



Diesel Engine Waste Heat Recovery Utilizing Electric Turbocompound Technology



Department of Energy Contract
DE-SC05-00OR-99OR22734

Ulrich Hopmann
Caterpillar Inc.

2004 DEER Conference
August 30-Sept 2, 2004
San Diego, California

Agenda

- Program Objectives and Electric Turbocompound (ETC) System Background
- Update on Component Developments
 - Turbo-shaft generator and crankshaft motor
 - Air handling system
 - Control system
 - Component testing
- Cost/Value Study
- Next Steps and Summary

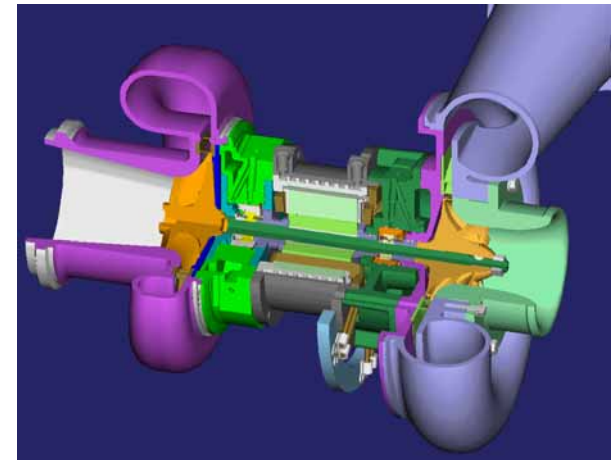
Diesel Electric Turbocompounding (ETC)

- **Primary Objectives:**

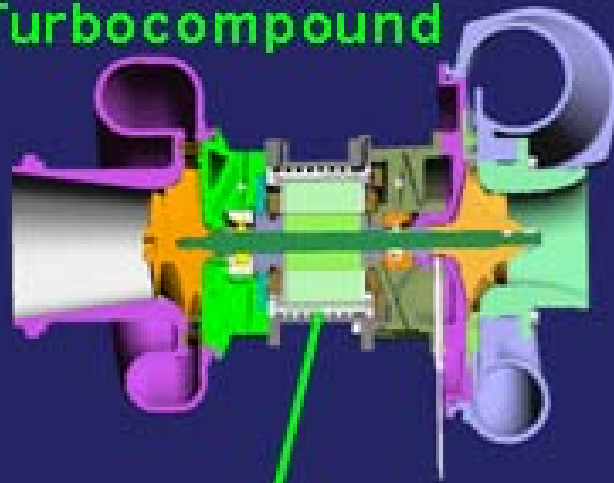
- Demonstrate technical feasibility
- Improve fuel economy

- **Program Goals and Milestones:**

- Conceive and design optimum ETC system
- Develop and bench test turbomachinery
- Develop control system and strategy
- Rig test ETC hardware
- Lab engine test of ETC system



Turbocompound



Modular HVAC

Variable speed compressor more efficient and serviceable
3X more reliable compressor no belts, no valves, no hoses leak-proof refrigerant lines instant electric heat



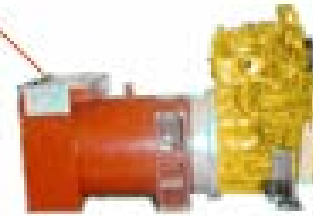
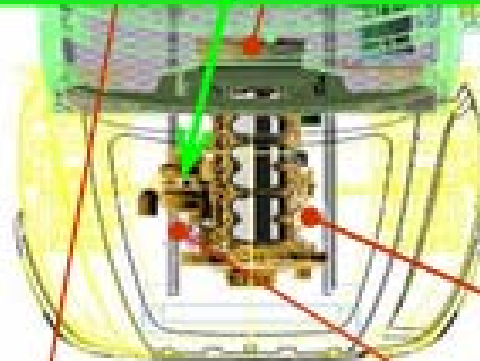
Starter Generator Motor

Beltless engine product differentiation improve systems design flexibility more efficient & reliable accessories



