field to indicate that a Concise Note is attached, if applicable. See Section 7 for special instructions for importers and exporters of nuclear materials and Section 9 of this User Guide, for facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

BLOCK 23c, UK REPORTABLE? YES/NO. This information is captured in NMMSS. U.S. importers and/or exporters of nuclear material should use this field only if the other party to the transaction is the United Kingdom. Check the appropriate box to identify the specific type of processing action required. See Section 7 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 24, TOTAL GROSS WEIGHT. Enter the total gross weight of the shipment in kilograms. (This field is optional for transfers of materials to and from contractor waste facilities, facilities on the same site, and other closely-located facilities with the approval of DOE line management. Contact NMMSS prior to using the option of not including the field to make sure the shipping and receiving facilities are designated as paired RISs in the NMMSS database.)

BLOCK 25, TOTAL VOLUME (Waste Transfers Only). Enter the total volume, in cubic meters.

BLOCK 26, SHIPPER’S DATA.

BLOCK 26a, BACK REFERENCE NUMBER. This field is for corrections with action codes C or M when an adjustment is made. This field is optional for DOE/NNSA facilities with corrections, but is required for NRC licensees, facilities selected under U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement, and export/import facilities:

1) This field is used to reference previously reported data for change purposes.

2) The field is comprised of a change digit and a back reference line number.

3) If the back reference number is reported, both the back reference change digit and back reference line number should be reported. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.

4) The back reference change digit represents the change digit of the document being corrected for a nullifying entry and the change digit of the document now being completed for a correcting entry. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.

5) The back reference line number represents the line number being corrected for a nullifying entry and the line number of the corresponding nullifying line for a correcting entry. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.
**BLOCK 26b, LINE NO.** Enter a sequential number to identify a discrete line. The total number of discrete lines should agree with the number shown in Block 10. For paper submission, if more lines of data are to be reported than can be accommodated on one page, prepare an additional DOE/NRC F 741.

**BLOCK 26c, TYPE OF INV. CHANGE.** When applicable, enter the two digit code from Table 4–2 or 4–3 of this User Guide. For a full description of each change code, see the corresponding line explanations in Section 11 of this User Guide.

For facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement, use the Table 9–1, Type of Inventory Change Codes - IAEA, provided in Section 9 of this User Guide, instead of the codes from Tables 4–2 or 4–3.

### Table 4–2. Type of Inventory Change Codes – Receipts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Inventory Change Code</th>
<th>Blocks 26c and 27c - Other Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Procurement from DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Purchase Procurement – For Account of DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Use A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Use B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Other Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Production</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>From Other Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Receipts reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Receipts – Miscellaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Procurement by Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Donated Material – from DOE/NNSA to Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Donated Material – from Others to DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 4–3. Type of Inventory Change Codes – Removals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Inventory Change Code</th>
<th>Blocks 26c and 27c - Other Removals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Expended in Space Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Sales to DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Sales to Others for the Account of DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>DoD – Use A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>DoD – Use B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>DoD – Other Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Expended by DOE/NNSA Tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Routine Tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Shipments reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Shipments – Miscellaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Inventory Change Code</td>
<td>Blocks 26c and 27c - Other Removals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>Donated Material – to DOE/NNSA by Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>Donated Material – to Others by DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Rounding Bias (used for A–M transactions)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>Degradation to Other Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>Decay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Fission and Transmutation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Normal Operational Losses/Measured Discards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>Accidental Losses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Approved Write-offs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Inventory Differences</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BLOCK 26d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME).** Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials should see Section 7 of this User Guide, for additional requirements. Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9 of this User Guide, for additional requirements.

1) If this block is not used for import/export or IAEA reporting purposes, other data may be entered.

2) An entry is required on import or export transactions. Importers should use the batch name used by the shipper.

3) Batch name is limited to 16 characters with the right hand eight characters unique to the reporting facility for the duration of the material balance period reported. Uniqueness of batch name within the RIS should be maintained. However, the receiver should use the same batch name used by the shipper. If the receipt of material results in a duplicate of an existing batch name, a subsequent internal transaction should be created to change one of the duplicate batch names.

**BLOCK 26e, NO. OF ITEMS.** Enter the number of similar items (e.g., cylinders, packs, drums, bottles, tank vessels) to which the line of data pertains.

1) When reporting fuel pins, rods, or plates, report the number of separate fuel pins, rods, or plates involved.

2) When reporting fuel assemblies, report the number of complete assemblies represented by the line entry.

3) For transfers of bulk material in a single container, enter the number 1. No entry is required when reporting transactions involving RISs assigned to facilities on the same site (i.e., paired RISs). Leave blank if an M action code is used.

**BLOCK 26f, PROJECT NUMBER.** Project numbers are structured on the DOE/NNSA budget and reporting (B&R) classification codes, and identify the HQs and field elements or site offices having programmatic responsibility for each project. Indices of current project identifications are
maintained and issued annually (NMMSS Report T–141) to organizations engaged in DOE/NNSA production and research programs. Project numbers are required for all G owner code transactions with the following specifications.

1) If the material is loan/lease material, the project number is QGD04LEASE (material that is not excess) or QGD05LEASE (excess material).

2) All export/import transactions involving DOE-owned material require the project number R50000000G on the foreign entity’s side of the data indicating that the material, though located outside the U.S., should remain DOE-owned.

**BLOCK 26g, MATERIAL TYPE.** Enter one of the numeric codes from the table of nuclear material type codes in Section 2.6 of this User Guide, to identify the nuclear material involved in the transaction. Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials should see Section 7 of this User Guide, for special instructions.

**BLOCK 26h, COMP./FACILITY CODE.** Enter the code that identifies the physical and/or chemical form of the nuclear material at the time the transaction occurs. A complete set of composition codes (referred to as Composition of Ending Inventory – COEI – codes) which consists of available nuclear material composition codes and descriptions may be obtained from the NMMSS staff (NMMSS Report D–25).

1) No entry is required for rounding bias inventory difference or data (e.g., inventory change code 65 or 77).

2) Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.

**BLOCK 26i, OWNER CODE.** Enter one of the one-character alphabetic codes from the table in Section 2.7, Owner Codes, to identify the material ownership at the time the shipment is made. If the ownership of material on inventory is changed, a transaction should be submitted to NMMSS reporting the change. The change is reported by an A–M transaction (in-place transfer).

**NOTE:** **BLOCKs 26j–26k are only to be completed for facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.**

**BLOCK 26j, KEY MEAS. POINT.** If applicable, see Section 9 of this User Guide.

**BLOCK 26k, MEAS. IDENT.** If applicable, see Section 9 of this User Guide, and report the following data:

1) **BASIS.** Measurement basis.

**BLOCK 26l, GROSS WEIGHT.** (Optional) A facility may enter the gross weight of the line entry in rounded kilograms, i.e., weight of material plus packaging and container weight. An approximate or estimated gross weight figure is acceptable.

**BLOCK 26m, NET WEIGHT.** (Optional) A facility may enter the net weight of the line entry in the reportable units (i.e., weight of material excluding packaging and container weight). An approximate or estimated net weight figure is acceptable.
**BLOCK 26n, ELEMENT WEIGHT.** For each line, enter the metric weight of the contained nuclear material as prescribed in Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide. See Section 2.3.3, Rounding, of this User Guide for rounding policy.

**BLOCK 26o, ELEMENT LIMIT OF ERROR.** For transactions involving SNM or tritium, measurement uncertainties are entered as weight quantities in accordance with the established reporting unit for the MT.

**BLOCK 26p, WEIGHT % ISOTOPE.** For each line, enter the weight percent of the isotopes U-235, Pu-242, Pu-240, Li-6, and Pu-238, as applicable, to not more than four decimal places, as prescribed in Section 2.3.1

1) For U-233, enter the parts per million of U-232 in whole numbers.

2) When reporting fission and transmutation, inventory difference or rounding bias for enriched uranium only; enter the approximate original weight percent of U-235 of the material with which the transaction is associated.

3) When reporting transactions involving more than one assay range of one or more materials, data pertaining to each assay range of a material should be entered on a separate line.

**BLOCK 26q, ISOTOPE WEIGHT.** For each line, enter the metric weight of the accountable isotopes, as prescribed in Section 2.3.1. See Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide for rounding policy.

**BLOCK 26r, ISOTOPE LIMIT OF ERROR.** For transactions involving SNM or tritium, measurement uncertainties are entered as weight quantities in accordance with the established reporting unit for the MT.

**BLOCK 26s, SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED.** (Not required for facilities that send transactions electronically.) When submitting the data as a paper copy the following apply:

1) The shipper’s authorized representative must sign the DOE/NRC F 741 and enter the date signed.

2) For both imports and exports, the requirement to sign the non-DOE/NNSA portion of a DOE/NRC F 741 only verifies that the individual providing the information is authorized to do so. It was never, nor is it now, intended that a signature on the non-DOE/NNSA portion indicate an assumed responsibility for proper shipment or receipt of materials.

3) If facilities wish, they may provide a disclaimer with the signature on the non-DOE/NNSA portion to indicate that they are only signing as authorized transmitters of the data to NMMSS.

**BLOCK 27, RECEIVER’S DATA.** Shipper makes no entry.
Section 5  Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting Instructions – RECEIVER

The instructions that follow provide specific guidance in the preparation of DOE/NRC F 741 or the electronic equivalent. The file formats for reporting electronically are maintained by the NMMSS staff and can be provided upon request.

The receiver of the material should complete the receiver’s portion of DOE/NRC F 741 by completing the numbered blocks as follows:

**BLOCK 1, SHIPPER’S RIS.** Enter the shipper’s facility RIS, normally a three-character field. Under some circumstances, a four-character RIS should be entered (e.g., appending a letter to the end of a 3-character RIS to denote discharge of material to air or ground). See subsequent sections for special instructions for importers and exporters of nuclear materials. This block must be completed for the following types of transactions.

1) Transfers between facilities.
2) Transfers between RISs within a facility.
3) Transfers between facilities and DoD.
4) Transfers between domestic and foreign facilities.
5) Loan/lease, sale or donation.
6) One-party transactions (e.g., transactions with an M action code).
7) Corrections to the above transactions.

**BLOCK 2, RECEIVER’S RIS.** Enter the receiver’s RIS, normally three-characters when the transaction is a transfer of material from the shipper to another facility. Care should be taken to ensure that the receiving facility’s RIS is reported and not the RIS for the agent handling the shipment. The shipper or originator enters its facility’s RIS in this block for a one-party transaction (e.g., a transaction with an M action code). This field is completed for the types of transactions listed in Block 1 items 1–7. See Section 7 for special instructions concerning imports and exports of nuclear materials.

**BLOCK 3, TRANSACTION NO.** Enter a consecutive number for the same shipper–receiver combination and ensure that a number is not skipped in the series or duplicated. (NOTE: An exception to the consecutive numbering requirement is allowed when a facility has pre-assigned or reserved numbers for programmatic needs, but the shipment does not subsequently occur. This applies to both physical and nonphysical transfers of material.) For one-party transactions, it is desirable that the shipper enter the appropriate journal entry number to identify the transaction as it occurs (e.g., 000105), the first two digits indicating the year, the next two digits indicating the month (i.e., 01 through 12), and the last two digits identifying the specific transaction in the month. (The example above is for transaction 5 for January of 2000.) Do not prefix or suffix the transfer series number. For one-party or in-place transactions between projects or uranium
enrichment contracts, an alphanumeric number may be used when necessary to maintain uniqueness.

**BLOCK 4, CORRECTION NO.** This block is used to correct or adjust a previously issued DOE/NRC F 741. In preparing the corrected copy, the shipper or receiver should enter in Blocks 1, 2, and 3, the same shipper RIS, receiver RIS, and transaction number (transfer series) used in the original report, and then enter in Block 4 a consecutive correction number, beginning with 1 (numeral one). The corrected copy should clearly identify the items being corrected. The party making the adjustment should notify the other party to the transaction that an adjustment is necessary and follow up by issuing a corrected DOE/NRC F 741. The correction number is a one-character field. An alpha correction number may be used by a facility when the correction does not affect the other facility. The shipper and/or receiver must enter the date the adjustment is entered in the facility records in Block 22b or 22e, as appropriate. The shipper and receiver should distribute the corrected copy in accordance with the distribution pattern for the original DOE/NRC F 741. This field should be completed when:

1) A shipper or receiver issues a corrected DOE/NRC F 741 to adjust data previously reported to NMMSS.

2) A correction affects another facility. A numeric character is required, action code C for the shipper and action code D for the receiver [also see Blocks 26a and 27a for further guidance (back reference line number)].

   a. For each detail line in Block 26 or 27 being corrected, two lines should appear on the corrected copy; one with the data originally submitted and the other with the correct data. The line containing the original data should show the number of items, element weight, isotope weight, and limits of error as negative quantities. (For correcting lines that were originally negative, add a positive quantity.) The corrected line should show current quantities in these data fields.

   b. For each detail line in Block 26 or 27 being deleted, the original line should be repeated, with the number of items, element weight, isotope weight, and limits of error shown as negated quantities. (For deleting lines that were originally negative, add a positive quantity.)

3) Either the shipper or receiver can make an adjustment. The other party to the transaction must either accept the adjustment or acknowledge that an adjustment has been made.

4) It is necessary to adjust or correct any data element in an M action code (one-party) transaction reported in a previous period. Either a numeric or an alphabetic character may be used.

5) Scrap material is recovered or re-measured for a more accurate total value for the quantity of nuclear material in the original shipments. The DOE/NRC F 741 for the original shipments should be corrected by prorating the total quantity of the correction according to the quantity of the original shipments. When this method is determined to be impracticable, e.g., for reprocessing campaigns, measurements on several shipments of material recovered simultaneously may be reported as a correction to a single document with additional details provided to the other party.
**BLOCK 5, PROCESSING CODE.** Enter the appropriate one-character, alphabetic code to identify the specific type of processing action required.

A – Initial entry of data.

C – Replacement of data. An entire data set may be replaced at any time prior to the close of the processing period in which the initial entry was made with the concurrence of the other party to the transaction.

D – Deletion of data. Data may be deleted at any time prior to the close of the NMMSS processing period in which the initial entry was made.

**BLOCK 6, ACTION CODE.** Enter the alphabetic code from the list below which describes the shipper’s purpose in issuing the DOE/NRC F 741. The action code is a one-character alpha field.

B – Identifies receiver’s data accepting shipper’s weights and requires completion of Block 22c. This action code is not to be used if the receiver intends to make delayed measurements.

D – Identifies receiver’s adjustment or acknowledgment of shipper’s adjustment and requires completion of Block 22e.

E – Identifies receiver’s independent measurement or determination (including rounding) and requires completion of Block 22d.

J – Identifies receiver’s interim reporting of project receipts of DOE/NNSA production or research materials that are in transit at the end of the month or that have been received but not reported. A transaction with action code J should be followed with action code B, E, or S.

