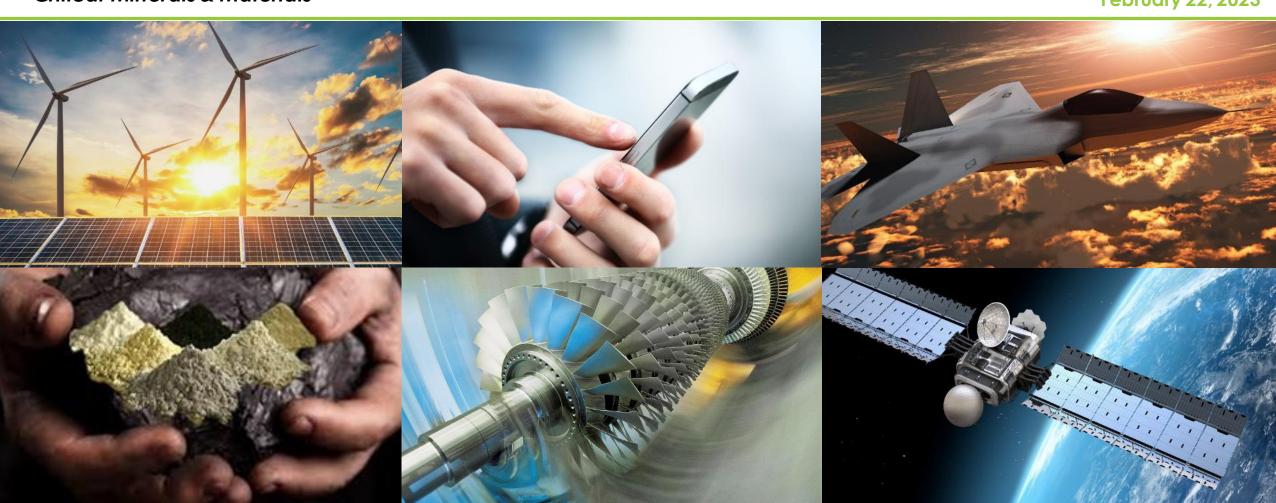
Overview of NETL's Critical Minerals & Materials Program

NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

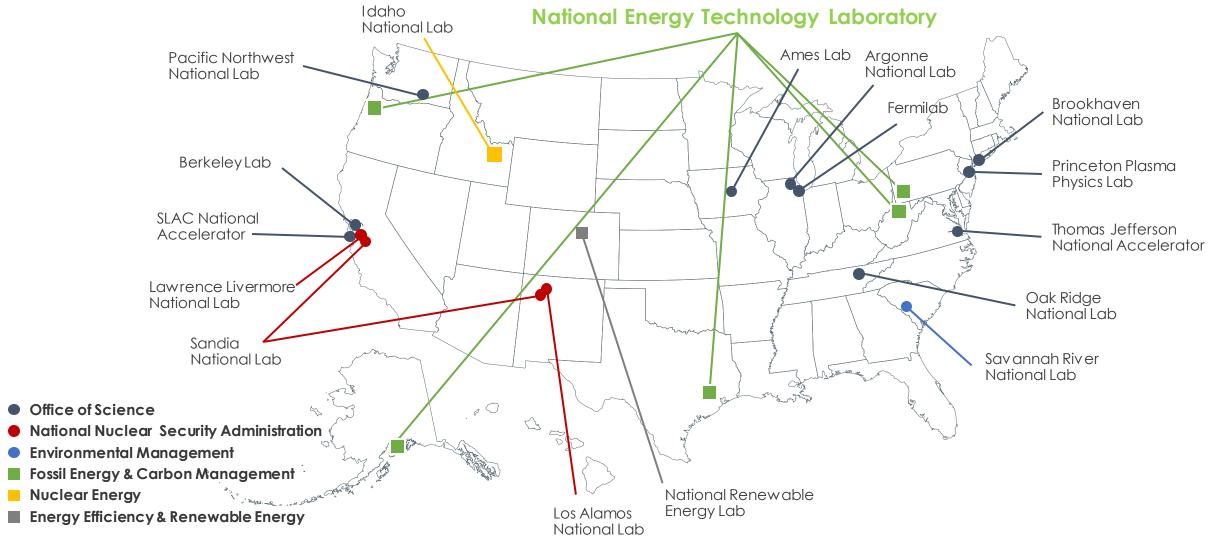
Jessica Mullen, Ph.D.