Shore Power and Inverter

Supplies DC Bus Voltage from 120/240 Vac 50/60 Hz Input Supplies 120 Vac outlets from battery or generator power



Auxiliary Power Unit

Supplies DC Bus Voltage when engine is not running - fulfills hotel loads without idling main engine overnight



Down Converter

Supplies 12 V Battery from DC Bus



Compressed Air Module

Supplies compressed air for brakes and ride control



Electric Water Pump

Higher reliability variable speed faster warmup less white smoke lower cold weather emissions



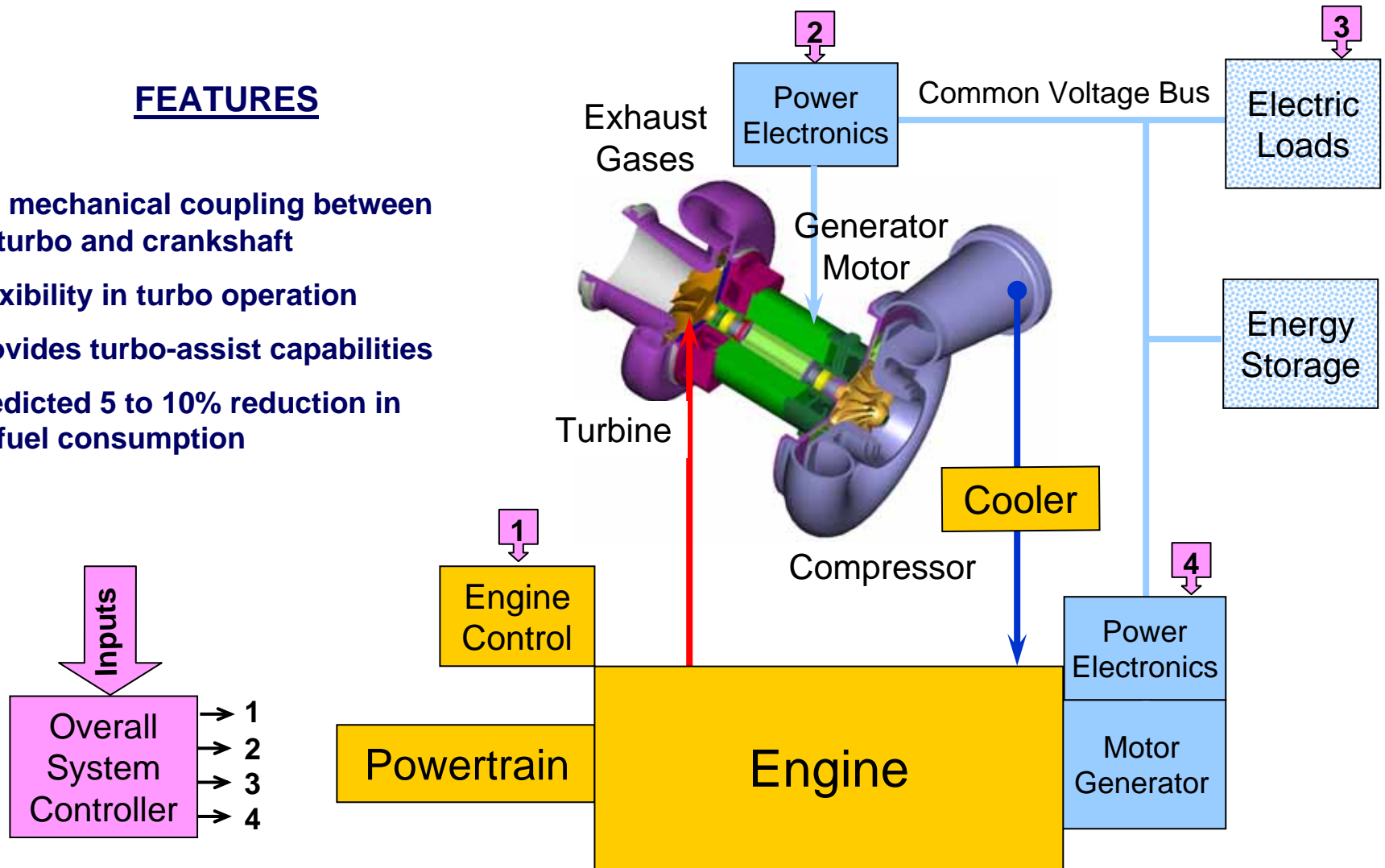
Electric Oil Pump

Variable speed Higher efficiency

Working Principle

FEATURES

- ❑ No mechanical coupling between turbo and crankshaft
- ❑ Flexibility in turbo operation
- ❑ Provides turbo-assist capabilities
- ❑ Predicted 5 to 10% reduction in fuel consumption

