

CHP/DE Portfolio Meeting - Day One

Bob Gemmer, CHP Program Lead
EERE Advanced Manufacturing Program
San Antonio, Texas
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Welcome!

SwRI introduction slides can be inserted here

Meeting Agenda

Day One

- AMO CHP Program Overview
- CHP Markets and Decarbonization
- Flexible CHP R&D and Demonstrations

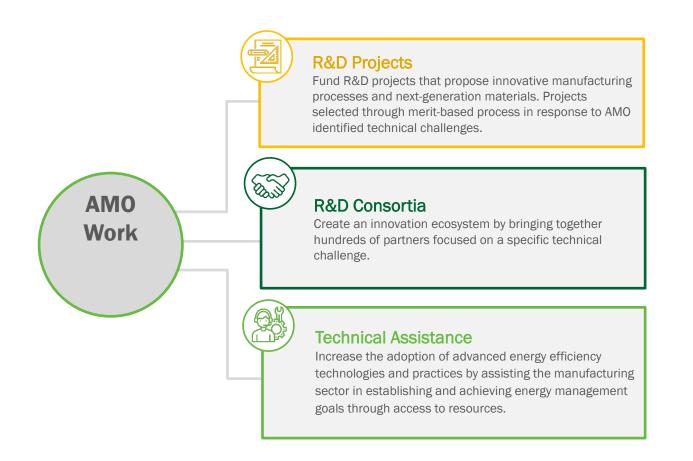
Day Two

- National Laboratory Projects
- High Power to Heat Ratio CHP Systems R&D
- Tour of SwRI

Day Three

District Energy Systems Modeling and Verification/Validation

CHP Is an Integral Part of the AMO Program





CHP R&D





CHP Deployment

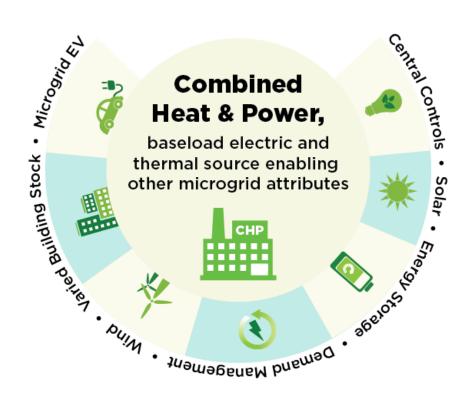
- CHP TAPS
- CHP eCatalog
- Packaged CHP Accelerator
- CHP Resources

CHP Benefits

- More efficient than separate generation of electricity and heating/cooling
 - Lower carbon and other pollutant emissions
 - Lower operating costs (but requires capital investment)
- Works with any fuel, including carbon neutral fuels
 - Efficiency becomes more important as fuels become scarce
- Increases energy reliability and resiliency
- Reduces grid congestion and avoid distribution costs
 - Complements intermittent renewable resources

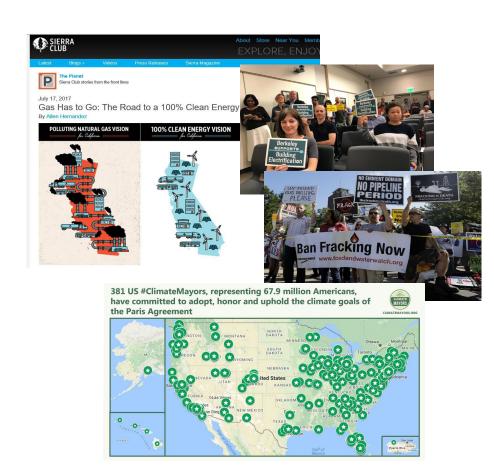
CHP as a Resilient Anchor for Clean Microgrids

- CHP provides efficient, resilient, baseload power and localized thermal energy
- CHP supports increased integration of renewable energy sources
- Storage adds additional flexibility and can help optimize CHP sizing and operation
- CHP can be fueled by local resources where available

