

Integrated Planning and Supporting Analysis Requirements

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

OFFICE OF
ELECTRICITY

Key Trends Driving Need for Change

1. Resilience and reliability
2. Regulatory trends
3. Coordination needs and benefits
4. Policy/legislative interests
5. Fuel price and other cost uncertainties
6. Shifting consumer preferences / practices
7. Changes in electric industry
8. New technologies at lower costs

RESILIENCE & RELIABILITY

- metrics for valuing resilience ✓

- ensuring reliability based on changing grid mix ✓

- storm hardening requirements and other infrastructure vulnerabilities ✓

- more extreme weather events (wildfires)

- cost recovery

SHIFTING CONSUMER PREFERENCES & PRACTICES

- CEA's growing plug load from new devices (e.g. home automation, etc.)

- corporate clean energy commitments ✓

- growing interest in rooftop solar & community solar

- city- and community-level RE goals & commitments

- new customer expectations pushing utilities to offer new services

- changes in customer demand patterns

NEW TECHNOLOGIES AT LOWER COSTS

storage //

V

microgrids

CHANGES IN ELECTRIC INDUSTRY

- EMERGING 3RD PARTY DER providers ✓

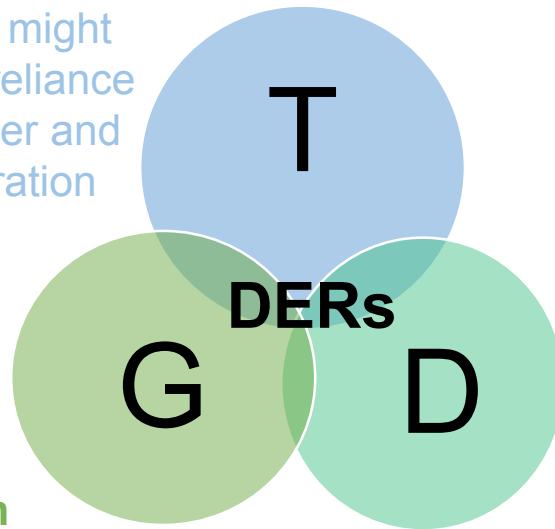
ATTENTION DEMAND

LOADS "GROWTH"

boundaries of a utility

Planning and Investment Decisions Could Help Optimize Supply and Demand

Transmission needs might be reduced with less reliance on central station power and increased DER penetration



With growth of DER, the amount and type of **central station generation** needed to balance supply and demand is evolving

Distribution system investment decisions now need to account for the quantity, location, capabilities, and load shapes of resources added to the distribution system

With greater alignment of resource and distribution planning, states & utilities could:

- Improve grid reliability and resilience
- Optimize use of distributed and existing energy resources
- Avoid unnecessary costs to ratepayers
- Support state policy priorities
- Increase the transparency of grid-related investments decisions

