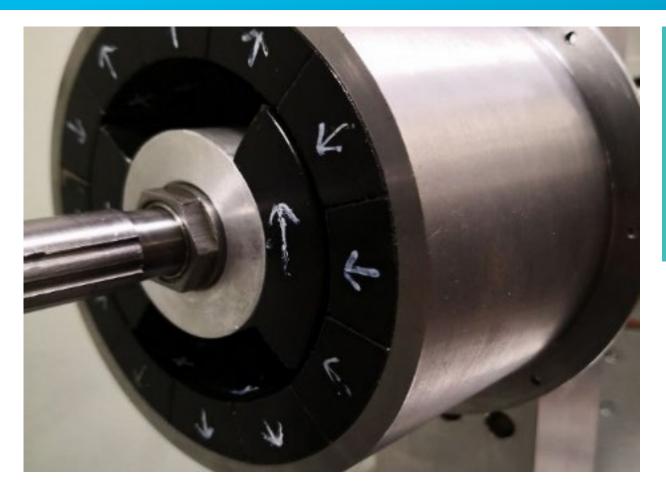


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WATER POWER TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE

DE-EE-0008631 – Performance Testing of an Integrated Magnetic Power Take-Off



Presenter:Jonathan BirdOrganization:Portland State University,AquaHarmonics, Inc.,Sandia National Laboratory,University of NC at Charlotte.

Email(s): <u>bird@pdx.edu</u> Presentation Date: Tuesday, July 19, 2022

Project Overview

Project Summary

- Design, build and experimentally test a new type of adjustable stiffness magnetic spring for use in wave energy converters.
- Integrate the adjustable stiffness magnetic spring with a magnetic gear and show that this magnetic power take-off (mPTO) can operate at resonance over a wide bandwidth.
- Demonstrate a competitive energy density capability of the mPTO.
- Experimentally demonstrate that using a mPTO a control system can increase the peakto-average absorbed power ratio by >50% over baseline values.

Intended Outcomes

- Verified performance potential of new types of highly reliable linear and rotary adjustable stiffness magnetic springs with negative stiffness controllability.
- Demonstrate, through controls, that the magnetic spring can operate at resonance over a wide band-width,
- Integrate an adjustable stiffness magnetic spring with a magnetic gear
- Demonstrate the scalability of the adjustable stiffness magnetic spring by building and testing a 1:20th adjustable stiffness magnetic spring.

Project Information

Principal Investigator(s)

- Jonathan Bird
- Alex Hagmüller
- Giorgio Bacelli
- Wesley Williams

Project Partners/Subs

- AquaHarmonics, Inc.
- Sandia National Laboratory
- University of North Carolina at Charlotte

Project Status

Ongoing

Project Duration

- Project Start Date: 6/01/2019
- Project End Date: 6/30/2023

Total Costed (FY19-FY21)

\$1,395,553

Project Objectives: Relevance

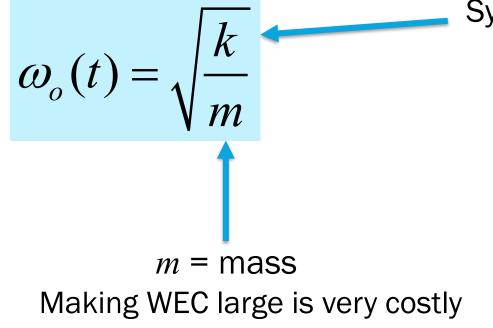
Relevance to Program Goals:

- This research is <u>Foundational R&D</u>
- This research drives innovation in components, controls and systems
- Connects foundational R&D with commercialization partners and end users
- Involve underrepresented students in research
- This research could result in a dramatic reduction in LCOE
 - Increases power generation capability of smaller wave energy converters
 - Decouples the stiffness and damping needs of the generator
 - Eliminating the resonant reactive power loading requirement on the generator.
 - Increase reliability through non-contact torque transfer
 - Provides overload torque protection

Project Objectives: Approach

Approach: - Co-design approach - receive end-user specifications and control developer guidance

Resonant wave frequency is low:



System spring stiffness: $k = k_w(t) + k_g(t)$

> k_w = WEC stiffness k_g = PTO stiffness

> > Lower stiffness by designing, building and testing newly invented adjustable negative stiffness magnetic spring