M – Identifies one-party transactions, (e.g., an onsite gain or loss) reported on DOE/NRC F 741 (or electronic equivalent), and requires completion of Block 22a, 22b, 22c, or 22e.

N – Identifies known delay for independent measurements of at least 10 days but for less than 30 days. A transaction with action code N should be followed by an action code of B, E, or S.

U – Identifies known delay for independent measurements of at least 30 days. A transaction with action code U should be followed by an action code of B, E, or S.

S – Identifies receiver’s data accepting shipper’s weights under safeguards closure arrangement and requires completion of Block 22c. (Use restricted to DOE/NNSA contractor sites where an approved shipper–receiver agreement is in effect.)

T – Identifies contested weights.

Y – Identifies the receiver’s side of an obligation exchange, and requires completion of Blocks 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21. See Section 8 of this User Guide, for additional information on obligated nuclear material.

**BLOCKS 7 - 21.** For shipper only.

**BLOCK 22, ACTION DATE.** The action date for a transaction is entered in one of the blocks below. Enter numerical date (MMDDYYYY).
**BLOCKS 22a-b.** For shipper only.

**BLOCK 22c, RECEIPT.** Enter the date the material is received if the receiver is accepting shipper’s values without making independent measurements.

1) For safeguards closures, enter the date the safeguards closure was performed.

2) The receiver also should use this block to report the date of receipt of material involved in nonphysical transfers, one-party transactions (i.e., transactions with M action code), project number changes and transactions in which weights are contested. See Section 7 of this User Guide, for special instructions for importers or exporters of nuclear materials.

**BLOCK 22d, RECEIVER’S MEASUREMENT.** Enter the date that independent measurements are performed.

**BLOCK 22e, RECEIVER’S CORRECTION.** When either the shipper’s or the receiver’s data on a previously issued DOE/NRC F 741 is adjusted, the receiver enters the date of the receiver’s adjustment or acknowledgment of shipper’s adjustment.

**BLOCK 23, Miscellaneous Data.**

**BLOCK 23a, MISCELLANEOUS.** This information is not captured in NMMSS but may be used for documentation purposes.

**BLOCK 23b, CONCISE NOTE ATTACHED (DOE/NRC F 740M).** This information is captured in NMMSS. Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials and facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement may be required to prepare a Concise Note to report additional information. The shipper places a code letter X in the one-character field to indicate that a Concise Note is attached, if applicable. See Section 7 of this User Guide for special instructions for importers and exporters of nuclear materials.

**BLOCK 23c, UK REPORTABLE? YES/NO.** This information is captured in NMMSS. U.S. importers and/or exporters of nuclear material should use this field only if the other party to the transaction is the United Kingdom. Check the appropriate box to identify the specific type of processing action required. See Section 7 of this User Guide.

**BLOCKS 24-26.** For shipper only.

**BLOCK 27, RECEIVER’S DATA.**

**BLOCK 27a, BACK REFERENCE NUMBER.** This field is for corrections with action codes D or M when an adjustment is made. This field is optional for DOE/NNSA facilities with corrections, but is required for NRC licensees, facilities selected under U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement, and export/import facilities.

1) This field is used to reference previously reported data for change purposes.

2) The field is comprised of a change digit and a back reference line number.

3) If the back reference number is reported, both the back reference change digit and back reference line number should be reported. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.
4) The back reference change digit represents the change digit of the document being corrected for a nullifying entry and the change digit of the document now being completed for a correcting entry. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.

5) The back reference line number represents the line number being corrected for a nullifying entry and the line number of the corresponding nullifying line for a correcting entry. For further guidance, contact the NMMSS staff.

**BLOCK 27b, LINE NO.** Enter a sequential number to identify a discrete line. The total number of discrete lines must agree with the number shown in Block 10. For paper submission, if more lines of data are to be reported than can be accommodated on one page, prepare an additional DOE/NRC F 741.

**BLOCK 27c, TYPE OF INV. CHANGE.** When applicable, enter the two digit code from Table 5–1 or 5–2 of this User Guide. For a full description of each change code, see the corresponding line explanations in Section 11 of this User Guide.

For facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement, use Table 9–1, Type of Inventory Change Codes - IAEA, provided in Section 9 of this User Guide, instead of the codes from Tables 5–1 or 5–2.

**Table 5–1. Type of Inventory Change Code – Receipts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Inventory Change Code</th>
<th>Blocks 26c and 27c - Other Receipts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Procurement from DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Purchase Procurement – For Account of DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Use A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Use B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>DoD Returns – Other Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Production</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>From Other Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Receipts reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Receipts – Miscellaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Procurement by Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Donated Material – from DOE/NNSA to Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Donated Material – from Others to DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Inventory Change Code</td>
<td>Blocks 26c and 27c - Other Removals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Expended in Space Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Sales to DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Sales to Others for the Account of DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>DoD – Use A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>DoD – Use B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>DoD – Other Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Expended by DOE/NNSA Tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Routine Tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Shipments reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Shipments – Miscellaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>Donated Material – to DOE/NNSA by Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>Donated Material – to Others by DOE/NNSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Rounding Bias (used for A–M transactions)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>Degradation to Other Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>Decay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Fission and Transmutation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>Normal Operational Losses/Measured Discards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>Accidental Losses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>Approved Write-offs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Inventory Differences</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BLOCK 27d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME).** Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials should see Section 7 of this User Guide for additional requirements; facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9 of this User Guide for additional requirements.

1) If this block is not used for import/export or IAEA reporting purposes, other data may be entered.

2) An entry is required on import or export transactions. Importers must use the batch name used by the shipper.

3) Batch name is limited to 16 characters with the right hand eight characters unique to the reporting facility for the duration of the material balance period in which reported. Uniqueness of batch name within the RIS should be maintained. However, the receiver must use the same batch name used by the shipper. If the receipt of material results in a duplicate of an existing batch name, a subsequent internal transaction should be created to change one of the duplicate batch names.
**BLOCK 27e, NO. OF ITEMS.** Enter the number of similar items (e.g., cylinders, packs, drums, bottles, tank vessels) to which the line of data pertains.

1) When reporting fuel pins, rods, or plates, report the number of separate fuel pins, rods, or plates involved.

2) When reporting fuel assemblies, report the number of complete assemblies represented by the line entry.

3) For transfers of bulk material in a single container, enter the number 1. No entry is required when reporting transactions involving RISs assigned to facilities on the same site (i.e., paired RISs). Leave blank if an M action code is used.

**BLOCK 27f, PROJECT NUMBER.** Project numbers are structured on the DOE/NNSA B&R classification codes, and identify the HQs and field elements or site offices having programmatic responsibility for each project. Indices of current project identifications are maintained and issued annually (NMMSS Report T–141) to organizations engaged in DOE/NNSA production and research programs. Project numbers are required for all G owner code transactions with the following specifications.

1) If the material is loan/lease material, the project number is QGD04LEASE (material that is not excess) or QGD05LEASE (excess material).

2) All export/import transactions involving DOE-owned material require the project number R50000000G on the foreign entity’s side of the data indicating that the material, though located outside the U.S., should remain DOE-owned.

**BLOCK 27g, MATERIAL TYPE.** Enter one of the numeric codes from the list of MTs in Table 2–3 of this User Guide, to identify the nuclear material involved in the transaction. Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials should see Section 7 of this User Guide, for special instructions.

**BLOCK 27h, COMP./FACILITY CODE.** Enter the code that identifies the physical and/or chemical form of the nuclear material at the time the transaction occurs. A complete set of composition codes (NMMSS Report D–25), which consists of available nuclear material composition codes and descriptions, may be obtained from the NMMSS staff (referred to as Composition of Ending Inventory – COEI – codes). No entry is required for rounding bias or inventory difference or data (e.g., inventory change code 65 or 77 entries). Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9 of this User Guide.

**BLOCK 27i, OWNER CODE.** Enter one of the one-character alphabetic codes from the table in Section 2.7 of this User Guide, to identify the material ownership at the time the shipment is made. If the ownership of material on inventory is changed, a transaction should be submitted to NMMSS reporting the change. The change is reported by an A–M transaction (in-place transfer).

*NOTE: Blocks 27j–27k are only to be completed for facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.*

**BLOCK 27j, KEY MEAS. POINT.** Required only for facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement; if applicable, see Section 9 of this User Guide.
**BLOCK 27k, MEAS. IDENT.** If selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement (see Section 9 of this User Guide), report the following data:

1) **BASIS.** Measurement basis.

**BLOCK 27l, GROSS WEIGHT.** (Optional) A facility may enter the gross weight of the line entry in rounded kilograms, i.e., weight of material plus packaging and container weight. An approximate or estimated gross weight figure is acceptable.

**BLOCK 27m, NET WEIGHT.** (Optional) A facility may enter the net weight of the line entry in the reportable units, i.e., weight of material excluding packaging and container weight. An approximate or estimated net weight figure is acceptable.

**BLOCK 27n, ELEMENT WEIGHT.** For each line, enter the metric weight of the contained nuclear material as prescribed in Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide. See Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide for rounding policy.

**BLOCK 27o, ELEMENT LIMIT OF ERROR.** For transactions involving SNM or tritium, measurement uncertainties are entered as weight quantities in accordance with the established reporting unit for the MT.

**BLOCK 27p, WEIGHT % ISOTOPE.** For each line, enter the weight percent of the isotopes, as applicable, to not more than four decimal places, as prescribed in Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide.

1) For U-233, enter the parts per million of U-232 in whole numbers.

2) When reporting fission and transmutation, inventory difference or rounding bias for enriched uranium only; enter the approximate original weight percent of U-235 of the material with which the transaction is associated.

3) When reporting transactions involving more than one assay range of one or more materials, data pertaining to each assay range of a material should be entered on a separate line.

**BLOCK 27q, ISOTOPE WEIGHT.** For each line, enter the metric weight of the accountable isotopes, as prescribed in Section 2.3.1. See Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide for rounding policy.

**BLOCK 27r, ISOTOPE LIMIT OF ERROR.** For transactions involving SNM or tritium, measurement uncertainties are entered as weight quantities in accordance with the established reporting unit for the MT.

**BLOCK 27s, SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED.** (Not required for facilities that send transactions electronically.) When submitting the data as a paper copy the following apply.

1) The receiver’s authorized representative must sign the DOE/NRC F 741 and enter the date signed.

2) For both imports and exports, the requirement to sign the non-DOE/NNSA portion of a DOE/NRC F 741 only verifies that the individual providing the information is authorized to
do so. It was never, nor is it now, intended that a signature on the non-DOE/NNSA portion indicate an assumed responsibility for proper shipment or receipt of materials.

3) If facilities wish, they may provide a disclaimer with the signature on the non-DOE/NNSA portion to indicate that they are only signing as authorized transmitters of the data to NMMSS.
Section 6  Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting – Transfers to/from DoD

6.1 Transfers from DOE to DoD

6.1.1 Weapons Transfers

SNM in weapons should not be transferred to DoD under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) until DOE has received direction from the President.

1) DOE/NNSA line management does not transfer nuclear material to DoD, or authorize contractor facilities to make such transfers, until receiving prior written authorization for specific transfers.

2) Contractors that are the transferring organization do not ship materials without having prior written authority from DOE/NNSA line management having jurisdiction for this purpose.

3) DOE/NNSA line management and the contractor retains written authorization on file for audit purposes.

4) DoD is not required to have a license to possess nuclear material for the purposes identified above.

6.1.2 Non-Weapons Transfers

1) In addition to the conditions identified in paragraph 6.1.1, above, a non-weapon transfer of SNM to DoD under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) requires the completion of DOE/NRC F 741.

2) With the exception of SNM transfers to the Naval Reactors program, authorization for non-weapon transfers of SNM to DoD under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) should be obtained either from the program office responsible for the DOE/NNSA-DoD activity, or from the Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs when there is no DOE/NNSA programmatic interface with DoD.

3) Authorization for SNM transfers to the Naval Reactors program should be obtained from the Deputy Administrator for NNSA's Office of Naval Reactors.

6.1.3 Transfers of Material in the Possession of Licensees to DoD

NRC is expected to advise all 42 U.S.C. §2131 license holders that whenever licensees are required to deliver SNM to DoD, the licensee should determine from DoD whether the material is being requested by DoD under the conditions of either 42 U.S.C. §2131 or 42 U.S.C. §2121(b), as amended.

6.1.3.1 Transfers of Material to DoD as Licensees Under 42 U.S.C. §2131

When delivery is to be made to the DoD, the licensee follows the normal procedures that NRC has in effect for transfers between licensees.
6.1.3.2 Transfers of Material to DoD Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §2121(b)

1) When delivery is to be made, the licensee advises the DoD installation to contact the DOE/NNSA HQ to determine which DOE/NNSA line management is to maintain liaison with DoD and the licensee concerning the disposition of the material.

2) The responsible DOE/NNSA Departmental Element, in coordination with and through the appropriate DOE/NNSA HQ elements, issues a letter to the DoD installation, with copies to the licensee and all appropriate DOE/NNSA personnel, approving the transfer to DoD and designating the appropriate DOE/NNSA line management as liaison with DoD and the licensee office in handling the transfer to DoD.

3) When the licensee is ready to deliver the product ordered by the DoD or DoD contractor, the DOE/NNSA or site office designated as liaison for the licensee advises the licensee to initiate a DOE/NRC F 741 in accordance with the preparation and distribution instructions that apply to licensees (see Section 5 of this User Guide), showing a DOE RIS as the receiving RIS for the nuclear material in block 2. The receiving RIS for such transfers should be a DOE organization and not a contractor organization.

4) Further, if the receiving RIS is other than the Albuquerque Complex (RIS AAA), a copy of the shipping document should be sent to AAA and so reflected in the “Distribution of Copies” block. Line management designated as the liaison with DoD and the licensee should ensure the following.

- Nature of transaction (TI) code D is entered in block 11 to indicate material is being returned to DOE.
- The licensee is shown as the shipper in block 8, and as the entity having financial responsibility for the material in block 12.
- The receiving RIS assigned by the designated DOE line management is shown as the receiver in block 9, with a parenthetical entry giving the name and address of the DoD organizational unit or contractor to whom physical delivery is made.
- DOE and the designated DOE line management are shown as assuming financial responsibility for the material in block 13.
- The letter from the responsible Departmental Element is referenced in block 23.

5) From the data on the DOE/NRC F 741 prepared by the licensee, the NMR for the designated receiving RIS prepares a DOE/NRC F 741 from DOE to DoD using one of the following RISs for the receiving DoD installation.

- QZA for Air Force (non-War Reserve),
- QZB for Army (non-War Reserve),
- QZD for Navy (non-War Reserve),
- QZC for Field Command Defense Nuclear Agency (training account material), or
• QZE for DoD.

