

AIA 2030 DDx & Detailed Design Data Portal (D3P)

The role of energy modeling, design data and industry building design performance



AIA 2030 Design Data Exchange(DDx) & Detailed Design Data Portal (D3P)



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Project Summary: AIA 2030 DDx & D3P

OBJECTIVE, OUTCOME, & IMPACT

Objective: Building sector dataset to track design industry energy & carbon reductions compared to goals (AIA 2030 Commitment, MEP 2040) while providing feedback on design and BEM tool usage.

Outcome: DOE gains knowledge on design industry performance, incl. of energy modeling tools in application. Industry gains design feedback.

TEAM & PARTNERS

AIA 2030 DDx: LBNL, Sustainable IQ, AIA, AIA Working Group, A/E firms Detailed Design Data Portal (D3P): LBNL, Sustainable IQ, Inc, A/E firms

DDx has 490 A/E Firms that report annually ~3.6B GSF (yr ~45% of total U.S. built/retrofit).



STATS

Performance Period: FY17 - FY24

DOE Budget: \$250k, Cost Share: \$250k/yr

Milestone 1: Tech stack update (D3P)

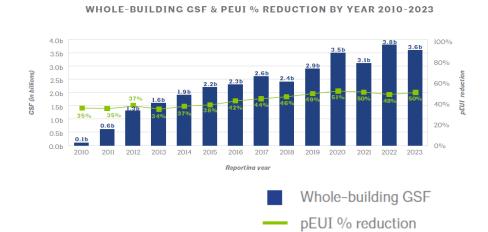
Milestone 2: Enhancements (DDx)

Milestone 3: Operational Carbon Framework (D3P), Reporting year dataset summary (DDx)



Problem: A/E Industry Lags AIA 2030 Goals

- Industry tracks performance via the AIA Design Data eXchange (DDx)
- Firms currently achieving 50% energy reduction not meeting goals
 - 80% reduction goal in 2024 (projects & portfolios), 90% in 2025; 100% in 2030 (compared to CBECS 2003)
- Firms report minimum required data, no operational carbon, low QA/QC
- Firms are not able to do whole bldg.
 benchmark comparisons, or improve performance through design feedback



DDx progress (source: AIA by the numbers)

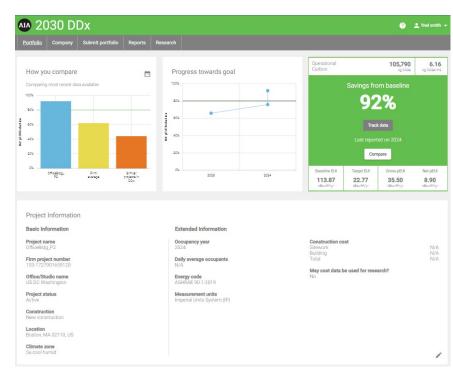
AIA 2030 minimum inputs: EUI, project type/location





Problem: DDx Lacks Functionality to Improve Design

- Reporting tool has QA/QC issues (e.g. unrealistic baseline and EUI values),
 and missing enough data to support better design decisions
- Detailed benchmarking and design feedback is possible if detailed data captured, but currently not
- BEM tool use can help inform better design outcomes, but limited data on high performance efficiency measures doesn't allow for deeper insights



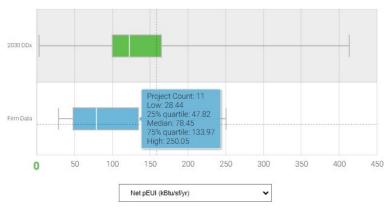
DDx: Project summary after EUI data entered



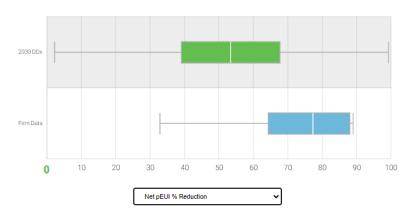
Approach and Progress: AIA 2030 DDx Improvements

