# Application of Large-Scale Energy Storage Systems in AEP



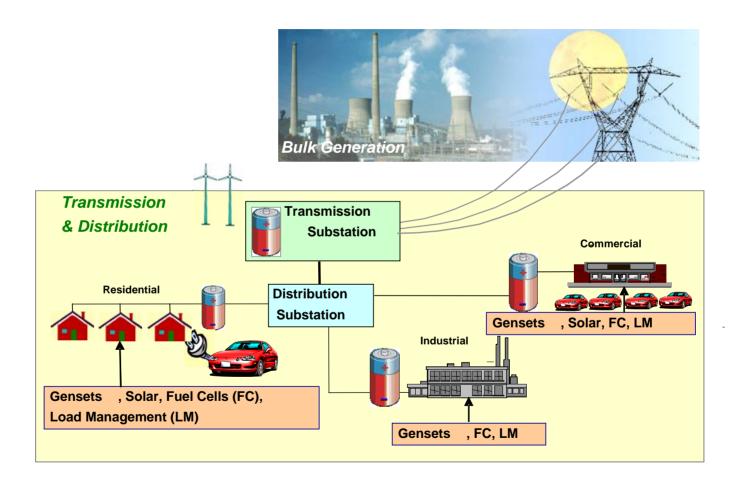
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Distributed Energy Resources
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Funded in part by the Energy Storage Systems Program of the U.S. Department Of Energy (DOE/ESS) through Sandia National Laboratories (SNL).

EESAT Conference September 2007



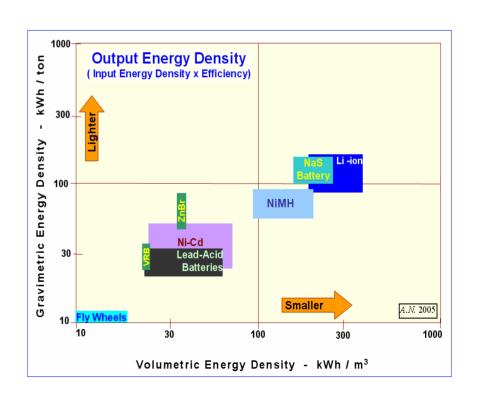
#### A Possible Future of Distribution





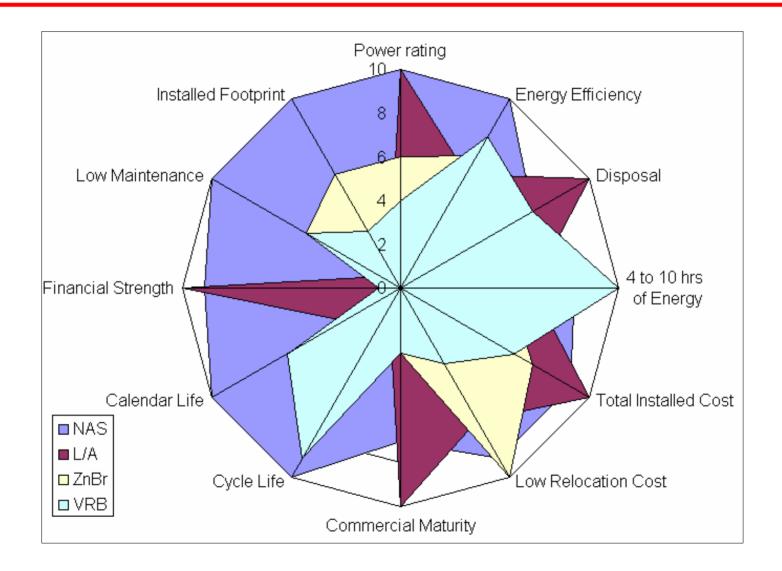
# Storage Options for Utility Applications

- 1-10 MW, 4-8 hour storage systems
- After reviewing all feasible technologies, AEP selected
   Sodium Sulfur (NaS) battery for distributed energy storage
- NaS strengths:
  - ✓ Cost
  - √ Favorable field experience
  - ✓ Compactness
  - √ Commercial record over 1MW
  - ✓ Modularity
  - ✓ Ability to be relocated





## Some Selection Criteria for Energy Storage





#### **Partners**



#### **American Electric Power**

- Owner & Operator of DESS
- Project Management
- Site Work
- Permits



#### **NGK Insulators**

Manufacturer of NAS Battery System



#### **S&C Electric Company**

- PCS
- System Integration





#### **DOE/Sandia**

Partial Sponsor

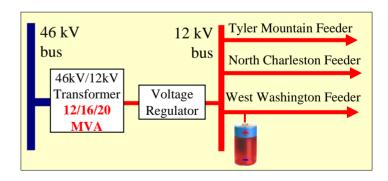
DOE/Sandia's *timely* support pushed AEP over the tipping point on its 1MW NAS project that is now grown into a commitment to deploy 1000 MW more energy storage over the next decade.



