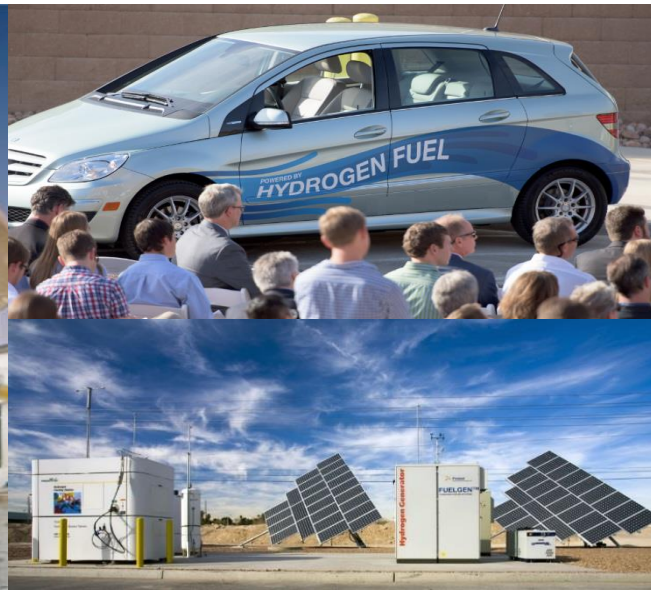


# DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Perspectives and Overview of the International Partnership for Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in the Economy (IPHE)

Dr. Sunita Satyapal, Director, U.S. Dept. of Energy Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program

Global America Business Institute (GABI) Virtual Workshop

July 1, 2020



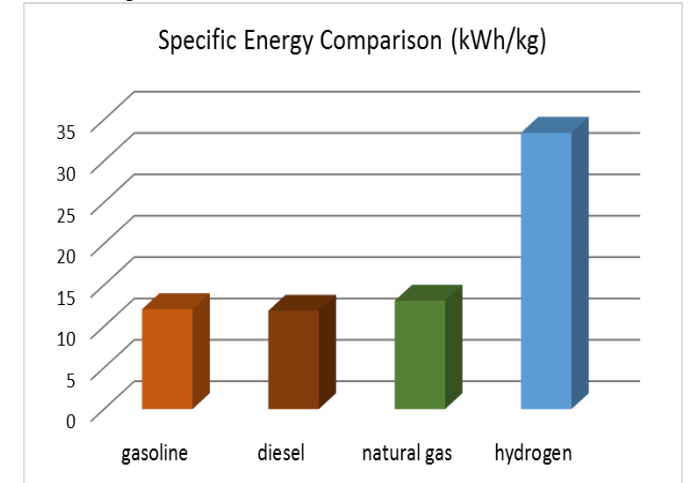
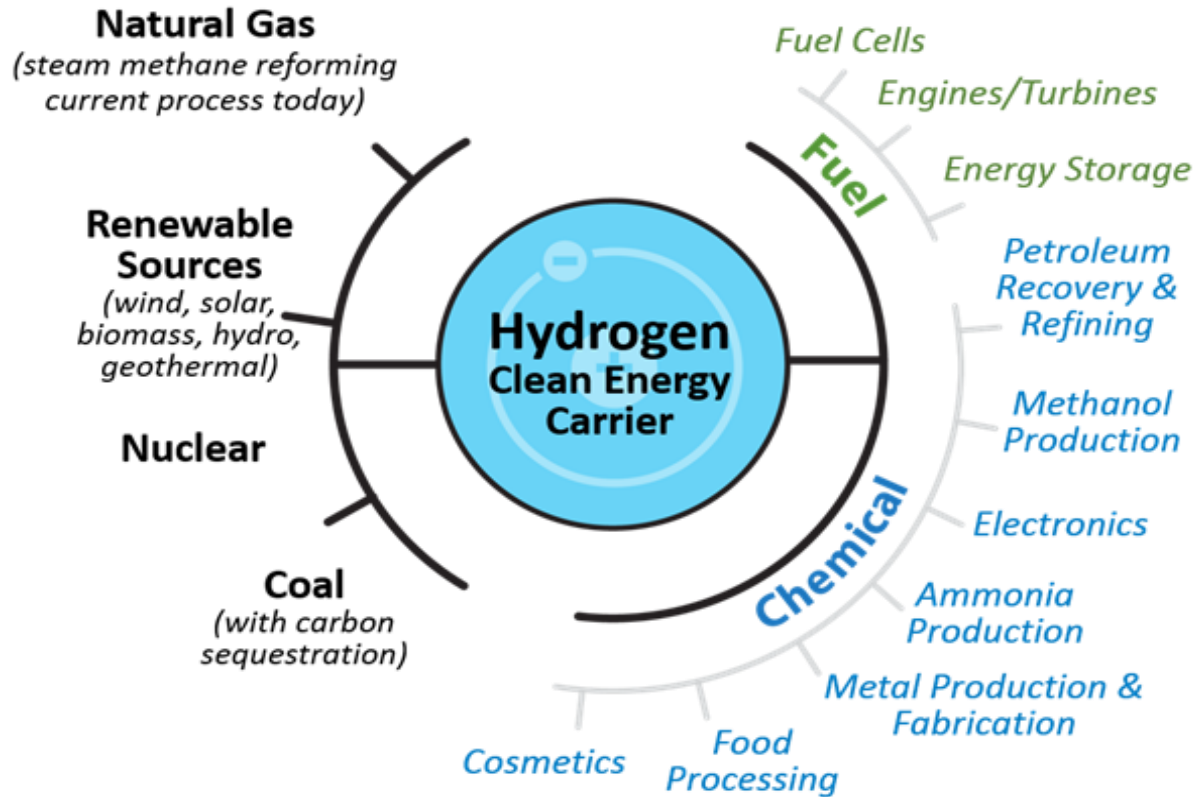
# Hydrogen – Part of a Comprehensive Energy Strategy

H<sub>2</sub> can be produced from diverse domestic sources

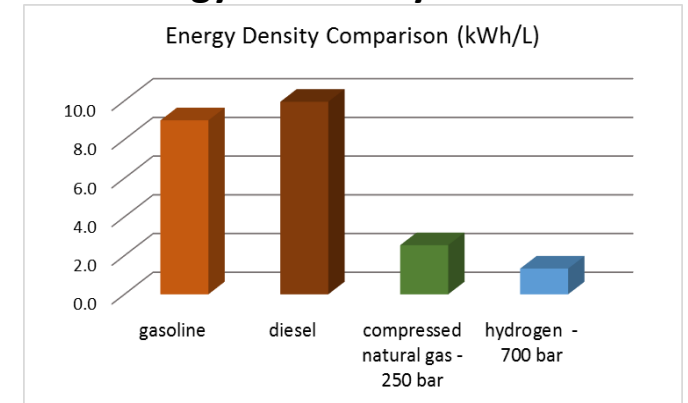
Many applications rely on or could benefit from H<sub>2</sub>

High energy content by mass

Nearly 3x more than conventional fuels



Low energy content by volume



Clean, sustainable, versatile, and efficient energy carrier

# Guiding Legislation and Budget

**History: DOE efforts in fuel cells began in the mid-1970s, ramped up 1990s, and 2003-2009**

## Energy Policy Act (2005) Title VIII on Hydrogen

- Authorizes U.S. DOE to lead a comprehensive program to enable commercialization of hydrogen and fuel cells with industry.
- Includes broad applications: Transportation, utility, industrial, portable, stationary, etc.

## Program To Date

- **\$100M to \$250M per year since ~2005**
- **>100 organizations & extensive collaborations including national lab-industry-university consortia**
- **Includes H<sub>2</sub> production, delivery, storage, fuel cells and cross cutting activities (e.g. codes, standards, tech acceleration)**

**Impact: Reduced fuel cell cost 60%, quadrupled durability, reduced electrolyzer cost 80% and other advances, and *enabled* commercial H<sub>2</sub> and fuel cell systems across applications**

Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies Office (HFTO) Subprograms	FY 2020 (\$K)
Fuel Cell R&D	26,000
Hydrogen Fuel R&D	45,000
Hydrogen Infrastructure R&D	25,000
<b>Technology Acceleration</b> includes Systems Development & Integration	41,000
Safety, Codes, and Standards	10,000
Systems Analysis	3,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$150,000</b>

