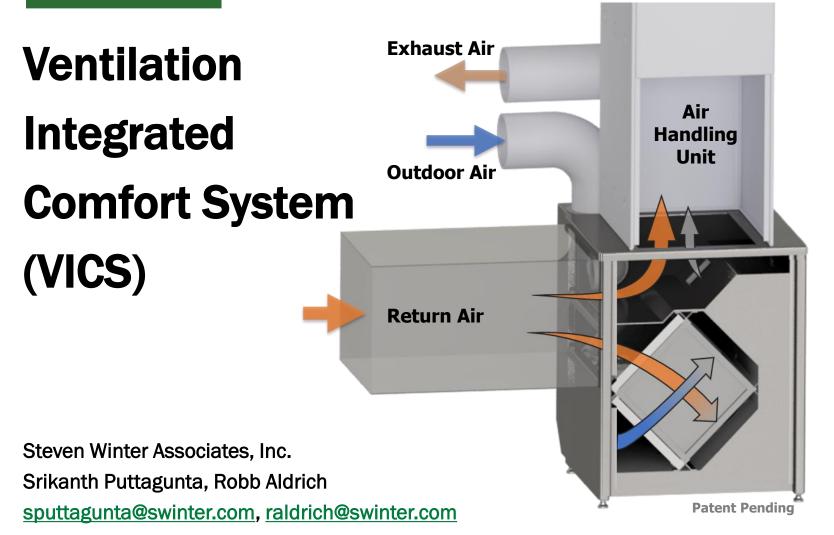


Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY



# **Project Summary**

#### Timeline:

Start date: August 2016

Planned end date: July 2019

Key Milestones

- Fully-functional Prototype Testing Aug 2018
- 2. Second Prototype Complete Nov 2018

#### Budget:

#### Total Project \$ to Date:

- DOE: \$729,993
- Cost Share: \$210,346

#### Total Project \$:

- DOE: \$902,438
- Cost Share: \$231,262

#### Key Partners:

Therma-Stor LLC

Mitsubishi Electric Trane US

**CORE Energy Recovery Solutions** 

#### Project Outcome:

- Enable heating, cooling, and wholebuilding ventilation in one integrated system.
- Improve Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) critical for <u>air-tight</u> homes.
- Achieve up to 10% energy savings by reducing heating & cooling loads from ventilation;
- Reducing installed cost by 30% over separately ducted HRV/ERVs



# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC TRANE HVAC US





ENERGY RECOVERY SOLUTIONS



### Challenge

Per <u>MYPP</u>, Building America is solving challenges related to:

- "optimal comfort systems for low-load homes"
- "optimal ventilation systems and [IAQ] solutions for low-load homes"
- "solutions for homes with a high latent load (high moisture)"

<u>BA Research to Market Plan, Ventilation Roadmap</u>: "Heat recovery is not required or encouraged in ASHRAE Standard 62.2, and it is less commonly specified."</u>

As homes get more efficient, ventilation is a bigger fraction of overall home energy.

40%-60% Savings Target - Up to 10% from H/ERVs Balanced, distributed ventilation  $\rightarrow$  better IAQ

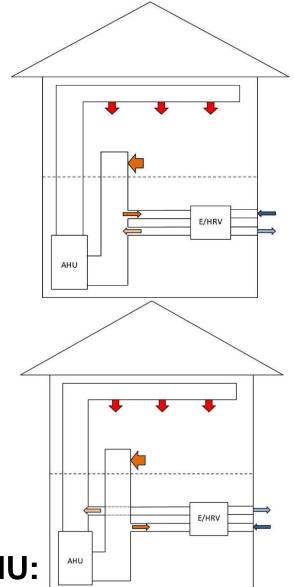
## Challenge

Why is heat recovery not standard? #1 Reason: <u>COST</u> (median \$2,000 - \$3,000 installed)

**Other reasons:** 

- Space constraints
- Maintenance
- Reliability
- Uncertain about energy benefits
- Wall penetrations
- Not required by codes/programs

#### Inconsistent flow when adding to AHU:



## Approach

VICS strategy made possible by:

- **1.** Lower heating/cooling loads in high-performance homes
- 2. Small, efficient H/C equipment

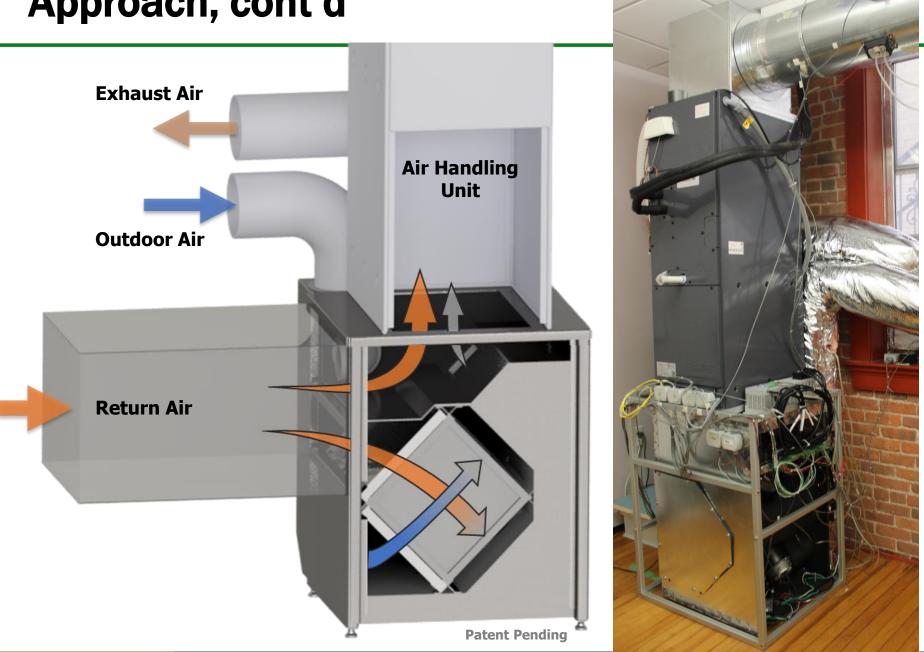
Manufacturers Develop Low-Load HVAC and Dehumidification Equipment (For whole-house comfort. Address design and installation issues)

H/C flow rates now more similar to ventilation flow rates.

- 3. Efficient, variable-speed fans
  - Smaller
  - Lower cost
  - Constant flow



### Approach, cont'd



### Impact

**Energy savings example:** 

- VICS compared to 10-Watt exhaust fan
- 65 cfm continuously
- Home heated/cooled with efficient ASHP

Annual
Savings
950 kWh
600 kWh
70 kWh

#### Up to **10%** savings towards BA's **40-60%** goals.

Balanced, distributed, filtered ventilation supports Building America IAQ goals

Lower installed cost: \$1,500 - \$2,000 (current median ~\$2,000 - \$3,000)

### From Census & AHRI data (2017): 120,000 ducted HP in new homes <22 kBtu/h Growing!

#### 80% complete - on budget, on schedule Ending July 2019

- ✓ Market & Stakeholder Assessment
- ✓ Prototype #1 Design
- ✓ Prototype #1 Benchtop Testing
- ✓ Prototype #1 Full testing (with heat pump)
- ✓ Prototype #2 Design
- ✓ Prototype #2 Construction & Testing

#### ✓ Cost & "Manufacturability" Assessment

### **Progress - Performance Overview**

#### **ERV** matched CORE spec's

- 70% Sensible eff. @ 120 cfm
- 50% Total eff. @ 120 cfm
- Both ~10% higher at 60 cfm

