





Material Disposal Areas Overview and MDA C July 25, 2018

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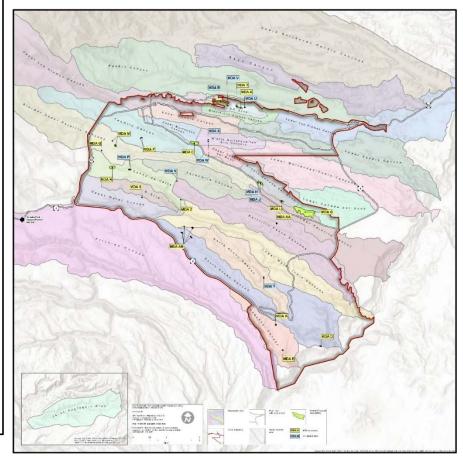
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Material Disposal Areas Overview

- Historical disposal locations that consist of shafts, pits, trenches, piles, and dispersed
- Material Disposal Areas (MDAs) were used for disposal of liquids, sludges, solids, volatile organic chemicals, nonnuclear explosive residues, and radioactive compounds and rad-contaminated materials
- 26 MDAs 8 on N3B's contract: A, C, G, H, L, T, AB, W.
- Variability of resolution on inventory
- Regulatory status for the 23 MDAs ranges from minimal site investigation data, to well characterized, to remediated
- Evidence of releases from some MDAs
 - Vadose zone contamination
 - Primarily volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and tritium
 - Evidence of limited release of sorbed contaminants
 radionuclides
 - No known groundwater contamination associated with releases from an MDA
- Consent Order has 5 MDA Campaigns









MDAs: Near-Term Work

- Development of an overarching "decision tool" for all MDAs that will establish a set of guiding principles and modeling tools
 - Evaluation of risk/dose
 - Documentation of decision process
 - Public participation

MDA L

- Monitoring for vapor-phase VOCs in subsurface (~300 ft below ground surface) beneath MDA.
 Groundwater at ~935 ft
- Interim Measure was conducted in 2015 to contain the vapor plume and ensure protection of the regional aquifer
- Ongoing semi-annual monitoring (with annual reporting) is being conducted to monitor for potential new releases and to evaluate potential plume rebound

MDA C

- Monitoring for vapor-phase VOCs in subsurface (~400 ft) beneath MDA. Groundwater at ~1300 ft.
- Ongoing semi-annual monitoring (and annual reporting) provides basis for evaluating the conceptual model proposed in the Corrective Measures Evaluation (CME)
- Expected to be first MDA completion under N3B
- CME Report is with NMED for review
 - Presents alternatives analysis
 - Statement of Basis (regulatory decision) possible in 2020
 - Corrective measures implementation (CMI) plan in 2021?

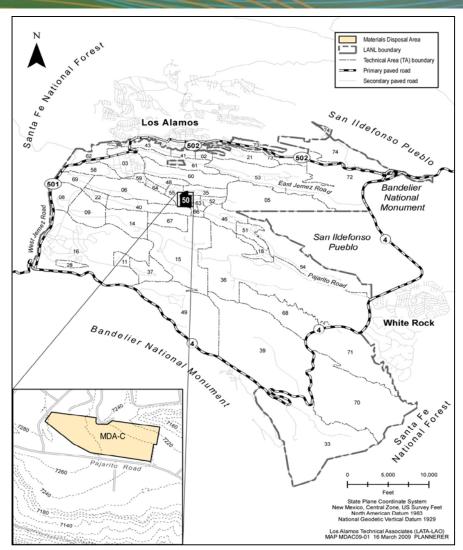






MDAC

- ☐ Solid Waste
 Management Unit
 (SWMU) 50-009
- Located in Technical Area 50, alongPajarito Road
- ☐ Inactive 11.8-acre landfill

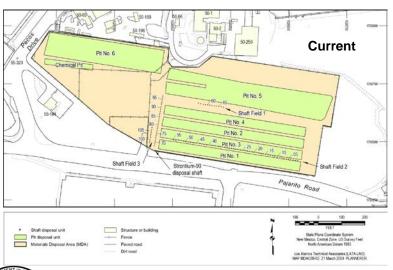






MDA C: Background

- 6 disposal pits (~12 25 ft below original ground surface)
- 108 shafts (~4 25 ft below original ground surface)
- Used for disposal from 1948 to 1974
 - Uncontaminated classified materials
 - Metals and hazardous constituents
 - Radioactively contaminated materials





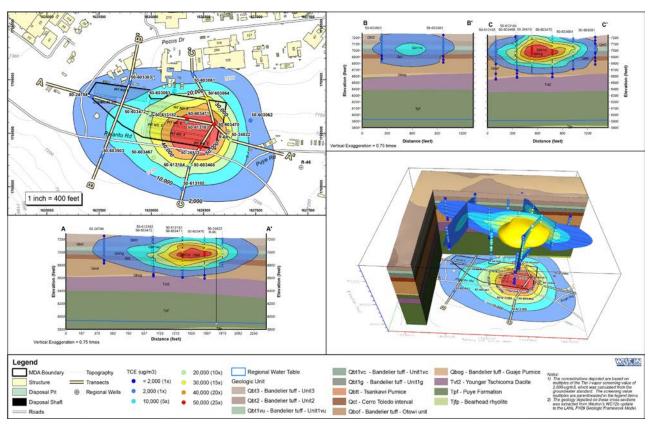






MDA C: Site Contamination

- Vapor-phase plume beneath disposal area (Trichloroethylene, TCE). Largely colocated with tritium
- Plume "detached" from surface indicates "pulsed" release of VOCs
- Monitoring indicates plume stability









MDA C: Next Regulatory Steps

As described in the 2016 Consent Order –

- CME Report
 - Evaluates remedial alternatives based on:
 - Threshold Criteria: 1) protectiveness, 2) attainability of media cleanup objectives, and 3) control of source
 - Balancing Criteria: 1) long-term reliability and effectiveness, 2) reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume, 3) short-term effectiveness, 4) implementability, and 5) cost
- NMED conducts review of CME Report
- NMED selects remedy and issues a "Statement of Basis" for public comment
- NMED selects a final remedy after considering public comment
- N3B and EM-LA prepare a Corrective Measures Implementation Plan
 - includes design, construction, operation, maintenance, and monitoring of the selected remedy













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