

Advanced Fenestration Controls for Resilient and Decarbonized Buildings

Community Engagement for Market Impact and Justice



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WBS 3.1.3.20, 3.5.5.30, 3.5.5.31, 3.5.3.15, 3.2.1.13

Project Summary

Objective and outcome

Driving greater adoption of advanced fenestration controls

Addressing window-related needs in disadvantaged communities

Maintaining the window innovation pipeline

Increasing uptake of efficient windows in commercial buildings

Team and Partners

LBNL: Luis Fernandes, Christoph Gehbauer, Peter Grant, Taoning Wang, Tammie Yu, Anothai Thanachareonkit, Brendon Smith, Robert Hart, Charlie Curcija, Howdy Goudey, Jacob Jonsson

Partners: NREL, PNNL, National Fenestration Rating Council, automated façade manufacturers, and others



Stats

Performance Period: 10/01/2019-09/30/2023

DOE budget: \$1,300K, Cost Share: \$0

Milestone 1: Façade and Lighting Integration Report

Milestone 2: Advanced Fenestration Controller released

Milestone 3: Educational videos and factsheets released

LBNL Windows Group

Innovative Window and Retrofit Solutions

Hi-R (Thin-Triple, VIG)

Attachments

Decarb

Field Demonstrations

Codes and Standards

Foundational, Industry Enabling Support for Windows Energy Performance

Software (WINDOW, THERM, AERCalc, IGDB/CGDB)

Optical Facilities

Thermal Facilities

Advanced Fenestration Controls for Resilient and Decarbonized Buildings Community Engagement for Market Impact and Justice

Dynamic Facades

Disadvantaged Communities

Maintaining an Innovation Pipeline

Increasing Uptake in Commercial Buildings

Alignment and Impact



Increase building energy efficiency

Dynamic windows can reduce primary energy use associated with windows by 20-40% in commercial buildings with high perimeter to floor area ratios by 2050



Accelerate building electrification

Energy efficient windows can enhance electrification effort with up to 50% reduced HVAC system sizing, 30% reduced back-up sizing, enhanced comfort, and building resilience



Transform the grid edge at buildings

Dynamic windows can enhance grid flexibility and reduce peak electricity use by up to 25%



Prioritize equity, affordability, and resilience

Affordable, easy to install, open-source controls technology



Expanded opportunities for job creation in installing and commissioning façade systems

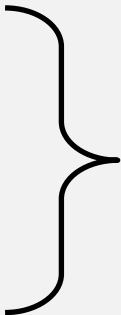


Solutions focused on the specific needs of disadvantaged communities

Alignment and Impact - Dynamic Facades

Building Sector	Performance [SHGC Range]	Installed Premium [\$ /ft ² window area]	Primary Energy Savings [Quads]	
			2030	2050
Residential	0.05 - 0.65	6.50	1.29	1.23
Commercial		29.20	0.35	0.37

Success



Technology advancement



Manufacturing at scale



Market adoption



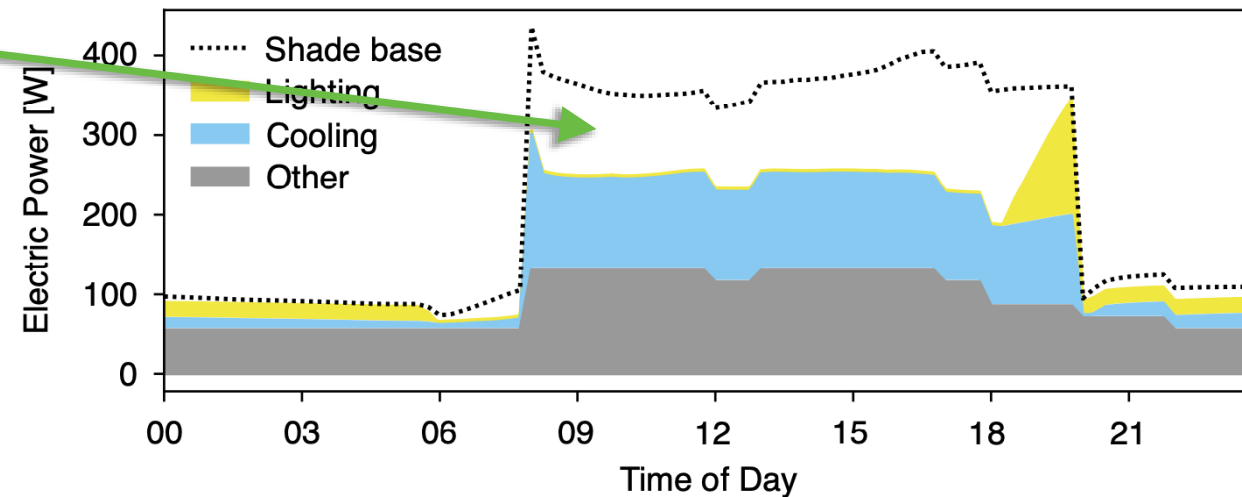
Problem 1 – Dynamic Facades

- Most dynamic façade elements are manually operated
- Automated facades operate independently from energy end-uses
- This is inefficient
 - Higher energy use
 - Reduced potential for decarbonization
 - Reduced grid services opportunities

