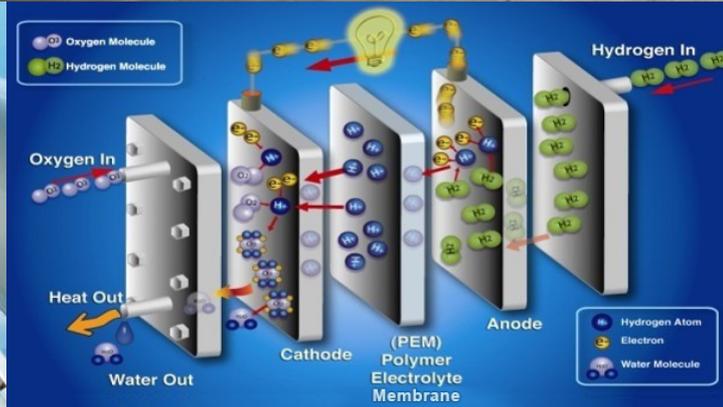


U.S. Department of Energy Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY | Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy



H₂USA Breakout Session Introduction and Objectives

Washington, DC

July 12, 2016

Dr. Sunita Satyapal

Director
Fuel Cell Technologies Office
U.S. Department of Energy

Reduce GHG emissions by 17% by 2020, 26-28% by 2025 and 83% by 2050 from 2005 baseline Climate Action Plan

By 2035, generate 80% of electricity from a diverse set of clean energy resources Blueprint Secure Energy Future

Double energy productivity by 2030 Department of Energy

Reduce net oil imports by half by 2020 from a 2008 baseline Blueprint Secure

Reduce CO₂ emissions by **3 billion metric tons** cumulatively by 2030 through efficiency standards set between 2009 and 2016

CAP Progress Report

All-of-the-Above Energy Strategy



*“We’ve got to invest in a serious, sustained, **all-of-the-above energy strategy** that develops every resource available for the 21st century.”*

- President Barack Obama

*“As part of an **all-of-the-above energy approach, fuel cell technologies** are paving the way to competitiveness in the global clean energy market and to new jobs and business creation across the country.”*

