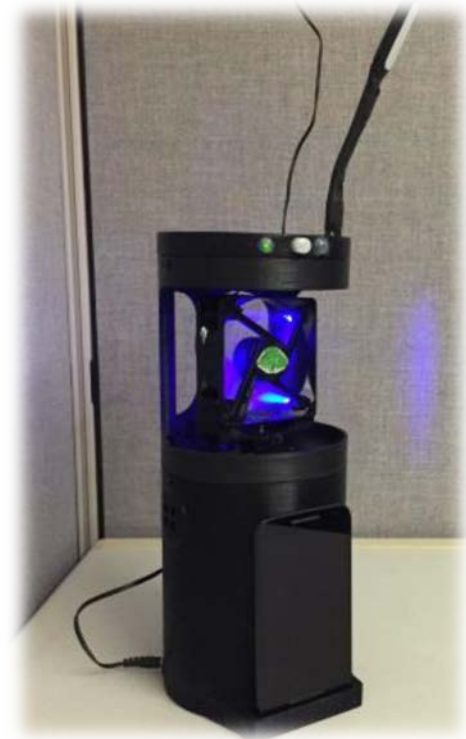
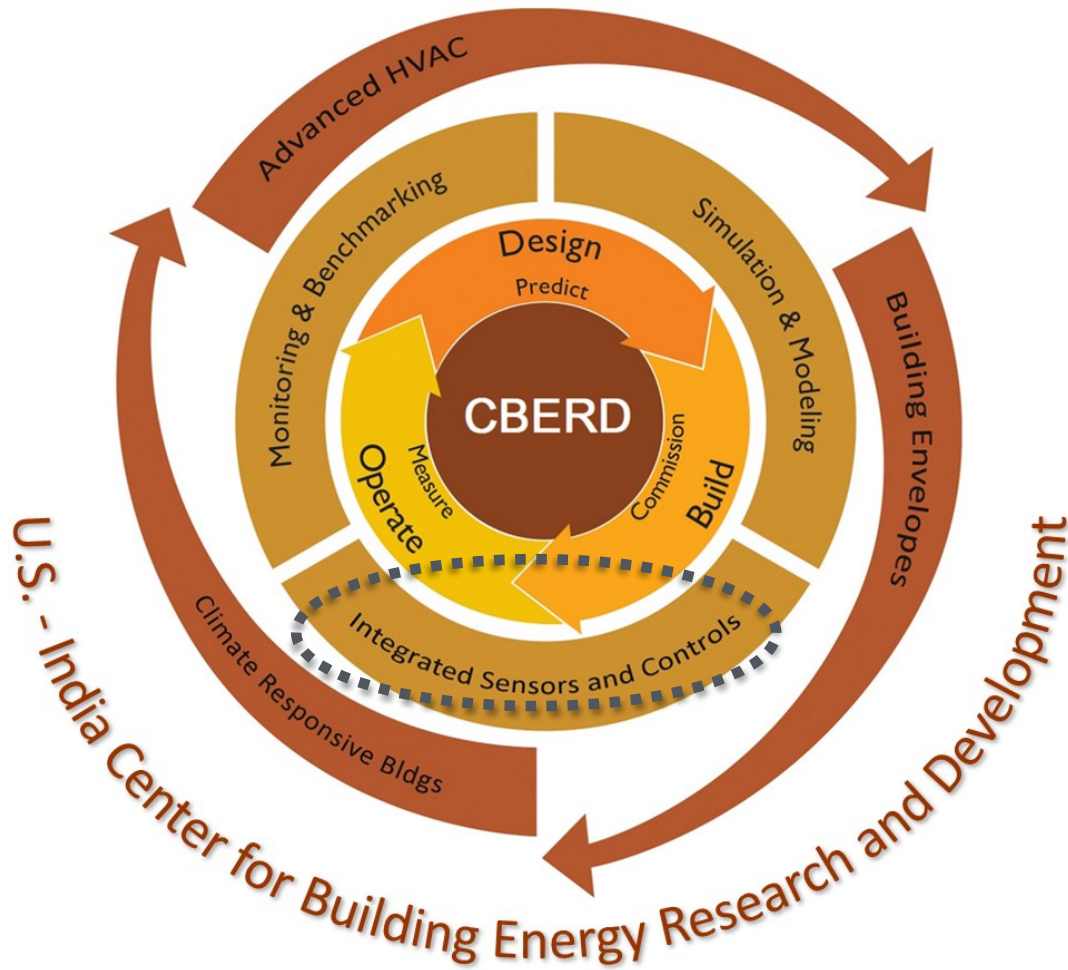


