



Advanced Diesel Common Rail Injection System for Future Emission Legislation

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Common Rail System Engineering for PC
Diesel Systems

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Outlook



Drivers and Challenges for PC and LDT - Diesel

- Overall System Requirements for Advanced Common Rail
- BOSCH 4th Gen Common Rail Injection Systems
- Potential Evaluation of 4th Gen Common Rail Systems



Diesel Progress - PC

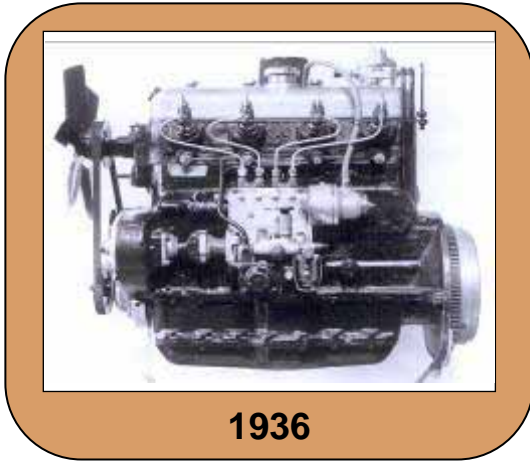
Drivers

- High Specific Power
- Fun to Drive
- Fuel Consumption



Challenges

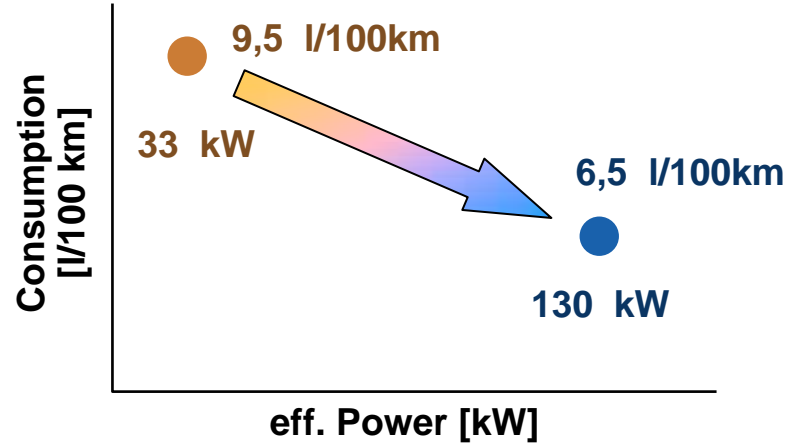
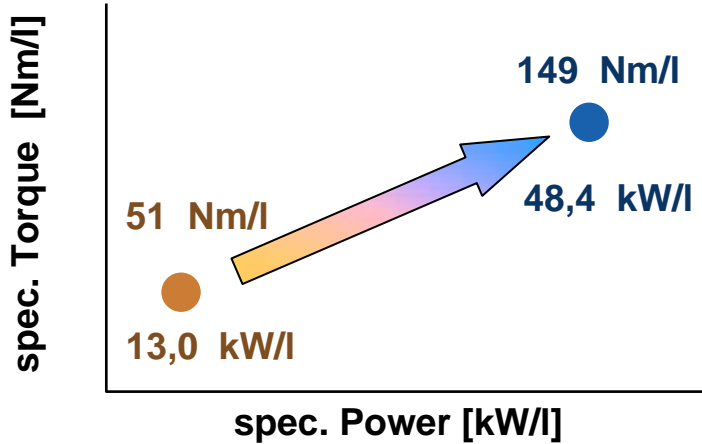
- Emission Limits
- Noise
- System Costs
- FIE Lifetime



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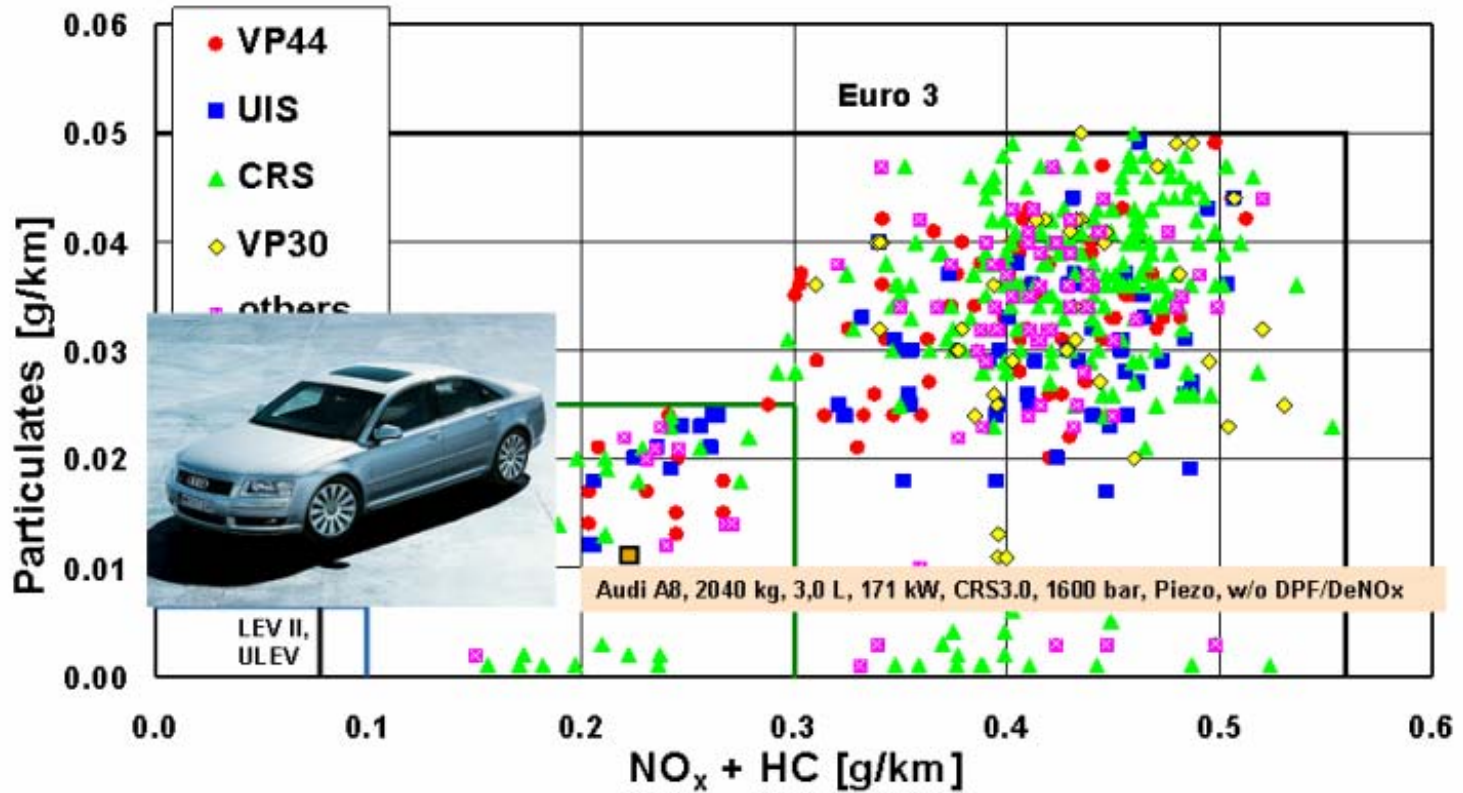
2003