- DDx data quality (QA/QC) improvements
 - Energy modeling tool "other" definition required
 - Project sharing across firms to limit project duplication
 - Project outlier rules
- Operational Carbon Calculations for all projects
 - Energy Star methodology / eGrid
- High-Level Benchmarking (Whole Bldg.)
 - Project and portfolio comparisons
 - · Firm & All firms with filters





DDx High-level benchmarking: Laboratories, climate zone 4a,4b; energy modeled; >100,000 GSF



DDx Dependent variable change, same project sets

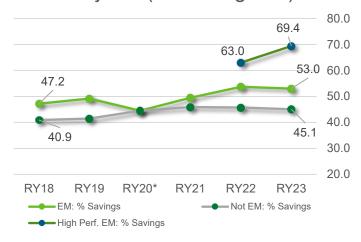




Impact: 2030 Reporting Highlights – 2023

- ~16,400 projects, 3.6B GSF
 - Energy savings 340 M Mbtu/yr
 - Carbon savings 38.5 M MTCO2e
- Gradual improvements on energy/carbon savings, and energy modeling savings over time
- Insights into deeper energy/carbon savings, and how they evolve based on whether energy modeling is used.
 - 24.3% energy savings for high-perf EM projects
- New features and high-level benchmarking capability increase firm interest in reporting and quantity of data input into DDx
 - 490 firms reported (15% increase)

% Energy Savings for Modeled and Not Modeled Projects (area-weighted)

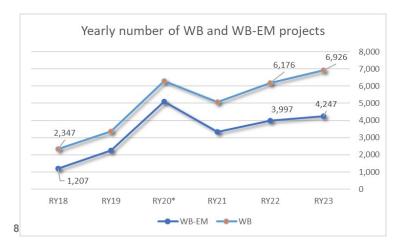


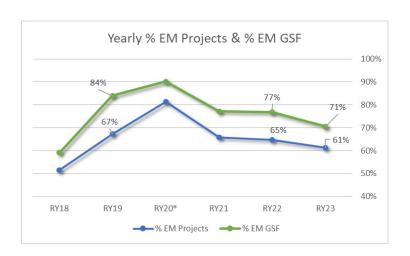




Impact: 2030 Reporting Highlights – 2023

- Number of participating firms and projects reported increasing
- % of energy modeled projects is decreasing
 - More recently joining firms are less performance oriented and model less
 - DDx/D3P improvements can illustrate value of BEM on design and improve reporting
- · Gap between modeled and non-modeled projects is narrowing
 - · Codes becoming more stringent while designs not becoming more aggressive
 - DDx QA/QC issues

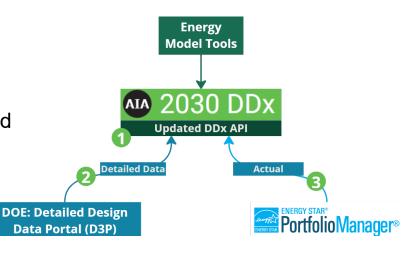






Future Work: AIA 2030 DDx

- DDx API update (expanded field set) technical assistance
- [Potential] Energy Star Portfolio Manager (ESPM) integration providing ability for design and post-occupancy data for projects in one platform.
- DDx RY24 dataset analysis w/BEM impacts
- Additional QA/QC improvements



DDx API Update & Integration Opportunities

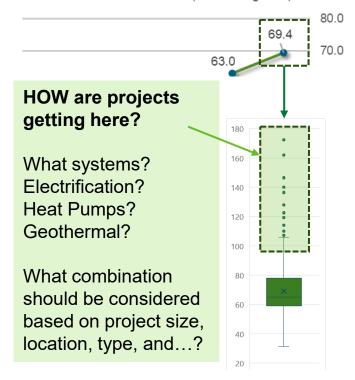
DDx API update funded by others



Problem: Initiatives Raising Bar, Reporting Needs to Keep Pace

% Energy Savings for Modeled and Not Modeled (area-weighted)