NARUC-NASEO Task Force on Comprehensive Electricity Planning

Announced
Nov. 2018

Purpose: Develop new pathways for aligned electricity planning

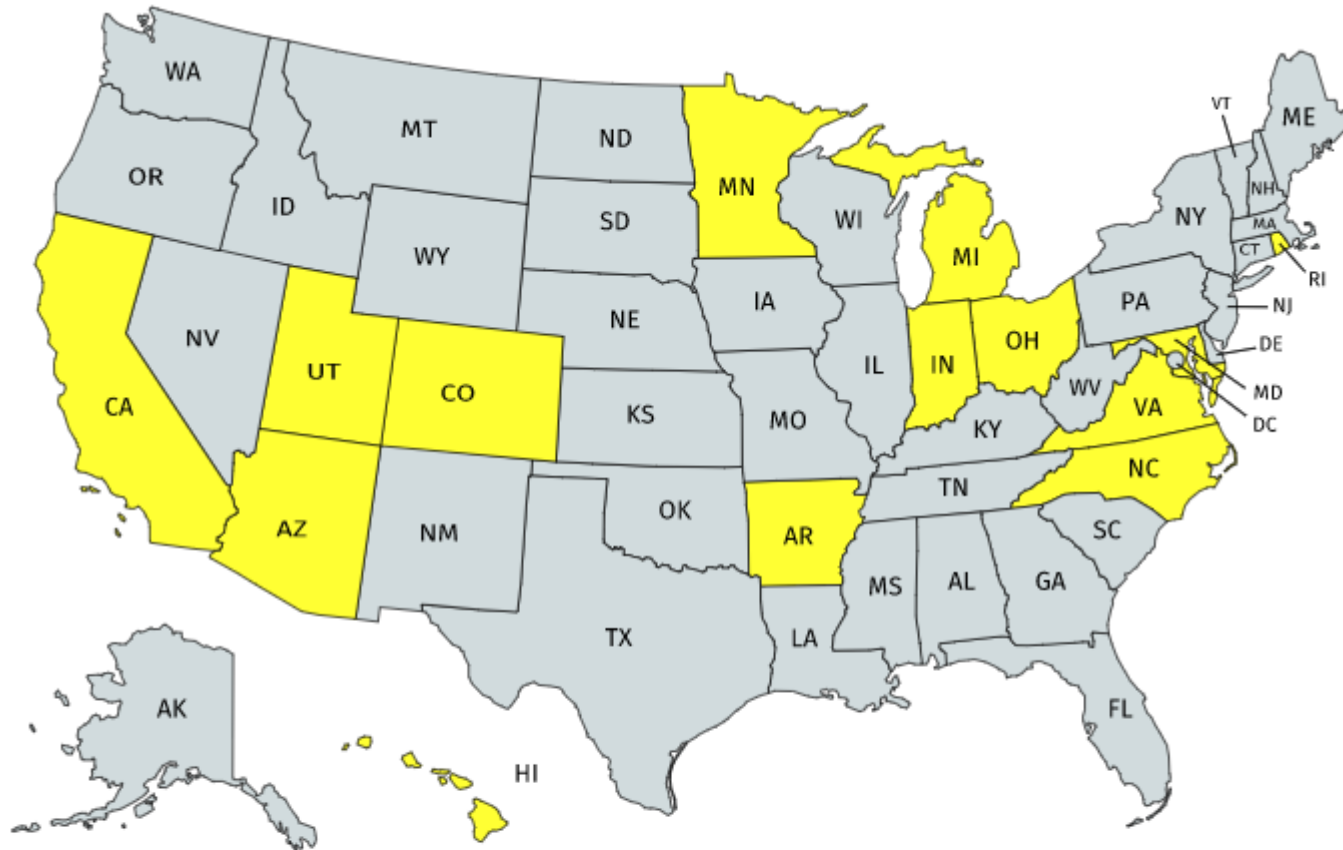
Innovation: Pioneer new tools and roadmaps for aligning planning to meet state needs

Action: Apply insights to directly benefit state action

Replication: NARUC and NASEO will publish templates and resources to support all members



15 States Represent NARUC & NASEO Members



States are Diverse and Representative:

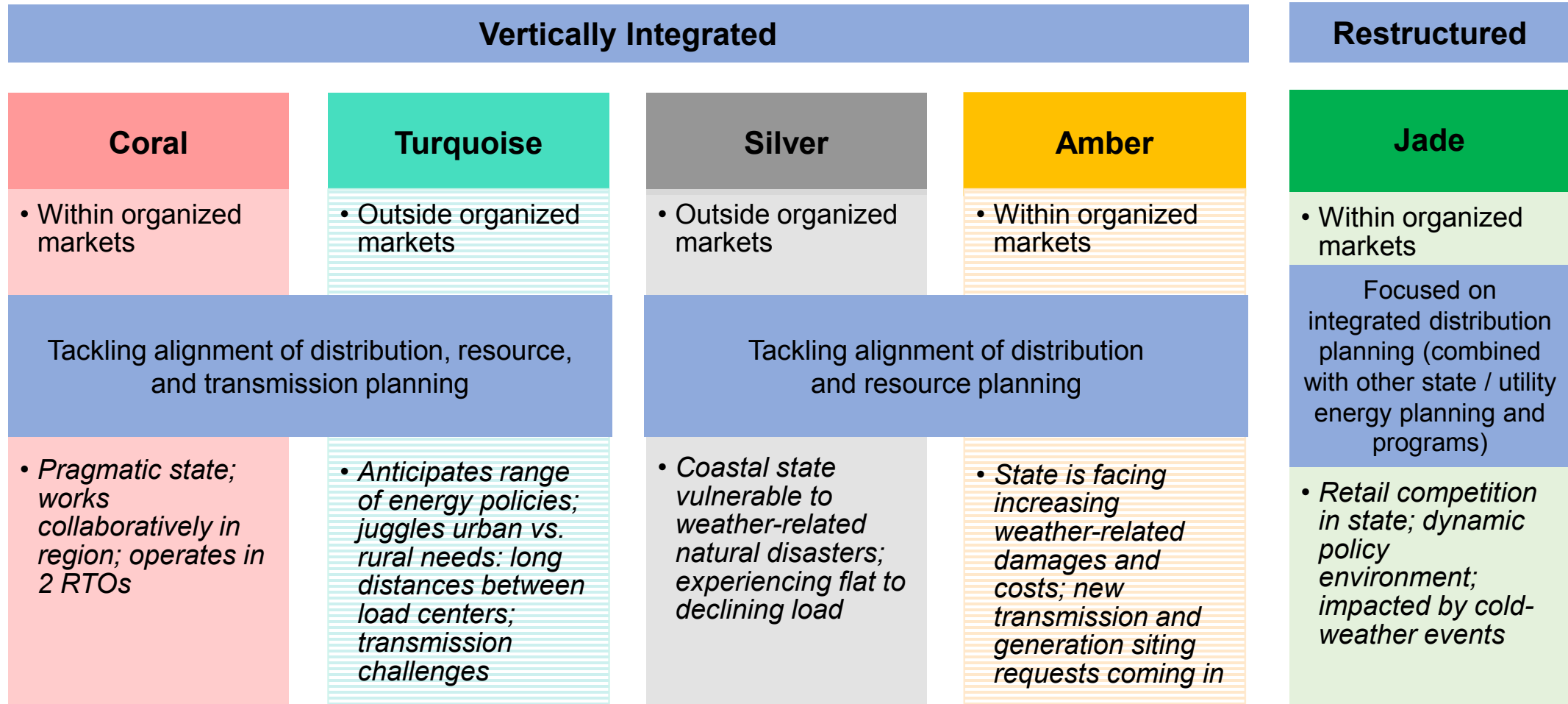
- Geography
- Market models (e.g., retail competition, wholesale market)
- Planning approaches (e.g., state energy office roles, distribution system planning)
- State goals (e.g., grid mod, resilience, climate, clean energy, economic development)

[Participating state profiles](#)

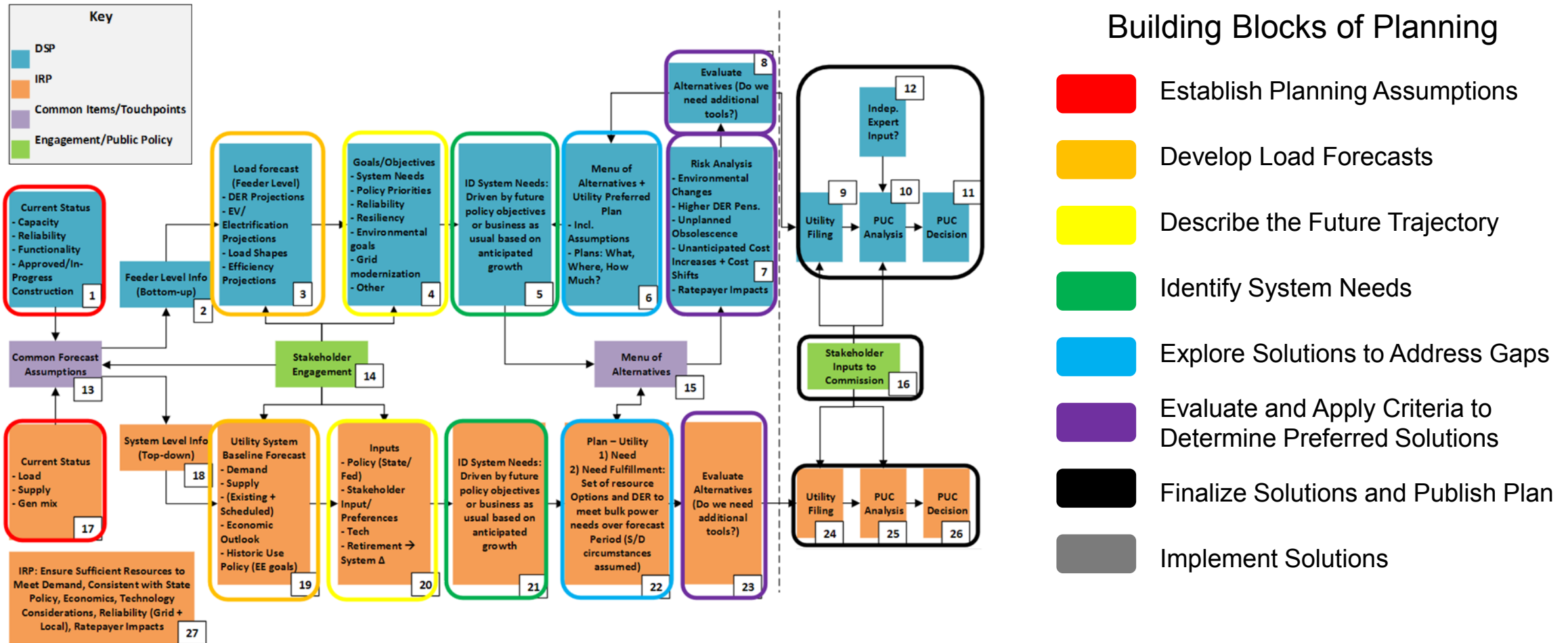
- PUC/SEO agency roles
- Electricity generation mix
- Market overview
- Key state energy policies
- Planning-related proceedings

