

Microgrids, Energy Storage, and Resilience



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BLUE LAKE RANCHERIA

A Federally Recognized Tribal Government

Climate Disruption

- 🌐 Global climate change *amplifies* local conditions
- 🌐 Drought | High and extreme heat days
- 🌐 Wildfires and air pollution
- 🌐 Unpredictable, volatile weather, extreme storms
 - 🚫 Arcata, CA 'rain bomb' 9/2019: ~2" in 30 minutes
- 🌐 Landslides | Floods
- 🌐 Increased ocean acidification and temperatures
- 🌐 Sea Level Rise
 - 🚫 Humboldt has fastest net SLR on the Pacific Coast
 - 🚫 Impacts local power plants + nuclear waste repository



🌐 We also live 'on shaky ground'

🌐 Earthquake / tsunami risks

- 🚫 Cascadia Subduction Zone
- 🚫 Can achieve ~9.0 earthquake
- 🚫 Pacific Coast can be simultaneously impacted
- 🚫 Due to relative low local population, Humboldt may not be the first concern for responders....

🌐 <http://www2.humboldt.edu/shakyground/>

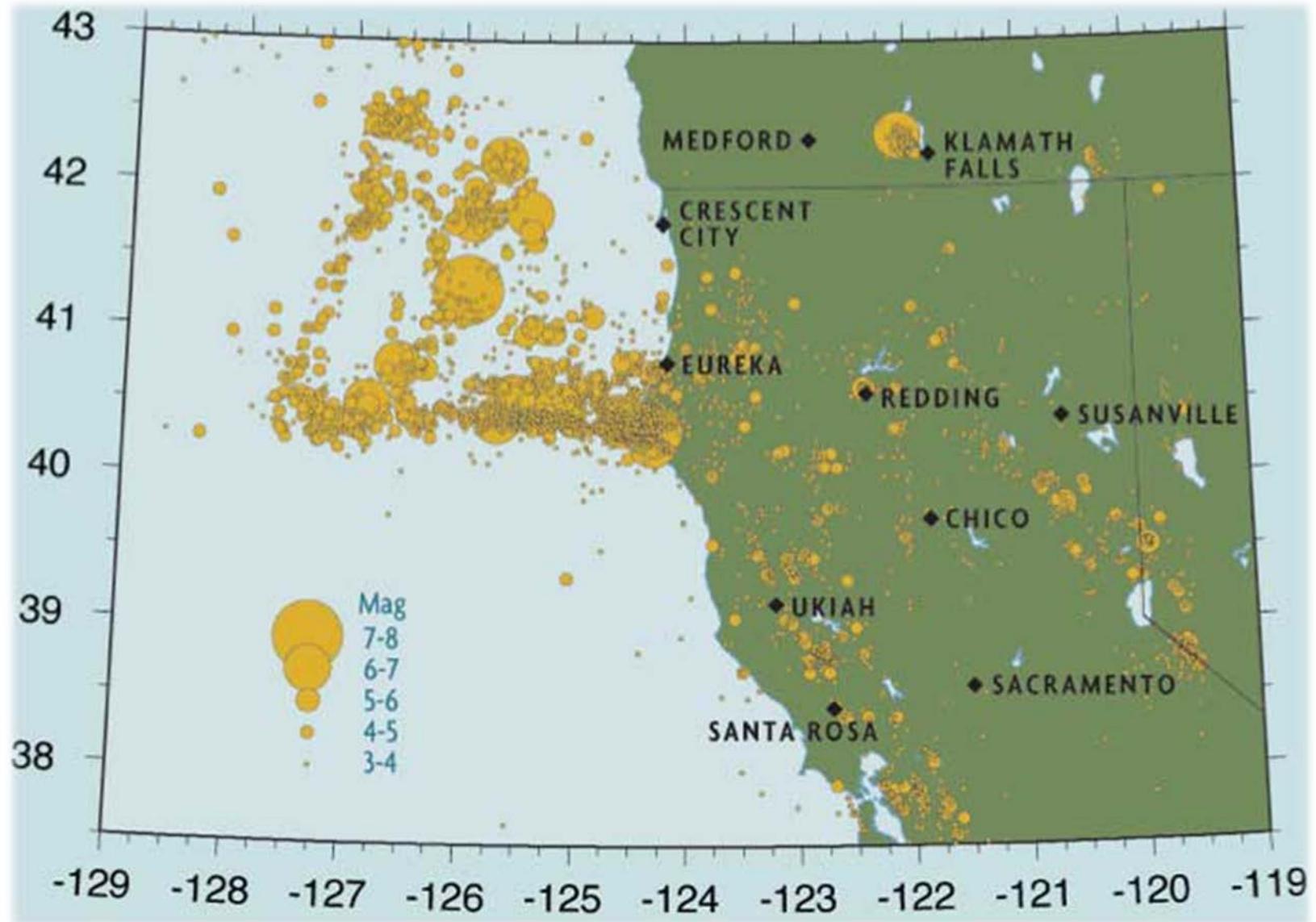


Image credit: Humboldt State University





2017
Highway 299
Credit: CalTrans

Simultaneous landslides across two of three main arterials to the region....



