### A HISTORICAL ANALYSIS OF THE CO-EVOLUTION OF GASOLINE OCTANE NUMBER AND SPARK-IGNITION ENGINES

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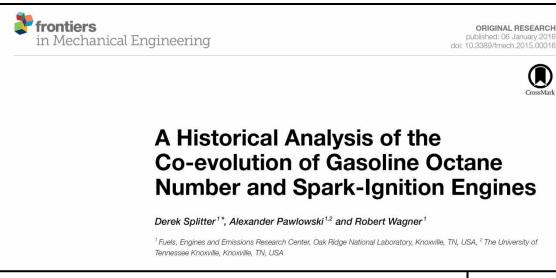
Sustainable Transportation Summit, July 12, 2016





#### FURTHER DETAIL AND SOURCES AVAILABLE IN FRONTIERS AND SAE MANUSCRIPTS

- Open Access
- Article and data are available for free download at:
- http://journal.frontiersin. org/article/10.3389/fmec h.2015.00016/full



2015 SAE paper

SI Engine Trends: A Historical Analysis with Future
Projections

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### TRANSPORTATION FACES UNIQUE CHALLENGING CRITERIA

 3 criteria in light-duty market Regulation

CAFE Security

Safety Emissions

EPA

Fuels

Adoption

Technical

Implementation

Fundamentals

Engineering

Deployment

Scalability

Control

 Practical useful research and products must address all areas simultaneously

Convenience
Cost Safety
Durability
Consumer

#### MEETING THE DESIGN CRITERIA HAS BEEN THOUGH GASOLINE ENGINES

US LD market is 99% gasoline powered

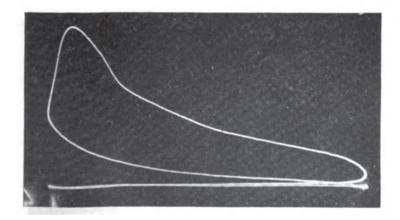
 All 3 rings must address gasoline and gasoline engines

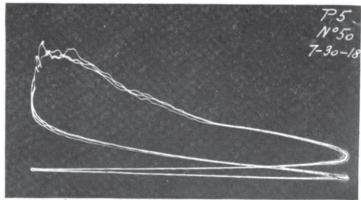
**EPA 2014 LD Trends** 



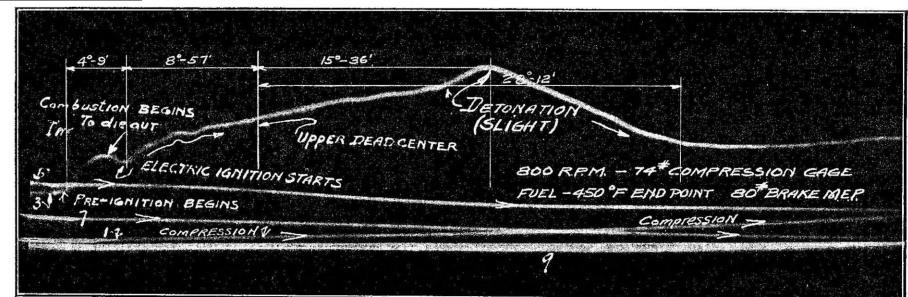
### KNOCK FUNDAMENTALLY LIMITS COMPRESSION RATIO, IT HAS BEEN KNOWN AND STUDIED FOR A CENTURY, IT IS STILL AS RELEVANT TODAY AS THEN

**Automotive** Industries, Volume 38, 1918





SAE 190067



### EARLY KNOCK STUDIES WERE ABLE TO CORRELATE KNOCK TO FUEL KINETIC FUNDAMENTALS AND PROPERTIES

In 1923 Harry Horning summarized the major work of the previous 8
years towards understanding knock and compression ratio SAE 230033

Work indicated an accurate general understanding of fuel chemical kinetics

- "1. The reaction coefficient, which is characteristic of a fuel and is related entirely to the force diagram in which the electrons of the fuel are arranged"
- "2. Some power of the density of the fuel in the mixture"
- "3. Some power of the absolute temperature"

Fuels "composed of paraffines, which seem to be the least stable of all our common fuels...large molecules that are also considered less stable than the lighter, simpler ones."



