

DOE Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO) 2019 Project Peer Review

4.2.2.40 Quantifying and Visualizing Progress Toward Sustainability

March 5, 2019

Analysis and Sustainability Technology Area

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Goal Statement

- **Quantify the environmental & socioeconomic benefits**, impacts and costs of cellulosic bioenergy options measured relative to stakeholder sustainability goals.
- Enable informed decisions and consistent, science-based communication via a web-based tool: the ***Bioenergy Sustainability Tradeoffs Assessment Resource (BioSTAR)***.
- Help DOE, industry and other researchers quantify, visualize and communicate potential effects of bioenergy deployment options.



4.2.2.40, Quantifying & Visualizing Progress Toward Sustainability

Timeline

- Start date: October 1, 2018
- End date: September 30, 2021
- Project is 15% complete

This is a new 3-year cycle of “Bioenergy Sustainability: How to Define & Measure It”.

	Total Costs Pre-FY17	FY 17 Costs	FY 18 Costs	Total Planned Funding (FY19-Project End Date)
DOE Funded	\$700,000 to \$750,000/year	\$800,000	\$700,000	\$700,000 per year

Collaborators include researchers at the USDA Forest Service, Antares, International Energy Agency (IEA), UT, Penn State, ANL, INL & more

Barriers addressed

- Quantification of Economic, Environmental, and Other Benefits & Costs (At-E)
- Science-Based Methods for Improving Sustainability (At-F)

Objective

Propel the US bioenergy industry toward implementation of systems that maximize benefits while minimizing negative impacts.

End of Project Goal

Provide science-based data and web-based analytical tools (e.g., **BioSTAR***) to holistically analyze tradeoffs of US biomass production options by integrating environmental and socioeconomic indicators of sustainability tailored to local conditions and stakeholder priorities.

***BioSTAR = Bioenergy Sustainability Tradeoffs Assessment Resource**

1 - Project Overview

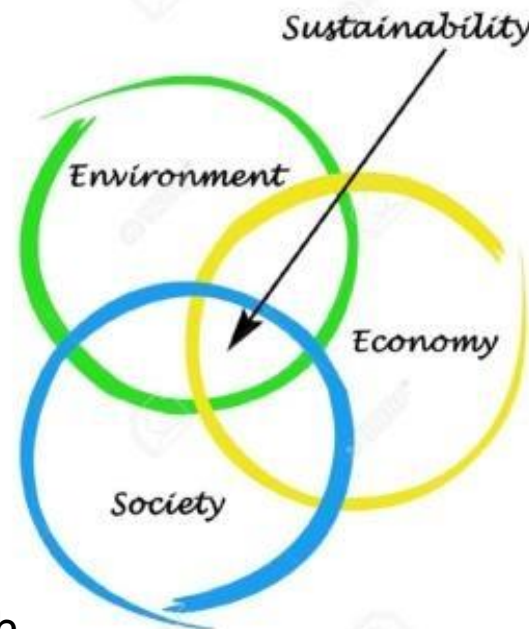
Understanding potential trade-offs among **environmental and socioeconomic indicators** can **help government & industry maximize potential benefits** for local communities.

ORNL's research agenda includes

- Defining environmental & socioeconomic benefits and costs of bioenergy systems
- Quantifying opportunities & tradeoffs associated with bioenergy systems in specific geographic contexts
- Engaging with a range of stakeholders to better understand the challenges & paths forward for sustainable bioenergy production
- Communicating case study results & generalizing lessons learned for improved practices

Key challenges

- New methods are needed to accurately represent complex tradeoffs
- Indicator data are collected at different spatial & temporal scales