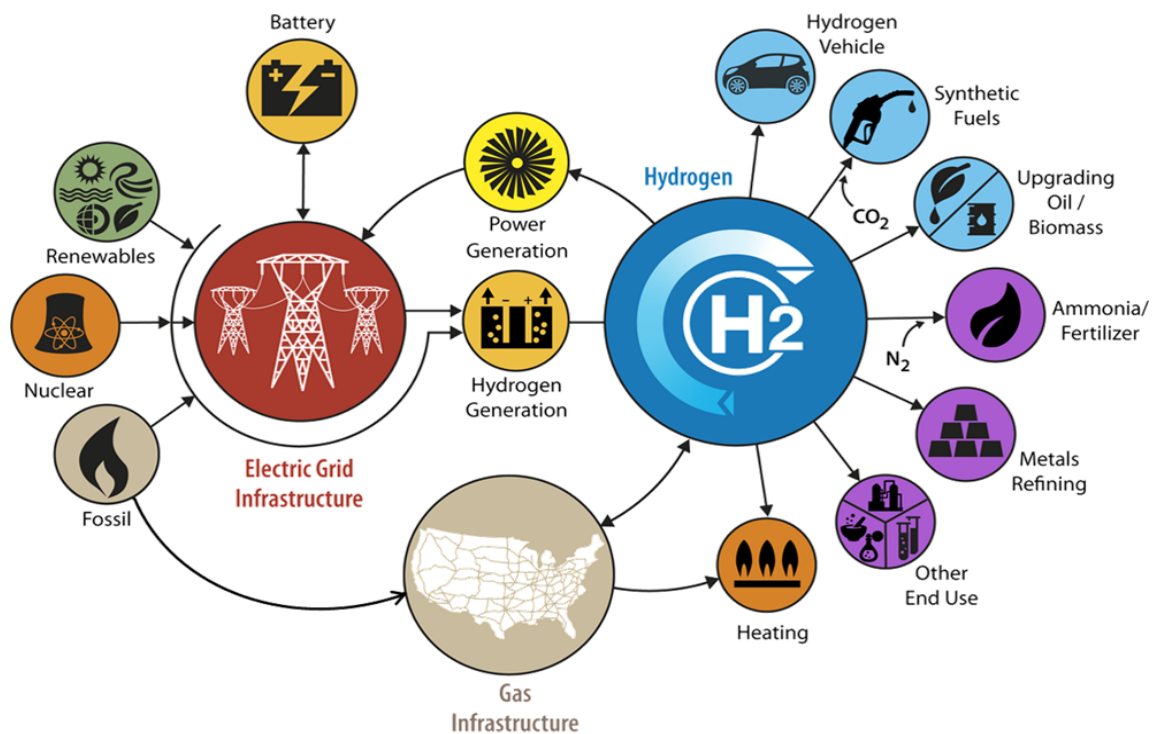
DOE Office	Appropriations (\$K) FY20
EERE (HFTO) - Lead	\$150,000
Fossil Energy (inc. SOFC)	\$30,000
Nuclear Energy	\$11,000*

- EERE: Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Office
- Collaboration with Office of Science, ARPA-E, Office of Electricity

\* FY20 Appropriations for nuclear to H2 demonstration project with HFTO (\$10M)

# Key Programmatic Area: H2@Scale

**H2@Scale:** Enabling affordable, reliable, clean, and secure energy across sectors



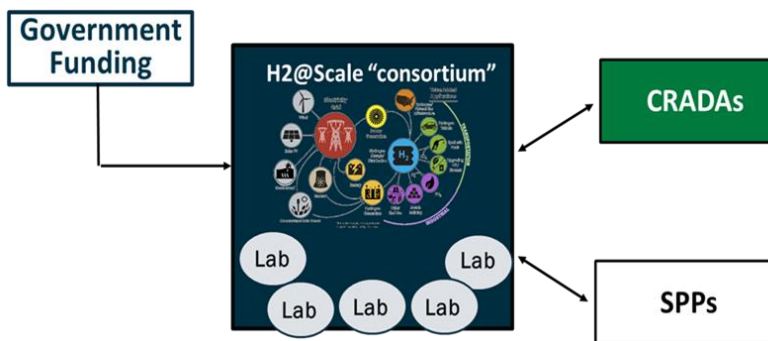
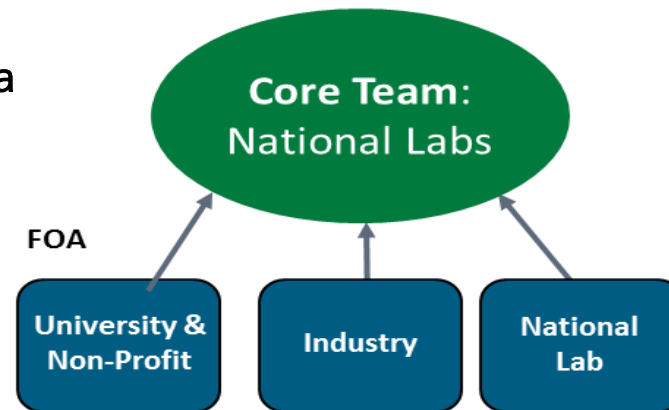
**And includes later stage RD&D:**

Leverages private sector for large-scale demos  
 New H2@Scale demonstration projects announced  
 Texas, Florida, Midwest, complements California deployments

**Includes Early stage R&D:** Funding Opportunity Announcements (FOAs) for industry, universities and national labs, including consortia

2 New Lab Consortia Planned FY20:

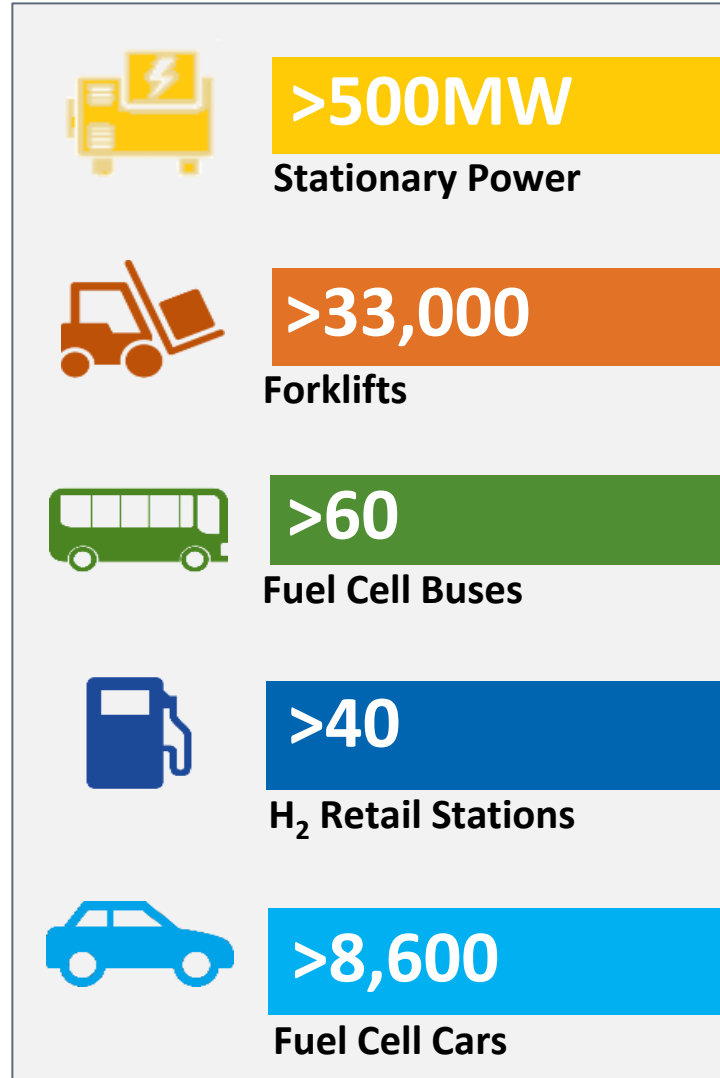
- H2NEW
- Million Mile Fuel Cell Truck



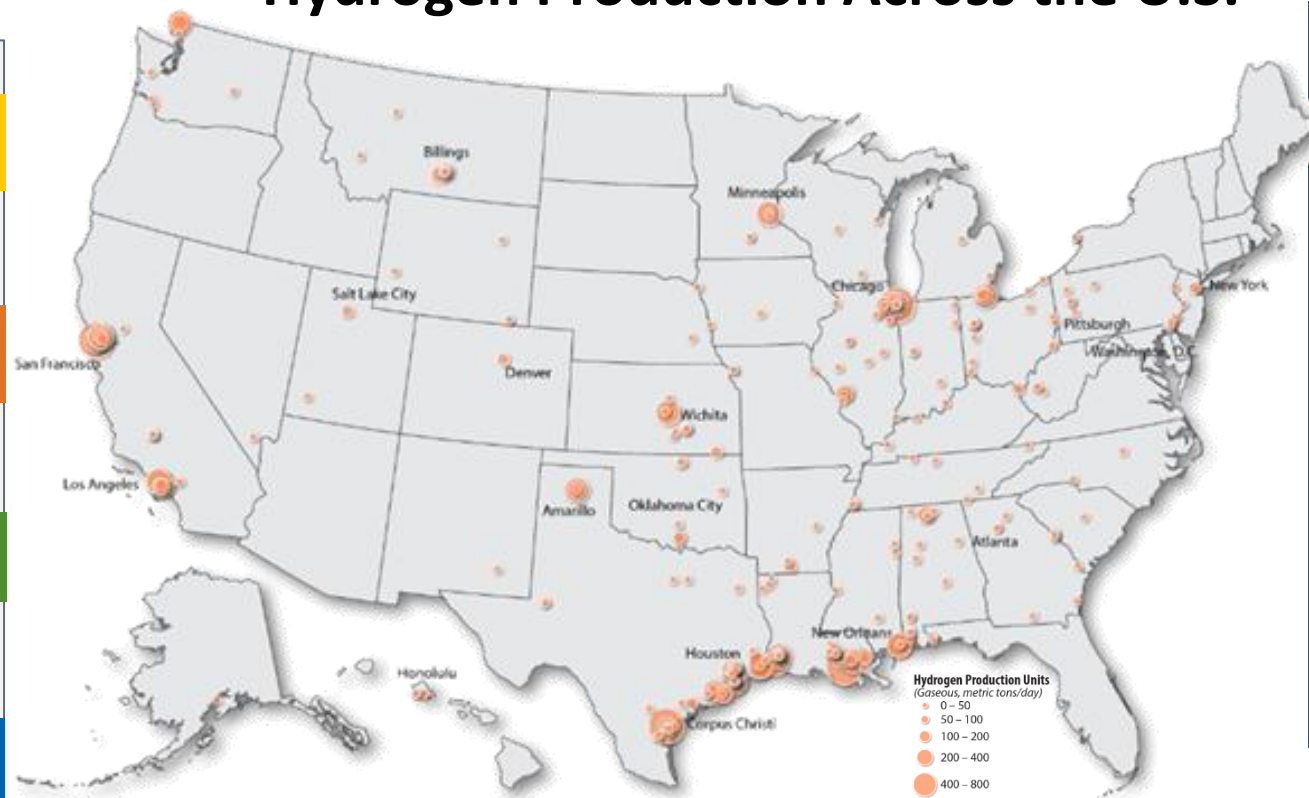
CRADA = Cooperative Research and Development Agreement  
 SPP- Strategic Partnership Project ('Work for Others')

