

# ORNL Capabilities and Relevant Research

\*BETO workshop: Leveraging First Generation Bioethanol  
Production  
September 25-26, 2019 @ Ames, Iowa

**Michelle K. Kidder**, Maggie Connatser, Sam  
Lewis Sr., Tim Theiss

ORNL is managed by UT-Battelle, LLC  
for the US Department of Energy



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

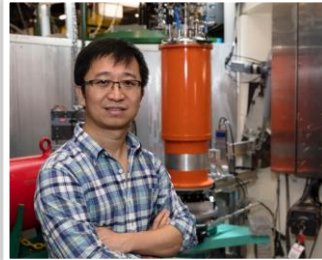
# ORNL's distinctive facilities bring thousands of R&D partners to Tennessee each year



Building Technologies Research and Integration Center



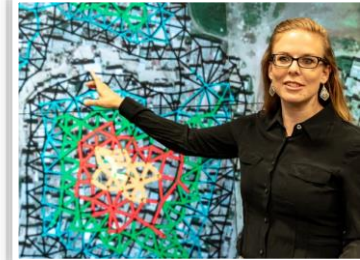
Carbon Fiber Technology Facility



Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences



High Flux Isotope Reactor



Manufacturing Demonstration Facility

National Transportation Research Center

Spallation Neutron Source

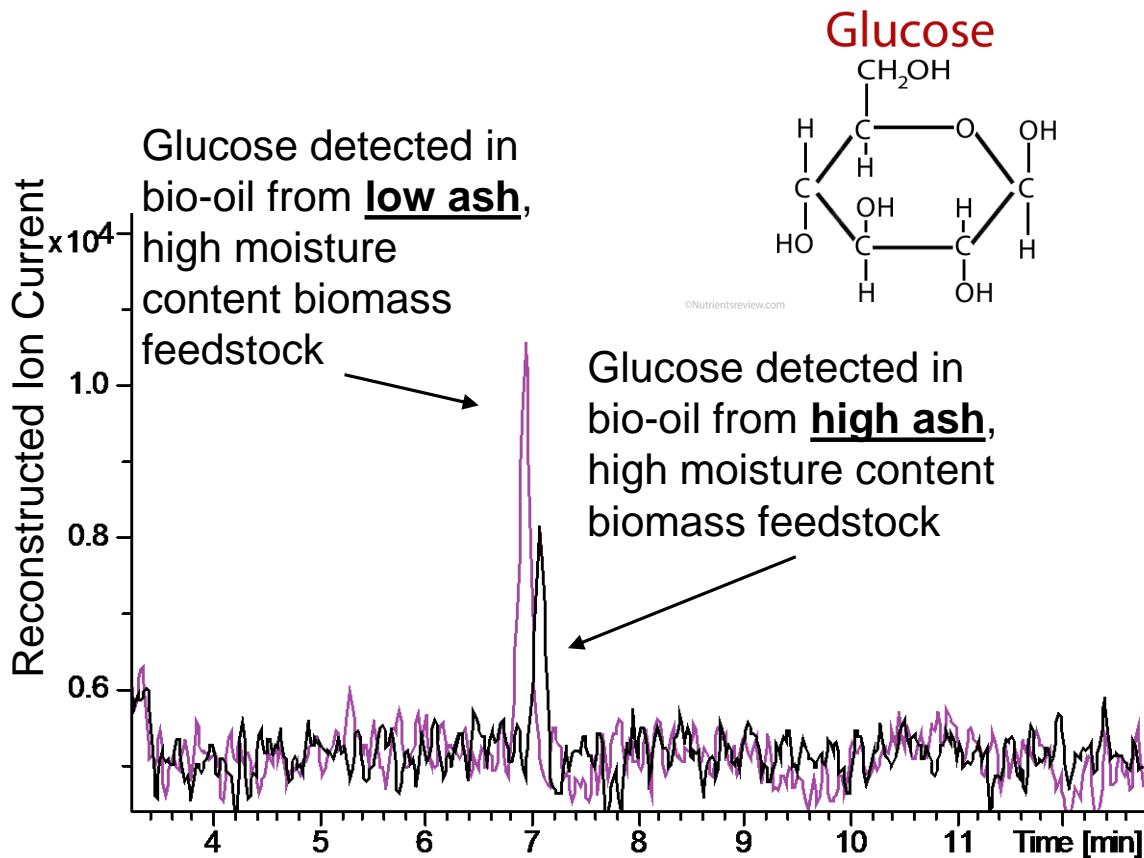
Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility



# Preliminary Sugar Determination Via CE-ESI-MS

Samuel A. Lewis, Sr.; R. M. Connatser

- Corn fibers contain more recalcitrant molecular backbones than pure corn cellulosic materials
- Fragmented fiber product will also be a mixture 5-membered and 6-membered sugars
- **Determining relative constituent ratio of xylonic (5-membered) to gluconic (6-membered) sugars could indicate whether the intermediate product stream is yielded preferentially from the plant fiber or other plant residuals**
- Capillary electrophoresis (CE) with electrospray ionization into a Q-TOF mass spec (ESI-MS)
  - CE: a water-friendly analytical separation technique for larger/less volatile analytes such as sugars
  - ESI-MS: less energetic ionization of the analytes separated and coming from the CE allows better structurally descriptive detection of intact sugar ions

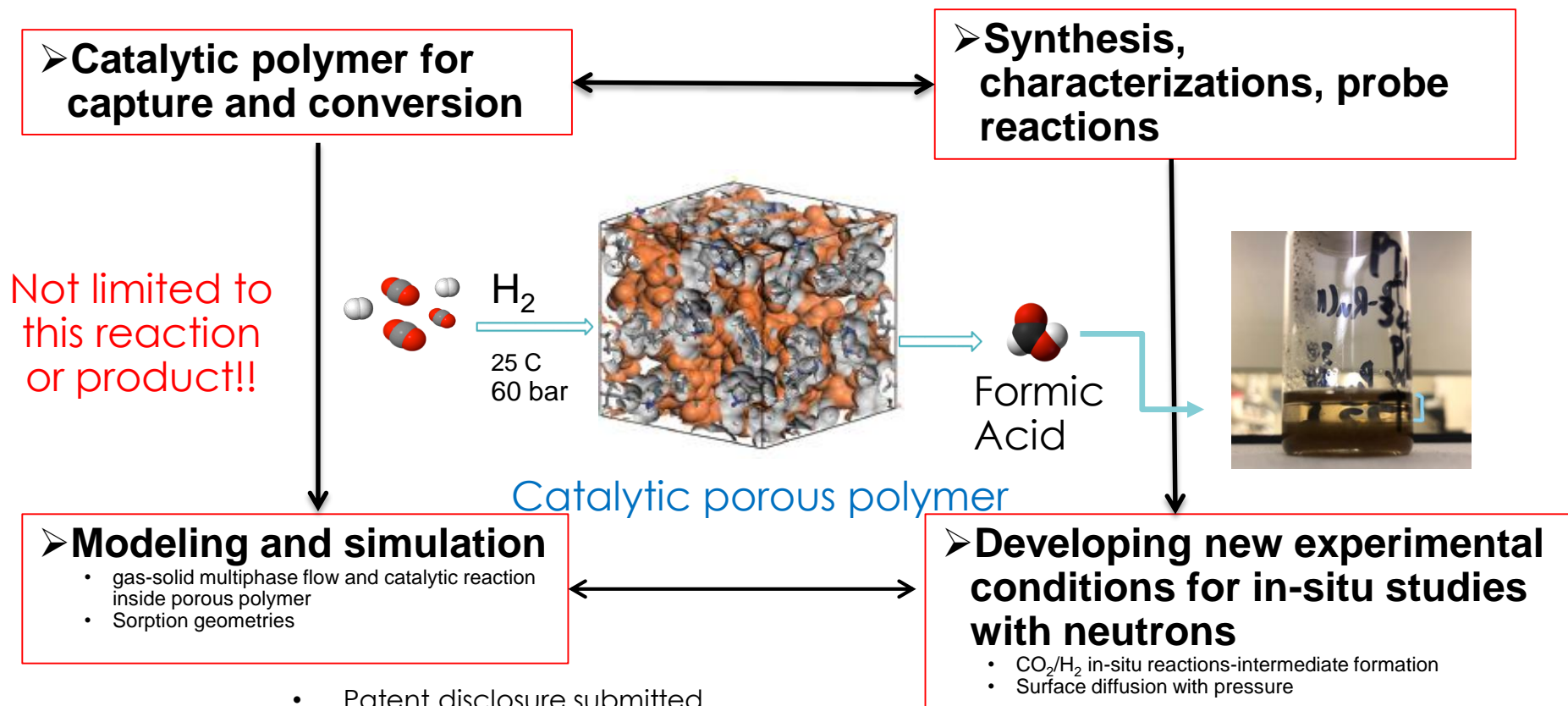


# Design of hybrid materials for CO<sub>2</sub> capture and conversion

**Michelle K. Kidder**; Luke Daemen (NSD), Eugene Mamontov (NSD), Anibal Ramirez-Cuesta (NSD), Gernot Rother (CSD), Vimal Ramanuj, Stephan Irlé (CNMS), Michael Cheshire (CSD)