# CBERD Integrated Sensors and Controls

2017 Building Technologies Office Peer Review



# Project Summary

## Timeline:

Start date: October 2012

Planned end date: September 2017

## Key Milestones

1. Initial lab-based proof-of-concept of integrated control of lighting, plug loads, and thermal zone-level comfort conditioning. verifying that switching building to backup power leads to >10% decrease in zone+workstation power use [LBNL & IIIT]. Summer 2017

## Budget:



### **Total Project \$ to Date:**

- DOE: \$750K Cost Share: \$385K

### **Total Project \$:**

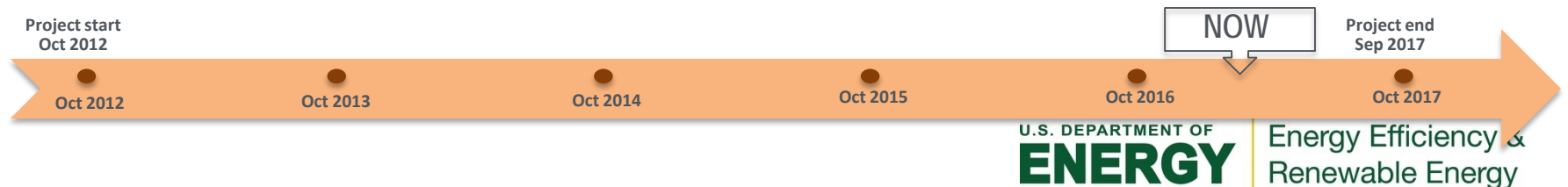
- DOE: \$950K Cost Share: \$75K

## Key Partners:

International Institute of Information Technology, Hyderabad	Lighting Research Center - Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad	Honeywell US 
Philips Research US/India	

## Project Outcome:

Developed an integrated workstation control system (lighting, plug loads and HVAC), demonstrated in Indian and US test-beds, based on open source transaction based controls.



# Purpose and Objectives

## Problem Statement:

- Conditioning a **whole building** misses Energy Efficiency opportunities
- *“Need for increased building system **interoperability** through connected devices” (BOE BTO MYPP)*
- Loads in buildings do not adjust to **constrained** energy resources. *“Only 10% of customers participate demand response programs” (DOE BTO MYPP)*

Solving this problem requires:

- **Personal** comfort delivery and control.
- New control paradigms for buildings using software-driven tools and services like the **Transactive Energy** frameworks.

## Target Market and Audience:

- Commercial building owners and system innovators.
- Projected energy savings: 42 TBtu/year (U.S.); 6.7 TBtu/year (India)

**Impact of Project:** This project will:

- Demonstrate an integrated workstation control system (lighting, plug loads and HVAC) in a US and Indian test-bed. Release source code enabling transaction based control.

# Definitions

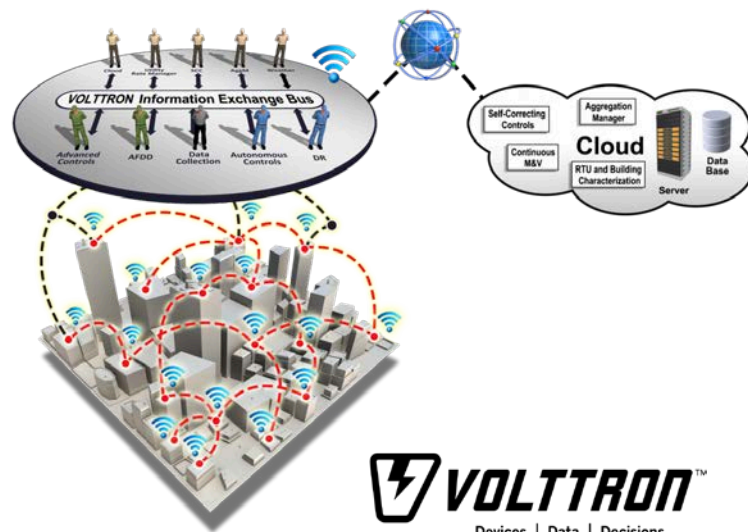
## Transactive Energy

Techniques for **managing** the generation, consumption or flow of **electric power** within an electric power system through the use of **economic** or market based constructs while considering grid reliability constraints.

