

# Getting Beyond Widgets Integrated Systems for Commercial Buildings

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## Problem Statement

Most building retrofit projects are component-based, addressing only one piece or type of equipment at a time.

Systems-based retrofits addressing multiple components in an integrated manner have the potential to provide significantly greater savings; 50%+ (Regnier et al, 2017).

### Challenges:

- Systems are inherently more complex and disruptive to implement
- Utility portfolios currently set up for widget-based incentive programs
- Lack of industry awareness of how systems can provide deeper savings in contrast to widget-based upgrades

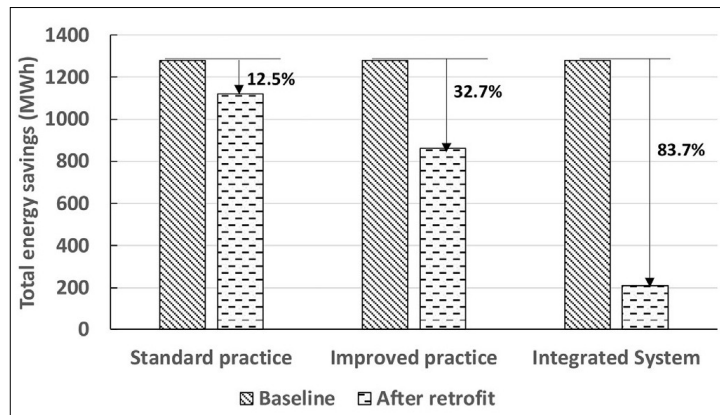
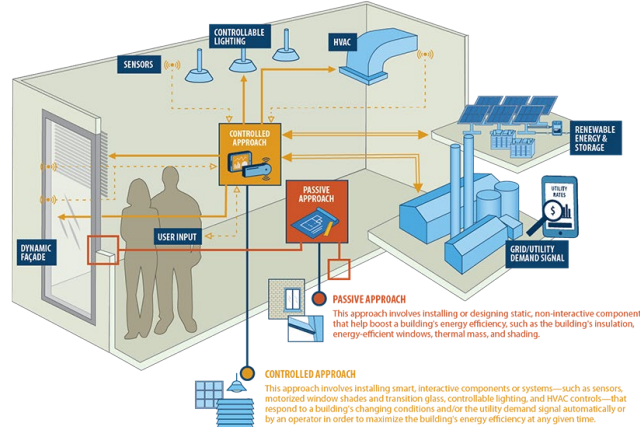
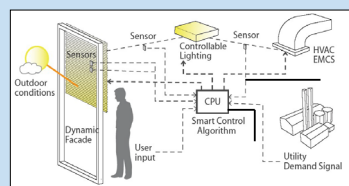