# Snapshot of Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Applications in the U.S.

## Examples of Applications



## Hydrogen Production Across the U.S.



- 10 million metric tons produced annually
- More than 1,600 miles of H<sub>2</sub> pipeline
- World's largest H<sub>2</sub> storage cavern

## Hydrogen Stations: Examples of Plans Across States

### California

200 stations planned - CAFCP goal

### Northeast

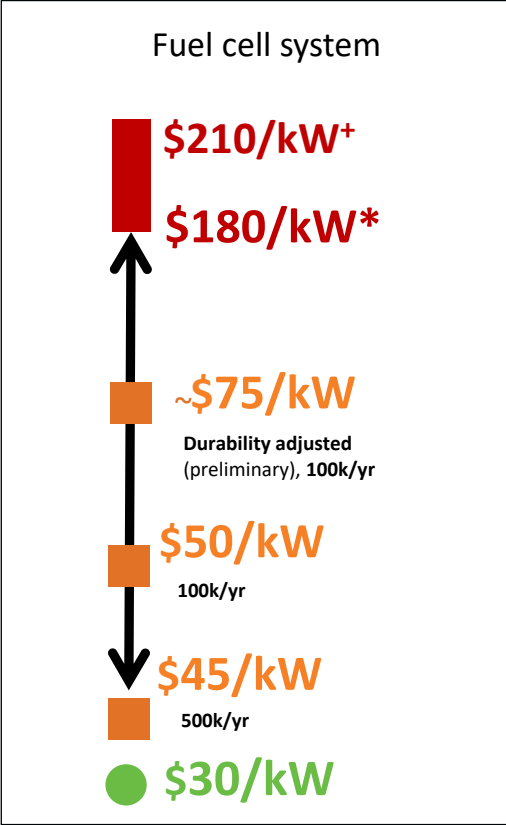
12 – 20 stations planned

HI, OH, SC, NY, CT, MA, CO, UT, TX, MI, and others

# R&D focus is on Affordability and Performance: DOE Targets Guide R&D

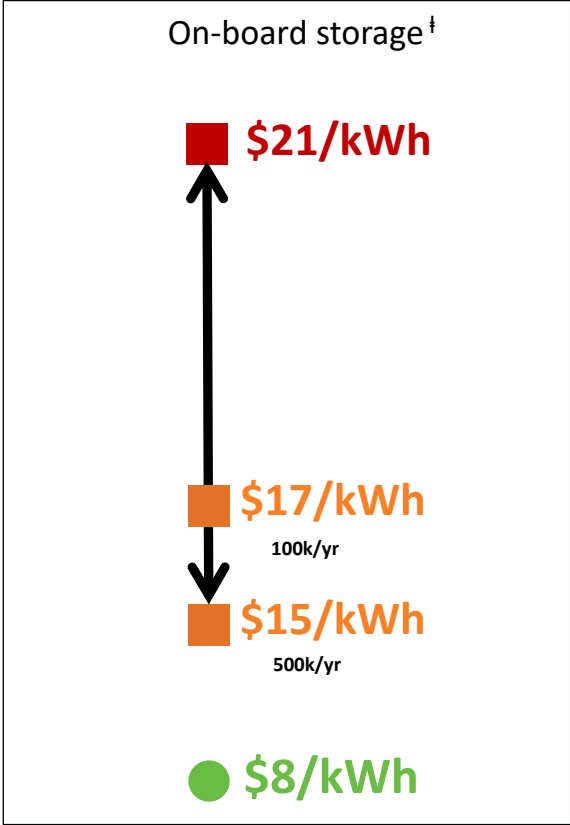
Key Goals: Reduce the cost of fuel cells and hydrogen production, delivery, storage, and meet performance and durability requirements – guided by applications specific targets

## Fuel Cell R&D



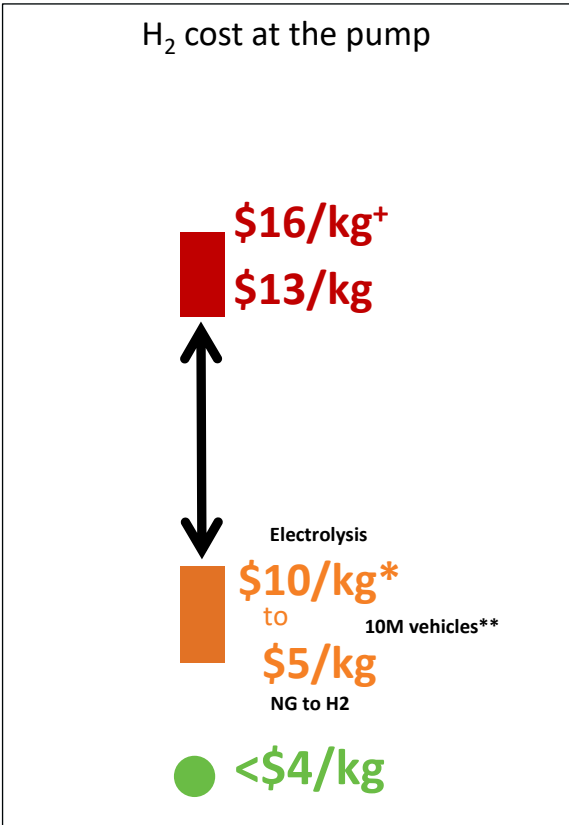
<sup>+</sup>Based on commercially available FCEVs  
<sup>\*</sup>Based on state of the art technology

## Hydrogen R&D



<sup>†</sup>Storage costs based on preliminary 2019 storage cost record

## H<sub>2</sub> cost at the pump

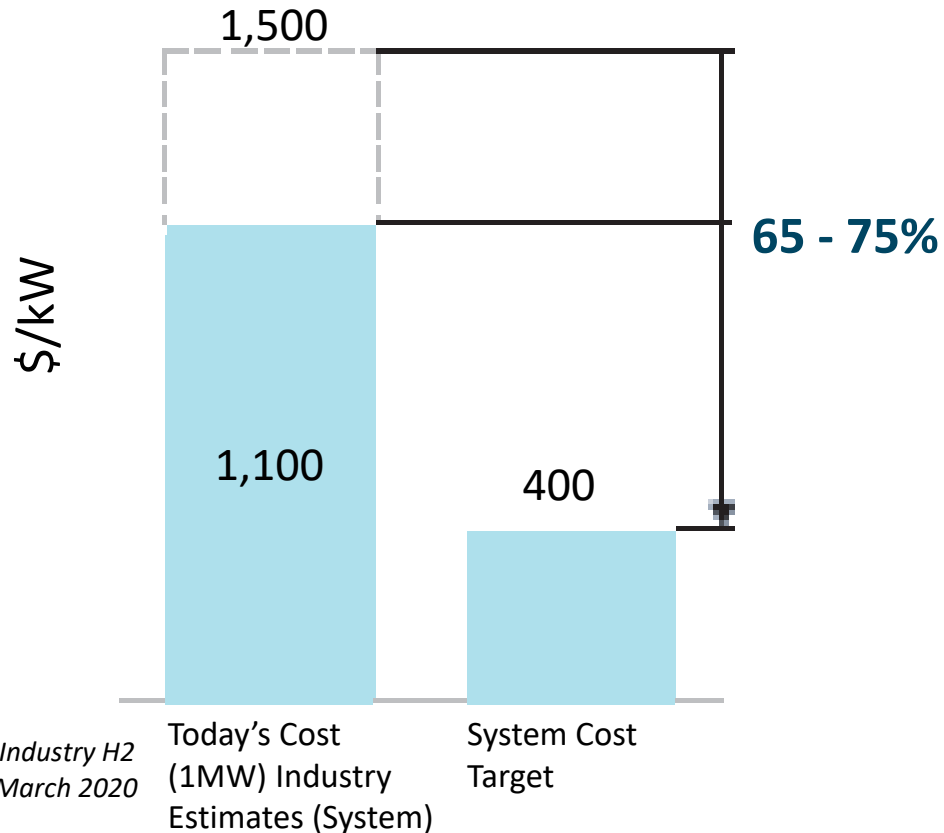


<sup>+</sup>For range: H<sub>2</sub> production from natural gas (NG), delivered dispensed at today's (2018) stations (~180kg/d)  
<sup>\*</sup>For range: Assumes high volume manufacturing in 1) H<sub>2</sub> production costs ranging from \$2/kg (NG) to \$5/kg (electrolysis manufactured at 700 MW/year), and 2) Delivery and dispensing costs ranging from \$3/kg (advanced tube trailers) to \$5/kg (liquid tanker or advanced pipeline technologies).  
<sup>\*\*</sup> Range assumes >10,000 stations at 1,000 kg/day capacity, to serve 10 million vehicles