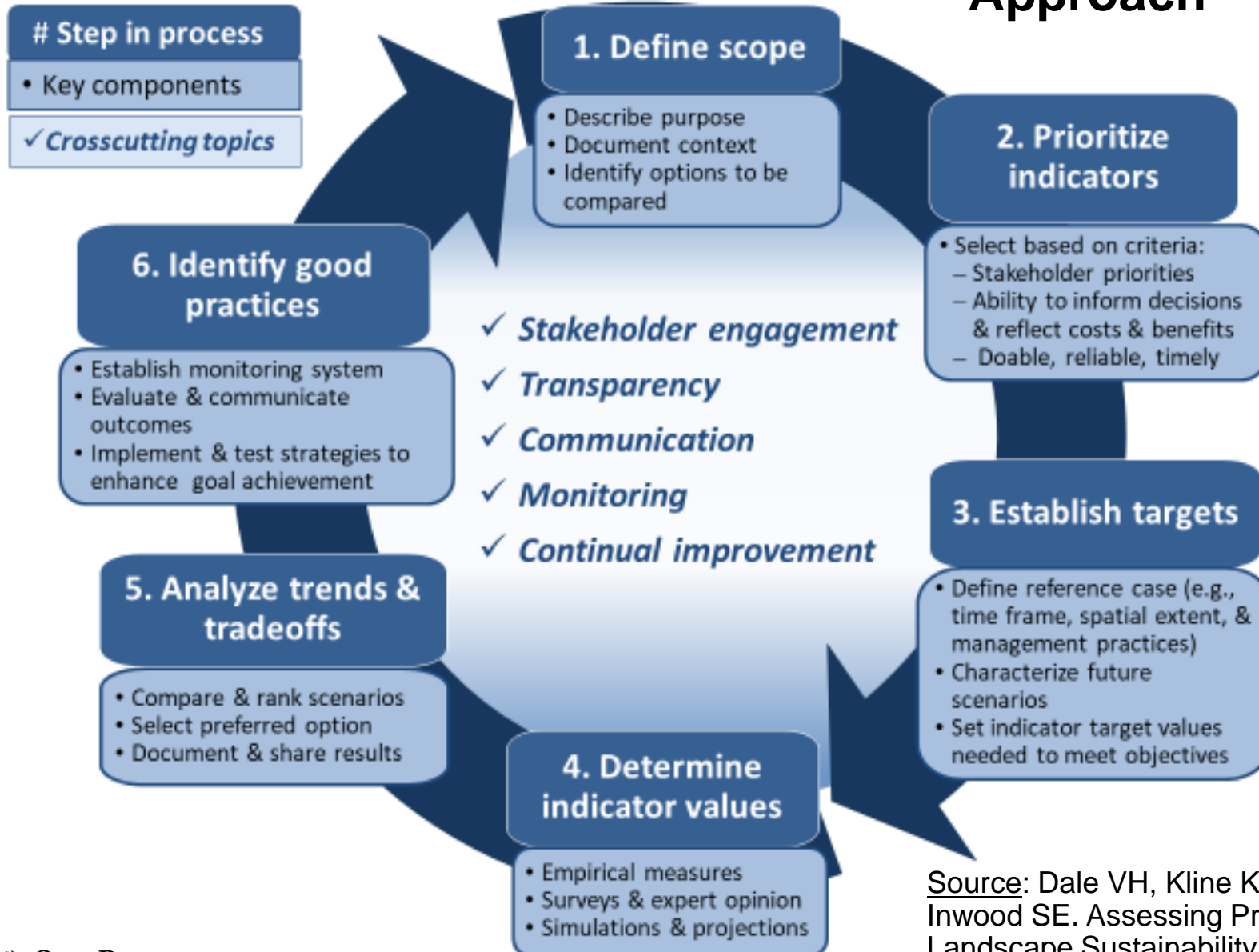
Sustainability Indicators:

- Environmental indicators in McBride et al. 2011
- Socioeconomic indicators in Dale et al. 2013

35 total in 12 categories

1 - Project Overview (cont'd)

