

TEG On-Vehicle Performance & Model Validation

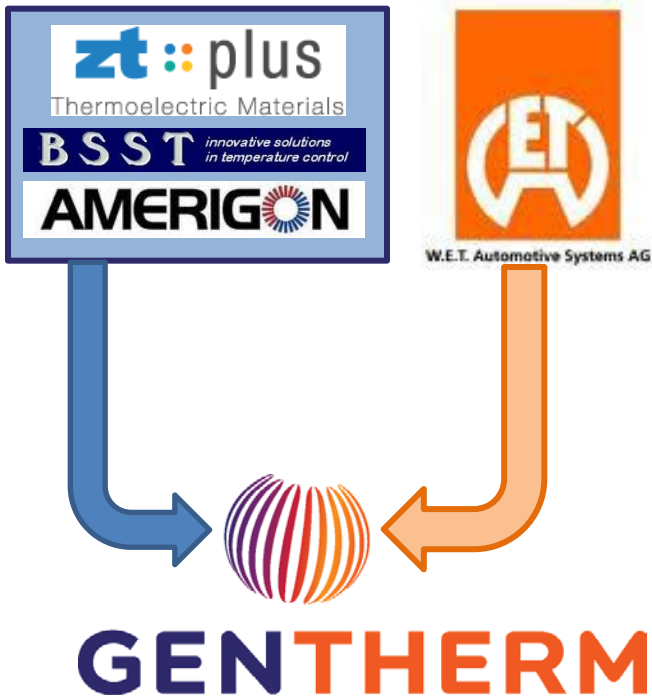
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Martin Addinger¹, Eric Poliquin¹, Joe Dean¹, Dmitri Kossakovski¹,
Boris Mazar², Clay Maranville³

1. Gentherm
2. BMW Group
3. Ford Motor Company

Directions in Engine Efficiency and Emissions
Research (DEER)
Dearborn, MI
October 18, 2012

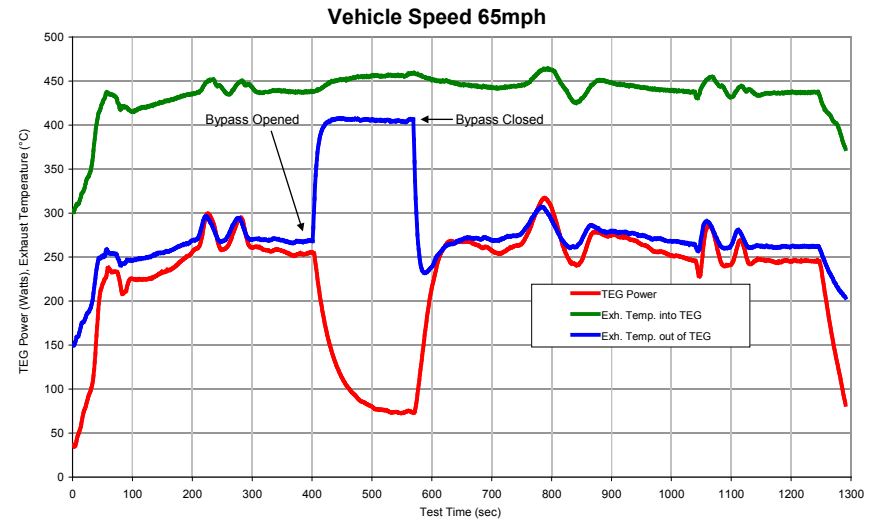
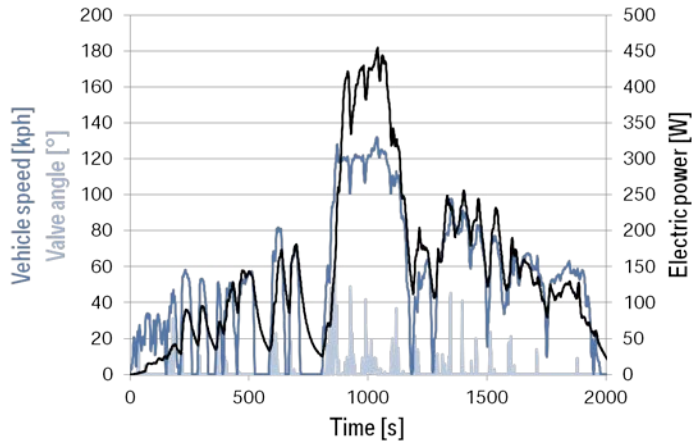
INSPIRING EFFICIENCY

WHO WE ARE



- Major supplier of thermoelectric products for automotive applications
- More than 5000 employees worldwide
- 3 manufacturing locations in the main regions
- 8 sales, development, R&D locations

VEHICLE SUMMARY



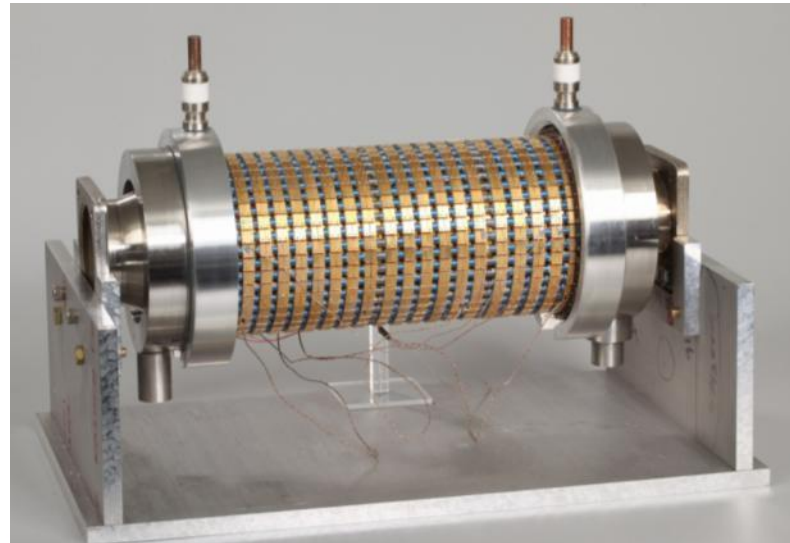
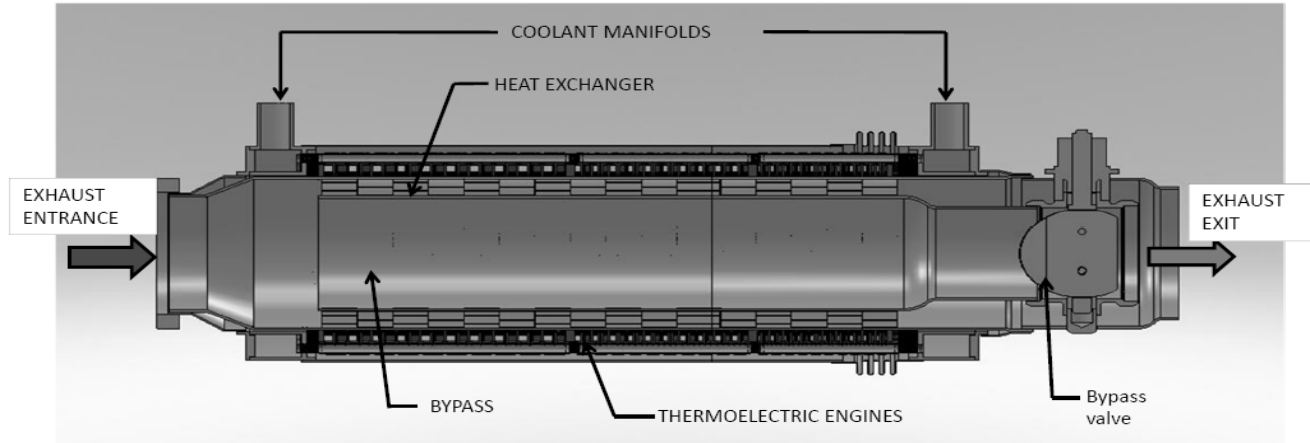
BMW X6

TEGs have been integrated into both BMW and Ford vehicles and have been in operation for over a year

