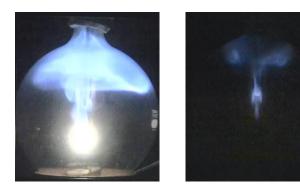
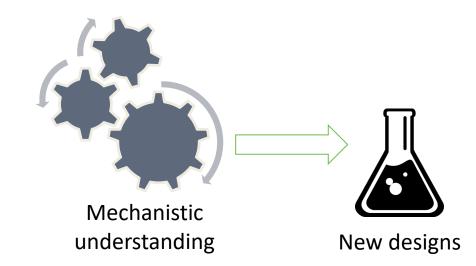


Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

# Use of Cost-Effective Additives to Reduce Flammability in 2L Refrigerants





Arkema Inc. Jessica DeMott, Research Scientist jessica.demott@arkema.com

# **Project Summary**

#### <u>Timeline</u>:

Start date: May 15, 2018 Planned end date: May 15, 2020

Key Milestones

- 1. Down select additive candidates; Sep 2018
- 2. Measurement of refrigerant flammability characteristics in presence of additives; May 2019
- 3. Evaluation of the presence of additive on the refrigerant performance; May 2020

#### Key Partners: Trane U.S. Inc



#### Budget:

#### Total Project \$ to Date:

- DOE: \$127,593
- Cost Share: \$37,393

#### Total Project \$:

- DOE: \$597,943
- Cost Share: \$160,536

#### Project Outcome:

- Develop and validate new low-cost, lowtoxicity additives for A2L refrigerants to reduce flammability
- Reduction in flammability will be achieved by increasing the lower flammability limit, reducing the burning velocity and increasing the minimum ignition energy of refrigerants and blends

# Team

Arkema Inc.

- Jessica DeMott
  - PI, Research Scientist for next generation refrigerant development
- Lucy Clarkson
  - Fluorochemicals R&D Director
- Sarah Kim
  - Research Scientist for next generation refrigerant development
- Corporate R&D Support
  - Mark Aubart and Steve Carson
- Analytical Support
  - Modeling, Characterization

#### Trane US Inc.

- Steve Kujak
  - Director of Next Generation Refrigerant Research at Ingersoll Rand
- Kenneth Schultz
  - Thermal System Engineer, performance validation testing in rooftop unitary systems

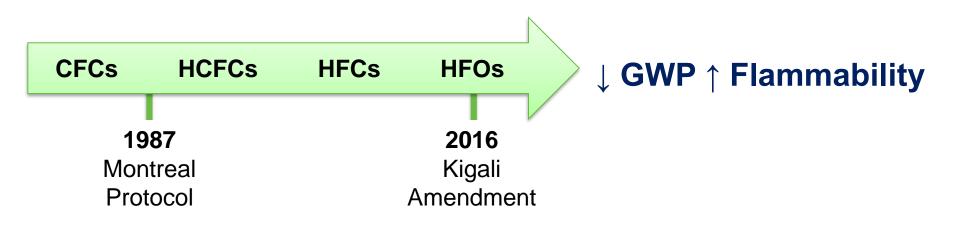




# Challenge

### **Problem Definition:**

- Global industry is moving towards low Global Warming Potential (GWP) refrigerants
- Building codes and other safety standards discourage the use of non-A1 refrigerants
- Most next-generation, low GWP refrigerants and blends are flammable (A2L)



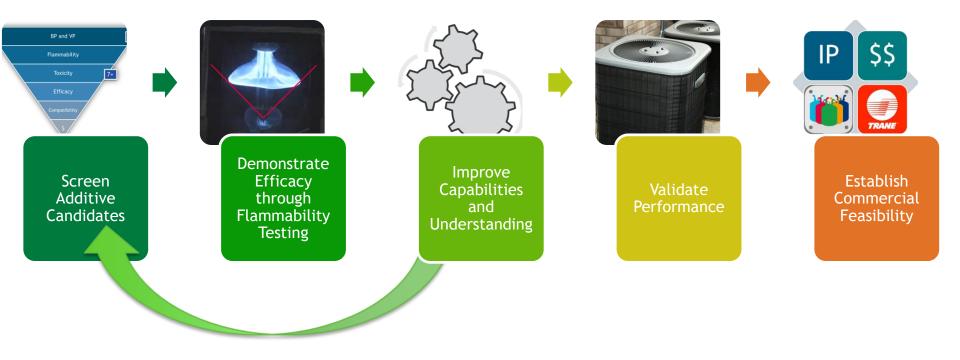
### Advice:

• Develop a refrigerant with reduced flammability using flame inhibition additives