Sustainability Assessment Approach

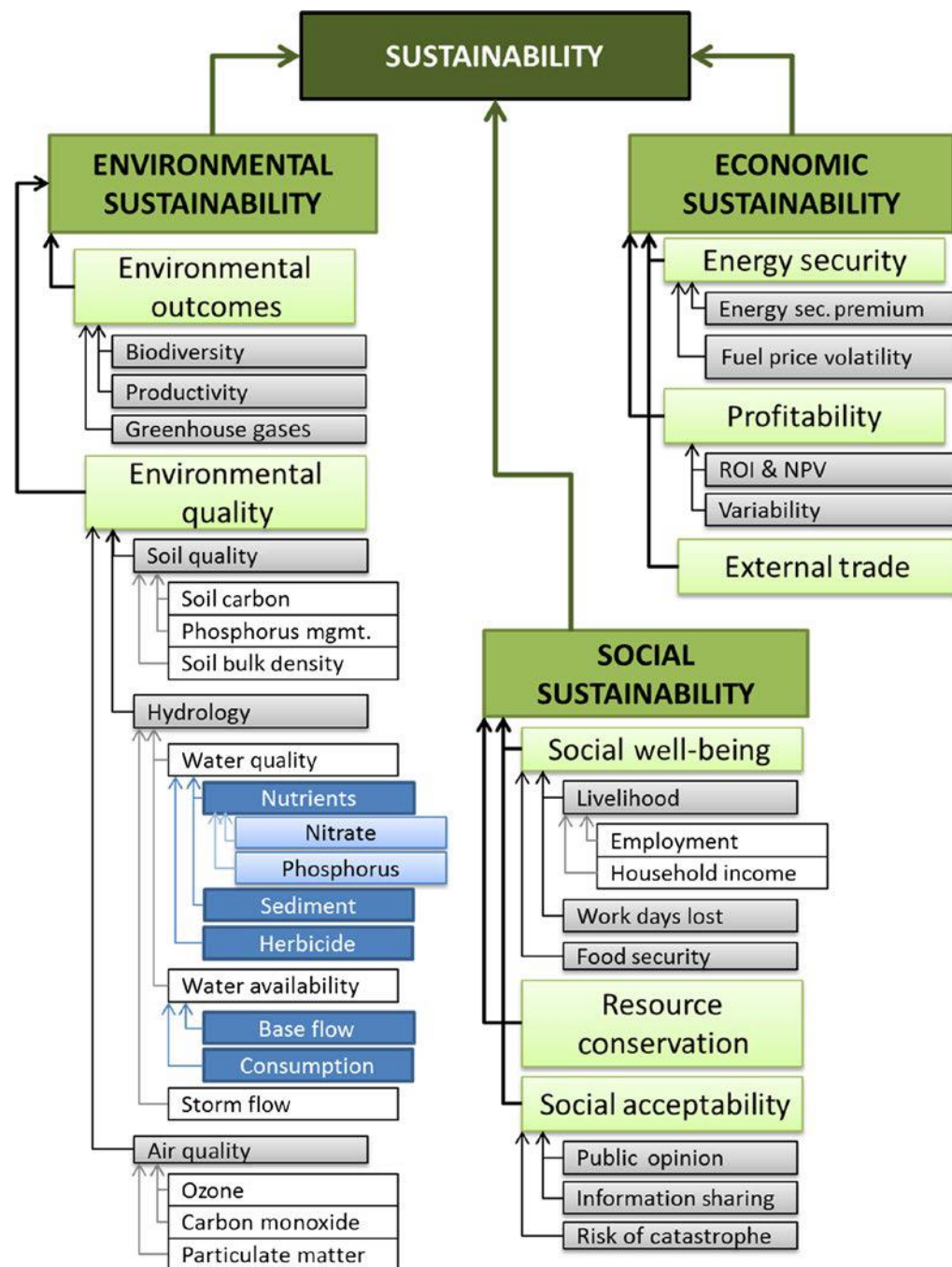


Source: Dale VH, Kline KL, Parish ES, Inwood SE. Assessing Progress toward Landscape Sustainability. In Review.

1 - Project Overview (cont'd)

Integrated assessment of sustainability using up to 35 indicators

- Aggregate indicators within a multi-attribute decision support system (MADSS) framework
- Assign ratings to each environmental & socioeconomic sustainability indicator
- Compare sustainability outcomes of alternative scenarios



Parish et al. (2016)
Ecosphere 7(2):e01206.

2 – Approach: Project Management

Our FY19-21 project is organized into two inter-related tasks:

Task 1: Theory

Develop methods & frameworks to quantify and integrate environmental and socioeconomic sustainability indicators for tradeoffs analyses

Task 2: Case-Study Application

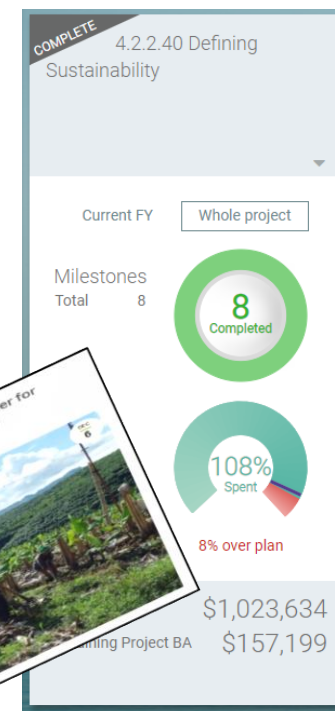
Develop & test a multimetric visualization platform for informed decision-making

SUCCESSFUL PROGRESS RESULTS FROM:

- Bi-weekly ORNL team meetings
- Monthly spending reviews
- Monthly BETO A&S Lab calls
- Monthly Antares Group webinars and in-person meetings
- Quarterly milestones for BETO
- Stage Gate & Merit reviews (2018)
- Preparations for a 'Go/No Go' milestone (June 2020)

--plus--

- **Journal publications**
- **Conference presentations & invited talks**
- **Preparations for May 2019 IEA workshop**



2 – Approach: Project Team



Esther Parish (PI)
Geographer & landscape ecologist with > 10 years bioenergy sustainability research experience; Recent PhD in Energy Science & Engineering



Mike Hilliard
Expert in logistics and supply chain management, modeling & simulation; Created Billion Ton 2016 report data visualizations



Rebecca Efroymsen
Risk assessment expert with 30 years experience studying environmental effects of energy technologies



Keith Kline
> 30 years of international experience with sustainable development projects involving renewable energy systems and community engagement

