

Solar Energy Technologies Office: Photovoltaics End-of-Life Action Plan Update

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DOE Solar Energy Technologies Office (SETO) Overview

MISSION

We accelerate the **advancement** and **deployment of solar technology** in support of an **equitable** transition to a **decarbonized economy no later than 2050**, starting with a decarbonized power sector by 2035.

WHAT WE DO

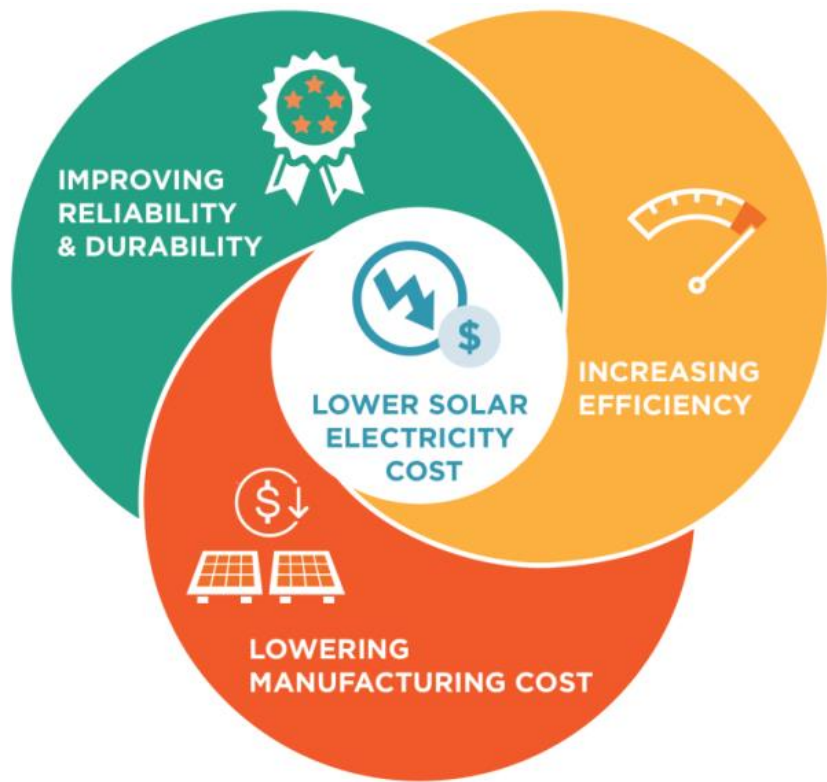
Drive innovation in technology and soft cost reduction to make solar **affordable** and **accessible** for all Americans

Enable solar to support the **reliability, resilience, and security** of the grid

Support **job growth, manufacturing, and the circular economy** in a wide range of applications



Photovoltaics (PV) Research Area



Funds research with a 10–15-year horizon, to advance industry and deployment

Supports an innovation ecosystem that includes universities, national labs, and the private sector

Agenda

1. SETO

- PV EOL Action Plan
- PV Environmental Impact

2. PV EOL Projects

- UC San Diego
- National Renewable Energy Lab
- SOLARCYCLE
- EPRI

3. Federal Agencies Update

- Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies
- Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains
- Environmental Protection Agency



PV Impact: Waste Only Perspective



2017

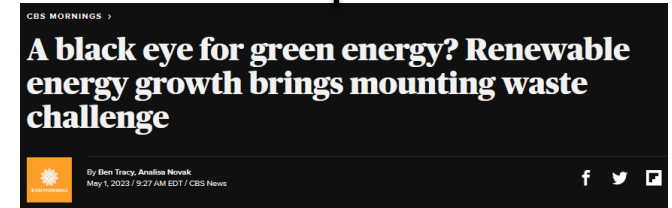


2021

2020



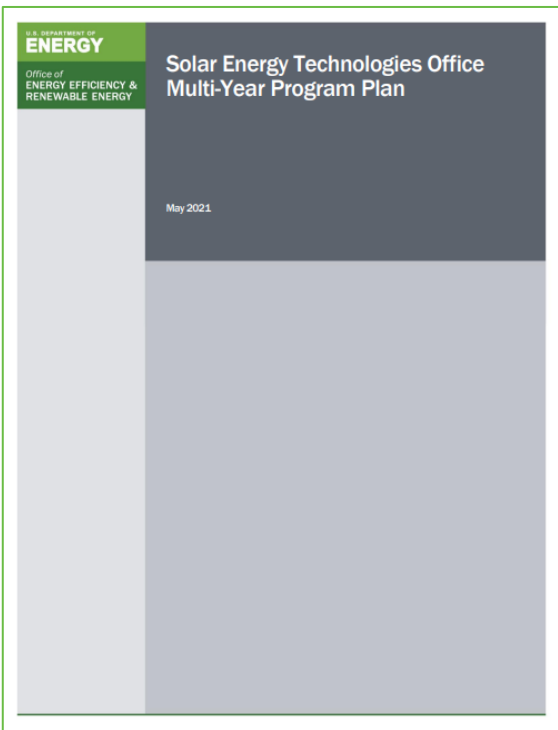
2023



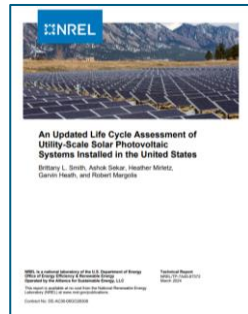
- Media stories influence public perception
 - Context, significance, and overall magnitude of impact often missing

Source: "Winter 2024 Solar Industry Update" NREL 1/25/24 [nrel.gov/docs/fy24osti/88780.pdf](https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy24osti/88780.pdf)
CBS News (5/1/23); Environmental Progress (6/21/17); Harvard Business Review (6/18/21); Wired (8/22/20).

SETO Multi-Year Program Plan 2021 – PV Goals



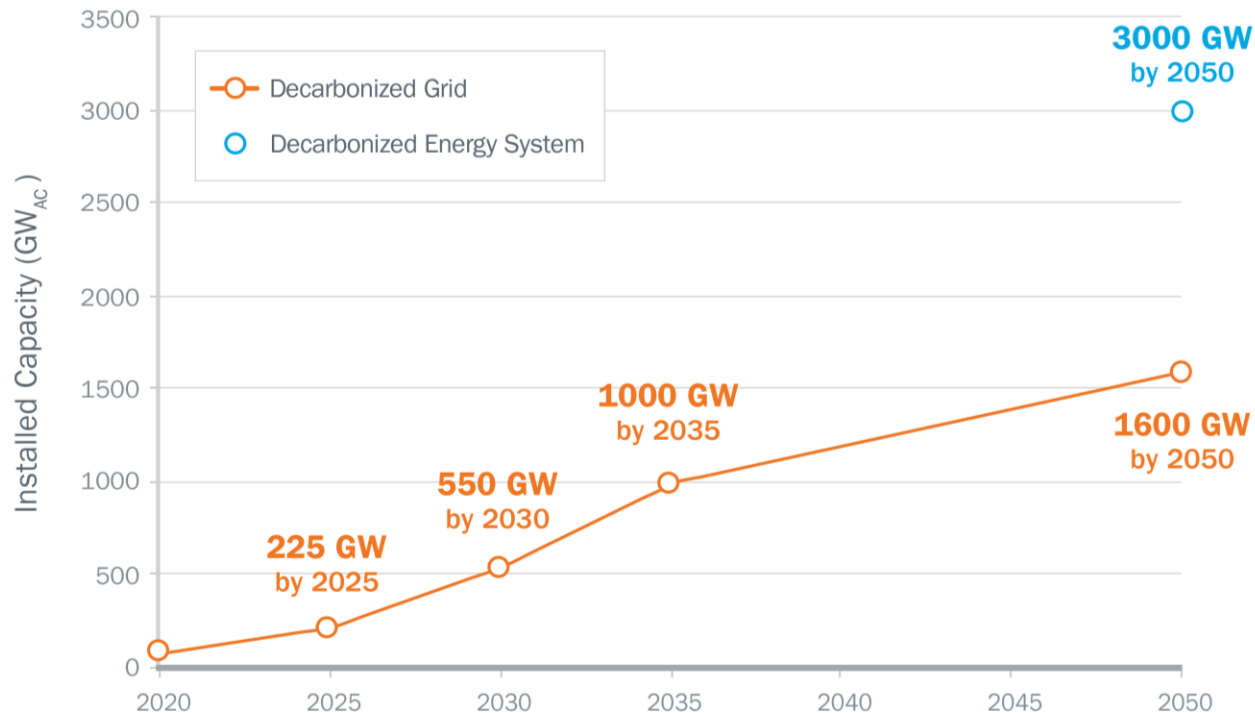
- Lowering the cost of energy from PV
- Reducing the life cycle impacts of solar energy
 - New materials, designs, and practices for reducing the environmental impact of PV technology
 - Life cycle impacts benchmark