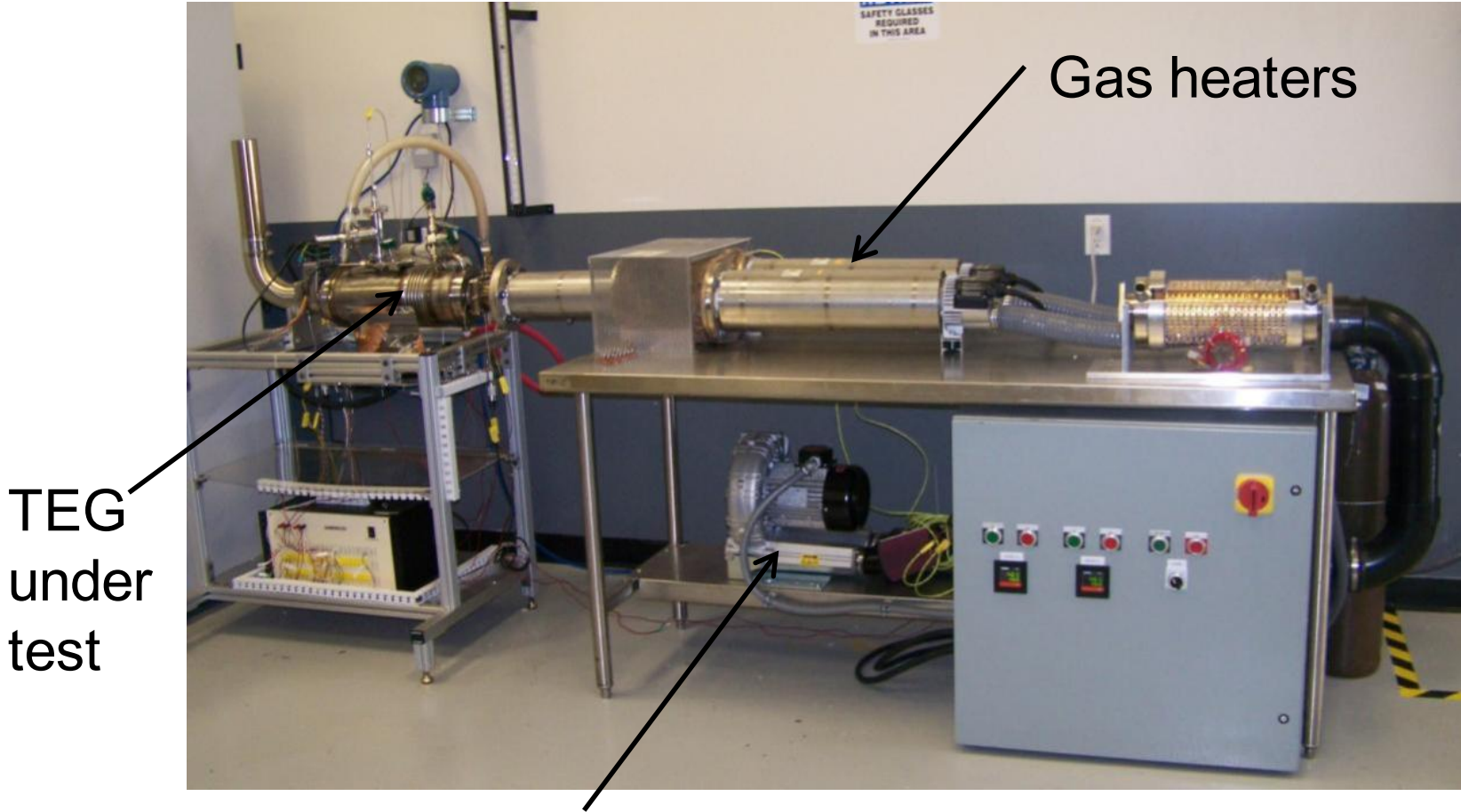


Ford Lincoln MKT

CYLINDRICAL TEG



BENCH TEST SETUP



TEG
under
test

Gas heaters

Blower

TEST CONDITIONS FOR TEG

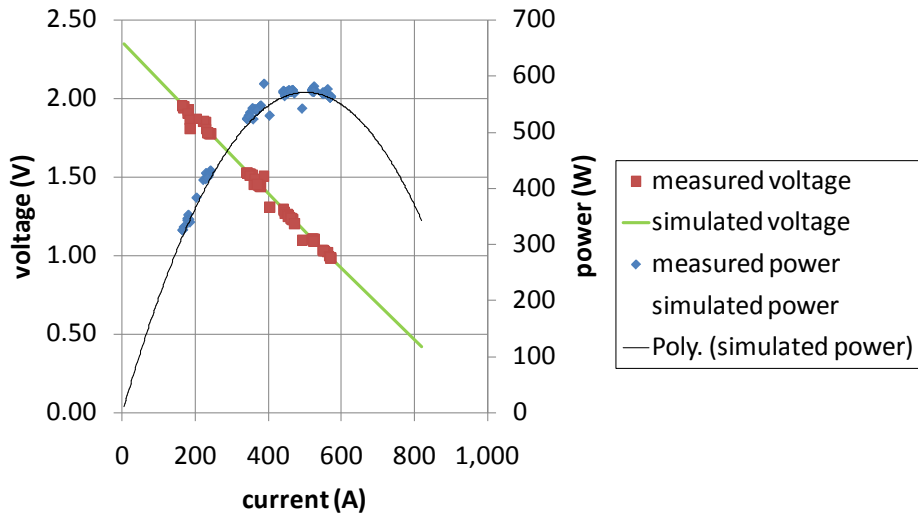
Test	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Tfh,in (C)	390	390	390	425	425	425	510	510	510	620	620	620
Tfc,in (C)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
vdot,h (g/s)	13.5	13.5	13.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	30.1	30.1	30.1	45	45	45
vdot,c (g/s)	170	250	330	170	250	330	170	250	330	170	250	330
max power output (W)	56.1	56.5	57.6	119	121	122	261	270	272	495	580	595

Test	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Tfh,in (C)	390	390	390	425	425	425	510	510	510	620	620	620	620
Tfc,in (C)	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	20
vdot,h (g/s)	13.5	13.5	13.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	30.1	30.1	30.1	45	45	45	48
vdot,c (g/s)	170	250	330	170	250	330	170	250	330	170	250	330	330
max power output (W)	49.3	49.2	49.6	103	104	106	228	237	241	436	461	N/A	608

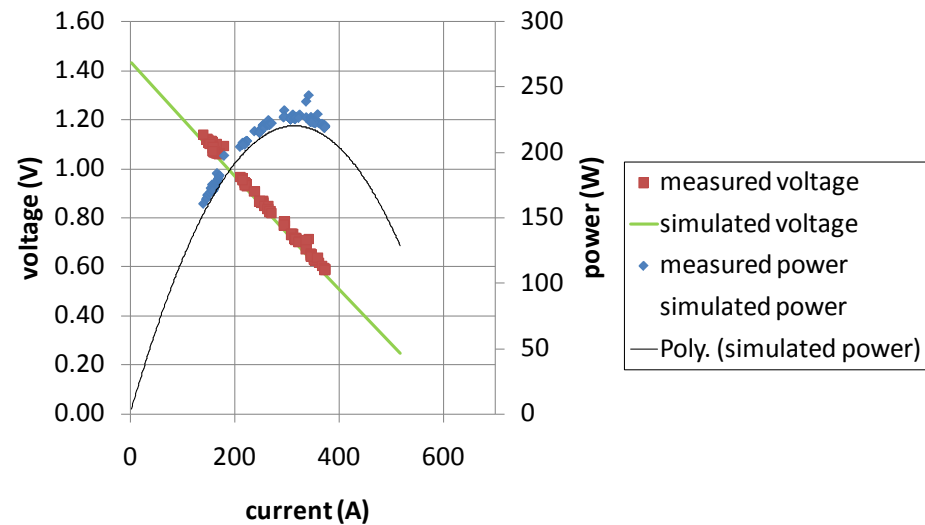
Note: Test 24 not completed due to the chiller overheating.