Five State Teams (“Cohorts”)

15 states | 5 cohorts



Illustrative Example of a Cohort Process Map



Task Force Work Plan

2 years | 4 workshops

Workshop 1

Identify key trends, articulate guiding principles, map status quo planning processes, begin identifying alignment needs

April 2019

Workshop 2

Refine opportunities for planning process alignment with support from stakeholders and subject matter experts

“Process Maps”

October 2019

We are here



Workshop 3

Consider what it takes to operationalize idealized aligned planning processes

“Roadmaps”

Sept. 2020

Workshop 4

Develop State Action Plans to build on the work of the Task Force

November 2020



February 2021:
Publish Task Force materials on aligned planning

Task Force Outputs and Resources

Task Force Outputs Expected February 2021

- **Cohort Roadmaps (5)**
 - Process map and narrative description
 - Existing guidance, resources & examples
- **Blueprint for Action (1)**
 - Self-guided workbook for states 16+
 - Mirrors step-wise Task Force activities
- **State Action Plans (15)**
 - Individual state, not cohort
 - Progress toward aligned planning
 - Post-Task Force implementation



NARUC
National Association of Regulatory
Utility Commissioners

www.naruc.org/taskforce/



[Task Force Home](#)

[Background](#)

[Leadership](#)

[Participating States](#)

[Resources](#)

[Media](#)

Task Force on Comprehensive Electricity Planning

The National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC) and the National Association of State Energy Officials (NASEO) will provide a forum for the development of state-led pathways toward a more resilient, efficient, and affordable grid.