# **AEP's First Commercial Energy Storage System**



- Charleston, WV
- 1.2 MW, 7.2 MWh
- Operational since June 26th 2006





#### Distributed Energy Storage System (DESS) Project

Main Function 1.2 MW Peak Shaving

Justifications 1) Corporate Strategy (long-term economics)

2) Distribution Capital Deferral

3) A Relatively Quick Solution

4) Relocate-able to other Sites

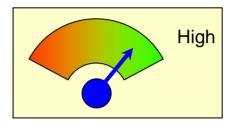
5) Market values (RTO)

**DOE Support** Covered Non-Repeat Expenses

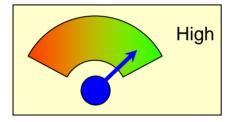


## **LONG-TERM** Economics of Energy Storage

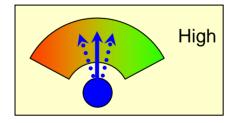
1. Strategic Values - high



2. Political Merits - high



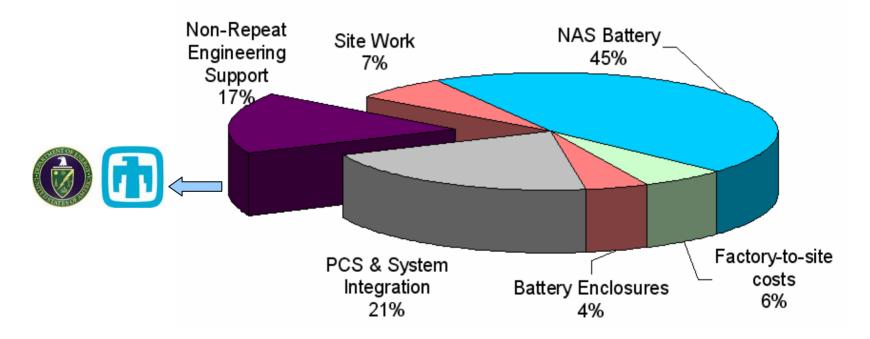
3. Short-term Cost/Benefit Analysis - Marginal