<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/articles/solar-energy-technologies-office-multi-year-program-plan>

<https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy24osti/87372.pdf>

PV has a Significant Role to Play in Decarbonization

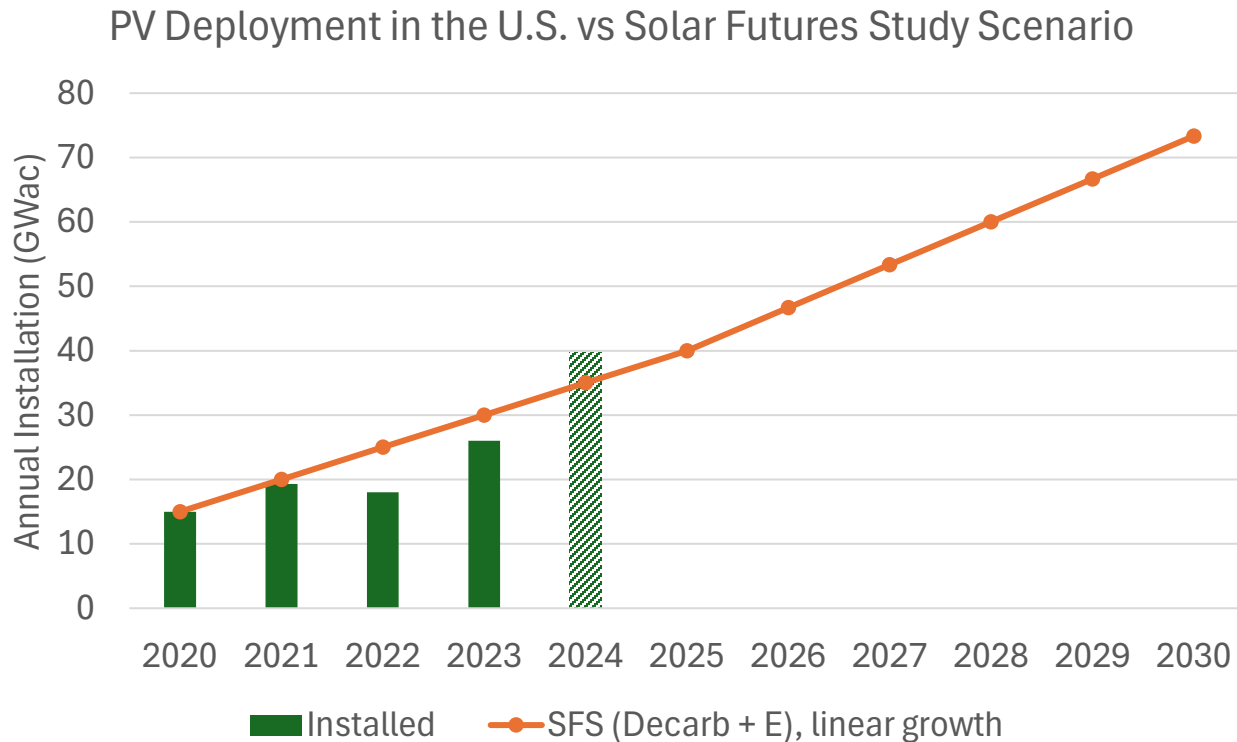


Decarbonization Goals:

- Electric grid (2035)
- Energy system (2050)

Note: The Solar Futures Study modeled the deployment of solar necessary for a decarbonized grid. Preliminary modeling shows that decarbonizing the entire energy system could result in as much as 3,000 GW of solar due to increased electrification across the energy system.

Decarbonization Goals Require a Rapid, Increasing Deployment Rate



EIA, Electric Power Monthly, Table 6.1.A. https://www.eia.gov/electricity/monthly/epm_table_grapher.php?t=table_6_01_a

Quiz Time!

One model of PV waste estimates a cumulative amount of 160 million tons by 2050. How do you think this compares to non-PV electronic waste?

www.menti.com Code: 9606 6318

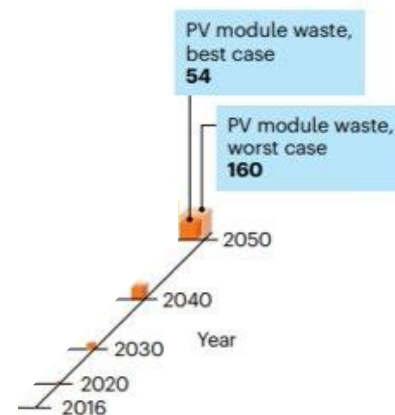


Answer: Anticipated PV waste is significantly less than electronic waste

What Does This Mean for PV EOL Volumes?



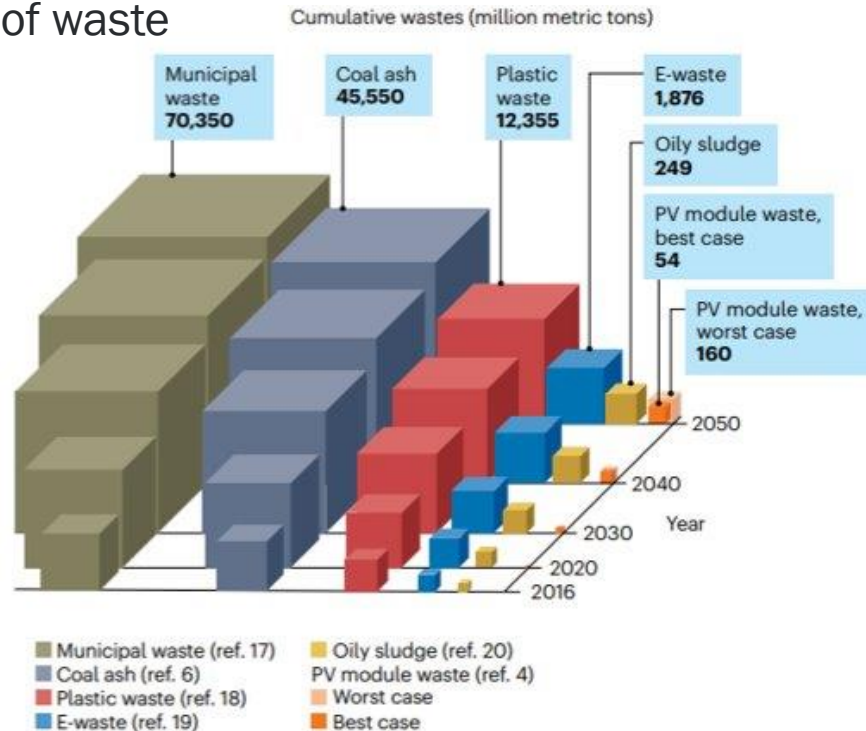
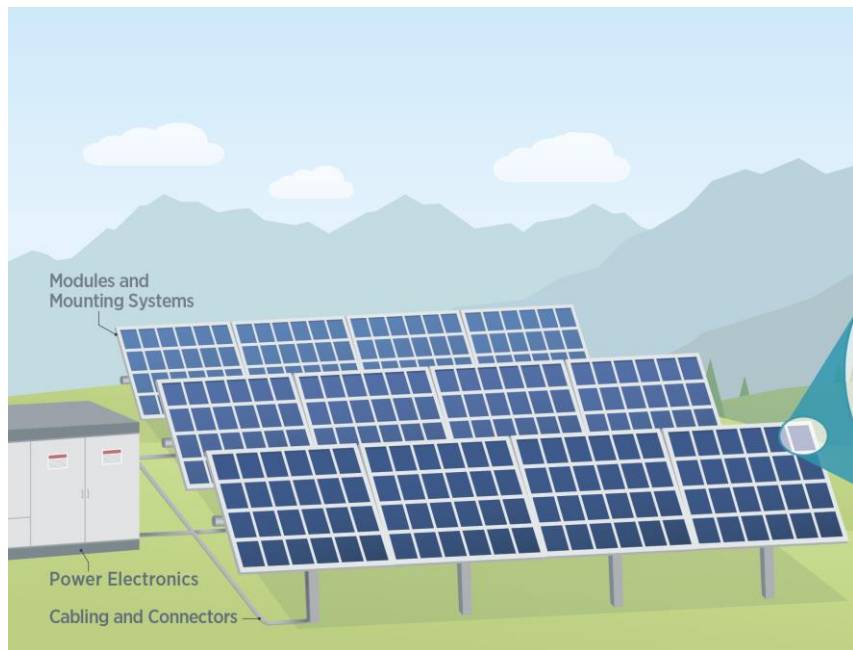
Cumulative wastes (million metric tons)