6) After DoD has received the material, the NMR of the designated receiving RIS signs as receiver in block 27s of the licensee’s DOE/NRC F 741 using the data furnished by DoD.

7) The following statement should be entered in block 14 by the NMR of the receiving RIS.

Acceptance of the material in its existing form is in the best interest of the U.S. Government.

8) The Albuquerque Complex is provided a copy of the completed DOE/NRC F 741. The nuclear material transferred to DoD pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 2121(b) should not contain any foreign obligated material.

6.1.4 Other Nuclear Material Transfers

When nuclear material (see Table 2-1 of this User Guide), other than SNM, is associated with weapons being transferred to DoD, the procedures described in Section 6.1, Transfers from DOE to DoD, are followed.

When nuclear material (see Table 2-1 of this User Guide), other than SNM, is not associated with weapons and is being transferred to DoD, the procedures and authorization necessary for making such transfers to licensees apply. Therefore, DoD should obtain and possess the material in the capacity of a licensee under a licensee RIS.

6.1.5 Transfer Documents

All transfers to DoD should be documented on DOE/NRC F 741 in accordance with the instructions in this User Guide. Preparation of DOE/NRC F 741 should vary with the nature of the transfers, as indicated below.

6.1.5.1 Transfers of Training Account Material

Complete instructions for such transfers are contained in Section 6 of the DOE-DTRA Technical Publication (TP), TP100-4, Custody, Accountability, and Control of Nuclear Weapons and Nuclear Material, published under the authority of the Secretaries of the Navy and Air Force; the Director, Defense Threat Reduction Agency; and DOE. DOE/NNSA elements that need this information should contact the Albuquerque Complex.

6.1.5.2 Transfers of War Reserve Stockpile Items Containing Nuclear Materials

Complete instructions for such transfers are contained in Section 3 of DOE-DTRA Technical Manual TP100-4.

6.1.5.3 Other Transfers of SNM

Transfers of nuclear materials contained in Navy cores and associated items are reflected in DoD memorandum inventory accounts maintained by the Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office. The distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 for such transfers is in accordance with the distribution described in Section 3.3 of this User Guide, appropriately modified to provide copies to the Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office (see Section 6.2 below).
Other SNM Transfers under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) are reflected in DoD memorandum inventory accounts maintained by the Albuquerque Complex. The distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 for such transfers, excluding those described in Section 6.1.1, Weapons Transfers, should be in accordance with the distribution described in Section 3.3 of this User Guide, appropriately modified to provide copies to the Albuquerque Complex Center as per Section 6.2 below.

6.2 Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741

Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 for transfers of weapon-related materials is shown in Sections 3 and 6 of DOE-DTRA Technical Manual TP100-4. Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 for transfers of Navy cores and/or other SNM transfers as follows.

6.2.1 Navy Cores

1) Copy 1 is forwarded to the receiver (either QZD or PZB).

2) Copy 2 is forwarded to:

   PAA Nuclear Material Representative  
   U.S. Department of Energy  
   Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office  
   P.O. Box 109  
   West Mifflin, PA 15122-0109

3) Copy 3 is retained by the shipper (either QZD or PZB).

6.2.2 Other Transfers of Nuclear Material

All transfers of nuclear material under 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) should also be documented on DOE/NRC F 741. Distribution should be made as follows.

1) Copies 1-4 are forwarded to the receiver.

2) Copy 5 is sent to the shipper’s DOE/NNSA field or site office.

3) Copy 6 is forwarded to:

   Manager, Technical Security Department (RIS AAA)  
   National Nuclear Security Administration – U.S. DOE  
   Albuquerque Complex  
   P.O. Box 5400  
   Albuquerque, NM 87185

4) Copy 7 is retained by the shipper.

The shipper should instruct the receiver to perform the following:

1) Complete Block 27 on copies 1-4.

2) Return copy 1 to the shipper.
3) Retain copy 2 for filing.

4) Mail copy 3 to the shipper’s DOE/NNSA field or site office.

5) Mail copy 4 to the address for the Albuquerque Complex shown above.

6.3 Transfers from DoD to DOE

6.3.1 Training Account Material

Transfer of SNM and source material to the training account (RIS QZC) should be made by DoD as described in Section 6 of DOE-DTRA Technical Manual TP100-4. These instructions prescribe the use of DoD Form 1348 to document the transfer. DOE/NNSA elements having need for the information should contact the NMR at RIS AAA.

6.3.2 War Reserve Stockpile

Transfer of war reserve stockpile items containing nuclear materials to RIS QZE should be made as described in Section 3 of the DOE-DTRA TP100-4. These instructions prescribe the use of DoD Form 1348 to document the transfer. DOE/NNSA elements having need for the information should contact the NMR at RIS AAA.

6.3.3 Other Transfers

Other than the transfers referred to above, DoD does not prescribe a form for the shipping DoD installation to document the transfer. However, for any such transfers, the receiving facility must provide DoD with appropriate acknowledgment of receipt, and ensure that DoD documentation of the transfer contains all essential information. In addition, the receiving facility is required to provide the Albuquerque Complex or the Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office with copies of any documentation of the transfer; i.e., receipt acknowledgment or DOE/NRC F 741, as appropriate. DOE/NNSA line management should maintain a receipt copy of such documents for audit purposes. The basic information that should be included on the transfer document is as follows.

1) Date of shipment.

2) Name and address of the shipper.

3) Description of the nuclear materials (including information as to the purpose for which it was used).

4) Type of material.

5) If available, the quantity of material by element and isotope.

6) Date of receipt.

7) Receiver’s name and address.

8) Signature of the receiving facility’s authorized representative.
6.3.4 Transfer Documents

All transfers of nuclear material from DoD should be documented on DOE/NRC F 741.

6.3.4.1 Preparation

The receiver should prepare a DOE/NRC F 741 promptly, completing all appropriate blocks, with the exception of block 26, in accordance with the instructions in Section 5 of this User Guide.

6.3.4.2 Distribution

1) One copy to the receiver’s DOE/NNSA field or site office.

2) One copy to either the Albuquerque Complex or the Naval Reactors Laboratory Field Office, as appropriate.

3) One copy retained by the receiver.

6.4 Prohibition on Use of Foreign Obligated Material

Material that has a foreign obligation attached under an Agreement for Cooperation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy should not be shipped to or received by a facility with a Q RIS.
Section 7 Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting – U.S. and Foreign Nations, Foreign Regional Organizations, or Supranational Organizations

Section 7 of this User Guide, provides instructions for the preparation and distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 for transfers of nuclear material between the DOE/NNSA facilities and NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material and foreign nations, foreign regional elements, or supranational organizations.

For exports of nuclear material, the following information is designed to assist DOE/NNSA and NMMSS in accounting for and controlling the export/import of nuclear materials. If the imported or exported nuclear material has foreign obligations, see Section 8 of this User Guide. Additional information on export/import requirements can be obtained from the NNSA Office of Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation, NA-20.

7.1 Transfers to a Foreign Entity

The shipper should ensure that appropriate authorization and approval to transfer the nuclear material has been obtained. For exports, this may require either a specific license from the NRC Office of International Programs or a foreign contract number. Contact the cognizant DOE/NNSA office for further instruction.

7.1.1 Foreign Contract Numbers and Shipper’s Export Declarations

1) For DOE-to-DOE (typically lab-to-lab) transfers of relatively small quantities of nuclear material, an NRC export license may not be required. Send a request for a foreign contract number to the NMMSS staff. Include the receiving facility, country, end use, and type of transaction (sale, lease, donation, etc.). Contact the cognizant DOE/NNSA office to obtain request forms and further instruction.

2) The NMMSS staff should complete the foreign contract number request with the appropriate RISs and the foreign contract number should be assigned and sent back to the requesting facility.

3) The facility should send this information to the NMMSS staff prior to completing DOE/NRC F 741 to authorize the shipment.

4) When a contract number is required, the contract number must be inserted in the transfer authority field (Block 14) of DOE/NRC F 741.

7.1.2 Specific Export Licenses (SEL)

1) For larger quantities of nuclear material that exceed specified threshold limits, a specific export license (SEL) from the NRC Office of International Programs may be required. Contact the NRC Office of International Programs for further specific license information.

2) If required, the facility should complete an NRC Form 7, Application for NRC Export or Import License, Amendment, or Renewal, applying for a specific license.

3) Once the NRC has issued a license for the export (e.g., XSOU for source material, XSNM for special nuclear material), the facility may ship the quantity of specified material up to the
authorized quantity. The export of the authorized material may be in one or in many individual shipments.

4) When completing DOE/NRC F 741 for the export, the facility should follow the instructions in Section 4 of this User Guide.

5) It is important in preparing DOE/NRC F 741 that the entry in Block 2 be the proper international nuclear facility code for the receiver’s facility. Refer to the NMMSS International Nuclear Facilities Codes Directory (NMMSS D–15 report) which lists the names and corresponding RISs of international nuclear facilities identified to possess source and/or SNM and verify with the NMMSS Staff.

6) Transfers of material to the United Kingdom under the U.S.-U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement should be identified by entering RIS QZG in Block 2 of DOE/NRC F 741.

7) The receiver’s name and address, which are not necessarily the same as the name and address of the facility, should be entered in Block 9a. This data is not captured by NMMSS.

8) In addition, the facility should insert the DOE/NNSA contract number (if any from Block 9 of, NRC Form 7, Application for NRC Export or Import License, Amendment, or Renewal,) in the transfer authority field (Block 14). If there is no DOE/NNSA contract number, leave this field blank.

9) The assigned export license number should be inserted in the license field (Block 15). If no license is required, the facility may enter LIC–EXEMPT in the license field. If the material is covered under a general license, the facility may enter GEN–LIC in the license field. No entry is required in Block 15 for transfers of material under a mutual defense agreement.

10) In addition to any other markings, transfers of nuclear material to the United Kingdom must be reported in Block 23c.

11) Owner code G (DOE-owned) or J (other, non-DOE-owned), as appropriate, should be entered in Block 26i to reflect material ownership.

12) Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials also should follow the special instructions in this section and Section 7 of this User Guide. Transfers under 42 U.S.C. §2121(c) involving defense activities, other than those for which responsibility has been specifically assigned by HQ, must be coordinated through the Albuquerque Complex Manager.

### 7.2 Transfers from a Foreign Entity

1) When completing DOE/NRC F 741 for the transfer, the facility should follow the instructions in Section 5 of this User Guide.

2) The receiver, in preparing DOE/NRC F 741, should enter in Block 1 the proper RIS for the shipper’s facility.

3) Transfers of material from the United Kingdom under the U.S.-U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement should be identified by entering RIS QZG in Block 1 of DOE/NRC F 741.
4) In Block 8a, enter the shipper’s name and address, which are not necessarily the same as the name and address of the facility. This data is not captured by NMMSS.

5) No entry is required in Block 15 for transfers of material under a mutual defense agreement. Transfers of material originally shipped under 42 U.S.C. §2121(c) involving defense activities, other than those for which responsibility has been specifically assigned by HQ, must be coordinated through the Albuquerque Complex Manager.

6) In addition to any other markings, transfers of nuclear material from the United Kingdom must be reported in Block 23c.

7) Owner code G or J, as appropriate, should be entered in Block 27i to reflect material ownership.

8) Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear material should also follow the special instructions in this section and Section 8 of this User Guide.

### 7.3 Batch Formation and Naming

For the import of material from a foreign nation or entity, use the shipper’s batch identification, if possible. Reporting of inventory changes on DOE/NRC F 741 under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement is done at the batch level of detail. Under an agreement between the U.S. Government and the IAEA, imports and exports also should be reported at the batch level of detail. Special instructions for importers and exporters are in Sections 8, 9 and 10 of this User Guide.

Data on a batch are contained on a single detail line of DOE/NRC F 741. All material in a single batch should have the same value for all of the following data elements:

1) Type of Inventory Change

2) Batch name

3) Number of items

4) Composition/facility code

5) Key measurement point (required only for facilities under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement)

6) Measurement identification code, i.e., measurement basis, other measurement point, and measurement method (required only for facilities under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement).

If the material in a single batch has multiple values for data elements, the data for the batch must be listed on two or more detail lines, with common data elements repeated. An example of a batch requiring more than one line would be irradiated fuel containing both uranium and plutonium. The data for such a batch would be listed using one line for uranium data and one line for plutonium data.

### 7.4 Facilities Engaged in the Import and/or Export of Nuclear Materials

U.S. importers and/or exporters of nuclear materials are required to use DOE/NRC F 741 for documentation of all transactions. In addition, U.S. facilities involved in importing or exporting are required to complete the portion of the DOE/NRC F 741 normally completed by the other facility involved in a transfer.
U.S. importers and exporters need to complete both the shipper’s and the receiver’s portion of the form. The required signing of the non-DOE portion of a DOE/NRC F 741 should indicate only that the signing individual is authorized to provide the information to the NMMSS and should not imply any responsibility for proper shipment or receipt of the materials reflected on the non-DOE side of the document. Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials need to complete the numbered blocks on DOE/NRC F 741 as specified in Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this User Guide.

The following instructions are specific for importers and exporters of nuclear materials and apply only to shipments containing one gram or more of SNM or one kilogram or more of source material.

**BLOCK 1, SHIPPER’S RIS.** The U.S. exporting facility should enter its RIS in Block 1. The U.S. importing facility should enter the foreign shipper’s RIS from the NMMSS International Nuclear Facilities Codes Directory (NMMSS D–15 Report).

**BLOCK 2, RECEIVER’S RIS.** The U.S. exporting facility should enter the foreign receiver’s RIS from the NMMSS International Nuclear Facilities Codes Directory (NMMSS D–15 Report). The U.S. importing facility should enter its RIS.

**BLOCK 14, TRANSFER AUTHORITY - CONTRACT, NM DRAFT, OR ORDER NUMBER.** For exports, the U.S. exporter should enter the authorizing contract or foreign contract number as applicable, in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 7.1, Transfers to a Foreign Entity, of this User Guide. For imports, the U.S. importer should enter the authorizing contract, if applicable.

**BLOCK 15, EXPORT OR IMPORT TRANSFERS: LICENSE NO.** The U.S. facility should enter the specific license number in this field if applicable. If no license number is required, the facility can enter LIC–EXEMPT or GEN–LIC for a general license. See Section 4 of this User Guide for further guidance.

**BLOCKS 17–21, Obligation Information.** For imports or exports involving foreign obligated material, the U.S. facility should complete these fields. See Section 8 of this User Guide.

**NOTE:** *Only EURATOM*¹ and U.S. non-obligated material may be transferred under a Mutual Defense Agreement.

**BLOCK 23c, U.K. REPORTABLE? YES/NO.** U.S. exporters or importers involved in a transfer with the United Kingdom should enter the transfer category in this block by checking one of the following:

1) A transfer of material pursuant to the U.S.-U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement, check NO.
2) A transfer of material for military use but not pursuant to the U.S.-U.K. Agreement, check NO.
3) A transfer of material for peaceful use, check YES.