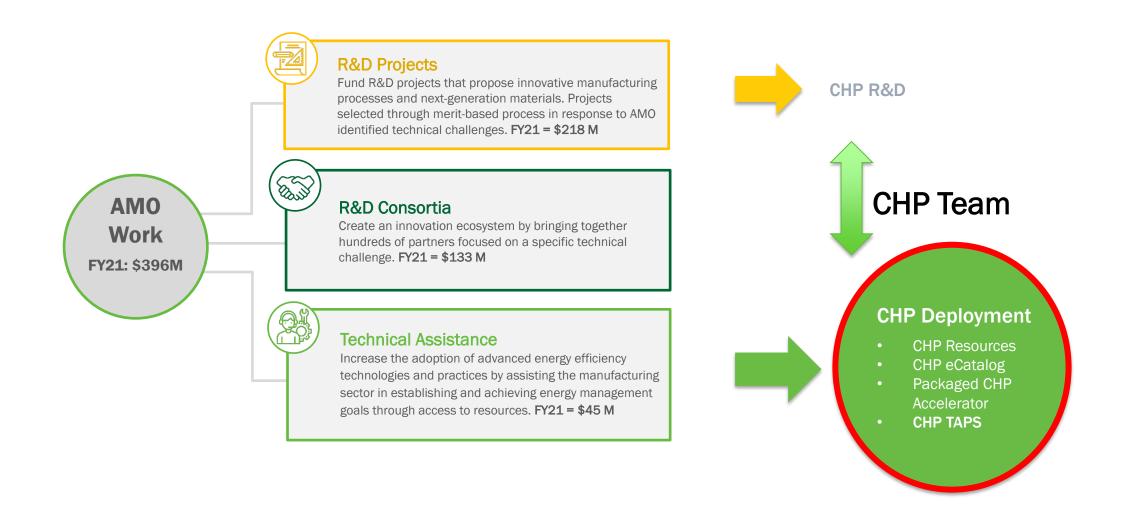


Decarbonization

- Decarbonization is a major policy topic nationally
- Biden Administration priorities
 - Addressing climate change and building clean energy economy
 - Goal to reach net-zero carbon emissions by 2050
- CHP's contribution
 - Efficiency can save carbon now
 - Fuel flexible
 - Complements intermittent renewable resources



CHP Deployment Program



U.S. DOE CHP Deployment Program Mission & Scope

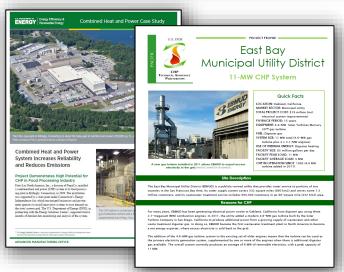
Mission

- Provide stakeholders with the resources necessary to identify CHP market opportunities
- Support implementation of cost-effective CHP systems in industrial, commercial, institutional, and other applications

Scope

- CHP Market and Project Resources
- Packaged CHP eCatalog
- Packaged CHP Accelerator
- CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships (CHP TAPs)





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CHP Deployment Support Resources

Objectives:

Provide tools, analyses and technical materials to support CHP TAP mission;

Educate policymakers, regulators, end users, trade associations, and other CHP stakeholders;

Inform DOE CHP Deployment and R&D program planning

Expertise:

Market analysis and tracking
CHP regulatory and policy trends
Technology information and industry
trends

Materials:

CHP Installation Database

Upcoming: Microgrid Installation Database

CHP TAP screening/evaluation tools

CHP project and policy/program profiles

Fact sheets

Topic issue briefs and reports







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DOE Packaged CHP eCatalog

A national web-based searchable catalog of DOE-recognized packaged CHP systems and suppliers with the goal to reduce risks for end-users and vendors through partnerships with:

CHP Packagers that assemble and support recognized Packaged CHP Systems

Solution Providers that install, commission and service packaged CHP systems

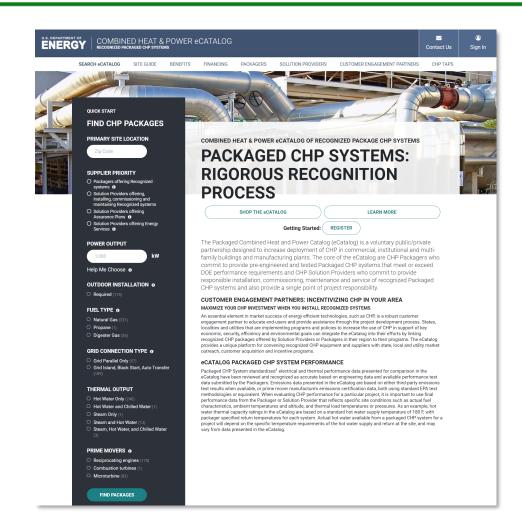
CHP Engagement Partners that provide CHP market deployment programs at the state, local and utility level

Pre-engineered and tested packaged CHP systems that meet DOE performance requirements

eCatalog audience: end-users, consulting engineers, utilities, state energy offices, regulators, federal agencies, and project developers.