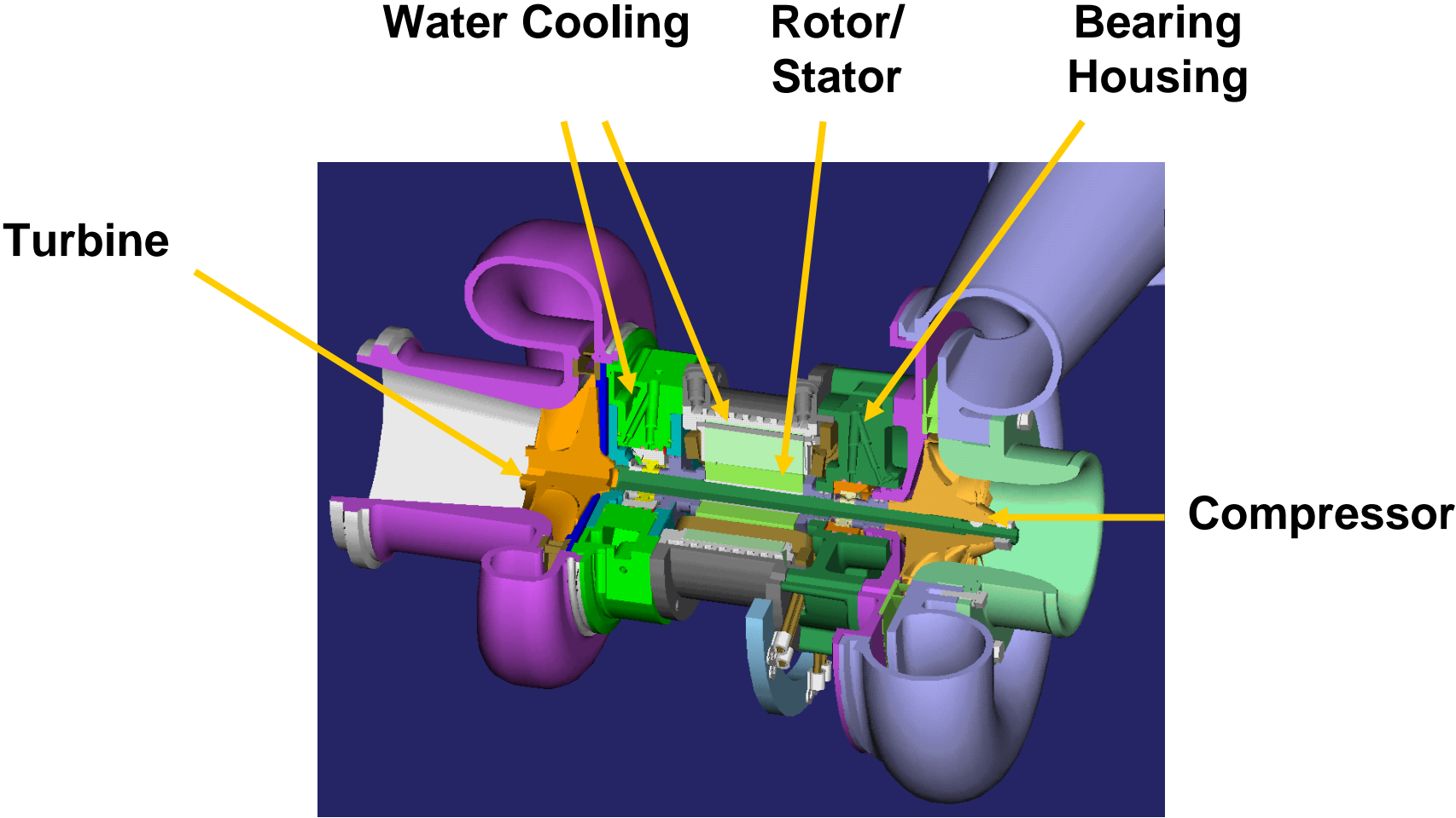


Agenda



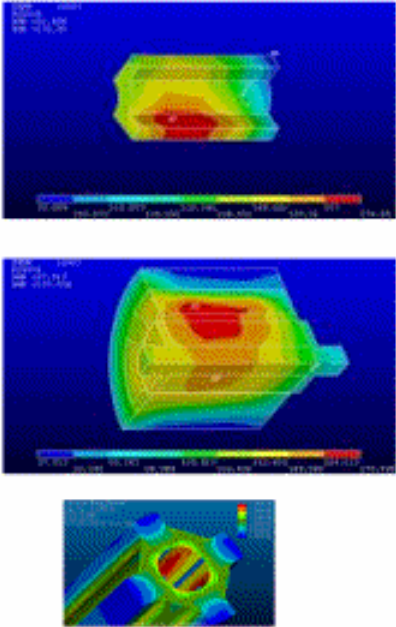
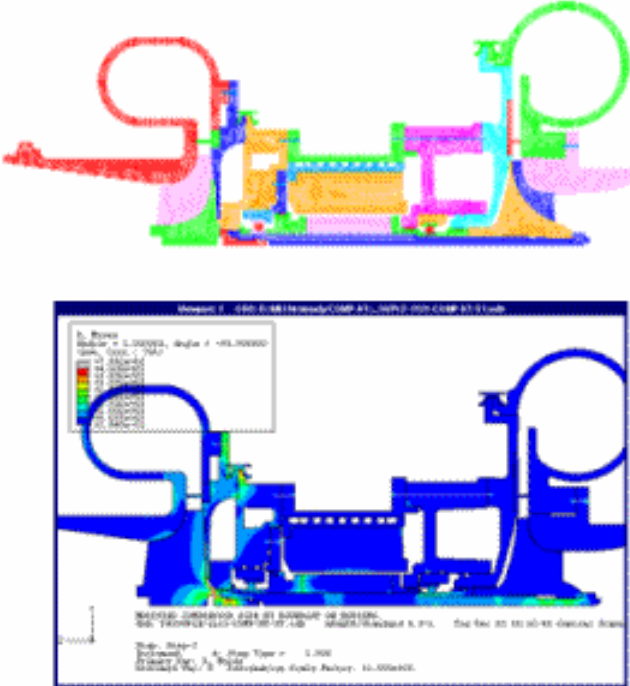
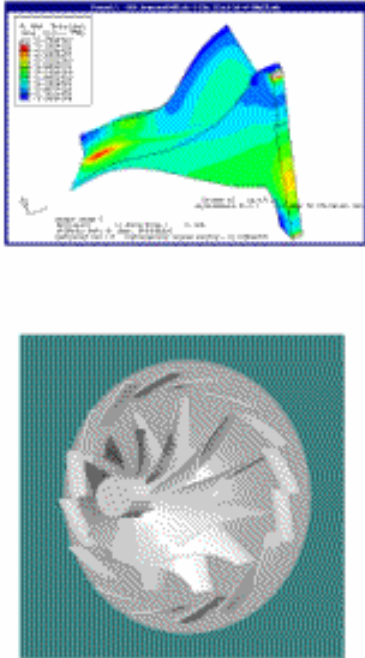
- ❑ Program Objectives
and ETC System Background
- ❑ Update on Component Developments
 - ❑ Turbo-shaft generator and crankshaft motor
 - ❑ Air handling system
 - ❑ Control system
 - ❑ Component testing
- ❑ Cost/Value Study
- ❑ Next Steps and Summary