*Gridwise Architectural Council*

## VOLTRON

A open source distributed **control** and sensing **software** platform supporting Transactive Energy, developed by Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL).



**VOLTRON**<sup>™</sup>  
Devices | Data | Decisions

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Energy Efficiency &  
Renewable Energy

# Approach

## Approach:

- *DOE BTO MYPP Sensors and Controls Goals:*
  - “Enabling **integration** of buildings with the rest of the electrical grid” ,
  - “Provide continuous, real-time **information** on building components and systems”
- Utilize open-architecture control platform for buildings with transaction-based controls
- Field-test VOLTTRON with a far less reliable grid (India) and with generators
- Address lighting, HVAC and plug loads

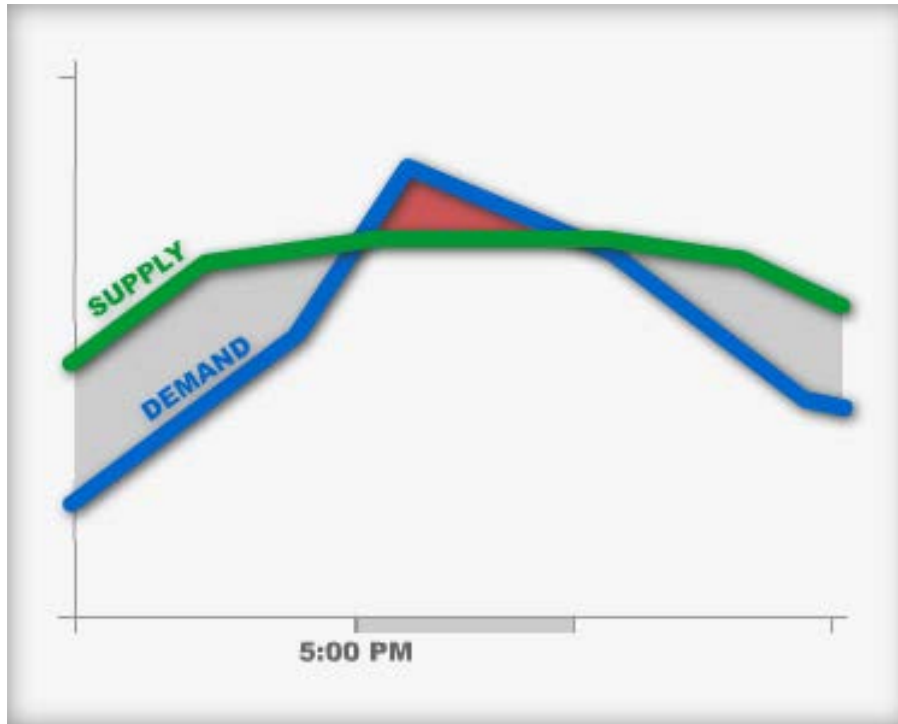
## Key Issues:

- Shift from simulation based transactive controls to real devices
- How do we keep occupants happy?

**Distinctive Characteristics:** Shifting from whole building management to individual workspace control to develop Grid Responsive Buildings