Approval Data for PC - Diesel at least Euro 3

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source: KBA Germany

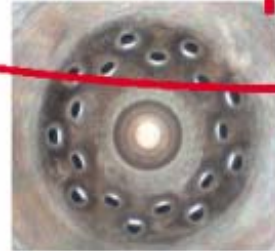
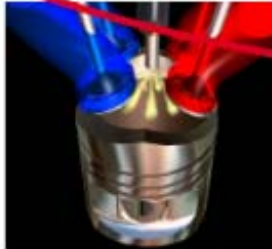


Advanced Common Rail Systems

- Variable Nozzle Injector
- Pressure Amplification
- Sophisticated Closed Loop Control



Today's Focus



Air System

- Super Charging
- LP/HP - EGR

Combustion Process

- Bowl Design, Compression Ratio ...
- Combustion Signal Control
- Optimized Nozzle Technology

EGT

- DPF
- DPF+NSC
- System Control



Outlook

- Drivers and Challenges for PC and Truck - Diesel

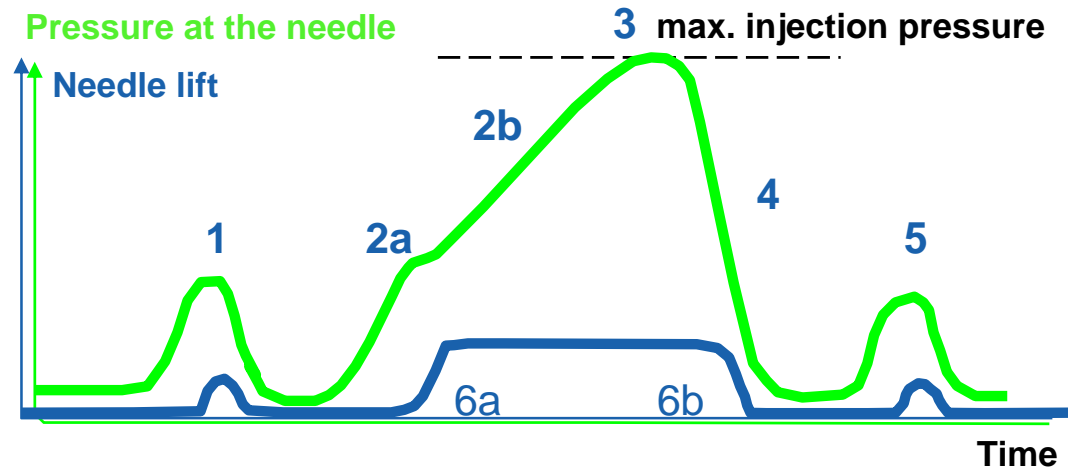
 Overall System Requirements for Advanced Common Rail

- BOSCH 4th Gen Common Rail Injection Systems
- Potential Evaluation of 4th Gen Common Rail Systems



FIE Requirements Evaluation

Sensitivity analysis of important injection parameters for the engine performance



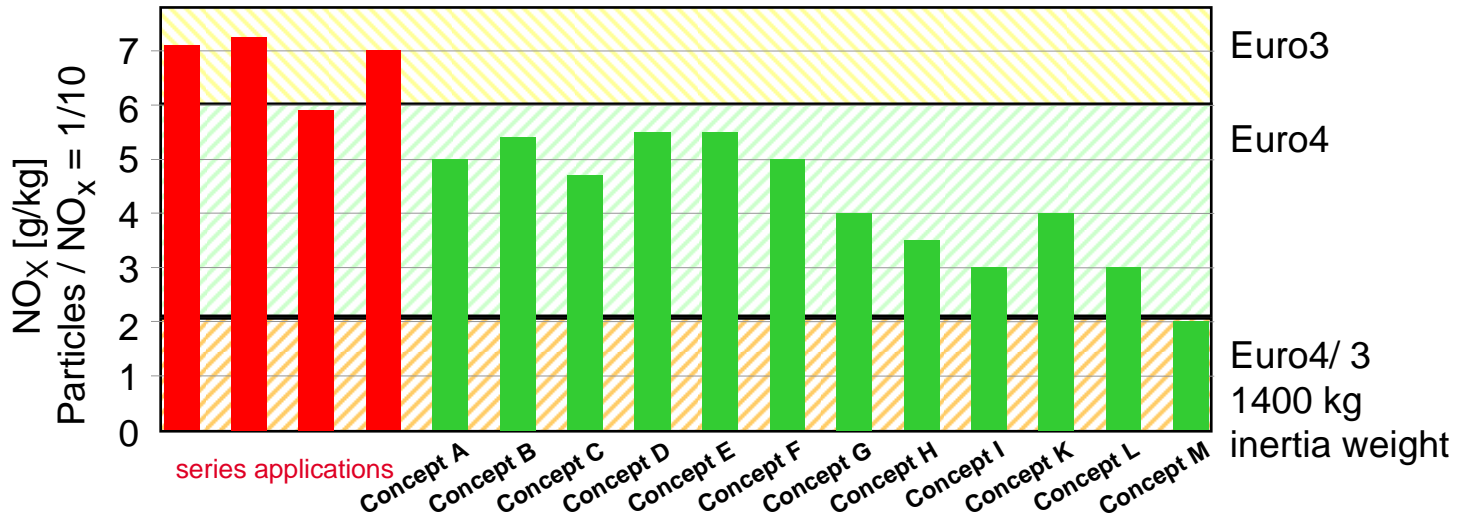
Feature:

- 1 Pilot injection (number, time gap, quantity, tolerance)
- 2 Opening pressure, influence of pressure ramp, gradient
- 3 Max. injection pressure, influence of small nozzle holes
- 4 Pressure gradient during closing
- 5 Post injection (near, late, influence of pressure level)
- 6 Opening and closing speed of the needle