- Multiple initiatives pushing higher levels of performance (AIA 2030, MEP 2040, SE 2050, carbon free/Net Zero Emissions programs, LEED v5) and collect more detailed data per project
- Firms already spend significant time collecting data
- Firms have detailed data available in models, but lack processes to extract and utilize
- Current reporting (DDx) provides high level metrics for comparison, but additional details needed to inform design outcomes





Detailed Design Data & D3P

- "Detailed Design Data": going beyond whole building EUI and EUI savings. Features and metrics that express design elements and their performance
 - Fuel source and energy end uses
 - HVAC system types and metrics
 - Load breakdowns
 - Energy conservation measures.
- Detailed Design Data Platform (D3P): prototype "detailed DDx"
 - Includes scripts for automatically extracting from BEM reports → Easy reporting to multiple programs
 - Comparisons and visualizations
- Enhanced Benchmarking: Provide informative design performance comparisons
 - Compare fuel sources and end uses for similar projects
 - "Click in" to see HVAC system types selections and loads for high-performance projects



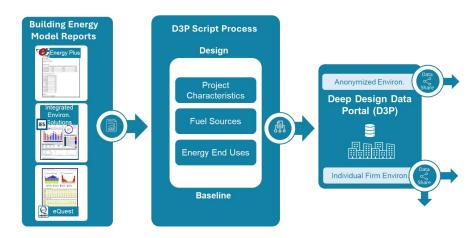
Approach: D3P

BEM report data extraction scripts

- EnergyPlus, eQuest, IES-VE
- 90+% of all projects use one of these
- Proposed design & baseline
- Fuel sources, energy end uses, and project basics (detailed data to be added)

Prototype platform

- **BEM data collection** (via scripts)
- QA/QC and derived metrics (operational CO2)
- Warehousing and visualization
- Exports for program reporting
- Process for integrating external data

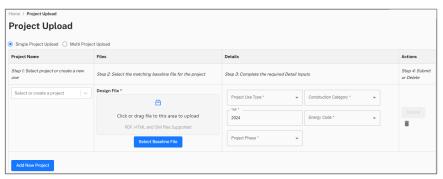


D3P script process to extract data from BEM reports



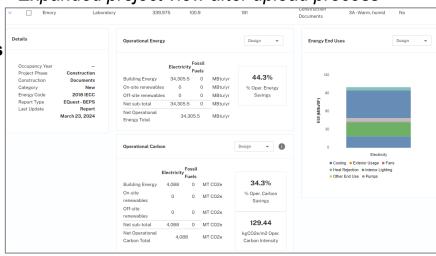
Progress: D3P

- Data scripts completed and piloted
 - Research with firms on types of detailed data to include (HVAC systems, loads)
 - Operational carbon calculations
 - Upgraded platform tech stack based on pilot feedback for process phases (upload, data processing, visualization)
 - Prototype tool piloted by group of large A/E firms
- Socialized the platform with program leaderships with initial interest provided. In discussions to identify pathways for integration



Project Upload (initiates script process)

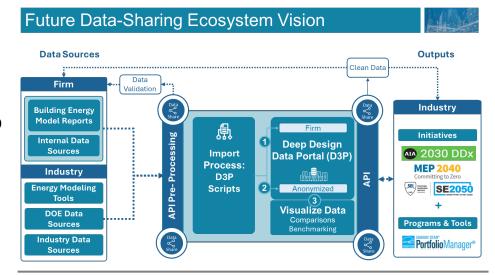
Expanded project view after upload process





Future Work: D3P

- Complete DDx reporting link and pilot
- With **industry consortium**, coordinate across reporting programs and develop three-year roadmap
- Enhance benchmarking capabilities with additional data (HVAC systems, loads, etc.)
- Leverage updated DDx API to integrate D3P and enable detailed benchmarking and design feedback