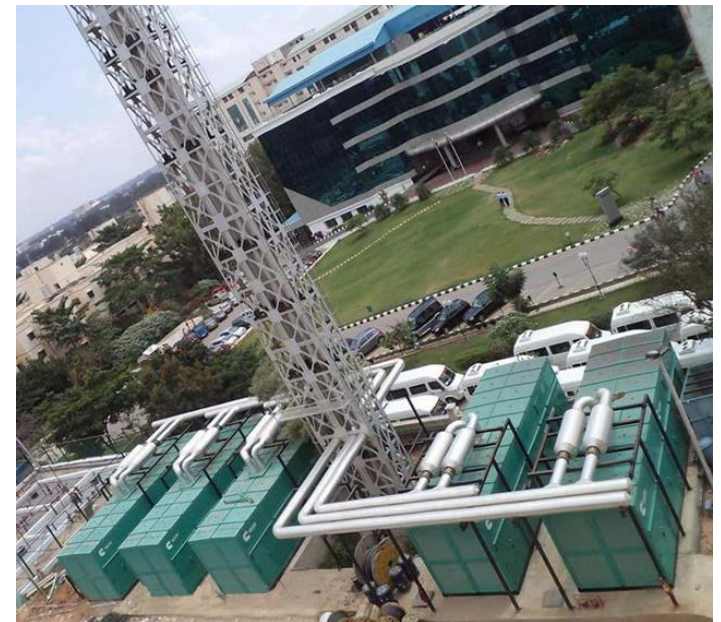


# Problem: Constrained energy resources



**US: Demand Response programs to address limited supply**

(source: NexEnergy)



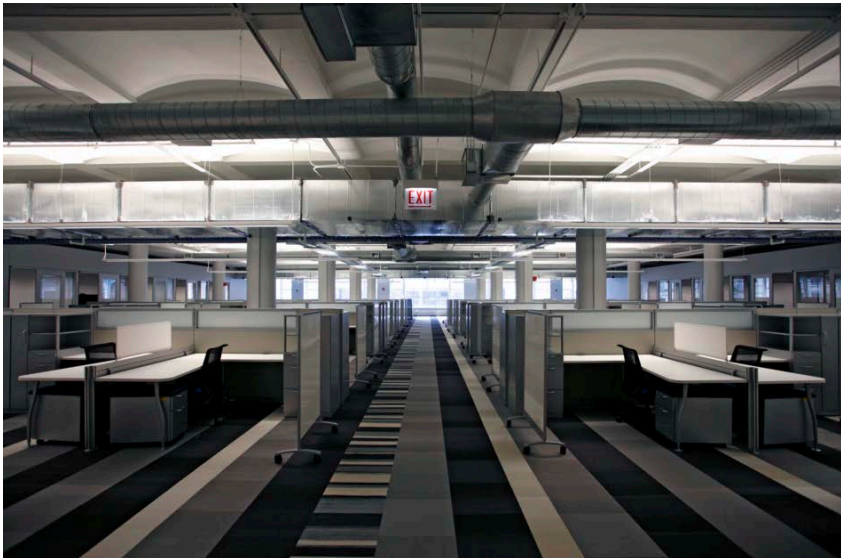
**India: 5x1.5MW backup generators at office complex for grid outages**

(source: Powerica)

# Solution

- Managing energy consumption on an individual workspace level instead of whole building level (bottom-up). But aggregating from workstation to zone to building.

