

Additive Manufacturing of Corrosion Resistant UHTC Materials for Chloride Salt-to-sCO₂ Brayton Cycle Heat Exchangers

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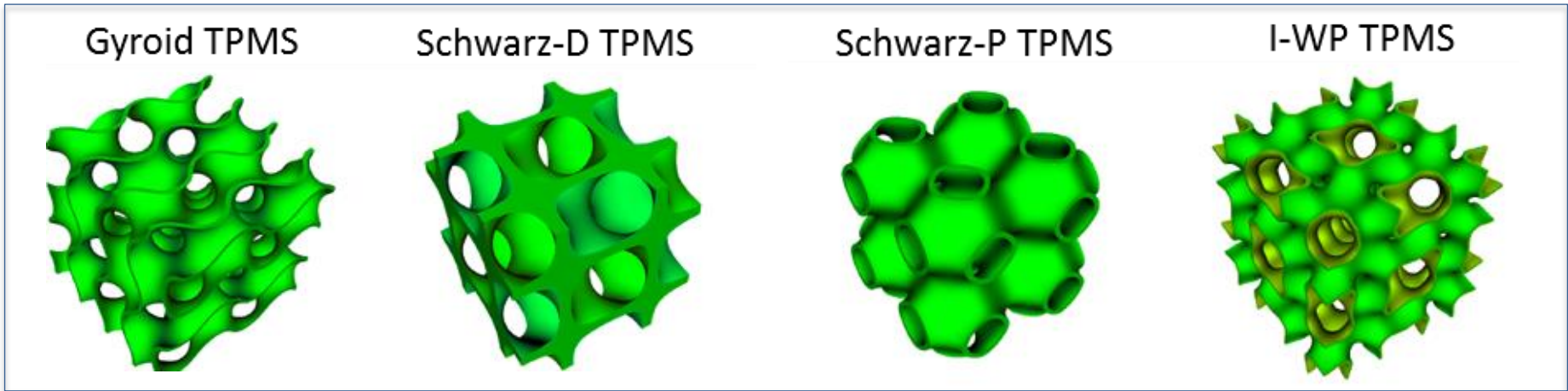
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Advanced Designs, Materials, and Manufacturing

- Heat Exchanger Design
 - Triply periodic minimal surfaces
 - Graded structures
- Materials
 - Ultra-high temperature ceramic materials
 - Analytical screening and molten salt corrosion testing
- Manufacturing
 - Binder-jet additive manufacturing
 - Sintering development

