



Tropical reforestation & habitat restoration  
Flora & fauna surveys  
Wetland mitigation  
Land use analysis

July 9, 2014

US ARMY CORPS  
OF ENGINEERS

2014 JUL 10 P 12: 22

ANTILLES REGULATORY SECTION  
RECEIVED

Mr. Sindulfo Castillo  
Antilles Regulatory Section  
US Army Corps of Engineers  
Stop 7½ Antilles Office  
400 Fernández Juncos Avenue  
San Juan, PR 00901

Re: **No Permit Required Notification**  
**YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC**  
**Juan Martín Ward**  
**PR-53**  
**Yabucoa, Puerto Rico**

Dear Mr. Castillo:

YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC, proposes the sitting, construction and operation of a solar energy project in a parcel of approximately 246 acres located at State Road PR-53, Juan Martín Ward, in the Municipality of Yabucoa. The project site, known as Yabucoa Solar Farm is specifically located at X: 262120.3082 and Y: 224103.7381 (See Figure 1, Wetland Jurisdictional Determination).

The project will have a nameplate capacity of 20 MW AC and consist of 90,072 photovoltaic modules in a 200 generation array. The footprint of the project covers approximately 107.81 acres from the total of 246 acres of the site. Each module will be supported by piles and galvanized steel posts. In addition, the project will include above ground and underground collection lines, gravel/dirt roads, a control and operation building, parking area and on-site power substation. An underground off-site transmission line will be crossing beneath State Road PR-901 finalizing in PREPA's Yabucoa Substation.

According to the Soil Survey of the Humacao Area of Eastern Puerto Rico, nine soil mapping units were identified in the study area: Ad, Aguadilla loamy sand; Cf, Cataño loamy sand; Cr, Coloso silty clay; Me, Maunabo clay; PdF, Pandura-Very stony land complex, 40 to 60 % slopes; PeC2, Pandura clay, 5 to 12 % slopes, eroded; Ta, Talante soils; TeE, Teja gravelly sandy loam, 12 to 40 % slopes; Vw, Vivi loam (Appendix B). Aguadilla loamy sand and Cataño loamy sand are considered to be hydric soils when occurring in depressions and coastal plains respectively. In addition, the following soils are considered hydric in flood plains: Coloso silty clay, Maunabo clay, Talante soils, and Vivi loam.

In relation to the hydrology, the precipitation in this part of the island is within the island's mean average of 70 inches per year. The hydrology of the study area is dominated by local rainfall and runoff from higher areas south and west of the property. Several canals drain the property and adjacent lands eastward. Most of the canals have not been maintained, especially where culverts have been installed. Although the canals are mostly open, several culverts have been installed for crossings. Towards the southeastern portion of site B, a small creek also flows eastward. The creek originates in the mountains south of state road PR-901. Accumulated precipitation in the closest USGS station to the site, for the



last 120 days, (up to June 23, 2014) amounts to approximately 16.2 inches as reported by the USGS Rio Guayanes Hydrologic Unit (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov>) in a preliminary report.

The project site exhibits typical conditions of pasturelands of the eastern part of Puerto Rico. Vegetation in grazing areas throughout the site is dominated by several grass species including: Guinea grass (*Urochloa maxima*), *Paspalum conjugatum*, *Paspalum virgatum*, *Digitaria eriantha*, and *Eriochloa polystachya*. The dominant tree species in open areas are: *Spathodea campanulata*, *Terminalia catappa*, and *Andira inermis*. Semi-open areas include other tree species such as *Citharexylum fruticosum*, *Casearia sylvestris*, *Tabebuia heterophylla*, and *Spondias mombin*. Several clumps of bamboo (*Bambusa vulgaris*) also occur on site, especially along a small creek.

Based on considerations of vegetation, soils and hydrology, our investigation of the property found wetland and non-wetland communities in the parcel. Four wetland areas were mapped in Sites A and B (See Wetland Jurisdictional Determination). Although some of them are contiguous, different polygons were assigned depending on the location of the wetland. All of the wetlands are herbaceous and jurisdictional in nature because of the presence of canals that drain into the ocean. Below is a description of each of the wetlands:

**Wetland A** – This wetland covers approximately 5.13 acres of Site B. It is enclosed for the most part by two canals. The two dominant species are Carib grass and Coco-yam (*Colocasia esculenta*). This area is fenced and most of the fence perimeter is overgrown by woody vegetation.

**Wetland B** – This wetland covers approximately 5.44 acres of Site B. It is dominated by Cattails, Carib grass and Coco-yam. It is separated from Wetland B by Canal 2. This wetland could be the result of removal of the soil surface for use in another site or water impoundment caused by an existing berm.

**Wetland C** – This wetland covers approximately 9.3 acres of Site B. It is dominated by Carib grass. It is separated to the north from Canal 2 by a dirt and rock fill mound. Wetland C drains into Wetland D by Canal 3.

**Wetland D** – This wetland covers approximately 43.6 acres of Site B. It is dominated by *Cyperus imbricatus*, *Eleocharis interstincta*, and *Eriochloa polystachya* in the northern half. The southeastern section is covered with *Typha*. Ground is very dissected due to the presence of cattle

Several canals and a small creek have been mapped. It is assumed that only if the canal is adjacent to wetlands it is jurisdictional. Below is a description of each of the waters:

**Canal 1** – This L-shaped canal originates from a small creek south of Site B. A small bridge on state road PR-901 allows water to flow freely. The canal has a length of 385 m before it joins Canal 2. Width does not exceed 3 m.

**Canal 2** – This eastward running canal also originates from a small creek south of PR-901. A bridge crossing is also present. Total length is about 1,534 m. Width averages 2 m. For the most part the channel is covered with emergent vegetation.

**Canal 3** – This canal runs across Wetland D and has an approximate length of 418 m. Average width is 2 m. The channel is covered with emergent vegetation.

**Canal 4** – This canal is located in the northern perimeter of Site B. It has an approximate length of 518 m. It drains eastward. Emergent vegetation is present.



**Canal 5** – This canal is located in Site A along the property boundary with the adjacent tank farm. It has an approximate length of 541 m. It drains towards the southeast. Emergent vegetation is present.

**Creek 1** – This creek originates south of PR -901. It seems to be in its natural state. Total length is approximately 847 m with channel width varying from 2 to 4 m. The channel bottom is composed of gravel and sand. Low water flow volumes were observed during the site visits. Well-defined banks are present with woody vegetation developing at the top of the bank.

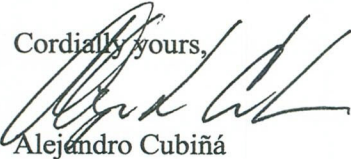
This study proposes the limits of the USACE jurisdiction over wetlands and waters of the United States found in the project site. Four herbaceous wetland polygons (Wetlands A through D) were identified within the study area. The wetlands comprise 63.5 acres of jurisdictional wetlands. The wetlands have been determined to be jurisdictional since there is a chemical, physical, and biological connection with traditional navigable waters. In addition, jurisdictional waters also include all channel sections adjacent to wetlands and a small, unnamed creek located in the southeast quarter of the property. Finally, no rare, critical or endangered species were observed in the site during fieldwork.

Based on the foregoing, jurisdictional wetlands and the Waters of the U.S. will not be affected or impacted by the proposed project. Therefore, we respectfully request to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to issue the corresponding letter indicating that the proposed project is not subject to the Clean Water Act jurisdiction and that a Clean Water Act Section 404 permit is not required. Enclosed please find a copy of the Wetland Jurisdictional Determination and the project layout for your evaluation.

If you have any questions or need further information regarding this project, please contact the undersigned at 787-647-7480 or by email to [reforest@coqui.net](mailto:reforest@coqui.net).

We look forward to receive at your earlier convenience your concurrence with our determination that the project will not affect the Waters of the U.S.

Cordially yours,



Alejandro Cubiñá

c: Mr. Leslie Hufstetler, YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC

Enclosures



**COPY**

US ARMY CORPS  
OF ENGINEERS

2014 WETLAND

ANTILLES REGULATORY SECTION  
RECEIVED

**AND  
DELINEATION (JD) REPORT FOR  
YABUCOA SOLAR PARK  
YABUCOA, PUERTO RICO**

**Submitted to:**

**U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Jacksonville District  
Antilles Office  
400 Fernández Juncos Avenue  
San Juan, PR 00901-3299**

**Submitted by:  
Reforesta, Inc.  
PO Box 8972  
San Juan, Puerto Rico**





**WETLAND JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION  
YABUCOA SOLAR PARK, CAMINO NUEVO WARD  
YABUCOA, PUERTO RICO**

**JUNE 2014**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SUMMARY .....	3
SITE DESCRIPTION AND LAND USE .....	4
EVALUATION METHOD .....	4
VEGETATION .....	5
SOILS .....	5
HYDROLOGY .....	6
WETLAND DELINEATION .....	6
CONCLUSION .....	8
LIST OF PREPARERS .....	8
REFERENCES .....	9

FIGURES.      Study Site, Location of Wetlands and Other Water Bodies, NWI  
Map, and General Site Photographs

APPENDIX A.   Data Forms for Routine Wetland Determination

APPENDIX B.   Soil Narrative from Soil Survey of Humacao Area of Eastern  
Puerto Rico



**WETLAND JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION  
YABUCOA SOLAR PARK, CAMINO NUEVO WARD  
YABUCOA, PUERTO RICO**

**June 2014**

**SUMMARY**

This report describes a Wetland Jurisdictional Determination Study for a parcel of land of approximately 246 acres located in the Camino Nuevo Ward of the Municipality of Yabucoa, Puerto Rico. Access to the property is through highway PR-53. A solar panel plant has been proposed in the study site. The generated energy will be transmitted to the Puerto Rico Electrical and Power Authority (PREPA) grid.

Field data was gathered during four site visits during the month of March 2013 and five visits in May and June 2014. The site is an abandoned sugar cane field, associated to the Central Roig, which has been converted to cattle pasture, with scattered trees. The landscape is primarily flat sloping gradually towards the east towards Lucía beach.

The routine wetland methodology was used to delineate any potential wetlands within the study area. The on-site investigation included an exploratory walk over the entire property and the recording of detailed information regarding the vegetation, soils and the hydrology of the site.