From this



Conditioning of a whole building



To this



**i-SPACE**



Smart Plug  
Strip



Transactive  
Software

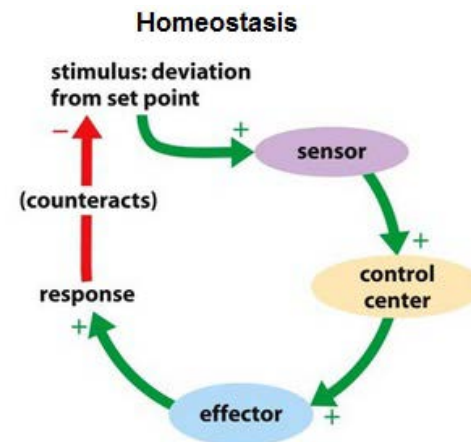
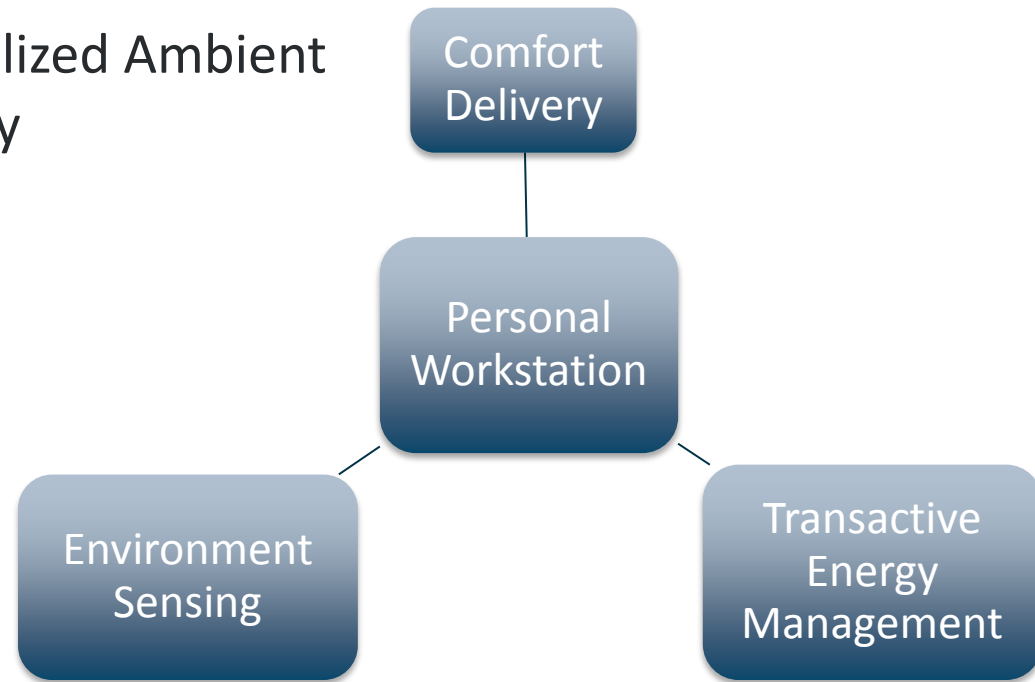


Smart Hub with  
fans, light and  
sensing

Hyperlocal workstation comfort  
conditioning and plugloads control

# i-SPACE

- Intelligent System for Personalized Ambient Comfort, and Energy Efficiency
- Personal workstation with
  - Local heating/cooling
  - Task light
  - Plug load control
  - Environment sensing
- Responsive to
  - Occupancy
  - Demand Response
  - Grid outages
  - Real time electricity pricing
- Operates similar to human homeostasis
- Provisional Patent filed, joint US-India IP





# Smart Plug Strip

- A plug strip that can identify its loads by looking at the power characteristics. The plug strip can also control outlets.
- Detection of a high-wattage space heater can alert to discomfort and inefficient conditioning.
- Combined with occupancy sensor can switch off loads