Potential Analysis for PC an LD-Combustion Process and FIE

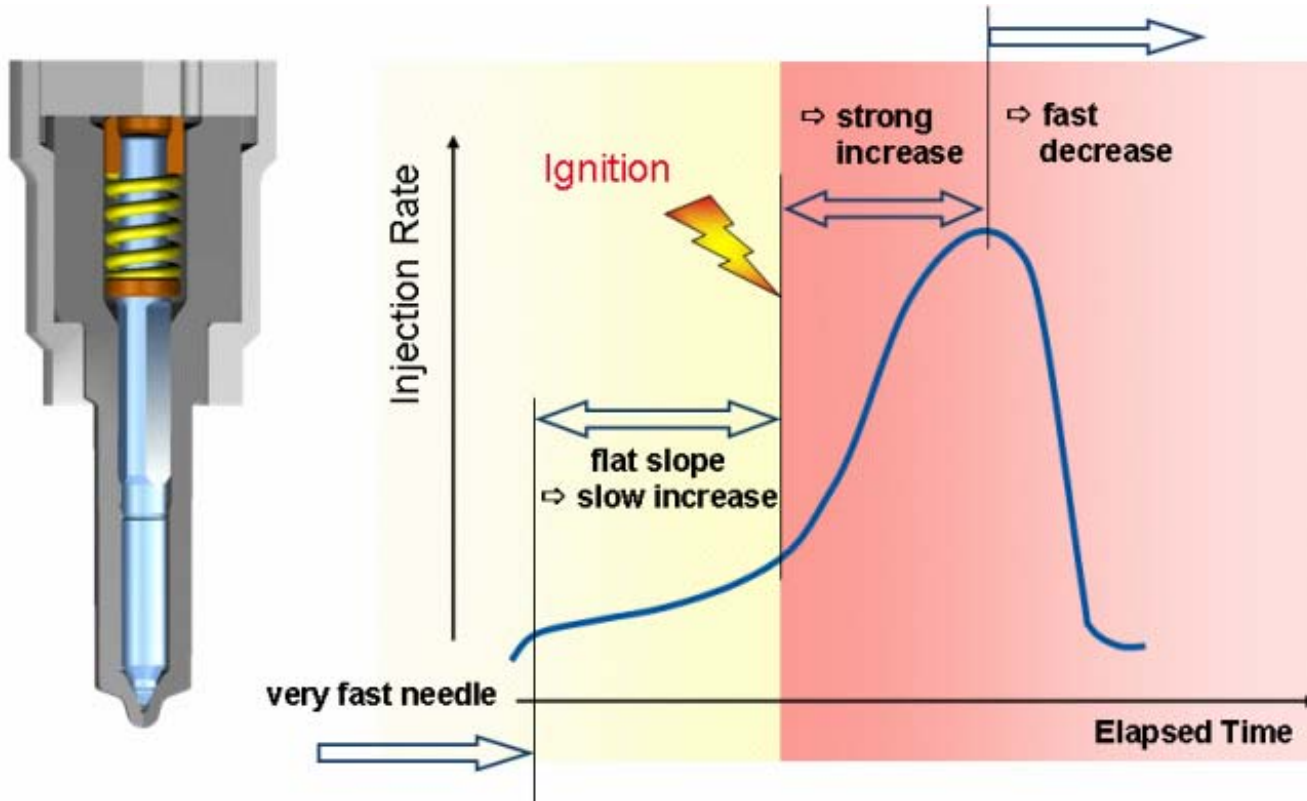
n = 2000/min,
BMEP = 6,5 bar



- fast needle opening velocity
 - but: injection rate ↓ during ignition delay
 - injection rate ↑ after start of combustion
- „vario“ nozzle
→ rate shaping



“Optimal” Shape for PC Engines





CRS System Requirements for **PC** - Summary



⇒ full flexible timing of multiple injection events

⇒ full flexible choice of injection pressure in the engine map

⇒ small precise and stable in

still valid and well - known
from series Common Rail
technology, gaining goals on
noise, power, Euro4 - emission and
maintaining EGT



CRS System Requirements for **PC** - Summary



good spray formation

very fast needle opening @ start of injection

low Noise and NOx - formation

limited quantity during ignition delay, but

high spray momentum ⇒ increase EGR - acceptance

max. allowed injection rate to increase local air ratio

strong increase of injection rate after start of combustion

high maximum of main injection rate

seperate injection and burning phase

strong rate decrease and fast needle @ end of injection



Outlook

- Drivers and Challenges for PC and Truck - Diesel
- Overall System Requirements for Advanced Common Rail

 **BOSCH 4th Gen Common Rail Injection Systems**

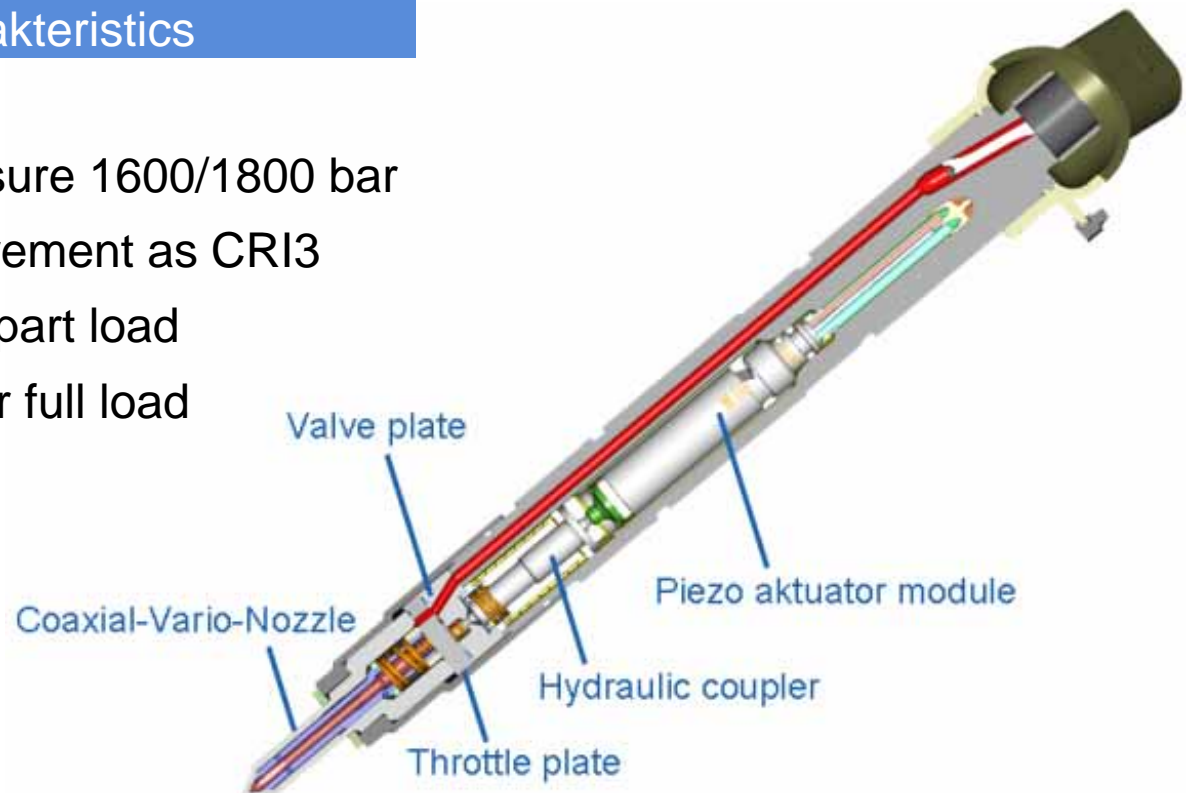
- Potential Evaluation of 4th Gen Common Rail Systems