The Corps of Engineers methodology and guidelines were followed for data acquisition (CoE, 1987), including the most recent Caribbean Regional Supplement (2011). Data Forms for Routine Wetland Determination were filled out for each sampling point and are included in Appendix A of this report. Thirty one (31) data points were established during field work. The attached photo shows the location of the points, wetland limits, canals and a creek. The photo has been geo-referenced to geodesic coordinates of Puerto Rico using the North American Datum NAD 1983, Revision of 1997. All data points in the photo can be transferred to the field using this coordinate system and a GPS. Wetland



limits were drawn using a sub-metric GPS for perfect match between the map and the site.

The wetland delineation study shows that there are 63.5 acres of jurisdictional herbaceous wetlands, five canals, and a small unnamed creek.

### **SITE DESCRIPTION AND LAND USE**

The site is a parcel of land covering approximately 246 acres, located in the Camino Nuevo ward of the Municipality of Yabucoa. Figure 1 shows a topographic survey of the study site. The parcel is dissected by state road PR-9914. The parcel north of PR-9914 has been designated as Site A, and the, larger, southern tract as Site B.

The site has been under heavy agriculture use for more than a century. These lands were part of the sugar cane fields associated with Central Roig. In the last decades, due to the decline in sugar cane production, the site has been transformed to cattle pastures. Isolated trees are scattered throughout the property, with heavier tree coverage around some water bodies and along some fences.

The site is predominantly flat, with higher elevations (10 to 11 m above msl) in the western and south central portions of Site B. The lowest elevations (1 to 2 m above msl) are found in the eastern third of Site B. Site A also slopes towards the east, ranging from 4 to 3 m above msl. Drainage in Site B is restricted by a fuel tank farm located on the east and state road PR-9914 to the south.

According to the National Wetlands Inventory Map, there are several palustrine emergent wetlands mapped within the study area (Figure 3). The wetland areas are limited to the northeastern corner, and south of the unnamed creek of Site B.

### **EVALUATION METHOD**

The Routine Wetland Determination method was used to delineate wetland areas in this study. The entire study area and project site were surveyed looking closely at, when present, swamps and wet alluvial land communities within the study area. The following steps were performed during this determination:

1. Locate the project area in topographic maps, soil survey and aerial photography.
2. Determine whether an atypical situation exists.
3. Determine the required number and position of sampling points.
4. Characterization parameters:  
Vegetation. a) Identify plant community types present, b) determine whether normal environmental conditions are present, c) select representative observation areas, d) characterize each plant community by strata, e) record wetland indicators status of dominant species, f) determine whether hydrophytic vegetation criteria is met.  
  
Soils. Determine whether hydric soils indicators are present at the site.  
  
Hydrology. Examine the observation point for indicators of wetland hydrology at the site.
5. Wetland Determination. Examine data form for the observation site and determine whether wetland indicators of all three parameters are, or would normally be, present during a significant portion of the growing season.
6. Determine the limits of wetland and upland areas in the property using a GPS.

## **VEGETATION**

Vegetation in grazing areas throughout the site is dominated by several grass species including: Guinea grass (*Urochloa maxima*), *Paspalum conjugatum*, *Paspalum virgatum*, *Digitaria eriantha*, and *Eriochloa polystachya*. The dominant tree species in open areas are: *Spathodea campanulata*, *Terminalia catappa*, and *Andira inermis*. Semi-open areas include other tree species such as *Citharexylum fruticosum*, *Casearia sylvestris*, *Tabebuia heterophylla*, and *Spondias mombin*. Several clumps of bamboo (*Bambusa vulgaris*) also occur on site, especially along a small creek.

See the individual data sheets attached in the Appendix of this report for the analysis of the vegetation taken in each sampling point.

## **SOILS**



Nine soil mapping units were identified in the study area according to the Soil Survey of the San Juan Area of Puerto Rico (Web Soil Survey, 2013): Ad, Aguadilla loamy sand; Cf, Cataño loamy sand; Cr, Coloso silty clay; Me, Maunabo clay; PdF, Pandura-Very stony land complex, 40 to 60 % slopes; PeC2, Pandura clay, 5 to 12 % slopes, eroded; Ta, Talante soils; TeE, Teja gravelly sandy loam, 12 to 40 % slopes; Vw, Vivi loam (Appendix B).

Aguadilla loamy sand and Cataño loamy sand are considered to be hydric soils when occurring in depressions and coastal plains respectively. In addition, the following soils are considered hydric in flood plains: Coloso silty clay, Maunabo clay, Talante soils, and Vivi loam.

## **HYDROLOGY**

Precipitation in this part of the island is within the island's mean average of 70 inches per year. The hydrology of the study area is dominated by local rainfall and runoff from higher areas south and west of the property. Several canals drain the property and adjacent lands eastward. Most of the canals have not been maintained, especially where culverts have been installed. Although the canals are mostly open, several culverts have been installed for crossings. Towards the southeastern portion of site B, a small creek also flows eastward. The creek originates in the mountains south of state road PR-901.

Accumulated precipitation in the closest USGS station to the site, for the last 120 days, (up to June 23, 2014) amounts to approximately 16.2 inches as reported by the USGS Rio Guayanes Hydrologic Unit (<http://waterdata.usgs.gov>) in a preliminary report.

## **WETLAND DELINEATION**

Based on considerations of vegetation, soils and hydrology, our investigation of the property found wetland and non-wetland communities in the parcel. Four wetland areas were mapped in Sites A and B (Figure 2). Although some of them are contiguous, different polygons were assigned depending on the location of the wetland. All of the wetlands are herbaceous and jurisdictional in nature because of the presence of canals which drain into the ocean. Below is a description of each of the wetlands:

**Wetland A** – This wetland covers approximately 5.13 acres of Site B. It is enclosed for the most part by two canals. The two dominant species are Carib grass and Coco-yam (*Colocasia esculenta*). This area is fenced and most of the fence perimeter is overgrown by woody vegetation.

**Wetland B** – This wetland covers approximately 5.44 acres of Site B. It is dominated by Cattails, Carib grass and Coco-yam. It is separated from Wetland B by Canal 2. This wetland could be the result of removal of the soil surface for use in another site or water impoundment caused by an existing berm.

**Wetland C** – This wetland covers approximately 9.3 acres of Site B. It is dominated by Carib grass. It is separated to the north from Canal 2 by a dirt and rock fill mound. Wetland C drains into Wetland D by Canal 3.

**Wetland D** – This wetland covers approximately 43.6 acres of Site B. It is dominated by *Cyperus imbricatus*, *Eleocharis interstincta*, and *Eriochloa polystachya* in the northern half. The southeastern section is covered with *Typha*. Ground is very dissected due to the presence of cattle

Several canals and a small creek have been mapped. It is assumed that only if the canal is adjacent to wetlands it is jurisdictional. Below is a description of each of the waters:

**Canal 1** – This L-shaped canal originates from a small creek south of Site B. A small bridge on state road PR-901 allows water to flow freely. The canal has a length of 385 m before it joins Canal 2. Width does not exceed 3 m.

**Canal 2** – This eastward running canal also originates from a small creek south of PR-901. A bridge crossing is also present. Total length is about 1,534 m. Width averages 2 m. For the most part the channel is covered with emergent vegetation.

**Canal 3** – This canal runs across Wetland D and has an approximate length of 418 m. Average width is 2 m. The channel is covered with emergent vegetation.

**Canal 4** – This canal is located in the northern perimeter of Site B. It has an approximate length of 518 m. It drains eastward. Emergent vegetation is present.



**Canal 5** – This canal is located in Site A along the property boundary with the adjacent tank farm. It has an approximate length of 541 m. It drains towards the southeast. Emergent vegetation is present.

**Creek 1** – This creek originates south of PR -901. It seems to be in its natural state. Total length is approximately 847 m with channel width varying from 2 to 4 m. The channel bottom is composed of gravel and sand. Low water flow volumes were observed during the site visits. Well defined banks are present with woody vegetation developing at the top of the bank.

## **CONCLUSION**

This study proposes the limits of the USACE jurisdiction over wetlands and waters of the United States found in the project site. Four herbaceous wetland polygons (Wetlands A through D) were identified within the study area. The wetlands comprise 63.5 acres of jurisdictional wetlands. The wetlands have been determined to be jurisdictional since there is a chemical, physical, and biological connection with traditional navigable waters. In addition, jurisdictional waters also include all channel sections adjacent to wetlands and a small unnamed creek located in the southeast quarter of the property. Finally, no rare, critical or endangered species were observed in the site during field work.

## **LIST OF PREPARERS**

The following people participated in the preparation of this wetland jurisdictional determination:

Mr. Noel Benavides, Field Assistant

Mr. Alejandro Cubiñá, Ecologist

## **REFERENCES**

Boccheciamp, R.A. 1977. Soil Survey of Humacao Area of Eastern Puerto Rico. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Environmental Laboratory. 1987. "Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual". Technical Report Y-87-1, US Army Engineer Waterways Experimental Station, Vicksburg, Miss.

Reed P.B. 1988. National list of plant species that occur in wetlands: Caribbean (Region C). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Biol. Rep. 88(26.12). 82 pp.

Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS). 2008. Hydric Soils of Puerto Rico. US Department of Agriculture. Natural Resource Conservation Service.

USACE. 2011. Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Caribbean Islands Region (Version 2.0). Ed. J.S. Wakeley, R.W. Lichwar and C.V. Noble. ERDC/EL TR-09-8. Vicksburg, M.S.: US Army Engineer Research and Development Center.

<http://plants.usda.gov/java/>

<http://waterdata.usgs.gov/>

<http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/>



---

# FIGURES

---

Figure 1. Study Site.