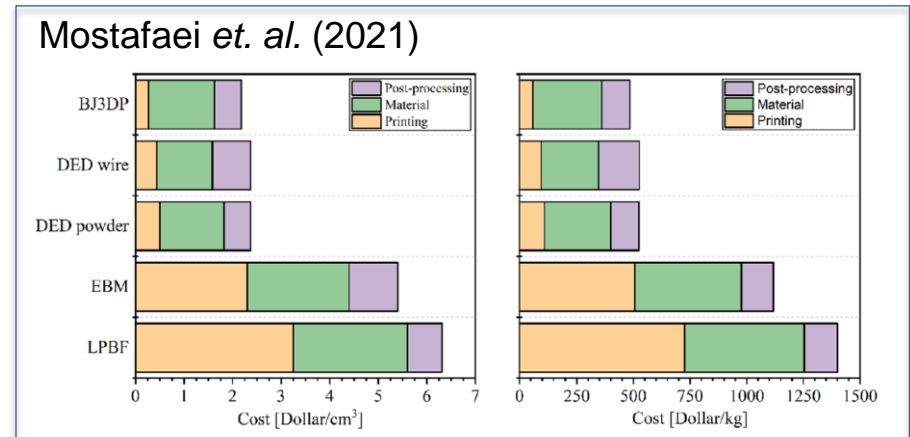
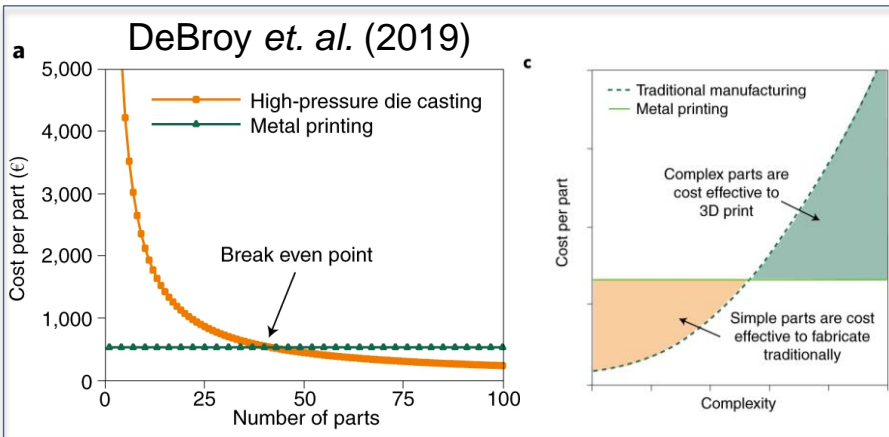
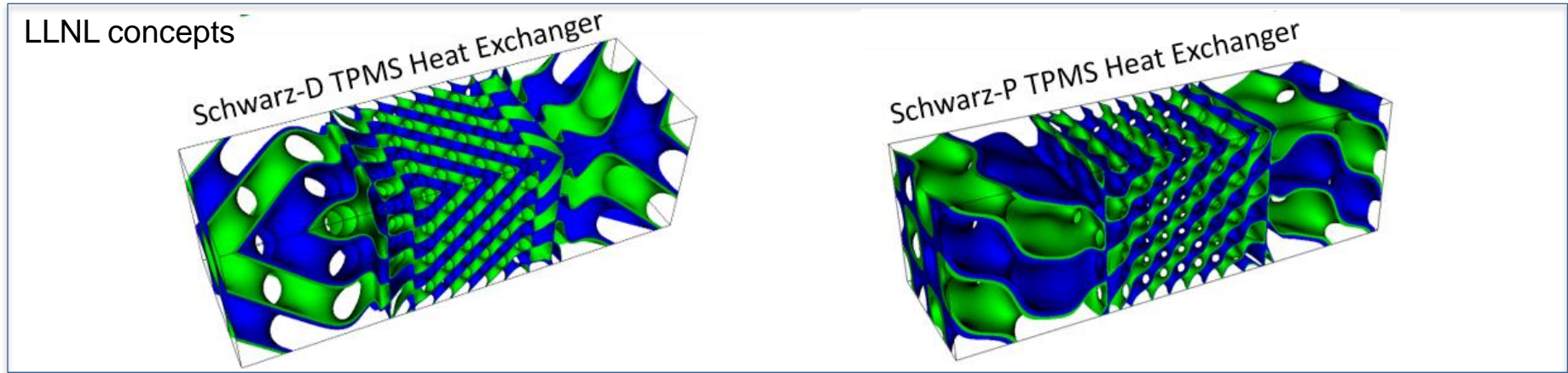
Triply Periodic Minimal Surface (TPMS)



- **Minimal surfaces** - mathematical functions with locally minimized area or zero mean curvature
- **TPMS** – special minimal surfaces with two interpenetrating volume domains extending in 3D
- Femmer *et. al.* (2015) reported on TPMS heat exchanger prototypes with enhanced performance

Calculations for one HX design suggests a power density of 20-50 MW/m³ (200-1000 MW/kg)