Mirletz, H., Hieslmair, H., Ovatt, S. *et al. Nat. Phys.* **19**, 1376–1378 (2023).

What Does This Mean for PV EOL Volumes?

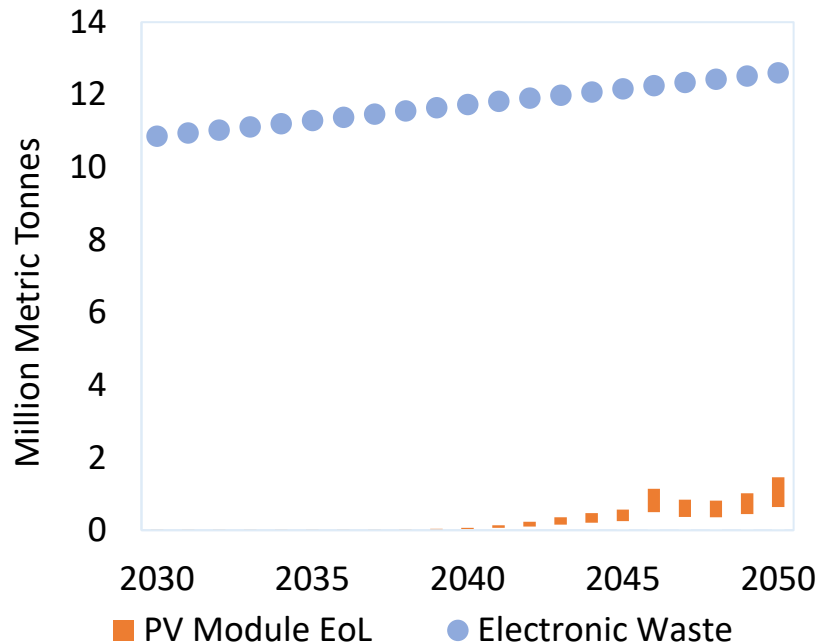
Forward projections estimate future volumes of waste



Mirletz, H., Hieslmair, H., Ovatt, S. *et al. Nat. Phys.* **19**, 1376–1378 (2023).

What Does This Mean for PV EOL Volumes?

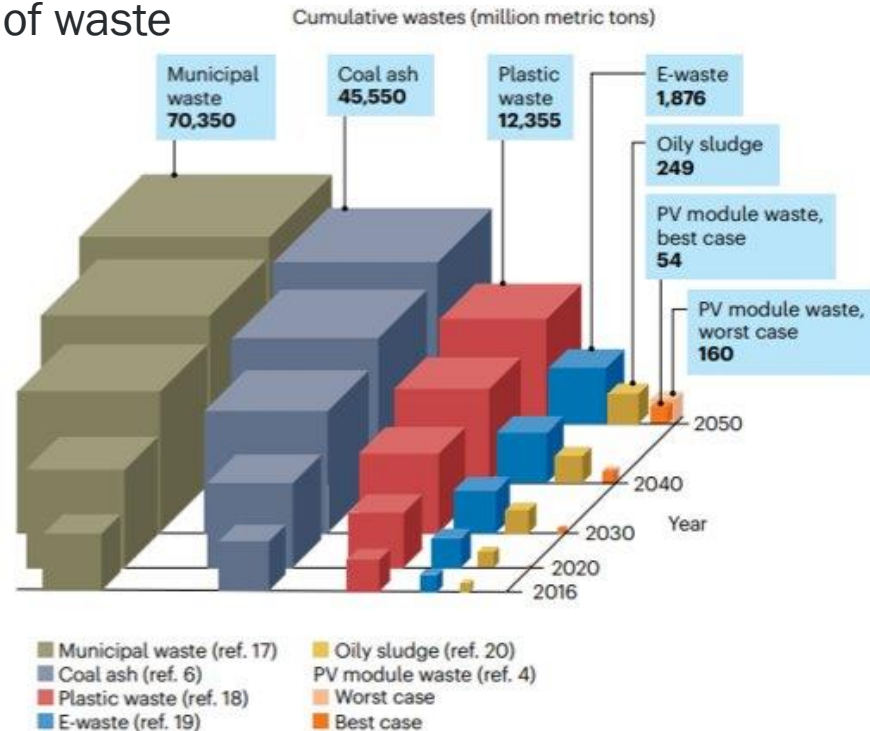
Forward projections estimate future volumes of waste



“Solar Energy Technologies Office Photovoltaics End-of-Life Action Plan” March 2022

<https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2023-10/SETO-PV-End-of-Life-Action-Plan-1.pdf>

Projections for PV Module EOL assume a 30 year life span

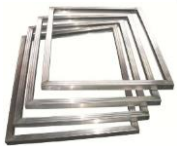


Mirletz, H., Hieslmair, H., Ovatt, S. *et al. Nat. Phys.* **19**, 1376–1378 (2023).

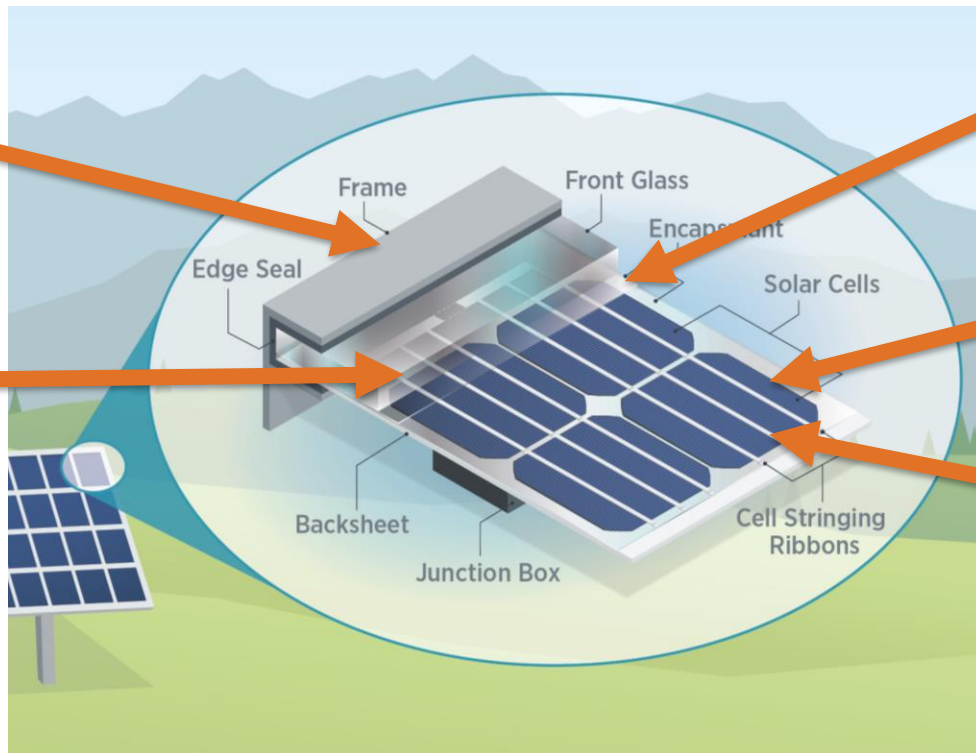
Need: more decommissioning and EOL handling data

