



DER Queue Management and Cost Allocation Solution e-Xchange

Solutions Implementation and Agreements Karyn Boenker, PNNL, 7/26/23

An initiative spearheaded by the Solar Energy Technologies Office and the Wind Energy Technologies Office

The first half of this Teams call is being recorded and may be posted on DOE's website or used internally. If you do not wish to have your voice recorded, please do not speak during the call. If you do not wish to have your image recorded, please turn off your camera or participate by phone. If you speak during the call or use a video connection, you are presumed consent to recording and use of your voice or image.

Virtual Meetings Code of Conduct

i i i

- 1. Please introduce yourself with name, title, organization
- 2. Assume good faith and respect differences
- 3. Listen actively and respectfully
- 4. Use "Yes and" to build on others' ideas
- 5. Please self-edit and encourage others to speak up
- 6. Seek to learn from others



Mutual Respect . Collaboration . Openness



Meeting Notes

Notes synthesizing keys points, insights and questions from the meeting can be found here: Box Link

Interconnection Innovation e-Xchange (i2X)

Mission: To enable a simpler, faster, and fairer interconnection of clean energy resources while enhancing the reliability, resiliency, and security of our distribution and bulk-power electric grids



Stakeholder Engagement

Nation-wide engagement platform and collaborative working groups



Data & Analytics

Collect and analyze interconnection data to inform solutions development



Strategic Roadmap

Create roadmap to inform interconnection process improvements



Technical Assistance

Leverage DOE laboratory expertise to support stakeholder roadmap implementation





Key Outcomes from i2X e-Xchange Meetings



- Inform and formulate a *publicly available, strategic roadmap* for interconnection
 - Topical challenges and issues
 - Practical solutions to implement and scale
 - Knowledge and data gaps and new solutions to pilot
 - Success goals and measures of success
- Summary documentation for each meeting regarding ideas discussed and opportunities for targeted stakeholder action
- Provide platform for ongoing engagement before and after meetings
- Longer term vision → Solution e-Xchanges to continue building a national forum for all stakeholders as a community of practice, excellence, and innovation





i2X Solution e-Xchange Topic Areas



- Queue Management and Cost Allocation
 - Technology, regulation, administration, and organizational change focus
 - What innovative interconnection solutions exist?
- Grid Engineering Practices and Standards
 - Engineering and technology focus
 - How can proposed solutions be executed?
- Equity and Energy Justice
 - Multidisciplinary
 - Who is impacted by and benefits from proposed solutions?
- Data Transparency
 - Multidisciplinary
 - What transparency concerns must be addressed?
- Interconnection Workforce and Training
 - Multidisciplinary

Additional subjects, like capacity maps, cross these topics and will be addressed from these different perspectives. Follow the schedule of events on the i2X website.





Upcoming 2023 Partner Events & i2X Presentations

•	8/4	i2X-NERC EMT Bootcamp session #1 (NERC's EMTTF). 4hr virtual
•	8/15	IEEE 1547 Work Shop, Everett, WA **
•	9/14	i2X-NERC EMT Bootcamp session #2 (NERC's EMTTF). 4hr virtual
•	9/11-13	RE+ Workshop. Las Vegas, NV
•	10/3-4	ACP Offshore WINDPOWER. Boston MA
•	10/10-13	Clean Currents. Cincinnati, OH **
•	10/23-25	GridTECH Connect NE. Newport, RI
•	10/23-26	ESIG Fall Workshop. San Diego, CA **
•	11/8-9	IREC Vision Summit 2023. Minneapolis, MN

** i2X is not currently set up to present at these events





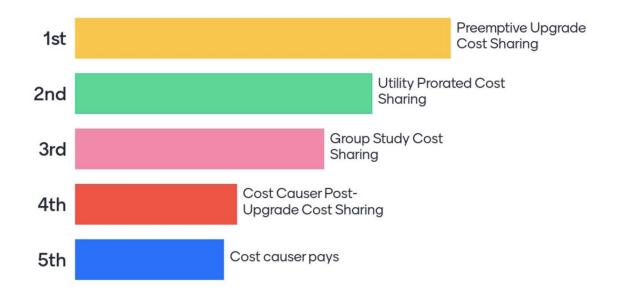
Agenda

- Innovation Presentations
 - Garrett Fitzgerald, Sr Director for Electrification @
 Smart Electric Power Alliance
 - Kate Tohme, Director of Interconnection Policy @
 New Leaf Energy
 - Matt Nelson, Principal @ Apex Analytics
 - Joan White, Director of Storage and Interconnection
 Policy @ Solar Energy Industries Association
 - Steven Rymsha, Director of Grid Solutions @ Sunrun
- Interactive Discussion





What should be the primary cost allocation approach used five years from now?





