



Algae Biotechnology Partnership WBS 1.3.2.103

2017 DOE BioEnergy Technologies Office Project Peer Review March 7, 2017

Technology Area: Advanced Algal Systems Principal Investigator: Mike Guarnieri Organization: National Renewable Energy Laboratory

NREL is a national laboratory of the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, operated by the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC.

Goal Statement

• Project Goals:

- Identify novel, halotolerant algal strains with exemplary productivity metrics, superior to current SOT.
- Develop enabling genomic and genetic tool boxes for top-candidate strains.
- Public strain dissemination and data deposition to encourage widespread adoption and development of strains.
- Outcome: Development of halotolerant algal strains with economically-viable productivity metrics.
 - Generation of comprehensive knowledgebases and genetic toolkits for top-candidate strains.

Relevance to Bioenergy Industry:

- ABP activities will explicitly target key cost hurdles identified via TEA:
 - Enhanced algal biomass productivity and value
 - Robustness under extreme winter- and summer-deployment conditions.
- Addresses sustainability concerns related to fresh vs. saltwater deployment.
- Encourages the creation of a new domestic bioenergy industry.
- Enables the sustainable, nationwide production of biofuels that are compatible with transportation infrastructure.

Quad Chart Overview

Timeline

- Project start date: October, 2015
- Project end date: September, 2018
- Percent complete: 50%

Barriers

- Aft-A: Biomass Availability & Cost
 - Identification of strains with enhanced biomass productivity
- Aft-B: Sustainable Algae Production
 - Halotolerant strains, saltwater cultivation
- Aft-C: Biomass Genetics & Development
 - Genomics, CRISPR/Cas9 and episomal tool development

Budget

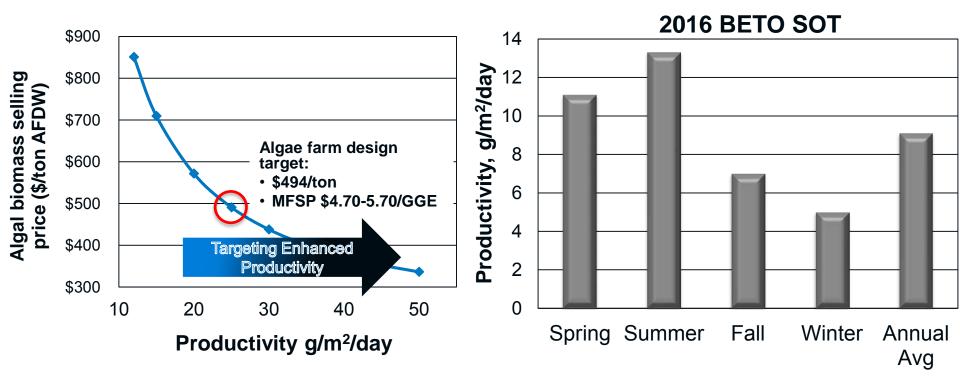
FY 15 Costs	FY 16 Costs	Total Planned Funding (FY 17->End Date)
\$273K	\$300K	\$1.2M

Partners

- LANL/LBNL: Functional genomics
- CSM (25%): Genetic tool development
- ATP³/ASU: Outdoor deployment

Project Overview

- **Context:** Algal biomass productivity & value enhancements are essential.
 - Current top candidate strains fall short of target metrics



Specific Project Goals:

- Screening, down-selection, and characterization of high-productivity halotolerant strains.
- Outdoor deployment and optimization of cultivation parameters.
- Development and optimization of advanced genomic and genetic tools.
- Public dissemination of strains, associated omic and meta-data, & genetic tools.

Management Approach



- Strain Screening, Characterization, and Down-Selection
- Genetic Tool Development



- Functional Genomic Analyses
- Diverse staffing plan:
 - Molecular and Microbiologists
 - Computational Biologists
 - Analytical chemists
 - Cultivation expertise



- Outdoor Deployment
- **Extensive Team Interaction:**
 - Regular PI-technical staff interaction
 - Monthly NREL team, platform, and external ABP meetings
 - Quarterly BETO meetings
- Industry Engagement & Exchange

Technical Approach

- Approach: Leverage core capabilities of partner institutes in i) molecular strain development, ii) *omic* analyses, and iii) algal cultivation, in order to identify and develop deployment-viable algal production strains.
 - Integrated and iterative simulated outdoor-outdoor screening and evaluation approach will mitigate risk associated with transition from lab to commercial pond deployment.