PV Modules Are Made of Many Materials

Aluminum
10%



Glass
70-80%



Polymer films
2-4%



Silicon
2-4%



Copper
2-4%

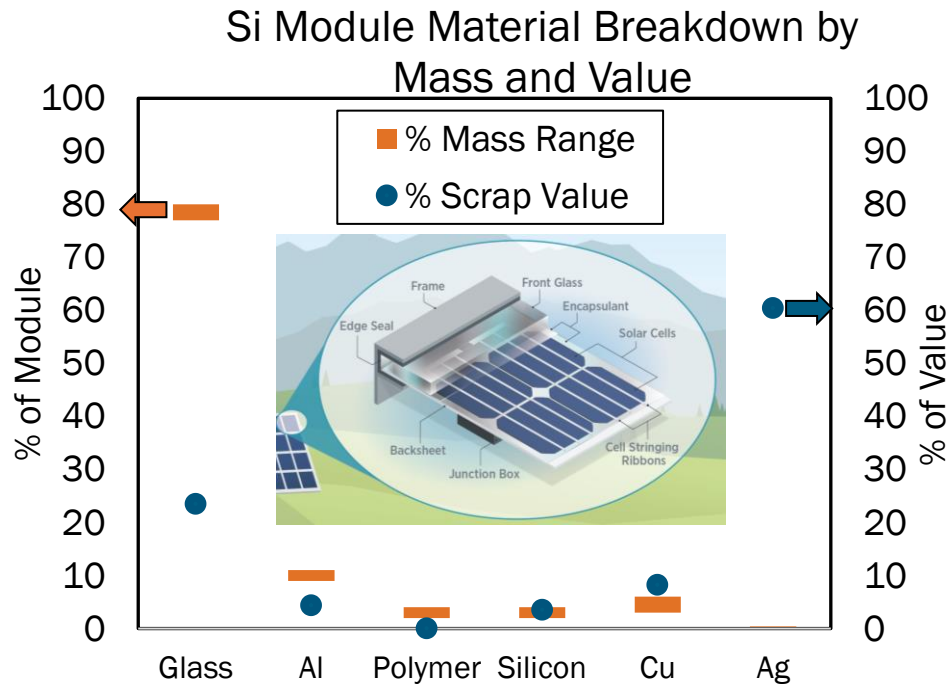


Silver
0.4%

Tellurium
(in CdTe PV)
0.02%

“Solar Energy Technologies Office Photovoltaics End-of-Life Action Plan” March 2022
<https://www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2023-10/SETO-PV-End-of-Life-Action-Plan-1.pdf>

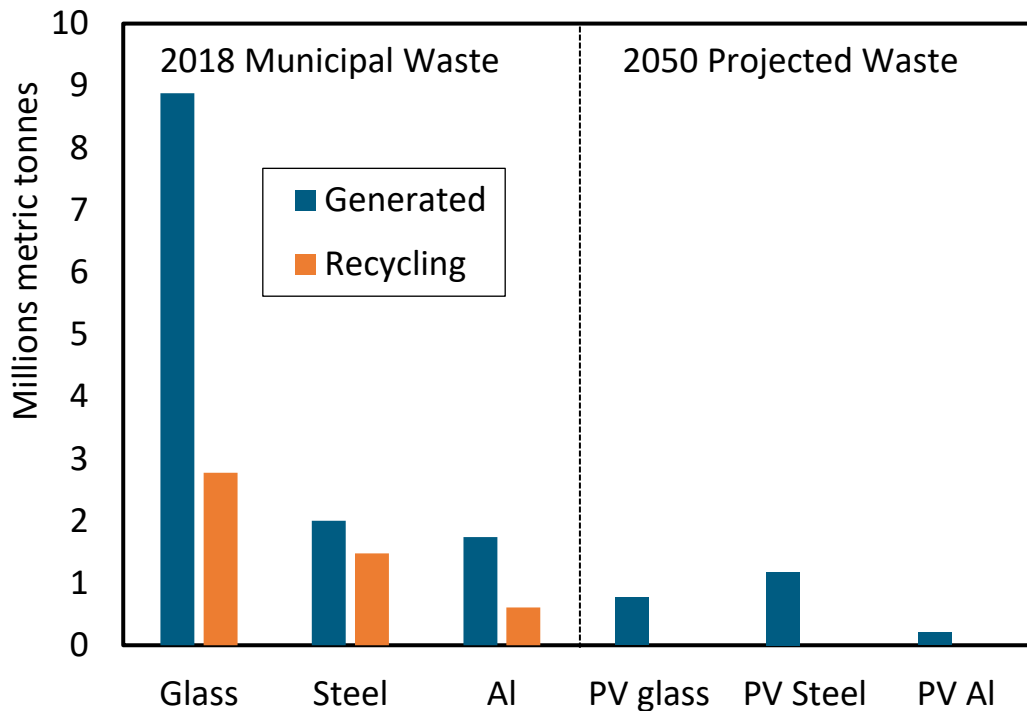
EOL Action Plan – Recycling Challenges



- Misalignment of material mass, ease of extraction, and value
 - 90% glass and aluminum by mass
 - 60% of recovered value from silver
- Precious metal use and recovery
- Lack of materials data
- Encapsulant removal
- Scaling and economics

Need: Technology solutions to lower recycling costs

End-of-Life Action Plan – Recovered Materials Use



- Some Challenges
 - Purity levels of product and identity of impurities
 - Contamination of recovered materials
 - Off-taker market requirements
 - Volume and availability

Need: Optimized second use and markets for PV materials

End-of-Life Action Plan – Collaboration and Outreach



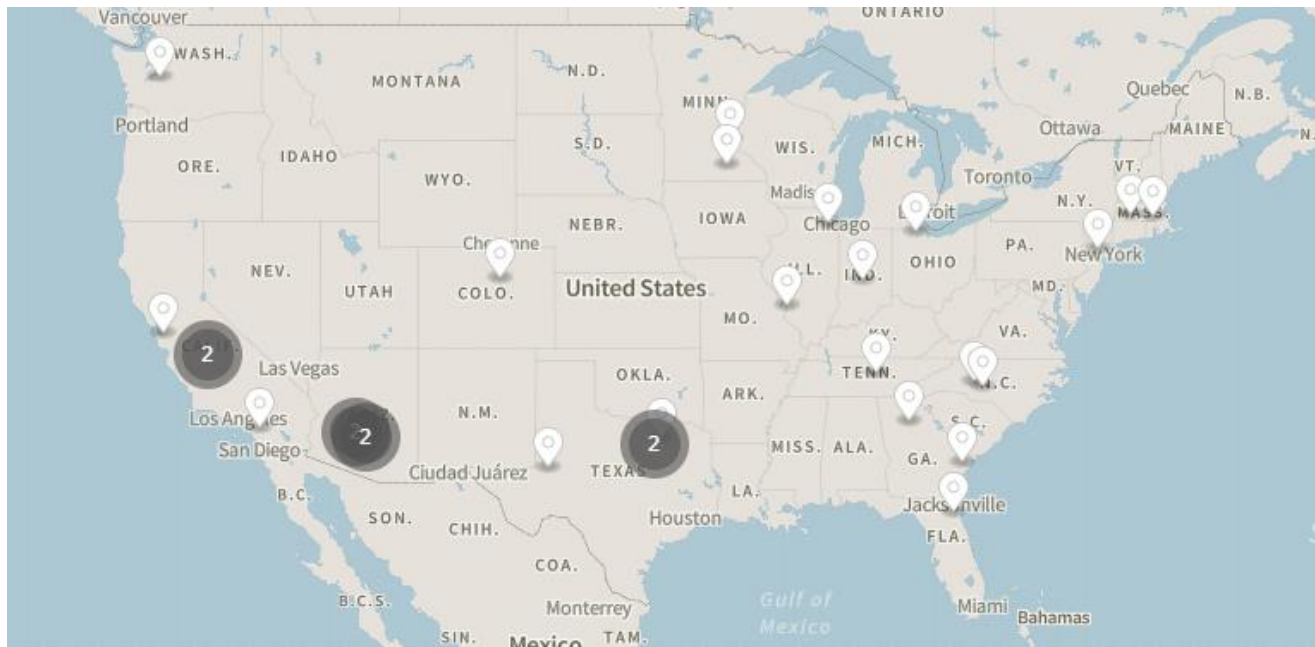
- **Industry**
 - Materials, supply chain
 - Manufacturers
 - Installers, developers, operators
 - Recyclers, waste management
- **Government and Communities**
 - Policy makers, regulators, funding agencies
- **University and Research Lab**