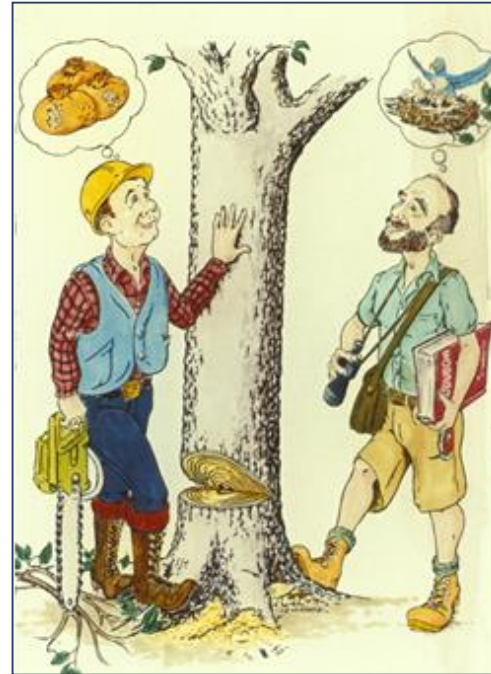
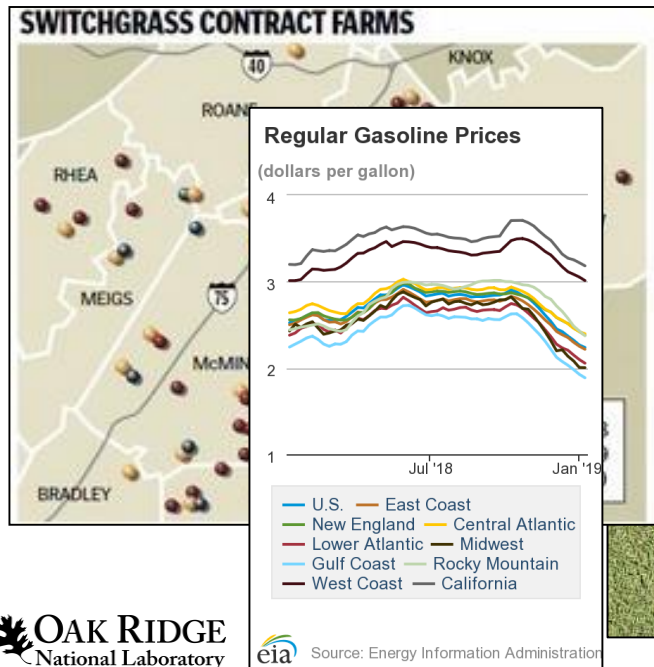
- Subcontractors include 2 usability experts + 1 programmer
- Collaborators include researchers at the US Forest Service, International Energy Agency (IEA), Antares Group, Penn State, University of Tennessee, ANL, INL, and more

2 – Approach: Advance Sustainability Science



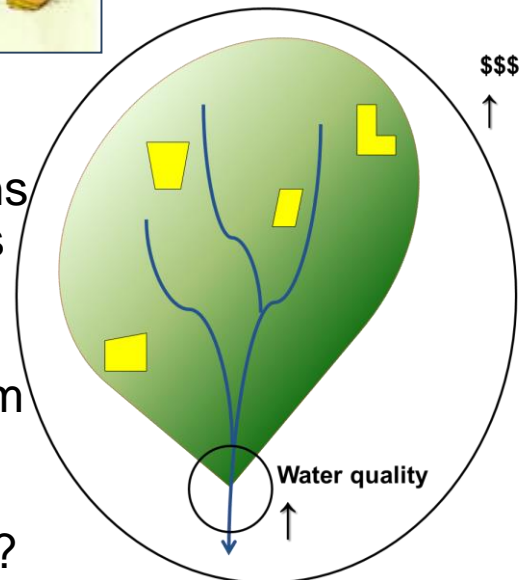
How should we set targets for indicators?

How can we integrate and visualize indicator data that have been collected across many spatial & temporal scales?

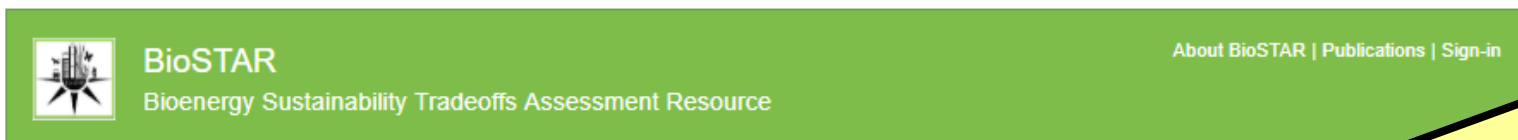
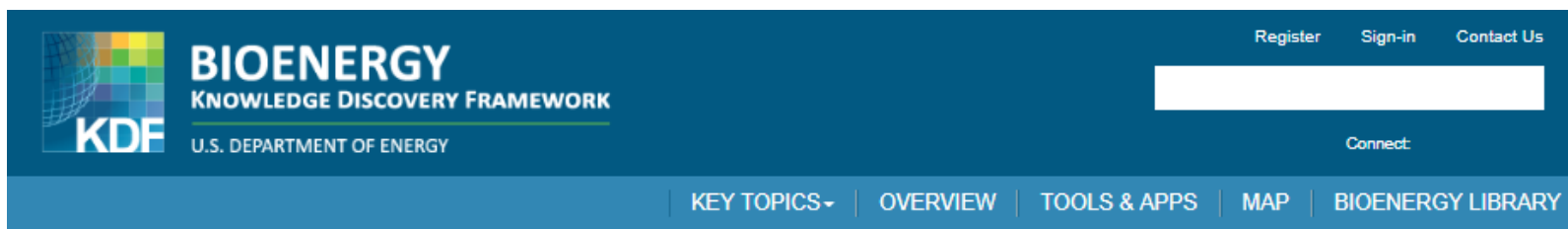


How will prioritization of indicators by different stakeholders affect sustainability outcomes?