2017
Highway 101
Credit: CalTrans



BLR Tribal Government Resilience Strategy

🌐 “Climate-smart” infrastructure

- 🚫 Energy :: Water :: Food :: Transportation :: Communications/IT (the “lifeline sectors”)
- 🚫 Improved continuity of operations (COOP), community health, resilience
- 🚫 Economy-enabling investments; lower, predictable costs; more jobs

🌐 Zero-carbon solutions

- 🚫 Pairing climate mitigation* + adaptation** = zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2030



*mitigation = reducing climate-forcing emissions

**adaptation = dealing with impacts already here, with zero carbon solutions to avoid making the underlying climate problem worse.

Low-carbon Microgrids at Blue Lake Rancheria

- Community scale – in operation since 2017
- Facility scale – in commissioning, full operation 11/2019
- Campus scale – in design, full operation by Q4 2020, will include residences
- Three nested / clustered microgrids allows for ongoing reliability studies



Community Microgrid

- Public/private partnership
 - Blue Lake Rancheria, Schatz Energy Research Center, PG&E, Siemens, Tesla, CEC, CPUC, Idaho National Laboratory, others
 - Funded by the Tribe and a CEC EPIC R&D grant
- Powers a 6-building campus
 - Tribal government offices, economic enterprises
 - Critical infrastructure, lifeline sectors
 - Can seamlessly island and reconnect to grid
- Solar + storage
 - 420kW (AC) solar PV
 - 2MWh battery storage
 - Legacy gensets (only used in emergencies)



Facility Microgrid “Solar+”



- ❁ Microgrid public/private partnership
 - ❁ Blue Lake Rancheria, Schatz Energy Research Center, PG&E, SunPower, Tesla, CEC, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, others
 - ❁ Funded by the Tribe and a CEC EPIC R&D grant
- ❁ At fuel station / convenience store complex
- ❁ Solar PV (60kW) + battery storage (106kw/169kwh) – clean energy
- ❁ Can island from, and reconnect to, the larger grid
- ❁ Advanced building controls – efficiency, demand response, grid balance
- ❁ Creates a replicable, low-carbon ‘resilience package’
- ❁ In BAU: lowers costs, GHGs, improves COOP
- ❁ In emergencies:
 - ❁ Supply lifeline sectors to public; emergency responders
 - ❁ Important in areas where these facilities are the only community resource for lifeline sectors and critical infrastructure.

Climate-smart infrastructure is working

- Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS) - 10/9/19
 - Electrical grid outage to prevent wildfires
- Served ~10,000 people (~10% of County)
- Supplied general public & response agencies
 - Provided critical medical housing in hotel
 - Credited with saving four lives
 - Fuels (electricity, gas, diesel, propane), ice, water, food, internet access, device charging, ATMs
 - Fuel for local clinic to keep medicines cold; fish hatchery
 - Electric Vehicle (EV) charging
 - Community Support Center | Business Center
 - Times-Standard* published from BLR
- The PSPS apparently did its job – no wildfires
- The microgrids did their job – regional support



Wildfire Outages + Microgrid Reflections

- ⊗ Outages were relatively short
 - ⊕ Utilities worked to limit scope, much appreciated given severe, fast-changing weather
 - ⊕ If outages would have lasted longer, there would have been other issues
 - ⊗ Cellular / internet communications outages
 - ⊗ Water/wastewater systems
 - ⊗ Economic and social disruption
- ⊗ BLR's continuity of operations well-received
 - ⊕ Provided the lifeline sectors (energy, water, food, communication, transportation)
 - ⊕ Increased interest in microgrids
 - ⊗ Example: can Humboldt County, CA be segmented into its own microgrid?



Building Microgrids

Feasibility & Design

- Tribal government strategy
 - Project manager
 - Project structure
 - Tribal utility authority?
 - 3rd party partnership(s)?
 - Project funding
 - Pre-development
 - Match funding for grants
 - Patient payback
- U.S. DOE Office of Indian Energy Technical Assistance
 - <https://www.energy.gov/indianenergy/technical-assistance>

Construction & Operation Sample Resources

- U.S. DOE Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs annual grant funding
 - <https://www.energy.gov/articles/doe-announces-15-million-deploy-energy-infrastructure-tribal-lands>
- U.S. Department of Interior
 - <https://www.bia.gov/as-ia/ieed>
 - <https://www.bia.gov/as-ia/ieed/division-energy-and-mineral-development/grants>
- Department of Agriculture (USDA)
 - <https://www.rd.usda.gov/programs-services/programs-services-tribes>
 - https://www.rd.usda.gov/files/508_RD_TribalReport_2019.pdf
- Other funding sources
 - <https://www.energy.gov/indianenergy/energy-development-assistance-tool>



Microgrids as Solutions

- ❁ Build zero-emission microgrids for stacked benefits
 - ⊕ Resilience, jobs, climate action, pollution reduction
 - ⊕ Support critical infrastructure + grid ecosystem benefits
 - ❁ Segmentation and demand response
- ❁ How is microgrid resilience valued?
 - ⊕ In BAU and emergencies
 - ⊕ Rate-based (resilience, segmentation, and demand response investment, zero carbon, routine upgrades shifted to microgrids)
- ❁ How to best manage microgrids?
 - ⊕ Increase regional expertise/capacity
 - ⊕ Ensure safety and grid ecosystem benefits
 - ⊕ Regional utility owned and operated?
- ❁ Microgrid knowledge transfer
 - ⊕ Avoid inappropriate technology, increase standardization, lower capital and O&M costs





Thank you.

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