Piezo-Injector with Coaxial-Vario-Nozzle CRI4-PV

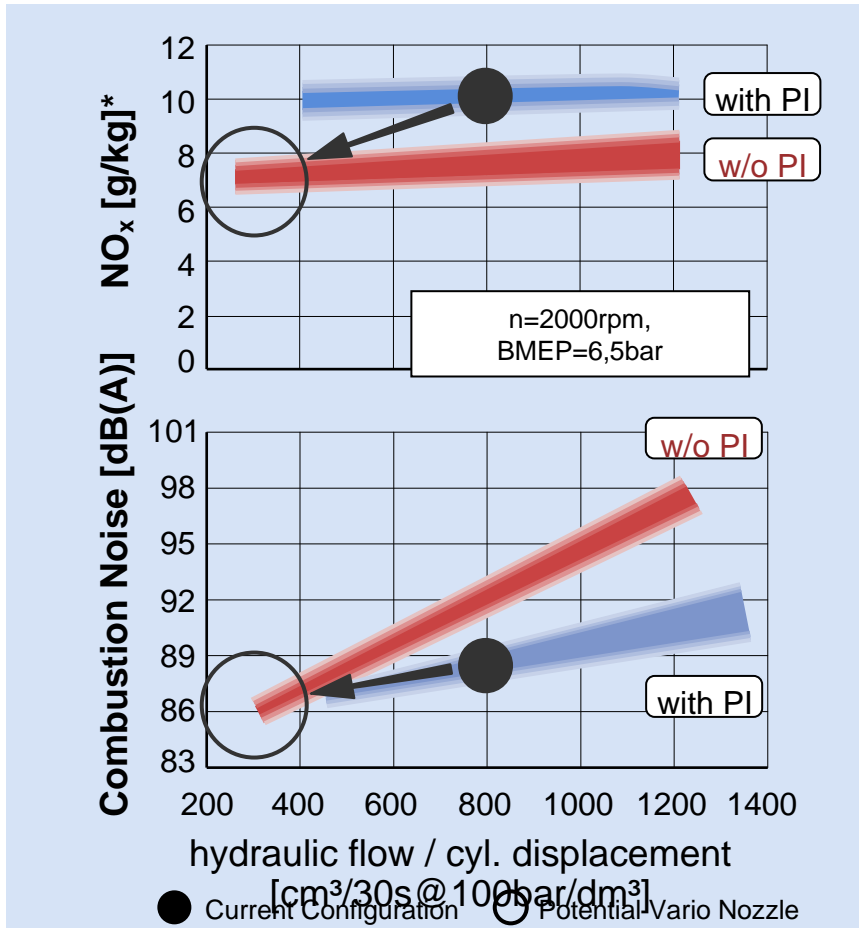
Injector -Characteristics

- Basis: CRI3
- System pressure 1600/1800 bar
- Space requirement as CRI3
- One row for part load
- Both rows for full load





Vario Nozzle Strategies



Avoidance of PI

(except for cold engine and idle)

→ Emission reduction

Reduction of Q_{HYD}

→ Noise reduction

Independently switchable 2nd row of spray holes

→ appropriate power output



Advanced Common Rail Systems for **PC**



CRS 4 - Hydraulically Amplified Diesel Injection System

- Functions

- ⇒ Rail Pressure up to 1350 bar
- ⇒ HAD - Injector with hydraulic pressure amplification
- ⇒ sophisticated closed loop fuel metering control
- ⇒ innovative, delivery controlled high pressure pump platform

- Advantages

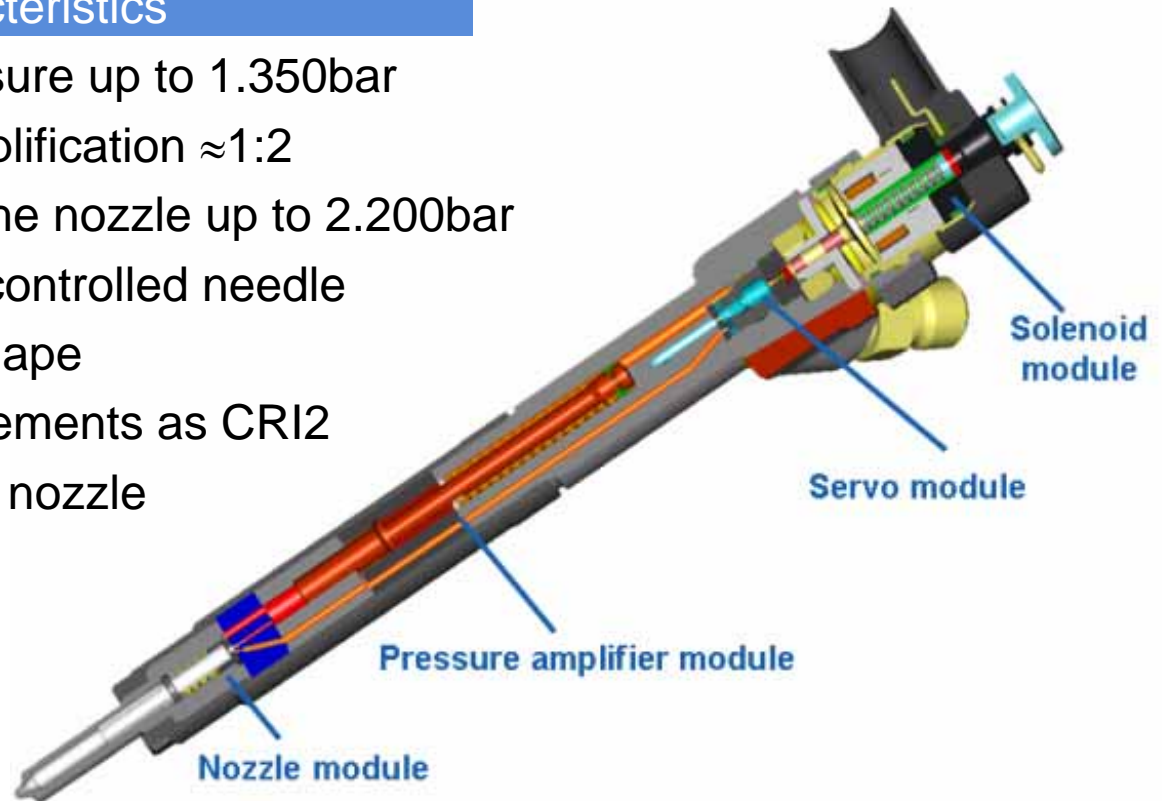
- ⇒ small Q_{hyd} and passive rate shaping to pull down raw emissions and noise @ part load
- ⇒ max pressure > 2200 bar @ spray hole to reach high power and reduce raw emissions @ full load (US 06, e.g. LD in EU)