*- Secretary Moniz,
U.S. Department of Energy*

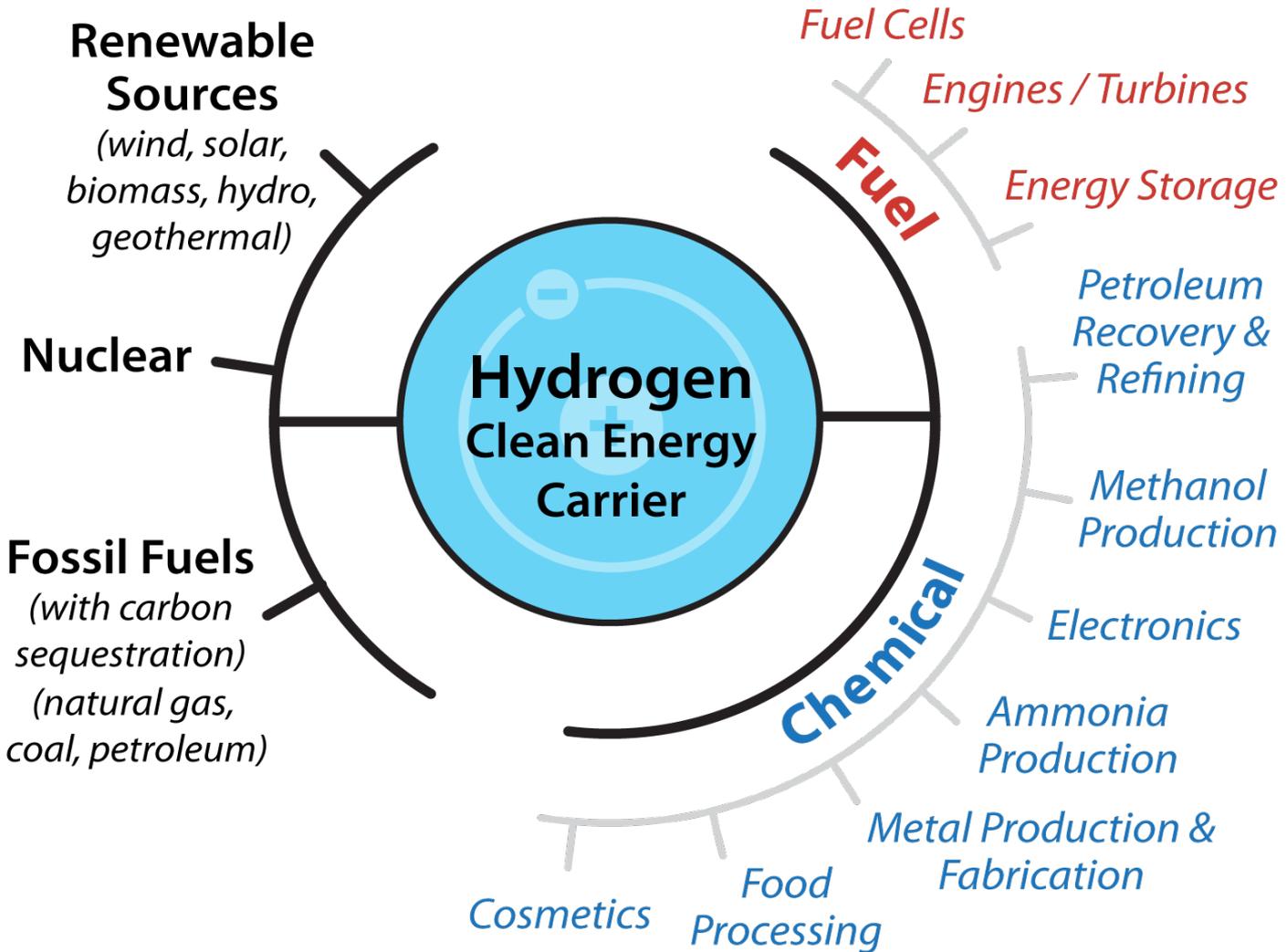


Secretary Moniz at DC Auto Show

Hydrogen- An energy carrier feedstock

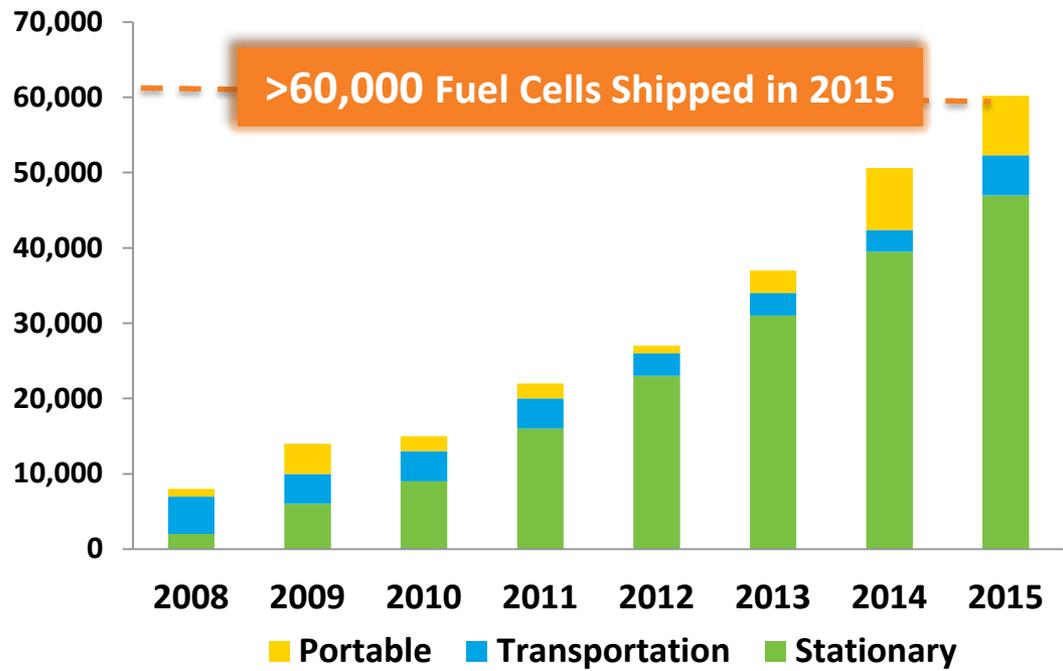