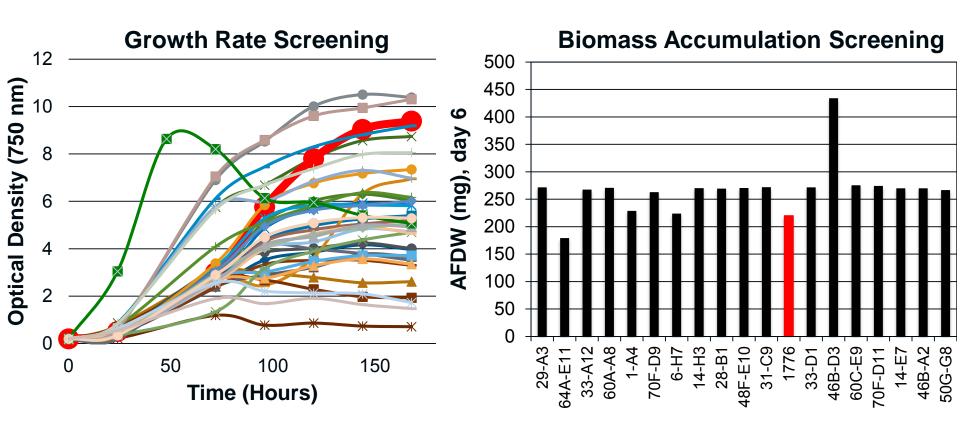
Major challenges:

- Technical: (i) identification of high-productivity algal strains, (ii) generation of reproducible, high-efficiency genetic tools
- Market: Conduct laboratory testing and outdoor field demonstrations to reduce risk to early adopters.

Critical success factors:

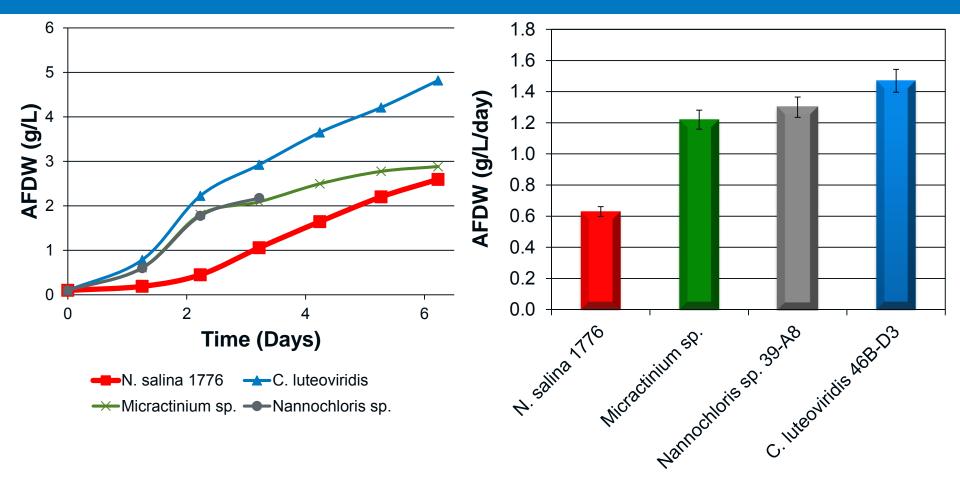
- Demonstrate robust, high-productivity saltwater outdoor deployment.
- Establish comprehensive strain knowledgebases.
- Achieve routine, facile genetic transformation.
- Widespread adoption of strains and associated tools.