#### Power

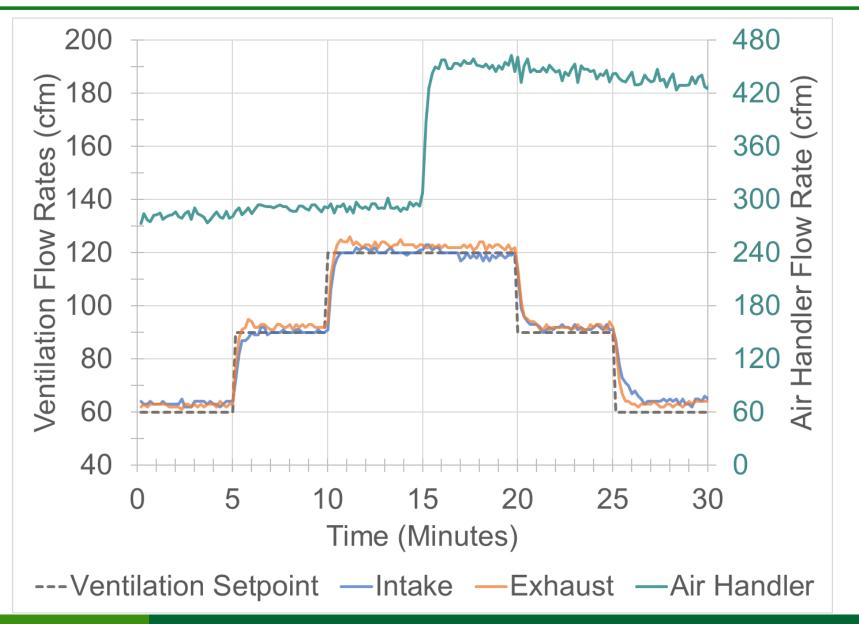
• 50-120 cfm using 40-80 Watts including AHU



#### Flow Control

- Independent control of outdoor air and exhaust
- Maintains ventilation rates regardless of h/c operation
- Maintains flow rates during frost prevention

# **Flow Control**



## **Stakeholder Engagement**

Worked with partners throughout design & testing:

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#### Distributing <u>information</u> and a <u>survey</u>:

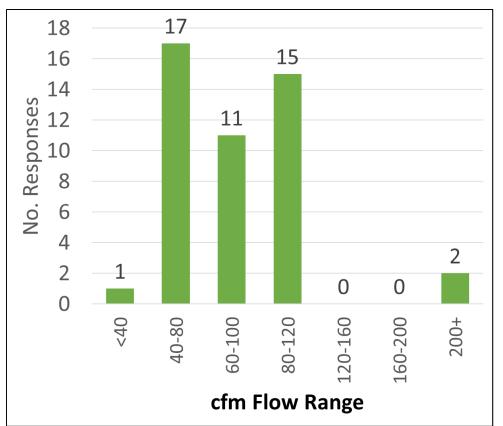
- SWA press release, blog article, contacts, and clients
- NYSERDA affiliates and contractors
- Green Building Advisor
- Energy Design Update
- EEBA Newsletter
- BTO Peer Review Poster
- Builder Magazine (pursuing)



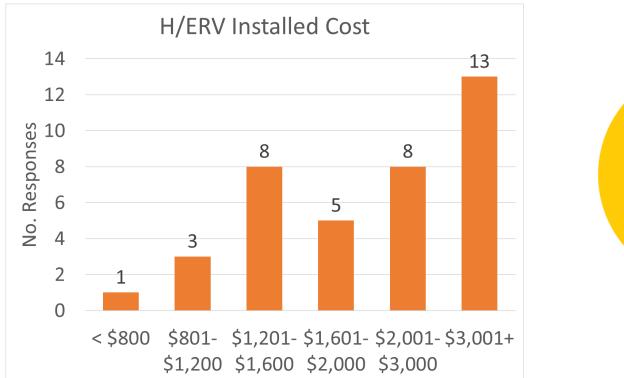
#### **Market Feedback:**

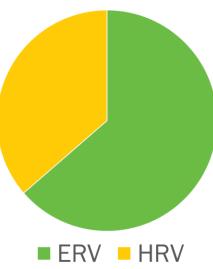
- Initial interviews with builders & developers
- Current survey:
  - builders
  - developers
  - contractors
  - designers
  - other stakeholders

What range of whole-building ventilation capacity do you most often specify or install?