Diverse Energy Sources

Diverse Applications



Fuel Cells Market Overview

Fuel Cell Systems Shipped Worldwide by Application



Source: Navigant Research (2008-2013) & E4tech (2014, 2015)

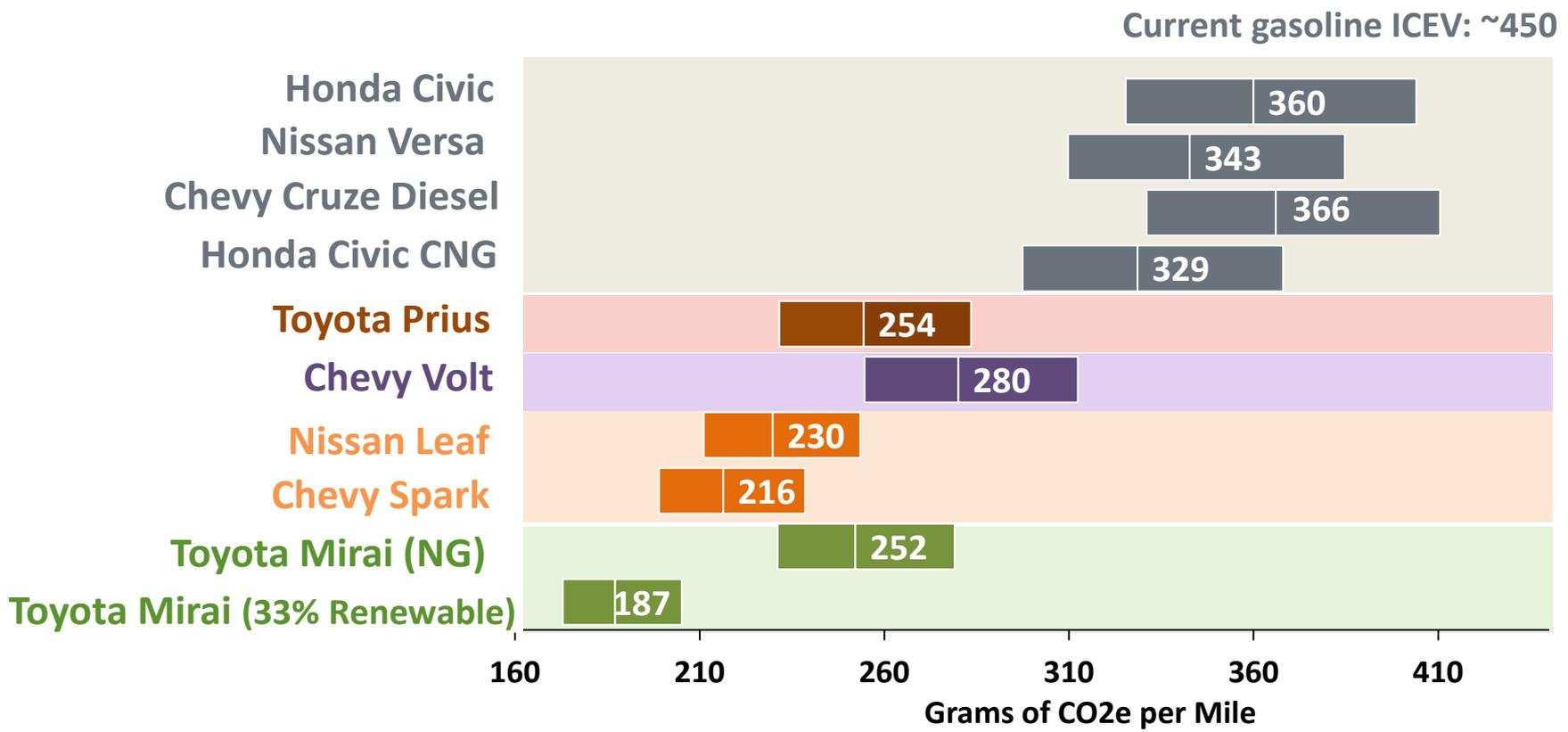
- Consistent **~30%** annual growth since 2010
- Global Market Potential in 10- 20 years*
 - \$14B – \$31B/yr for stationary power
 - \$11B /yr for portable power
 - \$18B – \$97B/yr for transportation