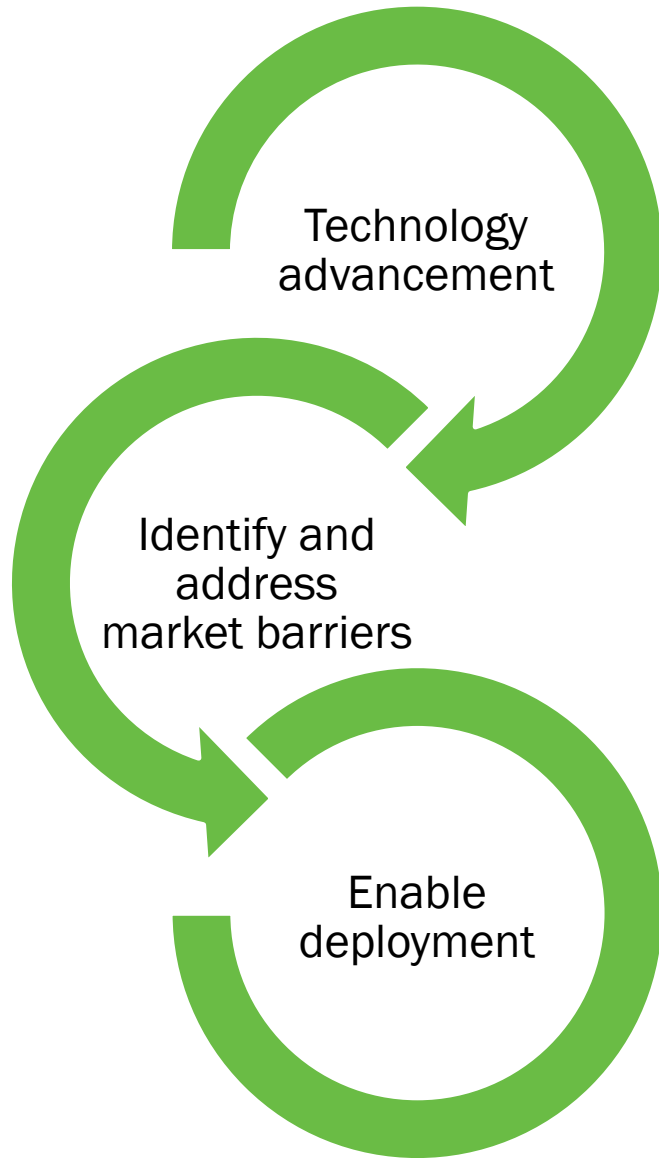


Problem 1 – Dynamic Facades

- In “real world” buildings
 - Façade integration is rare
 - Where it happens it requires custom wiring (dry contact relays)
 - “Integrated” operation sometimes done manually (e.g., demand response)
- Meanwhile, in research environments
 - 30% energy savings and 35% peak demand reduction vs. manual operation
 - 63% reduction in electricity bills vs. heuristic controls when integrated with renewables and storage



Approach 1 – Dynamic Facades



Develop, test, and demonstrate advanced control algorithms



Develop, test, demonstrate, and share methods and tools for evaluating and implementing integrated façade controls



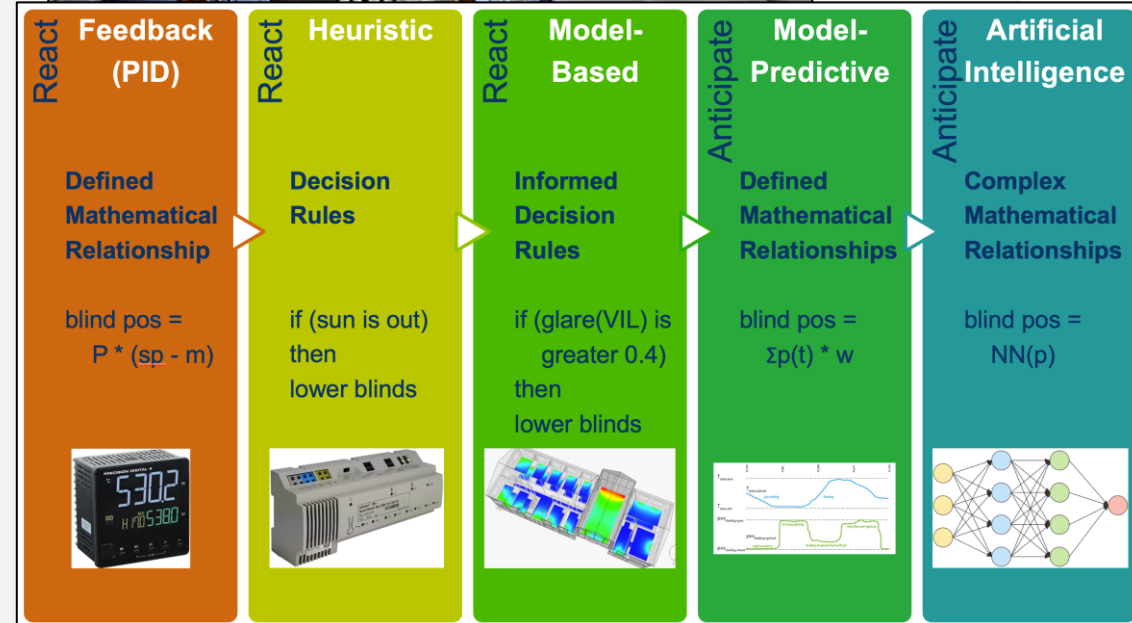
Supporting workforce development in automated facades and façade integration