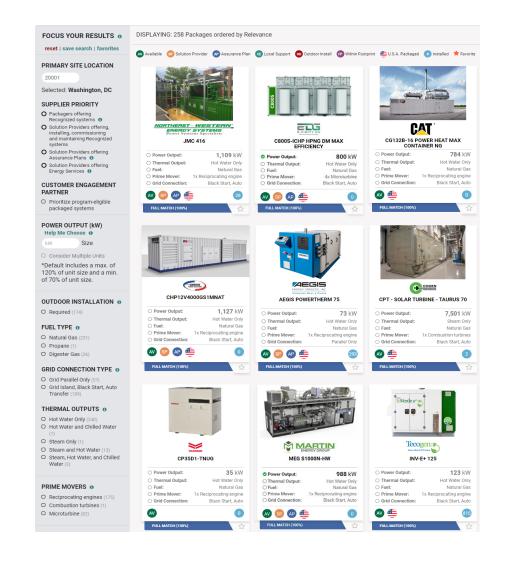
Users search for applicable CHP system characteristics, and get connected to packagers, installers and CHP engagement programs

Allows users to compare technology options on a common basis



Packaged CHP eCatalog





DOE Packaged CHP Accelerator

Objective: Populate, launch and publicize the eCatalog and promote packaged CHP

Goals: Verify packaged CHP system performance in industrial, commercial, institutional and government markets

CHP Engagement Partners: Utilities, states and efficiency program implementors committed to promoting packaged CHP via CHP deployment and/or incentive programs

CHP Supplier Partners: CHP packagers and solution providers participating in the Packaged CHP eCatalog

Planned Products:

Engagement Partner Roadmaps
Topical Webinar Series
Market Sector Fact Sheets
Verification of Packaged CHP System deployment

Current CHP Engagement Partners



https://betterbuildingssolutioncenter.energy.gov/accelerators/packaged-chp

CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships (CHP TAPs)

End User Engagement

Partner with strategic Manufacturers and other end users to advance technical solutions using CHP as a cost effective and resilient way to ensure American competitiveness, utilize local fuels, and enhance energy security. CHP TAPs offer fact-based, non-biased engineering support to manufacturing, commercial, institutional, and federal facilities and campuses.

Stakeholder Engagement

Engage with strategic Stakeholders, including regulators, utilities, and policymakers, to identify and reduce the barriers to using CHP to advance regional efficiency, promote energy independence, and enhance the nation's resilient grid. CHP TAPs provide fact-based, non-biased education to advance sound CHP programs and policies.

Technical Services

As leading experts in CHP (as well as microgrids, heat to power, and district energy) the CHP TAPs work with sites to screen for CHP opportunities as well as provide advanced services to maximize the economic impact and reduce the risk of CHP from initial CHP screening to installation.



Above: National Manufacturing Day 2019 at the University of Illinois at Chicago

CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships Activities

Through May 2022, the CHP TAPs:

- Completed over 905 Technical Assistance Activities
- Completed 462 end-user partner engagements
- Completed 353 stakeholder partners engagements
- Completed 129 Project Profiles
- Completed 90 Policy/Program Profiles

CHP TAP ROLE FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE:

Screening and Preliminary Analysis

Feasibility Analysis

Investment Grade Analysis

Procurement, Operations, Maintenance, Commissioning

Quick screening questions with spreadsheet payback calculator; Advanced technical assistance to explore equipment or operational scenarios.

Perform 3rd party reviews of site feasibility assessments: Estimates on savings, installation costs, simple paybacks, equipment sizing, and type. Perform 3rd party reviews of engineering analysis. Review equipment sizing and choices. Review specifications and bids.

End-User & Stakeholder Engagements

- Workshops
- Webinars
- One-on-one Meetings
- Presentations
- Booths at conferences
- Project and Policy/Program Profiles
- Education NOT Advocacy

Technical Services

- Screening Technical Assistance
- Advanced Technical Assistance
- Portfolio Reviews

CHP TAPs Provide Assistance Across the U.S. and Puerto Rico

Upper-West

CO, MT, ND, SD, UT, WY www.uwchptap.org

Gavin Dillingham, Ph.D. HARC 281-216-7147 gdillingham@harcresearch.og

Midwest

IL, IN, MI, MN, OH, WI www.mwchptap.org

Cliff Haefke University of Illinois at Chicago 312-355-3476 chaefke@uic.edu

New England

CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT www.nechptap.org

David Dvorak, Ph.D., P.E. University of Maine 207-581-2338 dvorak@maine.edu

Northwest

AK, ID, OR, WA www.nwchptap.org

David Van Holde, P.E. Washington State University 360-956-2071 VanHoldeD@energy.wsu.edu