Final Design



Final Design

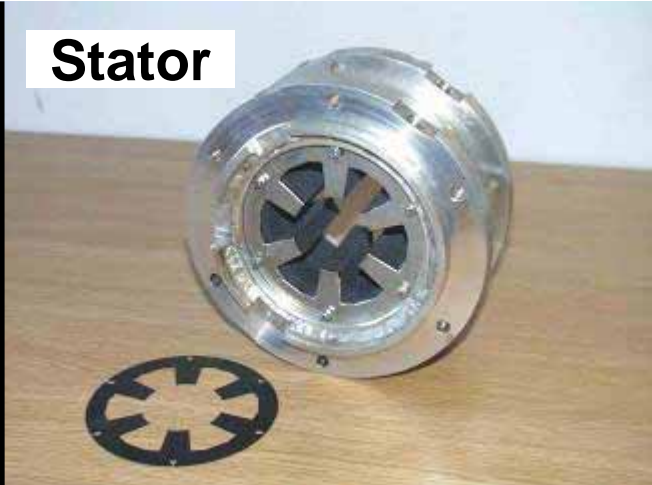


Turbo Shaft M/G	Turbocharger Structure	Aero Components
 <p data-bbox="123 1092 546 1192">Voltage: Voltage: 340 V Power: 40 kW / 60kW Rotor Length: 70 mm</p>		

