

#### In-Line Quality and Process Control in Solar and Fuel Cell Manufacturing

SBIR phase IIB, DE-SC0010117 Ultrasonic Technologies, Inc. 07/31/2017-09/30/2019

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U.S. DOE Advanced Manufacturing Office Program Review Meeting Washington, D.C. June 11-12, 2019

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### Overview

#### Timeline

- SBIR Phase IIB Award, started 08/01/2017
- Projected End date: 09/30/2019 (2 months no cost extension)
- Project 85% complete

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	FY 17 Costs	FY 18 Costs	Total Planned Funding
DOE Funded	493.3K	493.3K	986.6K
Project Cost Incurred To date	493.3K	317.3K	810.6

#### Budget

#### **AMO MYPP Connection**

3.3.2 Advanced Manufacturing for Clean Electric Power Generation

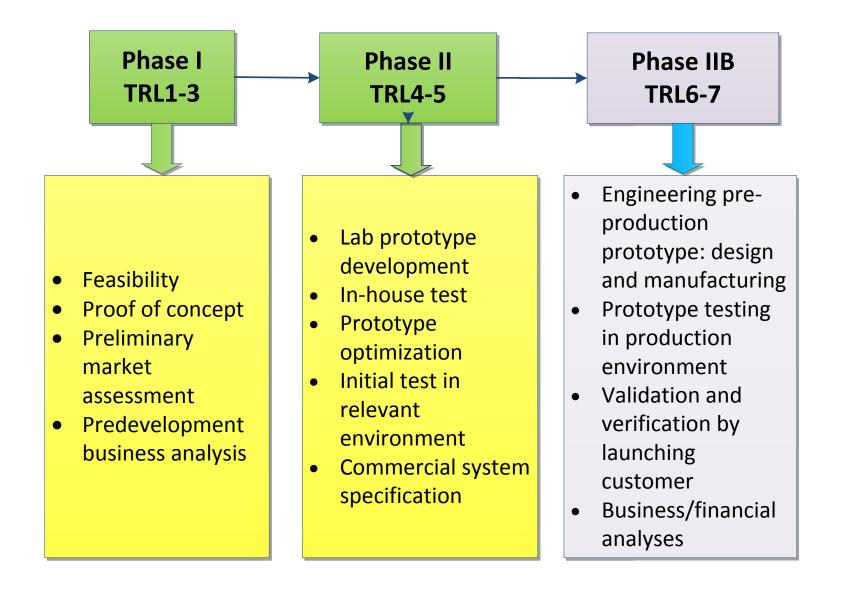
#### **Barriers**

The Key barrier of the Activation Station (AS) technology is to achieve full compatibility of the laboratory AS tool with production up-stream equipment in solar cell industry.

#### **Partners**

- Ultrasonic Technologies (Lead), developer of AS technology and AS tools;
- University of South Florida (FL) analytical tools for crack inspection in solar cells and LT wafers
- Silfab Solar (WA) solar module producer, site for validation
- TDK Electronics (Austria) LT wafer user, material provider

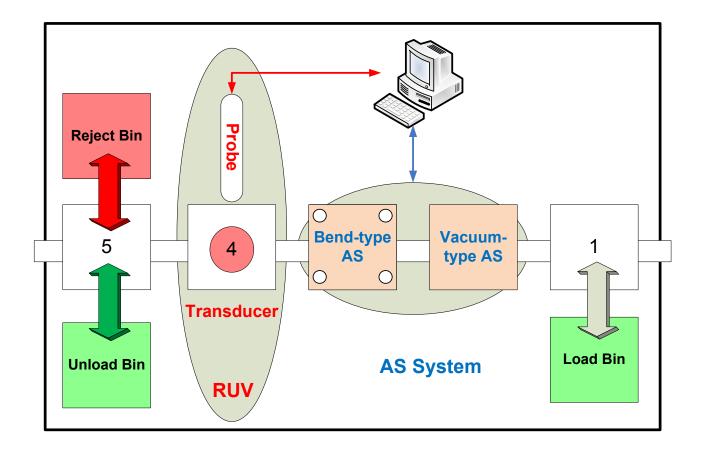
### SBIR Project Flowchart



### Phase IIB Technical Objectives

- (O1) Upgrade AS tool hardware using Programmable Logic Controller technology to improve AS reliability, accuracy, and maintainability.
- (O2) Upgrade AS tool operational software to allow handshaking with in-line commercial equipment.
- (O<sub>3</sub>) Improve throughput and ensure AS applicability to different shapes and types of substrates.
- (O<sub>4</sub>) Integrate AS tool in the front-end of solar module line, perform validation and verification using commercial solar cells.

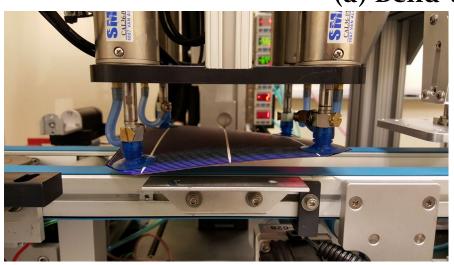
### Activation Station (AS) Technology



Layout of the AS system integrated with Resonance Ultrasonic Vibrations (RUV) for sub-mm length crack inspection in solar cells. AS technology was extended in this project to inspection of LiTaO<sub>3</sub> wafers for Surface Acoustic Wave sensors.