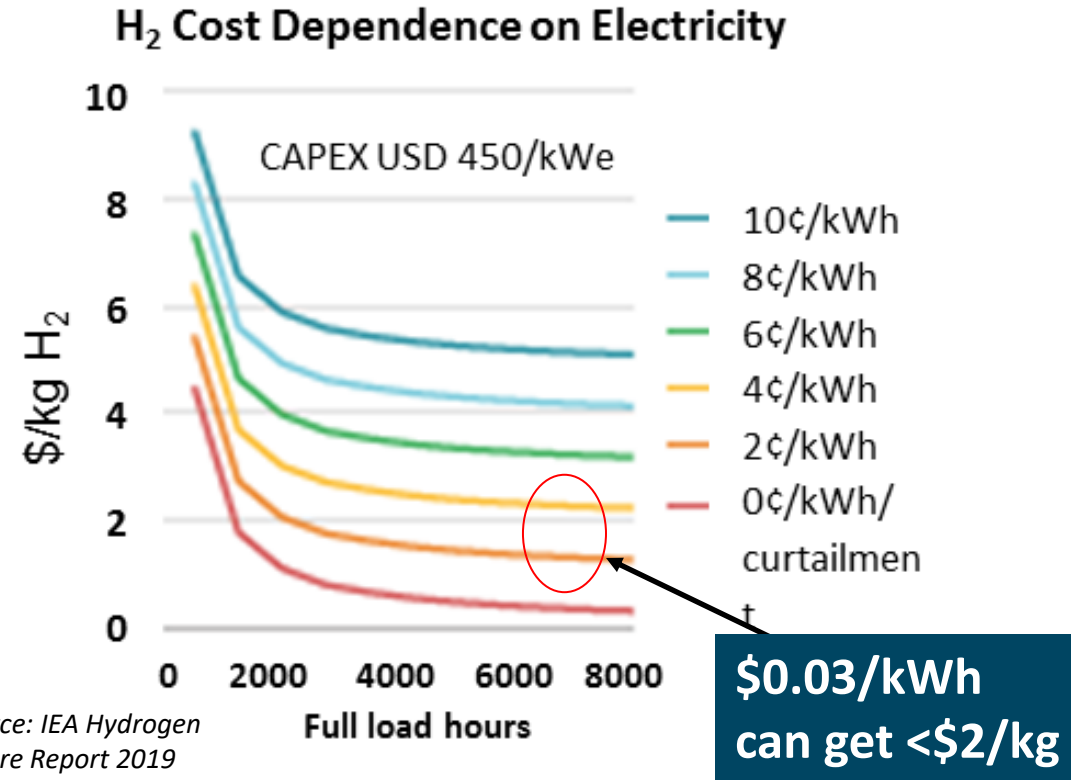
# Electrolysis Cost Background – Recent Independent Analyses

Today's Polymer Electrolyte Membrane (PEM) electrolyzers require 65-75% cost reduction



Source: US Industry H2 Roadmap, March 2020

\$2/kg H2 is achievable at about \$0.03/kWh electricity cost and high utilization



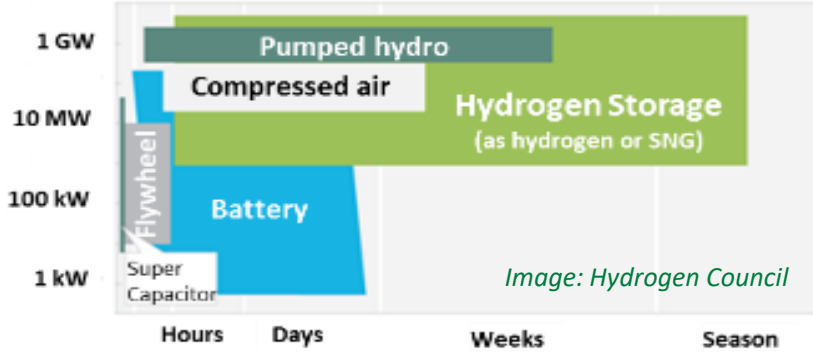
Source: IEA Hydrogen Future Report 2019

## Strategy

Near term: Focus on electrolyzer R&D to reduce cost, improve durability  
 Long term: Advanced options for H2 production (advanced water splitting)

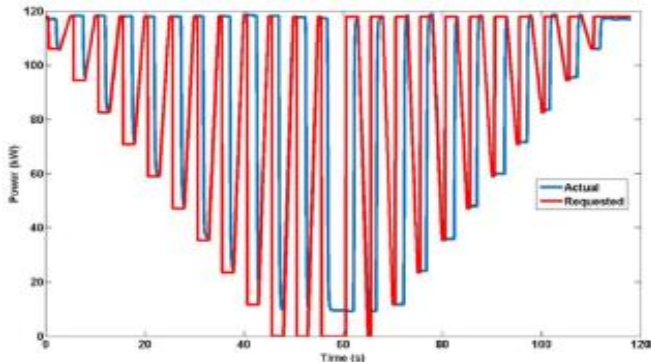
# Increased Activities on Hydrogen, Energy Storage, Hybrid Systems

