

Perovskite and OPV Solar Technologies

Motivation, Programs, and Challenges

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Solar Energy Technologies Office

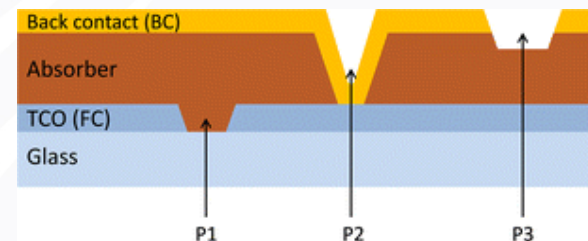
Overview:

- Perovskite and OPV Technology Overview
- Perovskites:
 - Motivation for R&D Program
 - Major Challenges
 - SETO Strategy and Portfolio
 - Gaps and Future Directions
- Q&A

Perovskite and OPV Solar Technologies:

Perovskite and OPV Technologies:

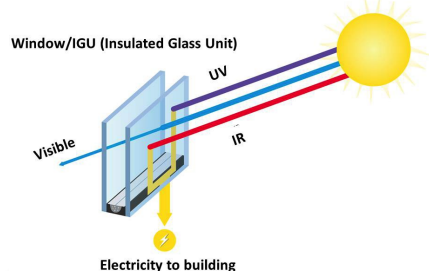
- Thin-film photovoltaics, flexible deposition approaches
- Class of material or crystal structure, not a single material
- Tunable bandgaps, frequently utilized as tandems



OPV:

Highly tunable bandgaps/colors
Lower efficiency
Building integrated systems

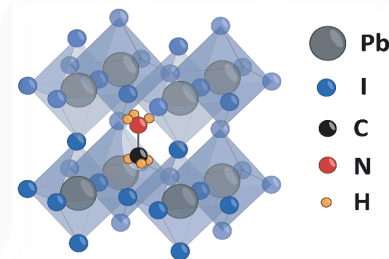
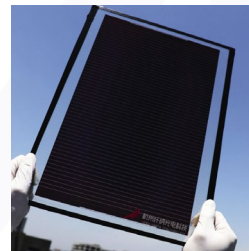
\$4M
Federal



Perovskites:

Higher efficiency
More flexible deposition
Electricity generation and mobile energy

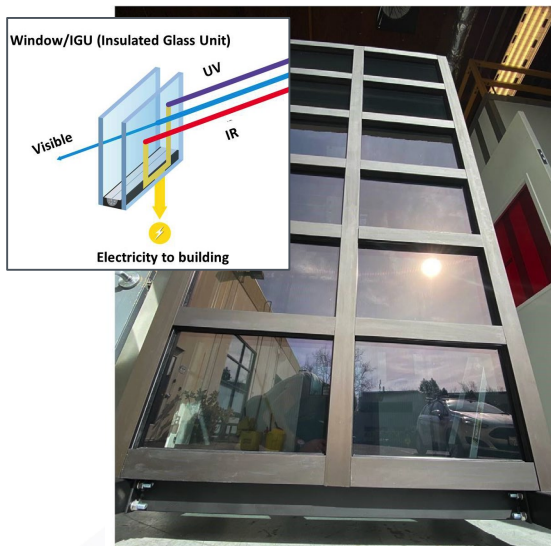
\$34M
Federal



OPV Portfolio:

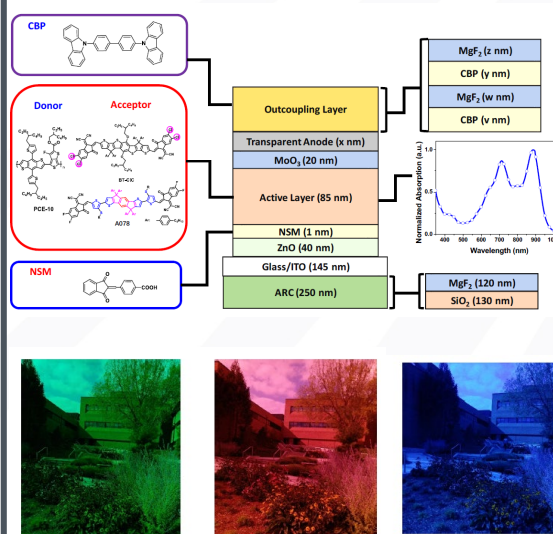
NEXT

PI: Corey Hoven



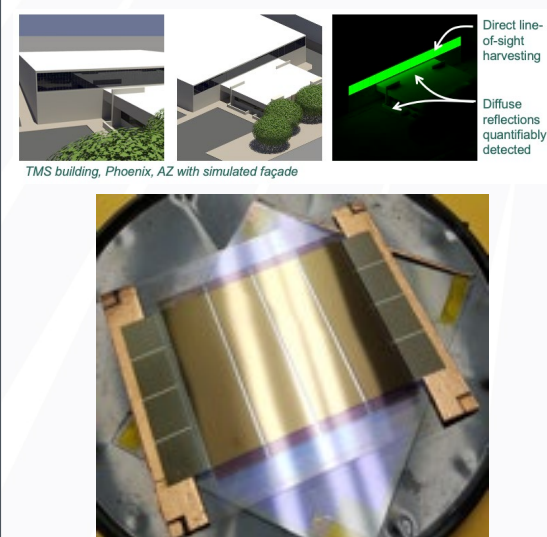
M UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

PI: Stephen Forrest



nanoflex POWER CORPORATION

PI: Adam Barito



Motivation for R&D Program:

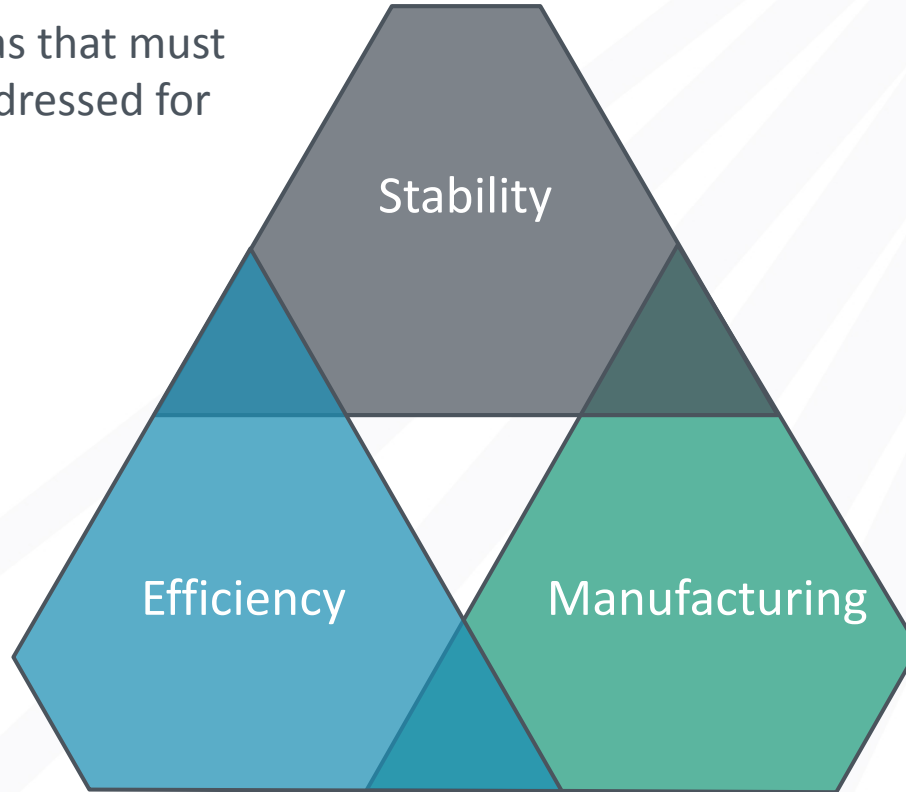
As PV deployment increases, integration costs will grow and value may erode. Incumbent technology trends may not be sufficient ensure continued competitiveness in the energy system.