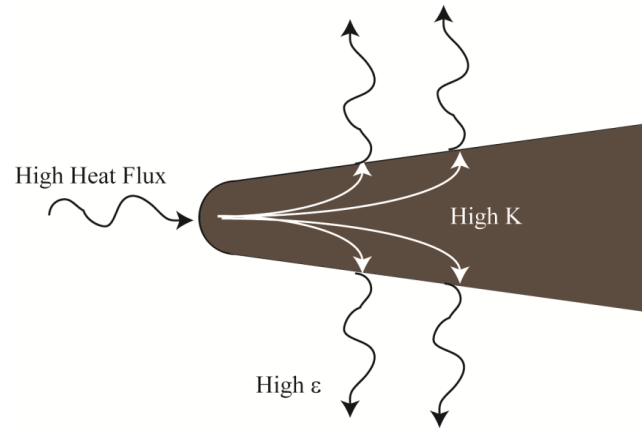
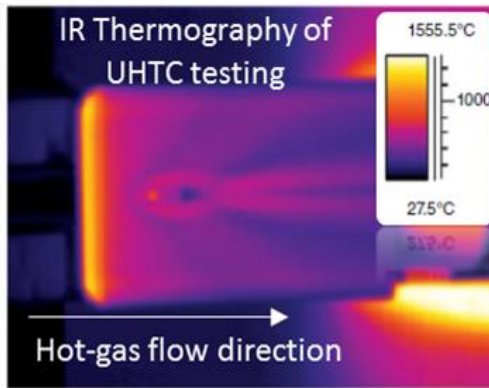
Graded TPMS Structures



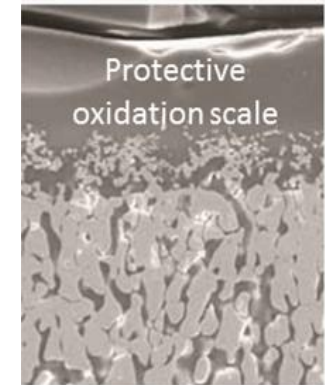
Additive manufacturing is suited to low-volume, specialty, complex products

Ultra-High-Temperature Ceramic (UHTC) Materials

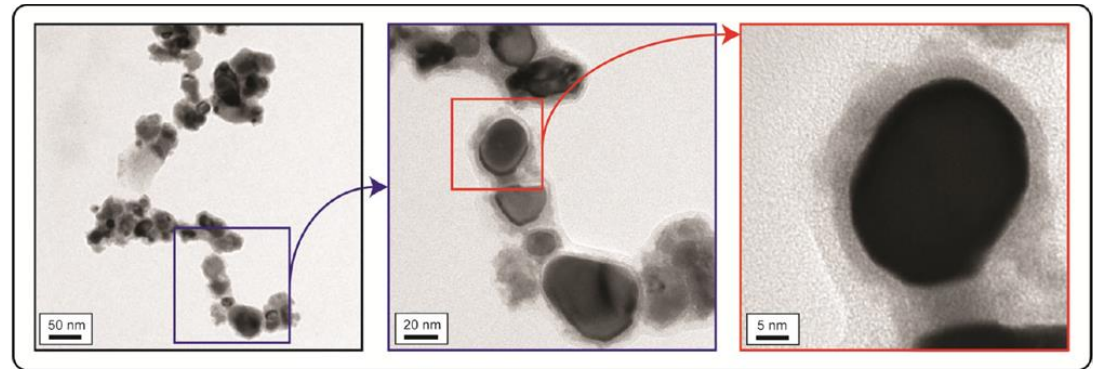
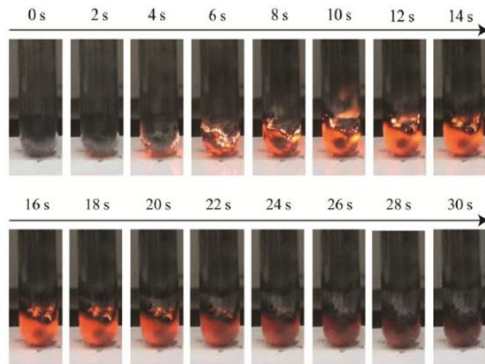
Alfano *et. al.* (2014)



Levine *et. al.* (2002)



Kelly (2013)



Thermal management concepts and molten salt synthesis suggest potential as CSP Hx

Analytical Screening and Molten Salt Corrosion Testing

Analytical Screening

- 36 materials evaluated (Group 4-6 borides, carbides, nitrides, silicides)
- Down selected 9 materials based on a FOM that accounts for thermodynamic, processing, property, and cost factors