Figure – Regnier et al, Energy and Buildings, 2017



## Integrated Systems Package

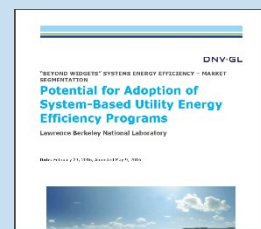
### Integrated Systems DSM Package



System specifications



FLEXLAB savings data to 'deem' system savings



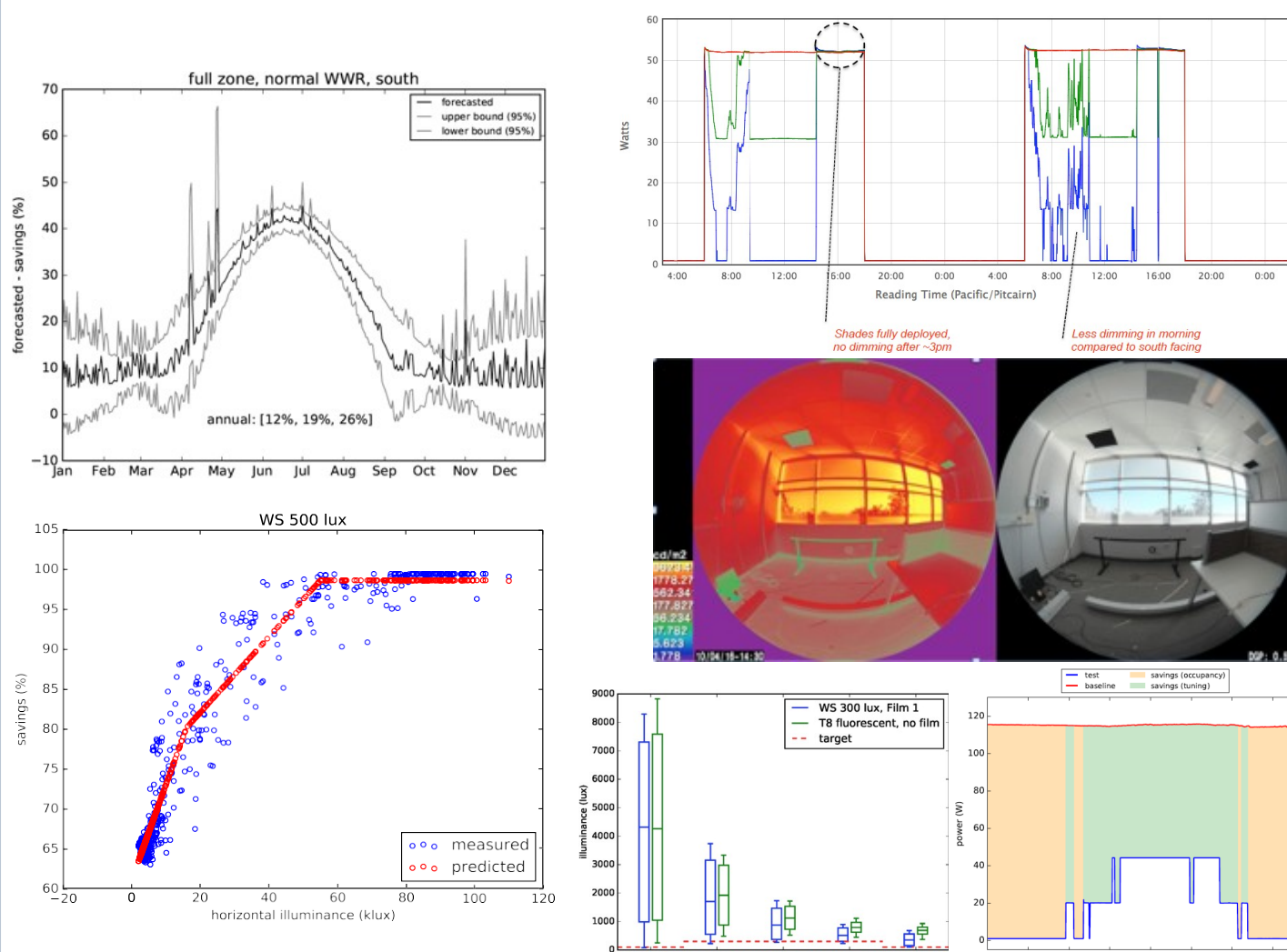
Quantify market impact



Program implementation guidelines, training

Savings persistence guidance for customers

## FLEXLAB Test Results and Analysis



## Developing Integrated Systems for Utilities

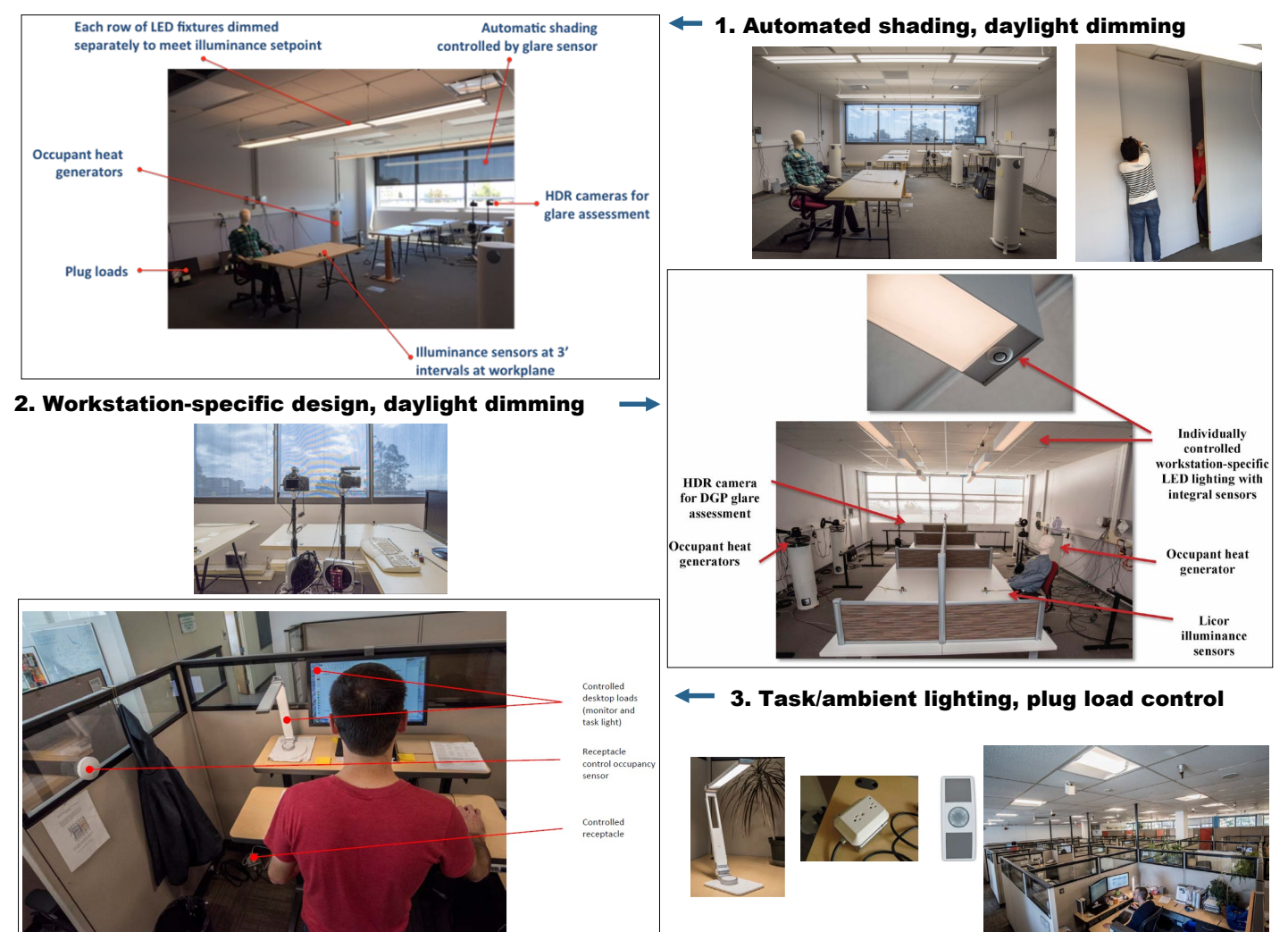
### Project Tasks

- Provide utilities and customers with streamlined package of information, tools and validated savings data to implement system-level projects, achieving deep savings, without complexity and cost of custom programs.
- Develop and evaluate three integrated systems packages (photos below):
  1. Automated shading with daylight dimming controls
  2. Workstation-specific lighting with daylight control
  3. Task/ambient lighting with plug load occupancy controls
- Quantify marginal benefits of systems relative to component-based approaches through combination of measured performance data from LBNL's FLEXLAB<sup>®</sup> test facility and energy simulations.

### Partners



## FLEXLAB Test Setup

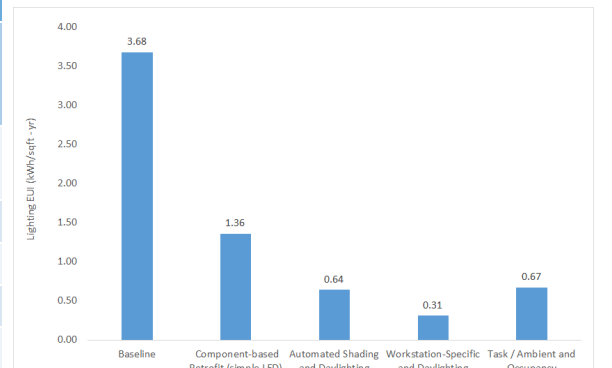


## Savings Comparisons

All three systems were compared to a component-based approach: a simple fluorescent-to-LED fixture retrofit.