POWER & VOLTAGE VALIDATION

TEG Performance - Test 11
(hot inlet temperature = 620C, cold inlet temperature = 20C)
(hot mass flow = 45 g/s, cold mass flow = 250 g/s)
(6/29/11)

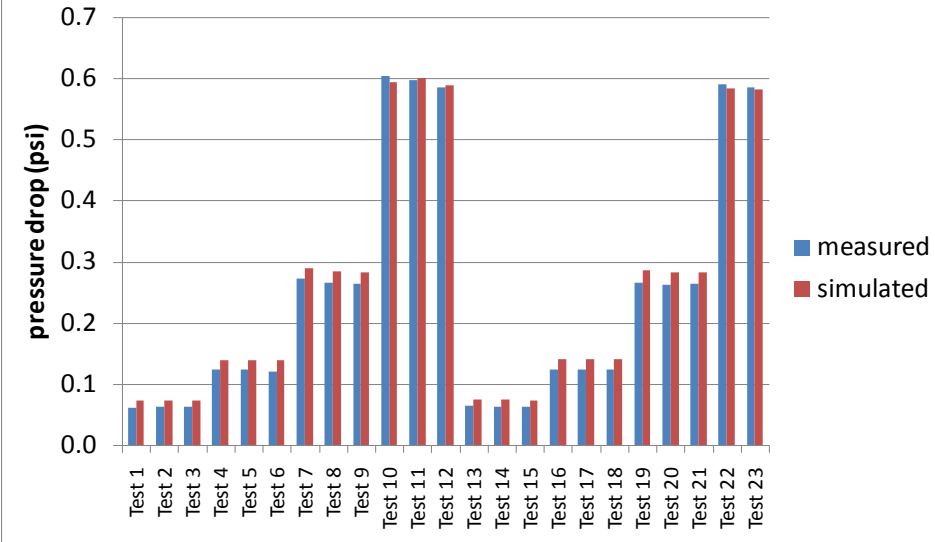


TEG Performance - Test 19 (no first & last ring)
(hot inlet temperature = 510C, cold inlet temperature = 40C)
(hot mass flow = 30.1 g/s, cold mass flow = 170 g/s)
(6/29/11)

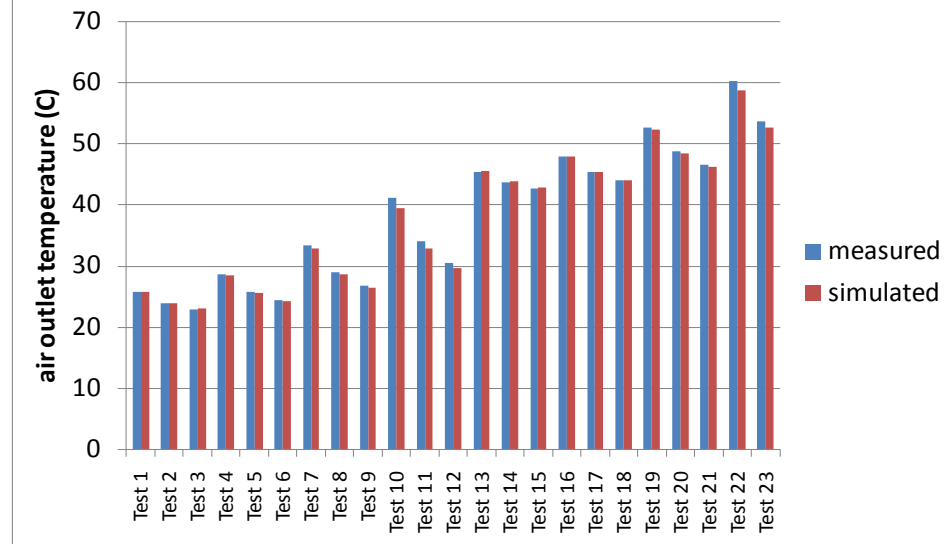


AIR PRESSURE DROP & WATER OUTLET TEMPERATURE VALIDATION

**TEG Model Validation
Air Side Pressure Drop
7/11/11**



**TEG Model Validation
Water Outlet Temperature
7/11/11**



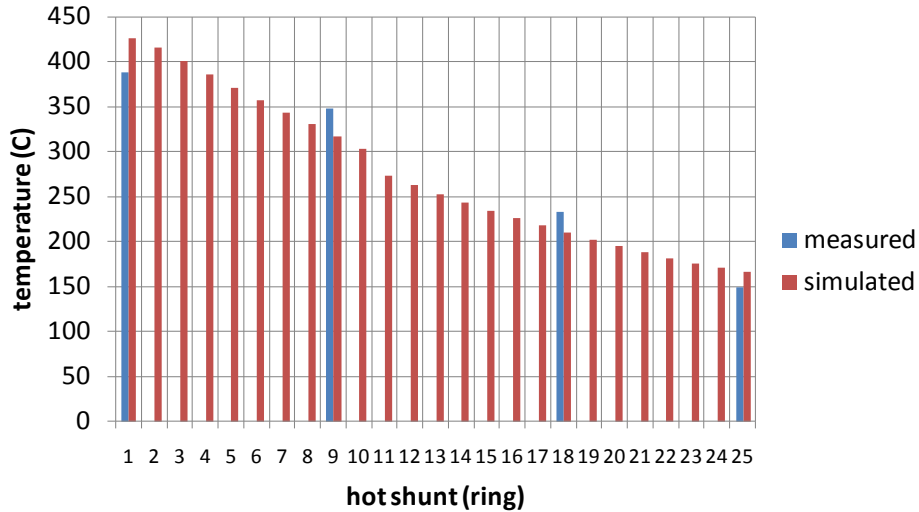
HOT & COLD SHUNT TEMPERATURE VALIDATION

TEG Model Validation - Test 11

(hot inlet temperature = 620C, cold inlet temperature = 20C)

(hot mass flow = 45 g/s, cold mass flow = 250 g/s)

(6/29/11)

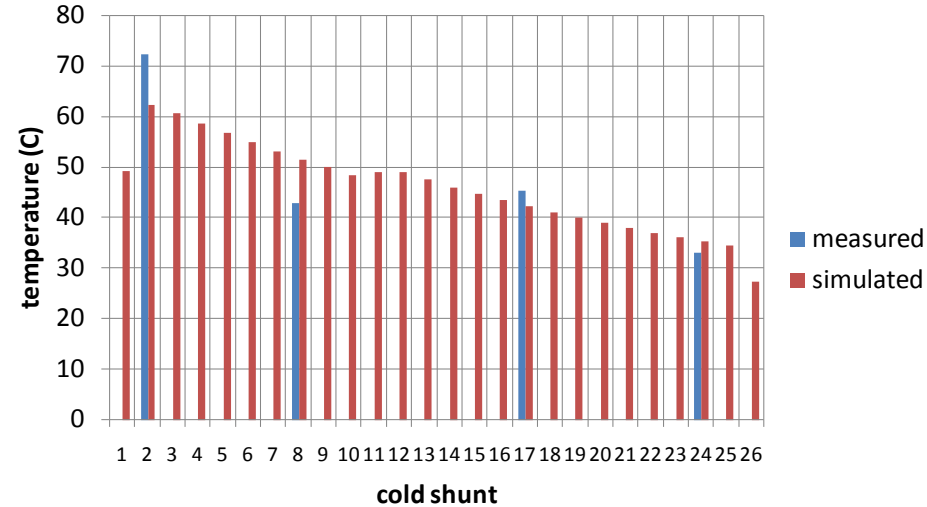


TEG Model Validation - Test 11

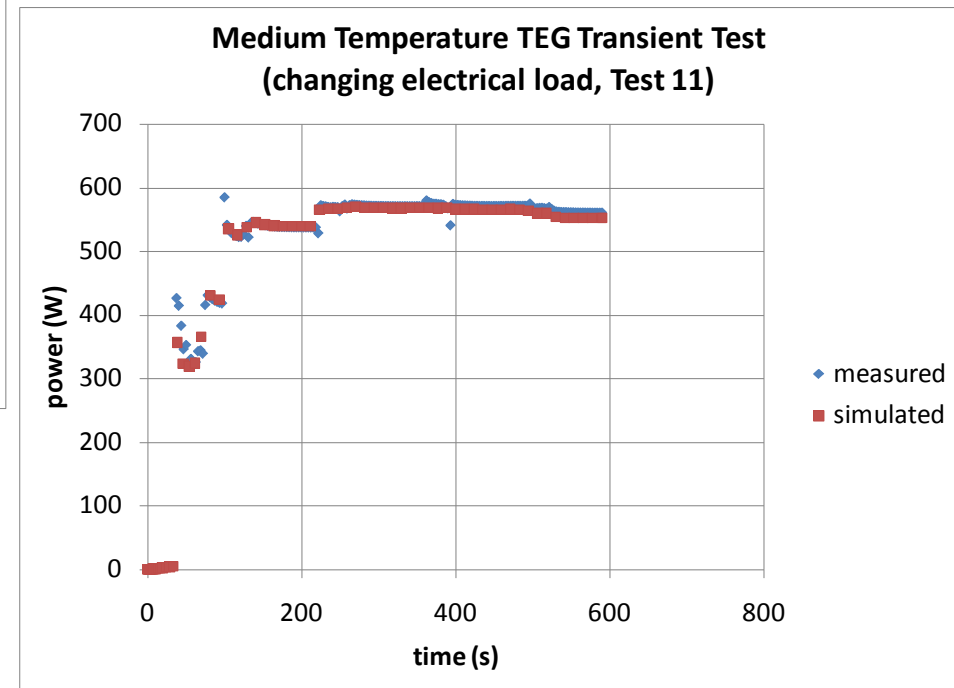
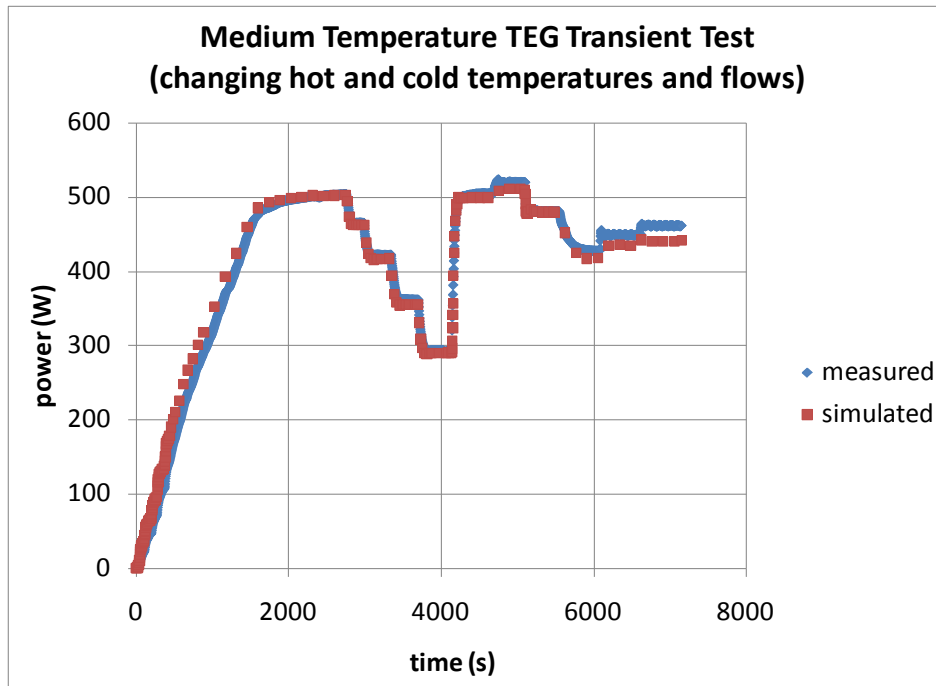
(hot inlet temperature = 620C, cold inlet temperature = 20C)