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¹ EURATOM is comprised of 28 member states: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom.
BLOCK 26d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME).

1) A U.S. facility that is an exporter completing the shipper’s data should create a batch name unique to that transaction within the facility. For fuel assemblies, pins, sealed sources, and UF₆ cylinders, the batch name should be its identification number. In addition, fuel assemblies, pins, sealed sources, and UF₆ cylinders should each be separate batches.

2) A U.S. facility that is an importer completing the shipper’s portion of the data for the foreign facility should obtain and use the shipper’s batch name as provided by the shipper.

3) If data previously reported on a batch are being corrected, the same batch name must be used on the correction document as on the original document. If the batch name is being corrected, the “was” line should show the batch name originally reported and the “should be” line should show the correct batch name.

BLOCK 26g, MATERIAL TYPE.

1) A U.S. facility that is an exporter completing the shipper’s data should enter the correct U.S. MT code from the Table 2–3 in Section 2.6 of this User Guide.

2) A U.S. facility that is an importer completing the shipper’s data for a foreign facility should convert the IAEA element code provided by the shipper to the U.S. MT code from Table 7–1. If the foreign facility does not provide an IAEA element code, the U.S. facility should supply the appropriate U.S. MT code and attach a Concise Note to this effect.

Table 7–1. Material Type (MT) Codes and IAEA Element Codes – Import/Export

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>U.S. Material Type (MT) Code</th>
<th>IAEA Element Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>EG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thorium</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Others</td>
<td>(All other codes)</td>
<td>(Blank)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BLOCK 27d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME). Whether the U.S. facility is an importer completing the receiver’s data or an exporter completing the receiver’s portion of the data for a foreign facility, the U.S. facility should enter the same batch name as entered in Block 26d.

BLOCK 27g, MATERIAL TYPE.

1) A U.S. facility that is an importer completing the receiver’s data should enter the correct U.S. MT code from the list of material types in Block 26g.
2) A U.S. facility that is an exporter completing the receiver’s data for the foreign facility should enter the same MT code as entered in Block 26g.

7.5 Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741

Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 data should be in accordance with the following procedures.

7.5.1 Secondary Distribution of DOE/NRC F 741

The NMMSS Program (RIS QFA) should make secondary distribution of DOE/NRC F 741 at the close of the process month for the countries/entities with which the United States has bilateral agreements for cooperation that require report distribution. This distribution is made for Australia, Canada, EURATOM, and Japan through the NNSA Office of Nonproliferation & International Security, NA-24.

For transactions involving 42 U.S.C. §2121(c), material for EURATOM, the shipper must prepare and distribute an additional copy of the receipted DOE/NRC F 741 to the Albuquerque Complex.

1) Copy 2 of DOE/NRC F 741 should accompany the shipment if it contains one or more grams of SNM or one or more kilograms of source material.

7.5.2 Transfers of Material to or from the United Kingdom (RIS QZG)

For transfers of material to or from the United Kingdom (RIS QZG) under the U.S.-U.K. Mutual Defense Program, the distribution instructions below should apply.

7.5.2.1 Classified Restricted Data (RD)/Formerly Restricted Data (FRD) Information

If the data documenting the transfer is classified RD/FRD, eight copies of the DOE/NRC F 741 are to be distributed as below.

Copies 1–4 OUTER ENVELOPE

Chief, Joint Atomic Information Exchange Group (JAIEG)
8725 John J. Kingman Road
Mail Stop 6201
Ft. Belvoir, VA 22060-6201

INNER ENVELOPE

Chief, Joint Atomic Information Exchange Group (JAIEG)
8725 John J. Kingman Road
Attn: (name of recipient)
Ft. Belvoir, VA 22060-6201

Copy 5 OUTER ENVELOPE

National Nuclear Security Administration – USDOE
Albuquerque Complex
P.O. Box 5400
Albuquerque, NM 87185
7.5.2.2 Loan of Weapons Material Transfer

If the transfer represents a loan of weapons material, both the DOE/NRC F 741 and the letter of transmital should include reference to a U.S. loan authorization.

7.5.2.3 Sale of Nuclear Material Transfer

If the transfer represents a sale of nuclear material to the United Kingdom, record the transaction as Purchased by Aldermaston (PALD) or Purchased by Aviation Ministry (PAM) sales authorization, as appropriate.
7.5.2.4 Unclassified or Classified National Security Information (NSI)

If the DOE/NRC F 741 documenting the transfer is unclassified, or classified National Security Information (NSI), four copies (copies 5, 6, 7 and 8) of the form are to be distributed according to the locations noted in Section 7.5.2.1, Classified Restricted Data (RD)/Formerly Restricted Data (FRD) Information, of this User Guide. The Joint Atomic Information Exchange Group does not require copies 1–4.
Section 8 Nuclear Material Transaction Reporting – Foreign Obligations Tracking

Special procedures should be used to implement the reporting requirements of the U.S. Bilateral and Multilateral Agreements for Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation. These agreements for cooperation are necessary to allow the U.S. Nuclear Industry to trade with foreign countries/entities, per Section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

The agreements require that the U.S. track and report the foreign-obligated nuclear materials and produced nuclear materials from these countries/entities within the boundaries of the U.S.

A foreign obligation can be defined as a commitment by one government to another to treat nuclear materials, nonnuclear materials, equipment and components in a manner consistent with the agreement signed between the two governments.

In addition to these agreements for cooperation, the U.S. has a requirement to track and report to Russia the imports, exports, and use of the Former Soviet Union down-blended highly-enriched uranium.

DOE/NNSA facilities and NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material that are importers and/or exporters of nuclear material should also comply with Sections 7 and 9 of this User Guide.

Material that has a foreign obligation attached under an Agreement for Cooperation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy may not be shipped to or received by a facility with a Q RIS.

8.1 Imports

For U.S. facilities importing nuclear material with foreign obligations, the relevant obligation information should be supplied by the appropriate Government agency (DOE/NNSA, Department of State, and NRC) in advance of the receipt. This Government notification should supply the U.S. facility with the information necessary to complete Blocks 17–21, if applicable.

For imports, the foreign obligation information can be:

1) Country/entity from which the nuclear material was shipped, and/or

2) Country/entity attaching third-party obligations.

3) In most cases, for imports from a country that has made the entire shipment subject to the agreement, the total import quantity should be obligated. If only a portion of the shipment is subject to an agreement (third party obligation), that quantity should be clearly specified on the documentation. These should have been identified as such in the Government notification supplied to the U.S. facility in advance of the import.

The U.S. importing facility should complete Blocks 17–21 based on the Government notification, as follows:

**BLOCK 17, LINE NUMBER.** The facility should enter a sequential number for each obligated country or material. If there is more than one separate obligation or more than one obligated MT, enter the appropriate numbers in the subsequent lines.
BLOCK 18, COUNTRY OF OBLIGATION. For each line, enter the two-character Transaction Code for the country or entity from Table 8–1, below, which represents the country/entity of obligation.

Table 8–1. Foreign Obligation Codes – Updated June 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Material Balance Code</th>
<th>Obligation Entity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>EURATOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>People’s Republic of China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>C1</td>
<td>Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>A8</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>A1</td>
<td>Argentina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>A2</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>A3</td>
<td>Chile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>D1</td>
<td>India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>D2</td>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>D3</td>
<td>Taiwan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>D4</td>
<td>Vietnam, Socialist Republic of Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>C4</td>
<td>Japan/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>C5</td>
<td>EURATOM/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>C6</td>
<td>Australia/Japan/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>C7</td>
<td>Canada/Japan/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>C8</td>
<td>EURATOM/Japan/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>B1</td>
<td>LES Centrifuge Enrichment/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>B2</td>
<td>Australia/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>B3</td>
<td>Canada/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>B4</td>
<td>EURATOM/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>B5</td>
<td>Australia/EURATOM/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>B6</td>
<td>Canada/EURATOM/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>B7</td>
<td>China/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>A9</td>
<td>Australia/Canada/EURATOM/Japan/LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>Australia/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>Canada/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>EURATOM/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>Australia/EURATOM/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>Canada/EURATOM/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>China/Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>I1</td>
<td>Australia/Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>I2</td>
<td>Australia/Canada/EURATOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>A4</td>
<td>LES Centrifuge Enrichment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>Australia/EURATOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Code</td>
<td>Material Balance Code</td>
<td>Obligation Entity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>Canada/EURATOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>A5</td>
<td>LES Centrifuge Enrichment/Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>A6</td>
<td>LES Centrifuge Enrichment/Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>A7</td>
<td>LES Centrifuge Enrichment/EURATOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Australia/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>C3</td>
<td>Canada/Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WR</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>Former Soviet Union Weapons</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 EURATOM comprises 28 member states: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, and the UK.

**BLOCK 19, MATERIAL TYPE.** For each obligation line, enter the code (Domestic or IAEA) from Table 8–2 of this User Guide, which represents the material obligated. The only material types to be reported are 10, 20, 50, 70, 81, and 88 or D, EG, EK, N, P, or T.

**BLOCK 20, OBLIGATED ELEMENT WEIGHT.** Enter the element weight of the quantity obligated. Refer to Table 8–2.

**Table 8–2. Material Type (MT) Codes, IAEA Element Codes, and Quantities for Source and SNM – Obligations Tracking**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Domestic Code</th>
<th>IAEA Code</th>
<th>Reportable Obligated Quantity¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Natural Uranium</td>
<td>MT 81</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Kilogram Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gram U-235 for Isotope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
<td>MT 10</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>Kilogram Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gram U-235 for Isotope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thorium</td>
<td>MT 88</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>Kilogram Thorium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>MT 50</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Gram Plutonium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>MT 20 ≥ 20%</td>
<td>EG</td>
<td>Gram Total Uranium for Element</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gram U-235 for Isotope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>MT 20 &lt; 20%</td>
<td>EG</td>
<td>Gram Total Uranium for Element</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gram U-235 for Isotope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-233</td>
<td>MT 70</td>
<td>EK</td>
<td>Gram Total Uranium for Element</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gram U-233 for Isotope</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ For foreign obligations tracking, only the element weight is required except for uranium enriched in U-233 or U-235.

**BLOCK 21, OBLIGATED ISOTOPE WEIGHT For Enriched Uranium Only.** Enter the isotope weight of the quantity obligated to the nearest gram.
8.2 Domestic Transfers

The U.S. shipper should assign the appropriate obligations on the material, if any, and complete the line number, country/entity of obligation, MT and obligated weight entries, as applicable.

The U.S. receiver should complete the matching obligation information as assigned by the shipper, if accepting shipper’s values. If receiver does not accept shipper’s weights, the receiver’s weights should be recorded for the foreign obligated material.

**BLOCK 17, LINE NUMBER.** The facility should enter a sequential number for each obligated country or material. If there is more than one separate obligation or more than one obligated MT, enter the appropriate numbers in the subsequent lines.

**BLOCK 18, COUNTRY OF OBLIGATION.** For each obligation line, enter the two-character Transaction Code for the country or entity from Table 8–1, above, which represents the country/entity of obligation.

**BLOCK 19, MATERIAL TYPE.** For each obligation line, enter the domestic code from Table 8–2 of this User Guide that represents the material obligated. The only material types to be reported are 10, 20, 50, 70, 81, and 88.

**BLOCK 20, OBLIGATED ELEMENT WEIGHT.** Enter the element weight of the quantity obligated. Refer to Table 8–2.

**BLOCK 21, OBLIGATED ISOTOPE WEIGHT (For Enriched Uranium Only).** Enter the isotope weight of the quantity obligated to the nearest gram.

8.3 Internal Facility Transactions

For internal transactions (e.g., burn-up, decay, production, measured discards, accidental losses or gains, category changes, fission and transmutation, inventory differences), enter the line number, country/entity of obligation, MT and obligated weights, if applicable, in Blocks 17–21. Complete the remainder of the DOE/NRC F 741 in accordance with the guidance for internal transactions in Section 4 or Section 5 of this User Guide.

8.4 Exports

For exports, the U.S. shipper should complete, the shipper’s and receiver’s DOE/NRC F 741.

If the U.S. shipper is exporting foreign obligated material, the U.S. shipper should complete Blocks 17–21 for each obligated country/entity or material exported.

NOTE: If the export requires a NRC export license, the license should specifically permit the export of that obligated material on the face of the license. See Section 7 and Section 9 of this User Guide, for additional information on imports and exports.
Section 9 Nuclear Material Reporting – U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement

9.1 Transaction Reporting

Special procedures should be used to implement some of the reporting requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

Section 9 of this User Guide, provides direction for use of these special procedures for DOE/NNSA facilities or NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material that have been selected either under the terms of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol. Such facilities should note that all requirements and procedures in other sections of this User Guide apply, in addition to the special requirements shown below.

DOE/NNSA facilities and NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement are still required to comply with Sections 7 and 8 of this User Guide, if applicable.

For further guidance, refer to Code 10 of the Subsidiary Arrangements to the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

9.1.1 Batch Formation and Naming

Reporting of inventory changes on DOE/NRC F 741 under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement is at the batch level of detail. In general, the data on a batch are contained on a single detail line of DOE/NRC F 741. All material in a single batch should have the same value for all of the following data elements:

1) Type of inventory change (if applicable)
2) Batch name
3) Number of items
4) Composition/facility code
5) Key measurement point
6) Measurement identification code (i.e., measurement basis, other measurement point, and measurement method).

If the material in a single batch has multiple values for data elements, the data for the batch must be listed on two or more detail lines, with common data elements repeated. An example of a batch requiring more than one line would be irradiated fuel containing both uranium and plutonium. The data for such a batch would be listed using one line for uranium data and one line for plutonium data.

If a facility selected by the IAEA receives a shipment, the receiver’s data must be reported with a one-to-one, line-by-line correspondence to the shipper’s data rather than at the batch level of detail.

If inventory change code 22 or 71 is entered in Block 26c or 27c, as applicable, the batch name in Block 26d or 27d must be composed of the appropriate character code from Table 9–1, followed by a
unique sequence number (e.g., EN-800423). For each entry with an inventory change code of 22, there must be a corresponding entry with an inventory change code of 71 with the same batch name.

Table 9–1. Type of Inventory Change Codes – IAEA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IAEA Type of Inventory Change Code</th>
<th>From Balance</th>
<th>To Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DN</td>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ND</td>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ED</td>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>Depleted Uranium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Enriched Uranium</td>
<td>Normal Uranium</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ONMI, and the NNSA Office of Nonproliferation & International Security, NA-24, should provide guidance for reporting de-exemption for use or quantity and exemption for use, quantity, or termination due to non-nuclear use. Code 10 of the Subsidiary Arrangements to the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement provides a description of de-exemption codes (e.g., DU, DQ, EU, EQ, etc.)