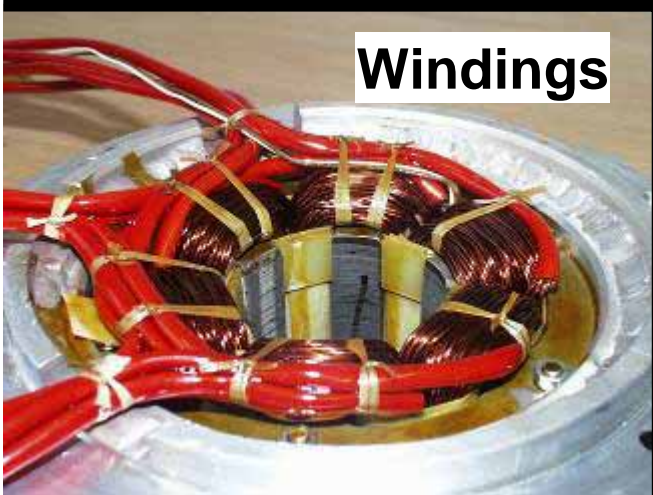
Turbo Shaft – Generator/Motor



Rotor



Stator



Windings

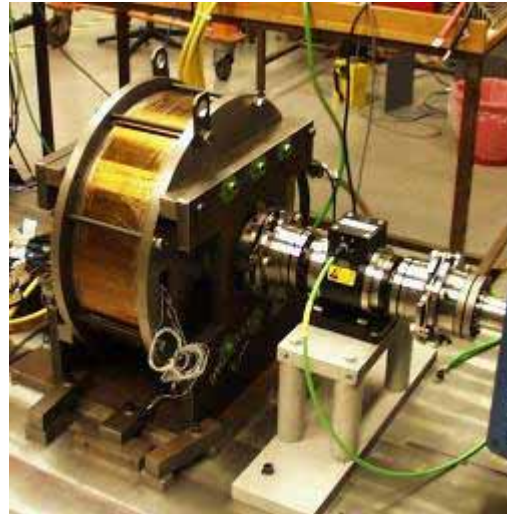


Dyno Testing

Crank Shaft - Motor/Generator



**Flywheel Housing with
Crank Shaft M/G**



340 Vdc Crank Shaft M/G



Electronics

Compressor and Turbine

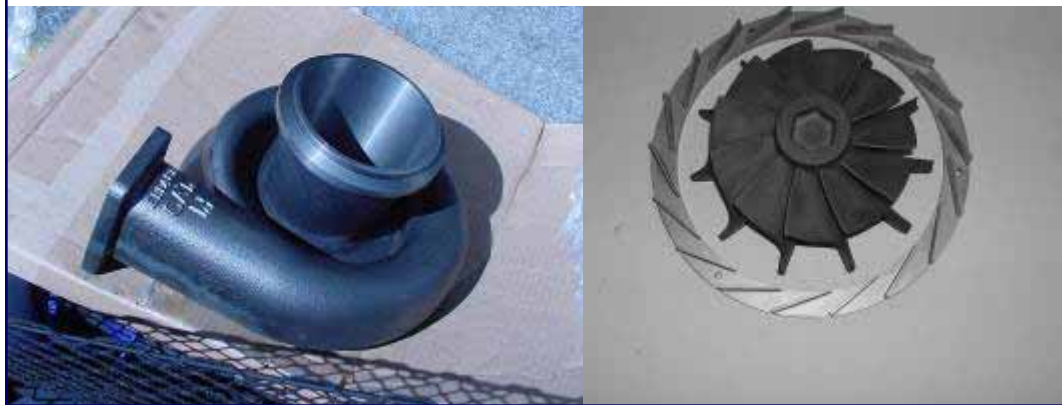
Compressor Scroll and Compressor Wheel with Diffuser