Technology Manager Critical Minerals & Materials Critical Materials Workshop Anchorage, Alaska February 22, 2023



The National Laboratory System







National Priority



"We can't build a future that's made in America if we ourselves are dependent on China for the materials that power the products of today and tomorrow."

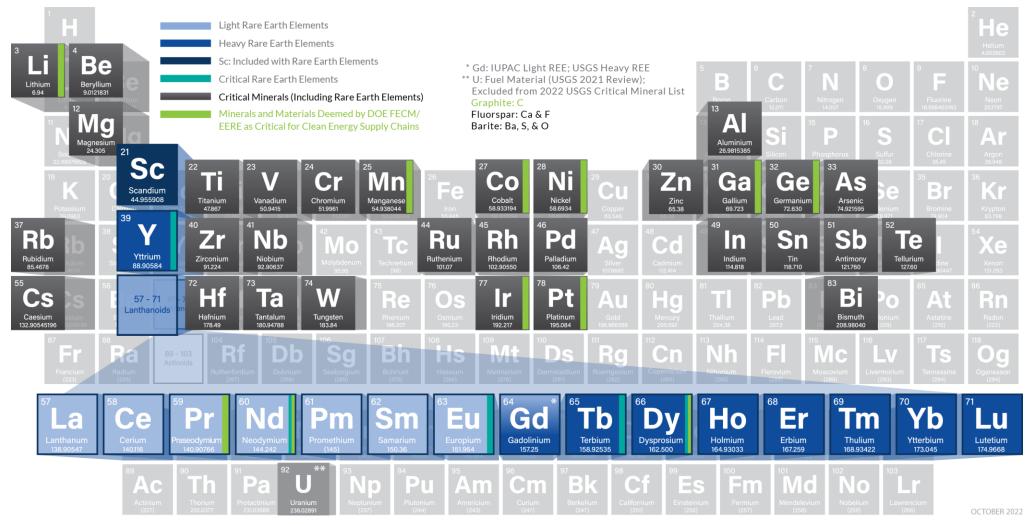
> President Joe Biden from the White House during a virtual meeting on securing critical mineral supply chains on February 22, 2022





Critical Minerals (CM) & Rare Earth Elements (REE)







Sources of CMs & REEs



Primary

Coal (Carbon Ore)

Conventional Mines

- Placer Deposits
- Hard Rock
- Carbonatites

Within primary sources, NETL focused on coal as an unconventional feedstock

Secondary

Coal Byproducts

- Coal Prep Plant Refuse
- Power Generation Ash (e.g., fly ash)
- Acid Mine Drainage (both solids, fluid)

Overburden & Underlying Clays/Shales/Sediments

"Bonus benefit": mitigation of environmental byproducts of coal combustion

Unconventional

Water

- Produced From O&G Wells
- Extracted During Carbon
 Storage

Industrial Byproducts

(e.g., steel slag, red mud, phosphate processing waste)

Municipal Solid Waste and/or Sludge

Salt Flats

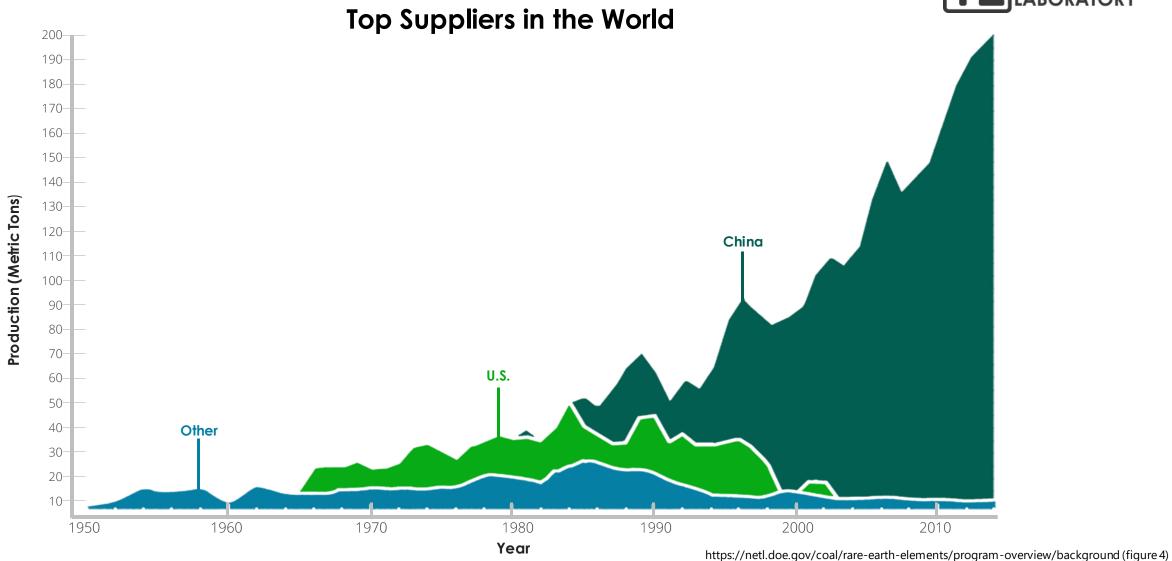
Etc.