Project Objectives: Expected Outputs and Intended Outcomes

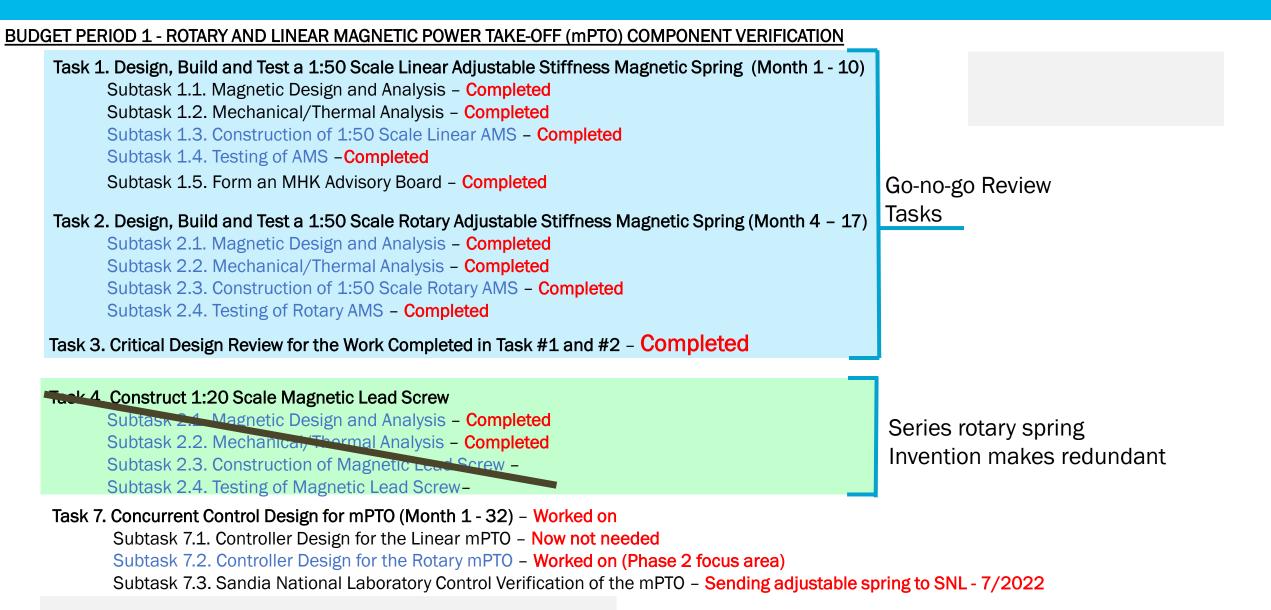
Outputs:

- Validate newly invented linear adjustable stiffness magnetic spring
- Validate newly invented rotary adjustable stiffness magnetic spring
- Confirmation of control performance potential of rotary adjustable stiffness magnetic spring
- Demonstrate scalability of adjustable stiffness magnetic spring
- Publication of research (7 to date)
- Patent (2 to date)

Outcomes:

- Modeling and simulation validation
- PTO de-risked through characterization and testing of individual components and integrated system
- Position technology to be integrated into a wave energy converter
- Position technology to be tested in a wave energy converter.
- License technology to commercialization partner

Project Timeline



Project Timeline

Subtask 1.5. Advisory Board

AquaHarmonic, Inc. Alex Hagmüller, President and CEO Email: <u>aquaharmonics@gmail.com</u>

CalWave Power Technologies Thomas Boerner Email: <u>thomas@calwave.energy</u>

Sandia National Laboratory Giorgio Bacelli Email: <u>gbacell@sandia.gov</u> Advisory board defined requirements for 1:20th scale adjustable stiffness rotary magnetic spring

Project Timeline

BUDGET PERIOD 2 - ROTARY AND LINEAR MAGNETIC POWER TAKE-OFF (mPTO) COMPONENT VERIFICATION

Task 5. Design, Build and Construct 1:20 Scale Rotary AMS (Month 19 - 28) – Worked on Subtask 5.1. Magnetic Design & Analysis – Completed FY22 Subtask 5.2. Mechanical & Thermal Analysis of the AMS – Completed FY22 Subtask 5.3. Construction of the 1:20 Scale AMS – Completed FY22 Subtask 5.4. Testing of 1:20 AMS

Task 6. Laboratory Testing the 1:20 scale mPTO (Month 28 - 31) Subtask 6.1. Laboratory Testing of the Rotary AMS – Worked on 2022

Task 7. Concurrent Control Design for mPTO (Month 1 - 32) – Worked on Subtask 7.1. Controller Design for the Linear mPTO – Now not needed Subtask 7.2. Controller Design for the Rotary mPTO – Worked on (Phase 2 focus area) Subtask 7.3. Sandia National Laboratory Control Verification of the mPTO – Sending adjustable spring to SNL - 7/2022