# Approach

#### Current

#### **Next Steps**

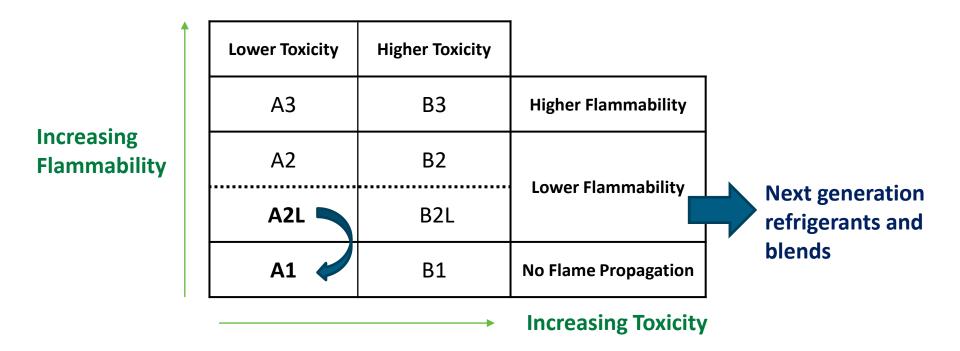


Identify or design agents that will modify the flammability characteristics of A2L refrigerants

# Approach

Flammability Characteristics to be Modified:

- Flammability Limit
  - Increase the concentration required for flammability
- Burning Velocity
  - Slow flame propagation
- Minimum Ignition Energy
  - Make the molecule harder to ignite



# Impact



## New Refrigerant Development

- Accelerates adoption of low cost, low GWP options
- Avoids compromising performance efficiency in order to meet low GWP requirements
- Circumvents adjustments to charge limits by mitigating flammability risks



## Safety Risks

- Provides transferable technology that would mitigate flammability risks for A2L, A2 and A3
- Incorporates agents that are compatible with leak detection technologies



## Modeling and Evaluation Tools

 Introduce predictive modeling through structure-function analysis of minimum ignition energies of fluorinated refrigerants

# **Progress: Overview**

#### Current Project Stage: Mid

#### Key Accomplishments:

- 7+ candidates identified for testing
- Top candidate shows favorable modification of flammability limit and reduction in burning velocity
- Elucidating mechanistic understanding

#### In-Progress:

- Minimum ignition energy evaluation
- Modeling underway for candidate screening

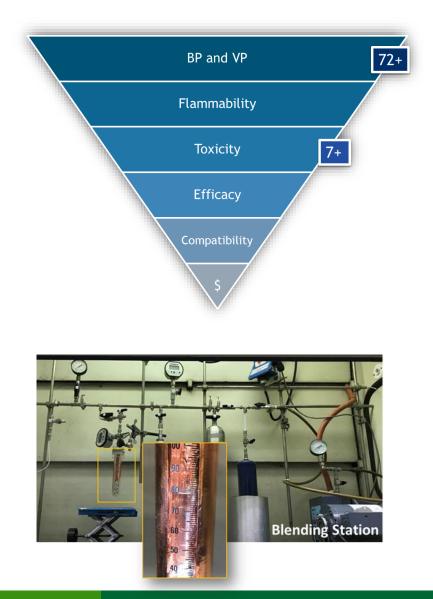
#### Next Steps:

- Compatibility and performance evaluations

#### Additive Selection

- 🖌 BP
- 🖌 VP
- Non-ozone depleting
- 🖌 Low GWP
- 🖌 Non-toxic
- Efficacy
- ାP
- Compatibility
- Performance
- ି Cost

# **Progress: Candidate Selection**



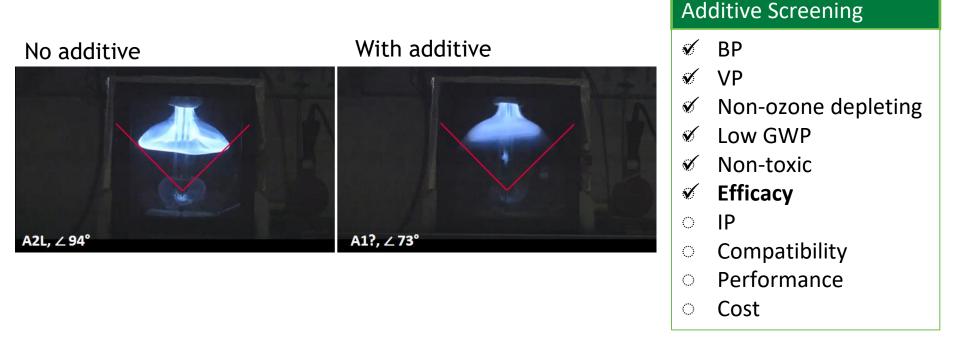
#### Additive Screening

- 🖌 BP
- 🖌 VP
- ✓ Non-ozone depleting
- Low GWP
- 🖉 Non-toxic
- Efficacy
- ାP
- Compatibility
- Performance
- ି Cost

# **Progress: Flammability Limit Testing**

#### Lower Flammability Limit

Can we increase the concentration required for flammability?