Identification of Halotolerant Strains



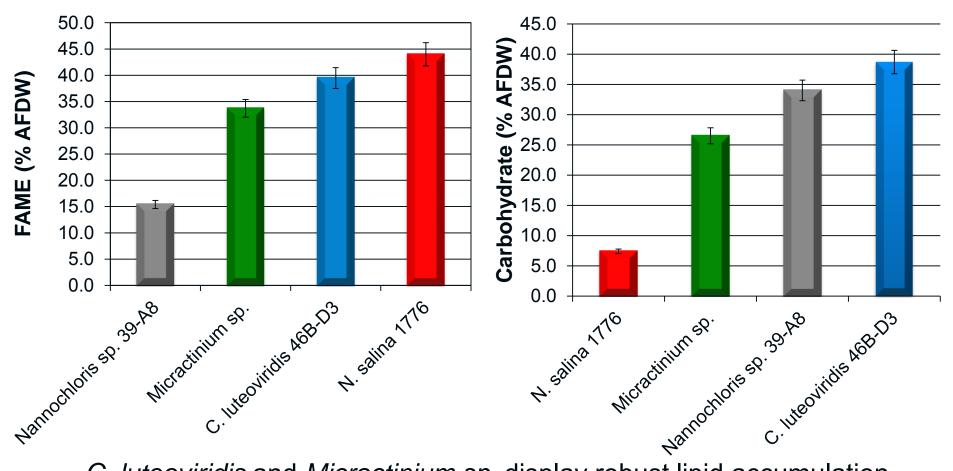
- Developed a mid-throughput reactor for rapid screening of >300 strains.
 - Three independent trials conducted to down-select top-candidate strains.
- Simulated average light and temp. over the course of 3-month ATP³ growth season.
 - A series of strains displayed superior doubling times to NAABB benchmark strain, *N. salina* (highlighted in red) under both summer and winter conditions.
 - *Nannochloris* strain among fastest doubling time reported to date for a eukaryotic alga.

Biomass Productivity (Summer Simulation)



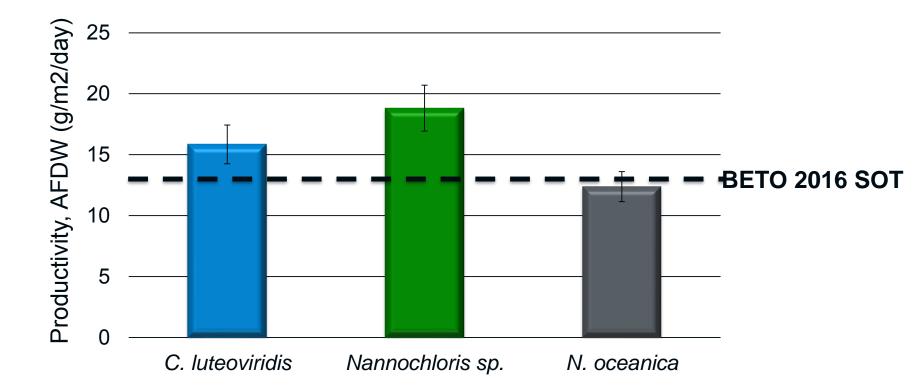
 Top-candidate strains displayed superior max biomass accumulation rates compared to N. salina.

Compositional Analyses (Summer Simulation)



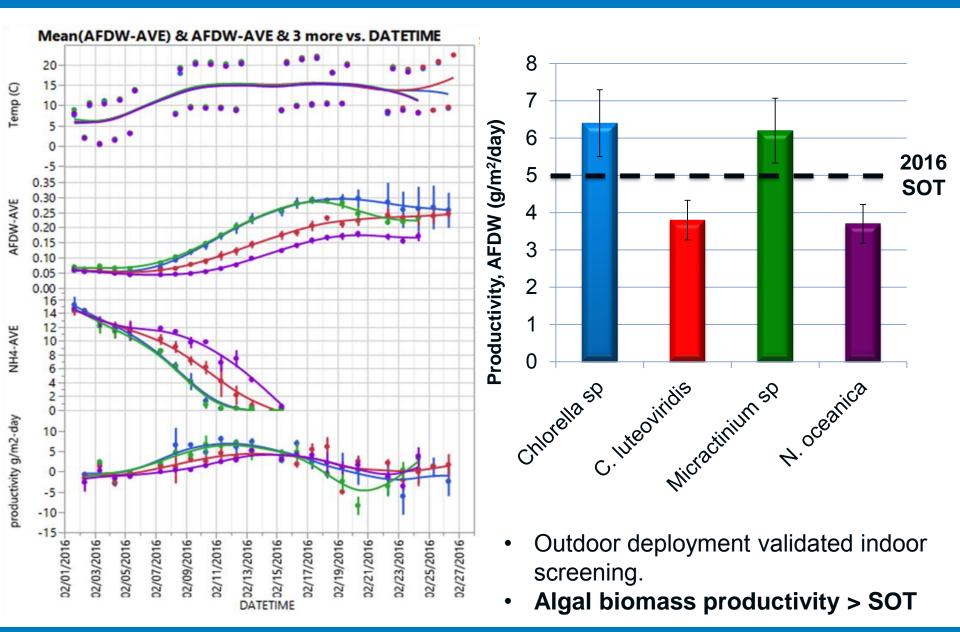
- C. Iuteoviridis and Micractinium sp. display robust lipid accumulation compared to benchmark.
 - · Both strains represent robust lipid and carb producer
 - Strains suitable for CAP and/or HTL processes.

