

Impacts of Rail Pressure and Biodiesel Composition on Soot Nanostructure

P-20

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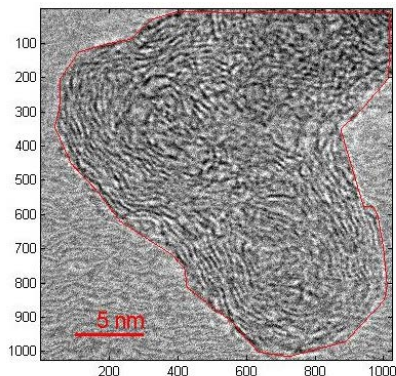
1: EMS Energy Institute, Department of EME, The Pennsylvania State University;

2: University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

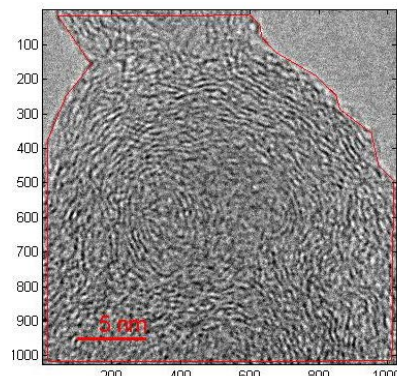
3: Facultad de Ingeniería, Universidad de Antioquia (Medellín-Colombia), Colombia;

4: Oak Ridge National Laboratory-Fuels, Engines and Emissions Research Center, Knoxville, TN

ULSD

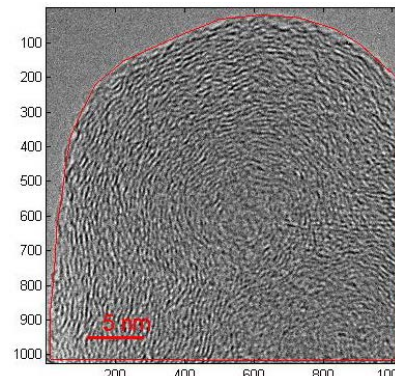


30% load + 50MPa

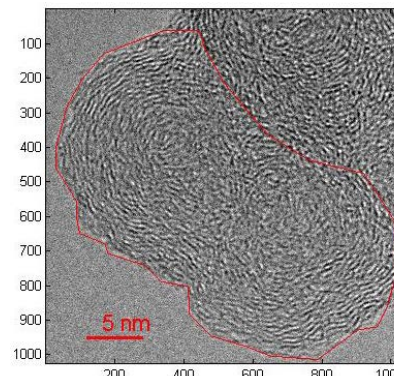


30% load + 100MPa

B20



30% load + 50MPa



30% load + 100MPa

Both fuel-type and fuel injection pressure affect soot reactivity and primary particle size

- **B20 soot has higher average primary particle size compared to ULSD**
 - Number of primary particles not significantly impacted
- **Soot disorder (fractal dimension) increases with higher load**
 - Moderate impact of injection pressure
 - Not impacted by fuel type
- **Overall reactivity:**
 - B20 soot more reactive than ULSD
 - Higher injection pressure increases reactivity