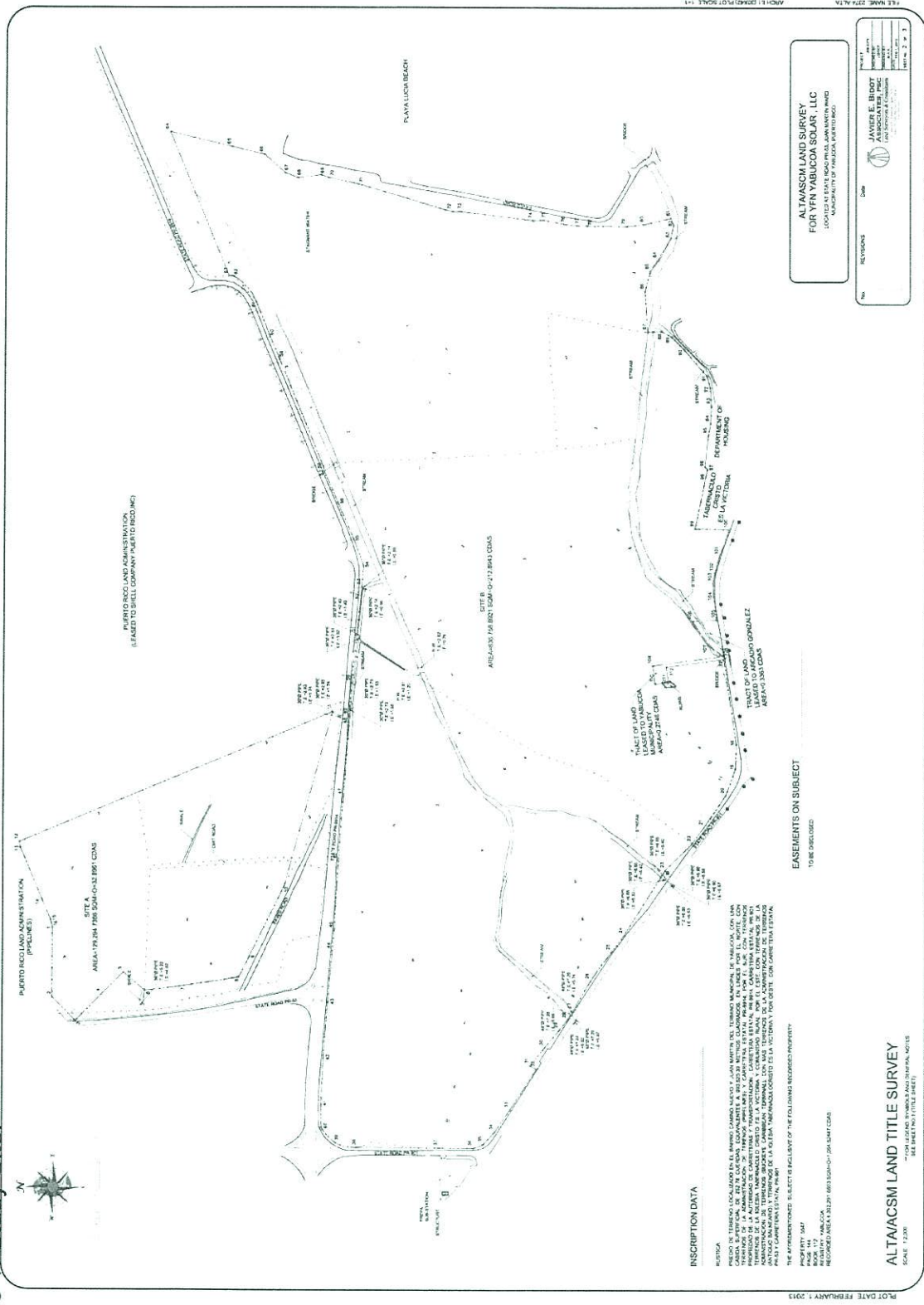




Figure 2. Location of Wetlands and Other Waters.

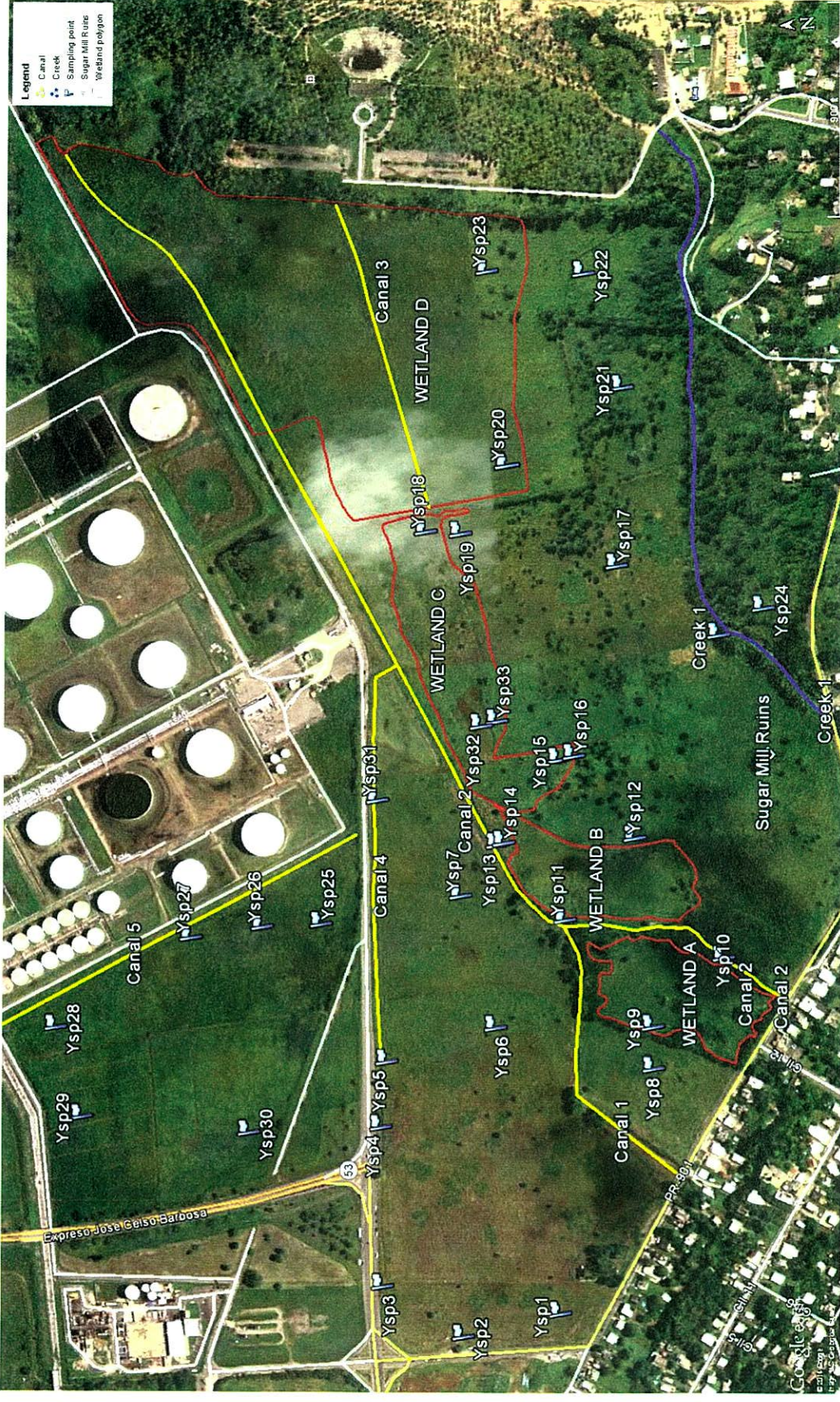




Figure 3. National Wetlands Inventory Map.

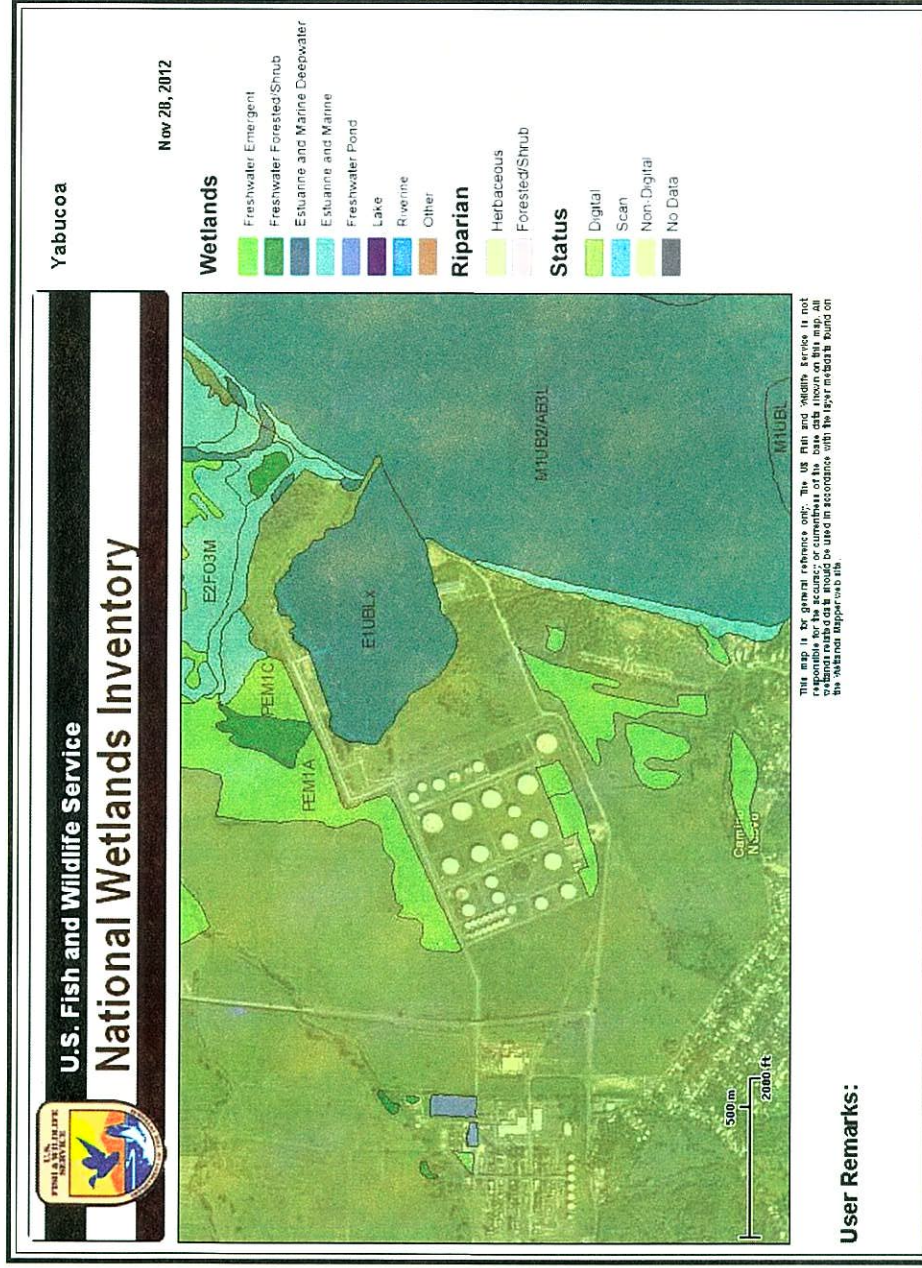


Figure 4. General Site Photographs.