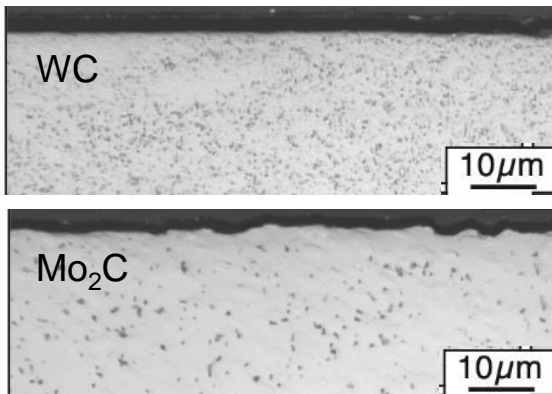
Ni Crucible Testing

- 9 materials tested in purified $KCl-MgCl_2$ at $800^\circ C$ for 100 hours
- Down selected to 3 materials
- Tested in purified salt spiked with H_2O

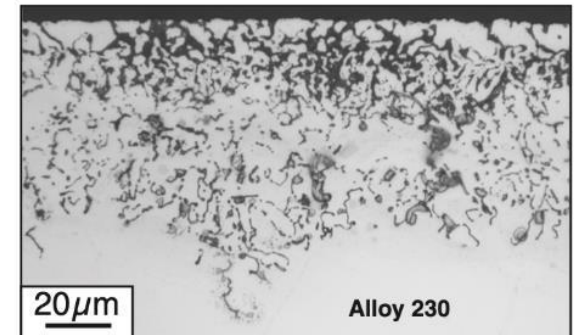
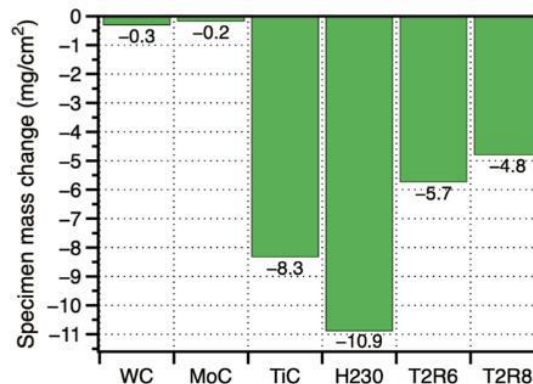
Mo Capsule Testing

- Repeat tests in sealed Mo capsules using well-established ORNL protocols established over decades of corrosion science experience

No visible attack compared to bulk



Significant attack compared to bulk



Molten salt corrosion resistance of WC and Mo₂C stand out from many materials

Binder-Jet Additive Manufacturing

Raw materials for null candidate

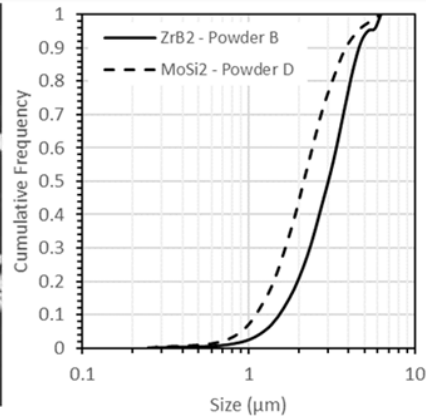
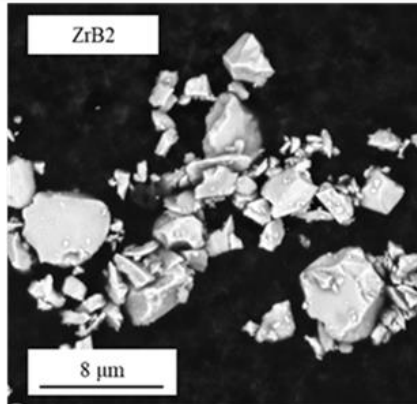
- Evaluated 20 grades of ZrB_2 from 14 suppliers and 19 grades of $MoSi_2$ from 14 suppliers
- Selected 3 ZrB_2 grades
- Selected 3 $MoSi_2$ grades