Smart Plug Strip, all UL listed components



Use of space heaters can indicate problems

# Innovation Corps

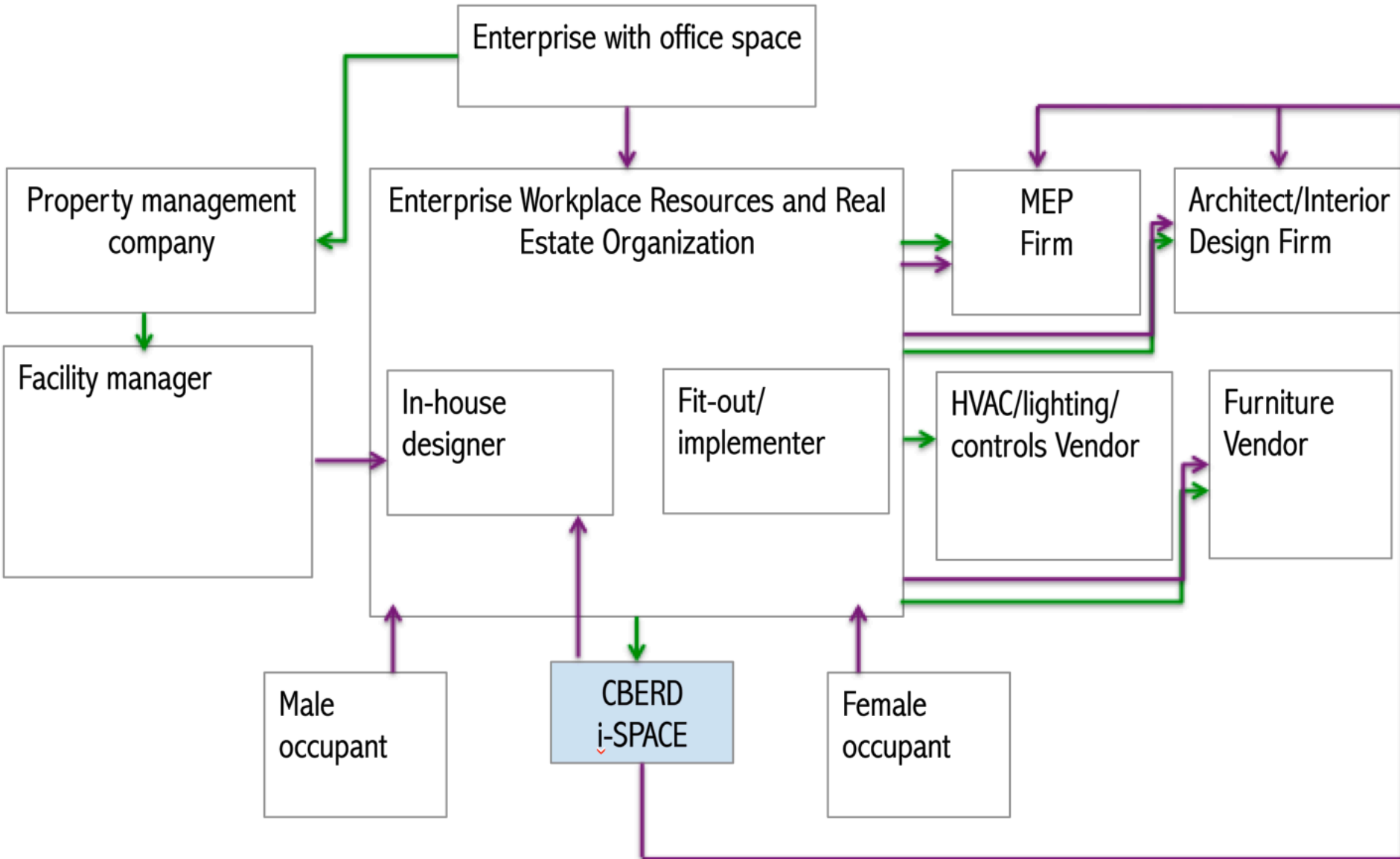
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- 8 day intensive iCorps program with UC Berkeley Haas Business School on i-SPACE technology. Seed funding cost-share from EERE.
  - Understanding customer segments, value propositions
  - 15 interviews conducted with various partners
  - Define ecosystem and key stakeholders

# Business Model Canvas

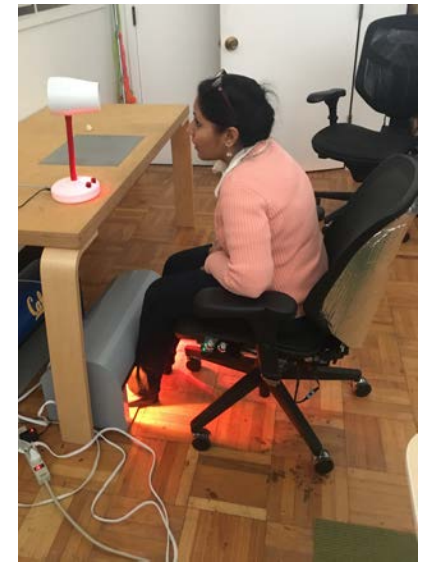
<p><b>Key Partners</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Control companies</li> <li>- HVAC suppliers</li> <li>- Comfort delivery</li> <li>- Furniture vendors</li> <li>- ESCOs</li> <li>- Utilities (incentives)</li> <li>- Contract manufacturer</li> </ul>	<p><b>Key Activities</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Productivity/comfort</li> <li>- Develop prototype H/W</li> <li>- Test integrated system</li> <li>- Prioritize customer features/functionality</li> <li>- Develop relationships w/ key partners</li> <li>- Propose utility rate</li> </ul>	<p><b>Value Proposition</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>New revenue stream from an automated integrated platform for buildings</b></li> <li>- <b>Energy opex savings and reduced time spent on hot/cold calls</b></li> <li>- <b>Employee health and productivity; <b>asset as a revenue stream</b></b></li> <li>- <del>Increased comfort, sense of control</del></li> <li>- <del>Increased clientele, perceived as innovative consultancy</del></li> </ul>	<p><b>Customer Relations</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Initial acquisition</li> <li>- Scale from individual to building wide deployment</li> </ul>	<p><b>Customer Segments</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Control companies/ Furniture vendors</b></li> <li>- <b>Facility managers</b></li> <li>- <b>Building owners/ Workplace Resources and Real Estate</b></li> <li>- <del>Individual office occupants, Possibly cultural/gender biased</del></li> <li>- <del>A&amp;E consultant firm</del></li> </ul>
<p><b>Key Resources</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- BT expertise +IP</li> <li>- DR/TN software</li> <li>- Test Labs</li> <li>- IIIT-H , India expertise</li> <li>- Contract manufacturer</li> </ul>	<p><b>Channels</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Consumer retail</li> <li>- Furniture fit outs</li> <li>- Utility incentives</li> <li>- Delivery: HVAC/ lighting/ fans/ air filtration providers</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Cost Structure</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Low Capex, contract manufacturing</li> <li>- R&amp;D cost</li> <li>- Testing cost</li> <li>- Awareness and marketing</li> </ul>		<p><b>Revenue Streams</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Product</li> <li>- Service-based?</li> </ul>		