9.1.2 DOE/NRC F 741 Instructions

Facilities selected by the IAEA are required to use DOE/NRC F 741 for documentation of all transactions, including transfers between the IAEA material balance areas (MBAs) within the facility and certain other types of onsite inventory changes. The NNSA Office of Nonproliferation & International Security, NA-24, should provide specific instructions for these onsite inventory changes on a case-by-case basis.

Facilities notified of selection by the IAEA should complete the numbered blocks on DOE/NRC F 741 as specified in other sections of this User Guide with the following additional requirements.

BLOCK 23b, CONCISE NOTE ATTACHED.

The domestic shipper or receiver places an X in the appropriate box to indicate if a Concise Note is attached to the DOE/NRC F 741.

DOE/NRC F 740M. A Concise Note should be used by the shipper or receiver to supply additional nuclear materials transaction data in free text format, either at the reporting facility’s option or as required by the facility attachment or transitional facility attachment. See Section 10, Nuclear Material Reporting - Concise Note, of this User Guide, for further information on Concise Notes.

BLOCK 26, SHIPPER’S DATA.

BLOCK 26c, TYPE OF INV. CHANGE. When reporting types of transactions denoted by codes DU, DQ, EU, EQ, or TU, a special code is required in this block. The NNSA Office of Nonproliferation & International Security, NA-24, should provide special codes and procedures on a case-by-case basis.
BLOCK 26d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME).

1) The shipper should create a unique batch name. For guidance regarding the number of characters in a batch name, contact the NMMSS staff. For fuel assemblies, pins, sealed sources, and UF₆ cylinders, the batch name should be its identification number. A batch name should not appear more than once on a single DOE/NRC F 741 unless the data for a single batch requires more than one line.

2) If inventory change code 22 or 71 is entered in Block 26c or transaction code DU, DQ, EU, EQ, or TU is being reported, see Section 7 of this User Guide, for guidance in constructing a batch name.

3) If data previously reported on a batch is being corrected, the same batch name must be used on the correction document as on the original document. If the batch name is being corrected, the “was” line should show the batch name originally reported and the “should be” line should show the correct batch name.

BLOCK 26h, COMP./FACILITY CODE. The Office of International Regimes and Agreements should provide special codes and procedures on a case-by-case basis.

BLOCK 26j, KEY MEAS. POINT. Enter the appropriate flow key measurement point code of the facility attachment or transitional facility attachment.

BLOCK 26k, MEAS. IDENT. Consists of measurement basis, other measurement point, and measurement method as shown below.

1) BASIS. Enter the appropriate code from the following list.

N – batch data are based on measurements made at another MBA, and this is the first time the data are being reported for this MBA.

L – batch data are based on measurements made at another MBA, the data are being reported for the MBA and this is the second, third, etc., time.

M – batch data are based on measurements made at this MBA, and this is the first time the data are being reported for this MBA.

T – batch data are based on measurements made at this MBA, and this is the second, third, etc., time the data are being reported for this MBA.

BLOCK 27, RECEIVER’S DATA.

BLOCK 27c, TYPE OF INV. CHANGE. Complete per instructions for Block 26c.

BLOCK 27d, IDENTIFICATION (ITEM/BATCH NAME). Enter the same batch name as the shipper entered in Block 26d.

1) If a batch name has not been assigned, see Section 7 of this User Guide for guidance in constructing a batch name.
2) If the material is being imported, the receiver should use the batch name provided by the shipper.

**BLOCK 27h, COMP./FACILITY CODE.** Fill out as per instructions above for Block 26h.

**BLOCK 27j, KEY MEAS. POINT.** Fill out as per instructions above for Block 26j.

**BLOCK 27k, MEAS. IDENT.** Fill out as per instructions above for Block 26k.

### 9.2 Material Balance Reporting

Special procedures should be used to implement some of the reporting requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement. This section provides instructions for use of these special procedures for DOE/NNSA facilities that have been selected under the terms of either the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol. Such facilities should note that all requirements and procedures in other sections of this User Guide apply in addition to the special requirements of this section.

#### 9.2.1 DOE/NRC F 742 Instructions

DOE/NRC F 742 or its electronic equivalent should be completed by filling in the numbered blocks or lines listed in Section 11 of this User Guide, with the additional instructions shown below.

**LINE 22, From Other Materials.** For each entry on this line, fill in the appropriate two-character Type of Inventory Change Code (see Table 9–1) in the space provided to indicate the source and destination material balances for the inventory change being reported. The IAEA does not require the reporting of category changes for enriched uranium.

**LINE 30, Receipts Reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC 741.** For each entry on this line, fill in the RIS of the shipper and quantity of nuclear material received during the materials balance reporting period by facilities selected by the IAEA. Contact the NMMSS Staff for further information. (See also Code 10 of the Subsidiary Arrangements to the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.)

**LINE 51, Shipments Reported to NRC/DOE on NRC/DOE 741.** For each entry on this line, fill in the RIS of the receiver and quantity of nuclear material shipped during the materials balance reporting period by facilities selected by the IAEA. Contact the NMMSS Program for further information. (See, also Code 10 of the Subsidiary Arrangements to the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.)

**LINE 71, Degradation to Other Materials.** For each entry on this line, enter the appropriate two-character Type of Inventory Change Code (Degradation), as shown in Table 9–1, in the space provided to indicate the source and destination material balances for the inventory change being reported.

### 9.3 Inventory Reporting

Special procedures must be used to implement some of the reporting requirements of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement. This section provides instructions for facilities that have been selected either under the terms of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol. Such facilities should note that all requirements and procedures in the main body of this User Guide apply, in addition to the special
requirements of this section. Refer to Section 12, Inventory Reporting, of this User Guide for specific data entry instructions.

9.3.1 Batch Formation and Naming

The U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement requires inventories to be reported at the batch level of detail. The nuclear material may be in bulk-form or contained in a number of separate items. Typical batches for inventory reporting are given in facility attachments or transitional facility attachments.

In general, all of the data for one batch should be entered on one line of DOE/NRC F 742C. Material in a single batch should have the same value for all of the following data elements:

1) Type of Inventory Change
2) Batch name
3) Number of items
4) Composition/facility code
5) Key measurement point (required only for facilities under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement)
6) Measurement identification code, i.e., measurement basis, other measurement point, and measurement method (required only for facilities under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement).

If a batch has more than one value for any other data element, the data should be listed on two or more lines, with all data elements completed for each line, even if this requires that some batch data be repeated.

A typical case where two lines would be required for the data on one batch would be a batch of irradiated fuel containing both uranium and plutonium. In this case, one line would be used for the uranium data, and a second for the plutonium data. The two lines should have identical entries for all data elements except for project number (if applicable), MT code, element weight, weight percent isotope, and isotope weight.
Section 10 Nuclear Material Reporting – Concise Note

10.1 Conditions for Concise Note Submissions

Facilities are to submit a Concise Note under the following circumstances:

1) Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol are required to submit Concise Notes to accompany submission of transaction, material balance and physical inventory data, as appropriate, for conveying explanatory information to the IAEA.

2) Facilities engaged in the import and/or export of nuclear materials that for any reason cannot use the same batch name as the shipper or if the shipper fails to supply a batch name, the importer should supply his own batch names and attach a Concise Note to that effect.

3) If the shipper fails to supply its IAEA facility code or the IAEA MT code, a Concise Note should be prepared stating that the data was not supplied.

4) Facility attachments or transitional facility attachments for selected facilities may specify circumstances under which Concise Notes are required to be submitted to the IAEA accompanying other reports. Such Concise Notes are used to convey to the Foreign State the required data items associated with reported accounting data.

10.2 DOE/NRC Concise Note Form F 740M Instructions

BLOCK 1, NAME AND ADDRESS. Leave blank.

BLOCK 2, ATTACHMENT TO:. Place a check mark or an X in the appropriate box to indicate whether this explanatory information should be attached to a DOE/NRC F 741, Transaction Report, F 742, Material Balance Report or F 742 C, Physical Inventory Listing.

BLOCK 3, RIS. Enter the RIS for your facility to which the explanatory information in this report applies.

BLOCK 4, REPORTING PERIOD. Complete this block if 2b was checked, indicating that this concise note is attached to a DOE/NRC F 742. Enter the beginning and ending dates of the reporting period as shown on DOE/NRC F 742.

BLOCK 5, TRANSACTION DATA. Complete this block only if box 2a was checked, indicating that this F 740M is attached to a DOE/NRC F 741. All entries in this block should be identified to those on the DOE/NRC F 741. Fill in the blocks as follows.

BLOCK 5a, SHIPPER’S RIS. Enter shipper’s RIS.

BLOCK 5b, RECEIVER’S RIS. Enter receiver’s RIS.

BLOCK 5c, TRANSACTION NUMBER. Enter the unique transaction number.

BLOCK 5d, CORRECTION NUMBER. Used when DOE/NRC F 741 is a correction to a previous report.
**BLOCK 5e, PC (Processing Code).** Enter the same code as was used on DOE/NRC F 741.

**BLOCK 5f, AC (Action Code).** If a DOE/NRC F 740M is attached, enter the same action code as in block 6 of the DOE/NRC F 741. Otherwise, enter action code M.

**BLOCK 6, REPORTING DATE.** Complete this block if box 2a or 2c was checked. Copy the date shown on DOE/NRC F 741 or 742C.

**BLOCK 7.** The actual explanatory data and the other data necessary to link the explanatory data to the parts of the report to which they apply. Complete this block as follows:

**BLOCK 7a, LINE NO.** Enter the consecutive number beginning with one (01) for each explanatory reference.

**BLOCK 7b, ENTRY REFERENCE.**

1) If the explanatory information entered on this line of the DOE/NRC F 740M applies to the entire DOE/NRC F 741, 742, or 742C, enter the words, “Whole Report.”

2) If the explanation applies to the data on a specific batch on a DOE/NRC F 741 or 742C, copy the batch name exactly as it appears on DOE/NRC F 741 or 742C.

3) If the explanation applies to a specific material balance category on a DOE/NRC F 742, enter the two-digit number of the material balance category.

4) If the explanation applies to material balance categories 11, 30, 42, 43, or 51, enter the RIS shown on that line of the DOE/NRC F 742.

5) If the explanation applies to categories 22 or 71, enter the two-character type of inventory change as shown on that line of the DOE/NRC F 742.

6) If DOE/NRC F 740M action code is M, enter “General.”

**BLOCK 7c, TEXT OF CONCISE NOTE.** Enter any 43 characters, letters, numbers, or special characters per line. Up to 99 lines of text may be used for any one explanation.

**BLOCK 8, SIGNATURE.** An authorized representative of the facility will sign the DOE/NRC F 740M.

**BLOCK 9, TITLE.** Enter the title of the person signing the form.

**BLOCK 10, DATE.** Enter the date the form was signed.

### 10.3 Distribution

The Concise Note should be submitted at the same time as the submission of the data to which the Concise Note refers. If associated with a DOE/NRC F 741, 742, and/or 742C, copies of DOE/NRC F 740M should be attached as applicable. Under certain circumstances, a DOE/NRC F 740M can be submitted as a standalone document (e.g., to comply with IAEA reporting requirements).
Section 11 Material Balance Reporting

Section 11 of this User Guide provides instructions for the preparation and distribution of DOE/NRC F 742, Material Balance Report, or its electronic equivalent. Currently, only facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA safeguards agreement or protocol and NRC and agreement-state licensees holding DOE-owned materials, are required to submit MBRs to NMMSS. Other DOE/NNSA facilities are not required to submit MBRs. Instead, their materials balances are reconciled with the NMMSS A-200 Report and other NMMSS reports as requested.

Section 9.2, Material Balance Reporting, of this User Guide, contains special MBR instructions for facilities that have been selected under the terms of either the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement or Protocol. The calculations for, and preparation of, the MBR to be provided to the IAEA should be performed by NMMSS. Before the report is dispatched to the IAEA, NMMSS should provide a copy to the facility concerned to ensure that the data is correct.

A MBR must be prepared either by the NMMSS staff or by the facility. A facility may place a standing request with NMMSS to have an NMMSS-generated MBR, DOE/NRC F 742, provided to the facility in lieu of submission of reports. In such cases, the facility that receives the NMMSS-generated report must reconcile the facility’s balances to NMMSS. Reconciling transactions must be submitted if NMMSS balances are to be changed.

11.1 Submission Requirements for MBRs

MBRs must be submitted either:

1) Annually, for all facilities and additionally as directed by the DOE/NNSA; or NRC.

2) As specified in facility attachments or transitional facility attachments for DOE/NNSA facilities selected under the provisions of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

11.2 Nuclear Material in Transit

Nuclear material in transit at the end of a reporting period should be included in the receiver’s reported inventory as if it had reached the intended receiver within the reporting period (in transit rule).

11.3 Radioactive Decay

Radioactive decay should be reported on MBRs on an annual basis when the decay has reached reportable quantities or at a more frequent reporting interval if required by DOE/NNSA or NRC.

11.4 Reporting Units

1) Quantities should be reported by element and isotope weight in metric units. Refer to Section 2.6 of this User Guide, and Table 11-1 below, if necessary.

2) Enter the element weight, i.e., total weight of all isotopes contained in the element being reported in column A.

3) Enter the isotope weight, i.e., weight of the isotopes for the element being reported in column B.
4) Convert volume measurements that have been made or records that are kept in volume units to the reporting unit for the MT.

5) If the degree of precision to which facility records are kept is greater than that required for reporting purposes, use the rounding procedures defined in Section 2.3.3 of this User Guide.

### Table 11–1. Material Type (MT) Codes Used For Specific Circumstances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Material</th>
<th>Material Type (MT) Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Losses – Weapons and Nonweapons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(See 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) Material)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Losses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(See 42 U.S.C. §2121(c) Material)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scrap Data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 0.711% to &lt; 10.00%</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00% and above</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total – Inventory Data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium-242</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 11.5 DOE/NRC F 742 Instructions

Data submitted on paper should be reported as follows.

**BLOCK 1, NAME AND ADDRESS.** Enter the name and address of the facility.

**BLOCK 2, LICENSE NUMBER(S).** Enter the appropriate possession license numbers if the reporting facility is a licensed contractor.

**BLOCK 3, REPORTING IDENTIFICATION SYMBOL (RIS).** Enter the RIS under which the material being reported is or was held. Submit a separate DOE/NRC F 742 for each RIS.
BLOCK 4, REPORT PERIOD (MM/DD/YYYY). Enter inclusive dates (MM/DD/YYYY).

BLOCK 5, MATERIAL TYPE (Submit separate report for each type). Enter the type of nuclear material. See Section 2.3.1 of this User Guide. (NOTE: Submit a separate report for each MT.)

SECTION A MATERIAL ACCOUNTABILITY

PC (Process Code). Enter C or D. See Section 2.8 of this User Guide.