*Fuel Cell Economic Development Plan, Connecticut Center for Advanced Technology, Inc. January 2008

Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles (FCEVs) are here – more to come



Low, Medium & High GHGs/Mile for 2015 Technology



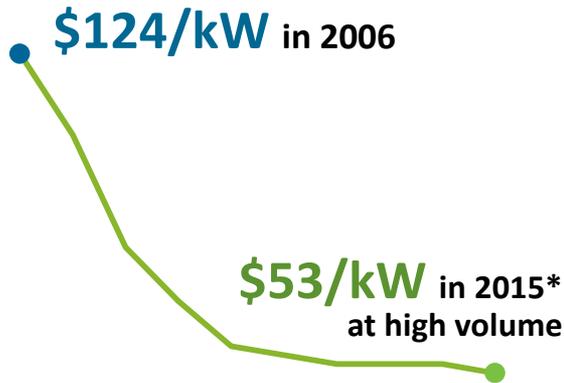
DOE FCTO Activities: RDD&D



1. Research & Development

Fuel Cells

- **>50% decrease in cost since 2006**
- **5X less platinum**
- **4X increase in durability**



2. Demonstration

Forklifts, back-up power, airport cargo trucks, parcel delivery vans, marine APUs, buses, mobile lighting, refuse trucks

>220 FCEVs, >30 stations, >6M miles traveled

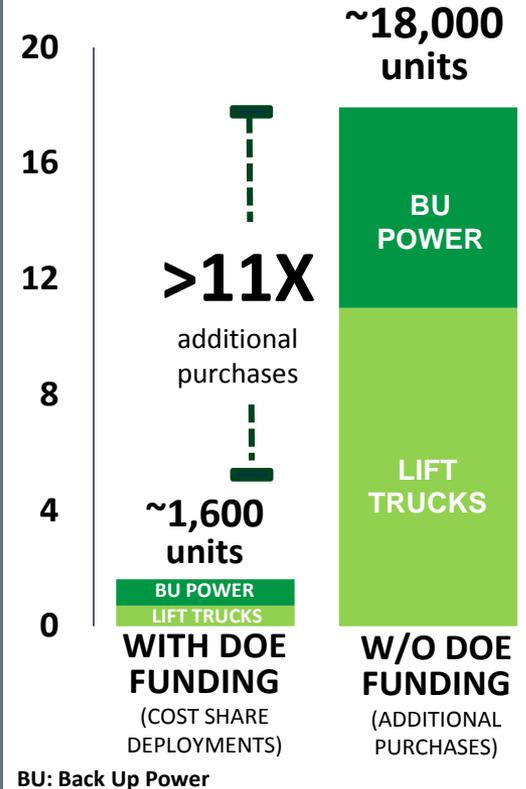
World's first tri-gen station



FCEV: Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle



3. Deployment



Examples of consortia supporting R&D



Advanced H₂ Storage Materials



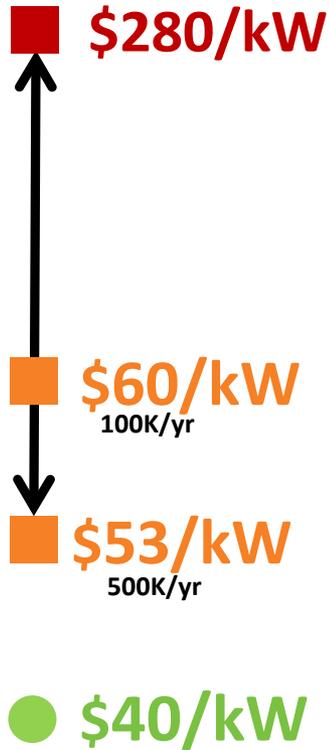
Supporting Deployment



Public-Private Partnership to address H₂ Infrastructure Barriers

DOE Cost Targets and Status

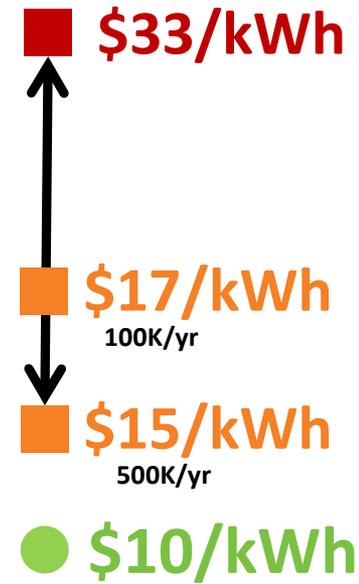
Fuel Cell System



H₂ Production, Delivery & Dispensing



Onboard H₂ Storage (700-bar compressed system)



● 2020 Targets

■ High-Volume Projection

■ Low-Volume Estimate

Key Challenges- Examples

- PGM loading
- Catalyst and membrane durability
- Electrode performance and durability

- Efficiency and Reliability
- Feedstock and Capital Costs
- Compression, Storage and Dispensing (CSD) Costs

- Carbon fiber precursors and conversion
- Composite/resin materials
- BOP and assembly costs

*Based on Electrolysis **Based on NG SMR

**What can we learn
from early gasoline
infrastructure?**

Many diverse options

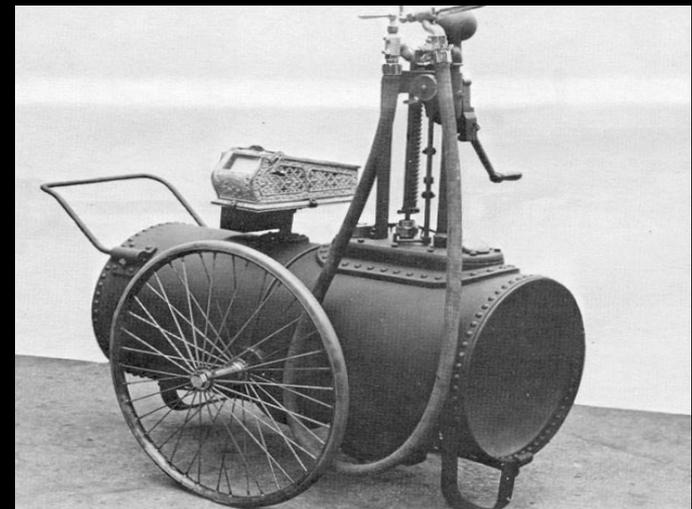
Cans, barrels, home models, mobile refuelers



Source: M. Melaina 2008.