- Research and develop new technologies that:
 - Can be produced more cheaply than Si or CdTe
 - Can lower LCOE through lifetime or balance of system impacts
 - Can add manufacturing capacity more quickly and cheaply

New technologies should show evidence that they will substantially improve overall competitiveness of PV in the energy system to warrant investigation

Challenge Areas:

Three technical areas that must be simultaneous addressed for technology success

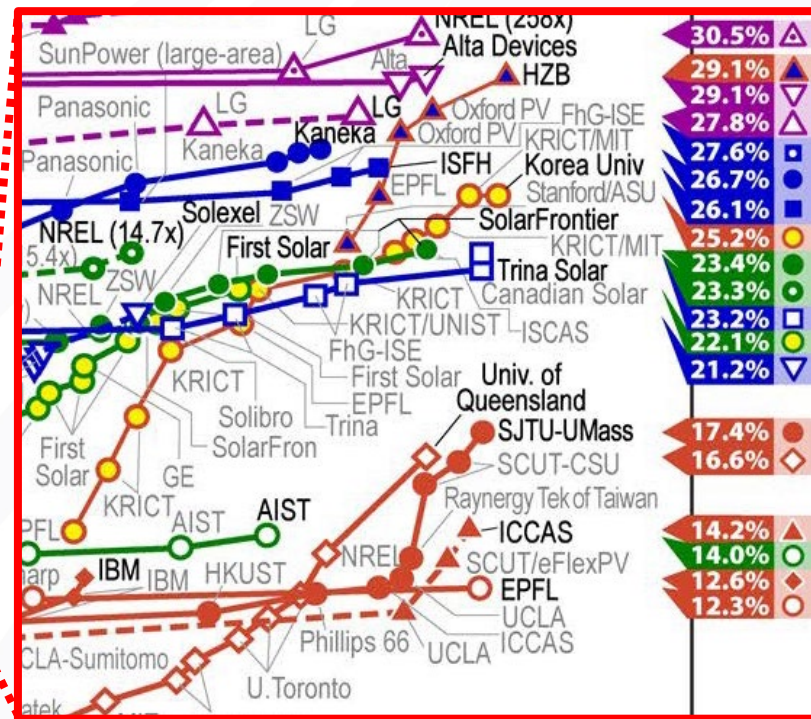
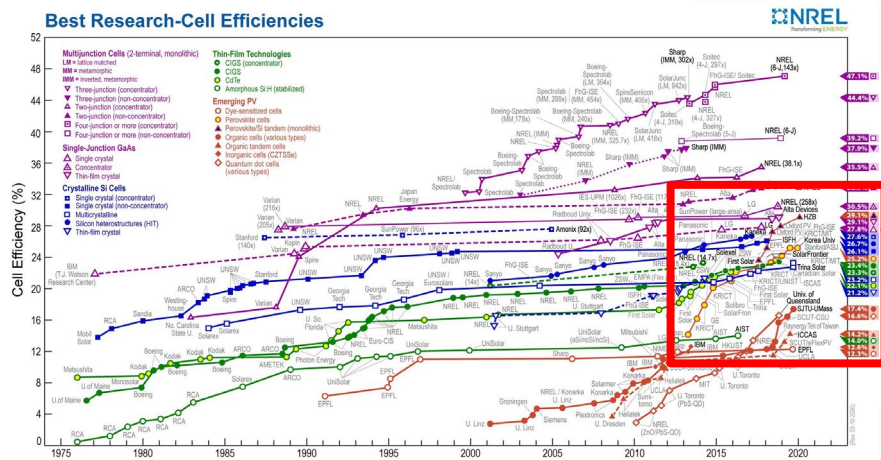


Perovskite Developments and Status:

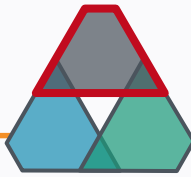


Cell Efficiency Progress:

- 14% to 25%+ (SJ)
- 29%+ (tandem)
- Module projects targeting 18-20%



Perovskite Developments and Status:



Stability Progress:

- <10hrs to 1000hrs T80 (unencapsulated)
- Current projects targeting 10,000hrs+
- ***Test conditions are highly variable***