End-of-Life Action Plan – Research Areas

- **Database**
 - *Target: 10 MW of PV EOL data by 2025*
 - Data from generators, waste management
 - Materials in PV modules and systems
- **Extend PV life spans**
 - Durability, reuse, refurbishing
- **Recycling**
 - *Target: Module recycling costs < \$3/module (or < \$150/ton) by 2030*
 - Designs to balance recycling and life span
 - High throughput, low-cost processing
 - Greater recovery of valuable materials
 - Optimized use of recovered materials
- **Disposal**
 - Safety and environmental considerations



U.S. PV Recycling



<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-manufacturing-map>

Capacity: ~ 620 ktons/year
(20-30 million panels/year)

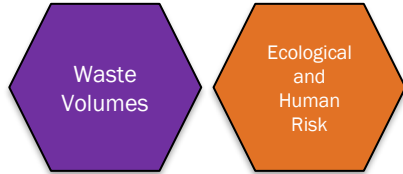
Moving Beyond “Waste Only” Perspectives



2017



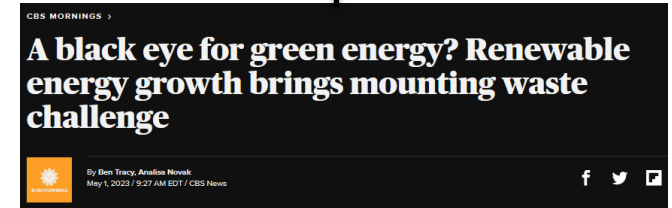
2021



2020



2023



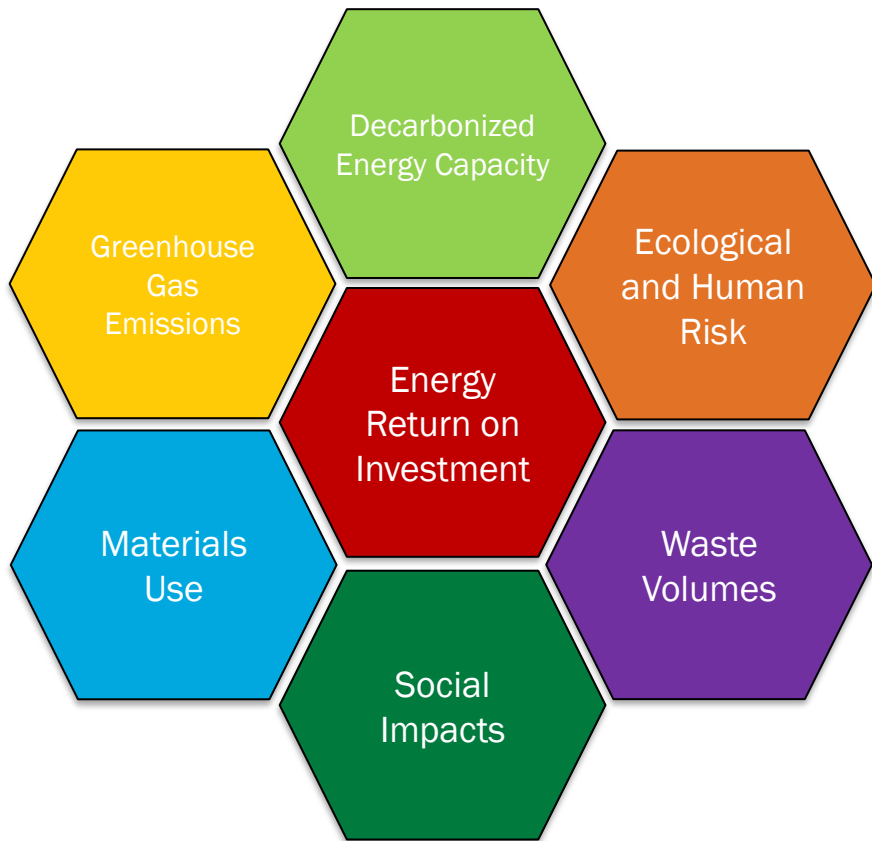
- Waste at end-of-life is one aspect to consider
- Zoom out to assess the most critical issues and overall environmental impact

Source: "Winter 2024 Solar Industry Update" NREL 1/25/24 [nrel.gov/docs/fy24osti/88780.pdf](https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy24osti/88780.pdf)
CBS News (5/1/23); Environmental Progress (6/21/17); Harvard Business Review (6/18/21); Wired (8/22/20).

A More Holistic Approach to Environmental Impact

- Decarbonization will require
 - Rapid PV deployment
 - Continued innovation for future technologies

$$\text{Optimize} \frac{\text{Energy Output}}{\text{Energy or Material Input}}$$



Pop Quiz

From the “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle” framework, rank the “R” strategies from most to least impactful.