Western AZ, CA, HI, NV www.wchptap.org

John Woolsey Center for Sustainable Energy 858-244-1187 john.woolsey@energycenter.org



New York-New Jersey

NJ, NY www.nynjchptap.org

Tom Bourgeois Pace University 914-422-4013 tbourgeois@law.pace.edu

Mid-Atlantic

DC, DE, MD, PA, VA, WV www.machptap.org

Jim Freihaut, Ph.D. The Pennsylvania State University 814-863-0083 idfli@psu.edu

Southcentral AR, LA, NM, OK, TX www.scchptap.org

Gavin Dillingham, Ph.D. HARC 281-216-7147 gdillingham@harcresearch.org

Central IA. KS, MO, NE www.cchptap.org

Cliff Haefke University of Illinois at Chicago 312-355-3476 chaefkel@uic.edu

Southeast

AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, PR, SC, TN, V www.sechptap.org

Isaac Panzarella, P.E. North Carolina State University 919-515-0354 ipanzarella@ncsu.edu

CHP R&D Program



Fall 2020 CHP Workshop – Key Takeaways

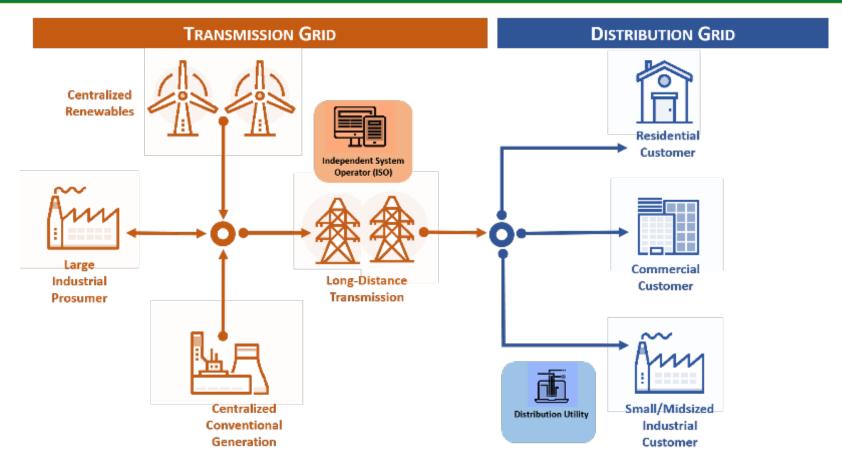
Trends impacting CHP technology development

- Electrification and decarbonization
- Move toward distributed energy resources
- Need and demand for more diverse fuel sources for CHP
- Need and demand for energy storage, including thermal storage
- Need for easy integration with renewables, microgrids, and district energy systems
- Need for flexibility and resilience

CHP R&D Program

- Mid-to-Longer Term Focus
- Decarbonization and electrification
 - Enabling further integration of renewables
 - Utilization of renewable and other alternative fuels
- Flexible CHP systems supporting the grid
 - Increasing resilience and distributed energy resources
 - Energy storage integration, thermal and electrical
- High power-to-heat ratio CHP systems

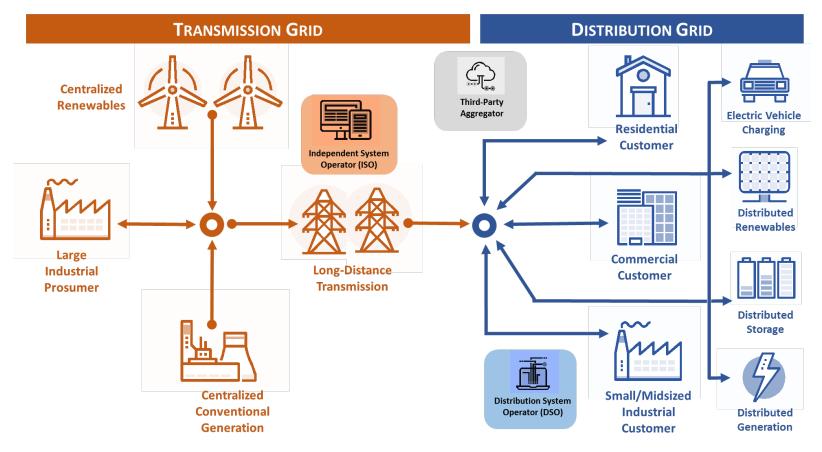
Traditional Electricity Grid



Traditional power grid: electricity is produced by centralized power plants and moved to the customer over a long-distance transmission network