How can combinations of indicators be used to maximize benefits from landscape design alternatives?



2 – Approach: Share Research through BioSTAR



BioSTAR - Bioenergy Sustainability Tradeoffs Assessment Resource

The Bioenergy Sustainability Tradeoffs Assessment Resource (BioSTAR) tool (Figure 1) is being developed by Oak Ridge National Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy's BioEnergy Technologies Office (DOE BETO). BioSTAR is designed to help stakeholders assess the sustainability tradeoffs of cellulosic biomass production systems (Figure 2).



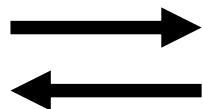
Enable web-based Stakeholder interaction with

- Case Study examples
- Indicator datasets
- User-contributed datasets

for improved decision-making

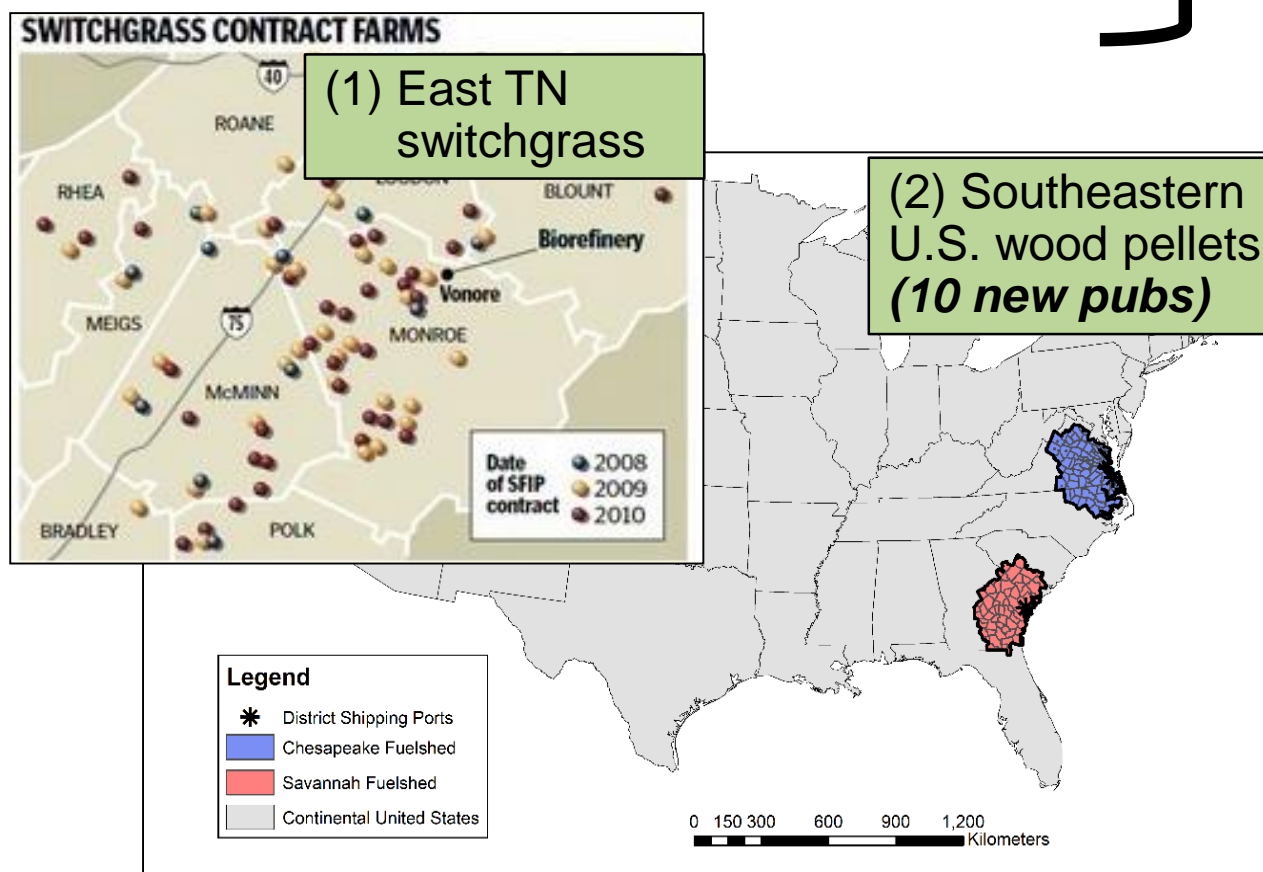
3 – Technical Accomplishments/ Progress/Results