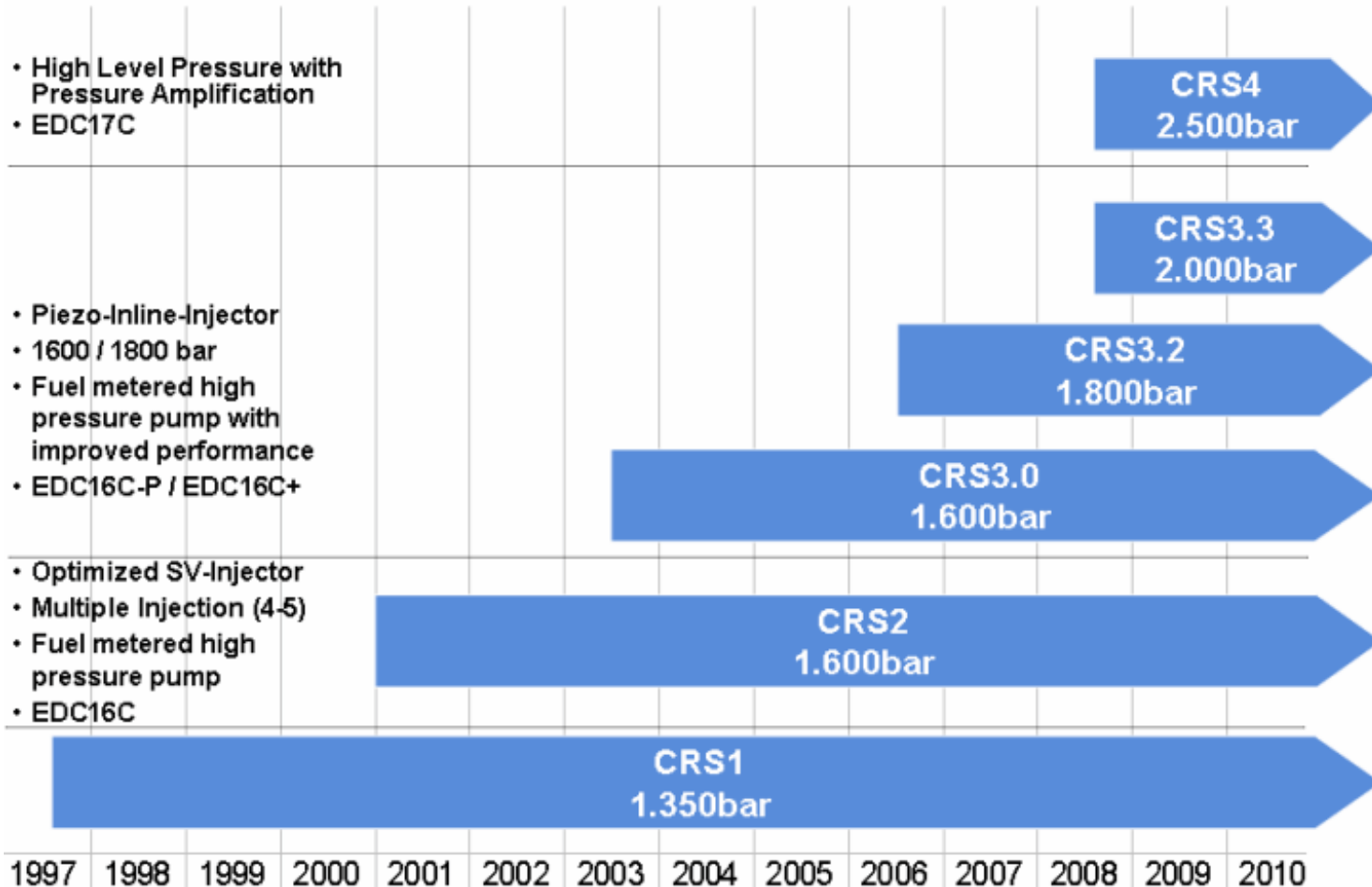


Hydraulically Amplified Diesel Injector (HADI)

Injector-Characteristics

- System pressure up to 1.350bar
- Pressure amplification $\approx 1:2$
- Pressure at the nozzle up to 2.200bar
- Pressure/lift controlled needle
- Ramp rate shape
- Space requirements as CRI2
- Conventional nozzle

