



Nuclear Reference Material Program

U.S. Department of Energy



Certificate of Analysis

Certified Reference Material U020A (10 mg)

Uranium (U_3O_8) Isotopic Standard, 2.0 % U-235, 10 mg U

Description: Each unit of Certified Reference Material (CRM) U020A consists of approximately 10 milligrams of uranium, in the form of highly purified U_3O_8 , contained in a glass bottle. Certified isotope-amount and isotope-mass fractions values are reported in Table 1.

Table 1. Certified Property Value and Uncertainty ^(a)

	$n(^{234}U)/n(U)$	$n(^{235}U)/n(U)$	$n(^{236}U)/n(U)$	$n(^{238}U)/n(U)$
Isotope-Amount Fraction ($\cdot 100$):	0.01732	2.0262	0.01179	97.9447
Uncertainty:	0.00003	0.0011	0.00007	0.0011
	$m(^{234}U)/m(U)$	$m(^{235}U)/m(U)$	$m(^{236}U)/m(U)$	$m(^{238}U)/m(U)$
Isotope-Mass Fraction ($\cdot 100$):	0.01703	2.0011	0.01169	97.9702
Uncertainty:	0.00003	0.0011	0.00007	0.0011

^(a) The indicated uncertainties for the isotopic composition of the CRM are 95 % confidence intervals for the mean. For the minor isotopes (^{234}U and ^{236}U), these uncertainties take into account the uncertainties associated with separated and spike isotopes used in this certification work.

Intended use: CRM U020A is intended primarily for use as an isotopic standard in mass spectrometric analysis of uranium.

Storage: This material should be stored in its original packaging under normal laboratory environmental conditions.

Period of validity: When stored in its original, unopened container, the certification of this material is valid indefinitely. The Nuclear Reference Material Program (NRMP) will notify customers should any degradation be detected.

Minimum sample size: The NRMP has validated that samples of 1 mg of oxide or larger are isotopically homogenous. Accordingly, NRMP does not guarantee uranium isotopic homogeneity for oxide samples smaller than 1 mg.

Instructions for handling: The material in the unit bottle is radioactive. This radioactive material should be handled only by qualified individuals. To minimize personnel exposure, appropriate facilities and personal protective equipment should be used. Refer to the Safety Data Sheet for further information.

Traceability statement: Certified isotope-amount fractions are traceable to the SI base unit of the mole. Certified isotope-mass fractions are traceable to the SI base units of the mole and the kilogram.

Additional information: The certified isotopic abundance values were determined using a solid-sample thermal ionization mass spectrometer equipped with a Faraday cup detection system. The measured $^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ values were corrected for mass discrimination effects by intercomparison with synthetic calibration mixtures of similar ^{235}U levels, prepared from high-purity ^{235}U and ^{238}U separated isotopes. The $^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ value for this standard, 0.020687, is known to at least 0.05 %. The ^{234}U and ^{236}U abundances were determined by isotope dilution mass spectrometry using high-purity ^{233}U as the spike.

This CRM was originally issued in 1984 by the National Bureau of Standards (NBS) as Standard Reference Material (SRM) U-020a. The measurements made at NBS leading to the certification were performed by J.W. Gramlich, L. A. Machlan, and J.R. Moody, under the direction of E.L. Garner. The statistical analyses were performed by W. S. Liggett, NBS. In 1987, the technical and administrative transfer of NBS Special Nuclear SRMs to the New Brunswick Laboratory (NBL) CRM Program was coordinated by the NBS Office of Standard Reference Materials and N. M. Trahey, NBL. In 2016 NBL transitioned to a program office within the Department of Energy and is now operating within the National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA) as the Nuclear Reference Material Program (NRMP).