Progress and Future Work: Dynamic Facades



Develop advanced control algorithms

- Model predictive control (MPC)
- Reinforcement learning
- Controls integrate façade, lighting, HVAC
- Open-source Advanced Façade Controller available on GitHub
- FY23+
 - Expanding capabilities to enable
 - Grid integration
 - Carbon emission minimization
 - Circadian rhythm optimization



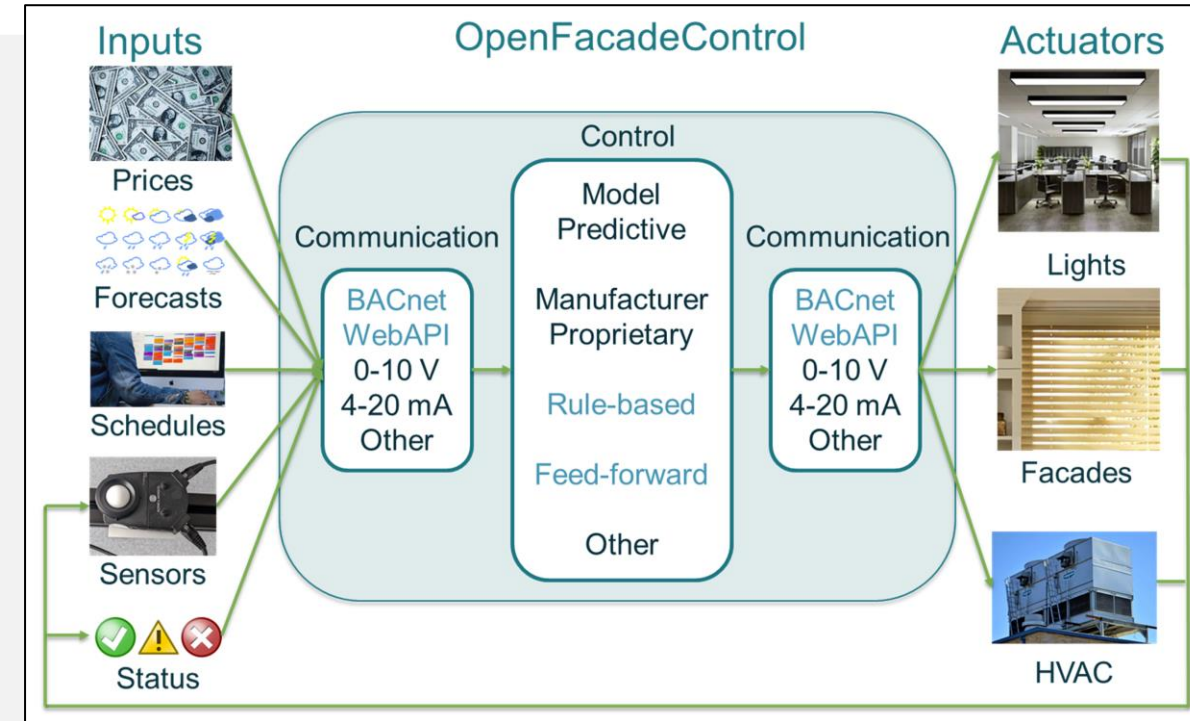
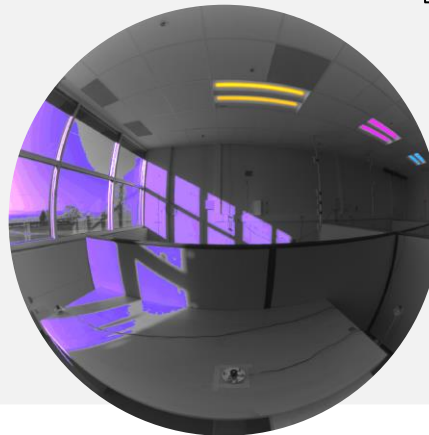
Progress and Future Work: Dynamic Facades

Enabling integration

- Scoping study (collaboration with PNNL)
- OpenFacadeControl (OFC) – an open-source framework for façade integration – under development
- Developing framework for quantifying performance of integrated systems
- Industry/stakeholder workshop

Identify and address market barriers

Glare sources (highlighted in color in the image) in a typical office scene often include both daylight and electric lighting systems but conventional glare metrics were not developed for this type of situation



- FY23+
 - OFC: expand capability, full-scale testing and demonstration
 - In-person workshops with industry/users
 - Outreach

Progress and Future Work: Dynamic Facades

Gap Analysis

		Training Style		Material Covered			
	Name	Audio/Visual	Hands-On	Technologies	Products	Installation	Market
Lights	CALCTP	x	x	x	x	x	CA, US*
Facades	Halio	x				x	Their products
	View	x			x	x	Their products
	Legrand	x			x	x	Their products
	MechoShade	x				x	Their products

Support workforce development

- Survey of training landscape
- Educational material under development

• FY23+

- Develop/share informational materials
- Outreach to current/potential training entities