Additional sources include recycling of electronic wastes (targeted outside of FECM)



Major International REE Suppliers

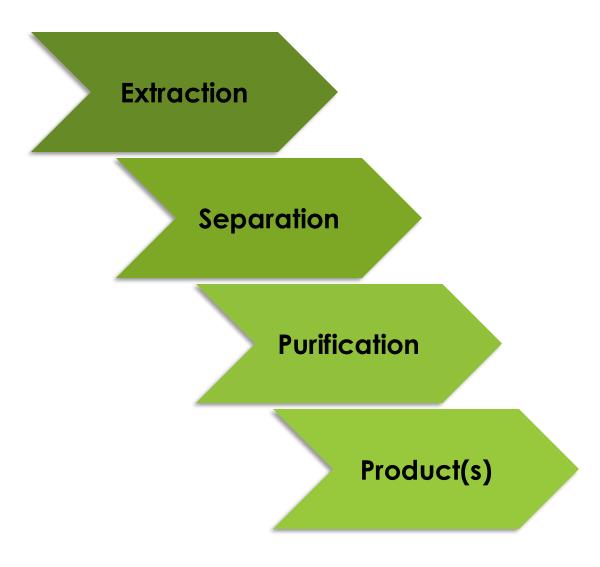




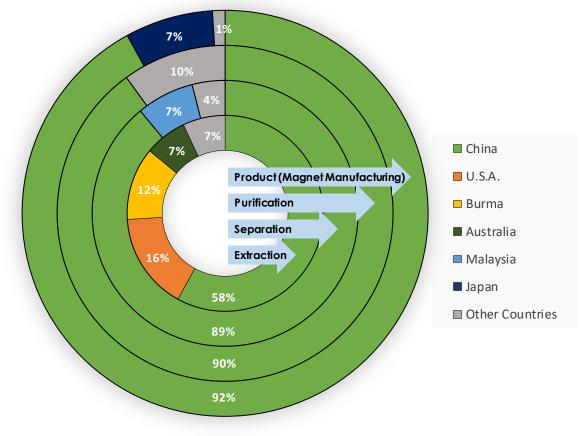


Need to Grow U.S. Supply Chain



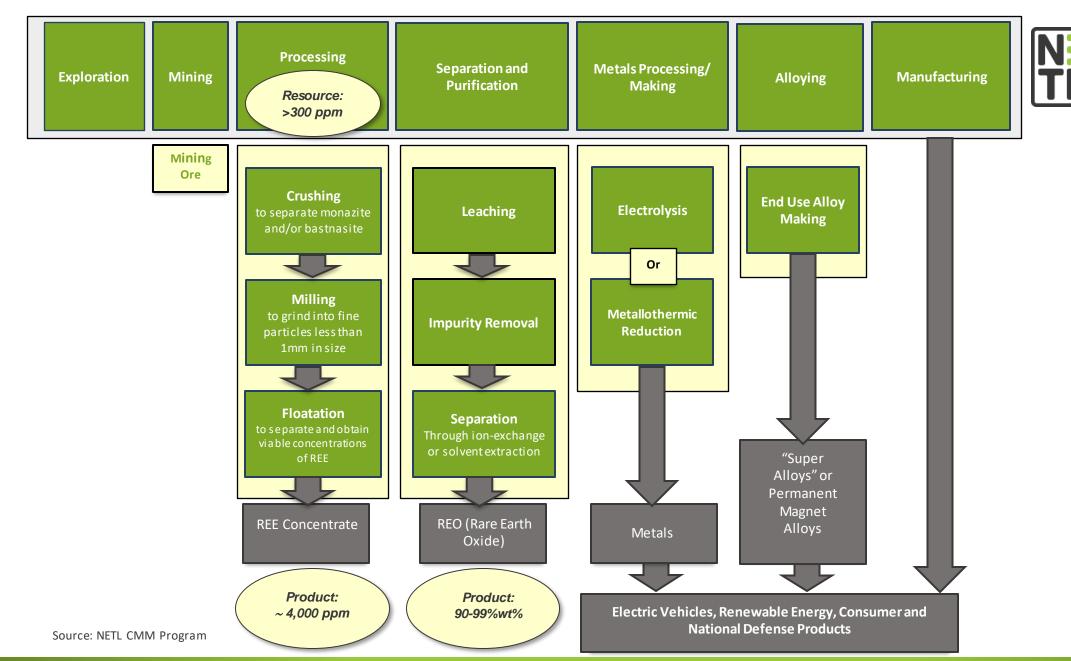


Example: Geographic concentration of supply chain stages for sintered NdFeB magnets



Source: https://www.energy.gov/policy/securing-americas-clean-energy-supply-chain







NATIONAL ENERGY

TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

NETL's CMM Program





Mission

- Develop economic, competitive, sustainable domestic REE-CM supply
- Clean energy transition and economic and national security

Objectives

- Recovery from unconventional and secondary resources
- Development and utilization of advanced CM separation systems
- Demonstration-scale separation and refining facility

Drivers and Challenges

- Offshore supplier dominance
- Market volatility and potential price fluctuation/manipulation
- Low REE-CM content in heterogenous unconventional resources

Domestic Demonstration-Scale Facility



Goals

- Technical-economic REE-CM production under benign conditions
- Commercial-grade mixed REO/RES (rare earth oxides/rare earth salts) concentrates+
- Realize full value of natural resources across U.S. basins

Metrics

- Production of 1-3 tonnes (t)/day of mixed REO/RES
- Minimum REO/RES concentration
 - 75% by weight (preferred >98wt%)
- Subsequently processed to individual or binary separated REOs or RESs at >90wt%
- Refining to market-grade REMs (generally >99.9wt%, pending supply chain specifications)