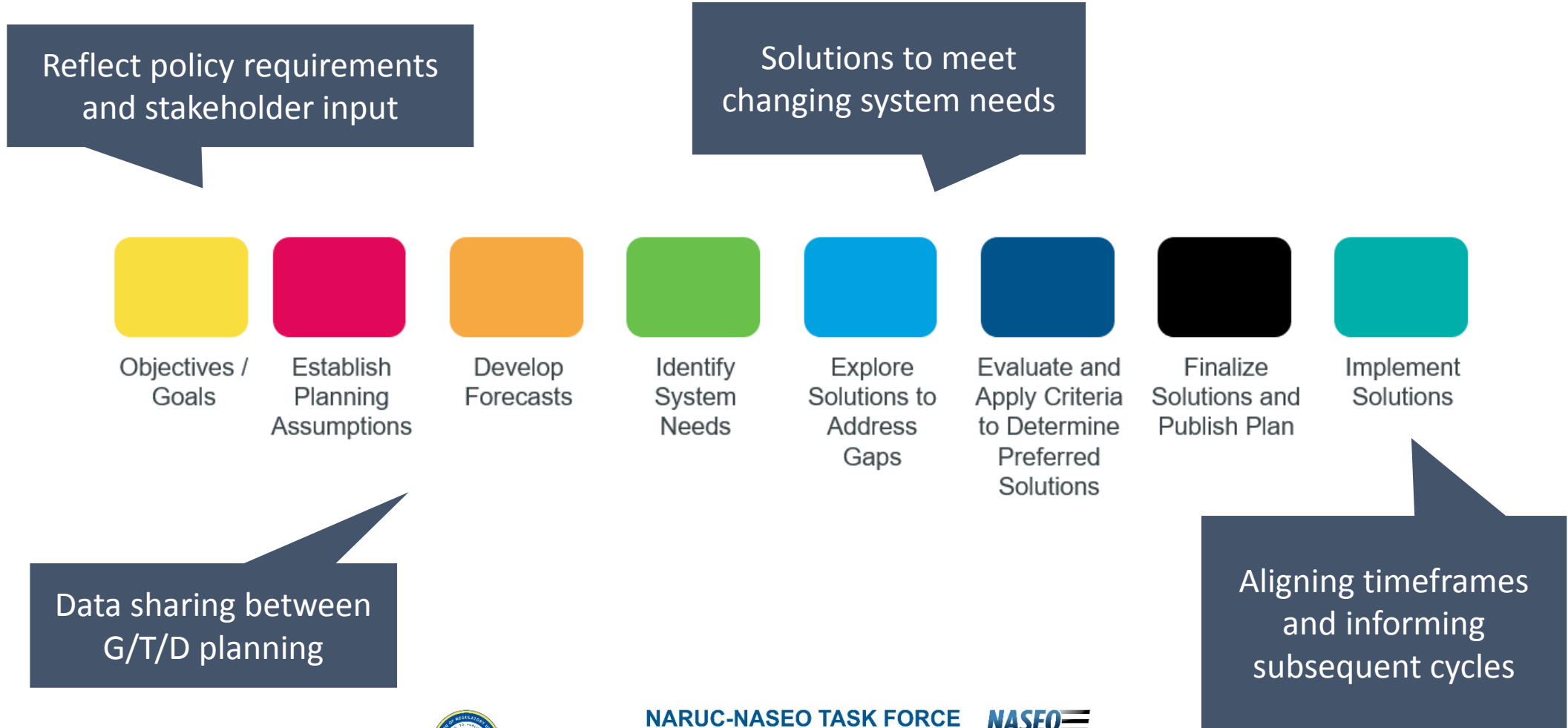
Electricity Planning for a 21st Century Power Grid

Emerging technologies, decreasing costs, consumer preferences, new energy service providers, and state and local efforts are driving significant growth in distributed energy resources (DERs) such as solar, storage, energy efficiency, demand management, and microgrids. These investments increasingly require regulatory and policy innovation and a greater emphasis on planning to overcome system complexities and avoid unnecessary costs associated with operating the grid.

