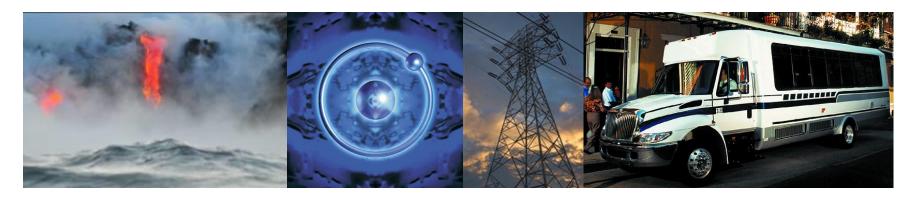
Hawaii Hydrogen Projects Status & Lessons Learned



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Hawaii Natural Energy Institute

Organized Research Unit in the School of Ocean and Earth Science and Technology, University of Hawaii at Manoa

Alternative Fuels: Biomass and biofuels

Electrochemical Power Systems

Fuels Cells, Batteries

Renewable Power Generation

Ocean Energy

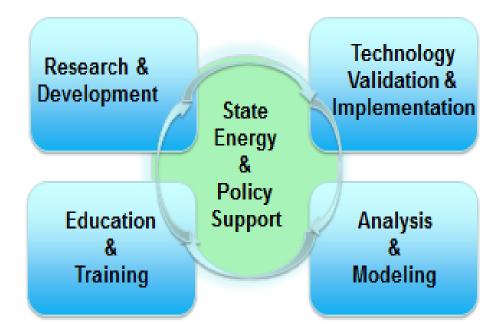
Photovoltaics

Energy Efficiency

Building technology Sea Water Air Conditioning

Systems Integration

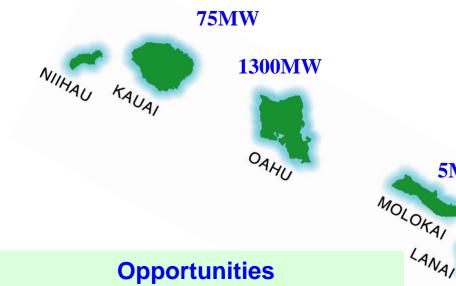
- Grid modeling and analysis
- Smart grid development
- Grid-scale storage



- \$20 million extramural funding
- 70 staff

In Hawaii High Percentages of Intermittent Renewable Resources Creates Problems for Grid Systems

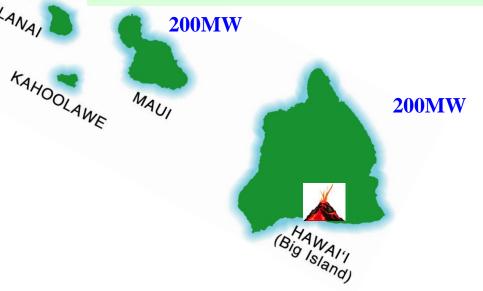
5MW



- ✓ Good renewable resource mix;
- ✓ High electricity costs; and
- ✓ Grid issues.
- Provide unique opportunity for validation and deployment of new renewable and enabling technologies.

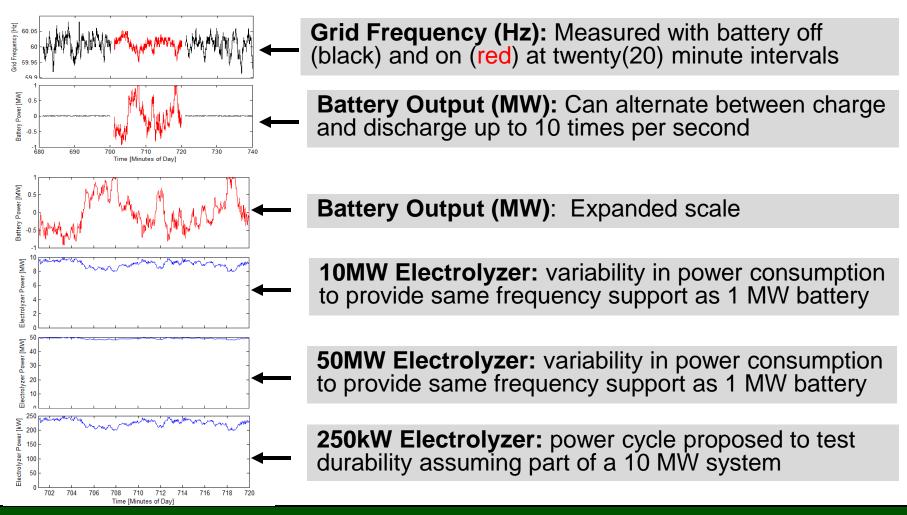
Challenges

- Significant transmission and distribution issues;
- Substantive difference between peak load vs. base load;
- Small grid systems with no interisland connections;
- These issues lead to significant curtailment of renewable energy.





Electrolyzer vs. BESS Management of Grid Frequency



Frequency variability on 150MW grid system reduced with a 1MW, 250kwh fast BESS. Same power range as 1MW BESS easily achieved with 'low' stress and good CAPEX utilization using MW-scale electrolyzers.