Design Point

- ❑ Pressure Ratio (t-s) 3.1
- ❑ Efficiency (t-s) 82%, max. 85%

Turbine Scroll and Turbine Rotor with Nozzle



Design Point

- ❑ Pressure Ratio (t-s) 3.7
- ❑ Efficiency (t-s) 84%, max. 85%

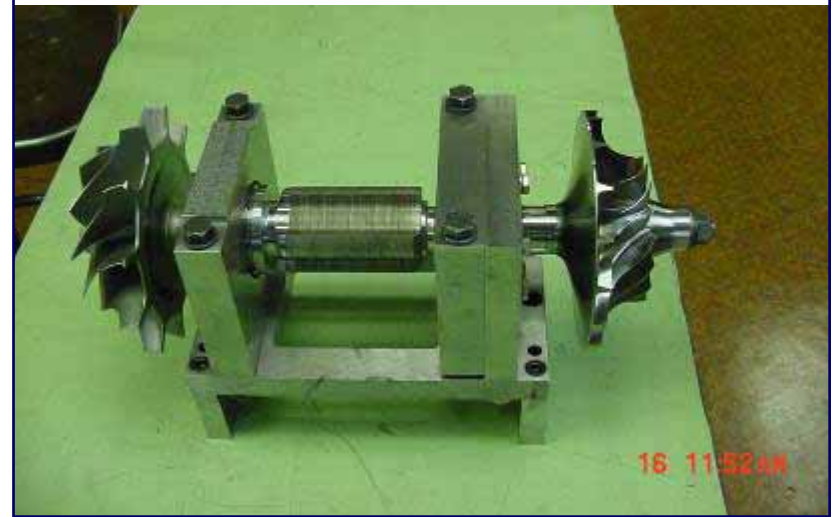
Turbo Shaft & Bearing Housing



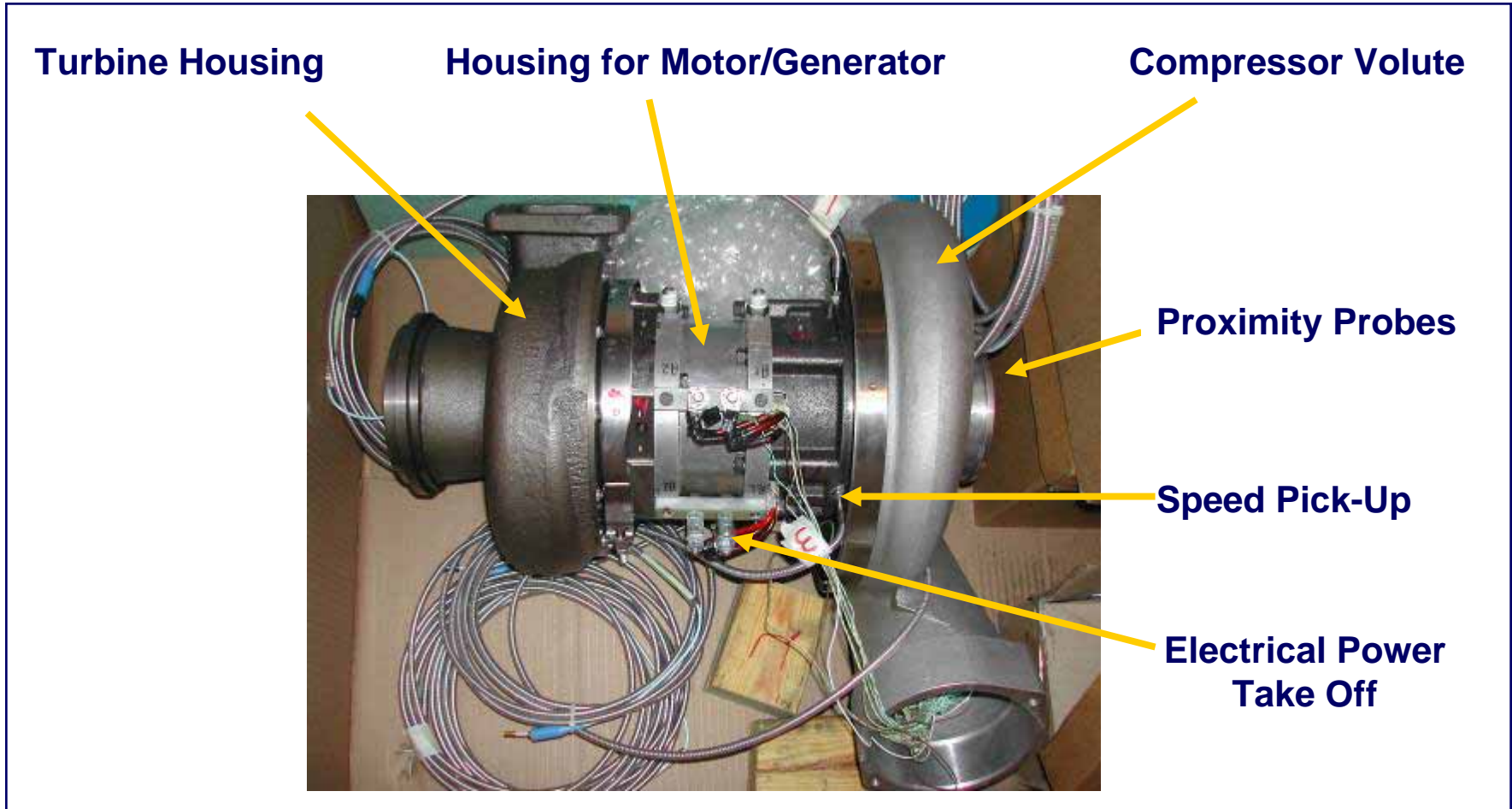
Turbo Shaft w/ Ball Bearings



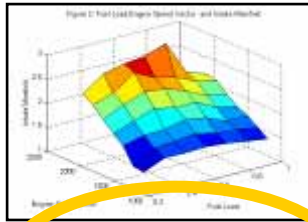
Rotor Assembly with Balancing Fixture



Assembled ETC Turbocharger



ETC Control System

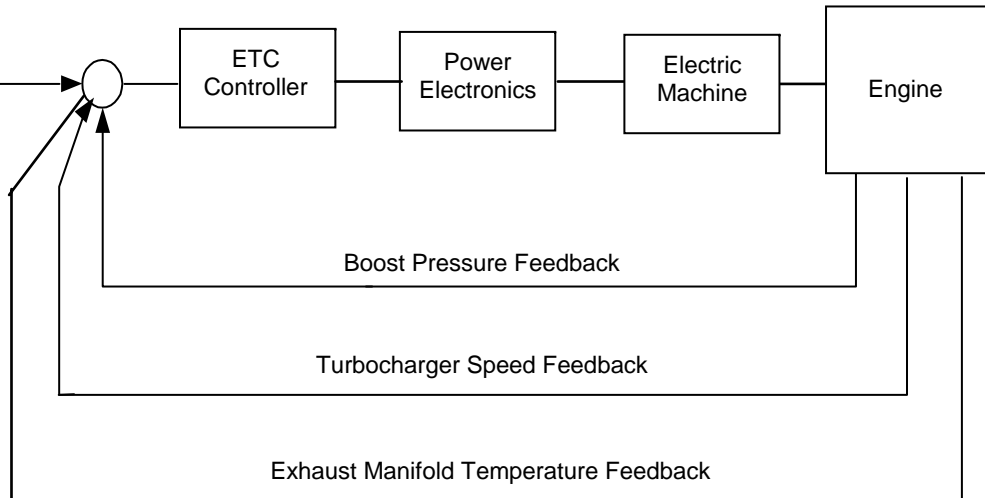
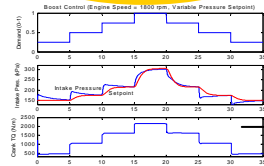
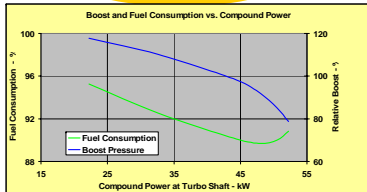


Map Boost / Speed / Load

Boost at Optimum Fuel Consumption

Set Point for Transient Behavior

- ❑ System Simulation in Simulink
- ❑ Controller Implemented in dSpace
- ❑ Virtual Instrumentation Capabilities



Component Testing



- ❑ Turboshaft and crankshaft motor/generator (M/G) have been tested on separate test rigs
- ❑ Measured peak efficiency of crankshaft M/G at target level
- ❑ ETC turbocharger is being tested on gas stand
 - ❑ Rotor dynamics check
 - ❑ Compressor map
 - ❑ Turbine map
- ❑ Engine test planned for October 2004



Agenda



- ❑ Program Objectives
and ETC System Background
- ❑ Update on Component Developments
 - ❑ Turbo-shaft generator and crankshaft motor
 - ❑ Air handling system