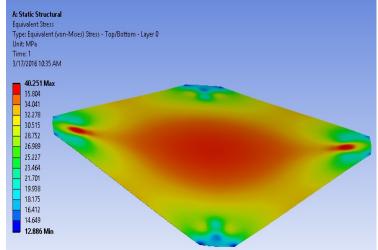
## Technical Innovation(1)

The **technical approach** for in-line AS involves: (1) application of controlled mechanical stress profile to wafers or cells; (2) measurement of elastic deflection caused by applied stress, (3) elimination of mechanically unstable wafers/cells caused by seed cracks. Two types of AS system are designed and tested in Phase I and Phase II:



# Laboratory prototype of the bend-type AS for in-line crack detection. AS provides controlled twist of wafer.

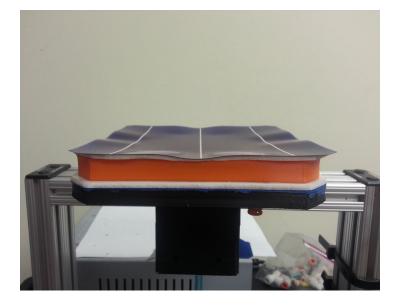
#### (a) Bend-type AS

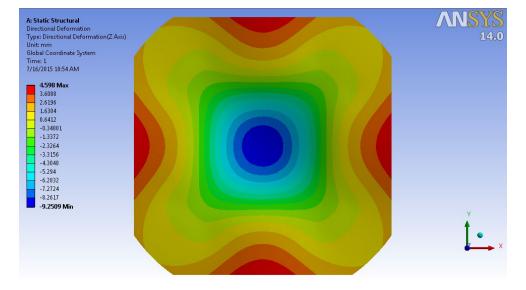


Finite Element Analysis of stress distribution when Si wafer is twisted with four vacuum cups at 12mm deflection.

### Technical Approach (2)

#### (b) Vacuum-type AS





Solar cell deflection using vacuum-type AS (v-AS) to expose sub-mm length cracks. Finite element analysis model of deflection profile in silicon solar wafer using v-AS quatrefoil chuck.

## Results and Accomplishments (1)

- 1. "Prototype Integration with Production Tools" (Task 5): Ultrasonic collaborated with US-solar module manufacturer Silfab Solar, Inc. (Bellingham WA). Silfab provided commercial grade solar cells, contributed with labor and production space for validation test.
- 2. "AS Testing in Production" (Task 6): Performed AS high volume test by integrating the RUV-AS automatic system with incoming ports of module line.
- 3. "AS system for LiTaO<sub>3</sub> (LT) wafers" (Task 7): Developed methodology, designed and manufactured a stand-alone AS system for LiTaO<sub>3</sub> (Lithium Tantalate) wafers. Performed high volume inspection of seed cracks in LT wafers. Jointly with TDK proved yield increase in LT production.



RUV-AS system in solar module production

### Results and Accomplishments (2)

**Required Future Work** 

To Complete Task 7: Customize and extend AS technology for quality control in LiTaO<sub>3</sub> (LT) and LiNbO<sub>3</sub> (LN) wafers in SAW sensor production:

- 1. Modify stand-alone AS system prototype hardware for application in production grade LT and LN wafers. May June, 2019.
- 2. Modify and upgrade AS operational program to respond to fast delivery of negative vacuum pressure to the LT and LN wafers. June August, 2019.
- 3. Test the AS system prototype on limited quantity of LT and LN production wafers. August September, 2019.

#### **Project Schedule Status**

	Year 1				Year 2			Personnel	
	1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr	2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr	3 <sup>rd</sup> Qtr	4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	1 <sup>st</sup> Qtr	2 <sup>nd</sup> Qtr	3 <sup>rd</sup> Qtr	4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	-
Task 1: Prototype Specification									Ostapenko, Tarasov,
specification									Rodrigues
Task 2: Hardware upgrade									Rodrigues
Task 3: Software upgrade	·								Tarasov
Task 4: In-house									Ostapenko,
AS certification Task 5: Prototype Integration with Production Tools									Tarasov Ostapenko, Causey, Silfab Solar
Task 6: AS testing in Production Environment									Ostapenko, Tarasov, Causey, Silfab Solar
Task 7: AS technology for LiTaO3 wafers									Ostapenko Tarasov, Causey, TDK

#### Transition

- AS system by the end of this project will be a quality control unit for incoming solar cells and LiTaO3 wafers.
- AS will be used in commercial turn-key lines for solar cell modules.
- AS will be also marketed as a stand-alone QC tool to develop and optimize process steps.
- We identified partners to bring AS system to commercial market in solar cells and LiTaO3 wafers.