- Power flows are generally one-way (from generator to customer)
- Large industrial customers can export power, but small and midsized industrial customers do not provide services to the electric grid
- Generation and load are separated, and coordination between customers and load-serving entities is limited

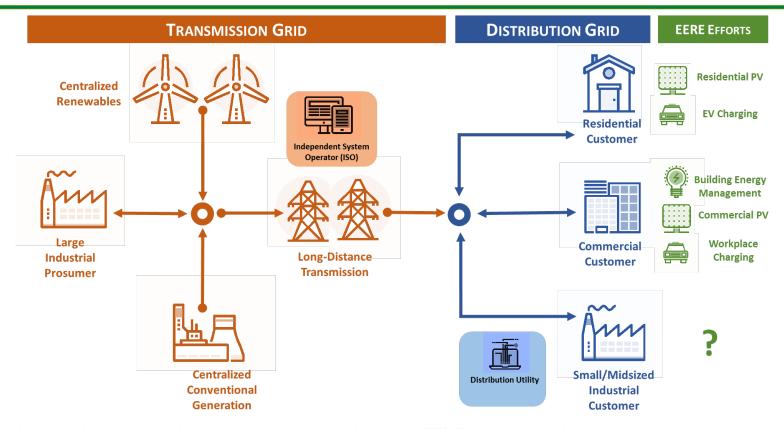
Evolving Electricity Grid... the future



Future power grid: electricity will be produced by a variety of resources, including renewable distributed energy resources with variable production that can export power to the distribution system

- Power flows are bi-directional and managed by interconnected information and control systems
- Customers are "prosumers:" they consume electricity but also generate power to satisfy their own loads as well as to provide services to the grid (including energy to other customers)
- Generation and load are closely coordinated to optimize the performance of the system and reduce infrastructure costs

R&D Opportunity: Role of Manufacturing

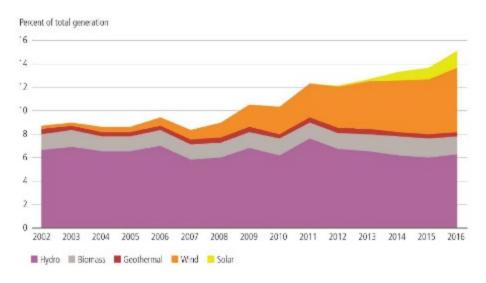


Small/midsized industrials are a large potential, not being address by other EERE programs, that integrate residential and commercial customers to tomorrow's distribution grid

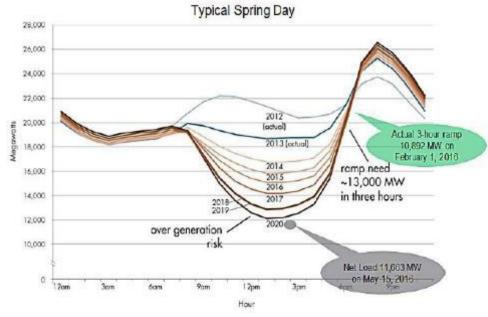
- Vehicles examples include a pathway for integration of vehicles with buildings, modeling and control software, and standard and interoperability systems
 research
- Buildings examples include data standardization to enable transactive services, hybrid inverter technology development, and load controls to support whole building response.
- Small/midsized industrials represent an important area of "white space" due to their substantial electric load (1-20MW) and familiarity with self-generation. But additional technologies are needed to integrate these generation resources to the grid.