SEQ (Sequence). Enter a number (01–99).

LINE 8, BEGINNING INVENTORY -- U.S. GOVT-OWNED. Enter inventory of DOE-owned material as of the opening of business on the first day of the report period covered by the DOE/NRC F 742. These figures should not differ from Line 80 of the DOE/NRC F 742 submitted at the close of the preceding report period. This is only applicable to NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material, and is not applicable to DOE/NNSA facilities.

LINE 9, BEGINNING INVENTORY -- NOT U.S. GOVT-OWNED. Enter inventory of non-DOE-owned material as of the opening of business on the first day of the report period covered by the DOE/NRC F 742. These figures should not differ from line 81 of the DOE/NRC F 742 submitted at the close of the preceding report periods.

LINE 11, PROCUREMENT FROM DOE. Enter quantities of material purchased from DOE/NNSA during the report period. Quantities entered on Line 11 should not be entered on Line 30.

LINE 13, PROCUREMENT -- FOR THE ACCOUNT OF DOE. Enter quantities of material procured from domestic and foreign sources that increase the assets of DOE/NNSA. Returns of DOE-owned leased material from licensees and foreign entities should be entered on Line 30. The following are examples of procurement to be reported on Line 13.

1) Material acquired under the terms of an international agreement for cooperation with foreign entity.

2) Material previously sold by DOE/NNSA to a licensee or foreign entity and then repurchased by DOE/NNSA.

3) Material procured from private owners.

LINE 14, DOD RETURNS -- USE A. (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of material contained in returns of training material issued to DoD under Presidential directive.

LINE 15, DOD RETURNS -- USE B. (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of material contained in returns of training material issued to DoD under Presidential directive.

LINE 16, DOD RETURNS -- OTHER USES. Enter quantities of material in returns of reactor cores, fission chambers, and other material issued to DoD under Presidential directive for
use in military non-weapons programs (e.g., nuclear research and development, propulsion, or electric power generation programs).

LINE 21, PRODUCTION. Enter quantities of material obtained through transmutation.

1) For production reactors, production should be reported in the period during which transmutation takes place in the reactor.

2) For reactors other than production reactors, production should be reported no less often than upon discharge from the reactor. If the operation of the reactor for the year-long period October 1 through September 30, results in nuclear production of five kilograms or more of enriched uranium or plutonium, production must be reported on DOE/NRC F 742 as of September 30, and no less often than annually.

3) Differences between reactor calculations and dissolution measurements should be reported on line 21. Production of insignificant quantities of material (quantity is less than one-half of the reporting unit for a specific material type), as in a materials testing reactor, need not be reported unless the material is to be recovered or a reporting requirement is imposed by the DOE cognizant security authority.

LINE 22, FROM OTHER MATERIALS. Enter receipts from other material balances because of intentional blending or crossovers. Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.2 of this User Guide, for additional requirements. Examples of receipts to be reported on Line 22 are given below.

1) In a production reactor, normal uranium should become depleted uranium during operation of the reactor. Line 22 on the depleted uranium MBR for the facility operating the reactor should indicate receipts from the normal uranium balance. Correspondingly, Line 71 on the normal uranium MBR for the facility should reflect removals to the depleted uranium balance.

2) The blending of depleted and enriched uranium in the proper proportions should result in normal uranium. Line 22 on the normal uranium MBR should indicate receipts from the depleted and enriched uranium balances. Correspondingly, Line 71 on the depleted and enriched uranium MBRs should reflect removals to the normal uranium balance.

LINE 30, RECEIPTS REPORTED TO DOE/NRC ON DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere). Enter, by transfer series, all receipts for the report period not entered on Lines 1–16, 34, 37, 38, and 39. If more space is needed than is provided on DOE/NRC F 742, prepare a sub-schedule entitled “Receipts Reported to DOE/NRC on DOE/NRC F 741 (not listed elsewhere).” Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.2 of this User Guide, for additional requirements.

LINE 34, RECEIPTS -- MISC. Enter quantities of material received in two-party transactions where only receiver’s data are reported. Examples include receipts of material (not reported elsewhere) from facilities that have not been assigned a RIS, and receipts from licensees that are not required to document or report transactions.

LINE 37, PROCUREMENT BY OTHERS. Enter quantities of material purchased by the facility for its own account from in situ material, which it had been holding under lease
from the DOE/NNSA, or, material that the facility is processing for a non-DOE/NNSA facility against a non-DOE/NNSA purchase order.

**LINE 38, DONATED MATERIAL -- FROM U.S. GOVT TO OTHERS.** Enter quantities of material donated, i.e., change in ownership without transfer of funds, which increase the reporting facility’s non-DOE-owned inventory and decrease the assets of DOE Government.

**LINE 39, Donated Material -- From Others to the U.S. Govt.** Enter quantities of material donated, i.e., change in ownership without transfer of funds, which increase the assets of DOE and decreases the reporting facility’s non-DOE-owned inventory.

**LINE 40, Total (lines 8-39).** Enter the total of lines 8-39.

**LINE 41, Expended in Space Programs.** Enter quantities of material transferred for use in a space vehicle (e.g., for propulsion or nuclear auxiliary power system). The reporting facility should provide the DOE/NNSA site or field office or the program office the following details with respect to ultimate disposition of the material.

1) Date vehicle was launched into space or placed into orbit, or if vehicle misfired or failed to orbit, losses of material associated therewith (if attempts at recovery have been made and there is some recovery, only material not recovered should be reported on Line 41).

2) Project name.

3) Launch site.

4) Any other pertinent information.

**LINE 42, Sales to U.S. Govt RIS to:** Enter quantities of material sold during the reporting period. Quantities entered on Line 42 should not be entered on Line 51.

**LINE 43, Sales to Others for the Account of U.S. Government.** Enter quantities of DOE-owned material sold to other Government agencies, licensees, and foreign entities.

**LINE 44, DoD — Use A.** (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of material contained in returns of training material issued to DoD under Presidential directive.

**LINE 45, DoD — Use B.** (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of material contained in returns of training material issued to DoD under Presidential directive.

**LINE 46, DoD — Other Uses.** Enter quantities of material in shipments of reactor cores, fission chambers, and other material to DoD under Presidential directive for use in military non-weapons programs (e.g., nuclear research and development, propulsion, or electric power generation programs).
LINE 47, Expended in U.S. Government Tests. (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of material expended in U.S. tests authorized by the President.

LINE 48, Routine Tests. (Not applicable for facilities currently required to submit MBRs.) Enter quantities of source material expended in routine testing associated with weapons-related research and development activities. The use of line 48 for the reporting of other than source material requires prior approval by the DOE/NNSA line management.

LINE 49, Shipper -- Receiver Difference. Leave blank.

LINE 51, Shipments Reported to NRC/DOE on NRC/DOE 741 (not listed elsewhere). Enter, by transfer series, all shipments for the reporting period not entered on Lines 42–46, 54, 58, and 59. If more space is needed than is provided on DOE/NRC F 742, prepare a sub schedule entitled “Shipments Reported to NRC/DOE on NRC/DOE 741 (not listed elsewhere).” Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.2 of this User Guide, for additional requirements.

LINE 54, Shipments -- Misc. Enter quantities of material shipped in two-party transactions where only shipper’s data are reported. Examples include shipments (not reported elsewhere) to facilities that have not been assigned a RIS, and shipments to licensees that are not required to document or report transactions.

LINE 58, Donated Material -- to U.S. Govt by Others. Enter quantities of material donated, i.e., change in ownership without transfer of funds, which decrease the reporting facility’s non-DOE-owned inventory and increase the assets of DOE.

LINE 59, Donated Material -- to Others by the U.S. Govt. Enter quantities of material donated which decrease the assets of DOE and increase the reporting facility’s non-DOE-owned inventory.

LINE 65, Rounding Adjustment. Enter any rounding adjustment (bias) quantity that is technically supportable.

LINE 71, Degradation to Other Materials. Enter removals to other material balances because of intentional blending degradation, or crossovers. Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.2 of this User Guide, for additional requirements. Examples of removals to be reported are given below.

1) In a production reactor, normal uranium should become depleted uranium during operation of the reactor. Line 71 on the normal uranium MBR for the facility operating the reactor should indicate removals to the depleted uranium balance. Correspondingly, line 22 on the depleted uranium MBR for the facility should reflect receipts from the normal uranium balance.

2) The blending of depleted and enriched uranium in the proper proportions should result in normal uranium. Line 71 on the depleted and enriched uranium MBRs should indicate removals to the normal uranium balance. Correspondingly, Line 22 on the normal uranium MBR should reflect receipts from the depleted and enriched uranium balances.
LINE 72, Decay.  Apply the appropriate decay factor as indicated in Section 2.10, Radioactive Decay, of this User Guide, and enter the calculated radioactive decay.

LINE 73, Fission and Transmutation.  Enter quantities of material consumed because of exposure in a device.

1) For DOE production reactors, material consumed should be reported on a current basis, i.e., as transmutation and burn-up take place in the reactor.

2) For reactors other than production reactors, material consumed should be reported no less often than upon discharge from the reactor.  If the operation of the reactor for the year long period October 1-September 30 results in a nuclear loss of five kilograms or more of enriched uranium or plutonium, the quantity of material consumed must be reported as of September 30 and no less often than annually.

3) Differences between reactor-calculated quantities of material consumed and the quantities measured after dissolution should be reported.

LINE 74, Normal Operational Losses/Measured Discards.  Enter known quantities of material, determined by measurement or by estimate based on measurement, which have been intentionally removed from inventory and disposed of by approved methods. NOLs/Measured discards result when known quantities of nuclear material are separated from a process or operation as waste during processing and are determined to be uneconomical to recover. Facilities selected under the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement should see Section 9.2 of this User Guide, for additional requirements. Examples of quantities to be reported on Line 74 of DOE/NRC F 742 are:

1) discards to cribs, tanks, settling ponds, or waste management sites; and
2) discards in contaminated equipment, laundry, or shoe covers.

LINE 75, Accidental Losses.  Enter known quantities of material, determined by measurement or by estimate based on measurement to have been inadvertently lost because of an operational accident.

LINE 76, Approved Write-offs.  Enter known quantities of “good” materials that, with prior approval by DOE/NNSA line management, have been removed from inventory records. Approved write-offs are usually restricted to “good” material that has been used in such a manner as to lose its identity and for which nuclear material accountability is deemed no longer necessary. If material that was previously removed as a write-off is returned to active inventory, enter a negative quantity to reestablish nuclear material accountability.

LINE 77, Inventory Difference.  Enter the algebraic difference between the physical inventory and its corresponding book inventory after determining that all known additions and removals have been reflected in the book inventory. Inventory difference may be either a positive or a negative quantity. A gain of material is reflected by a negative inventory difference, and should be indicated by a negative (minus) sign.

LINE 80, Ending Inventory -- U.S. Govt Owned.  Enter the inventory as of the close of business of the last day of the reporting period. If a physical inventory is to be used as the basis for ending inventory reported on Lines 80 and 81, the physical inventory must be adjusted for all additions and removals occurring between the time of the physical
inventory and the close of the report period. The ending inventory entered on Lines 80 and 81 should agree with the respective totals for the MT submitted on DOE/NRC F 742C.

**LINE 81, Ending Inventory — Not U.S. Govt Owned.** Enter, as appropriate, the inventory as of the close of business of the last day of the reporting period.

**LINE 82, Total (Lines 41-81).** Enter total of lines 41–81. The total reported on line 82 should agree with the total reported on line 40.

**LINE 83, Bias Adjustment.** Not required for DOE contractors; NRC-licensees report as required by NRC regulations.

**SECTION B FOREIGN OBLIGATIONS**

The total quantity of obligated nuclear material on hand as of the date of the report (quantity on Line 80 or 81 or the sum of Lines 80 and 81) should be accounted for by MT, but may not exceed physical inventory. The following entries, by column, are required.

**PC (Process Code).** Enter C or D. See Section 2 of this User Guide.

**SEQ (Sequence).** No longer used.

**BLOCK 1: Country of Obligation.** Enter the two-character material balance code from Table 8-1, Foreign Obligations Codes Table, of this User Guide. The most current version of the Foreign Obligations Codes can be found at [www.nnsa.doe.gov/nmmss](http://www.nnsa.doe.gov/nmmss).

**BLOCK 2: Element Weight.** Enter the element weight of the quantity obligated from Table 8-2, Material Type (MT) Codes, IAEA Element Codes, and Quantities for Source and SNM-Obligations Tracking; in Section 8 of this User Guide.

**BLOCK 3, Isotope Weight.** (Only for uranium enriched in U-235 and or U-233.) Enter the isotope weight of the quantity obligated to the nearest gram.

**BLOCK 4, Total Weight.** Enter the totals for columns 2 and 3. These totals represent the total obligated material at the facility.

**SECTION C CERTIFICATION**

DOE/NRC F 742 should be signed and dated by the reporting facility’s authorized representative.

**11.6 Distribution**

Do not send a copy of DOE/NRC F 742 data to NMMSS if arrangements have been made to receive a NMMSS generated MBR or if reporting electronically. If DOE/NRC F 742 is prepared in paper form, copies of each should be distributed to NMMSS and to other recipients, if any, in accordance with instructions provided by DOE/NNSA.
Section 12 Inventory Reporting

Section 12 provides instructions to DOE/NNSA facilities and NRC licensees holding DOE-owned material for the preparation and distribution of DOE/NRC F 742C, Physical Inventory Listing (PIL). Data may be submitted either electronically, or paper; electronically is preferred. Paper submission must be coordinated in advance with the NMSS Program.

Special instructions for facilities selected by the IAEA under the terms of the Safeguards Agreement or Protocol are provided in Section 9.3, Inventory Reporting, of this User Guide.

Inventory reports should be submitted to NMSS—

1) For September 30 or additionally if directed by DOE/NNSA line management; or

2) As specified in facility attachment or transitional facility attachments for DOE/NNSA facilities selected under the provisions of the U.S.-IAEA Safeguards Agreement.

Reports are due to NMSS no later than the 15th calendar day of the month following the due date of the inventory report.

Nuclear material in transit at the end of a reporting period should be included in the receiver’s reported inventory as if it reached the intended receiver within the reporting period (in transit rule).

12.1 Nuclear Material Composition Codes and Descriptions

Nuclear material composition codes and descriptions may be found in the Composition Code Reference Report (NMSS D-25 report) or the 2008 DOE Inventory Profile Report (NMSS I-17 report) developed by DOE/NNSA, their contractors, and NRC. The report is to be used as a guide for reporting the inventory composition code on DOE/NRC F 742C. A facility selected by the IAEA should report the IAEA material description code as appropriate.