In one word, what are the most EXPENSIVE IX-related costs? (i.e. upgrades, fees, cancellation, engineering, headcount, etc.)



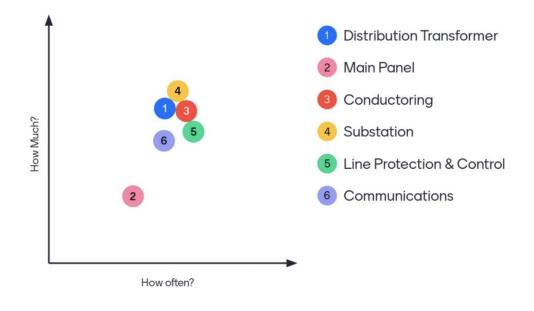


In one word, what is most UNCERTAIN about IX?





How often are these upgrades triggered during IX and how expensive are they?







Matt Nelson and Kate Tohme

July 26, 2023





Initial Problem

State Goals wanted to connect significant amounts of solar, but utility business model didn't align with quick interconnection

Overarching Goals

- Enable DG to meet state climate and clean energy goals
- Decarbonize and electrify
- Regulatory certainty
- Affordability of technology
- Equitable allocation of costs



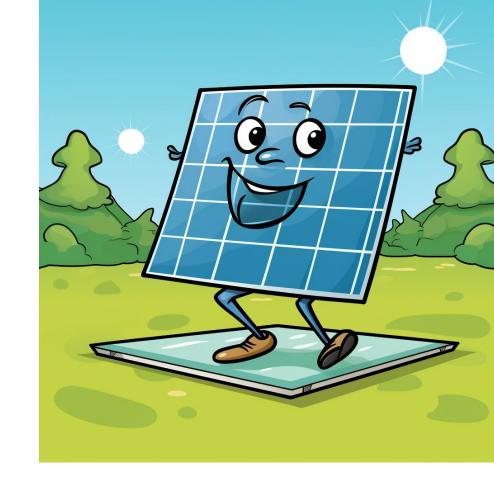




How We Get There

- → Get the process started
 - 1st Stakeholder Working Group
 - 2nd PUC Docket/Action
 - 3rd Legislation
- → Memorialization
 - PUC Order
 - Law/Regulation
 - Tariff
 - Technical Standard
 - Guidelines
- → Where will the money come from?
 - Utilities:
 - Rate base
 - Sharing with Customers and CIAC to developers
 - Reconciling mechanism
 - Federal grants





- Developers
 - State Incentives
 - Generation Market Mechanisms
 - Customer Contributions
 - Legislative incentives
 - Federal tax credits



Memorialization/Agreement Options

Tariff

- Separate tariff for cost allocation
- Inclusion in existing DG interconnection tariff
- Reconciling mechanism tariff

Technical Standard/Guidelines

- Required stakeholder engagement?
- Required govt approval?
- Uniformity?

PUC Order

- Potential for broad stakeholder engagement
- Could result in directives, tariff revisions, guidelines

Queue Management Specific

- Hosting Capacity Maps
- Preapplication Reports
- Interconnection Application

Law/Regulation

- Broad or narrow scope
- Legislator education and understanding
- Necessity of resulting adjudicatory proceeding or rulemaking

PUC Education

- Establishment of an Ombudsperson
- Hiring staff dedicated to DG issues
- Building engineering knowledge

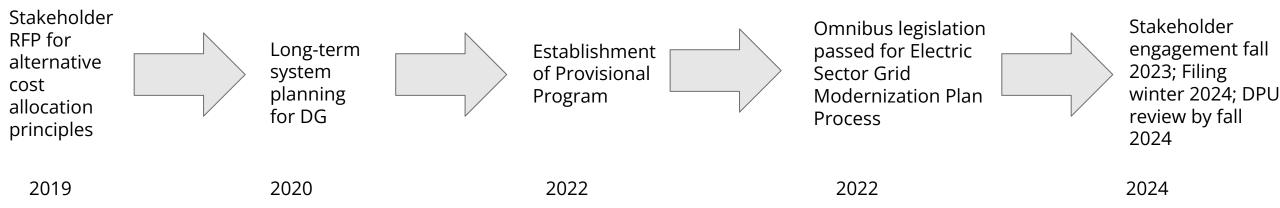




Massachusetts Case Study

Massachusetts has set forth reforms related to queue management and affected system operator studies and piloted an alternative cost allocation methodology. Implementation has taken form as DPU Order, tariff, guidelines, technical standards, and legislation.