- *Deep dive, holistic approach to understand and predict best design of materials and processes for capture and conversion into hydrocarbons*

**Technical concept:** measure and simulate molecular view of key interactions responsible for CO<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> adsorption capacity, reactivity and transport *at relevant condition*



- Patent disclosure submitted
- "Characteristics of flow through randomly packed solid and permeable particles using pore resolved simulations," in submission
- "Advancing the design of catalytic materials for CO<sub>2</sub> conversion" in draft.

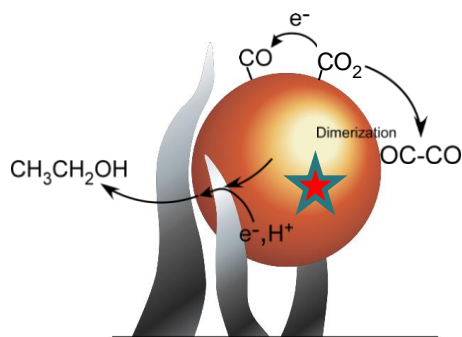
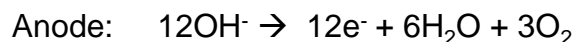
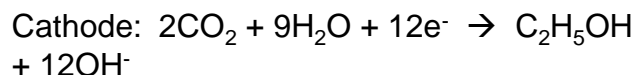


# Electrochemical Conversion of CO<sub>2</sub> to Ethanol

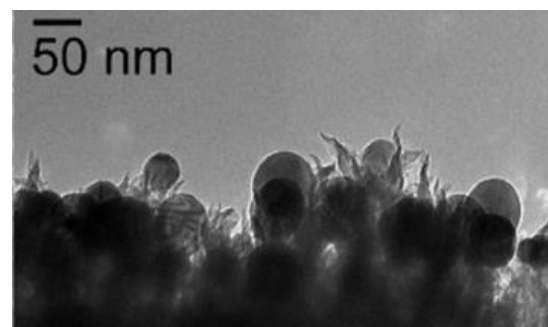
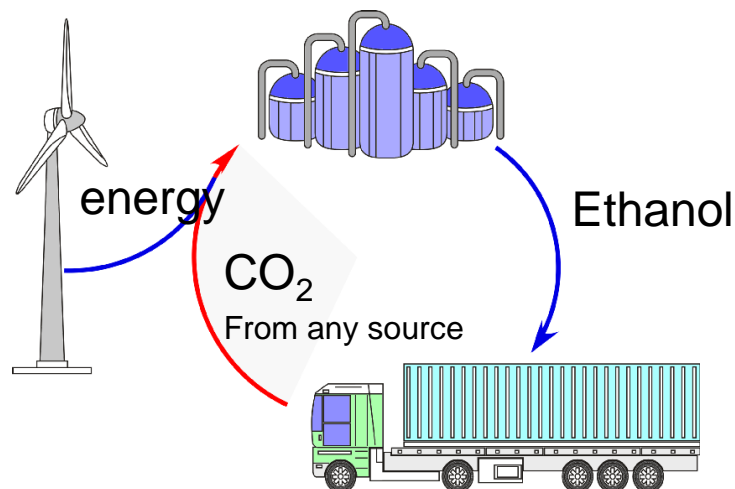
Adam Rondinone, et. al.; current BETO Seed funded

- A means to store electrical energy as a liquid.
- Alternative to battery/electric transportation
  - Carbon neutral
  - Not all consumers can accommodate electric cars – e.g. on street parking
- Better for commercial transport:
  - No long charge times or range issues
  - Much higher energy density

Full Reaction:



Conceptual illustration of reaction mechanism.  
Nanotechnology based sequential catalyst with  
unprecedented selectivity for ethanol



Electron micrograph of carbon nanospike/ copper  
nanoparticle electrode.

- Electrochemical catalyst for conversion of CO<sub>2</sub> to ethanol. US Patent App. 16/098,306
- Song, Y.; et. al.; *Chemistry Select*, **2016**, 1, 6055.