Photo 1. General view of uplands in Site B.



Photograph 2. General view of Site A.





Photograph 3. View of *Typha* dominated Wetland B.

---

# APPENDIX A

---

**Data forms for Routine Wetland Determination**



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP1  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubino Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'33.2" Long: 065°50'59.8" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: PeC2, Parales Clay, 5 to 12% slopes NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No     (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No      
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>   </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>   </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>   </u> x 1 = <u>   </u> FACW species <u>   </u> x 2 = <u>   </u> FAC species <u>   </u> x 3 = <u>   </u> FACU species <u>   </u> x 4 = <u>   </u> UPL species <u>   </u> x 5 = <u>   </u> Column Totals: <u>   </u> (A) <u>   </u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>   </u>
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u>)</b>				
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>   </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>✓</u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>   </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>   </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
<b>Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)</b>				
1. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Echinochloa polystachya</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Panicum laxum</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
5. <u>Digitaria eriantha</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
6. <u>Mimosa catalinae</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
7. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
8. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<b>Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u>)</b>				
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>   </u>
Remarks:				

# SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features			Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%					
0-15	10YR3/3	95	10YR5/5	5	C	M		LOAMY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.

<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)             | <input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)           | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)          | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)     |

## Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:

# HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)                        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)                 |

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)  
☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)  
☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  
☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  
☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)  
☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)  
☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP1



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YEN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP2  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'37.4" Long: 065°51'00.5" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Pe C2, Parcelas Clay, Stal 2% slopes NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species <u>—</u> x 1 = <u>—</u> FACW species <u>—</u> x 2 = <u>—</u> FAC species <u>20</u> x 3 = <u>60</u> FACU species <u>80</u> x 4 = <u>320</u> UPL species <u>—</u> x 5 = <u>—</u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>380</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.8</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Digitaria eriantha</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
6. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
7. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
8. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point: YSP 2

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

**Field Observations:**

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP2



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Project Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP3  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubias Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'40.7" Long: 106°50'58.0" Datum: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Vw, Viv, Lcam NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>_____</u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>_____</u> No <u>✓</u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>_____</u> No <u>✓</u>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>✓</u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Remarks:
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				



## SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP3

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-13	10YR 4/3	100					SILTY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1)                      ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)  
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)           ☐ Sandy Redox (S5)  
☐ Black Histic (A3)                ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)  
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)          ☐ Dark Surface (S7)  
☐ Organic Bodies (A6)           ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)  
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)      ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)  
☐ Muck Presence (A8)           ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)  
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) ☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)  
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)      ☐ Redox Depressions (F8)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

## Remarks:

VERY COMPACTED SOIL  
 EARTH WORMS  
 BRICK FRAGMENTS

## HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- ☐ Surface Water (A1)                      ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  
☐ High Water Table (A2)                ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13)  
☐ Saturation (A3)                        ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)  
☐ Water Marks (B1)                      ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  
☐ Sediment Deposits (B2)              ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)  
☐ Drift Deposits (B3)                   ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  
☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)               ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7)  
☐ Iron Deposits (B5)                   ☐ Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)  
☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)  
☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)  
☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  
☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  
☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)  
☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)  
☒ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

## Remarks:

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP3



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP4  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%):       
 Lat: 18°02'40.1" Long: 065°50'50.9" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr, Coloso Silty Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation     , Soil     , or Hydrology      significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation     , Soil     , or Hydrology      naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>    </u>				
2. <u>    </u>				
3. <u>    </u>				
4. <u>    </u>				
5. <u>    </u>				
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>    </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>    </u> x 1 = <u>    </u> FACW species <u>    </u> x 2 = <u>    </u> FAC species <u>    </u> x 3 = <u>    </u> FACU species <u>    </u> x 4 = <u>    </u> UPL species <u>    </u> x 5 = <u>    </u> Column Totals: <u>    </u> (A) <u>    </u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>    </u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>				
2. <u>    </u>				
3. <u>    </u>				
4. <u>    </u>				
5. <u>    </u>				
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>    </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>    </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>    </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Agave constrictum</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Mimosa caes</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>    </u>				
5. <u>    </u>				
6. <u>    </u>				
7. <u>    </u>				
8. <u>    </u>				
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>				
2. <u>    </u>				
3. <u>    </u>				
4. <u>    </u>				
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



## SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP4

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-16	10YR 3/2	100					Silty Clay	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1)                      ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)  
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)           ☐ Sandy Redox (S5)  
☐ Black Histic (A3)                ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)  
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)         ☐ Dark Surface (S7)  
☐ Organic Bodies (A6)           ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)  
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)      ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)  
☐ Muck Presence (A8)           ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)  
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) ☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)  
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)      ☐ Redox Depressions (F8)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:

EARTH WORMS PRESENT

## HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- ☐ Surface Water (A1)                      ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  
☐ High Water Table (A2)                ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13)  
☐ Saturation (A3)                        ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)  
☐ Water Marks (B1)                      ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  
☐ Sediment Deposits (B2)              ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)  
☐ Drift Deposits (B3)                    ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  
☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7)  
☐ Iron Deposits (B5)                    ☐ Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)  
☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)  
☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)  
☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  
☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  
☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)  
☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)  
☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Saturation Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP4



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Project Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP5  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubia Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%):         
 Lat: 18°02'39.5" Long: 065°50'48.0 Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Me, Mannabo Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: <u>      </u>
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u>
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u>
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u>
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u>
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u>
				Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	<u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
2. <u>Mimosa caudata</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50%
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
6. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
7. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
8. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

# SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP5

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-16	10YR 3/2	100					CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.

<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)             | <input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)           | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)          | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)     |

## Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- |   |
|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5)           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)       |

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:

# HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)                        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)                 |

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- |  |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)                     |

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No \_\_\_\_\_ Depth (inches): 16"  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP5



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 7, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP6  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'34.8" Long: 065°50'46.9 Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Gr, Coloso Silty Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No     (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No      
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>   </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>   </u>	No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>   </u>	No <u>✓</u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>   </u>	No <u>✓</u>			
Remarks:					

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>Spathodea campanulata</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>10%</u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: <u>   </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>   </u> x 1 = <u>   </u> FACW species <u>   </u> x 2 = <u>   </u> FAC species <u>   </u> x 3 = <u>   </u> FACU species <u>   </u> x 4 = <u>   </u> UPL species <u>   </u> x 5 = <u>   </u> Column Totals: <u>   </u> (A) <u>   </u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>   </u>
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>   </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>✓</u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>   </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>   </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Desmodium adscendens</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Mimosa casta</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Panicum laxum</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
6. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
7. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
8. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>   </u>
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point: YSP6

## HYDROLOGY

US Army Corps of Engineers

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP6



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 9, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP7  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'28.3" Long: 065°50'49.3" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Me, Maurabo Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>—</u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>—</u> x 1 = <u>—</u> FACW species <u>—</u> x 2 = <u>—</u> FAC species <u>—</u> x 3 = <u>—</u> FACU species <u>—</u> x 4 = <u>—</u> UPL species <u>—</u> x 5 = <u>—</u> Column Totals: <u>—</u> (A) <u>—</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>—</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Mimosa catalpa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
6. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
7. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
8. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

Sampling Point: ISP#

## HYDROLOGY



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP7



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP8  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'28.3 Long: 065°50'49.3 Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: T9, Talante Soils NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)														
1. _____																		
2. _____																		
3. _____																		
4. _____																		
5. _____																		
_____ = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Total % Cover of:</th> <th>Multiply by:</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>OBL species</td> <td>x 1 =</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species</td> <td>x 2 = <u>20</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species</td> <td>x 3 = <u>30</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species</td> <td>x 4 = <u>300</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species</td> <td>x 5 = <u>25</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals:</td> <td><u>100</u> (A) <u>375</u> (B)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.75</u>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species	x 1 =	FACW species	x 2 = <u>20</u>	FAC species	x 3 = <u>30</u>	FACU species	x 4 = <u>300</u>	UPL species	x 5 = <u>25</u>	Column Totals:	<u>100</u> (A) <u>375</u> (B)
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																	
OBL species	x 1 =																	
FACW species	x 2 = <u>20</u>																	
FAC species	x 3 = <u>30</u>																	
FACU species	x 4 = <u>300</u>																	
UPL species	x 5 = <u>25</u>																	
Column Totals:	<u>100</u> (A) <u>375</u> (B)																	
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: _____)																		
1. _____																		
2. _____																		
3. _____																		
4. _____																		
5. _____																		
_____ = Total Cover																		
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )																		
1. <u>Oryzopsis maxima</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>															
2. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>															
3. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>															
4. <u>Digitaria ciliaris</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>															
5. _____																		
6. _____																		
7. _____																		
8. _____																		
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover																		
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: _____)																		
1. _____																		
2. _____																		
3. _____																		
4. _____																		
_____ = Total Cover																		
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)																		
<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.																		
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>																		
Remarks:																		



Sampling Point: Ysp8

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

**Field Observations:**

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP8



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: P.R. Sampling Point: YSP9  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubana Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): flatto concave Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18° 02' 28.2" Long: 065° 50' 47.4" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: T9, Talante Soils NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)</b> 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ _____ = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)</b> 1. <u>Colocasia esculenta</u> <u>50</u> <u>Y</u> <u>OBL</u> 2. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u> <u>50</u> <u>Y</u> <u>FACW</u> 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ _____ = Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)</b> 1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ _____ = Total Cover				
Remarks:				
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>✓</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation _____ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% _____ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>_____</u>				

Sampling Point: YSP09

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 16

Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 6"  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP9



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region**

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP10  
 Investigator(s): A. CUBIA Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'25.0" Long: 065°50'44.7" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ta, Talante Soils NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>15</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>25%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>Terminalia catappa</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>Spathodea campanulata</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species <u>45</u> x 3 = <u>135</u> FACU species <u>60</u> x 4 = <u>240</u> UPL species <u>35</u> x 5 = <u>175</u> Column Totals: <u>140</u> (A) <u>550</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>39</u>
3. <u>Andira inermis</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
4. <u>Citharexylum fruticosum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NC</u>	
5. <u>Spondias mombin</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NC</u>	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point:

YSPIC

[illegible]<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

### Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ✓

SHADED AREA

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) | <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) | <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)                 |  |