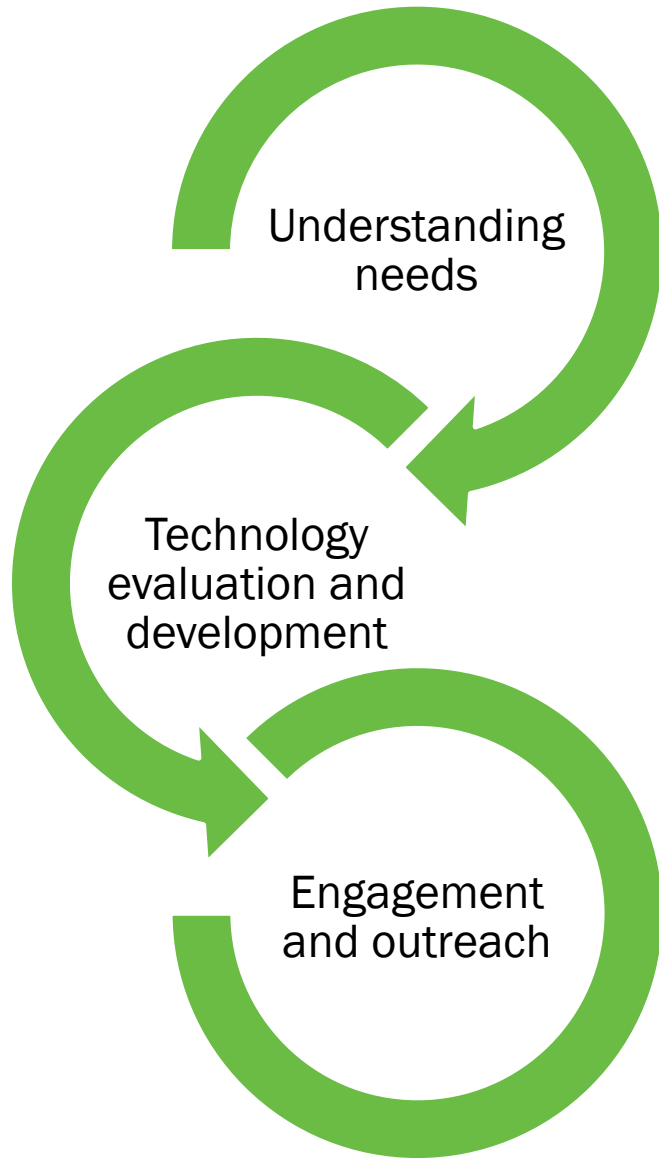
Problem 2 – Disadvantaged Communities



Buildings in disadvantaged communities (DACs)

- **Perform worse than average on energy use, resilience, and comfort**
- **Represent a large opportunity for decarbonization**
- **Unaddressed through lack of**
 - Systematized knowledge about DAC needs
 - Market incentives targeting technology development to address needs
 - Specific technological solutions

Approach 2 – Disadvantaged Communities



Gather and organize knowledge about windows in DACs

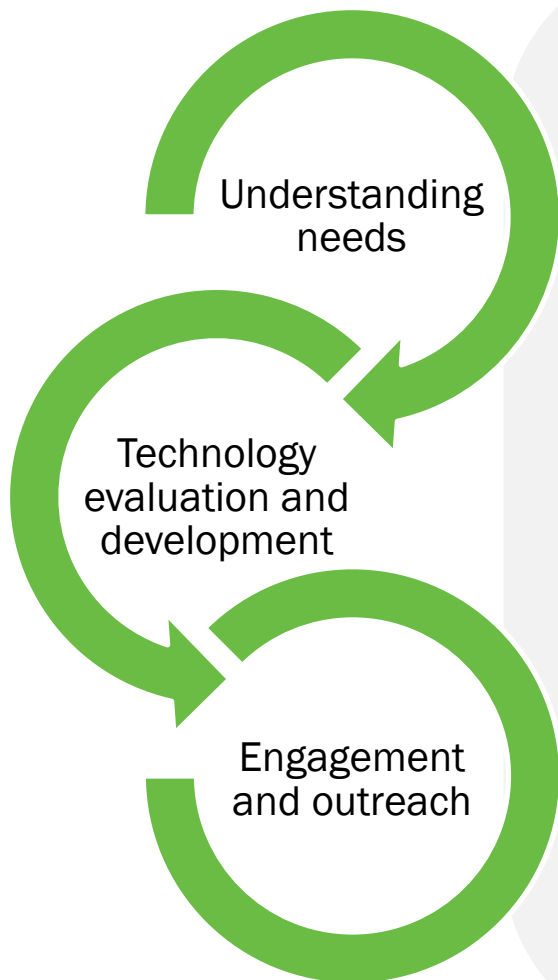


Evaluate technology options and perform/support development as needed



Drive market transformation and provide guidance to stakeholders and decisionmakers

Progress and Future Work: Disadvantaged Communities



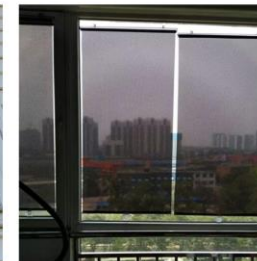
Addressing DAC needs

- Survey of window-related needs - ongoing
- List of affordable DIY/self-install solar control products
- FY23+
 - Complete survey
 - Test/share DIY/self-install products
 - Automated exterior solar control solution for renters
 - Identify/support/develop targeted solutions
 - Outreach to stakeholders and decision makers

1. Aluminum foil
2. Blackout Blind Shade with Suction Cups
3. Blackout pleated blind
4. Adjustable Magnetic Window Screen
5. Outdoor Roller Shade
6. Blackout Curtain Liners
7. Patio awning