Overview of Energy Storage Technologies in Power and Time



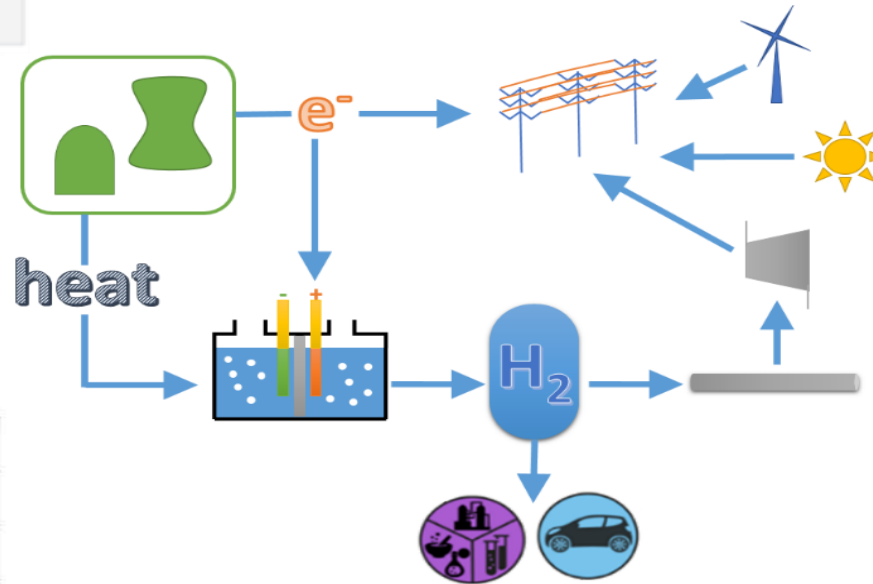
H<sub>2</sub> energy storage

Dynamic response



Dynamic electrolyzer response – INL & NREL

Increased opportunities for nuclear and hydrogen



Multiple end use applications



25 kW high-temperature electrolysis @ INL Energy Systems Laboratory

Thermal Integration

DOE Industry demos



Recently announced demonstrations

\* Energy Harbor formerly known as FirstEnergy Solutions



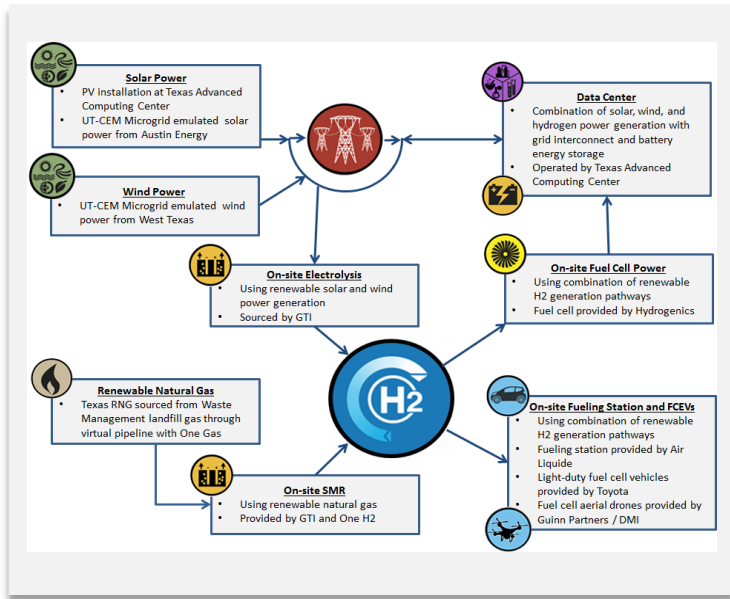
# Example of H2@Scale Projects

## Demonstration of H2@Scale: Different regions, hydrogen sources and end uses

### Texas

**Total Budget**  
**\$12.7M**

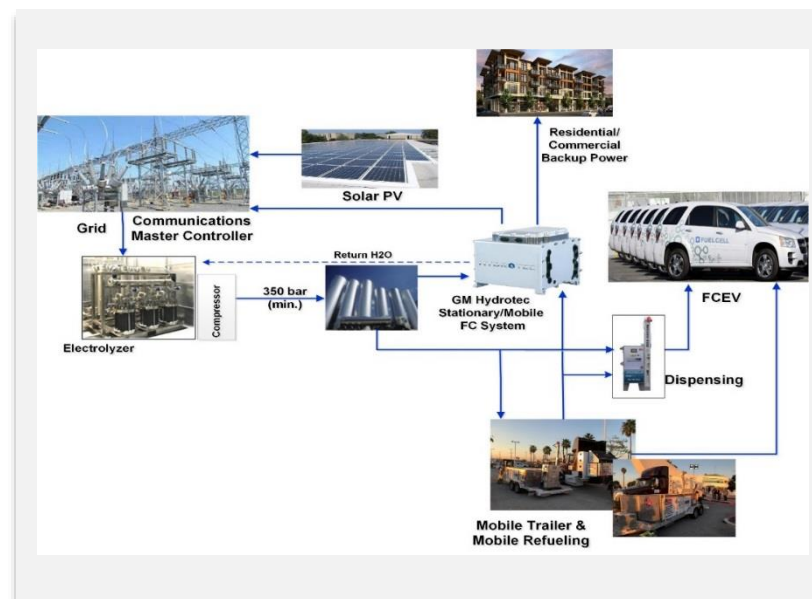
**Wind, Solar, RNG/Waste**



### Florida

**Total budget**  
**\$8.5M**

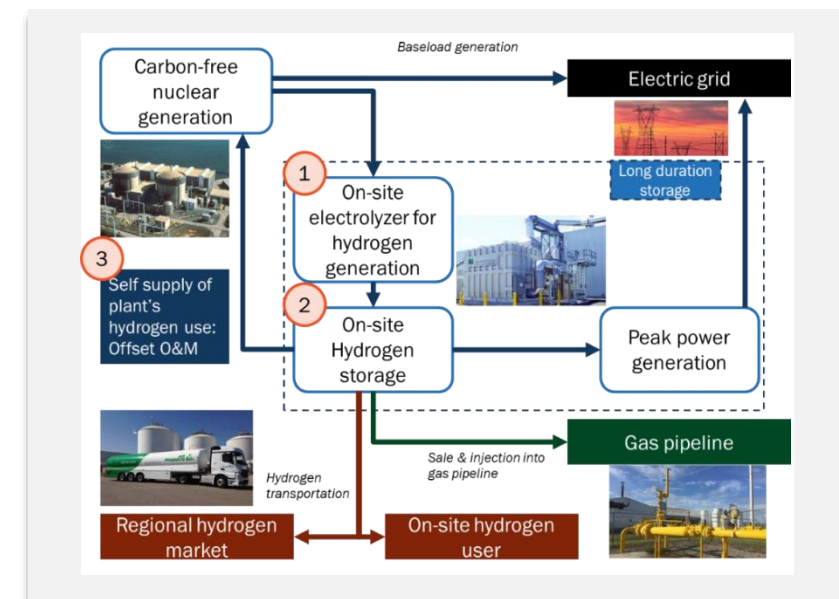
**Solar-to-H2 with End Uses**



### Midwest/TBD

**Total Budget**  
**\$7.2M**

**Nuclear To H2 For At-Plant Use**



Note: Based on original submission. To be updated based on project finalization.

# Two New Lab Consortia Just Announced at End of June



## [Press Release](https://www.energy.gov/articles/doe-announces-new-lab-consortia-advance-hydrogen-and-fuel-cell-rd)

<https://www.energy.gov/articles/doe-announces-new-lab-consortia-advance-hydrogen-and-fuel-cell-rd>

1) R&D to achieve large-scale, affordable electrolyzers

- Can be powered by various energy sources, including natural gas, nuclear, and renewables
- Supports large industry deployment by enabling more durable, efficient, and low-cost electrolyzers

2) R&D to accelerate development of fuel cells for heavy-duty vehicle applications

- Includes long-haul trucks
- 5 year goal to develop fully competitive heavy-duty fuel cell truck that meets durability, cost, performance requirements of trucking industry.

Area	Total Funding Level	Anticipated # of Awards
Electrolyzer Manufacturing R&D	\$15M	Up to 4
Advanced Carbon Fiber for Compressed Gas Storage Tanks	\$15M	Up to 3
Fuel Cell R&D for Heavy-Duty Applications - Membranes for Heavy-Duty Applications	\$4M	Up to 4
Fuel Cell R&D for Heavy-Duty Applications - Domestically Manufactured Fuel Cells for Heavy-Duty Applications	\$6M	2 to 3
H2@Scale New Markets R&D-HySteel	\$8M	1 to 2
H2@Scale New Markets Demonstrations - Maritime Demonstrations	\$8M	1 to 2
H2@Scale New Markets Demonstrations - Data Center Demonstrations	\$6M	1 to 2
Training and Workforce Development for Emerging Hydrogen Technologies	Up to \$2M	1
<b>Total:</b>	<b>Up to \$64M</b>	<b>Up to 21</b>



# Collaboration

# Announced February 2020: Industry and Government Collaboration Supporting American's Ingenuity and Enabling Technology Validation in Washington D.C.

## The \$1M H-Prize Challenge Incentivized Innovation in Community H<sub>2</sub> Fueling

The prize-winning SimpleFuel® team developed an electrolyzer-based appliance capable of refueling a 700 bar fuel cell vehicle at a rate of 1 kg-H<sub>2</sub> in less than 15 minutes



## U.S. Department of Energy Joins Industry to Collaborate on Transportation Technology Validation and Assessment

FEBRUARY 10, 2020



Home > U.S. Department of Energy Joins Industry to Collaborate on Transportation Technology Validation and Assessment



Hyundai Motor Group Executive Vice Chairman Euisun Chung (left) and Under Secretary of Energy Mark W. Menezes (right)

DOE, Hyundai and SimpleFuel collaboration will include:

- Data collection and validation on **five Hyundai Nexo fuel cell cars**
- Installation of **SimpleFuel unit to support refueling and identify infrastructure R&D gaps**

# Interagency Collaboration to Enable Technology in Emergency Relief – Selection to Be Announced Later This Summer

## U.S. Department of Energy and U.S. Army Issue Solicitation to Develop H2Rescue

FEBRUARY 3, 2020

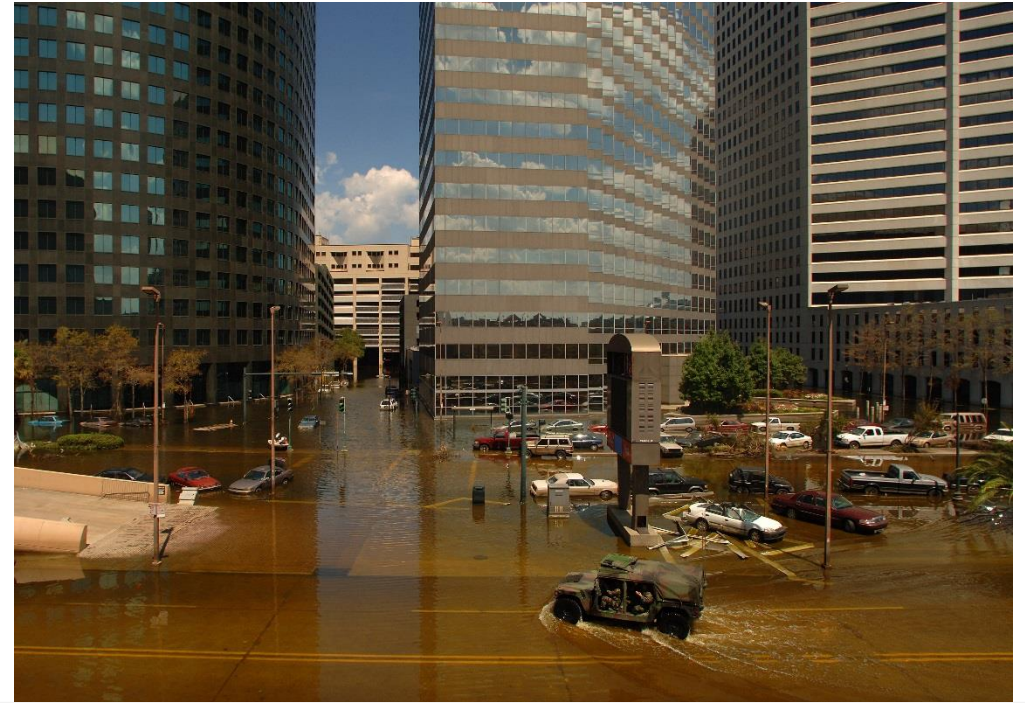


### Press Release

<https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/articles/us-department-energy-and-us-army-issue-solicitation-develop-h2rescue>

### Opportunity Number and Due Date to Apply to Solicitation

W81EWF20FOA0001 - March 31, 2020



- Example of **interagency collaboration** (DoD and DOE)
- **Up to \$1M** (requires equal match of industry contributions)
- Truck to **run on fuel cell/battery and hydrogen** and provide **power, heat and potable water**

# International Partnership for Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in the Economy (IPHE)



Formed in 2003



Elected Chair and Vice-Chair

2018



Chair Elect  
2020



Past Chairs



## Global Government Partnership to Accelerate Progress on Hydrogen and Fuel Cells

Enabling the adoption of hydrogen and fuel cells in the economy

- **Coordinates and shares information** among members and global and regional partnerships
- **Develops country updates** on initiatives, policies, status, shares best practices
- **Working Groups on Regulations, Codes, Standards & Safety; Education & Outreach**
- **Task Force on H<sub>2</sub> Production Analysis** methodology to facilitate international trade
- ❖ Coordinates with other partnerships including IEA, Hydrogen and Clean Energy Ministerials, Mission Innovation, Hydrogen Council, and others