Develop sustainability science theories



Test theories through **case study** application

Share lessons learned via BioSTAR for improved practices



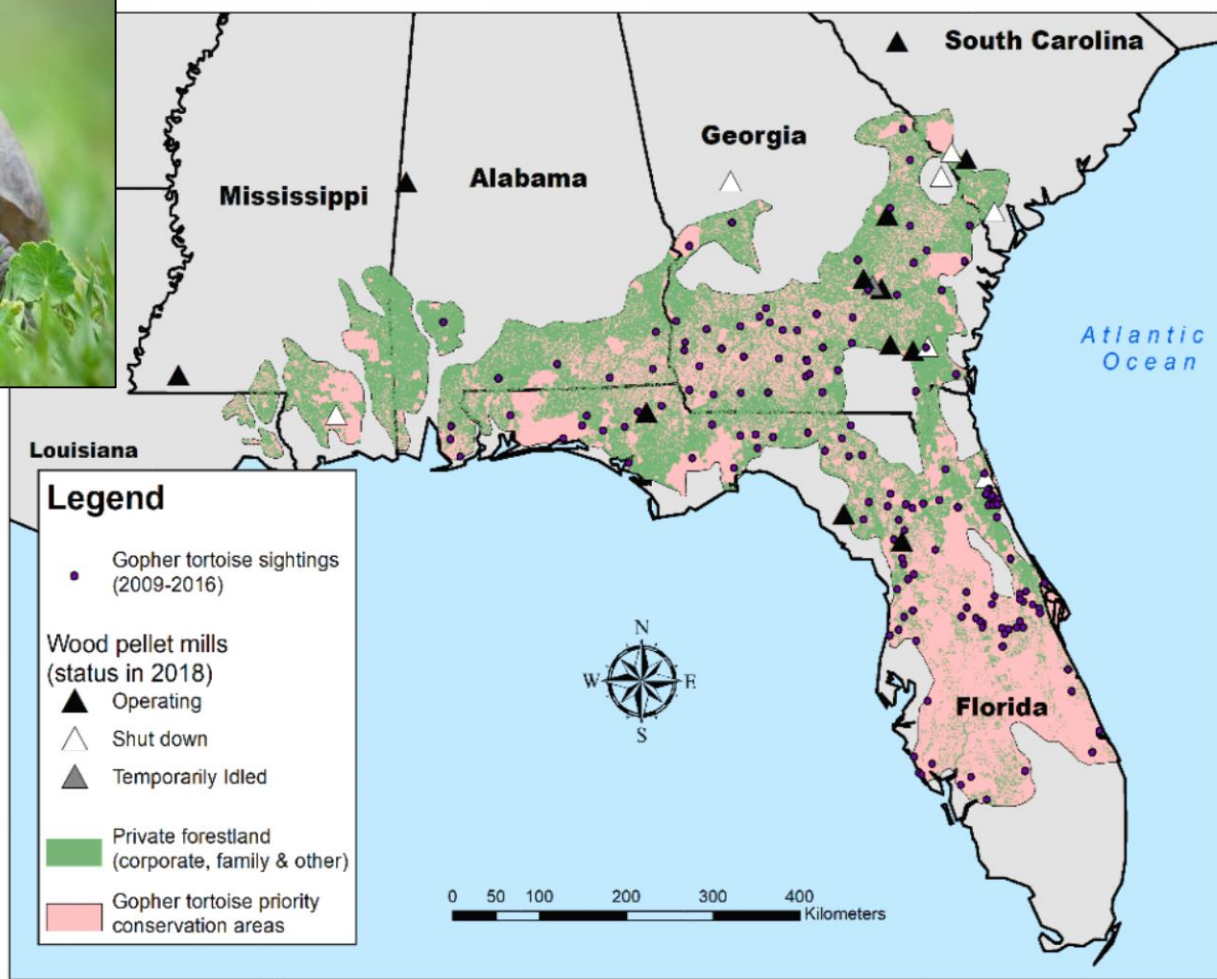
3 – Technical Accomplishments (cont'd)

Are species affected by wood pellet production?