Task 8. Tank Testing 1:20 Scale mPTO (Month 34 - 37) Subtask 8.1. Water Tank Testing mPTO

Task 9. Scaling and Cost Analysis (Month 29 - 37)

Subtask 9.1. Scaling Analysis - 1:7 to Full Scale Subtask 9.2. Cost-Performance Comparison

Task 10. Final Reporting (Month 37) Subtask 10.1. Final Report

JB -

Project Budget

Total Project Budget – Award Information					
DOE	Cost-share	Total			
\$1,500,000	\$500,625	\$2,000,625			

FY19	FY20	FY21	Total Actual Costs FY19-FY21
Costed	Costed	Costed	Total Costed
\$124,804	\$490,150	\$780,599	\$1,395,553

- No variance from planned budget
- No sizeable discrepancy in the costed vs authorized numbers
- Some delays in the scaled up magnetic spring construction

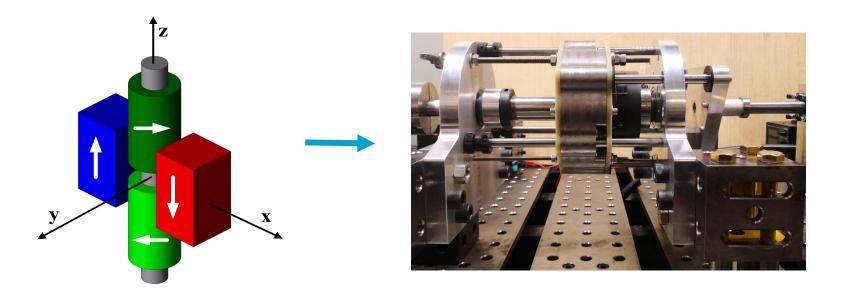
End-User Engagement and Dissemination

Most important technical accomplishments achieved between FY19 – FY21:

- Validated the performance of the newly invented adjustable stiffness linear magnetic spring (Task 1)
- Validated the performance of the adjustable stiffness torsional magnetic spring (Task 2)
- Selected the torsional spring to be scaled up in size.
- Demonstrated resonance tuning ability of the adjustable stiffness torsional magnetic spring

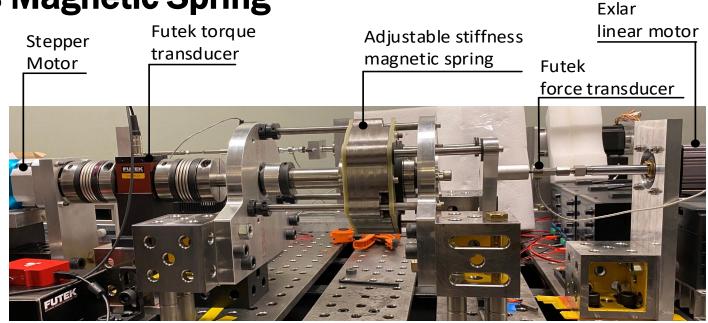
Task 1:

Design, Build and Test a 1:50 Scale Linear Stroke Length Adjustable Stiffness Magnetic Spring



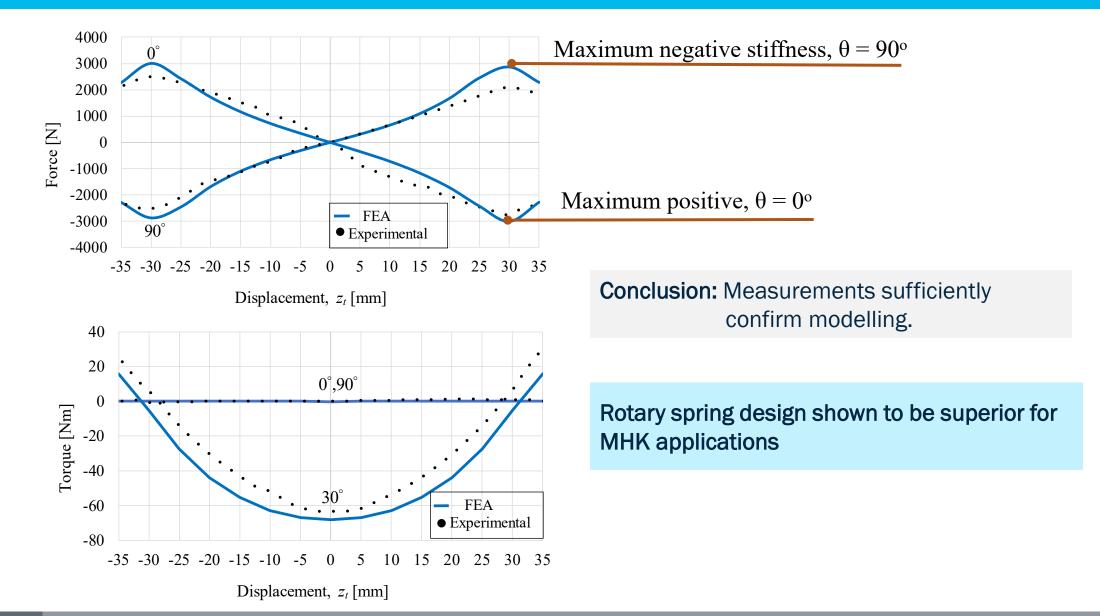
Task 1: Design, Build and Test a 1:50 Scale Linear Stroke Length Adjustable

