INFONOMICS

THE NEW ECONOMICS OF INFORMATION

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Information is:

- ✓ Non-rivalrous
- ✓ Non-depleting
- ✓ Regenerative
- ✓ Nearly limitless
- ✓ Easily transported
- ✓ Cheaper to store
- ✓ Easier to steal
- ✓ Doesn't degrade
- ✓ More ecological
- ✓ Has no alternative

And, it's impossible to clean-up if you spill it.



Introducing Infonomics: Treating information as an actual asset

MONETIZING INFORMATION

Generating economic benefits from available information assets





MANAGING INFORMATION

Applying asset management principles and practices to information



MEASURING INFORMATION

Gauging and improving information's economic characteristics

INFORMATION AS AN ASSET MONETIZING | MANAGING | MEASURING





Generating Myriad Economic Benefits from Information

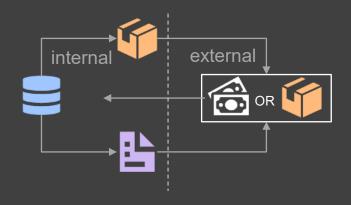


INDIRECT DATA MONETIZATION

- Improving process performance or effectiveness
- Developing new solutions
- Building and solidifying partner relationships
- Publishing branded indices



Generating Myriad Economic Benefits from Information

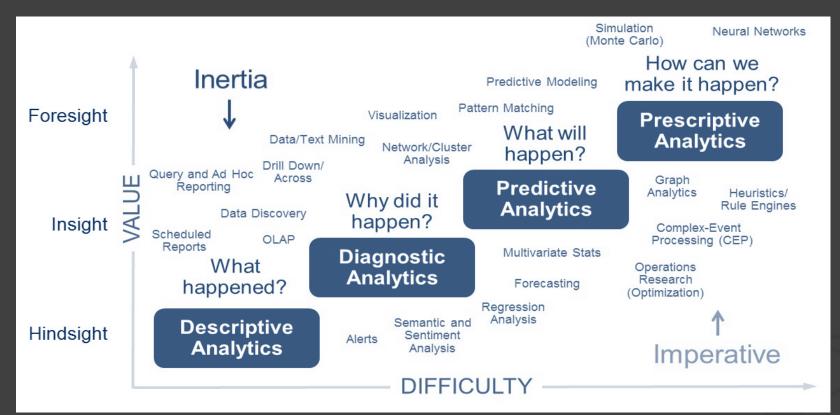


DIRECT MONETIZATION

- Bartering/trading with information
- Enhancing products or services with information
- Selling raw data through brokers or data markets
- Offering insights, analyses and reports
- "Inverted" data monetization (referrals)



Scale the Analytics Continuum



Source: Gartner



Data Monetization Examples















Social Media Project Content

Sales and Inventory Data

Citizen Data

loT

Multimedia Content

Genealogy Data Location Data



Information Valuation Models

Foundational Measures

How correct, complete and scarce is this data?

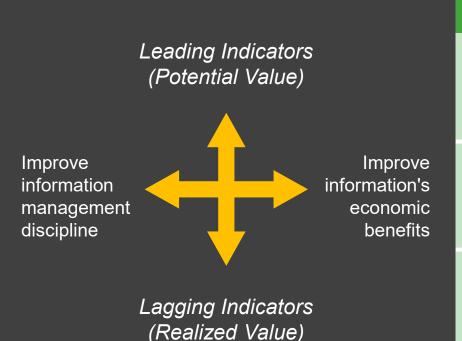
Intrinsic Value of Information (IVI)

How good and relevant is this data for specific purposes?

Business Value of Information (BVI)

How does this data affect key business drivers?

Performance Value of Information (PVI)



Financial Measures

What did it cost to collect this data, or if we were to lose it?

Cost Value of Information (CVI)

What could we get from selling or trading this data?

Market Value of Information (MVI)

How does this data contribute to revenue / expenses savings?

economic Value of Information (EVI)

Foundational Value of Information

Foundational Measures

How correct, complete and exclusive is this data?

Intrinsic Value of Information (IVI)

How good and relevant is this data for specific purposes?

Business Value of Information (BVI)

How does this data affect key business drivers?

Performance Value of Information (PVI) IVI = Validity * Completeness * (1 - Scarcity) * Life Cycle

$$BVI = \sum_{p=1}^{n} (Relevance_p) * Validity * Completeness * Timeliness$$

$$\mathbf{PVI} = \left[\left(\frac{\mathbf{KPI_i}}{\mathbf{KPI_c}} \right) - \mathbf{1} \right] * \mathsf{T/t}$$



Financial Value of Information

$$CVI = \frac{\text{ProcExp*Attrib*T}}{t} \left\{ + \sum_{p=0}^{n} \text{Lost Revenue}_{p} \right\}$$

$$MVI = \frac{Exclusive\ Price * Number\ of\ Partners}{Premium}$$

$$EVI = [Revenue_i - Revenue_c - (AcqExp + AdmExp + AppExp)] * T/t$$

Financial Measures

What would it cost us if we lost this data?

Cost Value of Information (CVI)

What could we get from selling or trading this data?

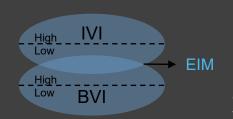
Market Value of Information (MVI)

How does this data contribute to our bottom line?

economic Value of Information (EVI)

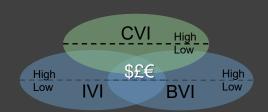


Applying the Information Valuation Models



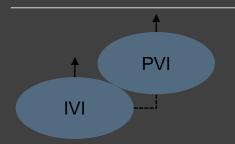
INVESTMENT:

Prioritize and fund information management initiatives for information assets with low intrinsic value and high business value.



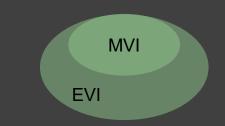
MONETIZE/ANALYTICS:

Determine the market ability of information assets, i.e., those with high quality, low cost and high external business relevancy.



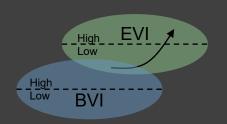
GOVERNANCE:

Gauge how improving data quality metrics (intrinsic value) affects key performance indicators.



ENHANCED VALUE:

Determine how much additional economic value can be achieved by monetizing information assets.



INNOVATION/DIGITAL: Identify information with high potential business relevance that could be driving more economic

CVI > EVI

LIFE CYCLE EXPENSE:

Dispose of information that costs more to capture and retain than its economic benefits.

Source: "Infonomics: How to Monetize, Manage, and Measure Information for Competitive Advantage"

benefits.



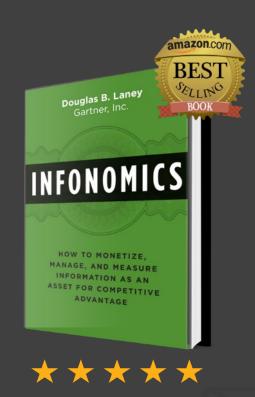
Recommendations

- ✓ Monetize your (and others!) information in a variety of ways.
- Manage your information with the same discipline as your other assets.
- ✓ Measure and improve your information's potential and realized value.
- ✓ Understand and take advantage of information's unique economic characteristics.



Elevate Your Data Strategy

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Must-Read Book of the Year.