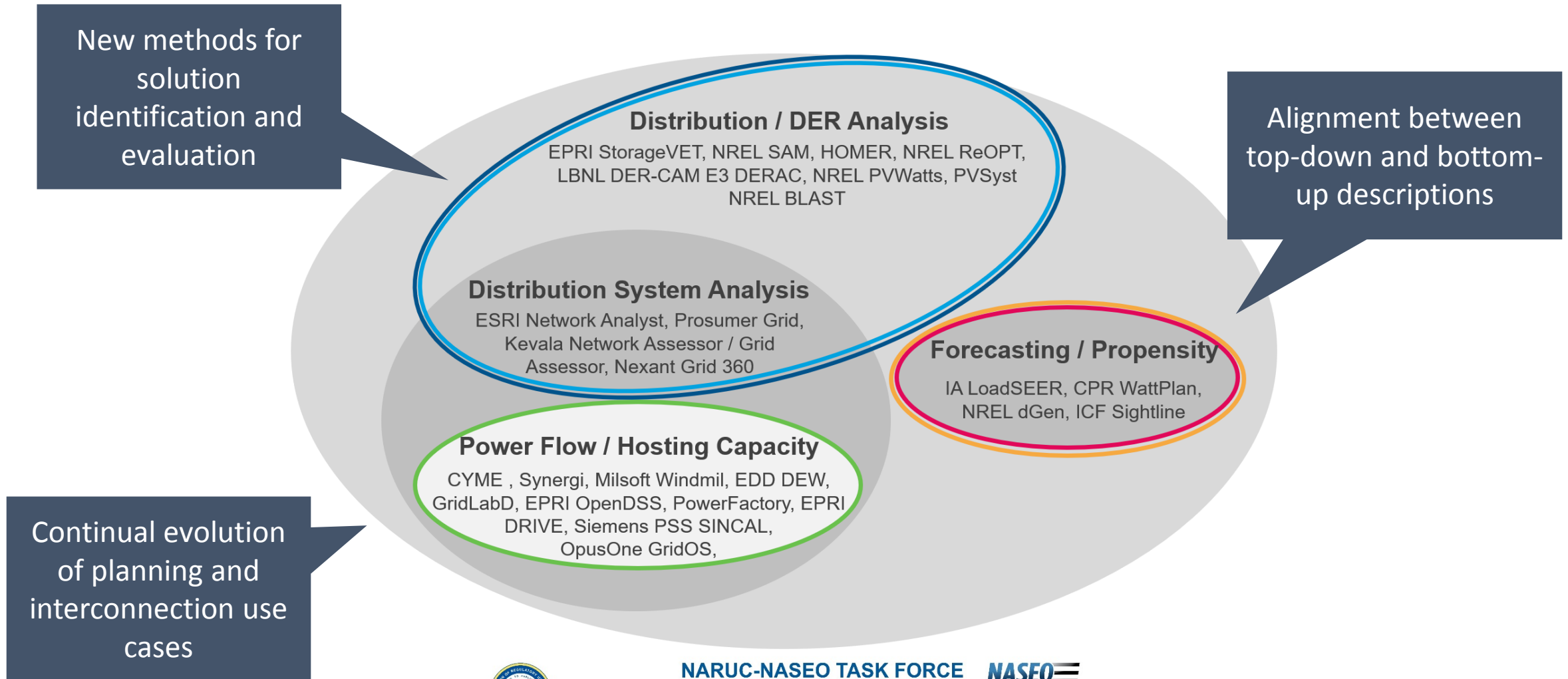
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Alignment Across Building Blocks



Evolution of Planning Tools

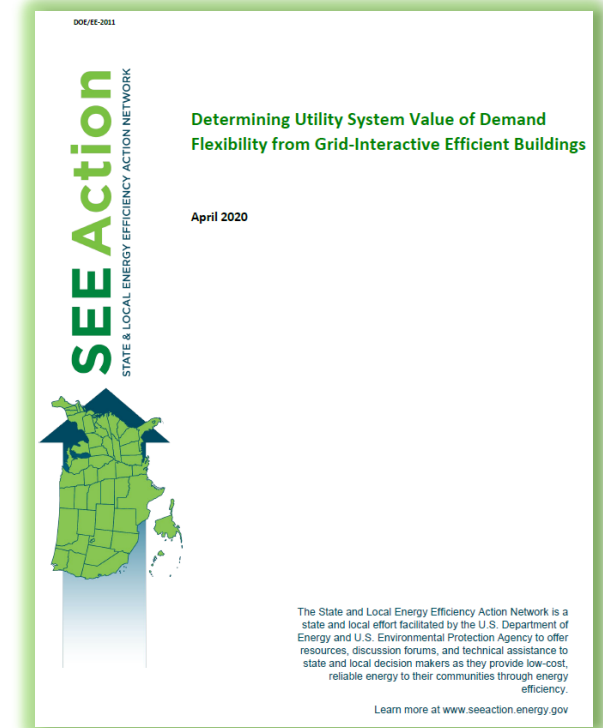


Technical Assistance to States on Economic Valuation of Energy Resources



Enhanced Valuation Methods – Seven Considerations to Account for:

1. All substantive and reasonably quantifiable electric utility system economic impacts from DERs, including the value of resilience and security
2. Variations in value based on *when* DERs provide grid services
3. Variations in value based on *where* DERs provide grid services
4. The impact of *distribution* system savings on *transmission* and *generation* system value
5. Variations in value due to interactions *between* DERs
6. Variations in value due to interactions between DERs *and other* system resources
7. Benefits across the *full expected lives* of the DERs



<https://emp.lbl.gov/publications/determining-utility-system-value>

Discussion

- Are there opportunities for new efforts to advance OE priorities that can build on the progress of the Task Force?
- What technical, administrative, and other barriers impede a more integrated, optimized approach to planning across the electricity system? How can those barriers be addressed?
- What gaps in data, information, and tools need to be filled to support success?
- Other thoughts?