[www.iphe.net](http://www.iphe.net)

Find IPHE on Facebook,  
Twitter and LinkedIn

Follow IPHE  
@The\_IPHE

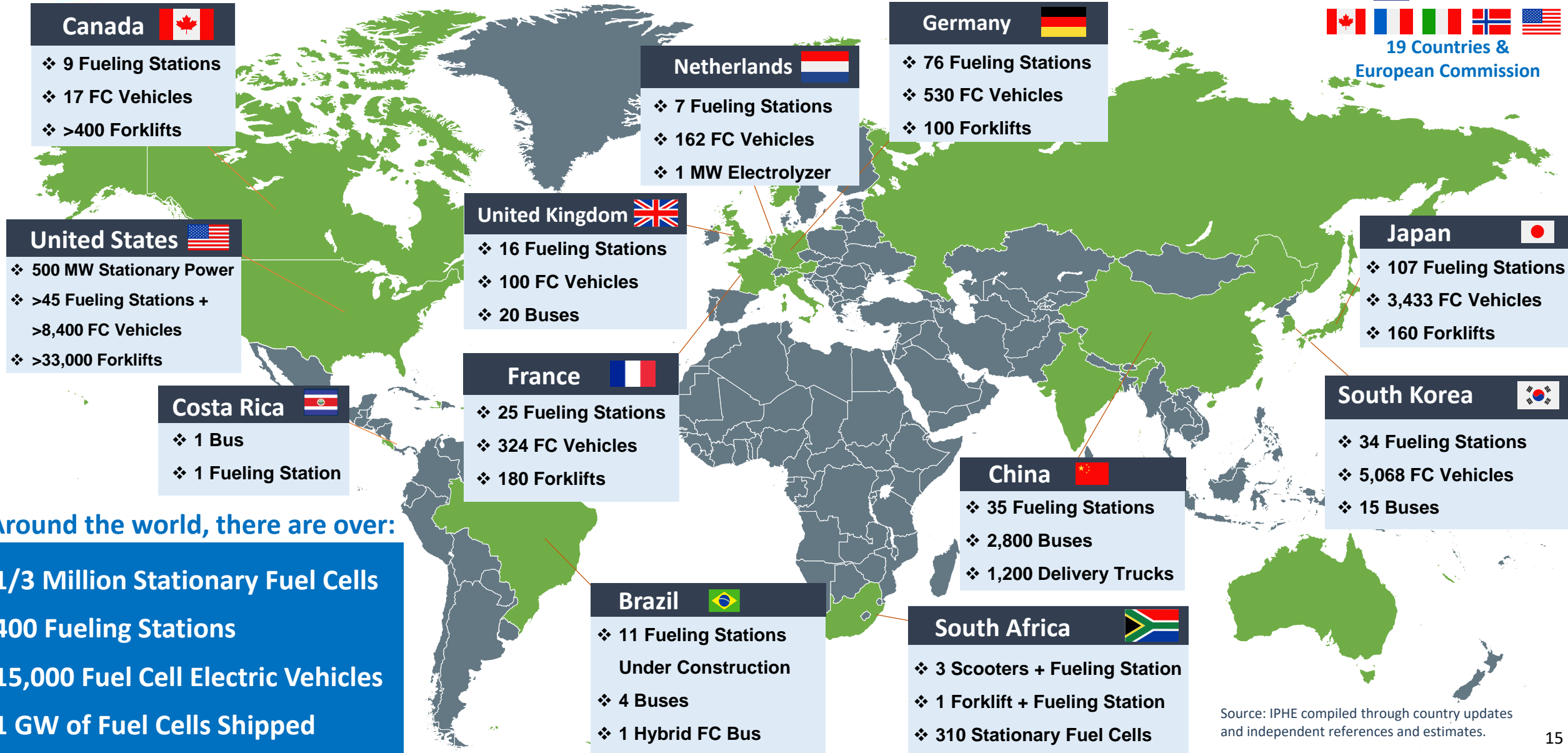


19 Countries  
and EC



# The International Partnership for Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in the Economy

## Enabling the global adoption of hydrogen and fuel cells



**Around the world, there are over:**

- 1/3 Million Stationary Fuel Cells
- 400 Fueling Stations
- 15,000 Fuel Cell Electric Vehicles
- 1 GW of Fuel Cells Shipped

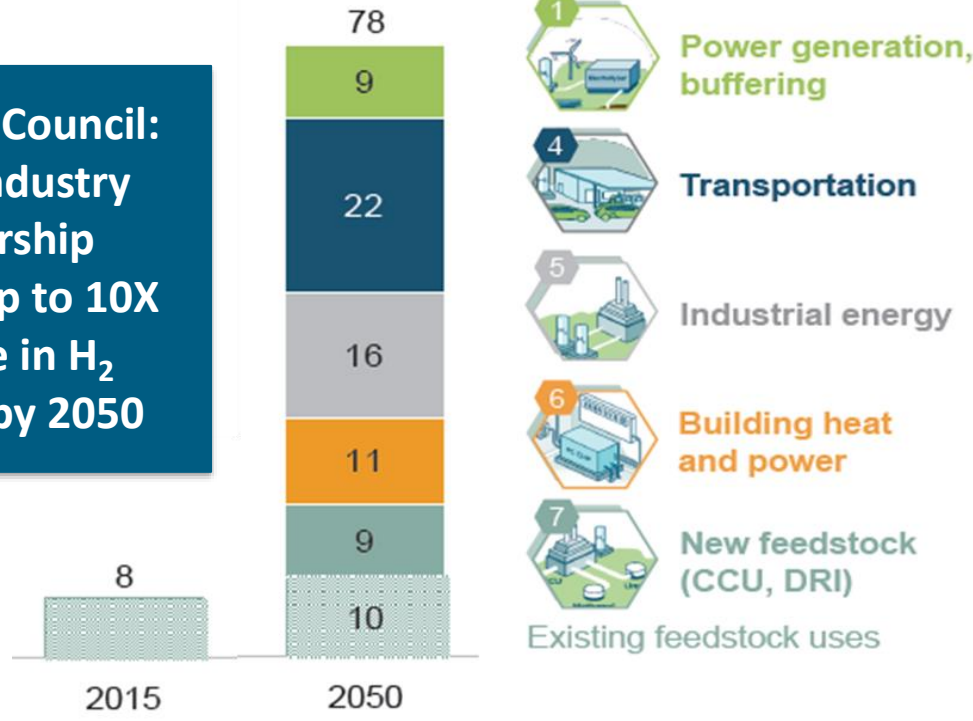
# Roadmaps and Plans Developing Globally

Drivers include: Energy security, energy efficiency & resiliency, economic growth, innovation & technology leadership, and environmental benefits



**H2 Ministerial Global Action Agenda Goals:**  
**“10, 10, 10”**  
 10M systems, 10K stations, 10 years

**Hydrogen Council:**  
 Global industry partnership projects up to 10X increase in H<sub>2</sub> demand by 2050



**H2 Council Global Impact Potential by 2050**





**What can you do?  
Get involved and help  
spread the word!**

[www.iphe.net](http://www.iphe.net)



Follow @the\_iphe

# Example: Global Center for Hydrogen Safety Launched 2019

Promotes safe operation, handling and use of hydrogen across all applications.  
 Provides training and resources, includes industry, government, access to 110 countries



Includes over 40 partners from industry, government and academia

Access to >110 countries, 60,000 members

[www.iche.org/CHS](http://www.iche.org/CHS)

水素は、石油、風力、太陽光、その他のエネルギー資源から作られている。水素はエネルギーキャリアーとして注目されている。

年間 7千万 トン  
 化学工業 石油精製 電子工業 医薬品業界  
 世界中では毎年7,000万トンの水素が産業用途として生産されている。

### 輸送分野の水素利用:

汚染物質、炭素排出量、騒音の削減手段として、トラックや船舶にゼロエミッションの燃料電池活用への関心が急速に高まっている。

60 輛 燃料電池電車

## Language translations underway

CENTER FOR 水素安全センター  
**Hydrogen SAFETY**  
 Connecting a Global Community

1	H	水素 1.008			
3	Li	リチウム 6.94	4	Be	ベリリウム 9.0121831
11	Na	ナトリウム 22.98976928	12	Mg	マグネシウム 24.305

水素自動車とその水素ステーションは安全に使用できる:  
 水素は自新しいものではなく、50年以上にわたって産業界で広く使用されており、安全に使用できるように基準、標準、設計手法などが整備されてきた。

あらゆる燃料はエネルギーを持っており、どれも不適切に取り扱うと危険である。他の燃料と同様、水素もその特性に基づいて設計されたシステムで慎重に使用する必要がある。水素ステーションと燃料電池(FCEV)は、安全確保のために確立された安全基準に基づいて設計されている。

燃料電池車は、従来の内燃機エンジンよりもクリーンで効率的である。タンクから供給された水素と空気中の酸素から電気を生み出し、排出されるのは水蒸気だけである。

輸送分野の水素利用:  
 水素は、石油、風力、太陽光、その他のエネルギー資源から作られている。水素はエネルギーキャリアーとして注目されている。

汚染物質、炭素排出量、騒音の削減手段として、トラックや船舶にゼロエミッションの燃料電池活用への関心が急速に高まっている。

60 輛 燃料電池電車

11,000 台  
 公道上の水素自動車台数  
 2018年実績

20,000 台  
 水素燃料のフォークリフト  
 2018年実績

1,991 億米ドル  
 2023年見込みの売上規模

58万台  
 2023年見込み台数

# IPHE Infographic Challenge and IPHE Student/Postdoc Fellowship

Opportunity to apply research and creative skills to share with others hydrogen and fuel cells information, connect with other students and professionals, be highlighted on IPHE social media and win a cash prize!