Cost Allocation Timeline:



This was a fast process for state government





Key Questions/Issues

Distribution System Upgrades

- How to move from reactive to proactive?
- How to determine pro rata cost ratepayer vs interconnection applicant?
- How to keep DG from getting lost in overarching climate action?

Transmission System Upgrades

- How to align necessary distribution and transmission upgrades?
- How to determine "common system modification", recovery from interconnection applicant or state ratepayers? Who makes the determination?
- Jurisdictional obstacles (ASO studies, subtransmission, and cost assignment)
- Regional vs state resolutions

Flexible Interconnection

- Who controls functionality? Who makes determination? Where should this be memorialized?
- ESS wholesale vs retail rates and operational parameters- where should they be memorialized and who should be making determinations?
- Should there be caps on distribution capacity size for ESS?
- Transmission upgrade mitigationregional opportunities?







Mattn@apexanalyticsllc.com ktohme@newleafenergy.com



APEX ANALYTICS



i2X – Utility Perspectives

Accelerating an Equitable Transformation

Who Are We?





A membership organization



Unbiased



Staff of ~50



Research, Education, Collaboration and Standards



No Lobbying – 501c3



Technology Agnostic



Founded in 1992



Local, State and National Focus



Membership



SEPA is a membership organization comprised of utilities, industry partners, regulators and other stakeholders.

1,100+

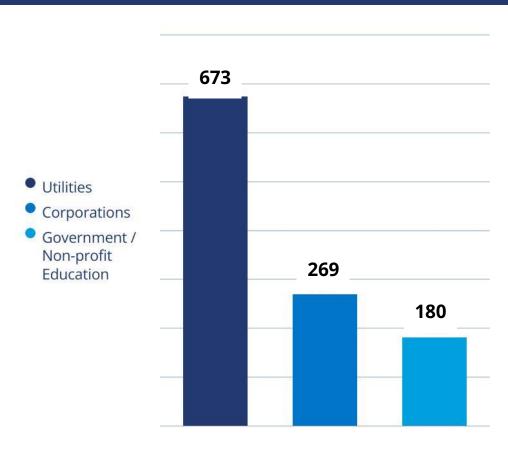
Total Members

Of U.S. customer accounts served

83%

Of utilities with carbon-free or net-zero emissions goals

Of utility commissions



What We Do



We Accelerate the Transformation to a Carbon Free Energy System through:



EDUCATION

Raise awareness of practical and actionable solutions



FACILITATION

Drive collaborative problem solving



CREATION

Develop and deliver strategies and guidance our members can use

SEPAs Role in i2X – Enhanced Utility Engagement

Broader Utility Input

Utility Only Roundtables

Dissemination

- 1-1 interviews
- Input from EVSE interconnection workshops
- 60 minute roundtable discussions to explore perspectives in more depth

 Funnel utility input from roundtables, SX meetings, and Working Groups into the i2X Road Map



Utility Only Roundtables

Utility Forum	Solution Exchange Meeting	System Level	Topic
6/12/2023	6/21/2023	DER	Cost Allocation
7/12/2023	7/26/2023	DER	Implementing QM/CA Reforms
Week of August 14th	Aug 31st	DER and BES	Close Season 1 for QM/CA



6/12/23: Cost Allocation

- It is **early days** for most on this topic. Just starting to consider what changes are necessary.
- Consensus around the need for updated cost-sharing due to rising DER interconnections.
- Early developer engagement streamlines costs and processes.
- Adapted cost modeling essential for diverse scenarios.
- Urban vs. rural settings and DER variations complicate cost allocation.



7/19/23: Implementing Reform

- Several utilities are exploring group studies in pilots. **Mixed success** so far or to early to tell.
- Fairness concerns of preemptive cost-sharing is an important issue that is not adequate addressed.
- Consideration of incorporating costs into rate bases or 'interconnection funds'.
- Cost allocation needs to be based on impact, not just size.
- Difficult to standardize cost allocation location, size, etc.



Upcoming Utility Only Forum: Session Close Week of of 8/14/2023

Agenda

• TBD

• All utilities are welcome

• Likely to be a reflective session.
• Discussion around key themes from '23 programming.
• Field suggestions for '24 programming.