# Ecosystem: Flows of \$ and information



# Energy Efficiency and Demand Response

- Normally buildings conditioned to 72-74F and 500 lux everywhere
- Provide local workstation comfort and control allows 69-76F zone temperatures, by providing local heating and cooling. Saving HVAC energy.
  - Foot warmer, heated / cooled chair, fans
  - Condition only when occupant present
- Task lights allow lower overall light levels
- This project focuses on how to control these devices, not how they deliver comfort
- (Hoyt et al., 2015) shows that the energy use of efficient personal comfort systems can be reduced to under 25 W/occupant over time, which is **20–50 times less** than the per- occupant energy use of central heating and cooling systems.
- Demand Response: Temporarily reduce services, use local storage.



Heated chair, foot warmer and fan



# Software implementation

- Based on PNNL Volttron and LBNL/DoD Local Power Distribution Manager (LPDM)
- Overall design and whole building and zone level code developed by LBNL.
- Code for Smart Plug Strip and Smart Hub developed by Indian partners, assisted by LBNL staff.
- LBNL working with Philips Lighting on integration between lighting and distributed energy resources like storage and PV.

# Progress and Accomplishments

## Accomplishments:

- Smart plug-strip with load detection and load switching
- Smart Hub with integrated sensors, task light and fan
- Transactional software implemented for various components
- Field test planned for April 2017 in FLEXLAB at LBNL.

**Market Impact:** Interviewed building owners interested in personal workstation control to reduce **hot and cold calls** and get distributed **sensor data**. IoT devices are becoming more common and allow easy **integration** into i-SPACE. Indian team (IIIT-H) is starting to use VOLTTRON for their integrated control. Potential for new **contributions to VOLTTRON** open source software.

**Lessons Learned:** Building occupants don't 'want' Demand Response capabilities. They want a comfortable workspace that they can control. Building owners want both productive/happy employees and grid connected capabilities like Demand Response enabled buildings.

# Project Integration and Collaboration

## Project Integration:

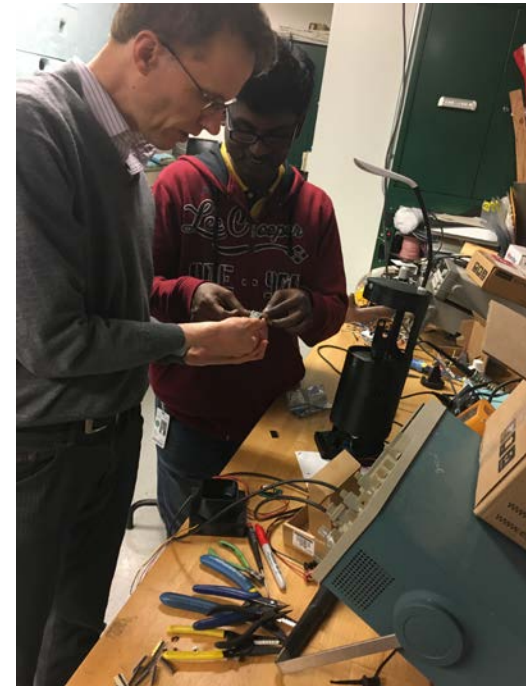
- Weekly calls with Indian and US research partners
- Visiting student and professor from India in Summer 2016 and Winter 2017
- Testing of algorithms and technology in India and US