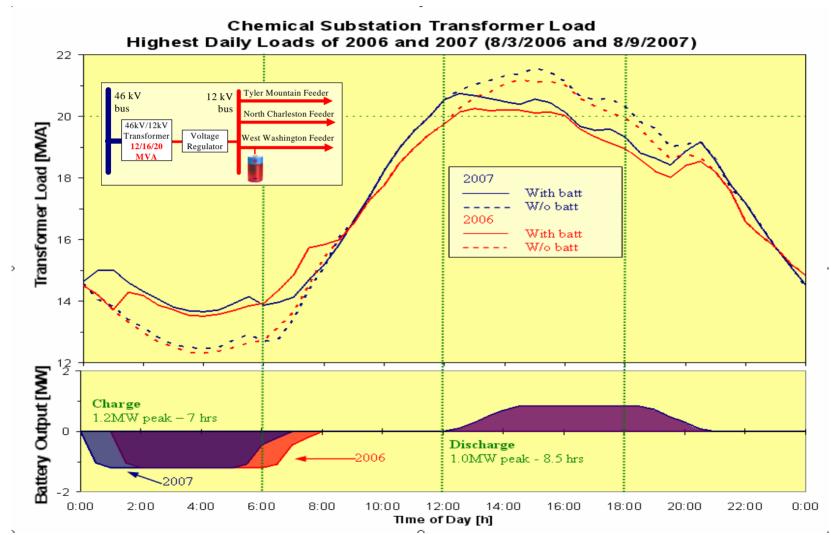
#### Storage Cost and DOE/Sandia's Role

# Cost Components



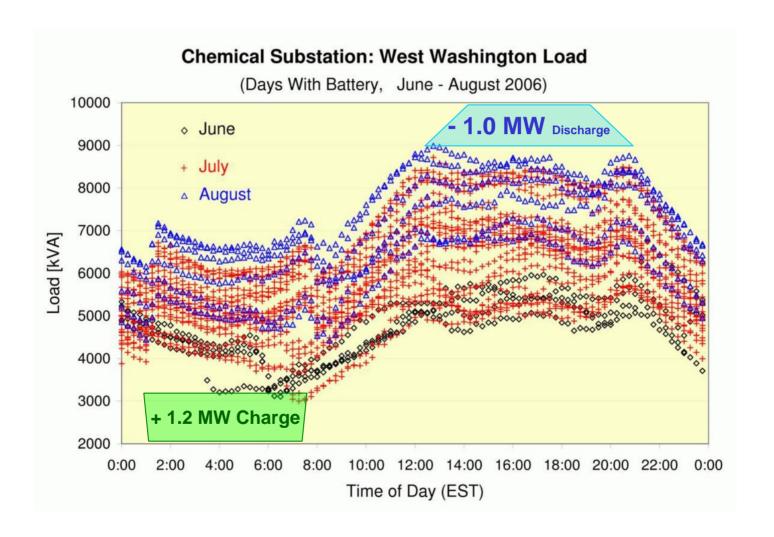


#### Sample of Peak Shaving – Highest Peaks of each Year



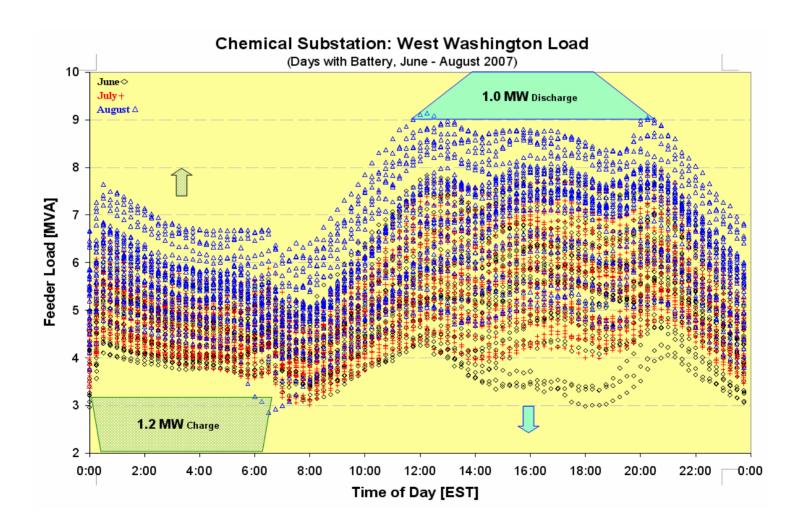


#### **Load Leveling - 2006**





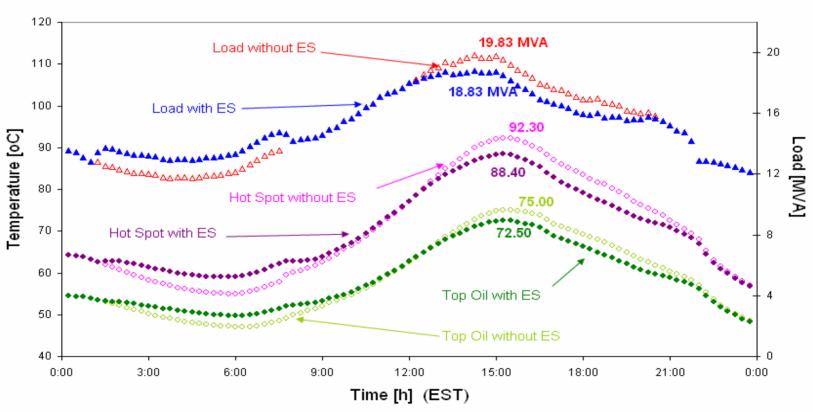
## **Load Leveling - 2007**





#### Impact on Transformer temperature

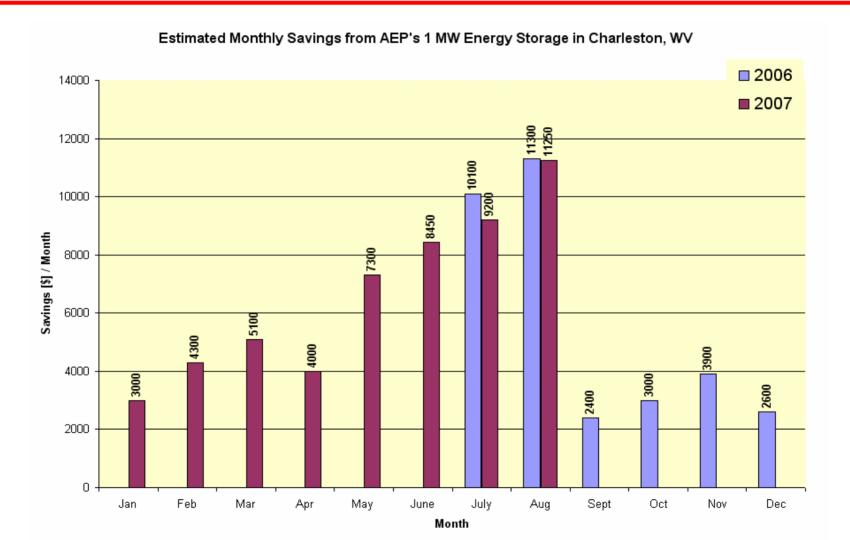
#### Transformer Load, Hot Spot and Top Oil Temperature Chemical Substation - July 21, 2006



\*Based on measured/calculated load and measured ambient temperature, Hot Spot and Top Oil temperature are calculated by using PTLoad 6.1, EPRI software.



# **Savings on the Energy Market (PJM)**





#### Performance Summary – 2006 & 2007

- 1MW NAS Battery Storage was installed and operational in just 9 months
- The battery helps shave transformer peak loads for 8.5 hours a day
- Keeps transformer temperature down by several degrees C
- Improves the feeder's Load Factor from 0.75 to 0.80, on average
- Provided a PJM Market Energy Value of \$5,500 per month (average)
- Helped AEP build more confidence on this Energy Storage initiative



#### **DOE/Sandia Report –**

#### **SAND2007-3580**

#### SANDIA REPORT

SAND2007-3580 Unlimited Release Printed June 2007

Installation of the First Distributed Energy Storage System (DESS) at American Electric Power (AEP)

A Study for the DOE Energy Storage Systems Program

Ali Nourai