Summer Deployment at ATP3 Testbed



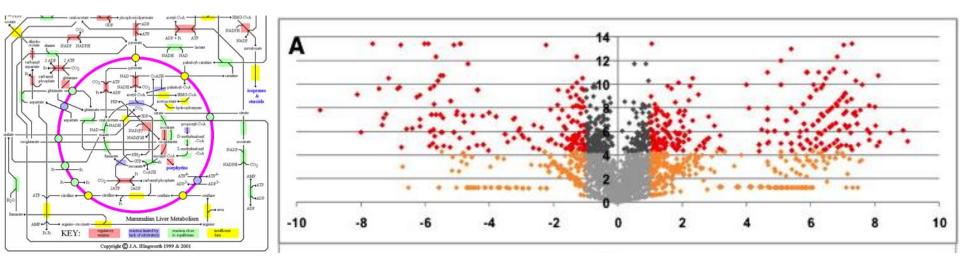
- Outdoor deployment validated indoor screening.
 - Top candidate strains outperformed *Nannochloropsis oceanica*.
 - Nannochloris sp. 39-A8 contaminated a series of ponds at ATP3, indicating "weedy" nature and strain robustness.
- Algal biomass productivity > SOT.

Winter Deployment at ATP3 Testbed

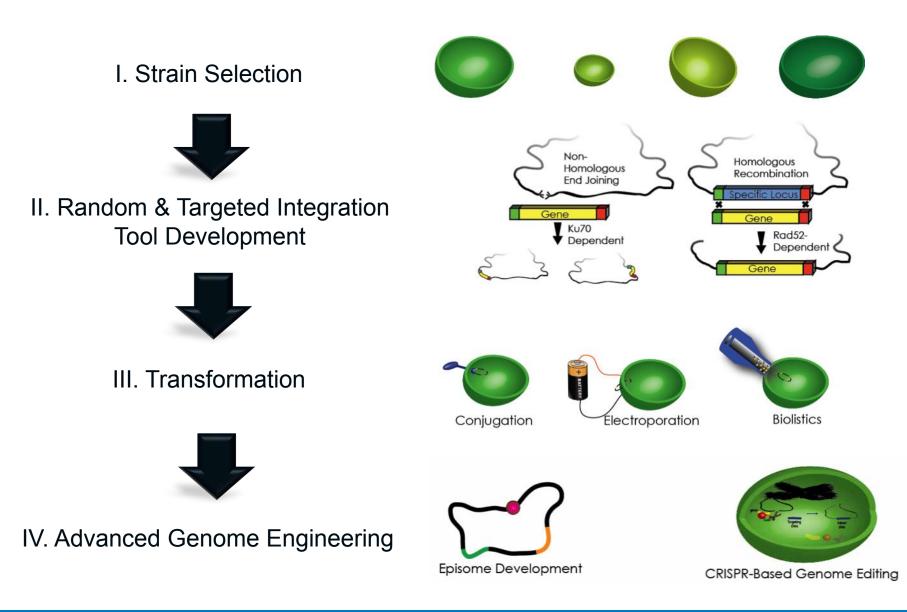


Genomic & Transcriptomic Analyses Completed

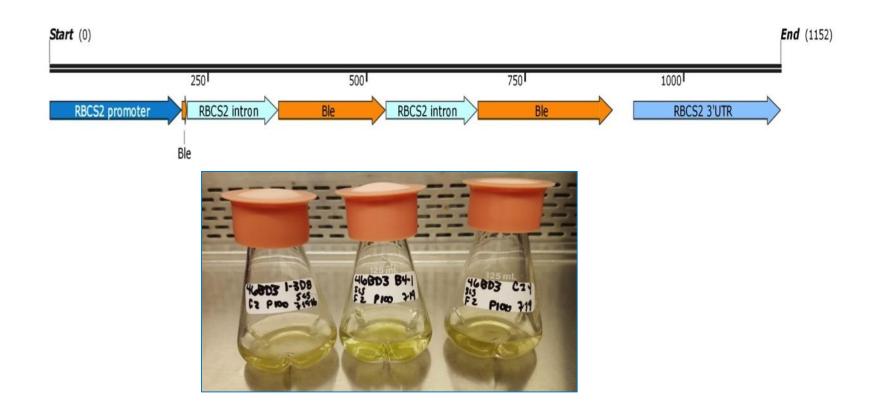
- Complete genome sequence and assembly of top two candidate winter and one summer strain completed.
 - Micractinium sp., Nannochloris sp., and Chlorella sp.
 - +/- Nitrogen omic datasets obtained for top summer strain.
 - Combined, these omic analyses will enable pathway mapping, and identification of regulatory elements and strain-engineering targets.



Genetic Toolbox Development



Successful Genetic Transformation



- Initial transformation trials yielded viable transformants for 3-of-4 top candidate strains.
 - Random integration cassettes coupled w/ electroporation
 - Stable following two serial transfers.
 - Targeted (HR) integration trials underway.

Relevance

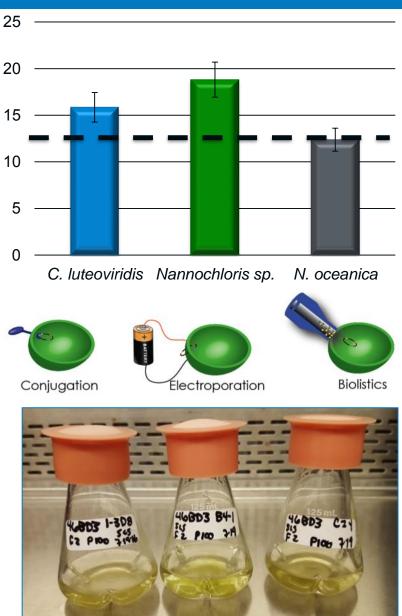
- Development of high-productivity, high-value, halotolerant strains
 - Reduces reliance on freshwater deployment.
- Rapid dissemination and exchange of strains and meta-data will enable rapid adoption by algal industry.
 - Three MTAs in place with commercial algal entities.
- Addresses MYPP barriers
 - Targets techno-economic AND sustainability barriers