(hot mass flow = 45 g/s, cold mass flow = 250 g/s)

(6/29/11)

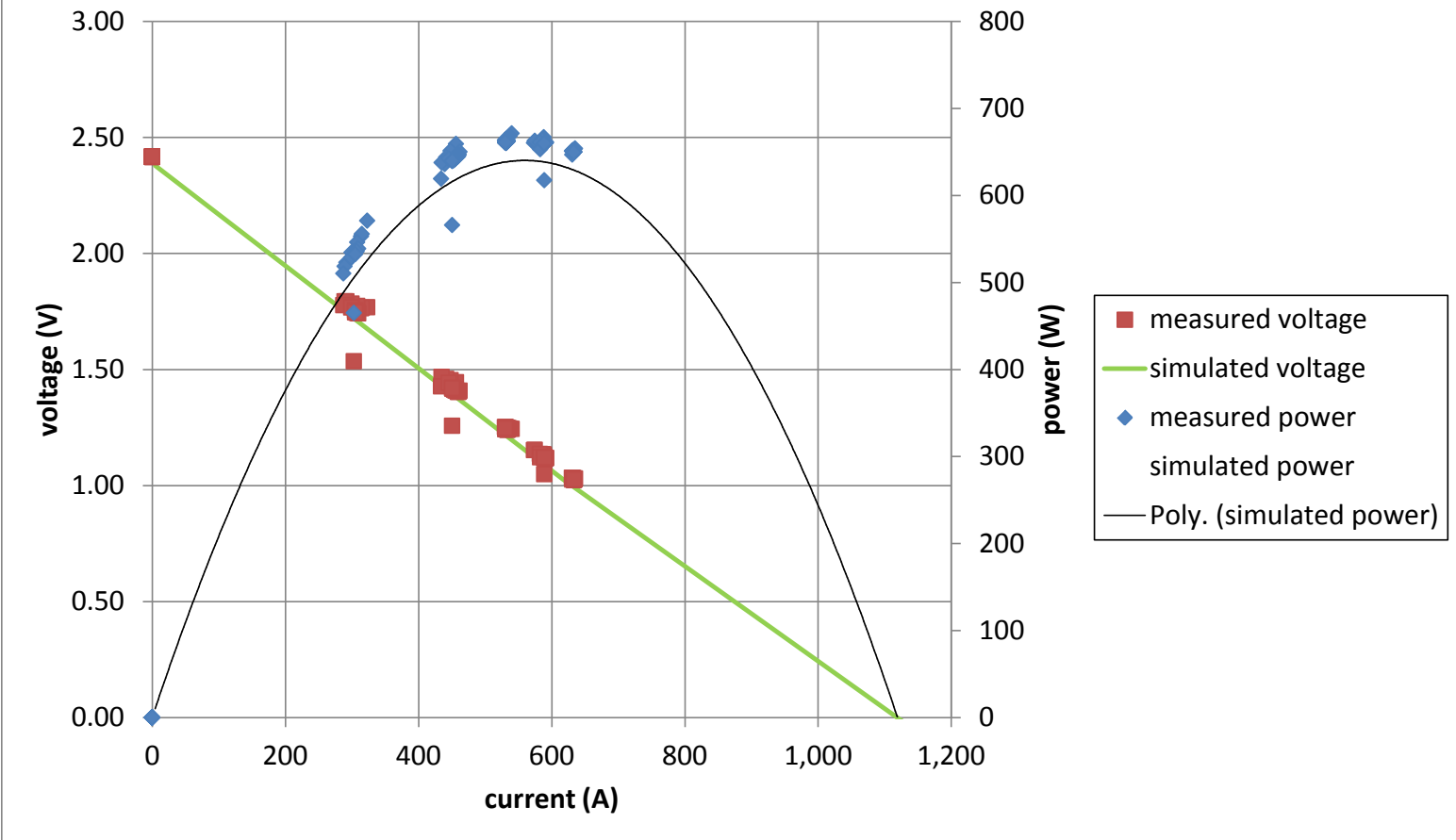


TEG TRANSIENT MODEL VALIDATION

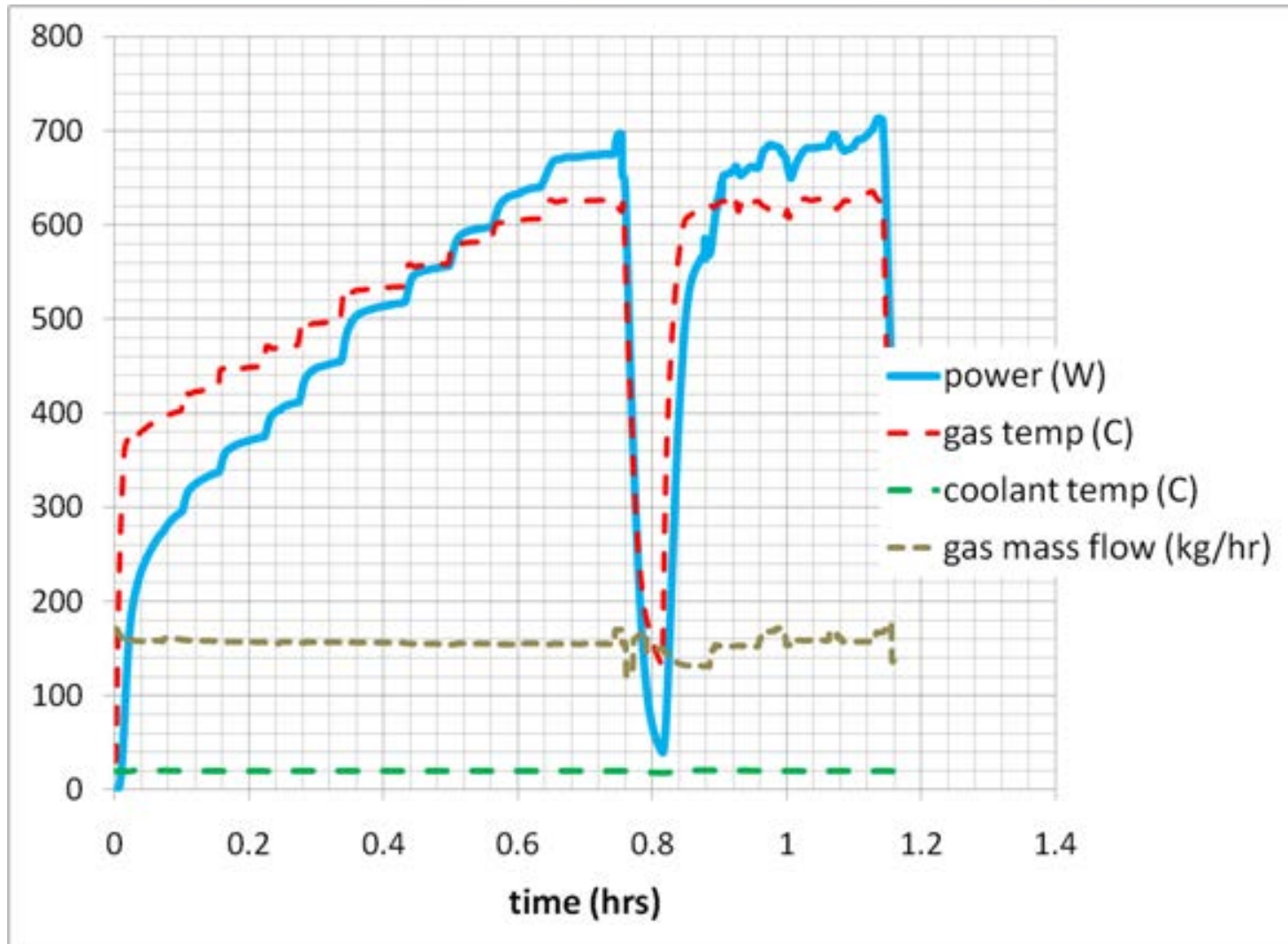


SECOND TEG RESULTS & MODEL VALIDATION

TEG2 Performance - Test 12
(hot inlet temperature = 620C, cold inlet temperature = 20C)
(hot mass flow = 45.0 g/s, cold mass flow = 330 g/s)
(8/21/11)