CMS Program - Commercialization Pathway



TRL 7-8

FOA-2618 Phase II

Demonstration-Scale Facility 1-3 tonnes MREO/day

FOA-2618 Phase I

Demonstration Facility FEED Study

FOA-2404

Advanced Processing Phase 1

FOA-XXXX

Advanced Processing Phase 2 Planned*

FOA-2364

CORE-CM Phase 1

FOA-XXXX

CORE-CM Phase 2 & Phase 3 Planned*

RFP

Concept & Feasibility (Pre-FEED) Studies

FOA-2003 REE System Optimization & Efficiency

Improvements: CM Production

Operational – First-of-a-Kind Small Pilot-Scale Facilities

FOA-1718

Transformational Separation

FOA-1202

Conventional REE Separation & Recovery - 80-90% Purity

RFP 9067 & RFP 10982

Field Prospecting 2015

2020

may or may not issue.

*Planned means solicitation or

future phase(s) may possibly be

funded via a future FOA that DOE



SYSTEM TESTING System performance

DEVELOPMENT

Technology component validated/integrated

confirmed at pilot-scale

COMMERCIALIZATION

Technology available

DEMONSTRATION Syst em demonstrated

for wide-scale market use

in operational environment

DISCOVERY

Program Initiated 2014





PRODUCTION

ARE EARTH EXTRACTION FACILIT

TRL

5-7

2025

REE Demonstration-Scale Facility

DE-FOA-0002618

Goal

 Develop a first-of-a-kind facility to extract and separate CM and REE from acid mine drainage, mine waste, or other deleterious materials

Funding

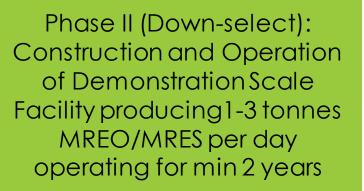
- Funding provided from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Sections 40205 and 41003(b)
- \$156 million DOE share (for Phases I and II)