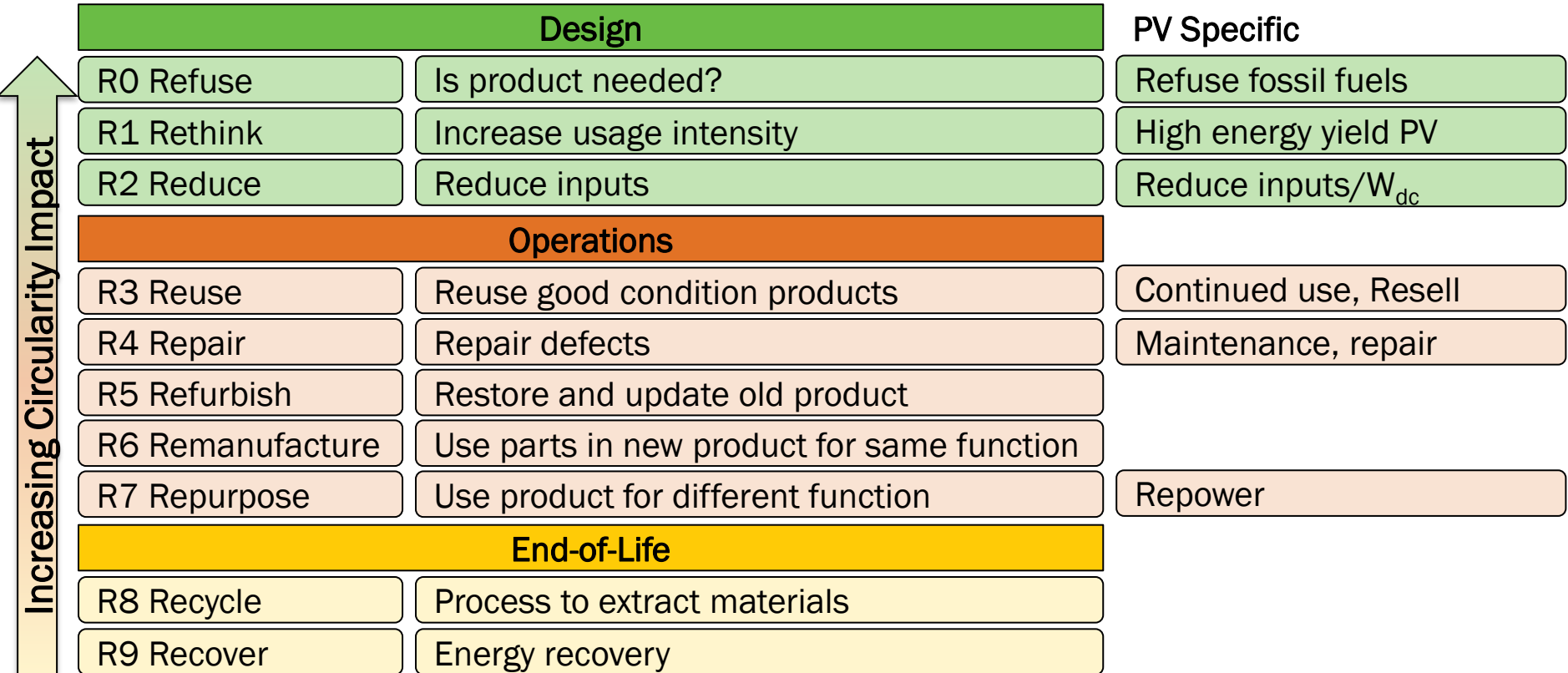
www.menti.com Code: 9606 6318



Answer:

1. Reduce
2. Reuse
3. Recycle

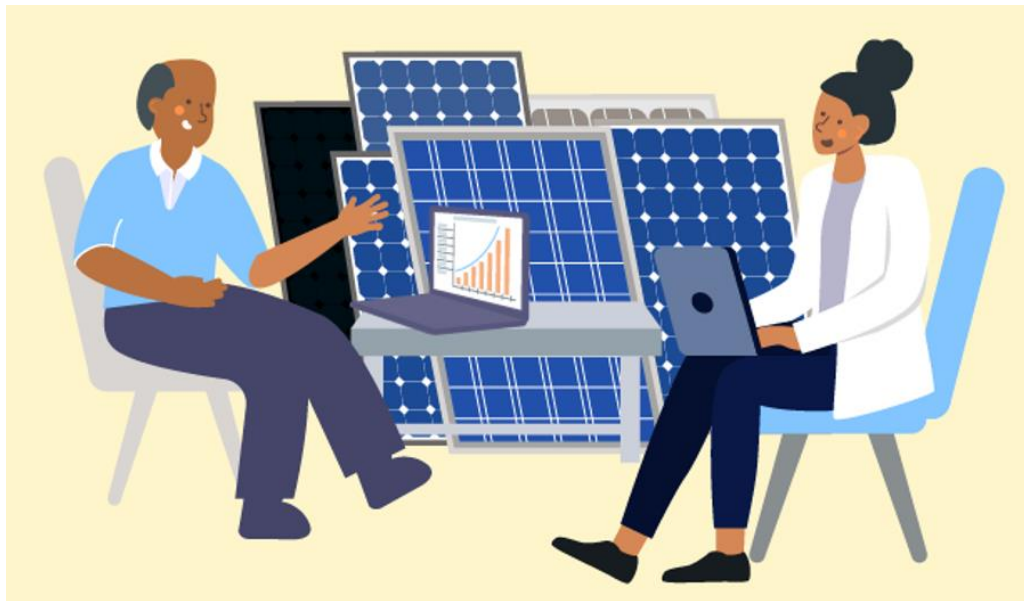
Standard Re-X Strategies for Circularity



J. Potting, M. Hekkert, E. Worrell, and A. Hanemaaijer, Circular economy: measuring innovation in the product chain. The Hague: PBL Publishers; 2017.

H. Mirlatz et al., Energy in the Balance: PV Reliability to Power the Energy Transition. PV Reliability Workshop; 2023.

Design: Consider Changes at the Beginning



Strategies

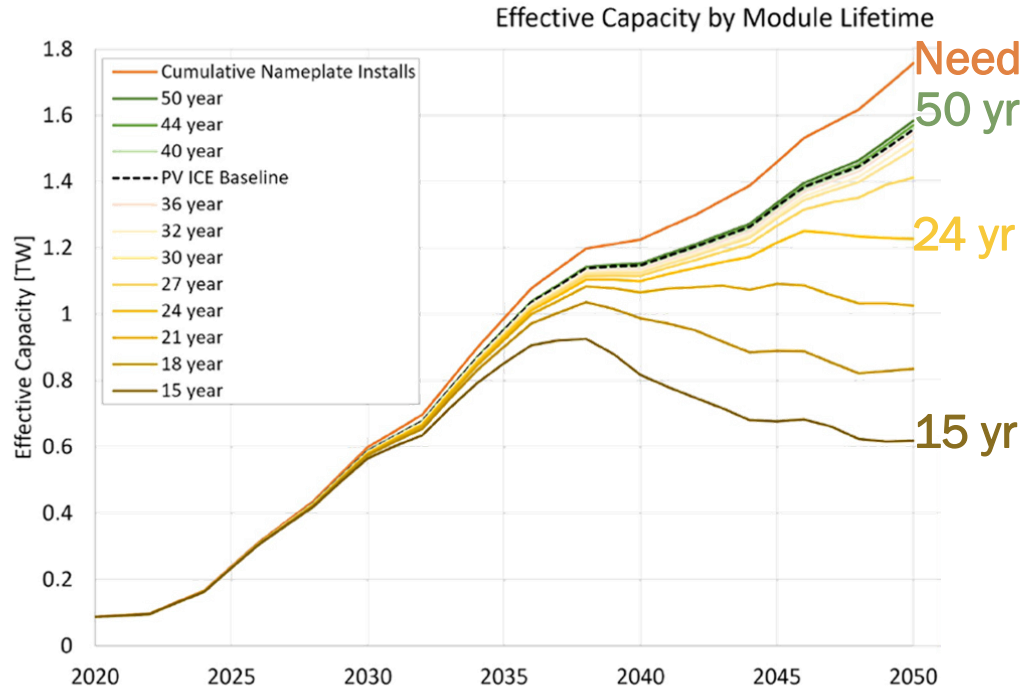
- Refuse
- Rethink
- Reduce

Challenges

- Field performance
- New design derisking
- Intergenerational compatibility

Balance: Solutions that maintain reliability and durability needs, while optimizing & maximizing the overall positive impact of PV

Operations: Maintaining and Extending Useful Life



Strategies

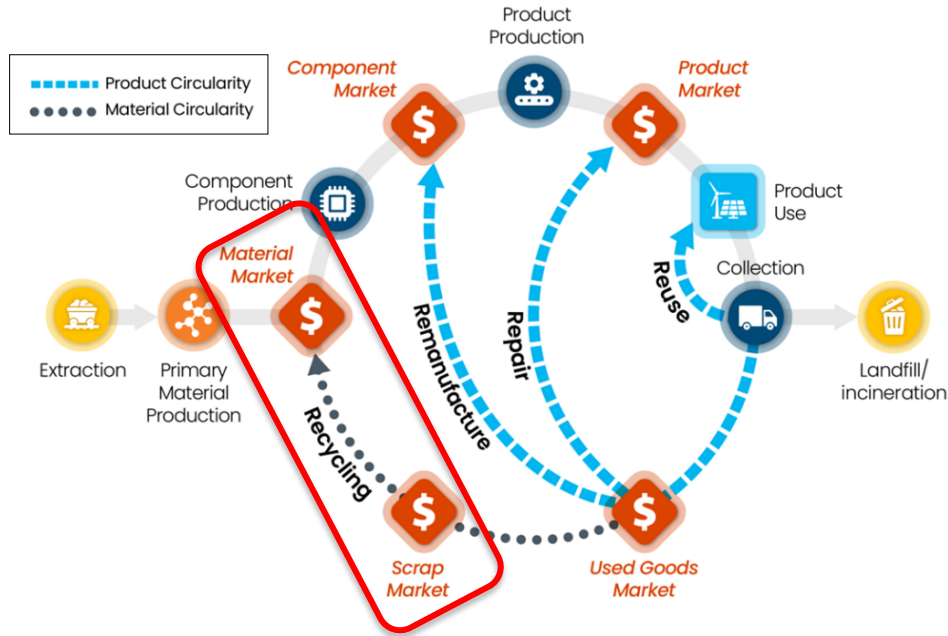
- Reuse
- Repair
- Refurbish
- Repurpose