1



2



3



7



4



5



6

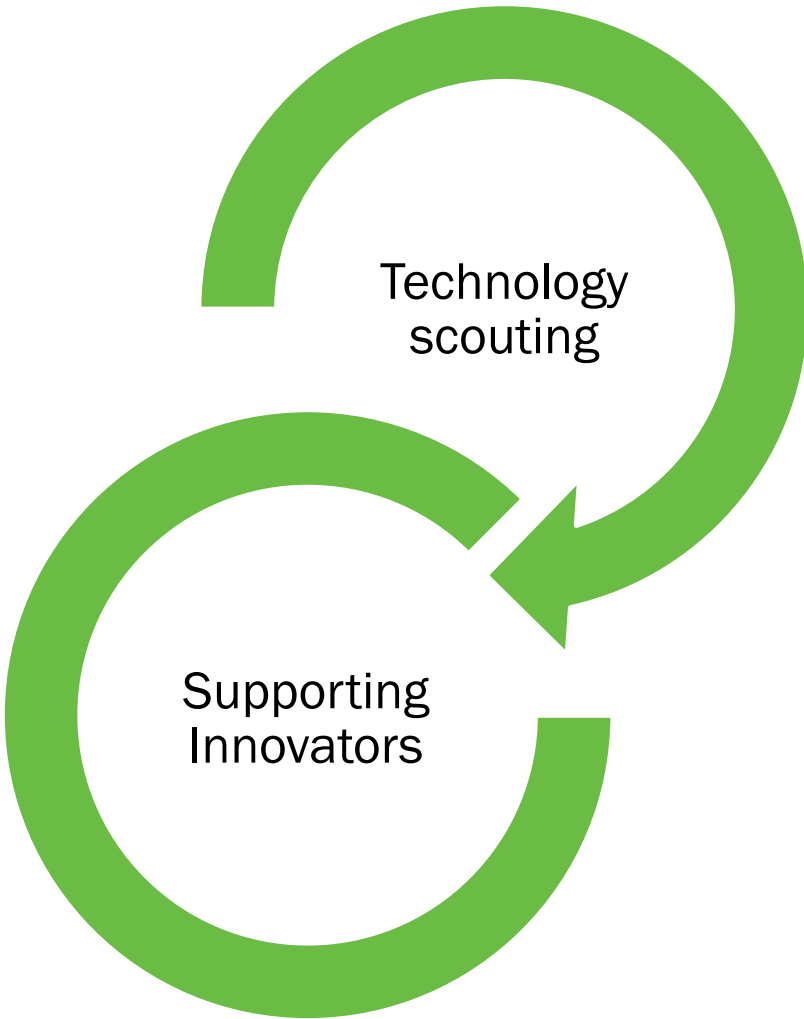
Problem 3 – Maintaining the Innovation Pipeline

- Many current energy-efficient window technologies have roots in 1970s-1980s
- We need to start working now on the window technologies of 2050
- Lack of window science knowledge can hamper innovation



Thermochromic window in transition. Most of the area of the lower panes is unshaded and its temperature has risen above the switching temperature, due to incident solar radiation. The top two panes are shaded by an overhang. (Source: Lee et al., 2013, A Pilot Demonstration of Electrochromic and Thermochromic Windows in the Denver Federal Center, Building 41, Denver, Colorado, GSA Proving Ground report).