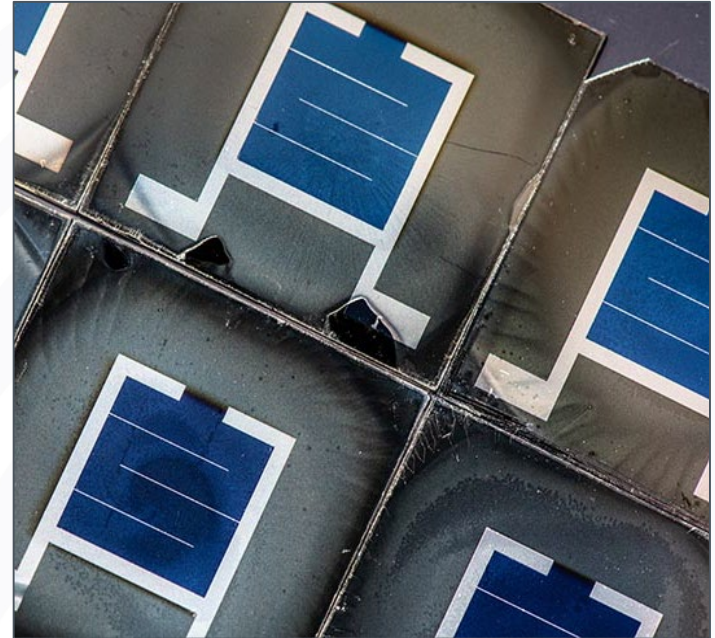


News Release: NREL Research Boosts Stability of Perovskites, Helps Silicon Solar Cells

March 5, 2020

4% PCE loss after 1000 hrs

<https://www.nrel.gov/news/press/2020/nrel-research-boosts-stability-of-perovskites-helps-silicon-solar-cells.html>



Perovskite Developments and Status:



Highly-Scalable Fabrication Approaches:



Sheet-to-Sheet

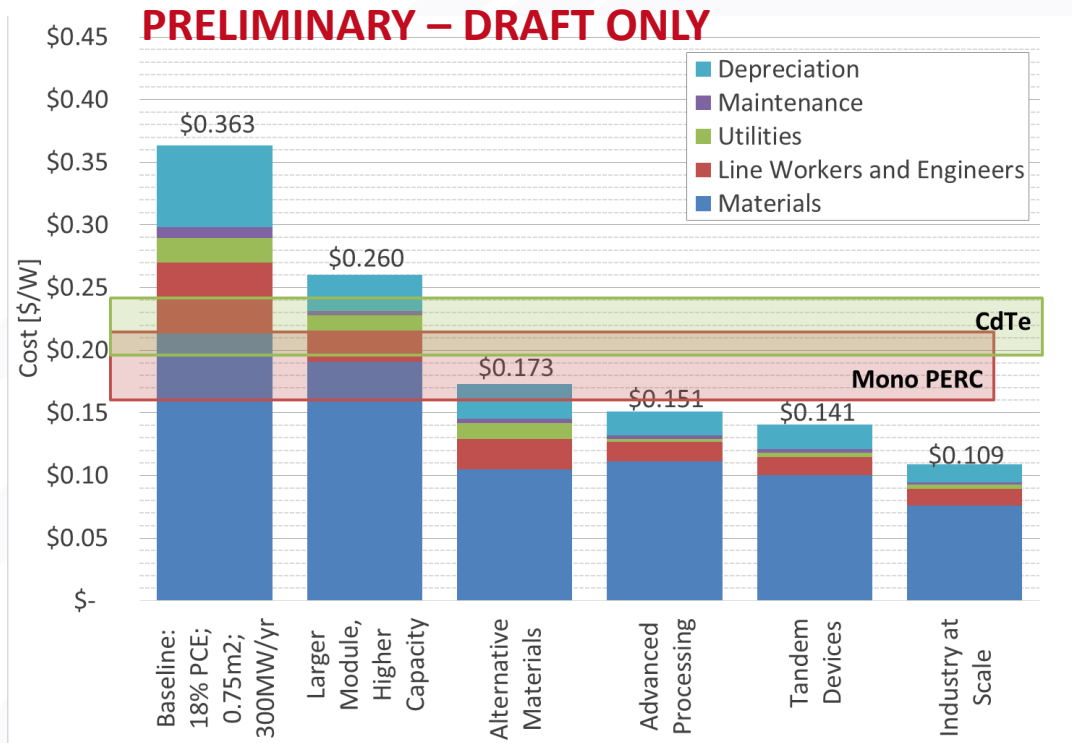


Roll-to-Roll

Motivation for R&D Program:

Production Cost Estimates:

- Multiple progressions based on current areas of R&D
- No fundamental material or process changes
- Conservative economies of scale estimates



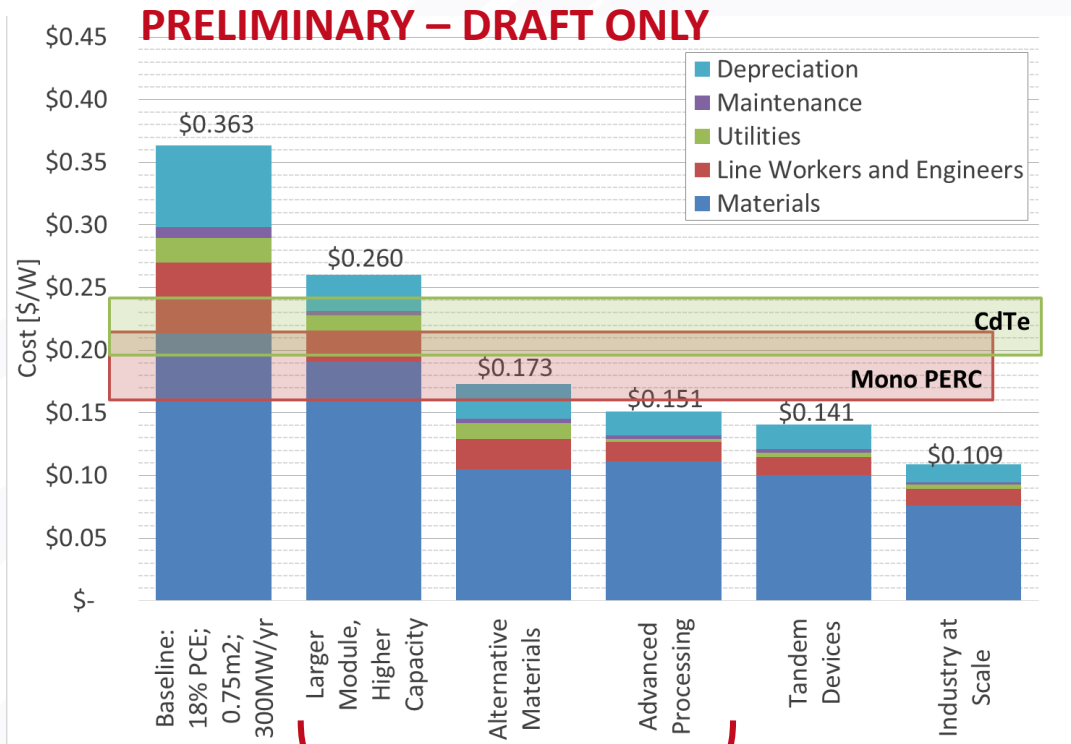
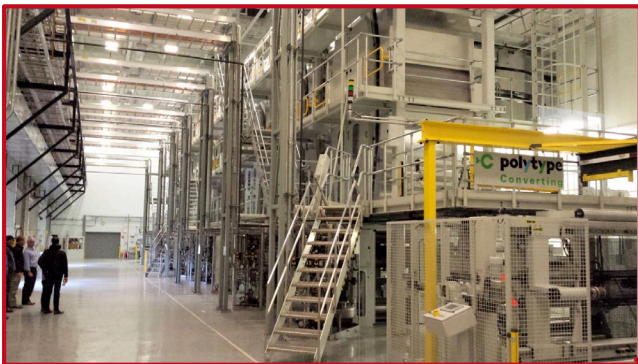
Opportunities in Perovskite Technology Progressions.