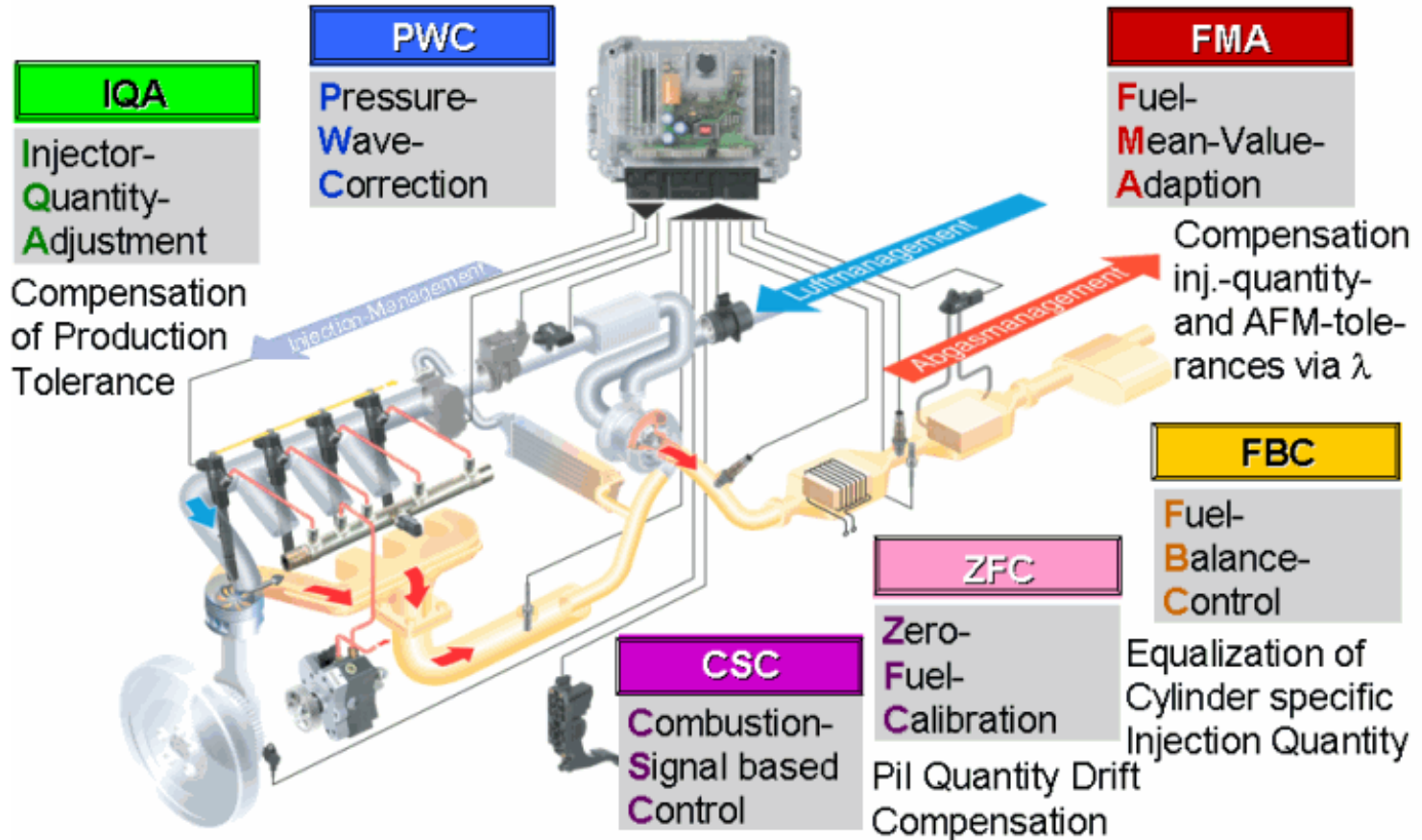






Advanced Control Functions

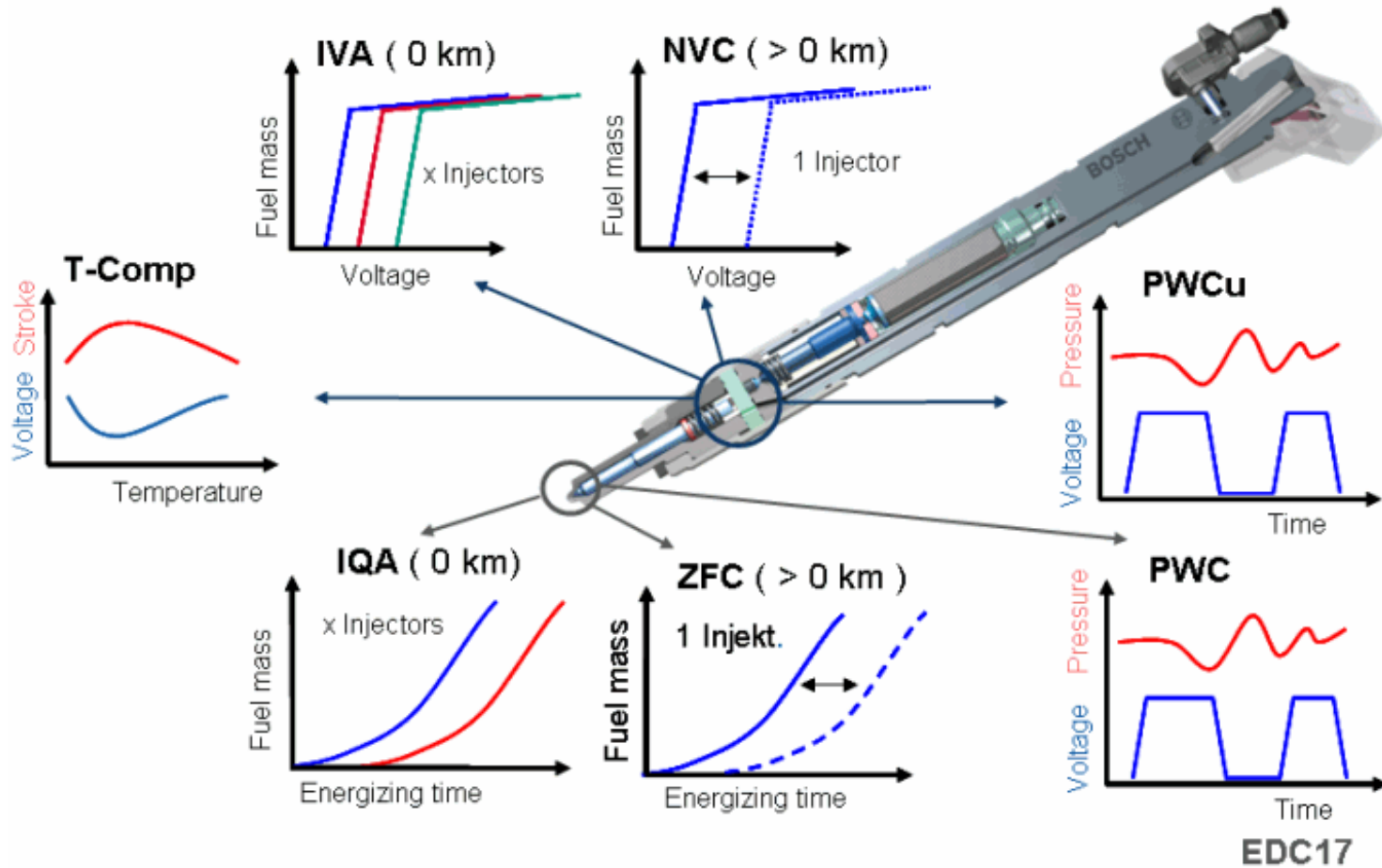
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Advanced Control Functions