Prepared by Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185 and Livermore, California 94550

Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under Contract DE-ACC4-94AL85000.

Approved for public release; further dissemination unlimited



Free copies of the report are available from the Sandia website



#### **Going Forward**

- Energy Storage has many utility benefits that,
   when combined, MAY pay for the equipment cost
- But all storage benefits may NOT apply to a given application
- Need to choose the right application with the right business model



#### **Storage Benefits**

NPV \$/kW

# Storage Cost

(installed)

Automation (aggregation)

AC Energy Storage

Re-locatable "BLACK BOX"

(7-hour discharge)

#### **Storage Benefits (NPV)**

Traditional
Business Model
Improved Reliability
& Capital Deferral

Alternative
Business Model
Profiting from
RTO Markets

Dist. Capital Deferral (site dependent)

Improved Service Reliability

Based on the cost of conventional solutions to reduce

Customer Minute Interrupted

(site dependent)

**Energy Arbitrage** 

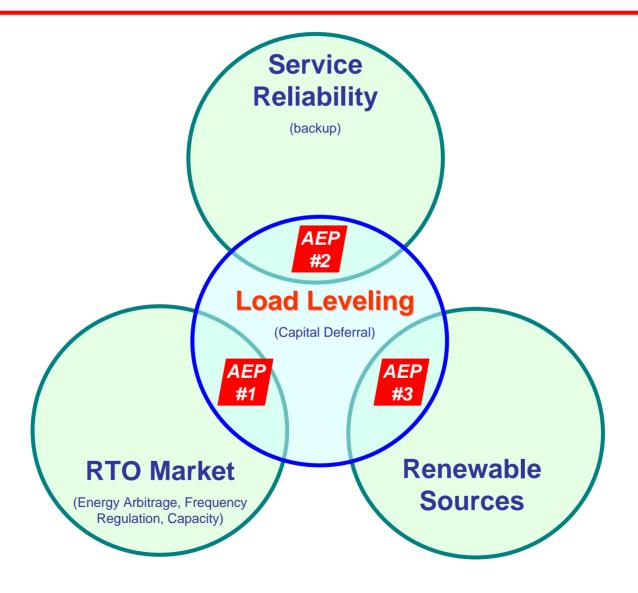
Generation Capacity

Frequency Regulation

(large variability)



#### **Combining Storage Benefits**





#### **AEP News Release – September 2007**

- Energy Storage is a key to the initiative for modernizing our grid
- 6 MW more NAS operational in 2008 (purchased)
- 25 MW more by the end of this decade
- 1000 MW more by the end of next decade