Dawson, A., Woodhouse, M., Tinker, L. – To be submitted

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Motivation for R&D Program:

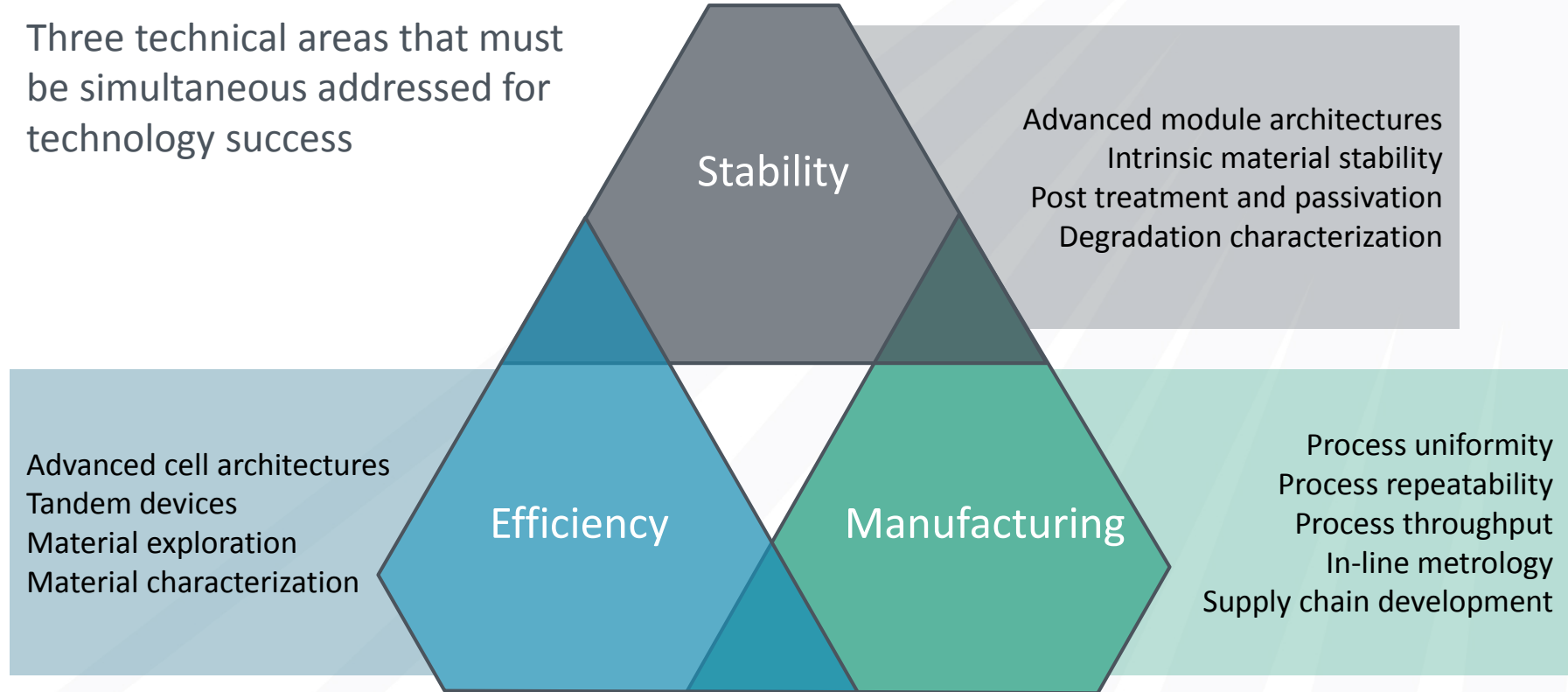
Perovskite Technologies:

- Demonstrated high efficiencies
- Multiple tandem technologies demonstrated
- Rapid improvements in stability (significant work remains)
- Compatible with multiple fabrication approaches
- Preliminary cost estimates indicate high competitiveness in:
 - Direct production costs
 - Facility capital intensity