Challenges

- Reducing degradation & failure
- O&M costs and practicality
- Safety and standards
- Accurate performance tests

Need: Extend module lifetime to grow & maintain effective capacity

End-of-Life: Recovering Materials & Secondary Markets



Strategies

- Recycle
- Recover

Challenges

- Recovering high purity materials
- Establishing secondary markets
 - In and out of PV
- Economics and scaling

Need: Technology solutions to lower recycling costs and materials markets for next use

Final Round: Quadruple Points!!

What percent of the US PV Fleet was installed less than 5 years ago?

www.menti.com Code: 9606 6318



Answer: ~65%

SETO Funding Programs Overview



SETO has numerous, diverse programs and prizes working on improving the positive environmental impact of solar

Research Projects: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-energy-research-database>

Prizes: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/american-made-challenges>

2024 Peer Review: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/2024-seto-peer-review>



Projects and submissions often have criteria that benefits go to the broader community.

Community Benefit Plans: <https://www.energy.gov/infrastructure/about-community-benefits-plans>

Photovoltaics Research and Development (FY22)



Topic Area 1: Low-Cost Solutions to Reduce Environmental Burden and Materials Supply Chain Vulnerability

Funding: \$10 million*

- From cell design to EOL
- 8 projects selected on:
 - Precious metal minimization
 - Encapsulant challenges
 - Key material recovery
 - Lifecycle tracking

*Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Appropriations



<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/seto-fiscal-year-2022-photovoltaics-research-and-development-pvr-d-funding-program>

Photovoltaics Research and Development (FY22)

- 8 projects innovating on technical challenges
- From design to optimizing materials recovery

Precious Metal Minimization

electroninks

GT Georgia Institute of Technology



UNIVERSITY OF
CENTRAL FLORIDA

Encapsulant Challenges

UC San Diego

Speaker

KU THE UNIVERSITY OF
KANSAS

Precious Metal Recovery

SOLARCYCLE

Speaker

Berkeley
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Lifecycle Tracking

LOCUSVIEW



<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/seto-fiscal-year-2022-photovoltaics-research-and-development-pvrd-funding-program>

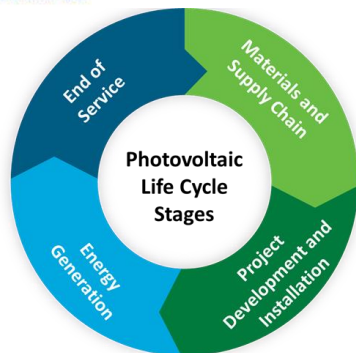
MORE PV: Materials, Operations, and Recycling of PV (FY23)



 CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY

kWh analytics

 UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE



Funding: \$7.7 million

- PV lifecycle with generative AI and spatiotemporal graphs
- Data-driven standards for increased resiliency
- Contactless multi-curve tracer for installation, operations, and performance



<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/materials-operation-and-recycling-photovoltaics-more-pv-funding-program>

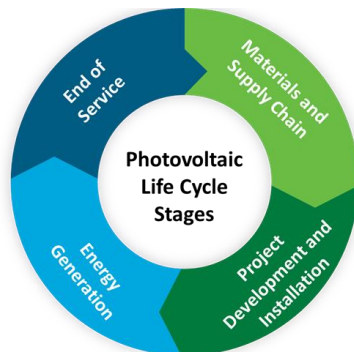
MORE PV: Materials, Operations, and Recycling of PV (FY23)



EPRI

Speaker

**Breaking Barriers to
Enable Solar
Technology Circularity
(BBEST Circularity)**



Funding: \$8 million*

- 1 research partnership
- Convene researchers, technicians, manufacturers, asset owners, recyclers, and government entities

*Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Appropriations



Small Innovative Projects in Solar (SIPS)



Funding: \$250K/project

- **1-year projects on innovative topics**

Reuse and Repowering



Speaker

Lower Carbon Silicon Ingots



Recycling



FY22 Projects: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/seto-small-innovative-projects-solar-2022-concentrating-solar-thermal-power-and>

FY23 Projects: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/seto-small-innovative-projects-solar-2023-concentrating-solar-thermal-power-and>

FY24 Projects: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/fiscal-year-2024-small-innovative-projects-solar-sips-concentrating-solar-thermal-0>

Additional Programming

**PV RESOLVE (Reliable Entire-System
Operations and Lifecycle Value Evaluation)**



**PV Sustainability: IEA PVPS Task 12
Management and Stakeholder Engagement**



**Electrolytic Metal Recovery from
Photovoltaic Waste (SBIR)**



Technical Assistance

SETO Lab Call FY2025-27: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-energy-technologies-office-lab-call-fy2025-27>

Small Business Innovation Research: <https://legacy.www.sbir.gov/sbirsearch/detail/2476507>

Decarbonization: Upstream Silicon and Ecolabels



Funding: up to \$10 million

- Technical pathways to reduce carbon and energy intensity to fabricate modules
- Low-carbon synthesis of metallurgical-grade silicon

<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/funding-notice-fiscal-year-2024-photovoltaics-research-and-development-pvr>

DOE. September 2022. Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap.

www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2022-09/Industrial%20Decarbonization%20Roadmap.pdf



Funding: \$2.7 million

- Increase registration of PV modules and inverters with EPEAT ecolabel

<https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/american-made-promoting-registration-inverters-and-modules-ecolabel-prime-prize>

Large-Scale Solar Siting and Permitting

Achieving a 100% clean energy sector is likely to require >90% of new electricity through 2030 to come from solar, wind, and batteries – **annual deployment rates need to increase 2-3x**

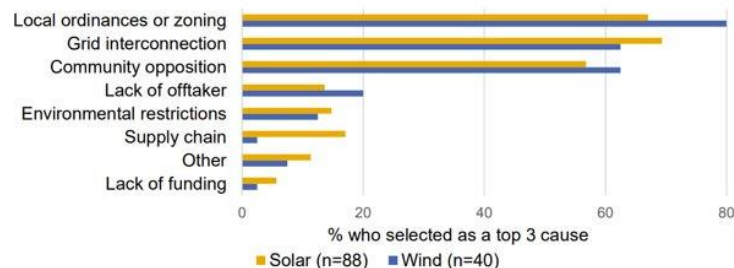
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory conducted a survey of solar neighbors and solar and wind developers.

- **Developers:** Local ordinances and local opposition identified as two of the top three reasons for project cancellations
- **Neighbors:** Among large-scale solar neighbors, “positive” attitudes outnumber “negative.” However, perceptions relating to aesthetic, economic, and quality of life impacts are strongly correlated with attitudes.