## Who can Enter

- Students (secondary and university) ages 13-18 yrs. from IPHE member countries

## Two Chances to Submit

- Entries due **July 31, 2020** - winners announced in late September
- Entries due **October 8, 2020** - winners announced in late November



Submit your entry by July 31  
to [media@iphe.net](mailto:media@iphe.net)  
Learn more [IPHE.net/challenge](http://IPHE.net/challenge)

## Purpose of IPHE Fellowship

- Goal to foster future leadership, advance progress in hydrogen and fuel cells, and support global coordination
- Under-represented groups in STEM particularly encouraged to apply



Active on LinkedIn? Join the IPHE Youth Group for updates about the #IPHEInfographicChallenge

### 2020 IPHE Fellow



Theodore Ohchan Kwon

#### EDUCATION

Yonsei University  
Seoul, Republic of Korea  
Doctor of Philosophy, Chemical Engineering, Aug 2019

Bachelor of Engineering, Chemical Engineering,  
Yonsei University, Seoul, March 2008 ~ Aug 2015

#### Postdoctoral Fellow

Nano Green Energy Priority Research Center, Yonsei University, Seoul, Sep 2019

#### RESEARCH INTERESTS

- System modification of secondary zinc air batteries
- Synthesis of novel oxygen reduction/evolution catalyst
- Polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell electrode optimization
- Novel membranes for polymer electrolyte membrane fuel cell application



# Resources and Announcements

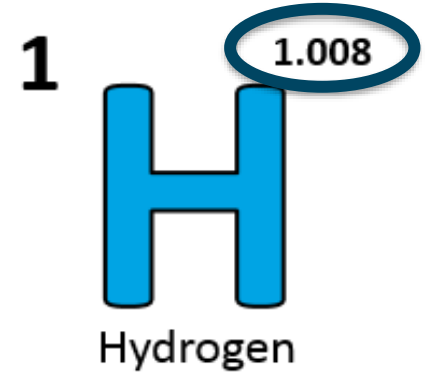
## Save the Date

June 8-10, 2021 Annual Merit Review and Peer Evaluation Meeting for the Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program in Arlington, VA



## Oct 8 - Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Day

(Held on its very own atomic weight-day)



## Resources



Join Monthly H2IQ Hour Webinars

Download H2IQ For Free

[energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-technologies-office-webinars](https://energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-technologies-office-webinars)

[energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/downloads/increase-your-h2iq-training-resource](https://energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/downloads/increase-your-h2iq-training-resource)



Visit H2tools.Org For Hydrogen Safety And Lessons Learned

<https://h2tools.org/>



Learn more:

Sign up to receive hydrogen and fuel cell updates

[www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-technologies-office-newsletter](https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-technologies-office-newsletter)

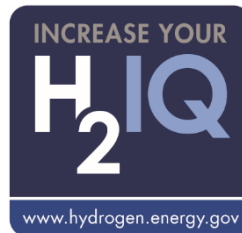
Learn more at: [energy.gov/eere/fuelcells](https://energy.gov/eere/fuelcells) AND [www.hydrogen.energy.gov](https://www.hydrogen.energy.gov)

# Thank You

**Dr. Sunita Satyapal**

Director, DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program

[Sunita.Satyapal@ee.doe.gov](mailto:Sunita.Satyapal@ee.doe.gov)



*Looking for more info?*

**#H2IQ**

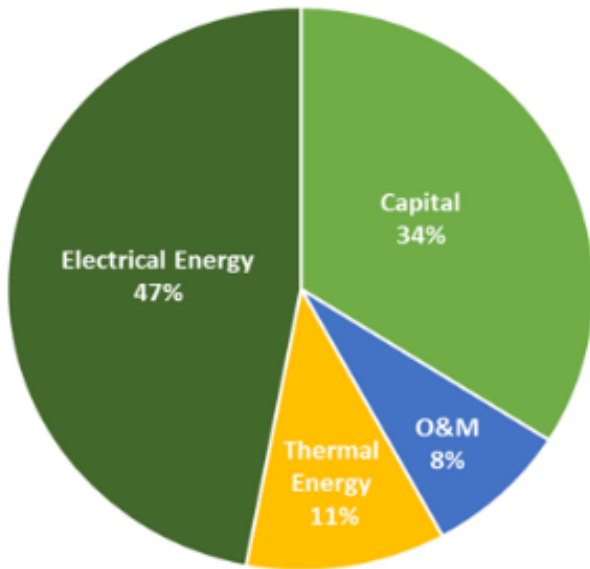
[hydrogen.energy.gov](http://hydrogen.energy.gov)

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# Additional Information

# Identifying Hydrogen Cost Drivers is Key

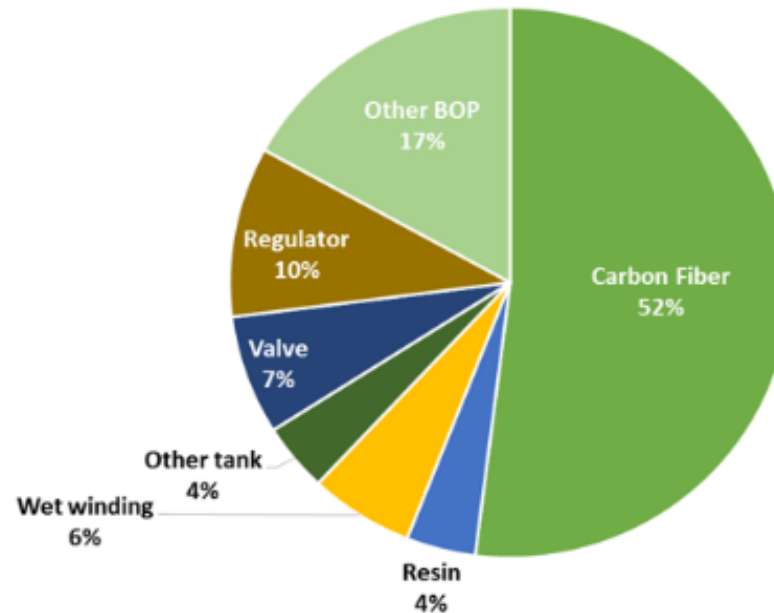
**Hydrogen Production Cost**  
(High Temperature Electrolysis)



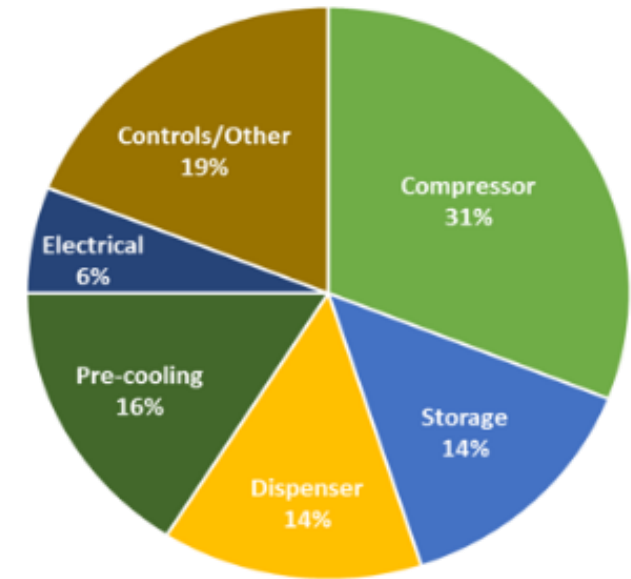
H<sub>2</sub> Production (Electrolysis)  
Cost Drivers: **Electrical energy and capital costs**

H<sub>2</sub> Onboard Storage Cost Drivers:  
**Carbon Fiber Precursors and Processing**