Two Key Issues as Grid Resources Evolve

- Non-dispatchable renewables (particularly wind and solar) are increasing rapidly on the U.S. grid
- Evolving load changes at peak demand periods require additional fast-reacting grid resources

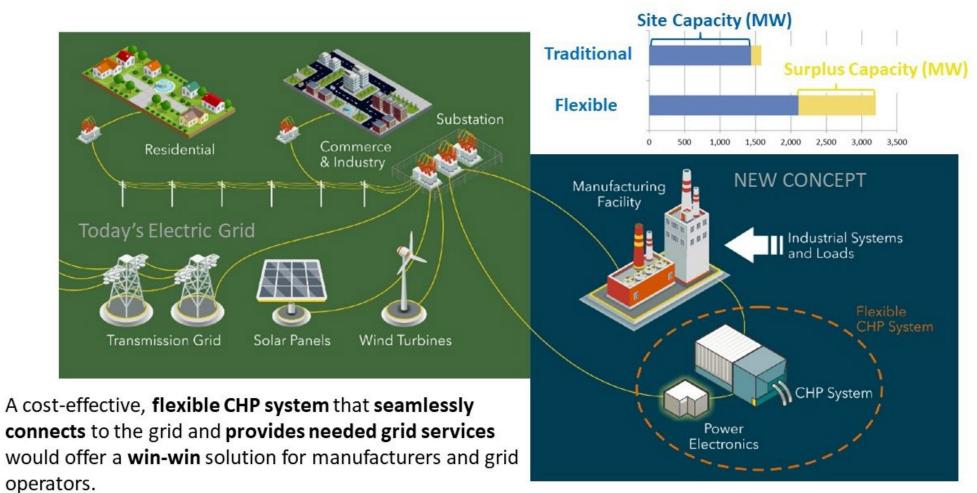


RENEWABLE GENERATION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL U.S. ELECTRICITY GENERATION



CALIFORNIA'S "DUCK CURVE"

Flexible CHP Systems: Concept



Graphic credit: U.S. Department of Energy and Virginia Tech

- Improve grid reliability and resiliency, along with providing economic benefits to manufacturing facilities
- Technology advancements (R&D) are needed to achieve its full potential

Flexible CHP on the Grid: Modeling of the California Market

Three scenarios modeled: Added flexible CHP systems on the CA grid in 2024:

Baseline:

33% renewables on grid, 3,400 MW existing CHP for site loads

Traditional CHP:

Serves site loads + 10% capacity for grid services <500 hr/yr

Advanced CHP:

Serves site loads + large flexible capacity for grid services

Combined Scenario:

Selects most profitable option (between traditional and advanced) at each site

Key findings:

Reduced Grid Operating Costs:

All scenarios reduce grid operations by \$1 Billion or more.

Increased Generation Capacity:

Alleviates need for new centralized power plants.

Lowers Site Energy Costs and Provides Additional Revenue Stream:

Sites average additional revenue of receive \$40,000 - \$780,000 / MW surplus capacity

Reduction in Grid Stress:

Eliminates hours when reserves may not be met or transmission ratings exceeded

FY18 FOA

FOA Objective: Research on enabling technologies for CHP systems (focusing on 1-20 MWe systems) that are specifically designed to provide cost-effective support to the electric grid

Area of Interest 1 – Power Electronics

Research, develop, and test CHP components such as power electronics and control systems needed to enable the cost-effective use of new and existing CHP systems to provide support to the grid.

Area of Interest 2 – Electricity Generation Components (Prime Movers)

Research and develop the electricity generation components of a 1-20 MWe CHP system capable of two operating configurations—a baseload mode where it is running at half its rated capacity and is designed to perform in a conventional CHP manner, and a second, at full rated capacity, where it is designed to maximize its ability to support the electric grid.

FY18 FOA Projects

Area of Interest 1 – Power Electronics

- University of Tennessee
- Virginia Tech
- GE Global Research Center
- Clemson University

Area of Interest 2 – Electricity Generation Components (Prime Movers)

- Southwest Research Institute
- Siemens
- ElectraTherm

FY20 Multi-Topic FOA Projects

Flexible CHP Demonstration in a District Energy System Integrated with a Renewably-Fueled Municipal Generating Station

- Caterpillar Inc.
 - Flexible Natural Gas/Hydrogen Fuel CHP System
- Clemson University
 - Megawatt Scale, Multi-source Heat Recovery System with a Flexible Grid Interconnect

Future is Strong for CHP

FY22 and Beyond

- Focus Activities on CHP as a Decarbonization Solution
 - As a baseload for renewably fueled microgrids
 - Transition to carbon neutral fuels
 - Low BTU value renewable gas
 - Hydrogen either pure or in combination with renewable gas
 - Combustion technologies
 - Argonne smart hydrogen sensor

Day 1 Meeting Overview

Day One

- Flexible CHP R&D
 - Modeling the value of Flexible CHP
 - Prime Mover Development three projects
 - Power Electronics Development four projects
- Flexible CHP Demonstrations
 - Two projects
- Waste Heat Recovery Project
 - Legacy project





Questions?