Want to join the conversation? gfitzgerald@sepapower.org



i2X Solutions e-Xchange

Implementation, Planning and Agreements





Virtual Power Plants & Flexible IX

What they share in common

Smart inverters and devices

Clear contract terms

3rd party players such as aggregators

Established Communications Protocol Load or generation shifting and curtailment

Visibility into realtime grid conditions

Utility tools and know-how in the control room



Virtual Power Plants & Flexible IX

What is different

	VPPs	Flexible IX
Triggering events	If well managed, should occur hourly, daily, monthly, and annually	Limit export only when grid conditions could become out-of-bounds – very rare
Compensation/economic motivation	Captures value streams and savings related to energy, capacity, demand charges, and transmission fees	Reduces or eliminates the need for costly grid upgrades
End goal	VPPS should grow in size and number over time and become long-lived grid assets	Hopefully grid build-out reduces the need to activate export limitation over time (but this could go the other way)



Hypotheses

- 1. Flexible IX is more about reliability and project financial viability.
- 2. VPPs are more about **economic optimization** and **grid resilience**.
- 3. Jurisdictions and companies with experience in VPPs are well positioned to execute flexible IX.
- 4. The business model for VPPs can tap many more revenue streams than flexible IX.
- 5. An asset could participate in both a VPP and flexible IX agreement.
- 6.3rd part aggregators have an important role to play in maximizing the value of assets while managing them to the constraints of a flexible IX agreement.



A good flexible IX agreement will include

Clear contract terms for when an event can be triggered:
e.g. only under thermal loading conditions

Clear method of communication for triggering events

Don't limit the asset's participation in VPPs

A concrete plan for eventual grid upgrades

Clear contract terms for what the asset is supposed to do during an event

Spell out what happens when more DG comes on the circuit

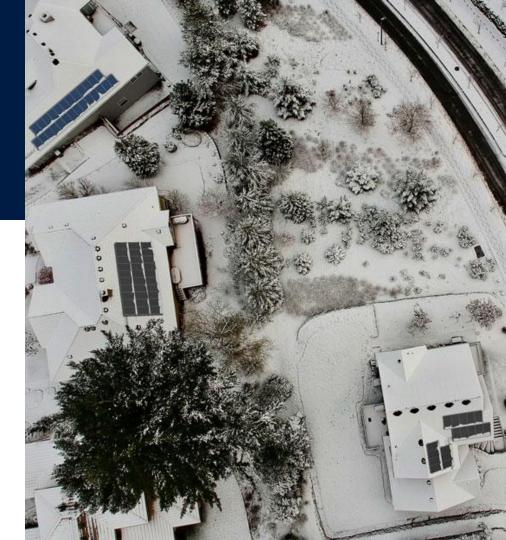
Opportunity for 3rd parties to manage dispatch signals



SUNTUN

i2X Solution eXchange on Flex IX and Cost Allocation Implementation

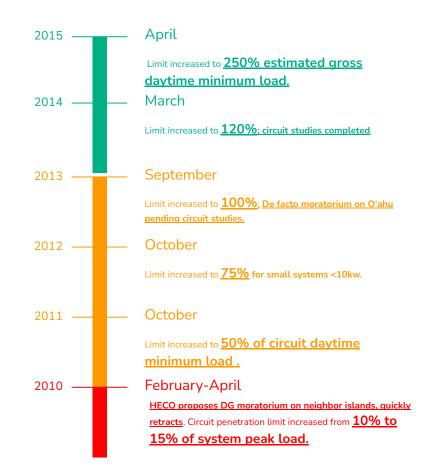
July 26, 2023 | STEVEN RYMSHA



Hawaiian Electric IX Policies

Managing High Levels of Distributed Solar Adoption with Smart Inverters

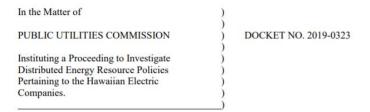
- Utility policies evolved ahead of formal interconnection proceedings at the PUC to keep up with customer demand, regulatory and political pressure.
- Hosting capacity screens and policies evolved from 10% of peak load to 250% of estimated gross daytime minimum load over a five year period.
- Solution of utilizing smart inverters to ensure open capacity can be replicated in states before critical issues.



Flex IX Volt-Watt <u>Stipulation</u> (August 19, 2021) & <u>Order</u>

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I



STIPULATION FOR PROPOSED REVISIONS TO TARIFF RULE 14H VOLT-WATT FUNCTION





Cost Allocation Recommendations for Small DER Deploy

Primary Distribution Costs

- No cost sharing requirements.
- Consistent with MA, NY, & MD
- Solution = Leverage smart inverters to defer need and ensure safety.

Secondary Distribution Costs

- Customer service upgrades are too costly for most individual system to afford, leading to cancelation.
- Set, affordable, stable fee included in IX application.
- Consistent w/ IL, MN; proposed DC & MD
- Solution = Leverage smart inverters to defer need and ensure safety.





Contact Information:

Steven Rymsha, Public Policy Director Grid Solutions steven.rymsha@sunrun.com 808-220-7377