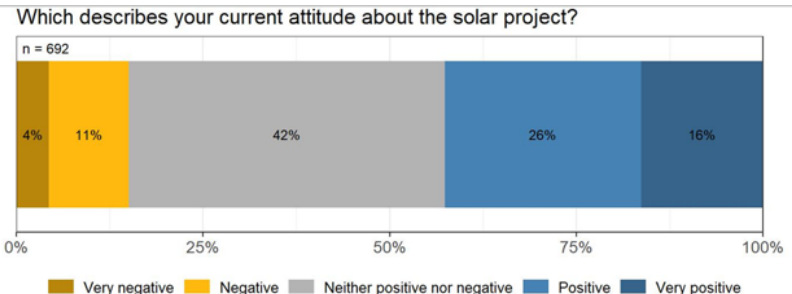
Communities have expressed concerns about the management of PV panels at their end of life.

LBNL Developers Survey

Leading Causes of Project Cancellation in Last 5 Years



LBNL Solar Neighbors Survey



R-STEP (Renewables Siting through Technical Engagement and Planning)

Goal: To improve large-scale renewable energy planning, siting processes, and outcomes for host communities, local governments, and developers

Challenge: State and local governments with authority to permit large-scale renewable energy projects may lack the sufficient resources (staffing capacity, expertise, funding).

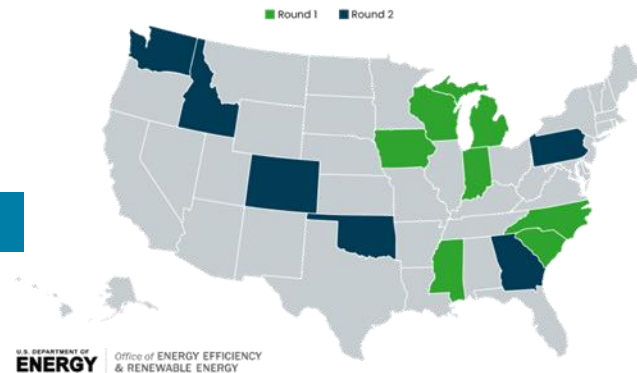
- Capacity will be further stretched as renewable energy deployment increases.
- Siting and permitting authority varies by state
- Permitting authorities need help maximizing benefits to host communities by addressing community concerns

R-STEP Components

- **Funding:** Up to \$2M awards (up to 3 years/award) to develop renewable energy siting programs that increase local capacity
- **DOE-Funded Technical Assistance:** From leading experts to collaboratives
- **Dissemination and Convenings:** Share collaborative successes and best practices with other states and communities, and federal offices and agencies

Renewable Energy Siting through Technical Engagement and Planning (R-STEP) Program

Selected state-based collaboratives

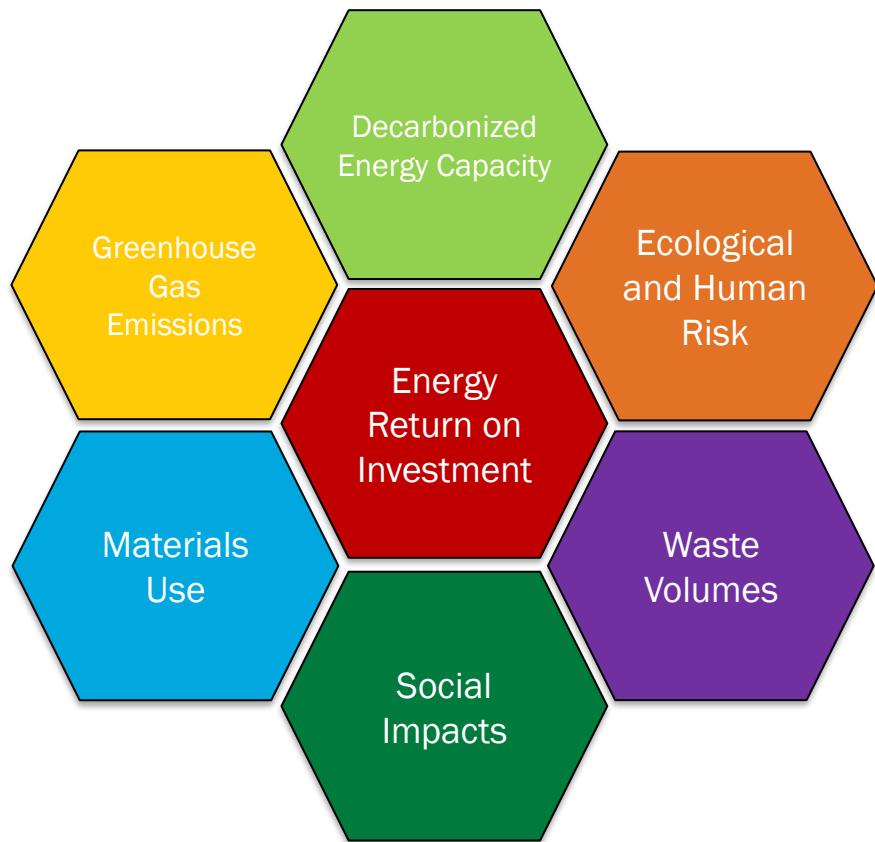


PV Environmental Impact

- PV is essential to decarbonization
- Optimize

$$\frac{\text{Energy Output}}{\text{Energy or Material Input}}$$

- DOE investing in technical programming to further improve positive PV impacts



Learn About Upcoming Funding Opportunities

EERE Funding Opportunity Updates

Promotes the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy's funding programs.



SIGN UP NOW:



[energy.gov/eere/funding/
eere-funding-opportunities](https://energy.gov/eere/funding/eere-funding-opportunities)

SETO Newsletter

Highlights the key activities, events, funding opportunities, and publications that the solar program has funded.



SIGN UP NOW:



energy.gov/solar-newsletter

ORISE Science, Technology, & Policy Fellowship

Develop leadership skills in science, technology, and policy by designing and implementing national research and development programs

Strategic Areas:

- Photovoltaic technologies
- Concentrating solar-thermal power technologies
- Grid systems integration technologies
- Solar siting, permitting, interconnection, and market analysis
- Manufacturing and technology transfer
- Energy and environmental justice
- Access to financing, capacity building, and technical assistance
- Workforce development
- Scaling and accelerating deployment with meaningful benefits
- Communications, graphic design, and stakeholder engagement

Eligibility:

Candidates with backgrounds including but not limited to physical and natural sciences, social science, engineering, policy, entrepreneurship, community and equity work, and others with bachelor's, master's, or doctoral degrees, as well as established professionals with relevant post-degree experience. SETO is also interested in bilingual candidates. Must be a U.S. citizen or have Permanent Resident (Green Card) status.

Benefits:

- One-year appointment, renewable for a second year
- Competitive stipend and paid leave
- Mentorship from DOE officials
- Travel/professional development allowance
- Local transportation stipend

Applications are accepted on a rolling basis with two annual review dates: **January 15 | July 15**

VISIT: bit.ly/SETO-Fellowships • **EMAIL:** DOE-RPP@orau.org

Additional resources shared in Q&A

- **Programs for students to get involved in PV EOL Research:**
 - <https://science.osti.gov/wdts/suli>
 - <https://orise.orau.gov/stpf/>
- **NREL reports related to decommissioning and circularity**
 - <https://www.nrel.gov/pv/pv-circular-economy.html>
 - <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy21osti/78678.pdf>
- **IEA PVPS Task 12**
 - <https://iea-pvps.org/research-tasks/pv-sustainability/>
- **Solar polymer materials**
 - <https://graham.umich.edu/media/pubs/Facts-about-solar-panels--PFAS-contamination-47485.pdf>
- **R2 standards for recyclers:**
 - <https://sustainableelectronics.org/welcome-to-r2v3/document-library/>

Project Spotlight

Design

David Fenning



UC San Diego

Extending Lifetime

Silvana Ovaitt



 **NREL**

Recycling

Gerald Feldewerth



 **SOLARCYCLE**

Re-X, Lifecycle

Cara Libby



EPRI

Agency Spotlight

Advanced Materials & Manufacturing Technologies Office (AMMTO)

Allison Robinson Turner



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Manufacturing and Energy Supply Chains (MESC)

Robert Sozanski



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Phoebe O'Connor



EPA United States
Environmental Protection
Agency