Surface Water Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP10



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: A. Cubina PR or USVI: P.R. Sampling Point: YSP11  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubina Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18° 02' 31.4" Long: 065° 50' 42.4" Datum: NAD 83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Me, Munnabo Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No        (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No         
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: <u>      </u> OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u> FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u> FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u> FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u> UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u> Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)</b> 1. <u>Colocasia esculenta</u> <u>50</u> <u>Y</u> <u>OBL</u> 2. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u> <u>30</u> <u>Y</u> <u>FACW</u> 3. <u>Typha domingensis</u> <u>20</u> <u>Y</u> <u>OBL</u> 4. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 5. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 6. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 7. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 8. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>100</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>✓</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>      </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>      </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>      </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
<b>Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u>)</b> 1. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 2. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 3. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> 4. <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> <u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>				
Remarks:				
Remarks:				

Sampling Point:

Sampling Point:

[illegible]

## HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)				
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)			
Field Observations:				
Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches):		
Water Table Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches):		
Saturation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches):		
(includes capillary fringe)			Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:				
Remarks:				



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP11



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSPIA  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubina Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'28.2" Long: 065°50'39.1" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: PeC2, Parcelas Clay, 5 to 12% slopes NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No     (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No      
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>15</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>Spathodea campanulata</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>10</u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: Multiply by: OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>35</u> x 2 = <u>70</u> FAC species <u>0</u> x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU species <u>55</u> x 4 = <u>220</u> UPL species <u>10</u> x 5 = <u>50</u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>340</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.40</u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>51</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Urochloa maxima</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Mimosa catalinae</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Pteraria phaeoloides</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NL</u>	
5. <u>Ipomoea setifera</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



## SOIL

Sampling Point: YSPI2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)							
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features			Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>		
0-12	10YR 3/3	100				SANDY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5)	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		

<b>Restrictive Layer (if observed):</b> Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Remarks: EARTHWORMS PRESENT

## HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

<b>Field Observations:</b> Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP12



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP13  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'33.9" Long: 065°50'38.8" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: T9, Talante soils NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No        (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No         
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks: <u>Berm Area</u>	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u> FACW species <u>15</u> x 2 = <u>30</u> FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u> FACU species <u>70</u> x 4 = <u>280</u> UPL species <u>15</u> x 5 = <u>75</u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>385</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.85</u>
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>51</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>      </u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>      </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>      </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>      </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Urochloa maxima</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>Mimosa casta</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Pterisantha phaeolepis</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NL</u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
6. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
7. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
8. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

## SOIL

Sampling Point:

YSP13

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-4	10YR 3/3	100					SILTY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1) ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)  
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2) ☐ Sandy Redox (S5)  
☐ Black Histic (A3) ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)  
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) ☐ Dark Surface (S7)  
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)  
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)  
☐ Muck Presence (A8) ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)  
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) ☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)  
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12) ☐ Redox Depressions (F8)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: Fill Rock  
 Depth (inches): 4

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒

Remarks:

## HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- ☐ Surface Water (A1) ☐ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)  
☐ High Water Table (A2) ☐ Aquatic Fauna (B13)  
☐ Saturation (A3) ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)  
☐ Water Marks (B1) ☐ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)  
☐ Sediment Deposits (B2) ☐ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)  
☐ Drift Deposits (B3) ☐ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)  
☐ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ☐ Thin Muck Surface (C7)  
☐ Iron Deposits (B5) ☐ Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)  
☐ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)  
☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)  
☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  
☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  
☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)  
☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)  
☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP13



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSPI4  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubing Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%):       
 Lat: 18°02'33.6" Long: 065°50'38.8" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ta, Talante Soils NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation     , Soil     , or Hydrology      significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation     , Soil     , or Hydrology      naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>    </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>    </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>    </u> (A/B)
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet:  Total % Cover of: <u>    </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>    </u> x 1 = <u>    </u> FACW species <u>    </u> x 2 = <u>    </u> FAC species <u>    </u> x 3 = <u>    </u> FACU species <u>    </u> x 4 = <u>    </u> UPL species <u>    </u> x 5 = <u>    </u> Column Totals: <u>    </u> (A) <u>    </u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>    </u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
6. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
7. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
8. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



# SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP14

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.

<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)             | <input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)           | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)          | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)     |

## Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- |   |
|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5)           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)       |

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

*No soil taken because of surface water.*

# HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)                        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)                 |

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- |  |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)                     |

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 6

Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 0

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP14



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSPI5  
 Investigator(s): A. CUBIÑA Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): FIAT Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'31.0" Long: 065°50'35.4" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr, Coloso Silty Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5</u> )				
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
2. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Desmodium adscendens</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
4. <u>Ludwigia octovalvis</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

# SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP15

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-21	10YR 3/1	100					SAND/CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

<b>Restrictive Layer (if observed):</b> Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Remarks:

# HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	

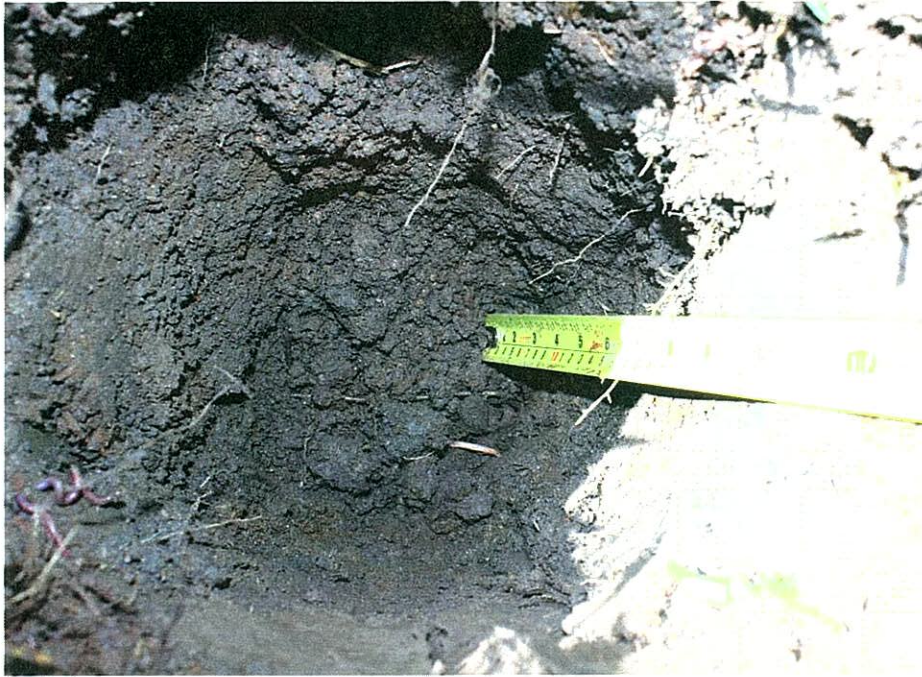
<b>Field Observations:</b> Surface Water Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks: soil moist, but not saturated



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP15



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 12, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP 16  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubana Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): COASTAL PLAIN Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'30.3" Long: 065°50'35.2" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cg, Coloso Silty Clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No     (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No      
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>   </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>   </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>   </u> (A/B)
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>   </u> Multiply by: <u>   </u> OBL species <u>   </u> x 1 = <u>   </u> FACW species <u>20</u> x 2 = <u>40</u> FAC species <u>30</u> x 3 = <u>90</u> FACU species <u>50</u> x 4 = <u>200</u> UPL species <u>   </u> x 5 = <u>   </u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>330</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.30</u>
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Eriochloa maxima</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Commelin diffusa</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
5. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
6. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
7. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
8. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>   </u> )				
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point:

YSP 10

## HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

US Army Corps of Engineers

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP16



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Project Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 13, 2013  
Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP17  
Investigator(s): A. Cubero Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): FLAT Slope (%): ✓  
Lat: 18°02'27.8" Long: 065°50'27.1" Datum: NAD83  
Soil Map Unit Name: T9, Talante Sab NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_  
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_  
Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes _____ No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____ No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <u>✓</u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <u>✓</u>		
Remarks:			

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)		Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A)	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	_____		
		_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)					Prevalence Index worksheet:	
1. _____	_____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____	
2. _____	_____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____	
3. _____	_____				FACW species <u>10</u> x 2 = <u>20</u>	
4. _____	_____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____	
5. _____	_____				FACU species <u>90</u> x 4 = <u>360</u>	
		_____ = Total Cover			UPL species _____ x 5 = _____	
					Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>380</u> (B)	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )					Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.80</u>	
1. <u>Urechloa maxima</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>			
2. <u>M. mosa casta</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>			
3. _____	_____					
4. _____	_____					
5. _____	_____					
6. _____	_____					
7. _____	_____					
8. _____	_____					
		<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)					Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
1. _____	_____				___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	
2. _____	_____				___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
3. _____	_____				___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>	
4. _____	_____				___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)	
		_____ = Total Cover			<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
					Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:						

Sampling Point: YSP17

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

**Field Observations:**

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP17



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Project Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 13, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YEP Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP18  
 Investigator(s): A. CUBIJA Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'35.6" Long: 065°50'24.7" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ta, Talante soils NWI classification: PEMIC

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No        (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No         
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
1. <u>      </u>				
2. <u>      </u>				
3. <u>      </u>				
4. <u>      </u>				
5. <u>      </u>				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u> FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u> FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u> FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u> UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u> Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				
1. <u>      </u>				
2. <u>      </u>				
3. <u>      </u>				
4. <u>      </u>				
5. <u>      </u>				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>✓</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>      </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>      </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>      </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>      </u>				
3. <u>      </u>				
4. <u>      </u>				
5. <u>      </u>				
6. <u>      </u>				
7. <u>      </u>				
8. <u>      </u>				
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>
1. <u>      </u>				
2. <u>      </u>				
3. <u>      </u>				
4. <u>      </u>				
5. <u>      </u>				
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point: YSP18

## HYDROLOGY

Caribbean Islands Region – Version 2.0

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP18



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: YSP19  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: March 13, 2013  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Caminonuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%):         
 Lat: 18°02'34.2" Long: 065°50'24.9" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ta, Talante soils NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u> FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u> FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u> FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u> UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u> Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>15'</u> )				
1. <u>M. morsa pigra</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>FAC</u>	<u>Y</u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>30%</u> = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachys</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

# SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP19

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-18	10YR 3/3	100					SANDY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)
	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:

# HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		
Remarks:		



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP19



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 13, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP20  
 Investigator(s): A. CUBIÑA Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%):         
 Lat: 18°02'32.24" Long: 65°50'22.17" Datum: NA83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ta, Talante Soils NWI classification: PEM1C