- Genetic and genomic tool development allows for targeted enhancement of strains for biomass, fuel and high-value coproduct pursuits.

Future Work

- Future work will primarily target advanced, broad-host range genetic toolkit development to enable targeted strain-engineering.
 - CRISPR/Cas9 and episomal artificial chromosome design.
- **FY17 Annual Target:** Down-selection and optimization of advanced genetic tools, demonstrating stable transgene expression following serial transfer.
 - Complete genomic sequencing and annotation of top candidate summer and winter strains.
 - Second summer strain to be sequenced in FY17 in coordination with LANL/LBNL.
 - Outdoor deployment of top candidate strains at the ATP³ Arizona test bed employing optimized parameters.
- **FY18 Targets:** Maximize biofuel production potential and increased outdoor cultivation robustness (as related to extended cultivation and pond-crash mitigation) via targeted strain-engineering strategies.
 - Iterative outdoor deployment to assess strain enhancements.

Summary

- Extensive algal strain screening and characterization has led to down-selection 2 of high-potential candidate deployment strains.
 - Strains display robust outdoor biomass productivity > SOT.
- Complete genomic blueprints established for top-candidate strains in collaboration with LANL/LBNL.
- Baseline genetic tools have been established enabling random integration.
- Public dissemination of strains & metadata via greenhouse.lanl.gov will enable rapid adoption.
- Future efforts will encompass advanced genetic tool development and targeted strain improvements.