# **Stakeholder Engagement**





#### **Other Survey Topics:**

- Local Exhaust
- Filtration
- Geography

- Building type, volume
- VICS features
- Control features
- Home certifications

### **Remaining Project Work**

Initial Plans: Build, install, and evaluate prototype in home Revised Plans:

- Fully functional prototype(II) in office
- Market Assessment & Survey
- **o** Work with Therma-Stor (manufacturing partner)
  - Tune frost prevention (test chambers)
  - o Fan selection(s)
  - $\circ$  Core size
  - Control capabilities
  - Assessing product ratings & certifications
  - Price point

FY2018 award: Working with Therma-Stor to develop integrated heating, cooling, and dehumidification.

# **Thank You**

Steven Winter Associates, Inc. Robb Aldrich, Principal Mechanical Engineer 203-803-5097, <u>raldrich@swinter.com</u> Srikanth Puttagunta, Principal Mechanical Engineer 203-857-0200, <u>sputtagunta@swinter.com</u>

### **REFERENCE SLIDES**

**Project Budget:** 3-year project divided into two 18-month Budget Periods. Total budget \$1,133,700 including cost share.

**Variances**: No variation in budget, but late stage tasks shifted to work more closely with Therma-Stor on commercialization challenges.

**Cost to Date**: \$940,339 - 83% of total project cost. Cost Share contribution to date is 22%.

**Additional Funding:** None.

Budget History											
	- FY 2018 ast)	FY 2019	(current)	FY 2020 (planned)							
DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share						
\$614,246	\$191,119	\$288,192	\$40,143	NA	NA						

### **Project Plan and Schedule – BP1**

Project Schedule																
Project Start: 8/1/2016		Completed Work														
Projected End: 7/31/2019		Active Task (in progress work)														
		Milestone/Deliverable (Originally Planned)														
		Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)														
Task	Q1 (Aug-Oct 2016)	Q2 (Nov 2016-	Jan 2017) Q3 (Feb-Apr	2017)	Q4 (May-Jul 2017)	Q5 (Aug-Oct	Q6 (Nov 2017-	<b>–</b> – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	Q7 (Feb-Apr	Q8 (May-Jul	2018)	Q9 (Aug-Oct	ZU18) Q10 (Nov	0	Q11 (Feb-Apr 2019)	Q12 (May-Jul 2019)
Past Work																
Q1 Milestone: Project Management Plan																
Q1 Milestone: Test Plan																
Q2 Milestone: Market Assessment																
Q3 Milestone: Design Specifications																
Q4 Milestone: Alpha Prototype - Interior																
Components																
Q5 Milestone: Sensor/Control Strategies							•									
Q5 Milestone: Prototype Benchtop Testing																
Q6 Milestone: Go/No-Go Decision for Successful																
Indoor Components of Prototype																
Q7 Milestone: Alpha Protytpe Completion (Interior														Τ		
Components)								Y								

### **Project Plan and Schedule – BP2**

Project Schedule																
Project Start: 8/1/2016		Completed Work														
Projected End: 7/31/2019		Active Task (in progress work)														
		Mil	estc	ne/	'Deliv	erabl	e (O	rig	inally	Plan	ned)					
		Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)														
Task	Q1 (Aug-Oct	Q2 (Nov 2016-	Jan 2017) O3 (Feb-Anr	2017)	Q4 (May-Jul 2017)	Q5 (Aug-Oct	Q6 (Nov 2017-	Jan 2018)	Q7 (Feb-Apr 2018)	Q8 (May-Jul	Q9 (Aug-Oct	Q10 (Nov 2018-	Jan 2019) 011 / Eab And	2019) 2019)	Q12 (May-Jul	2019)
Q7 Milestone: Alpha Protytpe Completion			Т				Γ					Γ				
(Operational with Outdoor Components)																
Q9 Milestone: Alpha Prototype Performance																
Evaluation																
Q9 Milestone: Cost and Manufacturability																
Opportunities																
Q10 Milestone: Completion of Beta Prototype													$\blacklozenge$			
Current/Future Work																
Q12 Milestone: Testing in Office/Lab and Environmental Chamber - Draft Technical Report																