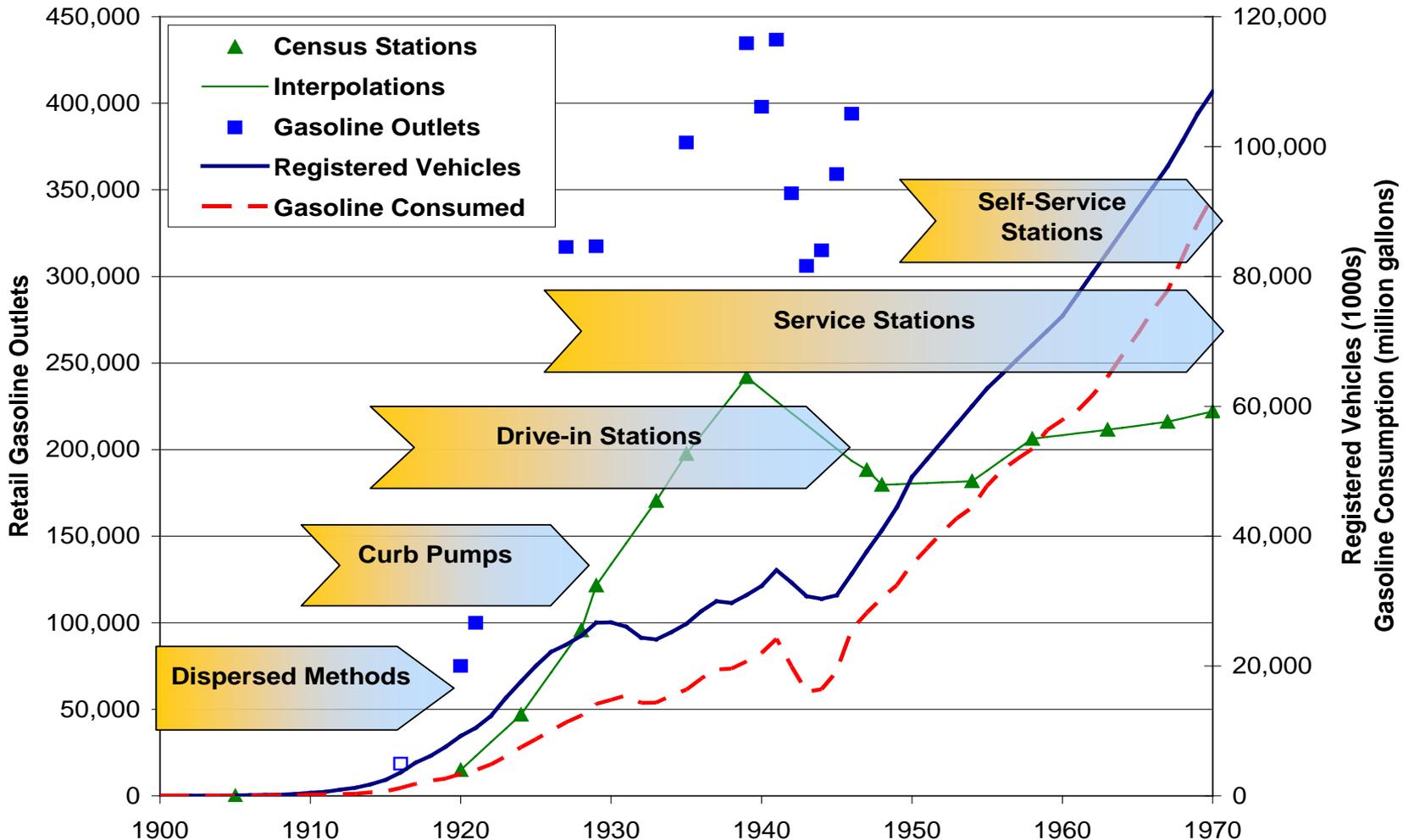


Source: Vieyra, 1979



Source: Milkues, 1978

Examples of Gasoline Refueling Methods



Source: Turn of the Century Refueling: A Review of Innovations in Early Gasoline Refueling Methods and Analogies for Hydrogen (Melaina 2007)