Approach 3 – Maintaining the Innovation Pipeline



Identify, assess potential for, and develop new technologies

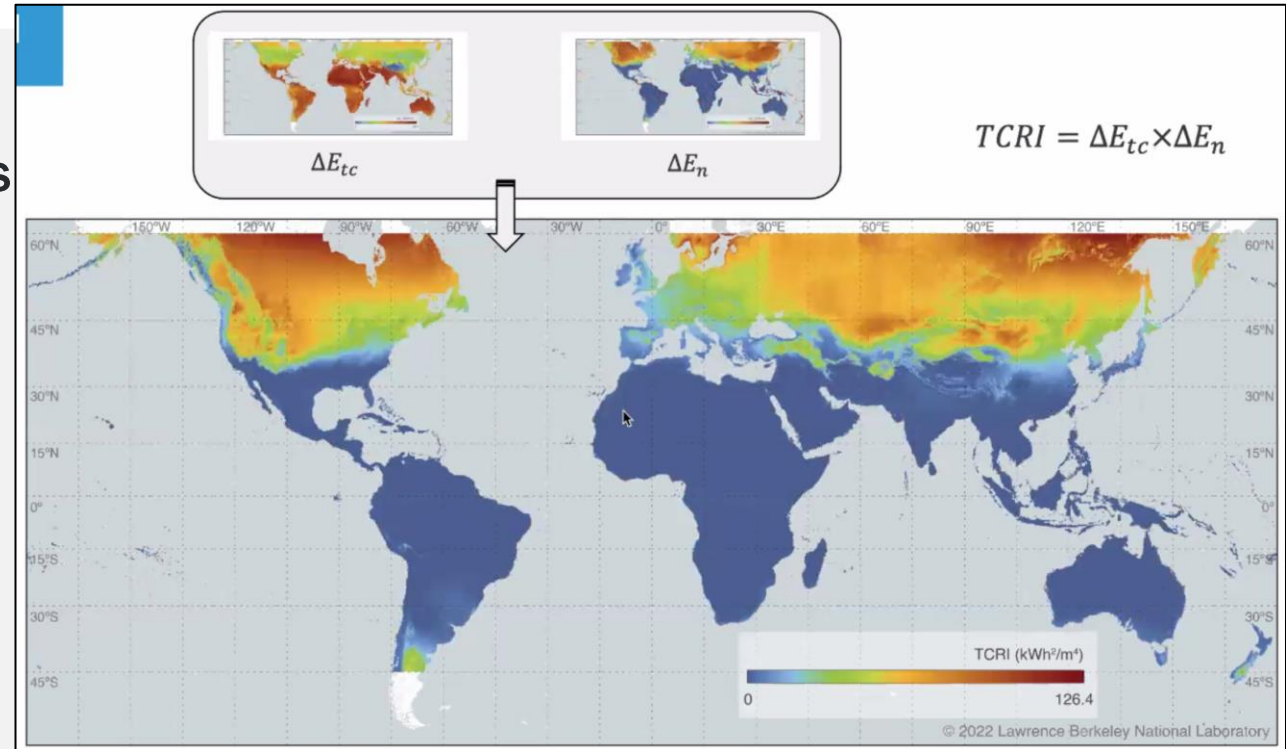
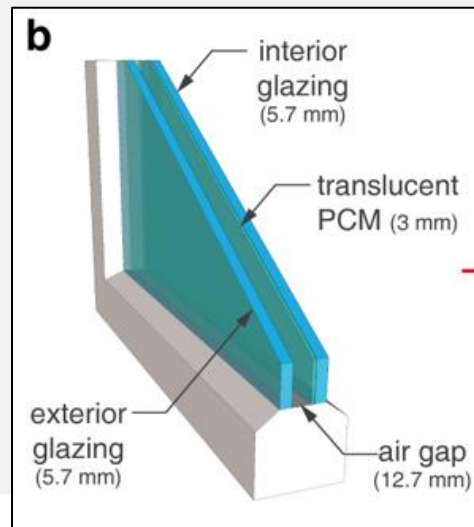


Provide informational resources and technical assistance for new technology development

Progress and Future Work: Maintaining the Innovation Pipeline

Identifying, assessing, developing new technologies

- Assessment of potential of
 - Translucent phase-change materials
 - Thermochromic glazing
- Maintaining living list of potential new technologies



TCRI is an index of how suitable thermochromic windows are for providing energy savings in a particular climate, taking into account the possible range for thermochromic material properties

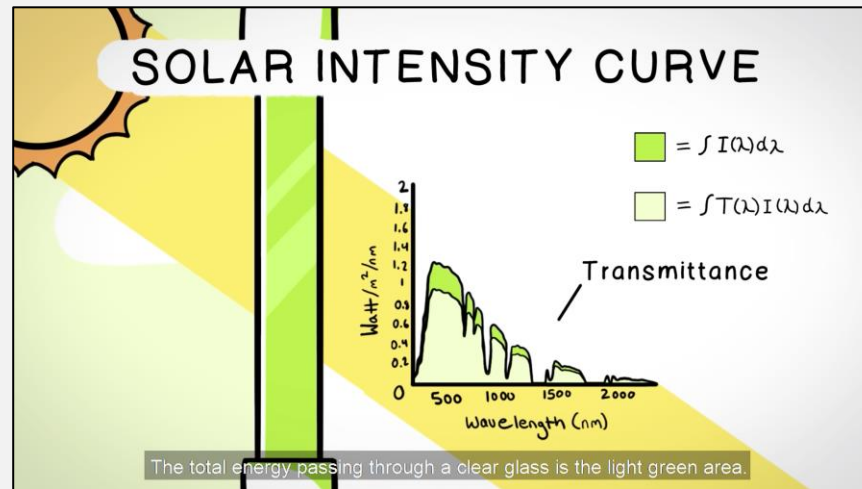
- FY23+
 - Assess potential of new technologies
 - Develop MEMS based microshutter technology



Progress and Future Work: Maintaining the Innovation Pipeline

Providing information and technical support

- Windows 101 for Scientists and Inventors videos and factsheets
- Windows R&D success stories
- Direct technical support



BUILDING TECHNOLOGY AND URBAN SYSTEMS/WINDOWS AND ENVELOPE RESEARCH

Low-e Windows

BERKELEY LAB

Saving Consumers Billions in Energy Costs

Increasing Efficiency in the Built Environment

Every year, Americans reduce energy bills by billions thanks to a low-emissivity (low-e) window coating that Berkeley Lab developed with industry. The coating prevents heat from entering buildings during summer months and escaping from them during winter. An invisible ultra-thin metallic coating, thinner than a human hair, filters out the infrared or heat portion of the light spectrum while allowing the full spectrum of visible light to pass through. Low-e coatings reduce the energy loss associated with windows by as much as 40%, improve occupant comfort, and reduce damage to interior surfaces from UV light. Once a novelty, low-e technology is now a market standard on which generations of innovative window designs have been based.