The LED retrofit achieved 63% savings, while the systems approaches yielded savings of 82-92%, or **51-77% savings over the LED upgrade**.

Option	Lighting EUI (kWh/sf/yr)	Lighting Savings	
		Relative to Baseline	Relative to Component-Based Retrofit
Baseline (Fluorescent, scheduled control)	3.68	—	—
Component-based Retrofit (LED)	1.36	63%	—
Automated Shading and Daylighting	0.64	83%	53%
Workstation-Specific and Daylighting	0.31	92%	77%
Task / Ambient and Occupancy	0.67	82%	51%



## More Information

### Resources:

Regnier, C., P. Mathew, A. Robinson, P. Schwartz, J. Shackelford, T. Walter. 2018. Beyond Widgets: Validated Systems Energy Savings and Utility Custom Incentive Program Systems Trends. ACEEE **Draft**

Regnier, C., P. Mathew, A. Robinson, P. Schwartz, J. Shackelford, T. Walter. 2018. Energy Savings of Systems-Based Building Retrofits: A Study of Three Integrated Systems. Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. **Draft**

Regnier, C., T. Hong, K. Sun, M.A. Piette. 2017. Quantifying the benefits of a building retrofit using an integrated system approach: A case study. Energy and Buildings 159, 332–345.

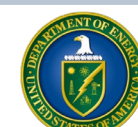
Regnier, C., P. Mathew, A. Robinson, P. Schwartz, T. Walter. 2016. Beyond Widgets –Systems Incentive Programs for Utilities. ACEEE

### Website:

<https://www.lbl.gov/beyond-widgets-for-usli5es>

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