History shows phased introduction of different refueling methods

Global Landscape: Examples of Infrastructure Activities



Japan

Hydrogen Supply/Utilization Technology (HySUT)

- 2016 Status: ~80 stations & >570 FCEVs
- Goals: FCEVs 40K by 2020, 200K by 2025, 800K by 2030
 Stations: 160 by 2020, 320 by 2025, 900 by 2030



Germany

H2Mobility

- 2016 Status: >40 stations & >100 FCEVs
- Goals: Stations- 100 by 2018-2019 and 400 by 2023



UK

UKH2Mobility

- 2016 Status: 16 stations and 12 fuel cell electric buses (FCEBs)
- Goals: 65 H2 Stations by 2020



Denmark
 Norway
 Sweden

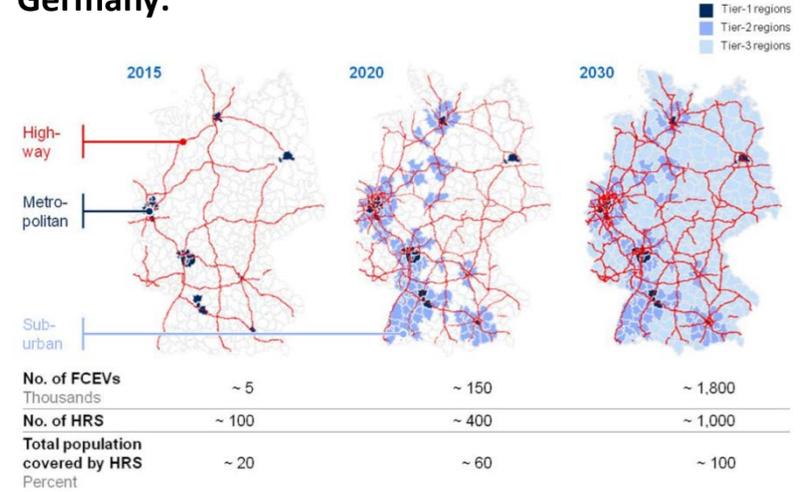
Scandinavian H2 Highway Partnership (SHHP)

- 2016 Status: ~20 stations, >70 FCEVs
- 45 H₂ stations and a fleet of ~1K vehicles.
- Projects include H2Moves Scandinavia and Next Move

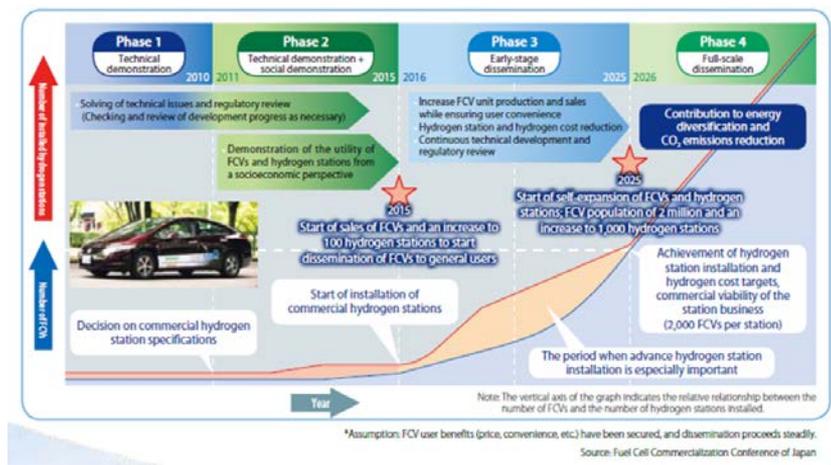
*Korea and France also have plans to accelerate hydrogen and FCEV market

Examples of Roadmaps

Germany:



Japan:



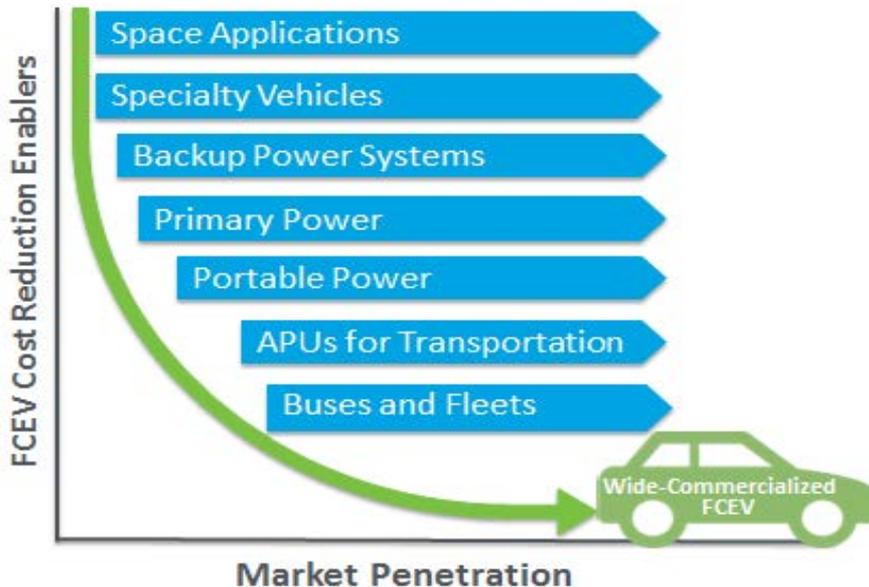
International partnerships established to accelerate hydrogen infrastructure

Cost
Volume
Availability

Early Market Strategies Increase Volume

Early Markets enable:

- Fuel cell **cost reduction**
- Robust **supply base**
- Emerging **infrastructure**
- Customer **acceptance**



Early Markets Applications Deployed in the U.S.

- >1,300 fuel cell systems **deployed**
- **MHE** (Material Handling Equipment) with >2M hrs. of operation
- Backup power for 1,000 unscheduled system **disruptions**



Hydrogen & Fuel Cells Budget

Key Activity	FY 15	FY 16	FY17
	(\$ in thousands)		
	Approp.	Approp.	Request
Fuel Cell R&D	33,000	35,000	35,000
Hydrogen Fuel R&D ¹	35,200	41,050	44,500
Manufacturing R&D	3,000	3,000	3,000
Systems Analysis	3,000	3,000	3,000
Technology Validation	11,000	7,000	7,000
Safety, Codes and Standards	7,000	7,000	10,000
Market Transformation	3,000	3,000	3,000
Technology Acceleration	0	0	13,000 ²
NREL Site-wide Facilities Support	1,800	1,900	N/A
Total	97,000	100,950	105,500

**Emphasis
in FY17
Request**

¹Hydrogen Fuel R&D includes Hydrogen Production & Delivery R&D and Hydrogen Storage R&D

²Combines Manufacturing R&D, Technology Validation, Market Transformation.

FY17 Pending Appropriations (Senate mark: \$92M, House: \$97M)

Examples relevant to H2@Scale:

Senate:

- \$7M to demonstrate an integrated hydrogen renewable energy production, storage, and transportation fuel distribution and retailing system.

House:

- \$2M for the EERE share of the integrated energy systems work with the Office of Nuclear Energy and \$7M to enable integrated energy systems using high and low temperature electrolyzers with the intent of advancing the H2@Scale concept.

Pending final appropriations

- **Provide an overview of H2USA** activities in addressing H₂ infrastructure challenges and H₂ supplier perspectives
- **Introduce H2@Scale concept and potential** for penetration of renewables
- **Provide grid/utility and end user perspectives on H2@Scale**
- **Share stakeholder feedback on H2@Scale opportunities and remaining questions**

Thank You

Dr. Sunita Satyapal

Director

Fuel Cell Technologies Office

Sunita.Satyapal@ee.doe.gov

hydrogenandfuelcells.energy.gov