

Agenda

- Kipnuk Battery
- Projects/programs
 - Context
 - Engagement
 - Focus
 - Build
- Hallucinations
- Lessons Learned





Kipnuk Light Plant [Kipnuk Battery Energy Storage Project

2317-1546

3B: RESILIENCY

Project Summary

•The Kipnuk Light Plant, a tribally owned utility of the Native Village of Kipnuk will purchase, install, and integrate a 500kW/677 kWh Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) into its standalone community wind diesel grid. The BESS will enable 5,500 hours of diesel off/wind only operation and will increase the amount of displaced fuel from 41,850 gallons to 76,000.

•The long-term goal of the Tribe is to displace 50% of its diesel fuel use by 2030. The objective of this project is to increase Tribal Community Resilience. This project does that by providing up to 3 hours of non-fuel emergency power to 4 critical tribal facilities. This enables emergency repairs to be completed; reduces diesel dependency; and reduces costs by an estimated \$184,000 annually.



Key Personnel/Organizations

Native Village of Kipnuk / Kipnuk Light Plant

Burt Paul – Utility Manager – Business and Technical Point of Contact Contractors:

Dennis Meiners, Owner/Principal – Intelligent Energy Systems

Patrick Boonstra, Sr. Project Manager – Intelligent Energy Systems

Federal funds requested: \$855,978

Cost-share proposed: \$ 95,109

Total Project Costs: \$ 951,087

Project Outcomes

This project advances Kipnuk's long-term goal to reduce dependence on diesel fuel and thereby increase its resilience by:

- increasing winter fuel displacement allowing the community to have sufficient fuel to make it through the winter without purchasing emergency fuel supplies;
- providing up to 3 hours of non-fuel emergency power to 4 critical tribal facilities, enabling power plant repairs to be completed;
- 3) improving the overall community power system reliability, security, and resiliency; and
- 4) reducing energy costs estimated at \$184,000 annually.

The BESS will enable 5,500+ hours of diesel off/wind only operations and will substantially increase the amount of displaced

fuel from 41,850 gallons to 76,000, for a savings of ~\$184,000 in costs annually.











Local Regional Objectives

Objectives: Reduce dependency on fossil fuels

- Lower energy costs
- Foster local economy/jobs

How:

Leverage experience Listen and learn Build local capacity







Hallucination 2005

- Heterogenous control
- Wind
- Load Control
- Distribution
- Smart meters
- Internet
- <u>Energy Storage</u>
- <u>EV's</u>
- <u>Water</u>
- <u>Hydrogen</u>





Turbine advancements



40 Thermal Stoves







Intelligent Energy Systems, LLC

Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)







Hypothesis

- Renewable based microgrids are becoming well established in rural Alaska
- Deployments will accelerate, number, scope, size
- Progress here may impact what you do







Intelligent Energy Systems, LLC

Pace of Progress

Diesel+Wind+ETS Pilot Point

Diesel+ Wind+ETS+Battery

Chefornak, Kipnuk, Atmautluak, Kokhanok, Kwethluk, Tuntutuliak

Wind+ETS+Battery+Solar Kongiganak, Kwigillingok, Buckland, Deering.

Diesel+ Battery+Solar

Akiachak, Hughes







Transition Drivers

Markets:

The Railbelt Grid Southeast Alaska Remote Communities Diesel Unregulated Tribal Ownership Growth trends Resources: Wind Hydro Solar Energy Management

Initiatives:

Old:

Power Cost Equalization Diesel Fuel Remote

New:

Infrastructure (Energy+) Climate Change Resiliency Work Force Development





Manage the transition:





• Stage 1: Invest in a direction/grants

Stage 2: Partner
De-risk, Learn by doing!

Stage 3: Co- Invest to increase deployment

Stage 4: Everybody' s In!



Local, Community, Regional Coherence



- Integrated Technology
- Economies of Scale
- High Penetration (only)
- Whole Community Systems
- Regional Clusters
- Build Capacity



Support Team







 Need to build on success 1901119



Create Meaningful Jobs







Diesel Generators

Manage these

ies



Why Tribes

- Understand the urgency
- Independence breeds security
- Must innovate
- Can measure progress
- Local decision making

• Small communities





From Small Acorns.....

- 1. Start with You
- 2. Hallucinate
- 3. Pull the Goalie

Chaninik Wind Group villagers live subsistence lifestyles with few local jobs. These traditional Yupik villages rely on electricity to maintain home lighting, street lighting, telephone service, school service, clinic hours, and freezers to maintain a subsistence lifestyle. Reliable electricity is crucial to the residents of the Chaninik Wind Group.