# HISTORY HAS SHOWN CLOSE COUPLING BETWEEN FUEL OCTANE, EFFICIENCY, AND PERFORMANCE, DEVELOPMENT IS TIME SENSITIVE, 5 DEFINED "AGES"

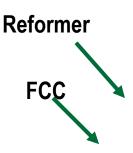


### **Fuel Improvements**



### HISTORICALLY AKI INCREASE ENABLED $C_R$ INCREASE, BUT RECENT DIVERGENCE

- Desire to raise r<sub>c</sub>
  - Until ~1930 r<sub>c</sub> ~4:1
  - FCC invented 1915
    - \$ prohibitive pre-WWII
  - Catalytic Reformer invented ~1949
    - HO# from LO# naphtha
    - Deployed at scale in mid 1950's
  - TEL, discovered as AKI additive in 1922
    - Dichloroethane and dibromoethane added in 1928 and deployed at scale
    - lead oxides halogenides



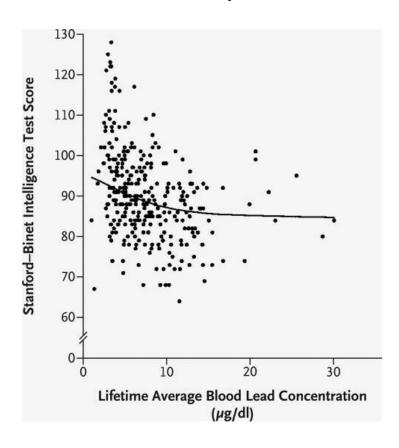




### LEAD TOXICITY HAS BEEN KNOWN FOR CENTURIES, LEAD EXPOSURE TO CHILDREN REDUCES IQ, STRONG SOCIETAL IMPACT AS ADULTS

#### Children's IQ scores

#### **Lead usage & murder rate (21 year lag)**



Canfeild et al., N Engl J Med., 2003

Nevin, Environmental Research, 2000



### **Power Wars**



# FUEL REFINING IMPROVEMENTS AND TEL ENABLED HIGH OCTANE NUMBER, ENGINES AND SOCIETY ADAPTED



#### WITH NO REGULATION AND INEXPENSIVE HO FUEL, POWER INCREASED

- Without regulation power was king
  - Customers & technology without regulation
  - Power peak in 1960's
  - Poor FE, and emissions
    - Looming reg. in 1969 (CARB) and 1970 EPA

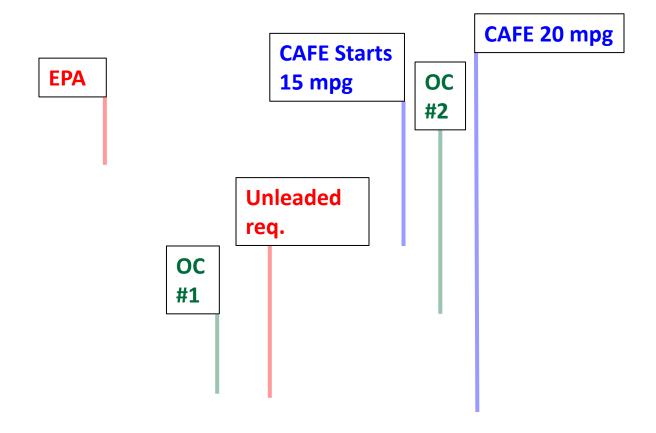
Recovery of C<sub>r</sub> and power of 1960's peak took ~30 years