Raw materials evaluations and blending

- Evaluated particle morphology, PSD, and powder rheology
- Down selected to 1 ZrB_2 grade
- Down selected to 1 $MoSi_2$ grade

Printing trials

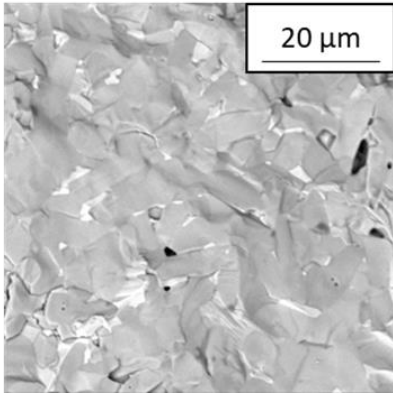
- Binder compatibility tests
- Developed basic print parameters
- Printed sintering pucks
- Printed TPMS cells with 2, 3, and 4 mm wall thickness



Using conventional powders and sizes required custom mods, 31-39% green density

Sintering Development

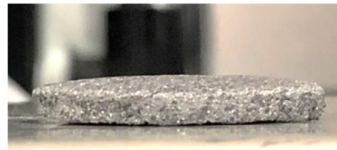
Coupon development (up to 98% dense)



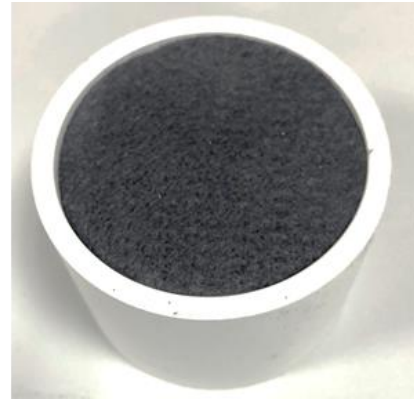
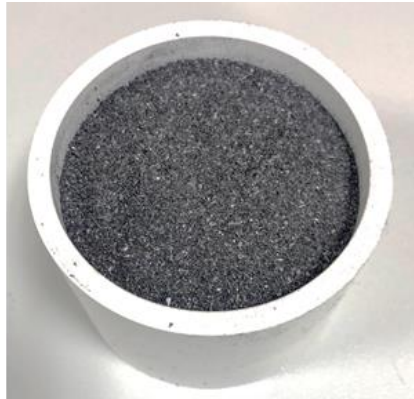
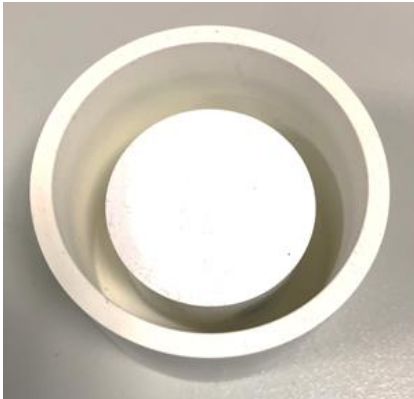
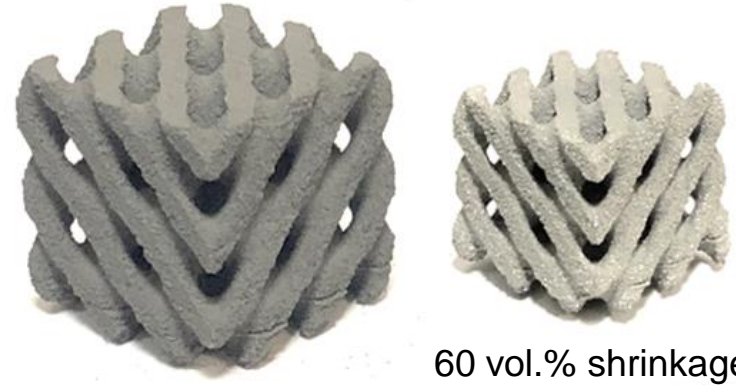
Without distortion control



With distortion control



Subscale component (up to 96% dense)



Obtaining closed porosity and uniform shrinkage demonstrates basic manufacturing feasibility

Thank you! Questions?