Areas of Interest (Phase I)

- 1) Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering (AACE)
 Class 3 Cost Estimate Supporting a FEED Study for REE
 Demonstration Facility
 - 4 anticipated number of awards
- 2) Completed AACE Class 3 Cost Estimate Supporting a FEED Study Separately Funded for REE Demonstration Facility
 - 4 anticipated number of awards
- Awards Selections expected March 2023



Phase I: Front-end Engineering Design (FEED)





Notice of Intent - Further FEED Funding



- NOI (DE-FOA-0002846) October 12, 2022
 - Notice of intent to issue DE-FOA-002854 Bipartisan Infrastructure Law Front-End Engineering Design Studies for Production of Critical Minerals and Materials from Coal-Based Resources
 - Fund additional AACE Class 3 cost estimates supporting FEED studies for the recovery and refining of Critical Minerals and Materials from coal and coal byproducts, with a primary focus on production of high purity rare earth metals, or alternate forms, as required for critical supply chain use.
 - Similar to DE-FOA-0002618 Phase I but academic prime not required



Small-Scale Pilot Facilities

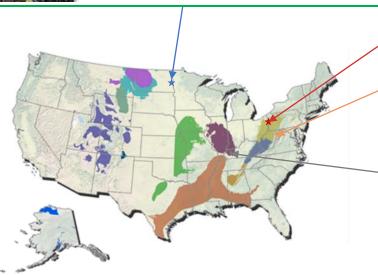


NETL-funded Project Facilities Producing High Purity MREO & CMs (Co, Mn, Ni, Ga, Gd) from Domestic Coal-Based Sources



- Separating MREO concentrate from lignite.
- August 2022 pilot facility construction complete.
- October 2022 pilot facility start-up of testing.

2018	2019	2020	2021
5 – 10 g	500 g	Un	der
5 – 15% purity	30 – 85% purity	Constr	uction





 Small-scale pilot plant cumulatively produced > 1 kg mixed rare earths on an oxide basis from post combustion coal ash by 2021. Ended March 2022.

2018	2019	2020	2021 0.67 kg ≥ 91% purity	
0.004 kg	.057 kg	0.41 kg		
≥ 10% purity	≥ 14% purity	≥ 67% purity		





 Produced REE pre-concentrates from acid mine drainage and sludge materials with ~100% REE recovery, 45% is HREEs

2018	2019	2020	2021
44 95 – 99%	O		ot-scale early completed Fall 2022





- Pilot operation began Q4 FY21. Ended Dec. 2022
- Produced quantities MREOs in its modular pilotscale facility from coal refuse materials.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 (Q1)
0.6 kg 80% purity	1.5 kg > 90% purity	0.41 kg 98% purity	0.4 kg >50% purity & 4 kg 0.5% crude cake	0.72 kg >95% REE & 0.3 kg (8% Co, 30% Ni) & 0.27 kg (22% Mn)



DE-FOA-0002364 (CORE-CM)

Carbon Ore, Rare Earth, and Critical Minerals (CORE-CM) Initiative for U.S. Basins





U.S Basin Legend

- AOI 1: Appalachian Basin, North (MD, OH, PA, WV) Pennsylvania State University
- AOI 2: Appalachian Basin, Central (KY, TN, VA, WV) Virginia Tech
- AOI 3: Appalachian Basin, South (AL, GA, TN) Collaborative Composite Solutions
- AOI 4: San Juan River-Raton Basin (CO, NM) New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology
- AOI 5: Illinois Basin (IL, IN, KY, TN) University of Illinois
- AOI 6: Williston Basin (MT, ND, SD) University of North Dakota
- AOI 7: Powder River Basin (MT, WY) University of Wyoming
- AOI 8: Uinta Basin (CO, UT) University of Utah
- AOI 9: Green River-Wind River Basin (CO, WY) University of Wyoming
- AOI 10: Gulf Coast Basin (AL, AR, LA, MS, TX) University of Texas Austin
- AOI 11: Alaska Basin (AK) University of Alaska Fairbanks
 - AOI 12: Other: Cherokee-Forest City Basin (IA, KS, MO, NE, OK, Osage Nation) University of Kansas
 - AOI 13: Other: Mid-Appalachian Basin (southwestern PA, WV, southwestern VA, eastern KY and eastern Tennessee) West Virginia University