UP TO 70% OF HEAT kept outside in summer and inside in winter

REDUCES DAMAGE FROM UV LIGHT BY 75%

\$1.3B RESIDENTIAL ANNUAL SAVINGS

FIVE DECADES OF DEVELOPMENT

83% RESIDENTIAL WINDOWS

50% COMMERCIAL

- FY23+
 - Informational materials media campaign
 - Individual technical support

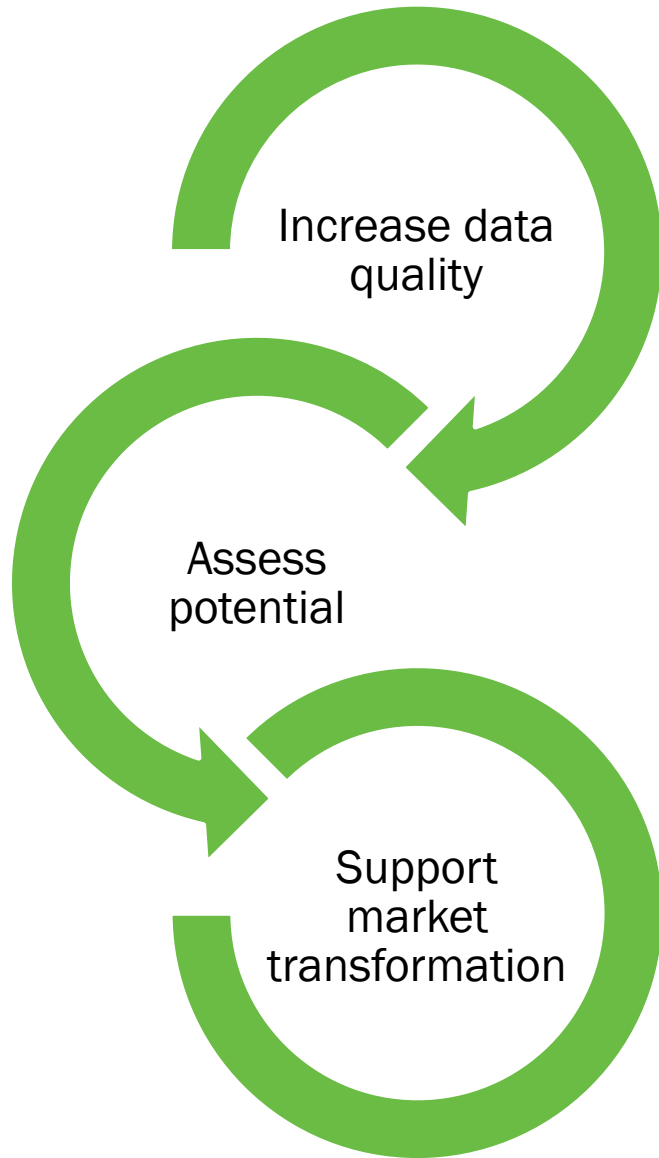


Problem 4 – Increasing Uptake in Commercial Buildings

- **Commercial buildings have comparatively low uptake of efficient windows**
 - Commercial building windows are rarely NFRC rated
 - Energy codes have more relaxed minimum performance for commercial windows
 - EnergyStar for commercial windows does not yet exist
- **Value of upgrading commercial building windows not well understood**
 - Insufficient data



Approach 4 – Increasing Uptake in Commercial Buildings



Guide and support gathering more granular data on windows in commercial buildings