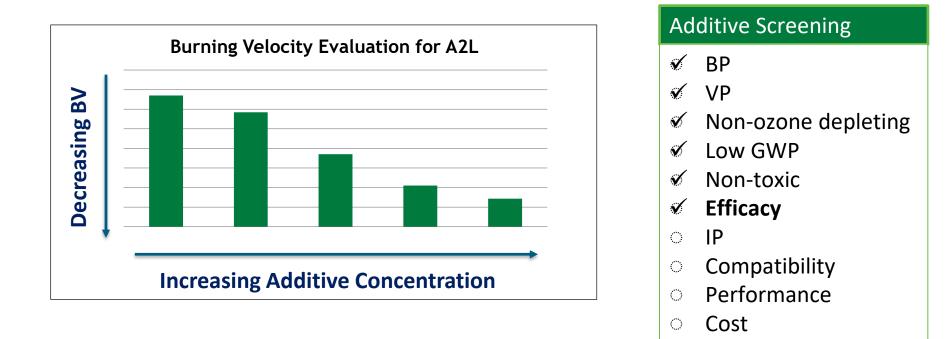


#### Decrease in flame angle in presence of additive

# **Progress: Burning Velocity Testing**

#### **Reduce Burning Velocity**

Can we slow down flame propagation?



Decrease in burning velocity in presence of additive

# **Stakeholder Engagement**

Current Project Stage: Mid

#### Stakeholder Engagement:

- All major equipment manufacturers
- Regulatory agencies including state, federal and international
- Trade organizations

#### Field Trial with Partner:

- Planned for late stage of project

Pursuing stakeholder feedback across value-chain with focus on understanding design challenges, opportunities, timelines and regulatory environment

# **Remaining Project Work**

#### Immediate Future:

- Flammability testing with additional candidates
- Minimum ignition energy evaluation
- Modeling to support candidate screening

#### **Advanced Future and Challenges**

- Intellectual Property
- Compatibility screening
- Performance evaluations
- Field trial with partner

#### Additive Screening

- 🖌 BP
- 🖌 VP
- Non-ozone depleting
- Low GWP
- Non-toxic
- ✓ Efficacy
- ାP
- Compatibility
- Performance
- ି Cost



# **Thank You**

Arkema Inc. Jessica DeMott, Research Scientist jessica.demott@arkema.com

# **REFERENCE SLIDES**

# **Project Budget**

#### Project Budget: BP 1 - \$351,682, BP 2 - \$406,797, Total - \$758,479 Variances: None Cost to Date: \$164,986 (22%) Additional Funding: None

Budget Period	Total	Spent	Federal	Cost S	Share	
1	<b>1</b> \$351,682 \$164,986	\$271,976	\$79,706	22.66%		
2	\$406,797	\$0	\$325,967	\$80,830	19.87%	
Total	\$758,479	\$164,986	\$597,943	\$160,536	21.27%	

Budget History									
May 15 <sup>th</sup> - FY 2018			2019	FY 2020 - May 15 <sup>th</sup>					
(past)			rrent)	(planned)					
DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share	DOE	Cost-share				
\$48,739	\$14,284	\$331,893	\$92,366	\$217,310	\$53,887				

# **Project Plan and Schedule**

Project Schedule				-	-		-					
Project Start: May 15, 2018		Completed Work										
Projected End: May 15, 2020		Active Task (in progress work)										
		Milestone/Deliverable (Originally Planned)										
		Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)										
		FY2018			FY2019			FY2020				
Task	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)
Budget Period 1	Ø	σ	0		Ø	0	0		Ø	σ	0	
Task 1 Milestone: IPMP with partner							•					
Task 2 Milestone: Downselect additives												
Task 3 Milestone: Assess toxicity of additives												
Task 4.1 Milestone: Design Minimum Ignition Energy (MIE) equipment						•	$\mathbf{\bullet}$					
Task 4.2 Milestone: Validate MIE testing							•	• •				
Task 4.3 Milestone: Flammability testing												
Task 5 Milestone: Material compatibility and stability testing								Go/I	No Go			
Budget Period 2												
Task 6 Milestone: MIE and flammability testing of top candidate(s)												
Task 7 Milestone: Compatibility and stability tests of top candidate(s)												
Task 8 Milestone: Economic evaluation												
Task 9 Milestone: Performance testing/Field trial												