## Partners, Subcontractors, and Collaborators:

- Lighting Research Center at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute
- International Institute of Information Technology, Hyderabad, India
- Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad
- Philips Research

## Communications:

- Volttron Users Meeting presentations
- UC Berkeley iCorps
- CBERD Industry Partners Forum
- 2 Papers on smart powerstrip



LBNL and IIT-H researchers assembling a Smart Hub

# Next Steps and Future Plans

## Next Steps and Future Plans:

- In April 2017 we will start an occupied testbed study at LBNL's FLEXLAB facility. This experiment will incorporate all the technologies mentioned in this presentation. We will measure the energy consumption and load reduction, while evaluating the occupants response and satisfaction
- Based on lessons learned from the iCorps project about the customer segments and value propositions we plan to target certain business segments for commercialization.



FLEXLAB Facility at LBNL

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# REFERENCE SLIDES



# Project Budget

## Project Budget:

~FY 13-14: \$125K for overall coordination and activity on transactional controls, \$50K on activity on lighting

~FY 15-17: \$150K for overall coordination and activity on transactional controls, \$50K on activity on lighting

## Variances:

Budget above includes additional 25K provided for FY 15-17 for overall coordination after three original sub-tasks combined in FY15



**-Cost to Date:** Total funds till date: 750K, cost to date: \$690K

**Additional Funding:** NA

## Budget History

Oct 2012– FY 2016 (past)		FY 2017 (current)		FY 2018 – Sept 2018	
DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share
750 K <small>* Total expected funding</small>	385 K	200K (expected)	75K		

# Project Plan and Schedule

Project Schedule																								
Project Start: 10/1/12	Completed Work																							
Projected End: 9/30/17	Active Task (in progress work)																							
	 Milestone/Deliverable (Originally Planned)																							
	 Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)																							
	FY2013				FY2014				FY2015				FY2016				FY2017							
	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju	Q1 (O	Q2 (Ja	Q3 (Ap	Q4 (Ju
Task 3: Integrated Sensors and Controls																								
FY2016 Q3 Milestone, Subtask 3.2: Optimal load-shedding algorithms for task-ambient lighting systems developed [RPI]																								
FY2016 Q4 Milestone, Subtask 3.1: VOLTRON Transactional Network controller developed for workstation energy management; coordinated control of HVAC, lighting, and plug load components demonstrated through full range of operating modes[LBNL]																								
FY2016 Q4 Milestone, Subtask 3.1: Sensors and controls embedded in office furniture systems [IIT]																								
FY2016 Q4 Milestone, Subtask 3.3: GRB model including CBERD technology data tested [IIMA]																								
FY2016 Q4 Milestone, Subtask 3.1: On screen GUI for occupant controls developed [IIIT]																								
FY2017 Q1 Milestone, Subtask 3.2: Methods to trade-off light-source color properties and input power developed [RPI]																								
FY2017 Q2 Milestone, Subtask 3.1: Initial lab-based proof-of-concept of integrated control of lighting, plug loads, and thermal zone-level comfort conditioning. verifying that switching building to backup power leads to >10% decrease in zone+workstation power use [LBNL]																								
FY2017 Q2 Milestone: 3.1 Initial lab-based proof-of-concept of integrated control of lighting, plug loads, and thermal zone-level thermal comfort conditioning [LBNL & IIIT],																								
FY2017 Q2 Milestone: 3.3 Finalization of GRB model [IIMA]																								
FY2017 Q2 Milestone: 3.2 Develop methods to trade-off light-source color properties and input power [RPI]																								