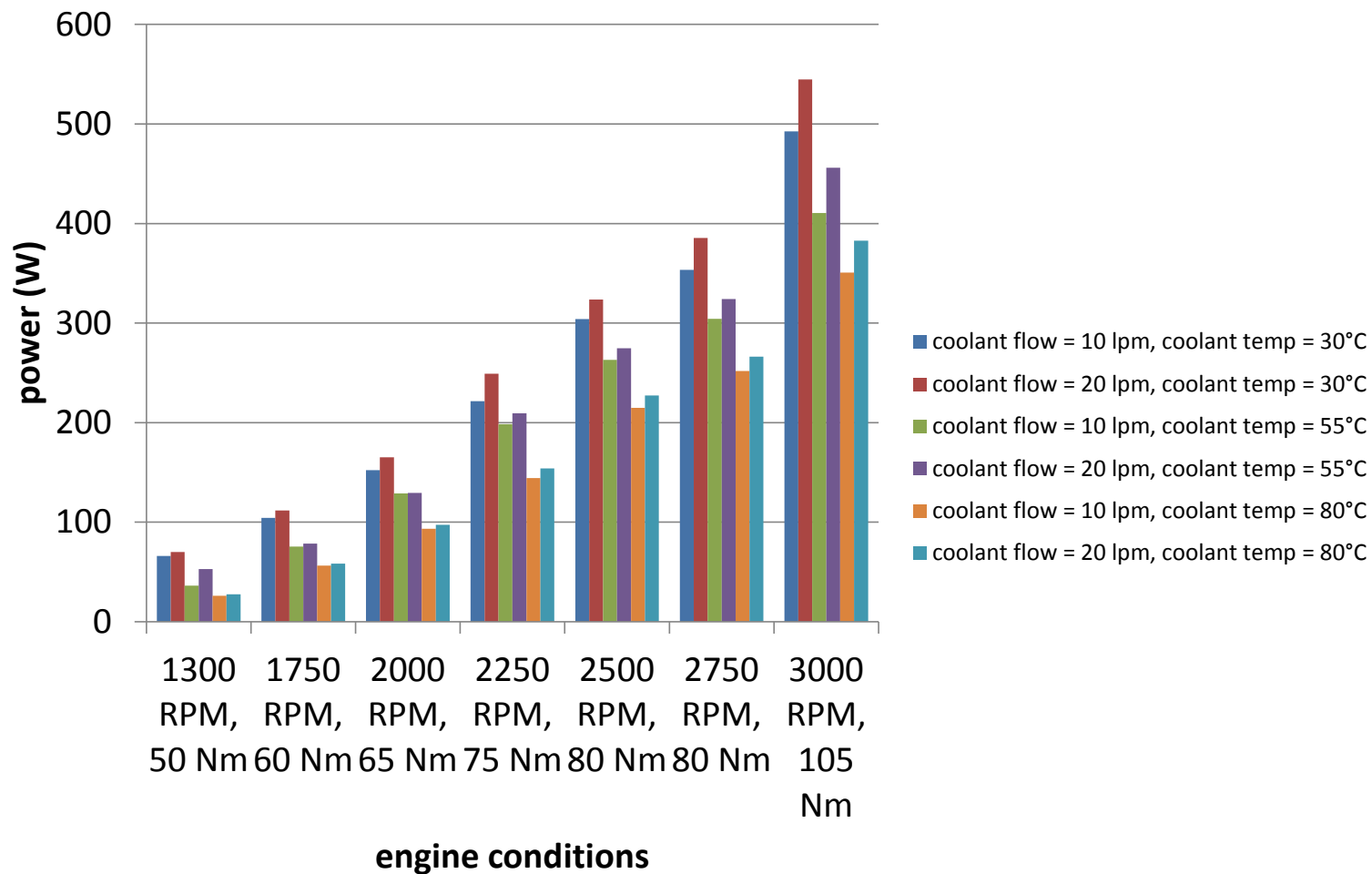
CYLINDRICAL TEG PERFORMANCE



49 W/L (based on flange to flange dimension including outer shell and internal bypass)
1280 W/kg of TE material used

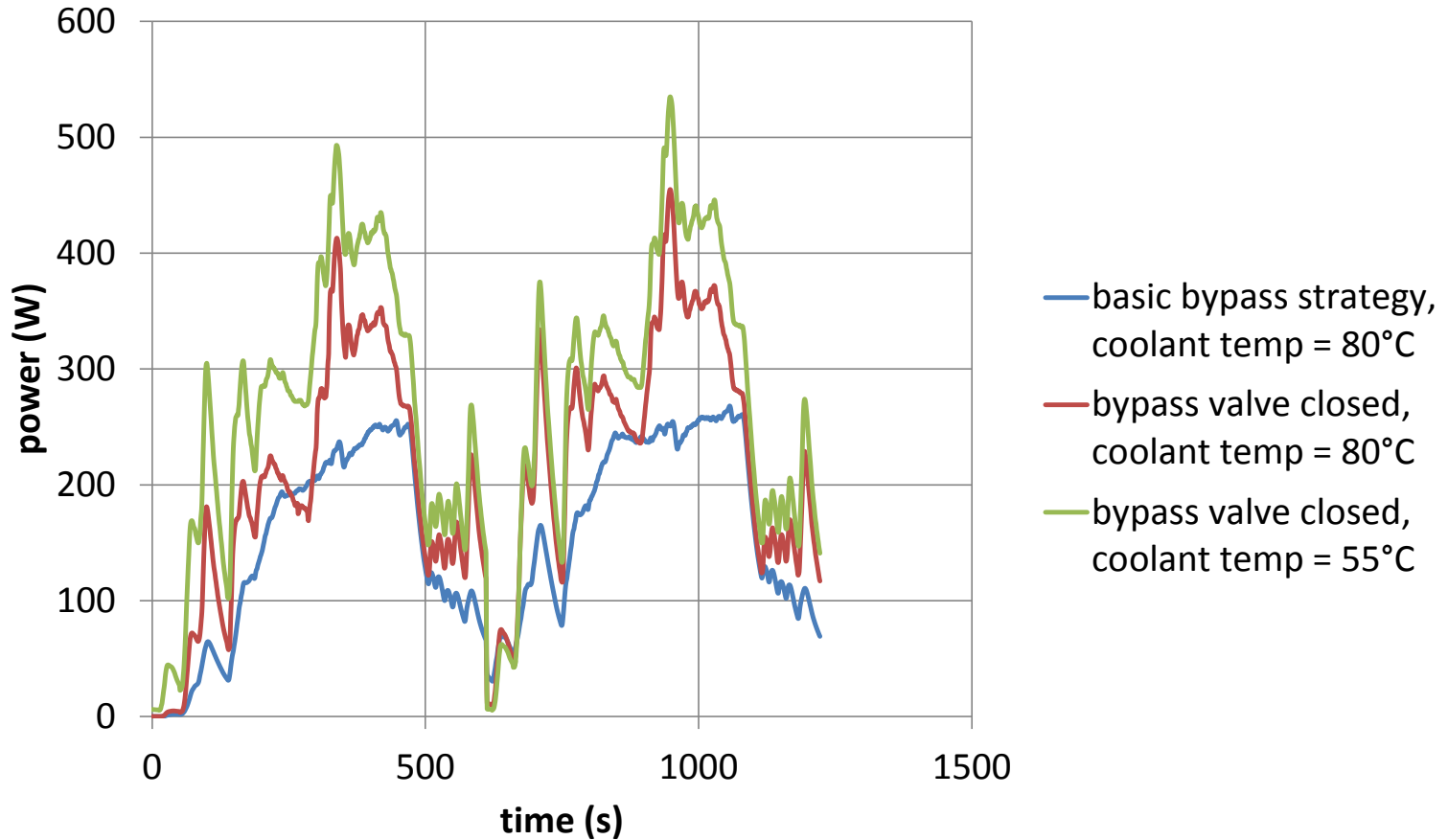
STEADY STATE POWER VS COOLANT FLOW/TEMP

Measured Steady State TEG Performance on Dynamometer
01/31/12



ENGINE DYNAMOMETER US06 DRIVE CYCLE RESULTS

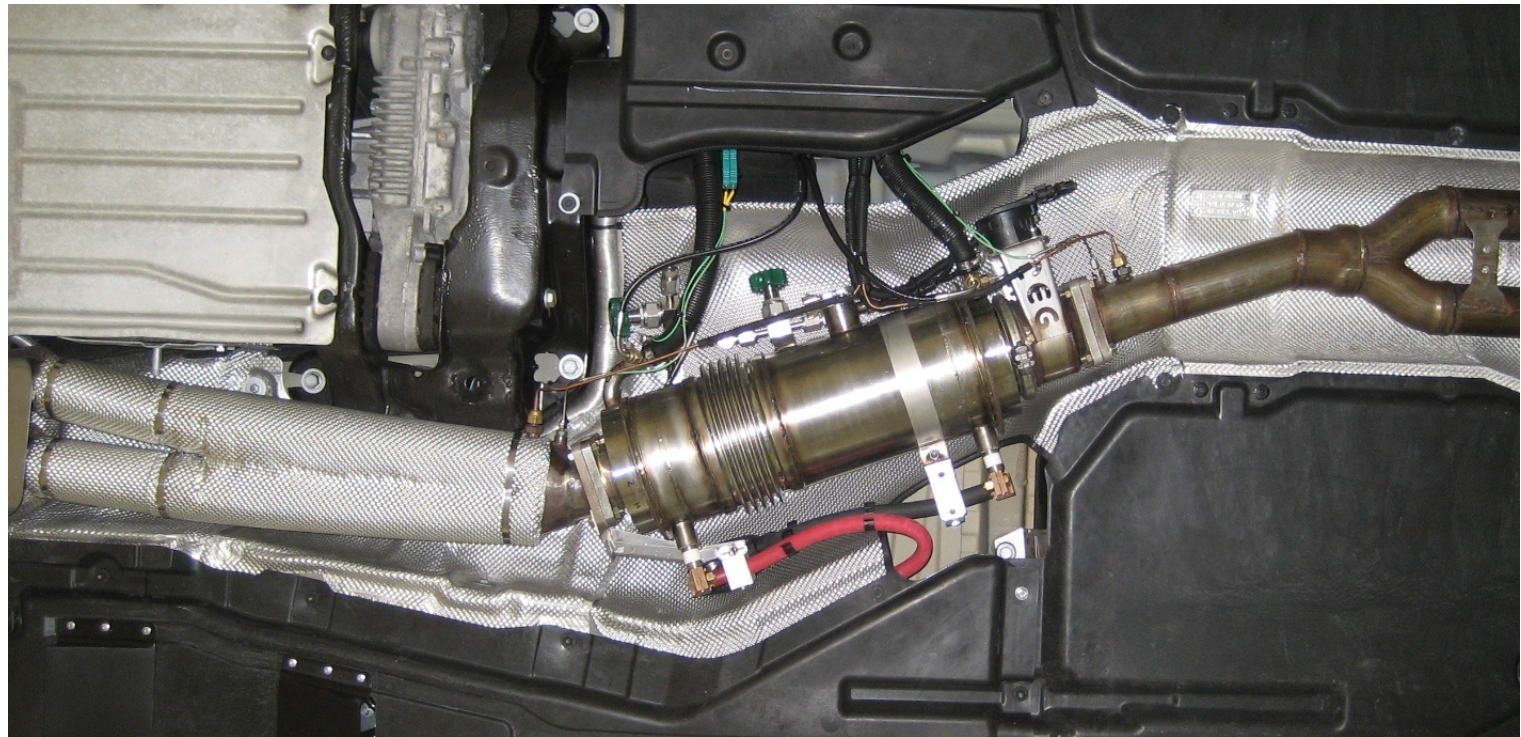
US06 Driv Cycle Measured Dyno Results
coolant flow = 20 lpm
2 cycles run back to back with 60s idle in between