Acknowledgements





Sharon Smolinski Jeff Linger Calvin Henard Nick Sweeney Phil Pienkos Stefanie Van Wychen Ryan Davis Matt Posewitz (CSM) Luke Dahlin (CSM) Shawn Starkenberg (LANL) Scott Twary (LANL) Taraka Dale (LANL)

John McGowen (ATP3) Henri Gerken (ATP3) Theresa Rosov (ATP3) Igor Grigoriev (LBNL)

NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATORY

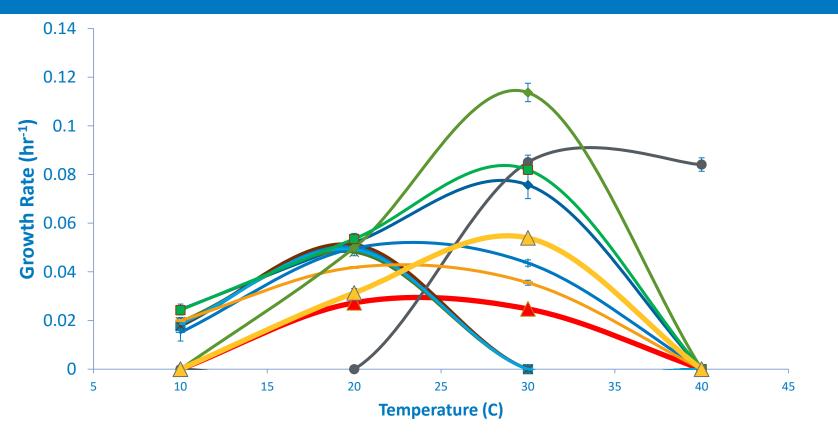
Algae Strain Characterization and Improvement

Characterization of Productivity and Robustness			Strategy	
DISCOVR Genome Sequencing, Functional 'Omics, Metabolic Mapping				Use a multi-lab consortium approach to establish a state-of-the-art platform for the deep <i>characterization of new strains</i> <i>under outdoor-relevant conditions</i>
Knowledge Feed	reenhouse: Comprehensive Knowledge Base of Algal Feedstocks Carbon Productivity		Leverage the expertise at LANL and LBNL/JGI to deliver the <i>data and tools</i> required to understand algae metabolism and develop GM tools	
Algae Biotechnology Partnership	Functional Characterization of Cellular Metabolism	Multi-scale Characterization of Improved Algae Strains	Breeding Algae for Long Term Stability& Enhanced Biofuel Prod'n	Use a range of expertise & approaches across Labs to deliver <i>improved algae</i> <i>strains, and a suite of tools</i> that are effective in our top strains of interest and are also broadly applicable to new strains of interest (from DISCOVR or external stakeholders)

GOAL: Deliver deeply characterized and improved strains, with accompanying data and tools, to stakeholders including industry, academics, and other BETO projects (e.g. BioFoundry)

NATIONAL RENEWABLE ENERGY LABORATORY

Temperature Tolerance Analyses



- Strains displayed distinct temperature optima:
 - ~20°C optima for winter strains, with growth capacity from 10-25°C
 - ~30°C optima for summer strains, with growth capacity from 10-40°C (+)
 - All strains demonstrated superior growth rate to *N. salina* and *N. oceanica* baselines.

Response to Reviewers' Comment

• This project was not subjected to prior review.

- Publications:
 - Dahlin, L. and Guarnieri, MT. 2016, Curr Biotech. 5(3); 192-197.
 - Henard, C., et al. 2017, Frontiers in Bioeng. In Press.
- Presentations:
 - Guarnieri, MT, et al. 6th Annual Conference on Algae Biomass, Biofuels, and Bioproducts, San Diego, CA, USA. 2016
 - Dahlin, L, et al. Algae Biomass Summit, Phoenix, AZ, USA. 2016.
- Commercialization Efforts:
 - Three material transfer agreements are in place with commercial algal entities, encompassing i) strain exchange and screening, ii) media and deployment evaluation, and iii) halotolerant strain evaluation for nutraceutical potential