Data sharing ecosystem including AIA 2030 DDx (platform) and D3P (data extraction + sharing)



Alignment

Energy/Carbon reduction targets 80% currently, 90% by 2025, 100% by 2030

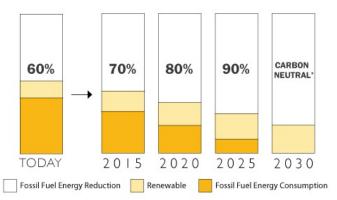
Reduce U.S. building emissions 60% by 2035, 90% by 2050

"Provide tools to help stakeholders identify and implement measures to improve efficiency, increase demand flexibility, accelerate electrification, and deploy on-site generation and storage in buildings."

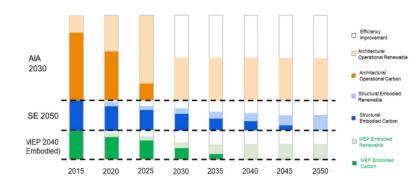
"Improve awareness of low-carbon solutions."

Energy efficiency, onsite emissions reductions, lifecycle emissions reductions. DDx and D3P help design firms track, benchmark, and understand the energy and carbon performance of their projects, and highlights the value of energy modeling in high-performance project delivery.

AIA 2030 Commitment goals



AIA 2030 + SE 2050 + MEP 2040



Thank you

Sustainable IQ, LBNL

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Reference Slides



Project Execution

	FY2024			FY2025				FY2026				
Planned budget												
Spent budget												
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Past Work												
Q1 Milestone: D3P tech stack updates-P1 (FY24 approval)												
Q2 Milestone: DDx enhancements-P1 (partner delays)												
Q2 Milestone: D3P stakeholders (case study delay)												
Q3 Milestone: D3P prioritized improvements												
Q3 Milestone: D3P tech stack updates-P2												
Q4 Milestone: DDx enhancements-P2												
Q4 Milestone: DDx annual analysis												
Current/Future Work												
Q1 Milestone: DDx Update API technical assistance												
Q2 Milestone: D3P Industry Consortium												
Q2 Milestone: D3P High-performance HVAC												





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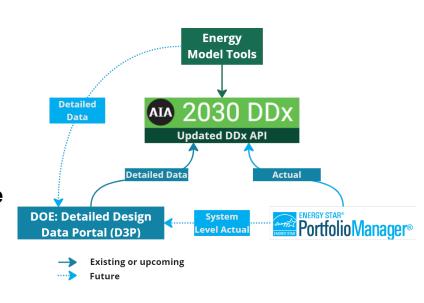
TAG + AIA 2030 Working Group

A sample of the firms included



Approach: D3P Process

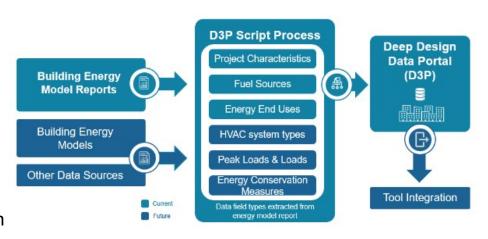
- Process for report into program frameworks (AIA 2030 DDx, MEP 2040)
- Develop process to bring additional data sources into D3P to provide easier detailed design data access.
- For full impact, the platform will need to coordinate and be incorporated through multiple initiative platforms, and need to identify foundational industry partner organization(s) to spearhead ownership





Impact: D3P

- Provides firms an approach to access detailed design data from BEM reports in minutes, versus the hour(s) of manual data collection.
- Increasing the types of high-performance **comparisons** that firms can do on with additional data (end uses, baselines, etc.)
 - End use and fuel source data enables benchmarking with similar buildings that can identify reduction opportunities
- Provides data beneficial for more insightful tracking of AIA 2030 DDx and DOE Blueprint carbon reduction goals
 - Can significantly increase the % DDx projects with fuel source data (minimum)



D3P Current and Future: Additional data sources. detailed data types, and Tool Integration