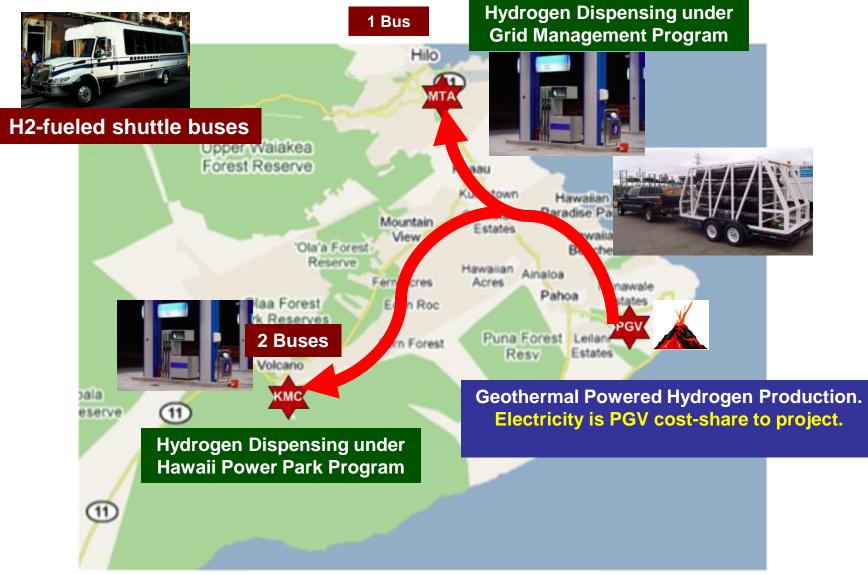
Big Island Program Objective:

Evaluate Hydrogen Energy Systems for Grid Management

- Demonstrate the use of electrolyzers to mitigate the impacts of intermittent renewable energy by regulating grid frequency;
- Characterize performance/durability of commercially available electrolyzers under dynamic load conditions;
- Supply hydrogen to shuttle buses operated by County of Hawaii Mass Transit Agency, and Hawaii Volcanoes National Park;
- Conduct performance/cost analysis to identify benefits of integrated system including grid Ancillary Services & offgrid revenue streams; and
- Evaluate effect on reducing overall hydrogen costs offset by value-added revenue streams.
- ✓ First step in developing hydrogen infrastructure.



Central Site Production/Distributed Dispensing





Containerized Hydrogen Equipment Reduces On-Site Installation Time/Costs

✓ Autonomous Data Acquisition, Monitoring & Control System

- All systems capable of being remotely monitored and operated through a system of sensors, remotely operated valves, & circuit breakers;
- Safety systems are independent and hardwired to active elements;

✓ Hydrogen Production & Compression Module

- Integrated into 40' ISO container
- Proton 65 kg/day electrolyzer system
- HydroPac Compressor
- Control system

✓ Hydrogen Dispensing System

- > Hydrogen tube trailer 105 kg H2 @ 450 bar
- Hydrogen fueling post interfaces between tube trailer & dispenser;
- Hydrogen "smart" dispenser

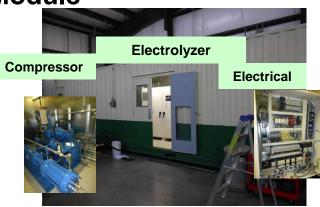


Fueling Post





Dispenser





H2 Trailer

Hawaii Volcanoes National Park Shuttle Bus





Oahu H2 Projects





DoD/GM Equinox FCEV Deployment

- ✓ GM selected Hawaii as a location to roll out its FCEV fleet (H2I)
- ✓ 15 GM Equinox FC vehicles leased by DoD and deployed among the Air Force, Navy, and Army
- ✓ Hydrogen fueling infrastructure deployed at 3 bases
 - > Hickam Air Force Base:
 - 65 kg/d electrolysis system, 700 bar fueling
 - Powered by wind (50 kw) & PV (180 kw)
 - Schofield Army Base:
 - 65 kg/d electrolysis system, 700 bar "Fast Fill"
 - > Marine Corps Base Hawaii:
 - 12 kg/d electrolysis system, 700 bar "Fast Fill" fueling
 - Grid powered
 - Hydrogen transport trailer to augment hydrogen supply



"Tip of the lceberg"



- \$700,000+ for site improvements;
 - Extensive below grade work & materials;
 - Grounding requirements;
 - Underground conduits reduce separation distances
- Can gas station owners support this level of investment?
- How many hydrogen fills to break even?



Infrastructure Costs Too Much



\$100,000 Transformer Upgrade



Lessons Learned: Technical

✓ Equipment

- Scale up electrolyzers to 2000 kg/day+++
- Scale up compressors to handle large H2 production volumes
- Develop better power supplies
 - More dependable
 - More efficient
- Reduce costs
- ✓ Safety
 - Codes & Standards development process an "anchor" on innovation.
 - Not keeping up with pace of innovation;
 - Either expedite the process or develop an alternative.



Lessons Learned: Non Technical

✓ Choice of 700 bar for Light Duty Vehicles

- Doubles cost of infrastructure;
- Increases cost of dispensed hydrogen.
- Legal profession & insurers slowing the market transformation process:

> Liability & indemnification issues take too long:

- 3rd parties control the pace;
- Why do we need to reinvent the wheel for every project?
- 3.5 years to develop agreements;
- Need "straw man" set of standard terms & conditions;
- Make risk analyses available to insurers and lawyers.
- ✓ No Sense of Urgency!!!!



Plans for Future Projects

- ✓ Let's leverage H2 projects:
 - Eliminate "Fire & Forget" projects;
 - Selection Criteria: "Commitment"
 - Support host site strategic H2 infrastructure development plan.
 - >Invest in outreach. More workshops.
 - >Utilities
 - Legal profession.