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u> FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u> FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u> FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u> UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u> Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Cyperus imbricatus</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
3. <u>Eleocharis interstincta</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
4. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
5. <u>Mikania sp</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>      </u>	
6. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
7. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
8. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				



Sampling Point: YSP20

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Surface Water Present? Yes ☐ No ☐ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 21

Saturation Present? Yes ☒ No ☐ Depth (inches): 10  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

## Photos of Sample Plot YSP20



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 13, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP21  
 Investigator(s): A. CORBIJA Ward/Estate: Caminonuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): FLAT Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'26.8" Long: 065°50'19.3" Datum: NAD 83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Vw, Very Loam NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No     (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No      
 Are Vegetation    , Soil    , or Hydrology     naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>   </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>   </u> No <u>✓</u>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>   </u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>   </u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>   </u> (A/B)
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>   </u> Multiply by: <u>   </u> OBL species <u>   </u> x 1 = <u>   </u> FACW species <u>   </u> x 2 = <u>   </u> FAC species <u>   </u> x 3 = <u>   </u> FACU species <u>   </u> x 4 = <u>   </u> UPL species <u>   </u> x 5 = <u>   </u> Column Totals: <u>   </u> (A) <u>   </u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>   </u>
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)</b>				
1. <u>Mimosa pigra</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>   </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)</b>				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <u>✓</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>   </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>   </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <u>   </u>  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Eriochlor polystachya</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Ipomoea setifera</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>15%</u> = Total Cover				
<b>Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>   </u>)</b>				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>   </u>
1. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
2. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
3. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
4. <u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	<u>   </u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				

Sampling Point: YSP21

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

**Field Observations:**

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Plot YSP21



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 17, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP22  
 Investigator(s): A. CuBana Ward/Estate: Camino nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): FLAT Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'28.0" Long: 065°50'14.2" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Vw, Viv. Loam NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No        (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No         
 Are Vegetation       , Soil       , or Hydrology        naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>✓</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>      </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A)
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>      </u> (B)
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>      </u> (A/B)
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	Total % Cover of: <u>      </u> Multiply by: <u>      </u>
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	OBL species <u>      </u> x 1 = <u>      </u>
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FACW species <u>      </u> x 2 = <u>      </u>
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FAC species <u>      </u> x 3 = <u>      </u>
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	FACU species <u>      </u> x 4 = <u>      </u>
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				UPL species <u>      </u> x 5 = <u>      </u>
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Column Totals: <u>      </u> (A) <u>      </u> (B)
1. <u>Eriochloa polystachys</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>      </u>
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
5. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
6. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
7. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
8. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>      </u> )				<u>✓</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
1. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
3. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
4. <u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<u>      </u>	<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<u>      </u> = Total Cover				
Remarks:				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>      </u>



Sampling Point: YSP 22

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Field Observations:**

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Caribbean Islands Region – Version 2.0

## Photos of Sample Point 22



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 17, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP 23  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'32.0" Long: 065°50'13.6" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: CF, Catano loamy sand NWI classification: PEM1F  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>—</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>—</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>—</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>—</u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>—</u> x 1 = <u>—</u> FACW species <u>—</u> x 2 = <u>—</u> FAC species <u>—</u> x 3 = <u>—</u> FACU species <u>—</u> x 4 = <u>—</u> UPL species <u>—</u> x 5 = <u>—</u> Column Totals: <u>—</u> (A) <u>—</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>—</u>
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5</u> )				
1. <u>Eleocharis interstincta</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2. <u>Eriochlor polystachya</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
6. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
7. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
8. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>100</u> = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<b>Woody Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:				

## SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP23

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)								
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-10	10YR 2/1	100						
10-17	GLEI / N							

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

<b>Restrictive Layer (if observed):</b> Type: _____ Depth (inches): _____	Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	--

Remarks: Segmented soils

## HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	

<b>Field Observations:</b> Surface Water Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): <u>17</u>		Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
--	--	--

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Point YSP23



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: March 17, 2013  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar Park, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP 24  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Campana Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18° 02' 22.0" Long: 065° 50' 29.6" Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Vw Viñalcam NWI classification: PEM 1A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____				Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A)
2. _____				Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B)
3. _____				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
4. _____				
5. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____				Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____				OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____				FACW species <u>60</u> x 2 = <u>120</u>
4. _____				FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____				FACU species <u>40</u> x 4 = <u>160</u>
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>280</u> (B)
1. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.8</u>
2. <u>Panicum maximum</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Remarks:				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>



Sampling Point: YSP24

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

**Field Observations:**

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



## Photos of Sample Point YSP24



Soil pit.



General view of the observation point.



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: MAY 22 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP25  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hill/slope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18° 02' 41.73" N Long: 65° 50' 41.61" W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr-Coboso silty clay NWI classification: Upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☒, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>CATTLE GRAZING</u>	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species <u>10</u> x 2 = <u>20</u>
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species <u>30</u> x 3 = <u>90</u>
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Column Totals: <u>40</u> (A) <u>110</u> (B)
1. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.75</u>
2. <u>Mimosa pigra</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Cyperus elegans</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
_____ = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Remarks: <u>60% exposed soil</u>				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>

## SOIL

Sampling Point: YSP25

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)							
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features			Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>		
0-10	10YR2.3/3	80	10YR2.4/6	20	RM	CLAY	
10-21	10YR2.3/2	80	10YR2.5/4	30	RM	SILTY CLAY	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)
	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**  
 Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks: Depleted matrix begins below 14"

## HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Field Observations:		
Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Depth (inches): <u>21</u>
Wetland Hydrology Present?		Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: YSP26  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: MAY 22, 2014  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'44.27"W Long: 65°50'41.49"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr-Coleso silty clay NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No      (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ✓, Soil     , or Hydrology      significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No       
 Are Vegetation     , Soil     , or Hydrology      naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>    </u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>    </u> No <u>✓</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>    </u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>    </u> No <u>✓</u>	
Remarks: <u>CATTLE GRAZING</u>		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>    </u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>    </u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>    </u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>    </u> (A/B)
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>    </u> Multiply by: OBL species <u>    </u> x 1 = <u>    </u> FACW species <u>    </u> x 2 = <u>    </u> FAC species <u>40</u> x 3 = <u>120</u> FACU species <u>    </u> x 4 = <u>    </u> UPL species <u>    </u> x 5 = <u>    </u> Column Totals: <u>40</u> (A) <u>120</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.0</u>
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				
<b>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>✓</u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
<b>Herb Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>✓</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
5. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
6. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
7. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
8. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>40</u> = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<b>Woody/Vine Stratum</b> (Plot size: <u>    </u> )				
1. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
2. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
3. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
4. <u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	<u>    </u>	
<u>    </u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <u>✓</u> No <u>    </u>
Remarks: <u>60 exposed soil</u>				

## SOIL

Sampling Point:

YSP26

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features			Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>			
0-21	10YR 2.3/3	60	7YR 2.5/8	40	RM		CLAY	
below 8"			10YR 2.3/1	30	D		"	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

## Hydric Soil Indicators:

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)              | <input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)             | <input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)                | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) | <input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)          | <input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)          |

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:

- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

## Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

## HYDROLOGY

## Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)                     | <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)                        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)                 |

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)  
☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)  
☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)  
☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)  
☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)  
☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)  
☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)  
☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

## Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: MAY 22, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP27  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'47.36"N Long: 65°50'41.70"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: — NWI classification: UPLANP  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☒, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks: <u>CATTLE GRAZING</u>			

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species <u>30</u> x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Eleusine indica</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
4. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Remarks: <u>45% exposed soil</u>				

Sampling Point: YSP27

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

Surface Water Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Water Table Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Saturation Present? Yes ☐ No ☒ Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks:



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: MAY 29, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: P.R. Sampling Point: YSP28  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Climino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'53.58"N Long: 65°50'45.19"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Ce-Lolosa silty clay NWI classification: upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☒, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>CATTLE GRAZING</u>	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
_____ = Total Cover				
Remarks: <u>40% exposed soil</u>				

Sampling Point: 9.51 205

## HYDROLOGY

US Army Corps of Engineers



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabocoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabocoa Sampling Date: May 29 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabocoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: \_\_\_\_\_ Sampling Point: YSP29  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubiana Ward/Estate: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'52.85"N Long: 65°50'49.34"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Vw-Vi Vi loam NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation ☒, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks: <u>CATTLE GRAZING</u>		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u> ) = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Mimosa pigra</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> ) = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____) = Total Cover				Remarks:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	

Sampling Point: YSP29

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Field Observations:

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: May 29, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: P12 Sampling Point: YSP30  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'45.72"N Long: 65°50'50.66"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr-Colosossilty clay NWI classification: upland  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
= Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u> )	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>—</u> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>—</u> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <u>—</u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <u>—</u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Mimosa pigra</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
= Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5</u> )	<u>100</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
6. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
7. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
8. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
= Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
= Total Cover				
Remarks:				

Sampling Point: YSP30

[illegible]<sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

☐ Stratified Layers (A5)  
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)  
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)  
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ✓

- ☐ Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- ☐ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- ☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)
- ☐ Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- ☐ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- ☐ Geomorphic Position (D2)
- ☐ Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- ☐ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☒

Caribbean Islands Region – Version 2.0



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabocoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabocoa Sampling Date: May 29, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabocoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP 31  
 Investigator(s): A. Cobina Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'38.82"N Long: 65°50'36.35"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cf- Coboso silty clay NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐  
 Are Vegetation —, Soil —, or Hydrology — naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:	

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>—</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>—</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>—</u> (A/B)
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: <u>—</u> Multiply by: <u>—</u> OBL species <u>—</u> x 1 = <u>—</u> FACW species <u>15</u> x 2 = <u>30</u> FAC species <u>—</u> x 3 = <u>—</u> FACU species <u>65</u> x 4 = <u>260</u> UPL species <u>10</u> x 5 = <u>50</u> Column Totals: <u>90</u> (A) <u>340</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>377</u>
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> ___ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation ___ 2 - Dominance Test is >50% ___ 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> ___ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				
1. <u>Eleusine indica</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
2. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Piptocarpha</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>UPL</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
5. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
6. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
7. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
8. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>90</u> = Total Cover				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>—</u> )				
1. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
2. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
3. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
4. <u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	
<u>—</u> = Total Cover				
Remarks: <u>10% exposed soil</u>				

Sampling Point:

YSP3

HYDROLOGYUS Army Corps of Engineers



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: May 30, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YEN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: P.R. Sampling Point: YSP32  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubilla Ward/Estate: Camino Nuevo  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Coastal plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): ✓  
 Lat: 18°02'34.12"N Long: 65°50'33.53"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr-Colosa silty clay NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>_____</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>_____</u>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>_____</u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>_____</u>			
Remarks:					

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>2</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:	<u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	<u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
_____ = Total Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet:	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____	x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____	x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____	x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____	x 4 = _____
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____	x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____	(A) _____ (B) _____
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
1. <u>Eriahloa polystachya</u>	<u>70</u>		<u>FACW</u>	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation	
2. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FACW</u>	2 - Dominance Test is >50%	
3. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>	
4. <u>Lewisia octovalvis</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>OBL</u>	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____	_____		
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Yes <u>✓</u>	No <u>_____</u>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
_____ = Total Cover					
Remarks:					

Sampling Point: YSP 32

## HYDROLOGY

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Field Observations:

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Caribbean Islands Region

Project/Site: Yabucoa Solar Park Municipality/Town: Yabucoa Sampling Date: May 30, 2014  
 Applicant/Owner: YFN Yabucoa Solar, LLC PR or USVI: PR Sampling Point: YSP-33  
 Investigator(s): A. Cubinga Ward/Estate: CAMINONUEVO  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): \_\_\_\_\_ Local relief (concave, convex, none): Flat Slope (%): —  
 Lat: 18°02'33.43"N Long: 65°50'33.39"W Datum: NAD83  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Cr-Coloso silty clay NWI classification: UPLAND  
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation \_\_\_\_\_, Soil \_\_\_\_\_, or Hydrology \_\_\_\_\_ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:		

## VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
_____ = Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u> )				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
1. <u>Paspalum conjugatum</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
2. <u>Paspalum virgatum</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3. <u>Eriochloa polystachya</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4. <u>Commelina diffusa</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
_____ = Total Cover				<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Remarks:				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No _____

## SOIL

Sampling Point: VSP33

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)							
Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features			Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>		
0-13	10YR2/3	90	10YR2+1/6	10	RM	Silty clay	
13-23	10YR2/3	80	10YR2+1/6	20	RM	Clay	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.      <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators:**

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stratified Layers (A5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (F21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dark Surface (S7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
<input type="checkbox"/> Organic Bodies (A6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Muck Presence (A8)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	<sup>3</sup> Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

**Restrictive Layer (if observed):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No ☒

Remarks: Depletion below 13

## HYDROLOGY

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

<u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)</u>		<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fiddler Crab Burrows (C10)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	

(includes capillary fringe)

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:



---

# **APPENDIX B**

---

**Soil Narrative from Soil Survey  
of Humacao Area of Eastern Puerto Rico**



United States  
Department of  
Agriculture



NRCS

Natural  
Resources  
Conservation  
Service

A product of the National  
Cooperative Soil Survey,  
a joint effort of the United  
States Department of  
Agriculture and other  
Federal agencies, State  
agencies including the  
Agricultural Experiment  
Stations, and local  
participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for Humacao Area, Puerto Rico Eastern Part

Yabucoa Solar, LLC



February 28, 2013



# Preface

---

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (<http://soils.usda.gov/sqi/>) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (<http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nracs>) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist ([http://soils.usda.gov/contact/state\\_offices/](http://soils.usda.gov/contact/state_offices/)).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Soil Data Mart Web site or the NRCS Web Soil Survey. The Soil Data Mart is the data storage site for the official soil survey information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or a part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means

for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410 or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 (TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.



# Contents

---

<b>Preface</b> .....	2
<b>How Soil Surveys Are Made</b> .....	5
<b>Soil Map</b> .....	7
Soil Map.....	8
Legend.....	9
Map Unit Legend.....	10
Map Unit Descriptions.....	10
Humacao Area, Puerto Rico Eastern Part.....	12
Ad—Aguadilla loamy sand.....	12
Cf—Catano loamy sand.....	13
Cr—Coloso silty clay.....	14
Me—Maunabo clay.....	15
NOTCOM—No Digital Data Available.....	16
PdF—Pandura-Very stony land complex, 40 to 60 percent slopes.....	16
PeC2—Parcelas clay, 5 to 12 percent slopes, eroded.....	17
Ta—Talante soils.....	18
TeE—Teja gravelly sandy loam, 12 to 40 percent slopes.....	19
Vw—Vivi loam.....	20
Wa—Wet alluvial land.....	21
<b>References</b> .....	23

# How Soil Surveys Are Made

---

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the



## Custom Soil Resource Report

individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

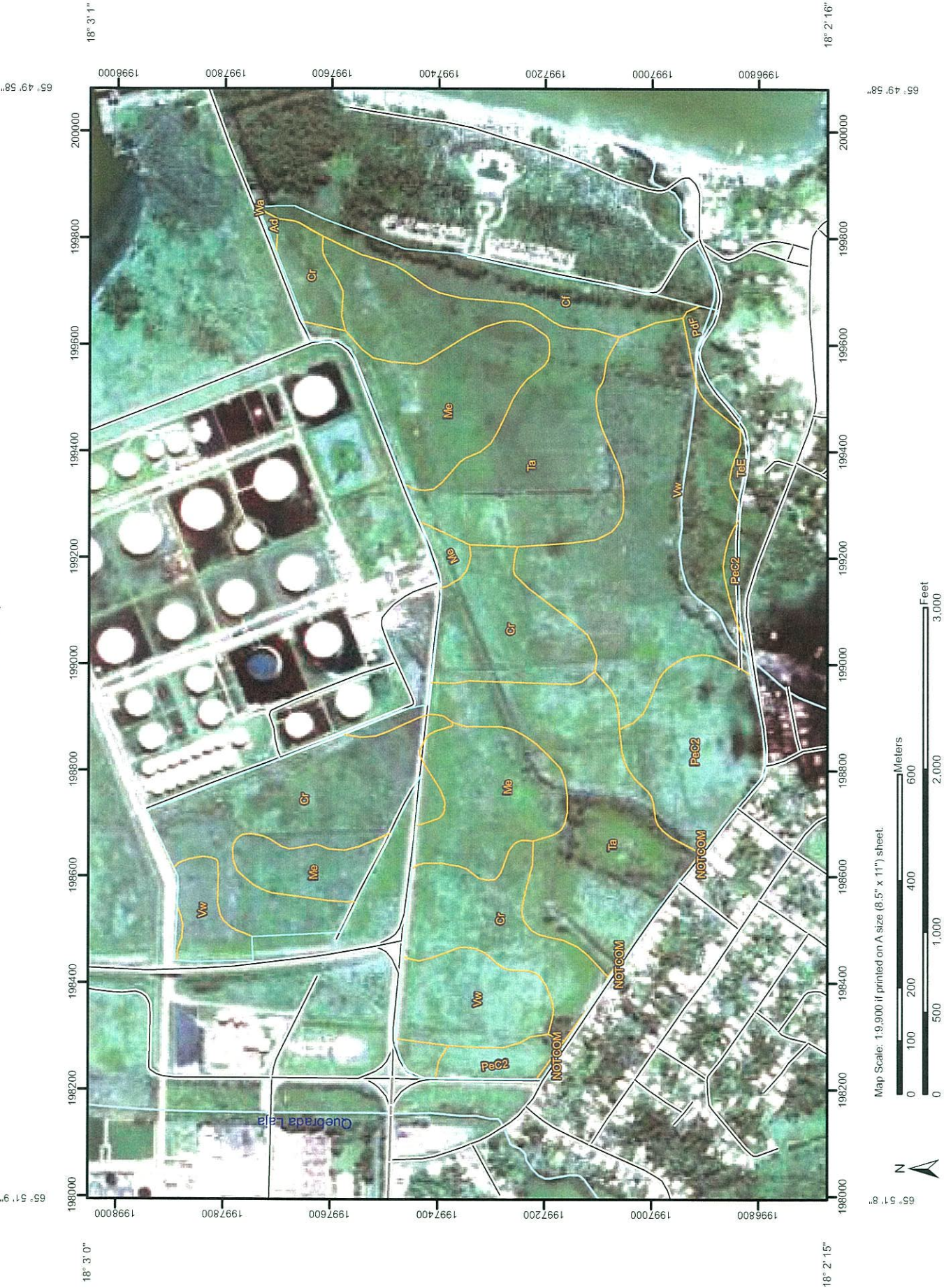
# Soil Map

---

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



Custom Soil Resource Report  
Soil Map





MAP LEGEND

- Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)
- Soils

Soil Map Units
- Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area

Stony Spot
- Special Line Features

Gully

Short Steep Slope

Other
- Political Features

Cities
- Water Features

Streams and Canals
- Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads
- Very Stony Spot
- Wet Spot
- Other

MAP INFORMATION

Map Scale: 1:9,900 if printed on A size (8.5" x 11") sheet.

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for accurate map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service  
Web Soil Survey URL: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov>  
Coordinate System: UTM Zone 20N NAD83

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Humacao Area, Puerto Rico Eastern Part  
Survey Area Data: Version 5, Oct 15, 2012

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: 2004

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



## Map Unit Legend

Humacao Area, Puerto Rico Eastern Part (PR689)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ad	Aguadilla loamy sand	0.3	0.1%
Cf	Catano loamy sand	11.7	4.6%
Cr	Coloso silty clay	58.5	23.1%
Me	Maunabo clay	38.5	15.2%
NOTCOM	No Digital Data Available	0.2	0.1%
PdF	Pandura-Very stony land complex, 40 to 60 percent slopes	1.7	0.7%
PeC2	Parcelas clay, 5 to 12 percent slopes, eroded	21.1	8.3%
Ta	Talante soils	63.8	25.2%
TeE	Teja gravelly sandy loam, 12 to 40 percent slopes	0.6	0.2%
Vw	Vivi loam	56.7	22.4%
Wa	Wet alluvial land	0.0	0.0%
<b>Totals for Area of Interest</b>		<b>253.3</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

## Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified

## Custom Soil Resource Report

by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.