Gopher tortoise (GT) is a keystone species in SE US pine forests



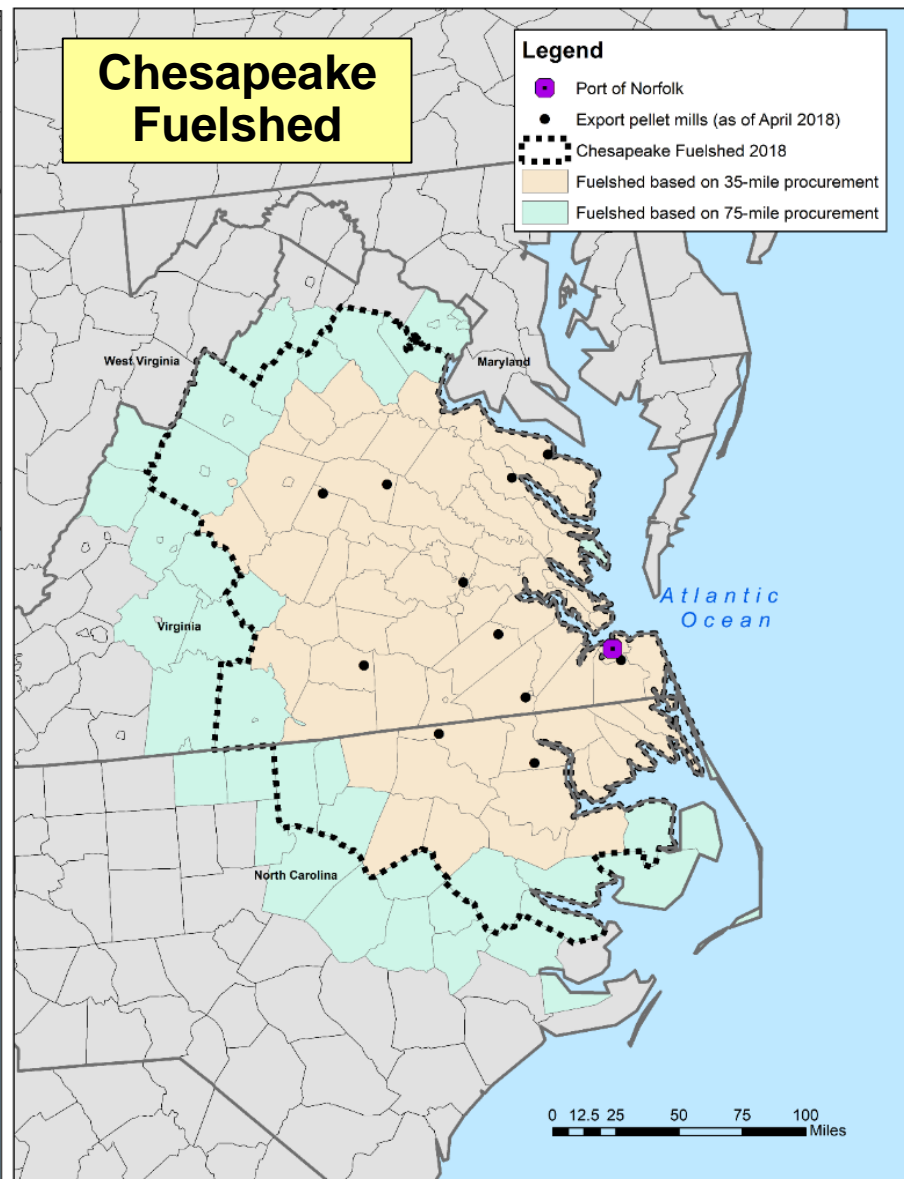
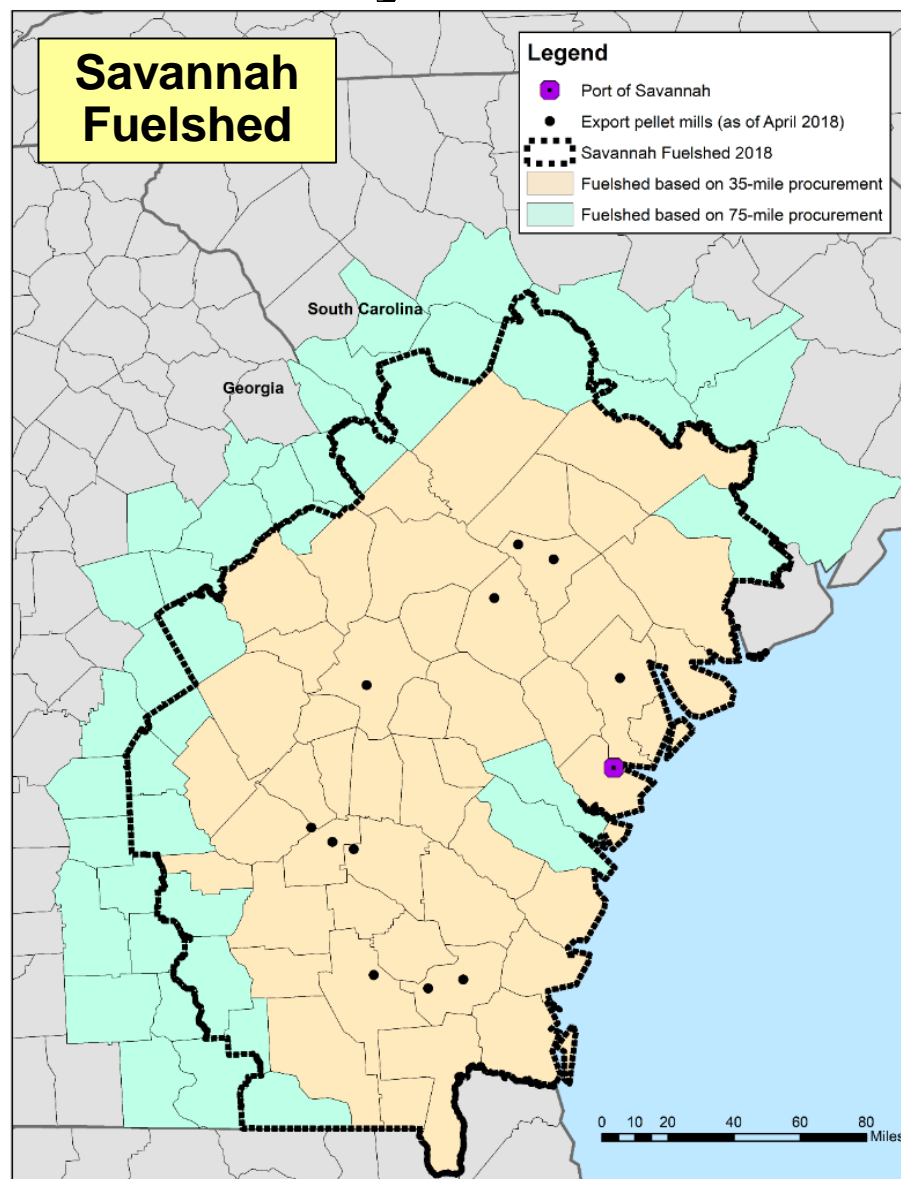
- Documented wood pellet supply chain steps & intersections with GT life history
- Identified practices that will protect GT
- Assessed Savannah fuelshed thinning effects on several species distributions using Bio-EST model