Stiffness Magnetic Spring



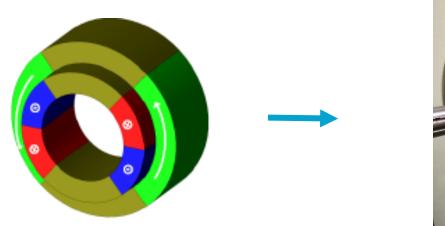
Adjustable stiffness linear magnetic spring test-stand

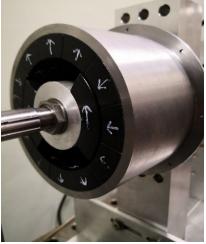
- Stepper motor used to adjust stiffness
- Brake used to hold new stiffness value with zero power loss
- Current stepper motor not holding torque at peak values



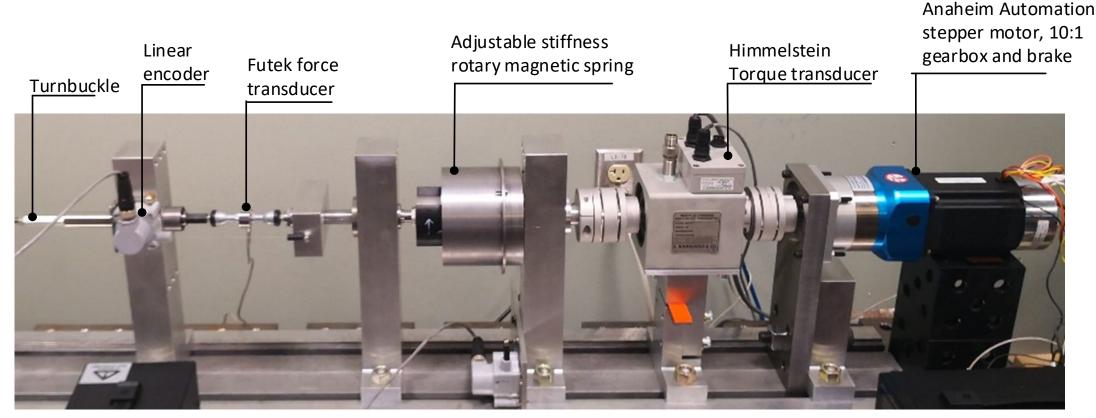
Task 2:

Design, Build and Test a 1:50 Scale Rotary Stroke Adjustable Stiffness Magnetic Spring



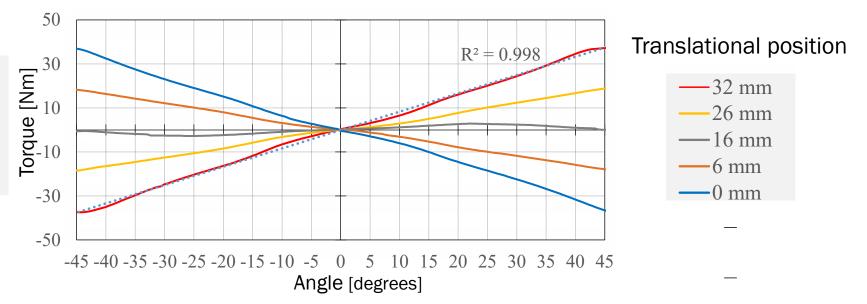


Task 2: Design, Build and Test a 1:50 Scale Rotary Stroke LengthAdjustable Stiffness Magnetic Spring



45° Adjustable stiffness rotary magnetic spring test-stand

Experimentally measured torque as a function of angle for different axial positions