## Humacao Area, Puerto Rico Eastern Part

### Ad—Aguadilla loamy sand

#### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* Coastal plains, river valleys

*Elevation:* 0 to 200 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 43 to 85 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 65 to 89 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 365 days

#### Map Unit Composition

*Aguadilla and similar soils:* 98 percent

*Minor components:* 2 percent

#### Description of Aguadilla

##### Setting

*Landform:* Coastal plains

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Talf

*Down-slope shape:* Linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear

*Parent material:* Sandy sediments

##### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

*Drainage class:* Excessively drained

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches

*Frequency of flooding:* None

*Frequency of ponding:* None

*Available water capacity:* Very low (about 2.0 inches)

##### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 6s

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* A

##### Typical profile

*0 to 8 inches:* Loamy sand

*8 to 58 inches:* Sand

#### Minor Components

##### Bajura

*Percent of map unit:* 2 percent

*Landform:* Depressions

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Dip

*Down-slope shape:* Concave, linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear, concave

## **Cf—Catano loamy sand**

### **Map Unit Setting**

*Landscape:* Coastal plains, river valleys

*Elevation:* 0 to 60 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 20 to 70 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 67 to 89 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### **Map Unit Composition**

*Catano and similar soils:* 95 percent

*Minor components:* 5 percent

### **Description of Catano**

#### **Setting**

*Landform:* Coastal plains

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Talf

*Down-slope shape:* Linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear

*Parent material:* Beach sand deposits

#### **Properties and qualities**

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

*Drainage class:* Excessively drained

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* High to very high (5.95 to 19.98 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches

*Frequency of flooding:* None

*Frequency of ponding:* None

*Calcium carbonate, maximum content:* 50 percent

*Available water capacity:* Low (about 4.5 inches)

#### **Interpretive groups**

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 6s

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* A

#### **Typical profile**

*0 to 8 inches:* Loamy sand

*8 to 60 inches:* Sand

### **Minor Components**

#### **Reparada**

*Percent of map unit:* 5 percent

*Landform:* Coastal plains

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope



## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Talf  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear

### Cr—Coloso silty clay

#### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* River valleys  
*Elevation:* 0 to 1,600 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 43 to 73 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 65 to 89 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 365 days

#### Map Unit Composition

*Coloso and similar soils:* 95 percent  
*Minor components:* 5 percent

#### Description of Coloso

##### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Footslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Stratified alluvial deposits

##### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Drainage class:* Somewhat poorly drained  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low (0.01 to 0.14 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* About 24 to 48 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* Occasional  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water capacity:* Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

##### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if drained  
*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 2w  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

##### Typical profile

*0 to 7 inches:* Silty clay  
*7 to 60 inches:* Silty clay loam

#### Minor Components

##### Bajura

*Percent of map unit:* 5 percent

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Dip  
*Down-slope shape:* Concave, linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear, concave

### Me—Maunabo clay

#### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* River valleys  
*Elevation:* 0 to 50 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 43 to 90 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 65 to 89 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 365 days

#### Map Unit Composition

*Maunabo and similar soils:* 90 percent  
*Minor components:* 10 percent

#### Description of Maunabo

##### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Footslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Fine textured sediments

##### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Drainage class:* Poorly drained  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* About 18 to 42 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* Frequent  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water capacity:* High (about 10.1 inches)

##### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Farmland of statewide importance  
*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 3w  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

##### Typical profile

*0 to 10 inches:* Clay  
*10 to 39 inches:* Clay  
*39 to 48 inches:* Sandy loam



## Minor Components

### Bajura

*Percent of map unit:* 10 percent

*Landform:* Flood plains

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Dip

*Down-slope shape:* Concave, linear

*Across-slope shape:* Linear, concave

## NOTCOM—No Digital Data Available

### Map Unit Composition

*Notcom:* 100 percent

### Description of Notcom

#### Properties and qualities

## PdF—Pandura-Very stony land complex, 40 to 60 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* Mountain ranges

*Elevation:* 600 to 3,000 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 36 to 85 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 45 to 81 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 150 to 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Pandura and similar soils:* 70 percent

*Very stony land:* 30 percent

### Description of Pandura

#### Setting

*Landform:* Mountain slopes

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Backslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Mountainflank

*Down-slope shape:* Concave, convex

*Across-slope shape:* Convex, linear

*Parent material:* Weathered materials

#### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 40 to 60 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* 12 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock

*Drainage class:* Well drained

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low to high  
(0.06 to 5.95 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches

*Frequency of flooding:* None

*Frequency of ponding:* None

*Available water capacity:* Very low (about 2.6 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 7e

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

### Typical profile

*0 to 3 inches:* Loam

*3 to 19 inches:* Sandy loam

*19 to 35 inches:* Weathered bedrock

## Description of Very Stony Land

### Setting

*Landform:* Ridges

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Backslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Mountainflank

*Down-slope shape:* Concave, convex

*Across-slope shape:* Convex, linear

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 40 to 60 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* 40 inches to lithic bedrock

*Drainage class:* Excessively drained

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Very high (19.98 in/hr)

*Available water capacity:* Very low (about 2.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 8s

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* A

### Typical profile

*0 to 60 inches:* Fragmental material

## PeC2—Parcelas clay, 5 to 12 percent slopes, eroded

### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* Uplands

*Elevation:* 200 to 600 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 80 to 90 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 75 to 79 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Parcelas and similar soils:* 100 percent



## Description of Parcelas

### Setting

*Landform:* Alluvial fans  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope, footslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Base slope, side slope  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear, convex  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Fine textured sediments

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 5 to 12 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Drainage class:* Moderately well drained  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* None  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water capacity:* High (about 11.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Farmland of statewide importance  
*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 3e  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

### Typical profile

*0 to 7 inches:* Clay  
*7 to 31 inches:* Clay  
*31 to 60 inches:* Clay

## Ta—Talante soils

### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* River valleys  
*Elevation:* 0 to 200 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 75 to 90 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 75 to 81 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Talante and similar soils:* 90 percent  
*Minor components:* 10 percent

## Description of Talante

### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Talf  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Parent material:* Medium to coarse textured sediments

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent

*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

*Drainage class:* Poorly drained

*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately high to high  
(0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

*Depth to water table:* About 18 to 42 inches

*Frequency of flooding:* Occasional

*Frequency of ponding:* None

*Available water capacity:* Low (about 3.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Farmland of statewide importance

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 3w

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

### Typical profile

*0 to 4 inches:* Clay loam

*4 to 10 inches:* Sandy clay loam

*10 to 18 inches:* Loam

*18 to 40 inches:* Loamy sand

*40 to 58 inches:* Coarse sand

### Minor Components

#### Fortuna

*Percent of map unit:* 10 percent

*Landform:* Flood plains

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Footslope

*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread

*Down-slope shape:* Concave

*Across-slope shape:* Linear

## TeE—Teja gravelly sandy loam, 12 to 40 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* Mountain ranges

*Elevation:* 50 to 300 feet

*Mean annual precipitation:* 80 to 90 inches

*Mean annual air temperature:* 77 to 81 degrees F

*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Teja and similar soils:* 100 percent

### Description of Teja

#### Setting

*Landform:* Mountain slopes



## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Backslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Mountainflank  
*Down-slope shape:* Concave, linear, convex  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear, convex  
*Parent material:* Gravelly residuum

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 12 to 40 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock  
*Drainage class:* Well drained  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* Moderately low to very high (0.06 to 19.98 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* None  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water capacity:* Very low (about 0.6 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland  
*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 7s  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

### Typical profile

*0 to 6 inches:* Gravelly sandy loam  
*6 to 14 inches:* Gravelly sandy loam  
*14 to 18 inches:* Unweathered bedrock

## Vw—Vivi loam

### Map Unit Setting

*Landscape:* River valleys  
*Elevation:* 0 to 50 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 43 to 90 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 65 to 89 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Vivi and similar soils:* 98 percent  
*Minor components:* 2 percent

### Description of Vivi

#### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Footslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Tread  
*Down-slope shape:* Linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear  
*Parent material:* Coarse to medium textured stratified sediments

### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches

## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Drainage class:* Excessively drained  
*Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):* High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)  
*Depth to water table:* More than 80 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* Occasional  
*Frequency of ponding:* None  
*Available water capacity:* Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

### Interpretive groups

*Farmland classification:* Prime farmland if irrigated  
*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 2s  
*Hydrologic Soil Group:* B

### Typical profile

*0 to 14 inches:* Loam  
*14 to 20 inches:* Very fine sandy loam  
*20 to 30 inches:* Loam  
*30 to 36 inches:* Sand  
*36 to 60 inches:* Sandy loam

### Minor Components

#### Bajura

*Percent of map unit:* 2 percent  
*Landform:* Flood plains  
*Landform position (two-dimensional):* Toeslope  
*Landform position (three-dimensional):* Dip  
*Down-slope shape:* Concave, linear  
*Across-slope shape:* Linear, concave

## Wa—Wet alluvial land

### Map Unit Setting

*Elevation:* 0 to 10 feet  
*Mean annual precipitation:* 55 to 65 inches  
*Mean annual air temperature:* 77 to 79 degrees F  
*Frost-free period:* 365 days

### Map Unit Composition

*Wet alluvial land and similar soils:* 100 percent

### Description of Wet Alluvial Land

#### Setting

*Landform:* Flood plains

#### Properties and qualities

*Slope:* 0 to 2 percent  
*Depth to restrictive feature:* More than 80 inches  
*Drainage class:* Very poorly drained  
*Depth to water table:* About 0 inches  
*Frequency of flooding:* Frequent



## Custom Soil Resource Report

*Frequency of ponding:* Frequent

*Maximum salinity:* Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

*Available water capacity:* Very low (about 0.0 inches)

### **Interpretive groups**

*Farmland classification:* Not prime farmland

*Land capability (nonirrigated):* 8w

*Hydrologic Soil Group:* D

### **Typical profile**

*0 to 60 inches:* Variable

# References

---

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM). 2005. Standard classification of soils for engineering purposes. ASTM Standard D2487-00.

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of wetlands and deep-water habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-79/31.

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

National Research Council. 1995. Wetlands: Characteristics and boundaries.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18. <http://soils.usda.gov/>

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436. <http://soils.usda.gov/>

Soil Survey Staff. 2006. Keys to soil taxonomy. 10th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. <http://soils.usda.gov/>

Tiner, R.W., Jr. 1985. Wetlands of Delaware. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control, Wetlands Section.

United States Army Corps of Engineers, Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers wetlands delineation manual. Waterways Experiment Station Technical Report Y-87-1.

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National forestry manual. <http://soils.usda.gov/>

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National range and pasture handbook. <http://www.glti.nrcs.usda.gov/>

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. National soil survey handbook, title 430-VI. <http://soils.usda.gov/>

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2006. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 296. <http://soils.usda.gov/>



## Custom Soil Resource Report

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1961. Land capability classification. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 210.