 - ❑ Control system
 - ❑ Component testing
- ❑ **Cost/Value Study**
- ❑ Next Steps and Summary

Cost/Value Study



Value of ETC Technology

- 3 to 5% bsfc reduction
- No need for waste gate
- Enhanced braking power through
 - Higher boost
 - Regenerative braking with crank m/g
- Turbo assist capabilities
- Control A/F ratio (gas engines)
- Improved cold startability
- Altitude capability

Program is based on MY 2000 engine

System – Cost/Value: Example On-Highway Truck

❑ ETC system cost

cost increment turbo
M/G turboshaft
M/G crankshaft
powerelectronics

- System cost: \$ 2000 to \$ 3400
- Powerelectronics account for half the cost

❑ Customer Benefit

- Payback period between 13 (best case) and 38 months

Next Steps for ETC Development



- Complete test of ETC turbocharger in gas-stand lab-setting
- Complete engine testing with ETC system
- Assess ETC on low emission engine
 - Packaging
 - Aerodynamics
 - Cost effective design
 - Reliability/durability demonstration

Summary

- Turbocharger and ETC system have been designed and analyzed
- Performance predictions indicate 3 to 5% fuel economy improvement for cycle, 10% at key operating point
- Opportunity for reduced emissions and improved drivability
- E-Machine hardware testing completed
- Cost/value analysis shows high customer value