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Outlook

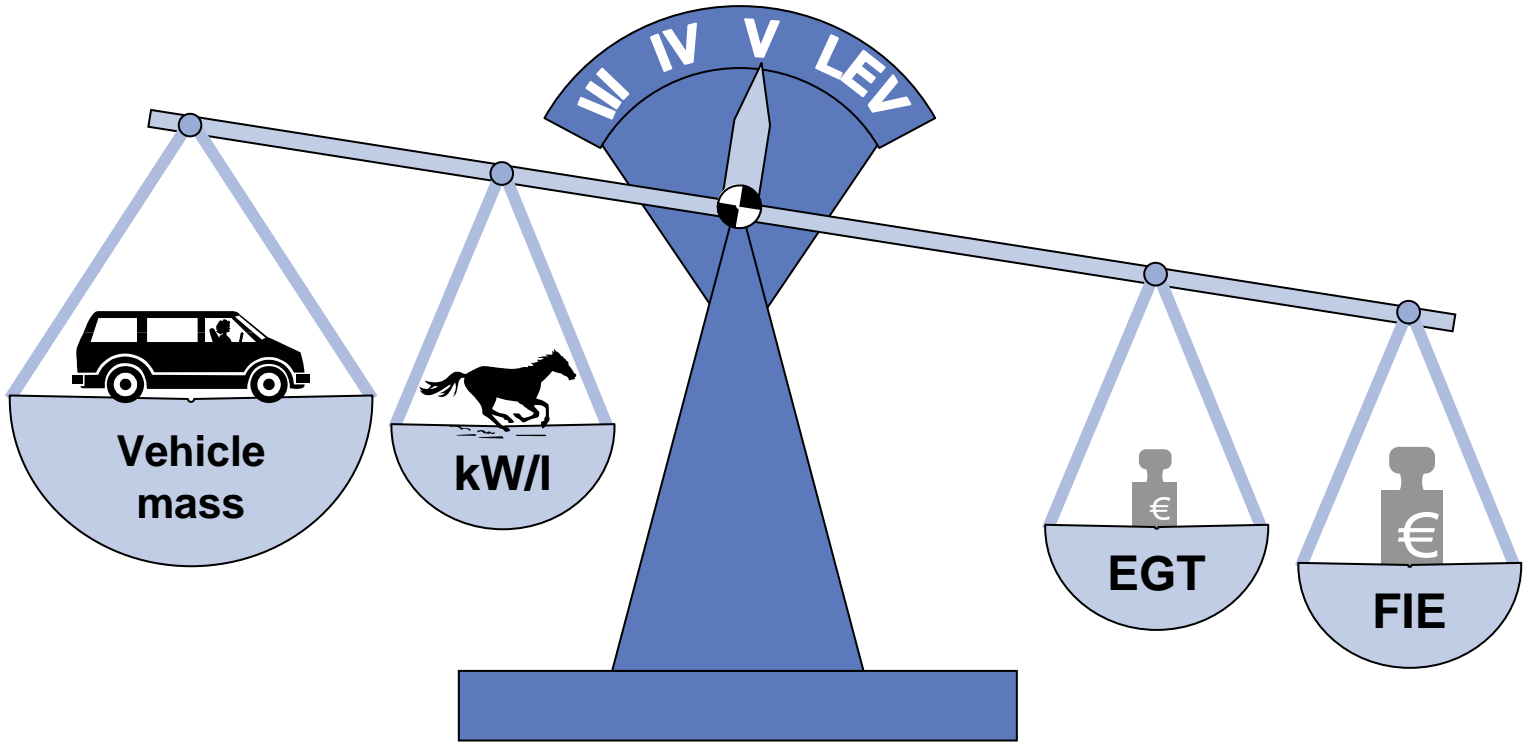
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Potential Evaluation of 4th Gen Common Rail Systems



Diesel System Optimization



EGT=exhaust gas treatment

FIE= fuel injection equipment



Diesel Challenges - Emission Legislation PC



Europe

- next step in legislation: Euro 5
- NEFZ - cycle *



Scenario 1:

- PM = 0,01 g/km
- NOx = 0,2 g/km
- CO/HC = 1,0/0,05 g/km

Scenario 2:

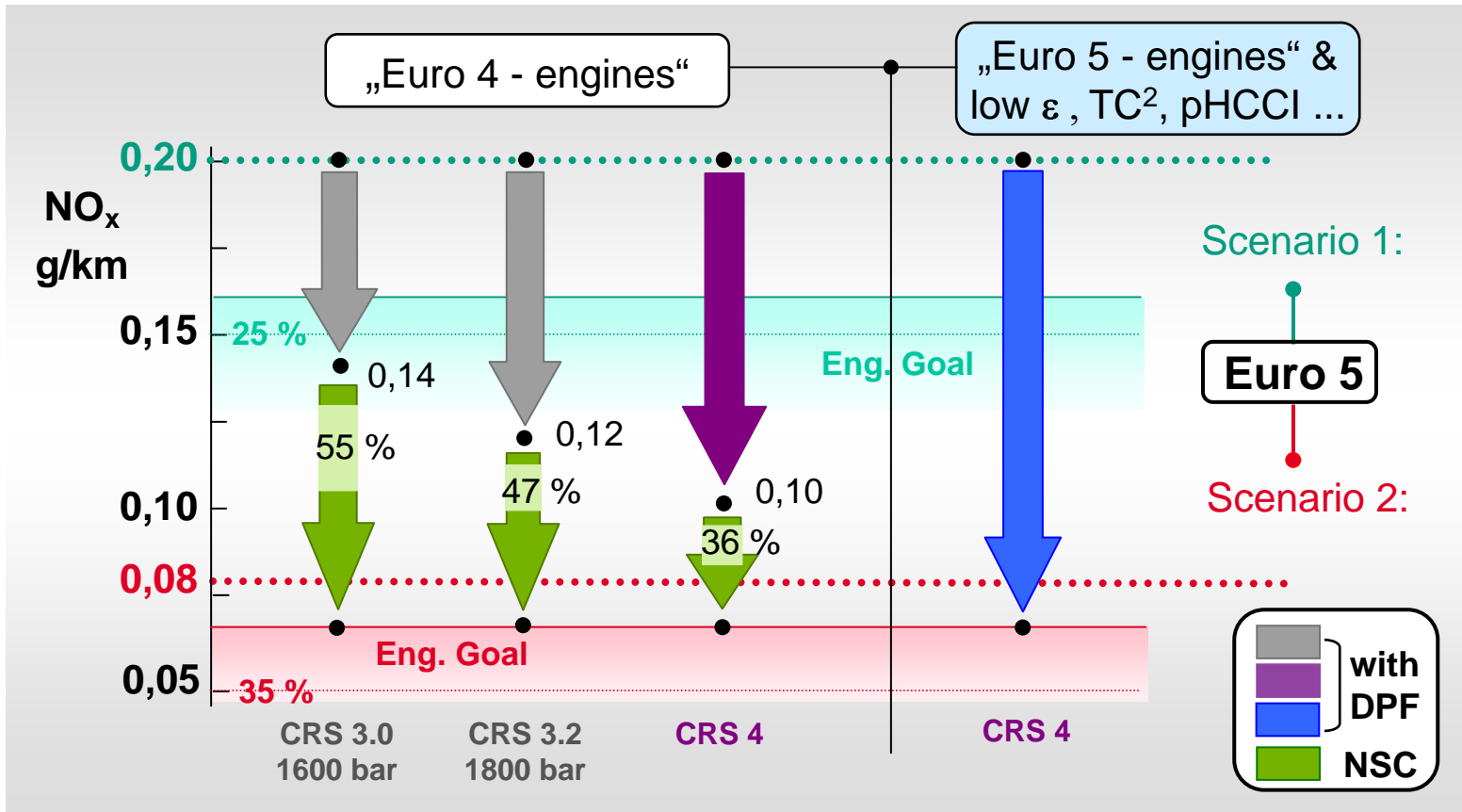
- PM = 0,0025 g/km**
- NOx = 0,08 g/km**
- CO/HC = 1,0/0,05 g/km