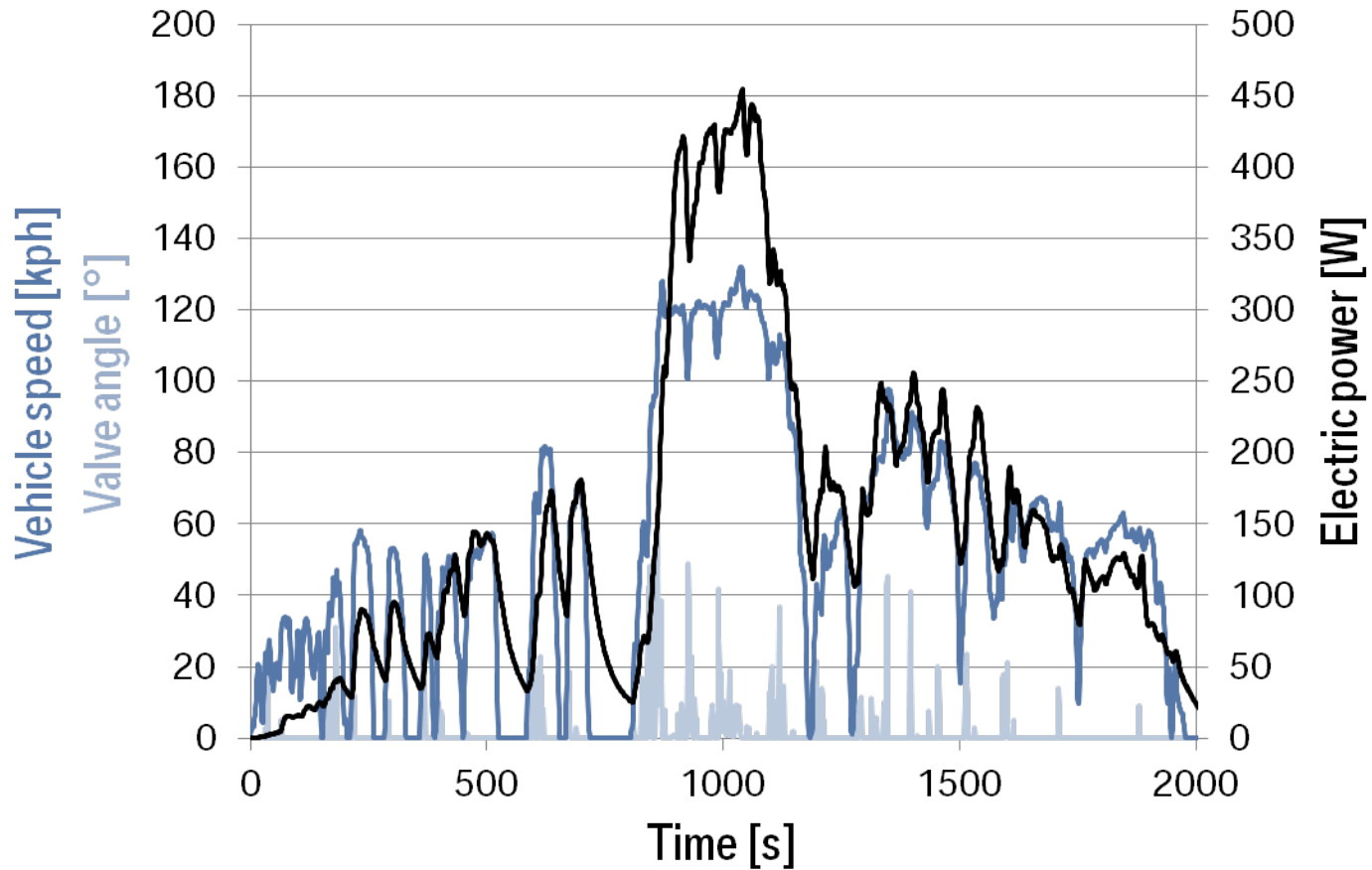
BMW X6



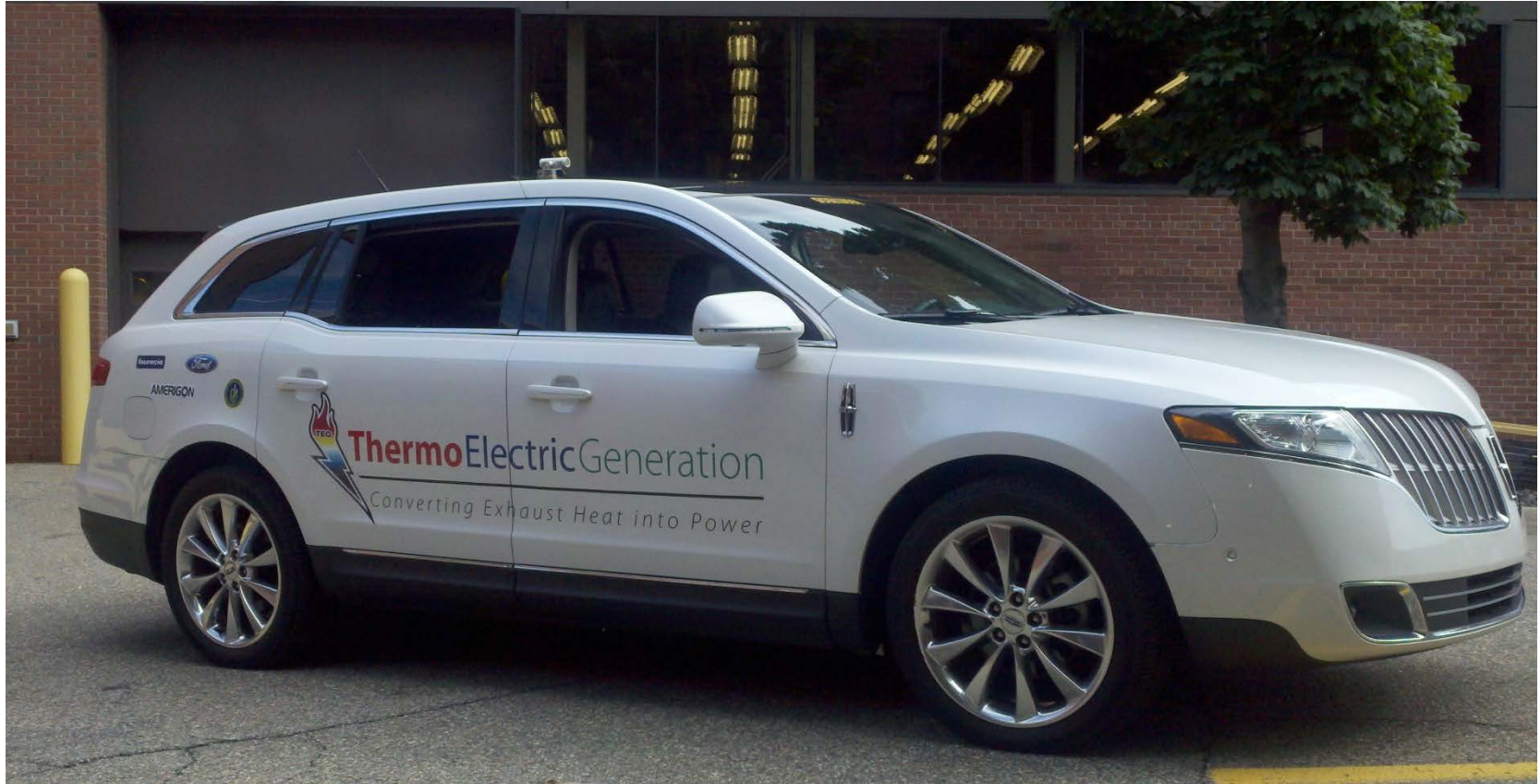
BMW X6 INSTALLATION



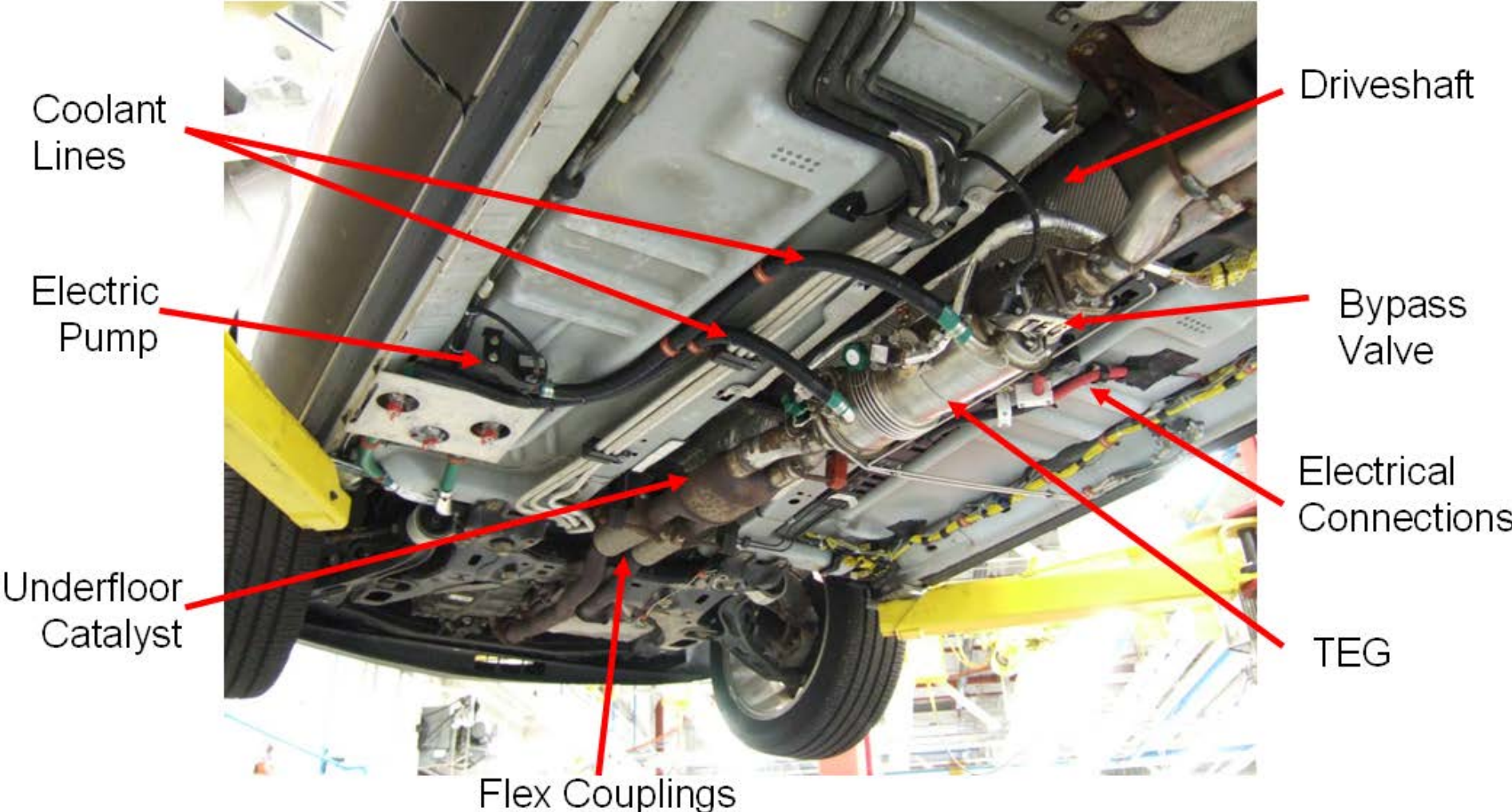
VEHICLE ON-ROAD TEST RESULTS



FORD LINCOLN MKT AWD

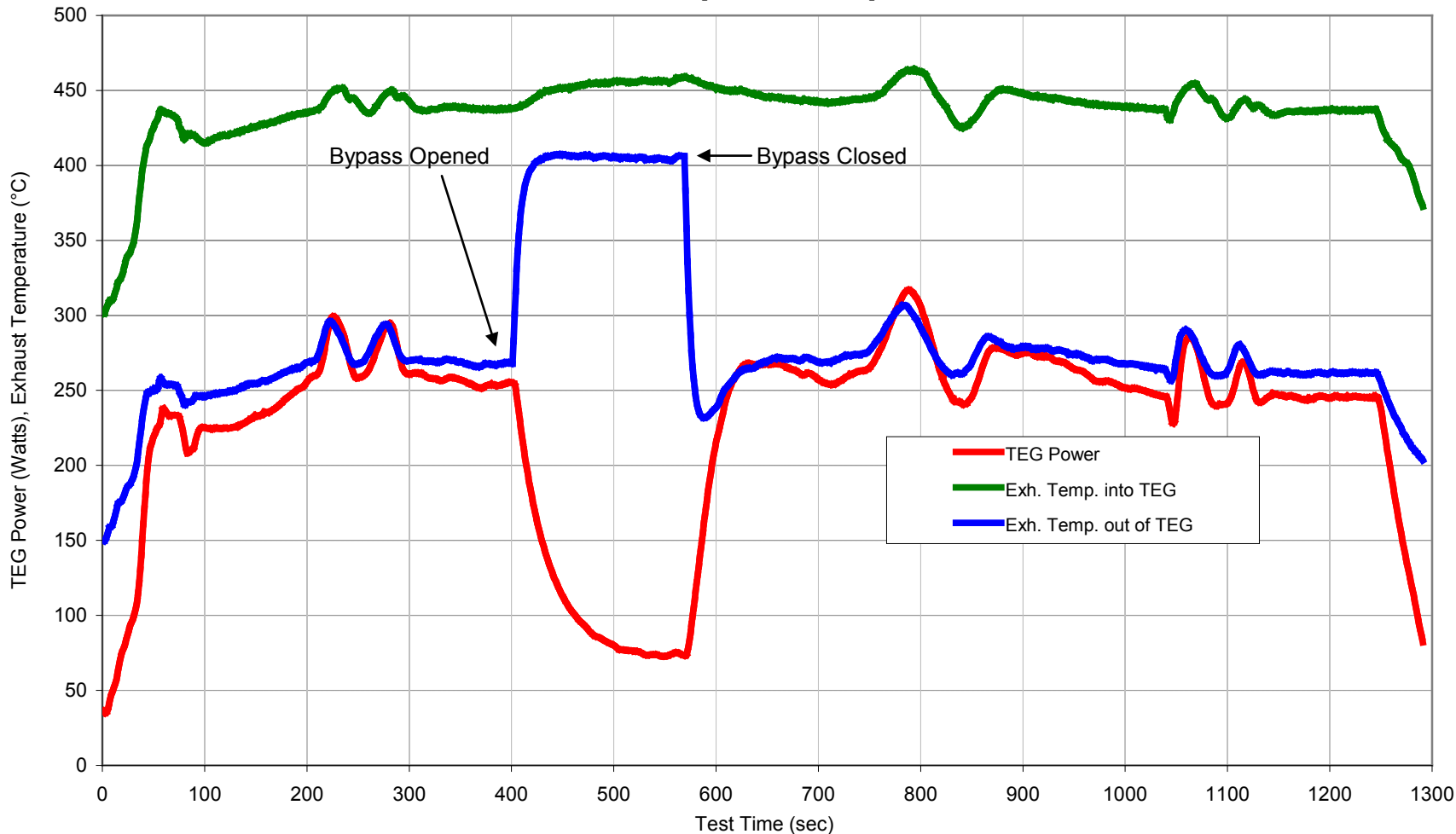


FORD VEHICLE INTEGRATION



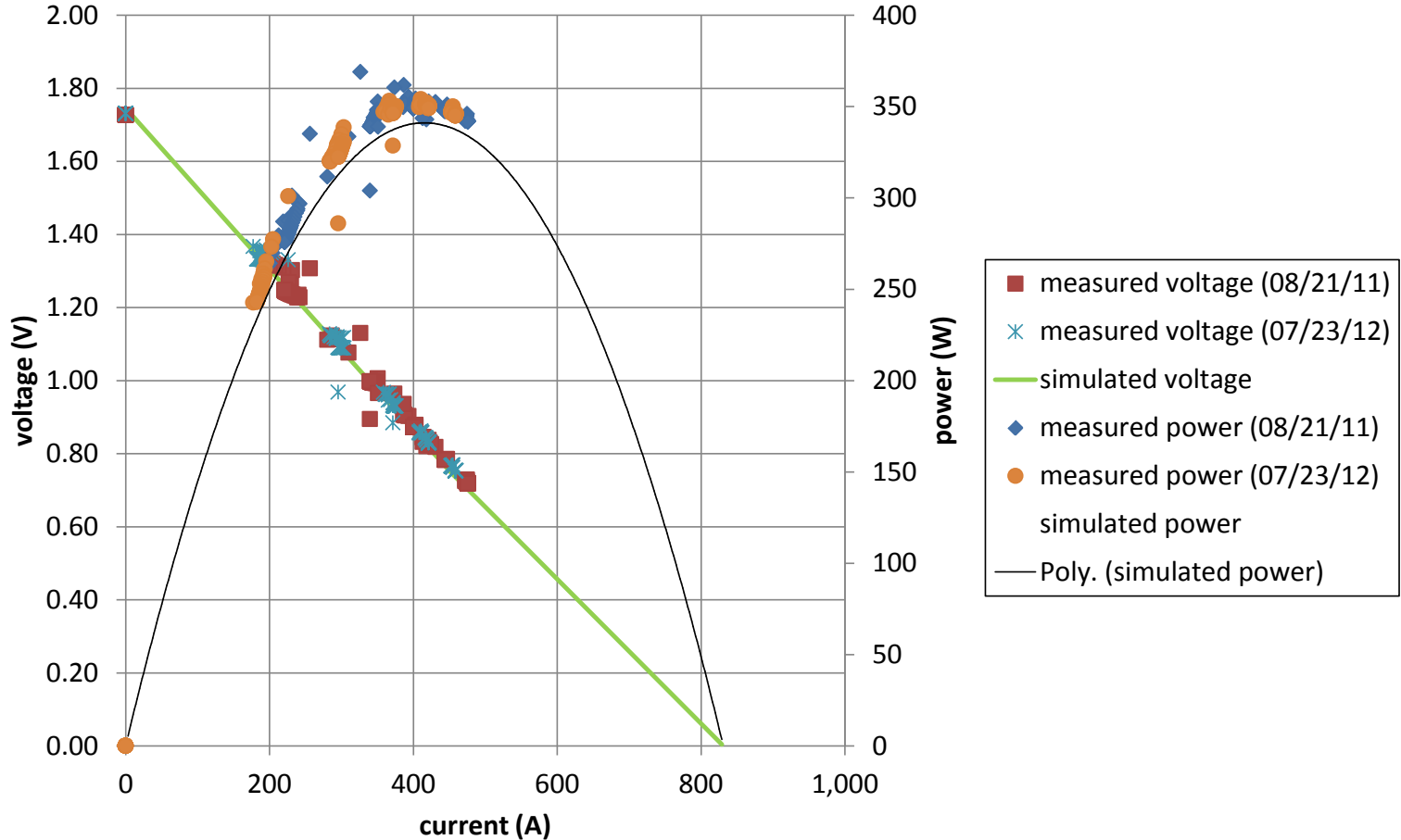
VEHICLE ON-ROAD TEST RESULTS

Vehicle Speed 65mph



TEG PERFORMANCE REPEATABILITY

TEG2 Performance - Test 9
(hot inlet temperature = 510C, cold inlet temperature = 20C)
(hot mass flow = 30.1 g/s, cold mass flow = 330 g/s)



SUMMARY

TEGs have been successfully integrated and tested on a BMW X6 and a Lincoln MKT with over 600W of power produced in vehicle tests and over 700W produced in bench tests.

Models have been created that can successfully capture TEG performance in both steady state and transient conditions.

These models have been integrated into vehicle system level models as well.

With the validation of the models against experimental data, the simulation tools can be used to optimize the geometries and operating schemes of the TEG designs.

A cylindrical TEG technology platform has been developed which is on a path to commercialization by the end of this decade.

OUTLOOK AND FURTHER WORK

Further work is required to address technical and economic risks for TEG commercialization:

- Material and system costs
- Design robustness and performance
- In automotive, FE Benefits Vs regulatory and customer drive-cycles

The partnership between BMW, Ford, Tenneco and Gentherm will continue in a follow-on DOE TEG program with the following key objectives:

- 5% FE gain for a passenger vehicle measured over the US06 drive cycle
- Economic feasibility defined for 100K/annum manufacturing volume
- Integrating TEG with 15L diesel engine in Bradley Fighting Vehicle program

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

US Department of Energy: John Fairbanks

DOE NETL: Carl Maronde

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Ford Motor Company: Clay Maranville, Dan Demitroff, and Quazi Hussain