### Regulation



# THE 1970'S BROUGHT A DYNAMIC LANDSCAPE AND MANY SIGNIFICANT CHALLENGES TO PERSONAL MOBILITY



### **Digital Age**



# DIGITAL AGE TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT CONTINUED EVEN WITH CONSTANT CAFE REGULATION, DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE INCREASE CONTINUED

- Technology has improved significantly, driven by emissions regulations (TWC)
- Enabled <u>"do more with less"</u> for engines, active knock control
- Fuel was cheap

EIA

EPA 2014 LD Trends; CRC 548, 566, 587, 619



#### FUEL ECONOMY IS NOT ONLY AN ENGINE FUNCTION, VEHICLE DESIGN ALSO ADAPTS

By ~2005, HP Cr and weight returned to their pre-regulation levels, but then compliant

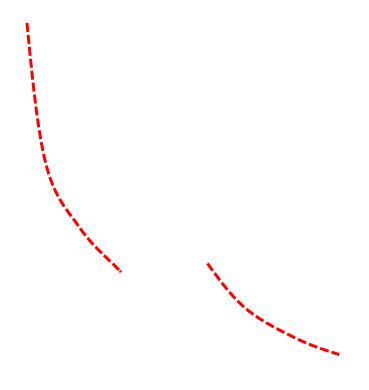
### **Overarching Historical Trends**



#### TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY IS STRONGLY TIME DEPENDENT

Since ~1980 is the only time in history where HP, Cr, and TE improve, while AKI decreases

### NORMALIZE WEIGHT BY FUEL ECONOMY, TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY



Physically cannot go negative

**TE not fully** capturing governing market trend

# EXCELLENT EVOLUTIONARY TREND CAN BE ACHIEVED IF SELECT DATA ARE REMOVED FROM THE ANALYSIS

- Cut WWII (no production) & 1952-1980 "power wars" & "reg."
  - Flat trend in TE/HP ignored
- Exponential decay is an excellent fit!
- Completely nonphysical in time
  - Shows

     imbalanced
     development
     hinders
     progress



# CO2 age (Forward projections)

# GOING FORWARD THE TREND BECOMES INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT/EXPENSIVE TO MAINTAIN

- Increasingly difficult to maintain trajectory
- Currently downsize & downspeed



## HISTORICAL STEP CHANGES TO COMPRESSION RATIO WERE ENABLED BY **AKI** STEP CHANGES

- Two major Cr increasing step changes observed
  - TEL in 1930's
  - catalyticreformer in1950's-1960's
- One major Cr step change down
  - 1970's emissions
- If a step upward change is desired or needed, what is a deployable option today?



# MID-LEVEL ETHANOL ENABLES MATCHED FINISHED PRODUCT AND BASESTOCK AKI TO HIGHEST HISTORICAL OCTANE NUMBER FUELS (TEL)

- Matched finished product AKI to 1960's averages (maximum ever)
- Back solved for basestock required using
  - TEL (actual, historical)
  - Ethanol (theoretical, today)
- E15 regular
  - existing vehicle compatibility
- E25 premium
  - UL pump compatibility
- 87AKI E0 with E25 splash for reference



#### **SUMMARY AND LESSONS LEARNED**

- There is a fundamental connection between engine efficiency and fuels AKI
- History illustrates that the co-evolution of engine efficiency and fuel antiknock has been very strong, recent trend is fuel AKI stagnation
- The co-evolutionary trajectory of fuel economy, engines, and vehicles displays exponential behavior
- History has also showed that there must be the proper balance between technology and regulation to with consumer preference to maintain trajectory
  - improper balance causes the overall developmental progress to stagnate
- Today CAFE regulation presents a need to rapidly change fuel economy
- Step changes to improve fuel anti-knock historically enabled disturbances to the evolutionary trajectory, this can be replicated today
  - Employing proven fuels, there is the possibility of creating positive modern disturbances to the co-evolutionary trajectory



### **QUESTIONS?**

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