* no high load test under discussion

** UBA - Requirement 06.2003

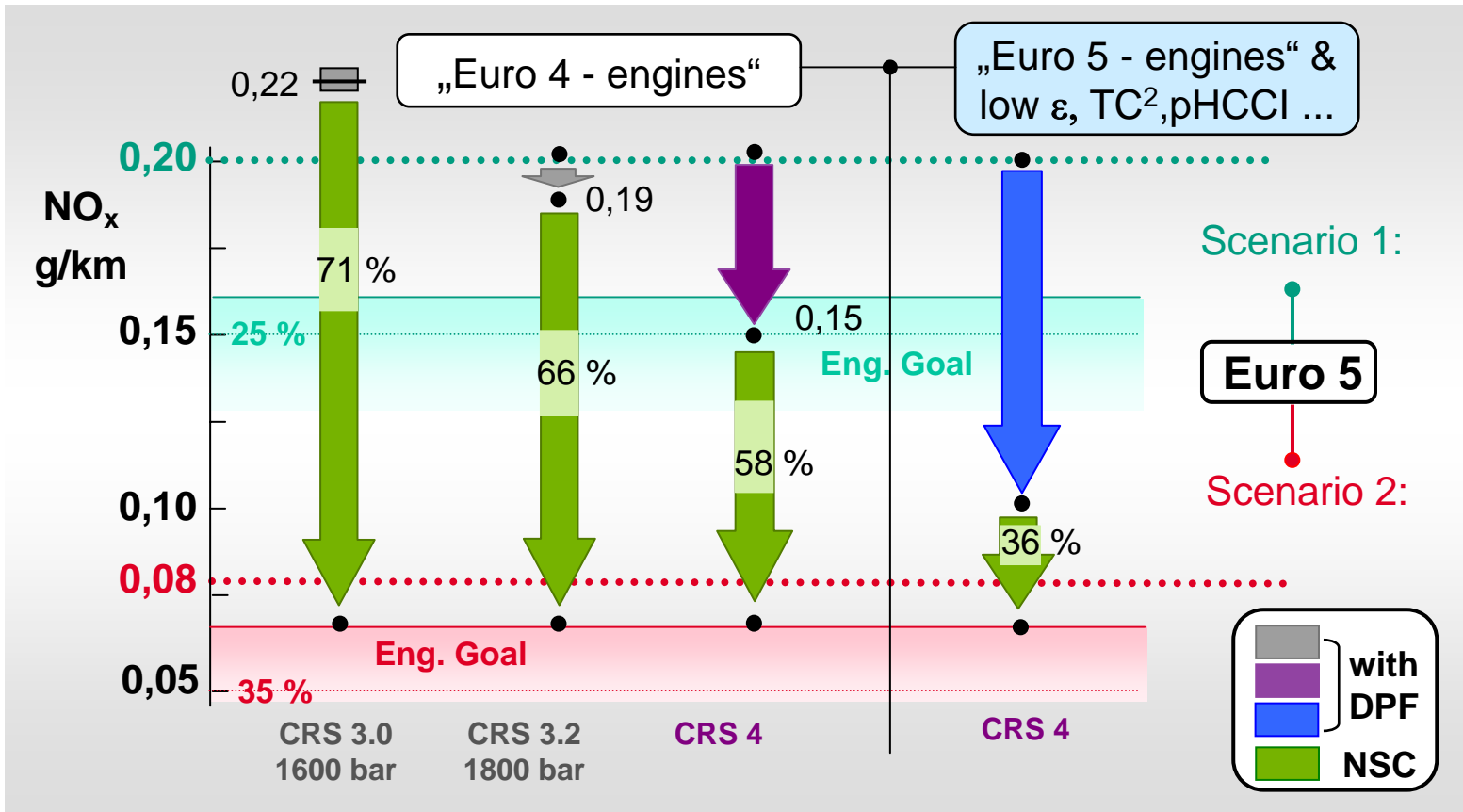


Euro 5 Estimation, Vehicle Inertia Mass: 1400 kg,
out of best single cylinder results with series and prototype





Euro 5 Estimation, Vehicle Inertia Mass: 1800 kg, out of best single cylinder results with series and prototype





Summary PC



- Additional EGT - effort scales with CRS - performance, vehicle weight and desired power output
- Facing a weak Euro 5 - scenario ($\text{NO}_x = 0,2 \text{ g/km}$) it's most likely to fulfill the limits w/o DeNO_x - measures, also with „Euro 4 - engines“
- Facing a severe Euro 5 - scenario ($\text{NO}_x = 0,08 \text{ g/km}$) and „Euro 4 - engines“ a DeNO_x - measure seems to be mandatory. The DeNO_x - effort can significantly be reduced using high tech CR - systems
- First results out of advanced „Euro 5 - engine“ - technology combined with engine measures (e.g. pHCCI, TC^2) and CRS4 - FIE shows tremendous improvement in NO_x - reduction



Conclusion

- The biggest challenge for future Diesel technology are the continuously strengthening emission targets
- Key factors like power output, vehicle weight and the engine itself scaling the effort on exhaust gas treatment side
- 4th Gen Common Rail Injection Systems combined with modern Diesel engines provide lowest raw emissions and fuel consumption values.



Thank you for your attention.

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