

Tax Deduction Qualified Software for buildings placed in service on or after January 1, 2016. EnergyGauge Summit 6.10

On this page you'll find information about the EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 with DOE-2.1E v120 Qualified Software for Calculating Commercial Building Tax Deductions | Department of Energy

[http://energy.gov/eere/buildings/qualified-software-calculating-commercial-building-tax-](http://energy.gov/eere/buildings/qualified-software-calculating-commercial-building-tax-deductions)

[deductions](http://energy.gov/eere/buildings/qualified-software-calculating-commercial-building-tax-deductions), which calculates energy and power cost savings that meet federal tax incentive requirements for commercial buildings.

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Statements and information in the right hand column of this table are from the software developer.

Internal Revenue Code §179D (c)(1) and (d) Regulations Notice 2006-52, Section 6 requirements as amplified by Notice 2008-40, Section 4 requirements.	
(1) The name, address, and (if applicable) web site of the software developer;	Florida Solar Energy Center 1679 Clearlake Road Cocoa, FL 32922 http://www.energygauge.com
(2) The name, email address, and telephone number of the person to contact for further information regarding the software;	Dr. Muthusamy Swami, Program Director Florida Solar Energy Center swami@fsec.ucf.edu, (321) 638-1410
(3) The name, version, or other identifier of the software as it will appear on the list;	<i>EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 (incorporating DOE-2.1E (v120))</i>
(4) All test results, input files, output files, weather data, modeler reports, and the executable version of the software with which the tests were conducted; and	Provided to DOE - YES
(5) A declaration by the manager in charge of software development, made under penalties of perjury, that all statements and information in the right hand column of this table are true and correct.	On behalf of the <i>EnergySoftware Summit software</i> development team I certify the following:
(a) The software has been tested according to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 140-2014 Standard Method of Test for the Evaluation of Building Energy Analysis Computer Programs (except for sections 5.2.4, 7, and 8);	The DOE-2.1E (V120) incorporated in EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 has been tested according to the American National Standards Institute/American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ANSI/ASHRAE) Standard 140-2014 Standard Method of Test for Evaluation of Building Energy Analysis Computer Programs.
(b) The software can model explicitly ⁽¹⁾ —	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 is fully compliant with ASHRAE 90.1-2007 and meets all of the below requirements.
(i) 8,760 hours per year;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.

(ii) Calculation methodologies for the building components being modeled;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(iii) Hourly variations in occupancy, lighting power, miscellaneous equipment power, thermostat setpoints, and HVAC system operation, defined separately for each day of the week and holidays;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(iv) Thermal mass effects;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(v) Ten or more thermal zones;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(vi) Part-load performance curves for mechanical equipment;	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(vii) Capacity and efficiency correction curves for mechanical heating and cooling equipment; and	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(viii) Air-side and water-side economizers with integrated control.	Only air side economizers can be modeled. EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 does not model water-side economizer feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(c) ⁽²⁾ The software can explicitly model each of the following HVAC systems listed in Appendix G of Standard 90.1-2007 ⁽¹⁾ :	
(i) Packaged Terminal Air Conditioner (PTAC), constant volume (CV) fan, DX coil cooling, hot-water fossil fuel boiler.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(ii) Packaged Terminal Heat Pump (PTHP), CV fan, DX coil cooling, electric heat pump heating.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(iii) Packaged Rooftop Air Conditioner (PSZ-AC), CV fan, DX coil cooling, fossil fuel furnace heating.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(iv) Packaged Rooftop Heat Pump (PSZ-HP), CV fan, DX coil cooling, electric heat pump heating.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(v) Packaged Rooftop Variable-Air-Volume (PVAV) with reheat, Variable-Air-Volume (VAV) fans, DX coil cooling, hot-water fossil fuel boiler.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(vi) Packaged VAV with parallel fan-powered boxes (PVAV with PFP boxes) with reheat, VAV fans, DX coil cooling, electric resistance heating.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(vii) Packaged Rooftop VAV with reheat, VAV fans, chilled water cooling, hot-water	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.

fossil fuel boiler.	
(viii) VAV with PFP boxes with reheat, VAV fans, chilled water cooling, electric resistance heating.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models this system.
(d) The software can—	
(i) Either directly determine energy and power costs or produce hourly reports of energy use by energy source suitable for determining energy and power costs separately; and	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(ii) Design load calculations to determine required HVAC equipment capacities and air and water flow rates.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 complies.
(e) ⁽²⁾ The software can explicitly model:	
(i) Natural ventilation.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models only simplified ventilation using ACPH
(ii) Mixed mode (natural and mechanical) ventilation.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(iii) Earth tempering of outdoor air.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(iv) Displacement ventilation.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(v) Evaporative cooling.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models evaporative cooling.
(vi) Water use by occupants for cooking, cleaning or other domestic uses.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(vii) Water use by heating, cooling, or other equipment, or for on-site landscaping.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(viii) Automatic interior or exterior lighting controls (such as occupancy, photocells, or time-clocks).	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 does not model these explicitly, but through the use of schedules these may be modeled
(ix) Daylighting (sidelighting, skylights, or tubular daylight devices).	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(x) Improved fan system efficiency through static pressure reset.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology
(xi) Radiant heating or cooling (low or high temperature).	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology

(xii) Multiple or variable-speed control for fans, cooling equipment, or cooling towers.	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 models multiple and variable-speed control for fans, cooling equipment, and cooling towers.
(xiii) On-site energy systems (such as combined heat and power systems, fuel cells, solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, or wind).	The EnergyGauge Summit 6.10 cannot model this feature and shall not be used for projects with this technology

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- 1) 90.1-2007 is defined by the PATH Act of 2015 as "Standard 90.1-2007 of ASHRAE and IESNA (as in effect on the day before the date of the adoption of Standard 90.1-2010 of such Societies)." This definition includes 90.1-2007 and the addenda supplement package (Addenda a, b, c, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, s, t, u, w, y, ad, and aw) and addendum r, plus all published errata.
- 2) Software that cannot explicitly model one or more of the HVAC systems or features in sections 5.c and 5.e of the table can still be listed as qualified software. It cannot, however, be used for 179D analyses of projects that need to model such systems or features. When this is the case, the statement used for the particular requirements shall be as follows: The *AAA EnergySoftware* cannot model *system or feature X* and shall not be used for projects with this technology.

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Muthusamy V Swami
 Program Director
 Florida Solar Energy Center
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