The NMSS staff can update the Composition Code Reference Report (NMSS D-25 report). The report is divided into an inventory data section (lines 005–899) and a miscellaneous data section (lines 900–998). Each section is arranged according to process, usage, chemical, and physical form. The report is designed so that additional lines can be added as necessary to both the inventory data section and the miscellaneous data section. Any proposed changes in the format are to be reported to the NMSS Program. Contact the NMSS Staff for assistance in interpreting composition codes or determining which composition codes are available for use.

12.2 Nuclear Material Type (MT) Codes

Material type codes, descriptions, and reporting units are given in Section 2, General Information for Reporting, of this User Guide.

In addition to Section 2, for specific circumstances for inventory reporting also use the table below.
Table 12–1. Material Type (MT) Codes Used For Specific Circumstances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Material</th>
<th>Material Type (MT) Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Losses—Weapons and Nonweapons [See 42 U.S.C. §2121(b) Material]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Losses [See 42 U.S.C. §2121(c) Material]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scrap Data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 0.711% to &lt; 10.00%</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00% and above</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total—Inventory Data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Depleted in U-235</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-235</td>
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<td>Plutonium-242</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plutonium</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>Lithium-Enriched in Li-6</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uranium-Enriched in U-233</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.3 Reconciliation of Facility Data with NMMSS

Reconciliation of facility data is required annually of facilities after submission of inventory and by the period specified by DOE O 474.2, Change 2. The process is as follows:

1) The facility submits its inventory for the period just ended and is provided with the results of processing in NMMSS.

2) Preliminary reports are available upon request from NMMSS for facility use in comparing facility data to NMMSS balances.

3) The data at the facility and comparable data in NMMSS are compared and adjustments are made to the facility books or to NMMSS, as appropriate, regarding balances of material by type, ownership code, and project number (if DOE-owned), and foreign obligation, if applicable.
Reconciliation of facility data with NMMSS more frequently than the annual periods required above is permissible.

12.4  DOE/NRC F 742C Instructions

The instructions that follow correspond to those data fields and columns appearing on DOE/NRC F 742C. For questions with electronic reporting, contact the NMMSS staff. Whether reporting electronically or by DOE/NRC F 742C, the following instructions apply.

**BLOCK 1, Name and Address.** Enter reporting facility information.

**BLOCK 2, Reporting Identification Symbol (RIS).** Enter the RIS of the reporting facility.

**BLOCK 3, Inventory Date.** Enter the ending date on which the PIL is based.

**BLOCK 4, License Number(s).** Leave blank.

**BLOCK 5, Batch Data.**

**BLOCK 5a, Material Type.** Enter the Material Type (MT) code that reflects the material assay range (Table 2–3) unless, the material is being reported under one of the following categories.

1) Losses — Weapons and Non-weapons [42 U.S.C. §2121(b), Material]. For material reported by assay range, use the appropriate MT code from Table 12–1 of this User Guide.

2) Losses — 42 U.S.C. §2121(c) Material. For material reported by assay range, use the appropriate MT code from Table 13–1 of this User Guide.

3) Scrap Data (Lines 971–974). If reporting scrap generated onsite, recovered onsite, re-categorized onsite, or declared to the DOE/NNSA Central Scrap Management Office, use the appropriate MT code from Table 12–1 of this User Guide.

**BLOCK 5b, Comp/Fac Code.** Enter the code that identifies the physical and/or chemical form of the nuclear material at the time the transaction occurs. A complete set of composition codes, which consists of available nuclear material composition codes and descriptions, (referred to as Composition of Ending Inventory – COEI – codes), may be obtained from the NMMSS staff (NMMSS Report D-25). In addition, for each Material Type (MT), enter COEI 899–Total.

**BLOCK 5c, Element Weight.** Enter element weights as per the instructions in Section 11 of this User Guide for DOE/NRC F 742. For each Material Type (MT), enter COEI 899– Total Element Weight.

**BLOCK 5d, Isotope Weight.** Enter isotope weights as per the instructions in Section 11 for DOE/NRC F 742. For each Material Type (MT), enter COEI 899– Total Isotope Weight.

**BLOCK 5e, DOE Project No.** Make no entry unless reporting DOE/NNSA owned material.

**BLOCK 5f, Scrap Program.** Leave blank.

**BLOCK 5g, Weight Percent Isotope.** Leave blank.
BLOCK 5h, Owner Code. Enter the appropriate code from Section 2.7 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 5i, Sequence Number. Enter the line sequence numbers consecutively. Do not repeat or skip numbers.

BLOCK 5j, Batch Name. No entry required.

BLOCK 5k, No. of Items. Leave blank.

BLOCK 5l, Key Measure Point. Leave blank.


BLOCK 5n, Entry Status. Leave blank.

BLOCK 5o, MBA (Material Balance Area). Leave blank.

BLOCK 5p, Site IDC (Item Description Code). Leave blank.

BLOCK 5q, Process Code. A, C, or D. See Section 2 of this User Guide.

BLOCK 6, Totals. Enter the total inventory reported in the above categories. This total should agree with the sum of the quantities entered on Line 80 and 81 on the DOE/NRC F 742.

BLOCK 7, Signature. The report, if submitted as a hard copy, should be signed by an authorized representative of the facility.

BLOCK 8, Title. Enter the title of the person submitting the report.

BLOCK 9, Date. Enter the date the report was submitted.

12.5 Distribution

Provide the physical inventory listing to NMMSS and to others as specified by DOE/NNSA line management.
Section 13  Reporting Identification Symbol (RIS)

Each contractor and facility RIS is associated with a specific DOE/NNSA element. A RIS consists of a minimum of three alphabetic characters, and in special circumstances, a maximum of four characters. This and other information concerning instructions for RIS lettering conventions can be obtained from ONMI.

13.1 Requests for New RISs or Revision of RIS Information

DOE/NNSA line management forwards requests for new RISs or revisions of RIS information and any requests for activation, or deactivation, of a RIS accompanied with the effective date of activation, deactivation, and/or transfer, to the following address:

Pete Dessaulles, Federal Program Manager
NMMSS
Office of Nuclear Materials Integration, NA-532
Germantown Building
U.S. Department of Energy
1000 Independence Ave., SW
Washington, DC 20585-1250

13.2 Establishing a RIS

13.2.1 RIS Request

A request from the MC&A field representative, who may be either a DOE/NNSA Federal or contractor employee, is routed to the DOE/NNSA line management for review and approval. DOE/NNSA line management approves activities for which the RIS is requested.

DOE/NNSA line management sends the request to the DOE NMMSS Program Manager to establish the RIS required for DOE/NNSA approved activities.

13.2.2 RIS Justification

Justification must exist before a new RIS can be established. The following is a list of common reasons for requesting a new RIS. The facility should:

1) anticipate Departmental authorization to contain an inventory of nuclear materials within the next 12 months;

2) be involved in international shipments or receipts of nuclear materials; or

3) be storing or processing material under IAEA safeguards.

A facility that does not meet the above criteria, but believes a RIS is necessary for operations, can request a RIS by submitting proper justification and documentation to DOE/NNSA by following the procedure outlined in Section 13.1, Requests for New RISs or Revision of RIS Information, of this User Guide.
13.3 RIS Application

NMMSS staff should work with each facility to identify reports that should be submitted for each RIS.

To establish a new RIS, the Materials Control and Accountability Representative must provide the following information to be listed in the NMMSS directory.

13.3.1 Facility/RIS Information

1) Facility name
2) Date RIS issued
3) Contract number
4) Code of responsible financial organization
5) DOE/NNSA field element or site office RIS
6) Contractor type
7) Operation type
8) Telephone/FAX Numbers
   a. Classified
   b. Unclassified
9) FAX verification number
   a. Classified
   b. Unclassified
10) Additional information on facility/RIS

13.3.2 Contact Information

1) Nuclear Materials Representative (NMR)
   a. Name
   b. Telephone number
   c. E-mail address
2) Alternate NMR (NOTE: More than one alternate NMR is allowed)
   a. Name
b. Telephone number

c. E-mail address

3) Nuclear materials financial representative
   a. Name
   b. Telephone number
   c. E-mail address

4) Authorized contact for information changes
   a. Name
   b. Telephone number
   c. E-mail address

5) Any additional contact/inquiry information

13.3.3 Mailing Information

1) Addresses (including facility name and unclassified address).

2) For a classified address, use guidance from the Safeguards and Security Information Management System (SSIMS). Contact your lead security officer for the current phone number. Do not enter a classified address with this data.

3) Any additional financial and mailing information.

13.3.4 Shipping Information

1) Address (including facility name address)

2) Any additional shipping information

13.3.5 Additional Information Not Covered Elsewhere

1) Any additional information

13.3.6 Logistical Information

The following logistical information is required for RIS directory appendices and program controls. Enter “N/A” where requested data is not applicable.

1) Effective date nuclear materials should be transferred from old contractor/facility (enter old RIS) to new contractor/facility.

2) Effective date the DOE/NNSA office should assume responsibility for the new RIS.
3) Frequency of the new RIS inventory reporting.

4) Level of classification for transactions, inventory, and MBRs throughput for the new RIS and for related reporting products from NMMSS.

5) Mode of transmitting input data from the new RIS to NMMSS.

6) Cost center for new RIS’s financial activity.

7) Authorized contacts (may be different from NMR or alternate) and phone numbers.

13.4 RIS Deactivation

RIS deactivation should occur when a facility’s authorization to store/handle nuclear materials inventory is withdrawn. Before deactivation, all open transactions should be resolved and all inventory removed to a balance of zero.

The NMR of the RIS being deactivated should initiate and receive certification from the NMMSS Program that no project numbers exist for that RIS. If there are project numbers associated with the RIS that is to be deactivated, the project numbers should be cancelled or changed to reflect proper status of the material.

An assessment by the MC&A field representative should conclude the following:

1) All physical MC&A activities have been terminated.

2) All material has been shipped from the facility.

3) The balance for that RIS in NMMSS is zero (0).

4) No investigations or audits are under way concerning any aspect of MC&A.

DOE/NNSA line management sends notification of deactivation to the NMMSS Program Manager who will instruct the NMMSS Program to deactivate the RIS.

A waste facility’s RIS should not be removed except with specific approval of the responsible HQs program office through the appropriate DOE/NNSA security official and upon coordination with ONMI.

A parent RIS should not be deactivated when a sub-RIS is still active.

13.5 Revising RIS Directory Page

The following procedure must be followed to change information entered on a facility’s RIS directory page.

1) Make a copy of both sides of the page from the RIS directory for each affected RIS.

2) Draw a line through the outdated/erroneous information on the copy.

3) Immediately above the strike-out, print the new information clearly.
4) Submit the pages marked for change to the NMR, or other authorized person who should sign and date all directory pages on which changes have been recorded. Unsigned changes cannot be made.

5) Send page changes to DOE/NNSA line management for approval and forwarding to the NMMSS Program.
Appendix A  DOE NMMSS Forms

This appendix contains examples of the forms utilized for reporting to NMMSS:

- DOE/NRC FORM 740M: Concise Note
- DOE/NRC FORM 741: Nuclear Material Transaction Report
- DOE/NRC FORM 742: Material Balance Report
- DOE/NRC FORM 742C: Physical Inventory Listing
- DOE F DP–749: ADP Transcription Sheet

The following images are examples of the paper forms that can be used for data submission to the NMMSS. However, electronic submission of data is the required method unless manual submission is coordinated with the NMMSS Program. The forms are for illustrative and instructional purposes. Do not print out these forms and use them to submit data to NMMSS. The correct copies of the forms to use to submit data to the NMMSS are available for download in portable document format (PDF) from the NMMSS staff or online at the NMMSS website:

http://nnsa.energy.gov/aboutus/ourprograms/nuclearsecurity/nmmsshome/nmmssinfo/doenrcforms
## CONCISE NOTE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. NAME</th>
<th>2. ATTACHMENT TO:</th>
<th>3. RIS</th>
<th>4. REPORTING PERIOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. DOE/NRC 741</td>
<td></td>
<td>FROM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. DOE/NRC 742</td>
<td></td>
<td>TO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. DOE/NRC 742C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STREET ADDRESS</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>STATE</td>
<td>ZIP CODE</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5. TRANSACTION DATA</th>
<th>6. REPORTING DATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. SHIPPER'S NAME</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B. RECIPIENT'S NAME</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. TRANSACTION NUMBER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. COD NUMBER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. PC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F. AC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7A. LINE NO.</th>
<th>7B. ENTRY REFERENCE</th>
<th>7C. TEXT OF CONCISE NOTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given above and in any attached schedules is true, complete, and correct.

5. SIGNATURE (See Instructions [NUREG/BR-0036] for provisions regarding confidentiality)

9. TITLE

10. DATE

WARNING: FALSE STATEMENTS IN THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES. NRC REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT SUBMISSIONS TO THE NRC BE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS. 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1001 MAKES IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION TO ANY DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AS TO ANY MATTER WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION.

DOE/NRC FORM 740M (06-2014)
### SECTION A

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTABILITY

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<tr>
<th>FC</th>
<th>SEQ</th>
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<th>9. BEGINNING INVENTORY -- NOT U.S. GOVT-OWNED</th>
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#### RECEIPTS

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#### PRODUCTION

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#### RECIPIETS -- MISC

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#### REMOVALS

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#### EXPENDED IN SPACE PROGRAMS

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#### SALES TO OTHERS FOR THE ACCOUNT OF U.S. GOVT

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<th>TO</th>
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#### DOO -- USE A

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</thead>
<tbody>
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#### DOO -- USE B

<table>
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<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</tr>
</tbody>
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#### DOO -- OTHER USES

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<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</table>

#### EXPENDED IN U.S. GOVT TESTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### ROUTINE TESTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### SHIPPER -- RECEIVER DIFFERENCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FROM</th>
<th>TO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SHIPMENTS REPORTED TO NRC/DOE ON NRC/DOE FORM 4 (EXCEPT TO RIS)</th>
<th>SHIPMENTS REPORTED TO NRC/DOE ON NRC/DOE FORM 4 (EXCEPT TO RIS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FROM</td>
<td>TO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Material Balance Report (Continued)

#### Section A (Continued) - Material Accountability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PC</th>
<th>SEQ</th>
<th>A. Element Weight</th>
<th>B. Isotope Weight</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>SHIPMENTS -- MIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>DONATED MATERIAL -- TO U.S. GOVT BY OTHERS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
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<td>61</td>
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<td>63</td>
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<td>64</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>DONATED MATERIAL -- TO OTHERS BY U.S. GOVT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>71</td>
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<td>ROUNDEL ARADJUSTMENT</td>
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<td>81</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>TOTAL (Lines 41-81)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Section B - Foreign Obligations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>85</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>86</td>
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<td>87</td>
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<td>88</td>
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<td>90</td>
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<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Section C - Certification

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given above and in any attached schedules is true, complete, and correct.