Projects will catalyze regional growth through:

- 1. Basinal Resource Assessments/Inventory for Unconventional Sources
- 2. Basinal Strategies for Reuse of Waste Streams
- 3. Basinal Strategies for Infrastructure, Industries, and Businesses
- 4. Technology Assessment, Development and Field Testing
- 5. Technology Innovation Centers
- 6. Stakeholder Outreach and Education



CMM Program

Field Work Proposal (FWP) Projects





R&D Portfolio Objectives

- Locate promising, domestic sources of unconventional CM
- Develop technologies to reduce the cost of CM extraction and concentration
- Reduce risk to deployment

R&D Portfolio Snapshot

- Real Time Aqueous REE
 Fiber Optic Sensors & LIBS
- U.S. Coal Basin
 Sedimentary Assessment
- REE-CM Embedded
 Database Industry
 Impact; TEA & LCA

Technology Commercialization Fund (TCF)

 NETL - University of Wyoming Small Pilot-Scale Facility for REE Recovery from Powder River Basin Coal Ash



- Chemistry & Mineralogy of Coal-Based Resources
- Raman-LIBS Back-Pack Instrumentation
- Completed Nov. 2022







CMM Program - Acknowledgements



Prime Contract Award Location

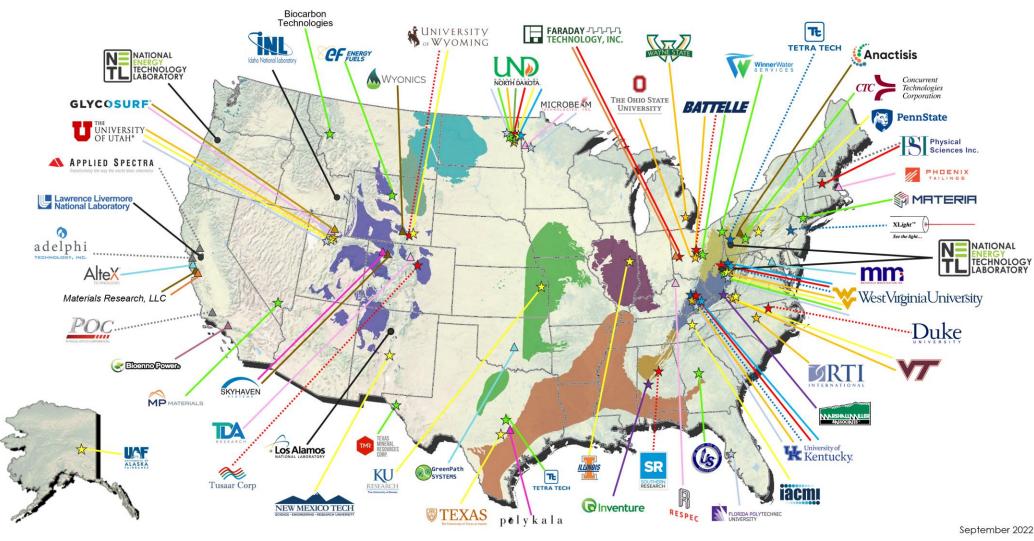
- ····★ FOA-1202 (Phase 1)
- ─★ FOA-1202 (Phase 1 & 2)
- —★ FOA-1627
- ★ FOA-1718
- ─★ FOA-2003
- →

 ☆ FOA-2404
- ★ RFP DE-SOL-10982
- * RFP DE-SOL-0009067
- A SBIR (FY22) Phase 1 Release 1
- △ SBIR/STTR (FY22) Phase 1 Release 2
- ▲ STTR (FY22) Phase 2 Release 2
- △ SBIR/STTR (FY21) Phase 1 Release 2
- SBIR (FY21) Phase 1 Release 1
- ▲ SBIR (FY19)
- ▲ SBIR (FY18)
- A SBIR (FY17)
- National Laboratories
- ──★ RFP-89243320RFE000032
- CORE-CM Phase 1

 CORE-CM Phase 1

Coal Basin

- Central Appalachia
- Central Interior
- Culf Linuis
- Illinois Basin
- Lignite
- Northern Appalachia
- Powder River Basin
- Rocky Mountain
- Southern Appalachia
- West/Northwest





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Courtesy of NETL CMS Website

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