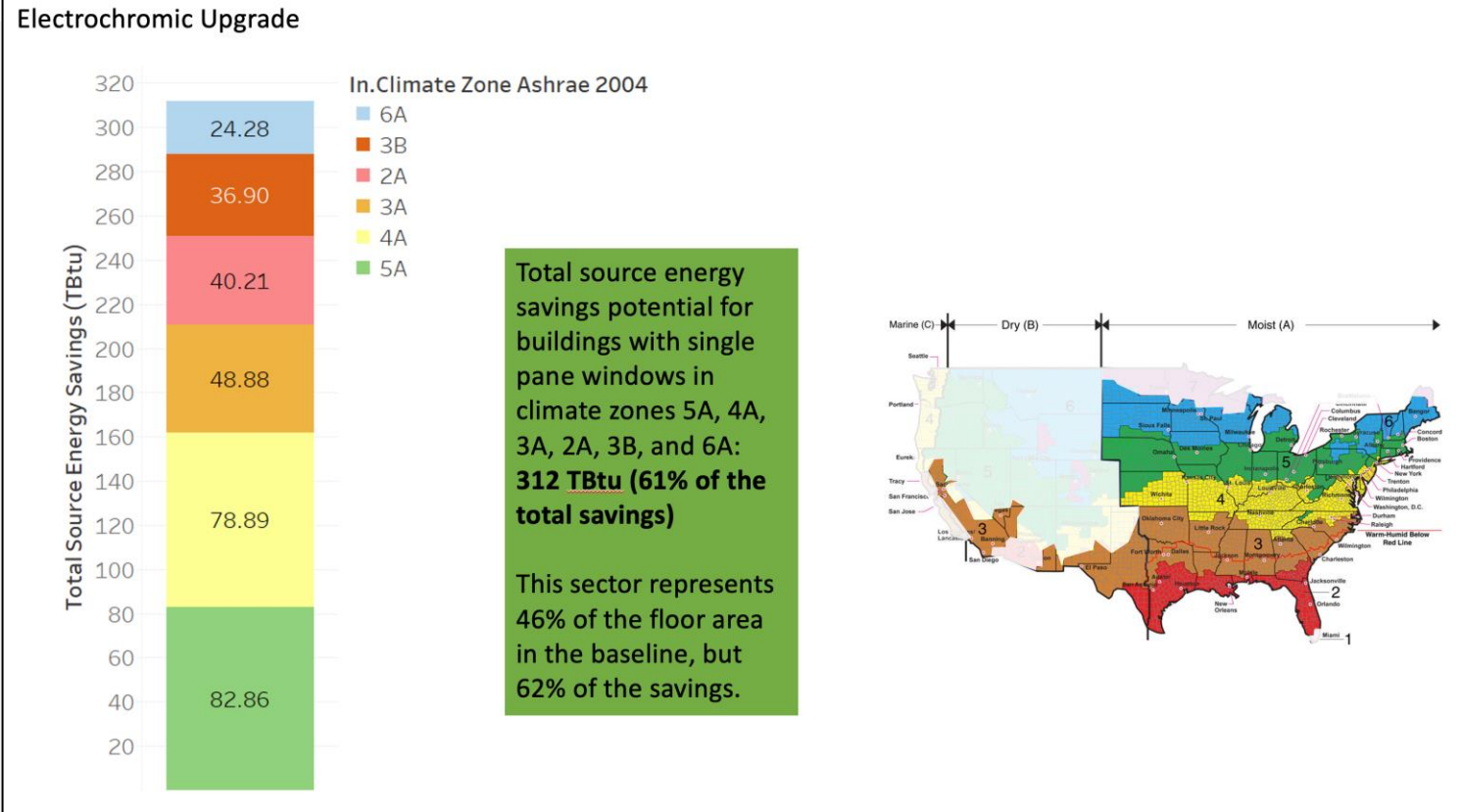
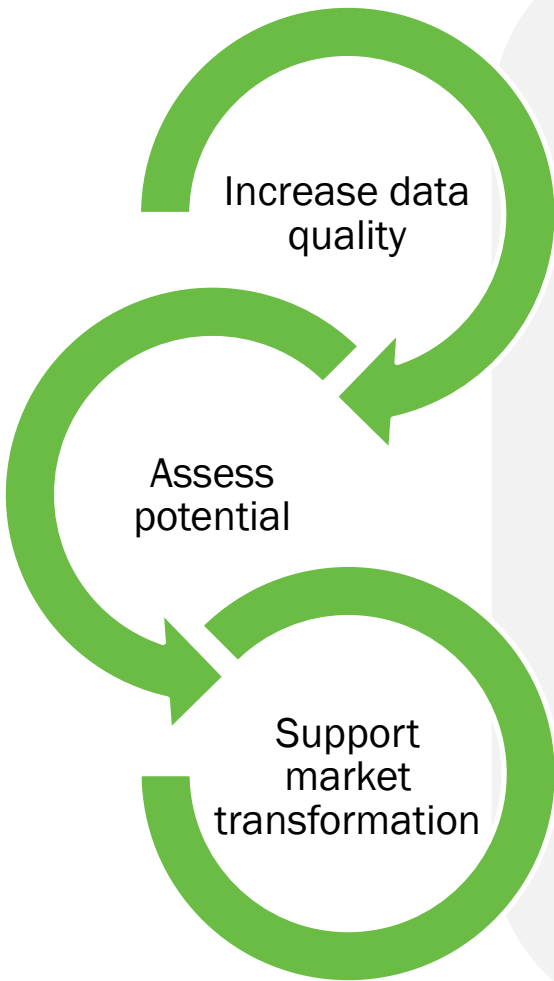


Develop estimates of the nationwide potential of window upgrades in commercial buildings



Support market transformation initiatives

Progress and Future Work: Increasing Uptake in Commercial Buildings



- Data gathering, analysis
- Estimates of national impact (collaboration with NREL)
- FY23+
 - National impact of dynamic secondary glazing retrofits
 - Support DOE prize development and implementation

Recent testimonials

“LBNL’s windows program provides **invaluable research, software, and lab support** for the rapidly emerging smart glass industry, and the broader glass industry as a whole.”

“The **research and resources provided by LBNL are crucial** for the continued development and adoption of energy efficient and human-centric fenestration products.”

Galen Burrell
Director of Lighting Design



“LBNL (...) have been an **invaluable resource** for MechoShade and the entire commercial shading marketplace especially for the past 2 decades that I have been in this industry.”

“**As the complexity of solutions grows** to drive increases in performance, a **resource like LBNL becomes even more valuable to help guide tangible advances in building systems and standards** that help drive real value for customers at a variety of levels.”

Steve Hebeisen
Director of Engineering



“LBNL’s **publications on energy savings potential of EC technologies, technology assessments in the advanced window testbed, and field study demonstrations** are all **instrumental** in the development of Halio’s EC project.”

“In my view they are the **trusted scout leading the way** for a \$150B industry.”

Andy McNeil
Product Manager



Thank You

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REFERENCE SLIDES

Project Execution

	FY2020				FY2021				FY2022				FY2023			
Planned budget	1,015,596				873,121				736,187				649,360			
Spent budget	923,873				817,025				746,310				443,888			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Past Work																
Façade and Lighting Integration									◆	◆			◆	◆	◆	◆
Educational Videos/Materials		◆	◆	◆	◆	◆			◆							
Identifying and Evaluating New Materials				◆												
Increasing Uptake in Commercial Buildings				◆				◆							◆	
Disadvantaged Community Needs/Competition													◆	◆	◆	◆

Team

Key team members and stakeholders with whom you are working and their roles