**Hydrogen Storage Cost**  
(Onboard 700 Bar Hydrogen Storage Vessel)



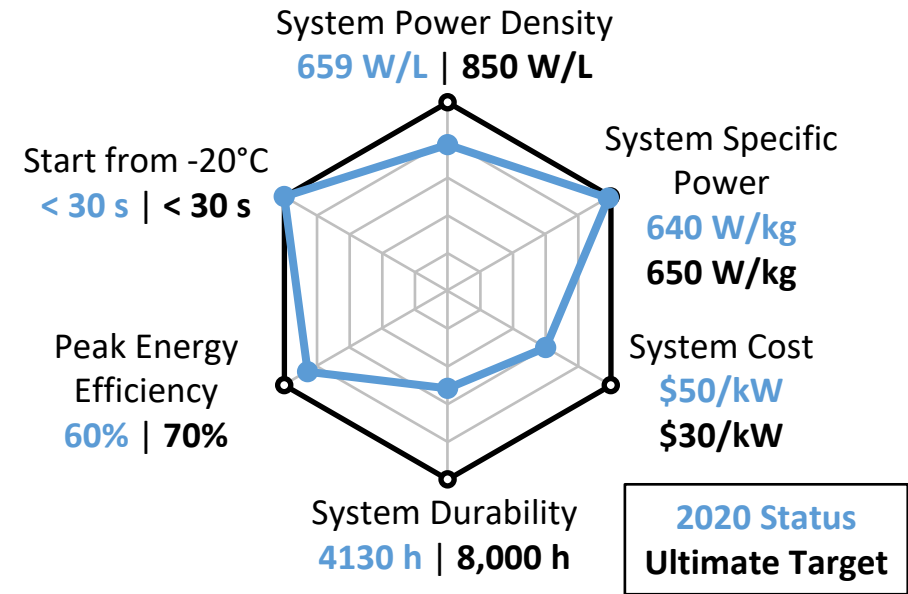
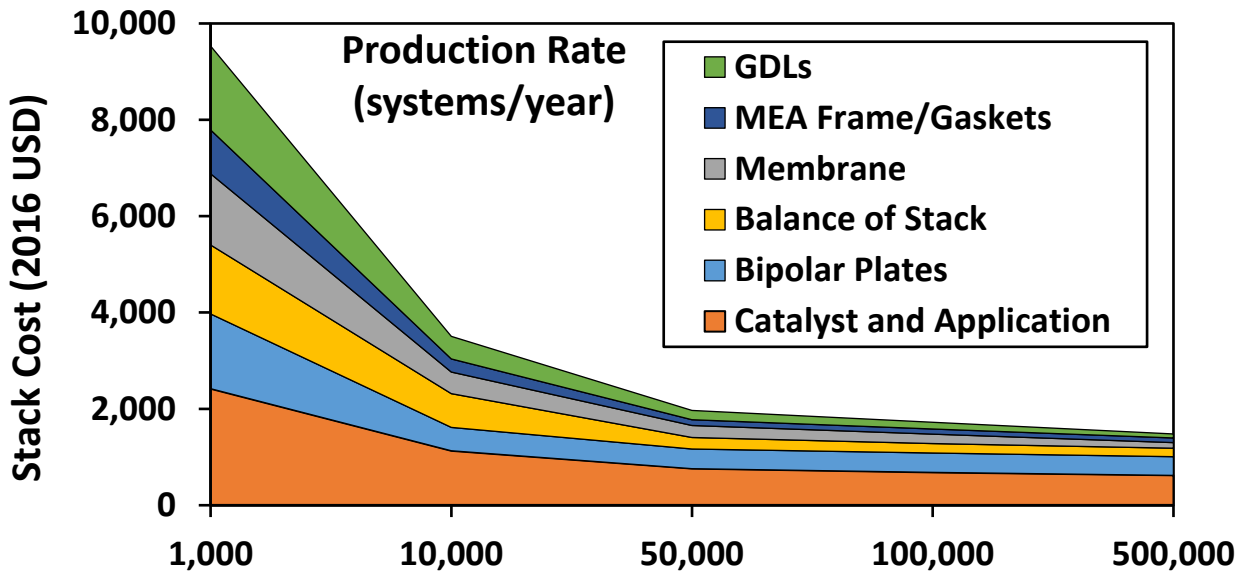
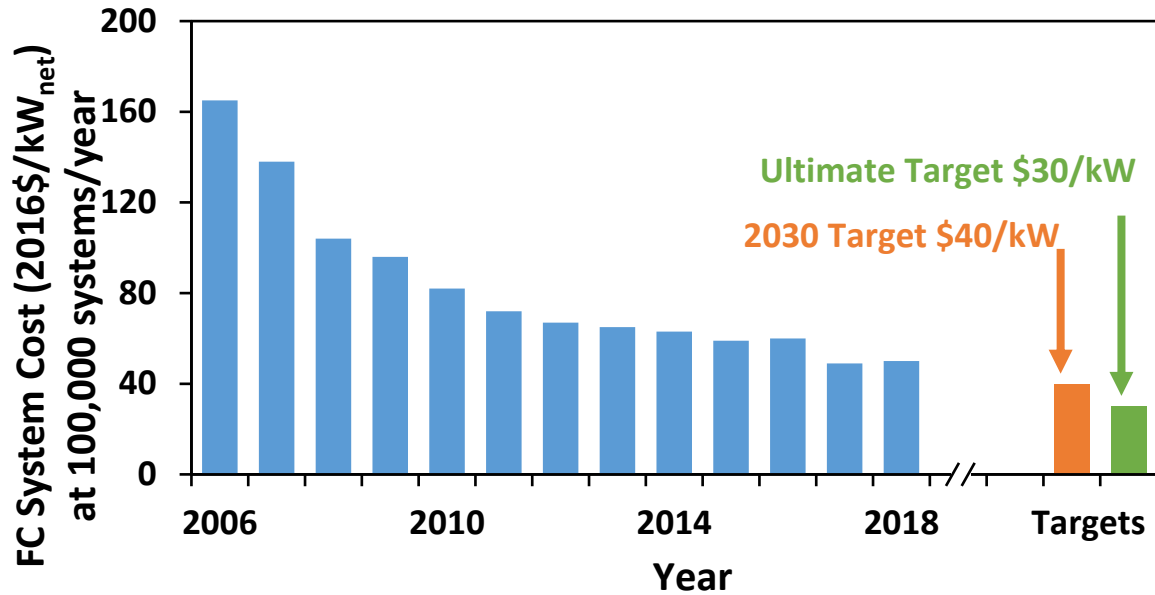
**Hydrogen Infrastructure Cost**  
(700 Bar Hydrogen Station)



H<sub>2</sub> Infrastructure Cost Drivers:  
**Compressors and Storage**

Note: Updates to be published May, 2020

# Fuel Cell Status vs Targets

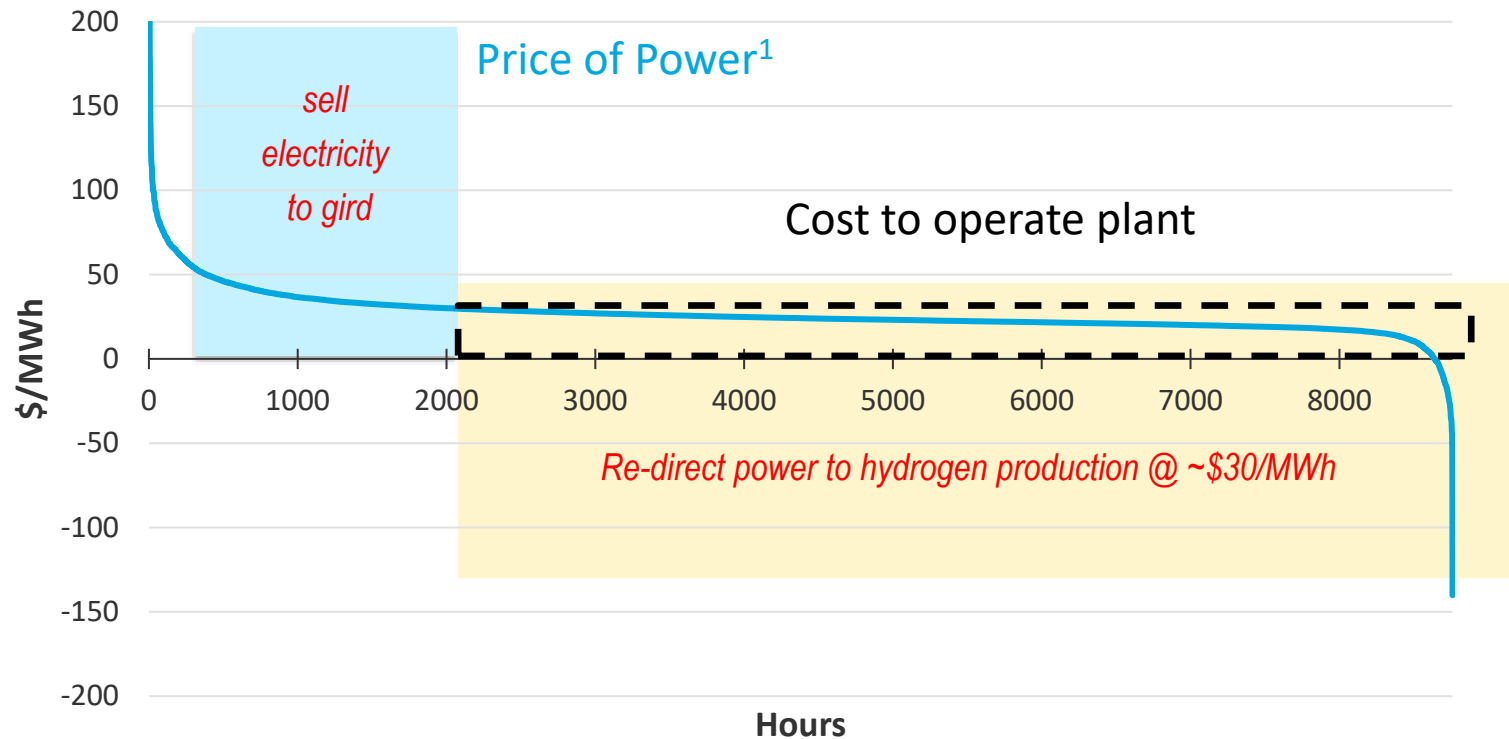


**Program shifting to heavy duty vehicles:  
Targets: \$80/kW, 25,000 hour durability, 68% efficiency by 2030**



# Value Proposition for Nuclear Hybrid Systems

Low-cost electricity creates an opportunity to co-produce hydrogen. Direct power to hydrogen production creates a value stream for nuclear plants to supplement revenue from power generation.



*The challenge in some regions:*

Localized marginal price of electricity



Cost to generate electricity at nuclear plant

Up to 80% of the year, electricity price is lower than cost to operate nuclear

Sources:

1. 2017 data from PJM-NI Hub; R. Boardman, et. al. INL