Signature: ___________________________  Title: ___________________________

Date: ___________________________

**WARNING:** FALSE STATEMENTS IN THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL, AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES. NRC REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT SUBMISSIONS TO THE NRC BE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS. 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1001 MAKES IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO MAKE A WILLFULLY FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION TO ANY DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AS TO ANY MATTER WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION.
### NMMS Users Guide 2.1

#### NRC FORM 742C

**U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND**

**U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION**

**PHYSICAL INVENTORY LISTING**

**APPROVED BY OMB NO.: 3150-0058**

**EXPIRES: 08/31/2017**

1. **NAME AND ADDRESS:**
   - STREET ADDRESS

   - CITY
   - STATE
   - ZIP CODE

2. **REPORTING IDENTIFICATION SYMBOL (RIS):**

3. **INVENTORY DATE**

4. **LICENSE NUMBER(S):**

#### 5. BATCH DATA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a MATERIAL TYPE</th>
<th>b COMPLEX CODE</th>
<th>c ELEMENT WEIGHT</th>
<th>d ISOTOPE WEIGHT</th>
<th>e DOE PROJECT NO.</th>
<th>f SWEEP PROGRAM</th>
<th>g WEIGHT PERCENT ISOTOPE</th>
<th>h OTHER CODE</th>
<th>i SEQUENCE NUMBER</th>
<th>j BATCH NAME</th>
<th>k NO. OF ITEMS</th>
<th>l ACT MEASUREMENT POINT</th>
<th>m MEASUREMENT END</th>
<th>n OTHER MEAS. POINT</th>
<th>o MEAS. METHOD</th>
<th>p ENTRY EMERG.</th>
<th>q CHECKSUM</th>
<th>r SIZE (SC)</th>
<th>s PROCESS CODE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### 6. TOTALS

#### 7. SIGNATURE

8. **TITLE**

9. **DATE**

---

**WARNING:** FALSE STATEMENTS IN THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES. NRC REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT SUBMISSIONS TO THE NRC BE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS. 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1001 MAKES IT A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO MAKE A WILFULLY FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION TO ANY DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AS TO ANY MATTER WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION.

NRC FORM 742C (09-2014) To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given above and in any attached schedules is true, complete, and correct.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shipment</th>
<th>Receiver</th>
<th>Internal Transaction Number</th>
<th>Seal Sequence</th>
<th>Contract Identification</th>
<th>Action Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1545</td>
<td>12345</td>
<td>6789</td>
<td>12/01/2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2345</td>
<td>56789</td>
<td>9876</td>
<td>11/01/2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3456</td>
<td>98765</td>
<td>5432</td>
<td>10/01/2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- The sheet must be completed and submitted within 10 working days.

*Printed with soy ink on recycled paper*
Appendix B  DOE/NNSA Reporting Procedure for Normal Operational Losses/Measured Discards and Accidental Losses
## Table B–1. DOE/NNSA Reporting Procedure for Normal Operational Losses/Measured Discards and Accidental Losses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of Transactions</th>
<th>Action Code</th>
<th>Applicable to (Type of Facility)</th>
<th>Description from Viewpoint Of the Facility</th>
<th>Inventory Change Code (use code)</th>
<th>Project Number</th>
<th>Data Generated By NMMSS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shipper (S)</td>
<td>Receiver (R)</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>R</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS with H, I, L appended</td>
<td>Facility RIS with H, I, L appended</td>
<td>M (one single party entry)</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>Material written off to reflect internal changes to waste disposition areas inventory—removed from facility's inventory</td>
<td>Single entry: 65, 72, 76, 77</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility is same as Receiver</td>
<td>Facility is same as Shipper</td>
<td>M (one single party entry)</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA)</td>
<td>NOL/MD/AL not to atmosphere, or ground and not coincident with transfer to burial site—removed from facility's inventory</td>
<td>Single entry: 74, 75 or 48</td>
<td>Single entry: req. if G owner code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS</td>
<td>Facility RIS with A, G, R appended (same site as Shipper)</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1. Facility under IAEA 2. Licensed contractor 3. See note 3</td>
<td>NOL/MD/AL1 to a retained waste holding area—removed from shipper's inventory</td>
<td>74, 75 or 48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS</td>
<td>Facility RIS with H, I, L appended (same site as Shipper)</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>NOL/MD/AL1 removed from shipper's inventory coincident with the removal to a burial site</td>
<td>74, 75 or 48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS</td>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B/E</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>Transfer of material to burial site where material previously removed from shipper's inventory by M transaction—no effect to shipper's records</td>
<td>not req. (leave blank)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS with H or L appended</td>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B/E²</td>
<td>1. Facility under IAEA 2. Licensed contractor 3. See footnote</td>
<td>Transfer of material from a retained waste holding area to the burial site</td>
<td>not req. (leave blank)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS with I or G appended</td>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B/E²</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>Material previously written off as discarded to the ground now being recovered and transferred to a burial site</td>
<td>not req. (leave blank)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Types of Transactions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Code</th>
<th>Applicable to (Type of Facility)</th>
<th>Description from Viewpoint Of the Facility</th>
<th>Inventory Change Code (use code)</th>
<th>Project Number</th>
<th>Data Generated By NMMSS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>S R</td>
<td>S R</td>
<td>S R</td>
<td>S R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS with I or G appended</td>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B/E²</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>Material previously written off as discarded to the ground now being recovered and transferred to a burial site</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility RIS with H, I, L appended</td>
<td>Facility RIS (same site as Shipper)</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>B/E²</td>
<td>1. Facility under IAEA 2. Licensed contractor 3. See footnote 3</td>
<td>Transfer of material from a retained waste holding area back to facility's inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>Facility RIS</td>
<td>A²</td>
<td>B/E</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA contractor (non-IAEA) 2. Facility under IAEA 3. Licensed contractor</td>
<td>Material being retrieved from a burial site for some specific use—increases receiver's inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>Facility RIS</td>
<td>A²</td>
<td>B/E</td>
<td>1. Non-licensed DOE/NNSA Contractor (non-IAEA)</td>
<td>Material previously written off as NOL/MD/AL and transferred to a burial site—now being returned to the facility—NOL REVERSAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VVV</td>
<td>Facility RIS with A, G, I appended</td>
<td>A²</td>
<td>B/E</td>
<td>Burial site shipping is specifically identified contractor's waste disposition area</td>
<td>Material previously written off as NOL/MD/AL¹ and transferred to a burial site—now being dissipated to atmosphere or ground or transferred to an incinerator from burial site—not to be treated as NOL/MD/AL¹</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹NOL/MD/AL—Normal Operational Loss/Measured Discard/Accidental Loss
²For DOE/NNSA burial site, applicable shipper or receiver data is not reported to NMMSS
³Reporting under this method is optional for non-licensed DOE/NNSA facilities not under IAEA reporting requirements

**FAC** = DOE/NNSA contractor facility, **VVV** = Burial Site

Facility fourth character indicates a discharge to: A = atmosphere, G = ground, H = on-site waste holding area, I = toxic substance control act incinerator, L = lagoon, tank or holding pond, R = consumed in research

**NOTE:** All other data elements are the same as normal requirements.
Appendix C  Supplementary Instructions

Appendix C provides additional tables to further assist personnel in determining the information needed for nuclear material reporting.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

General. The RISs used and For/To accounts are as follows.

- **ANY**—any RIS except DoD RISs
- **CON**—any contractor RISs
- **LIC**—licensee RISs
- **FOR**—foreign RISs
- **CONV**—contractor V RISs
- **SEP** for isotopic separation facility RISs
- **DoD** for Department of Defense (DoD) RISs

Within the tables, specific numbers are shown in parentheses to highlight some of the following notes.

1. For those transaction types where there is a difference between shipper's (S) and receiver's (R) reporting requirements, an S and an R should exist in this column to reflect the differences. Only those data items that have different requirements should be separated into the S row and R row. All other common data items should exist on the row between the S and R.

2. When to licensee, shipper RIS may be ANY, receiver RIS must be LIC. When from licensee, receiver RIS may be ANY, shipper RIS must be LIC.

3. For and to accounts both contain contractor RIS when owner is G, there is no change in ownership, and shipper and /or receiver have licensee or foreign RIS. RISs identify the DOE/NNSA contractors having programmatic responsibility for the material before and after shipment.

4. DoD or mutual defense side of entry is not applicable.

5. Must contain a regular DoD RIS or a valid Q military installation RIS to reflect points of first destination for DoD receipts or pickup points for DoD returns.

6. Required only when shipper has a licensee or foreign RIS; then it should be contractor RIS.

7. Should be licensee or foreign RIS.
8. Should be licensee or foreign RIS.

9. For/to accounts cannot be equal.

10. For/to accounts should be equal.

11. Required only when receiver has a licensee or foreign RIS; then it should be contractor RIS.

12. Appropriate contractor RIS in the account if shipper's owner code is G and shipper has a licensee or foreign RIS; the field is blank otherwise.

13. Shipper or receiver RIS must be in the V series.

14. Appropriate contractor RIS in the account if receiver's owner code is G and receiver has a licensee or foreign RIS; the field is blank otherwise.

15. QZA, QZB, and QZD are restricted to material types 20, 40, 50, 70, and 83.

16. If the DOD's RIS is QZE the Type of Inventory Change code should be either 14 or 44; if the RIS is QZC the Type of Inventory Change code should be either 15 or 45; if the RIS is QZA, QZB, or QZD the Type of Inventory Change code should be either 16 or 46.
Table C–1. Instructions for Preparation of Transaction Data Items

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transaction Type</th>
<th>S/R (1)</th>
<th>TI Code</th>
<th>S RIS</th>
<th>R RIS</th>
<th>For Account</th>
<th>To Account</th>
<th>Owner Code Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. DOE-owned material; transfer between contractors</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Transfer of non-DOE/NNSA owned material</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. DOE-owned project material transfers to/from licensees (non-lease or loan)</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Initiates loan/lease of DOE-owned material</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Transfer of leased/loaned material; change in financial responsibility</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(6)</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Transfer of leased/loaned material; no change in financial responsibility</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(7,9)</td>
<td>(8,9)</td>
<td>G, J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Leased/loaned material returned to DOE/NNSA for credit</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>G, J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Sale for account of DOE/NNSA</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>G, J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Enriching service procurement (feed receipt)</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Enriching service sale (product shipment)</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Procurement of privately owned material by DOE/NNSA</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>SEP</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Donated material to others by DOE/NNSA</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>LIC, FOR</td>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>G, J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Donated material to DOE/NNSA by others</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>(Same requirement as transaction Type 8)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. In-place transactions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. In-place project transfer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Exports; shipments to foreign countries (R RISs)</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Imports; receipts from foreign countries (R RISs)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Inventory changes—removal</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(12)</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>G, J</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>19. Inventory changes—receipt</td>
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<td>ANY</td>
<td>ANY</td>
<td>(13)</td>
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<td>20. Transfers involving waste facilities (V RISs)</td>
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<td>ANY</td>
<td>(13)</td>
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<tr>
<td>21. Shipper or receiver adjustment</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

In-place transaction should change ownership. Use data requirements of applicable transaction type as a guide. Shipper and receiver must be same RIS.

Transactions are prepared in the same manner as transfers to/from licensees except reporting entity must report both sides.

Must have an entry in correction field (Block 4). Used to correct prior entries, therefore, prepare the adjusting entry using the same guidelines as the original entry for data records numbers 2 and 5, back out the original line entry in error and add the correct entry. Any of the permissible owner codes for the applicable transaction type should be accepted independently without the presence of a required owner code.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transaction Type</th>
<th>S RIS</th>
<th>R RIS</th>
<th>TI Code</th>
<th>Action Code</th>
<th>For Account</th>
<th>To Account</th>
<th>Owner Code Required</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Transfer to DoD (4, 16)</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>DoD</td>
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<td>A, C</td>
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<td>2. Transfer from DoD (4, 16)</td>
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<td>B, D, E</td>
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<td>3. Transfer from DoD (16)</td>
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<td>AAA</td>
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<td>4. Transfer from DoD (16)</td>
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<td>DoD (16)</td>
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<td>Blank</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. Transfer to Mutual Defense; Loan/Lease</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>QZG</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A, C</td>
<td>Shipper</td>
<td>Shipper</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Transfer to Mutual Defense; Return of Loaned Material</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>QZG</td>
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<td>Receiver</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Transfer to Mutual Defense; Sale</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>QZG</td>
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<td>A, C</td>
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<td>8. Transfer from Mutual Defense; Loan of Material</td>
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<td>B, D, E</td>
<td>Shipper</td>
<td>Shipper</td>
<td>J</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. Transfer from Mutual Defense; Return of Loaned/Leased Material</td>
<td>QZG</td>
<td>CON</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>B, D, E</td>
<td>Receiver</td>
<td>Receiver</td>
<td>G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Transfer from Mutual Defense; Sale to DOE/NNSA</td>
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<td>CON</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>B, D, E</td>
<td>Blank</td>
<td>Receiver</td>
<td>J</td>
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## Appendix D  Acronyms

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<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>AC</td>
<td>action code</td>
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<tr>
<td>B&amp;R</td>
<td>budget and reporting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFR</td>
<td>Code of Federal Regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COEI</td>
<td>composition of ending inventory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DoD</td>
<td>Department of Defense</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOE</td>
<td>Department of Energy</td>
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<tr>
<td>EURATOM</td>
<td>The European Atomic Energy Community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRD</td>
<td>Formerly Restricted Data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IAEA</td>
<td>International Atomic Energy Agency</td>
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<tr>
<td>MBA</td>
<td>Material Balance Area</td>
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<td>MBR</td>
<td>Material Balance Report</td>
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<tr>
<td>MC&amp;A</td>
<td>Materials Control &amp; Accountability</td>
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<td>MT</td>
<td>material type</td>
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<tr>
<td>NMMSS</td>
<td>Nuclear Materials Management Safeguards System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NMR</td>
<td>Nuclear Materials Representative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NNSA</td>
<td>National Nuclear Security Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOL</td>
<td>Normal Operational Loss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRC</td>
<td>Nuclear Regulatory Commission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NSI</td>
<td>National Security Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ONMI</td>
<td>Office of Nuclear Materials Integration (NA-73)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUO</td>
<td>Official Use Only Information</td>
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<td>PC</td>
<td>Processing Code</td>
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<td>PIL</td>
<td>Physical Inventory Listing</td>
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<td>RD</td>
<td>Restricted Data</td>
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<tr>
<td>RIS</td>
<td>Reporting Identification Symbol</td>
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<td>SAMS</td>
<td>Safeguards Management Software</td>
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<td>SEL</td>
<td>Specific Export License</td>
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<tr>
<td>SEQ</td>
<td>Sequence Number</td>
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<td>SNM</td>
<td>Special Nuclear Material</td>
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<tr>
<td>TI</td>
<td>Transaction Indicator</td>
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