

Progress in Obstructed Flow Particle Receiver Research

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US DOE Generation 3 CSP Summit - August 2021

What is an Obstructed Flow Receiver?



Obstructions at short and regular intervals regulate the flow of particles

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Benefits of Obstructed Flow Receivers

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- Tight control of particle speed
 - Longer residence time
 - Larger temperature rise across a small drop height
- High efficiency due to high opacity
- Dispersed curtain
 - Good mixing along the way
 - Inherently high effective absorptance





Flow Characterization

- A full-scale mock-up receiver panel was built
 - Represents one of five panels to be installed as a part of the Gen3 Particle Pilot Plant (G3P3) project supported by DOE





Flow Characterization

- Measurements included:
 - Particle velocity (using PIV techniques)
 - Particle retention
 - Curtain opacity









Flow Characterization

- Particle retention near 100% at 15° title angle
- Curtain opacity also near 100%

Location	Curtain Opacity
Тор	$99.90\% \pm 0.01\%$
	$99.75\% \pm 0.01\%$
Bottom	$99.74\% \pm 0.02\%$
	$98.97\% \pm 0.15\%$





Flow Characterization

- Particle velocity is very well controlled
- Very high flow uniformity









On-Sun Testing

- Temperature rise approaching 200°C within 1 m of drop height
 - Average flux: ~ 150 kW/m²
 - Mass flux: ~ 1 kg/s-m



Ongoing Research

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Endurance Testing

- Commercial deployment requires robust, highly reliable receiver materials
 - Target flux: ~ 400 kW/m²
- Refractory materials are the best candidates
- A high-flux module is being built to test endurance of refractory materials for prolonged periods of time







Ongoing Research

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Effective Absorptance Testing

- Obstructed flow receivers have dispersed curtains
- Most of sunlight is trapped once it penetrates the curtain
 - Effective absorptance may be much higher than packedbed absorptance
- Opportunity for low-cost natural particulates with low packed-bed absorptance
- The high-flux module will be used for this research as well





- Small and medium-scale projects
- Applications with large temperature rises
- These applications require:
 - Relatively low mass flow rates (1-7 kg/s-m)
 - High curtain opacity
- Obstructed flow receivers are suitable candidates for these applications

Market for Obstructed Flow Receivers



Small and Medium-Scale Projects

- There is a need across the MENA region for off-grid projects
- Long storage hours (high capacity factors) are necessary
 - Significant peaks in demand well after sunset
- Example:
 - Off-grid market size in Saudi Arabia is 470 MW
 - Most locations requires less than 5 MWe



Market for Obstructed Flow Receivers



Large Temperature Rise Applications Hybrid Solar-Air-Brayton System

- Suitable for the MENA region
 - Long experience with gas turbines
- Ready for immediate commercialization
- Requires 400-500°C temperature rise
 - Mass flow rate will be relatively low



Energy flow diagram for a 1.3 MWe system

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Market for Obstructed Flow Receivers



Large Temperature Rise Applications Process Heat: Calcination

- Huge demand for process heat applications in MENA and worldwide
- Calcination can take place at temperatures over 800°C
- Heating often starts from ambient temperatures

→ Temperature rise of more than 700°C!

- Modular plant design may be preferred (depending on natural resources)
- Mass flow rate will be low



- Extensive research has been done on obstructed flow particle receivers
- The design is becoming mature and close to commercialization
- Robustness needs to be confirmed (G3P3-KSA will do that)
- Measurement of effective absorptance is key to opportunities with low-cost natural particulates with low packed-bed absorptance (testing starts soon)
- Many important applications are in store for this receiver type
- Complements (rather than competes) with other receiver designs





This Work is Supported by





Thank You

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