Parameter	FEA Calculated Value	Measured Value	Units	% Difference
Peak torque	43	33	N∙m	-22.1
Spring rate	53.6	42.1	N•m/rad	-21.4
Peak Energy	16.65	13	J	-21.9
Total mass	1.8	1.8	kg	0
Energy density	9.25	7.22	J/kg	-24.6
	52.8	41.3	kJ/m ³	-21.7
Efficiency	TBD	-	-	-
Stroke length	45°	45°	Degrees	0
Rated angular speed	≤ 50	≤ 50	r/min	-

Patent Disclosures

- [1] J. Bird, Variable Stiffness Magnetic Spring, US Patent application # US 2021/0054897 A1, Publication Date Feb. 25, 2021
- [2] J. Bird, Magnetic Torsion Spring, US Patent application # 63255718, filed: 14 Oct. 2021

Journal Papers

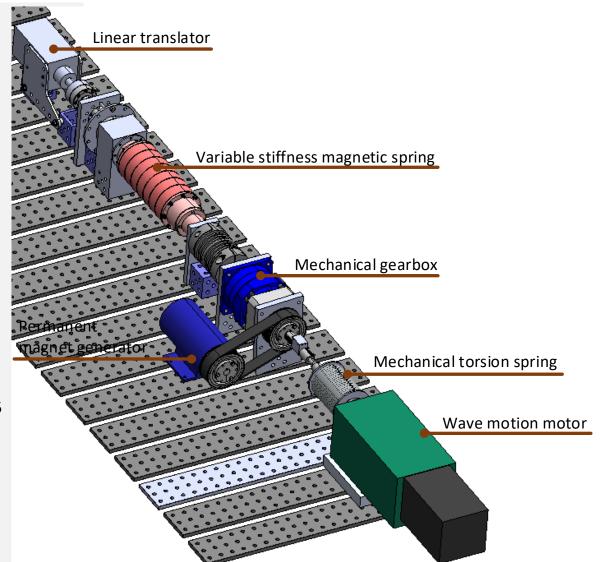
- [3] H. Baninajar, J. Z. Bird, V. Albarran, Investigating the Performance of a New Type of Preloaded Linear Stroke Length Magnetic Spring, *Prog. in Electromagnetics Research C*, Vol. 111, 1-14, 2021, DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.2528/PIERC21011507</u>
- [4] D. Che, J. Z. Bird, A. Hagmüller, Designing and Experimentally Testing an Adjustable Stiffness Torsional Magnetic Spring Resonant Generator, Submitted to *IEEE Transactions on Industrial Applications*, June 2022

Conference Papers

- [5] M. E. Hossain and J. Z. Bird, "Investigating the Performance of a Variable Stiffness Magnetic Spring for Resonant Ocean Power Generation," Presented at 2019 IEEE Energy Conversion Congress and Expo., Baltimore, MD, USA, 2019, pp. 5002-5008, DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/ECCE.2019.8912306</u>
- [6] W. Williams, Performance Testing of an Integrated Magnetic Power Take-Off , presented at *The North Carolina Renewable Ocean* Energy Symposium, April 17, 2020.
- [7] D. Che, J. Z. Bird, A. Hagmüller, and M. E. Hossain, "An Adjustable Stiffness Torsional Magnetic Spring with a Linear Stroke Length," Presented at 13th IEEE Energy Conversion Congress and Expo, Vancouver, BC, Canada, 10-14 Oct. 2021, pp. 5944-5948, DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/ECCE47101.2021.9595267</u>
- [8] M. E. Hossain, J. Z. Bird, V. Albarran and D. Che, "Analysis and Experimental Testing of a New Type of Variable Stiffness Magnetic Spring with a Linear Stroke Length," Presented at 13th IEEE Energy Conversion Congress and Expo., Vancouver, BC, Canada, 10-14 Oct. 2021, pp. 5961-5965, DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/ECCE47101.2021.9595241</u>
- [9] D. Che, J.Bird, and A. Hagmuller, " A Multi-Stack Variable Stiffness Magnetic Torsion Spring for a Wave Energy Converter to be presented at the 14th IEEE Energy Conversion Congress and Exposition, Detroit, MI, Oct. 9 -13th, 2022

Future Work

- Sandia National Laboratory will complete rotary spring performance validation (Subtask 7.3)
- Complete assembly and testing of the 1:20th scale adjustable stiffness magnetic spring (Subtask 5.4)
- Complete testing of the 1:50th scale magnetic PTO
 magnetic gear and spring, (Subtasks 6.1)
- Complete conjugate control lab testing of 1:20th and 1:50th scale magnetic torsion spring (Subtask 7.2)
- Complete further cost analysis and sizing design analysis (Subtask 9.1)
- Complete water tank testing of the magnetic PTO. (Subtask 8.1)





Lunch Return at 1:25