Evidence that perovskite technologies can be high performance with low costs

Challenge Areas:

Three technical areas that must be simultaneous addressed for technology success



Perovskite Portfolio:



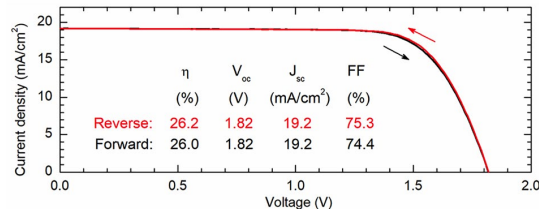
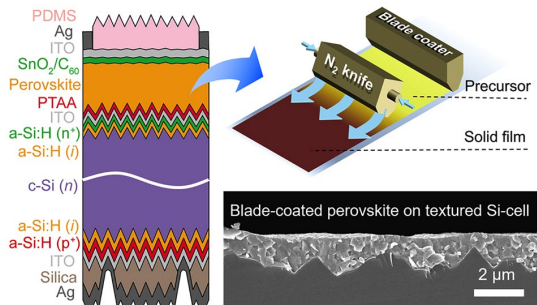
~\$34M Federal
16% of portfolio

Perovskite Portfolio Highlights:



THE UNIVERSITY
of NORTH CAROLINA
at CHAPEL HILL

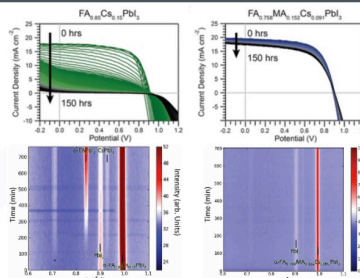
PI: Jinsong Huang



2020 SETO Peer Review

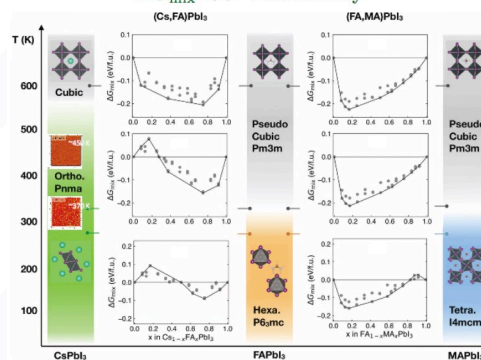


PI: Joe Berry

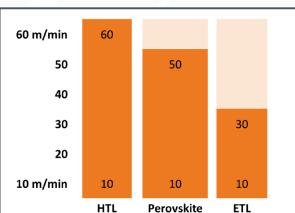


$\Delta G_{mix} > 0 \rightarrow$ no mixing

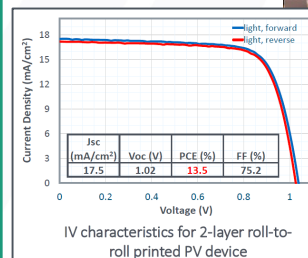
$\Delta G_{mix} < 0 \rightarrow$ stable alloy



PI: Stephen Deluca



Range of RtR coating speeds demonstrated for key device layers



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY
& RENEWABLE ENERGY
SOLAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE

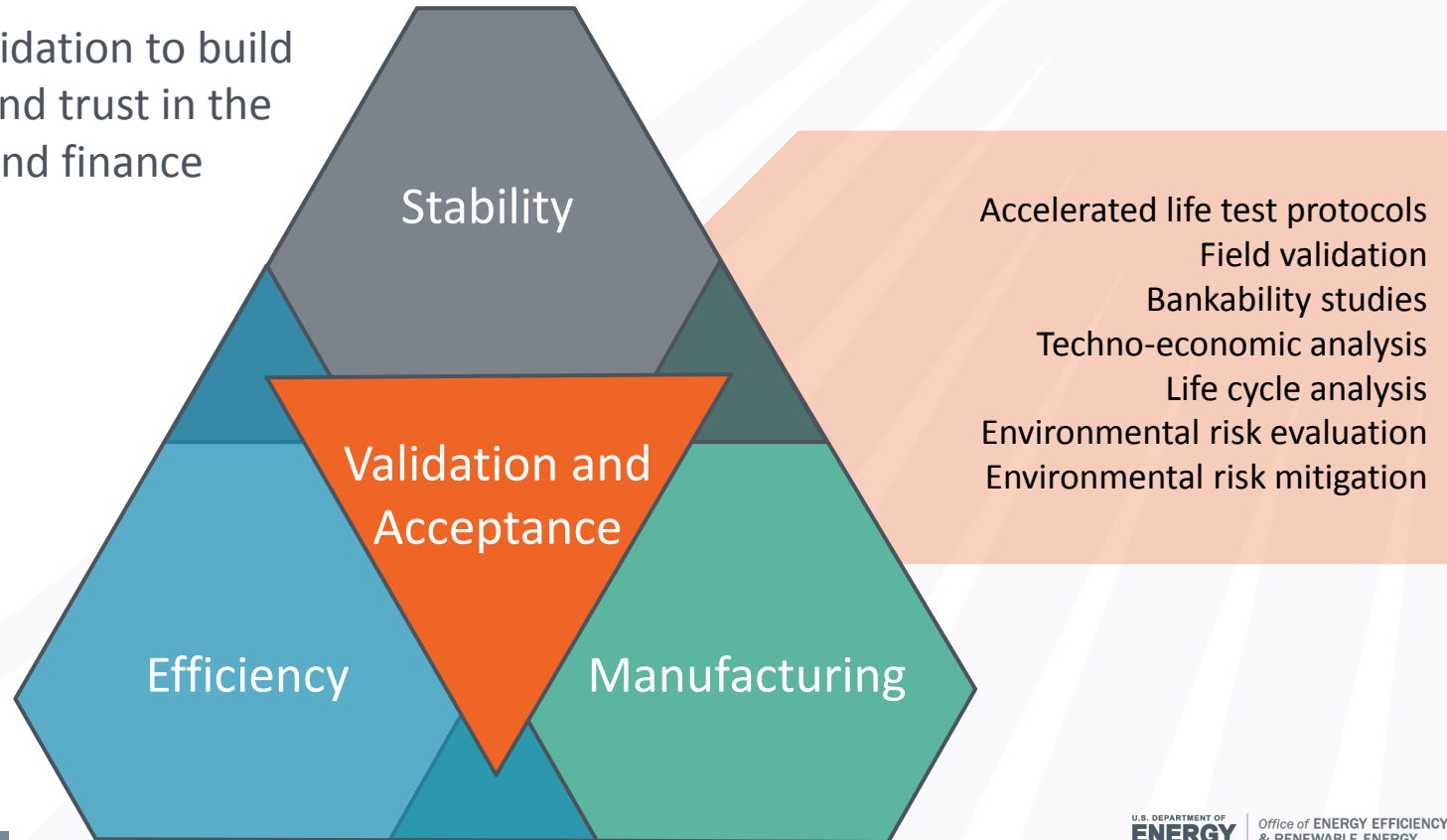
Challenge Areas:

Significant and continuing efforts to address all technical challenges for commercially relevant products, but...

... how do we establish confidence in the results?

Challenge Areas: Validation

Objective validation to build confidence and trust in the investment and finance communities



Challenge Areas: Validation



Toward Low-Cost, Efficient and Stable Perovskite Modules

Accelerated life test protocols; Cell to module conversion



Closing the cell to module stability testing gap

Field validation and standard protocol development



Comparative Life Cycle Analysis of Scalable Perovskites

Energy and environmental impact assessments



On-device Lead Detention for Perovskite Solar Cells

Environmental risk mitigation

Summary:

- Perovskite technologies have demonstrated high performance as single junction and tandem devices
 - Modeling shows potential for very low production costs
 - Stability remains a challenge but is rapidly improving
 - OPV shows differentiated value for alternative markets
 - SETO strategy is focused around 4 main challenge areas:
 - Efficiency
 - Stability
 - Manufacturing
 - Validation
- Structured to de-risk multiple technology facets and provide objective validation to build community trust*

High-potential, High-risk, Rapidly evolving technology

QUESTIONS?