Overlapping bioenergy wood pellet industry & GT priority conservation areas

3 – Technical Accomplishments (cont'd)

Case Study of 2 Wood Pellet Fuelsheds



3 – Technical Accomplishments/Progress (cont'd)

Iowa Landscape Design Case Study



Enabling Sustainable
Landscape Design
for Continual
Improvement of
Operating Bioenergy
Supply Systems

U.S. Department of Energy (DOE)
Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO)
2017 Project Peer Review,
March 9, 2017
Denver, CO

Analysis & Sustainability Session

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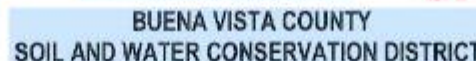
Cellulosic ethanol from:

- Corn stover
- Switchgrass



Lanham

www.antaresgroupinc.com



3 – Technical Accomplishments (cont'd)

Engaged with Iowa stakeholders to prioritize indicators

- Survey by Drake University
- Stakeholder & project workshops
- Interviews with key stakeholders
- Results documented in Dale et al. 2018



NGO workshop



Project members workshop

3 – Technical Accomplishments/Progress (cont'd)





























Linked Iowa sustainability indicators & goals

Sustainability Goals	Key Stakeholder(s)	Related Indicator Categories	Source(s) of Information
Produce cellulosic feedstock supply for commercial-scale biofuels production	Biorefinery Operator, Farmers	Productivity, Profit, Soil quality	AgSolver/EFC, Purdue, Penn State PIHM-Cycles modeling, INL BLM, ORNL IBSAL
Reduce nitrate and phosphorus runoff from nonpoint sources to meet Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy goals	State of Iowa	Water quality (and quantity)	USDA ACPF, ANL SWAT modeling, Penn State PIHM-Cycles modeling
Improve pheasant populations for recreational hunting	USDA CRP, Pheasants Forever	Biodiversity	USDA NRCS, ORNL Bio-EST modeling and optimization

ORNL is working with Antares project consortium to define scenarios and indicator baselines & targets needed to quantify sustainability tradeoffs

3 – Technical Accomplishments/Progress (cont'd)

BioSTAR tool designed to compare feedstock sustainability

Explanation				
 Expected to improve				
 Mixed results expected				
 Expected to worsen				
	Switchgrass 	Miscanthus 	Corn Stover 	Biomass sorghum 
Environmental				
Water Quality				
Total Nitrogen				
Nitrate				
Total phosphorus				
Suspended sediment				
Herbicide				
Water Quality				
Water Quantity				
Socio-economic				
Energy Security				
External Trade				

BioSTAR tool designed to make indicator data transparent

Feedstock: Switchgrass

	“
USA	East Tennessee, US
	Empirical, Modeled
	Agricultural ?
yr ⁻¹	Run-off:kg*ha ⁻¹ *yr ⁻¹ Concentration:mg/L
	Field
re	Corn and Pasture
	Explore Details
	✓
	✓
	✓

4 – Relevance

- Advance sustainability science needed to **analyze environmental & socioeconomic tradeoffs** of cellulosic bioenergy options
- Web-based BioSTAR tool will enable users to **integrate indicators of sustainability** tailored to local conditions + stakeholder goals/priorities
- Sustainability quantification & visualization will help government & industry implement bioenergy systems that **maximize potential benefits**



PROJECT BENEFITS

- ✓ Rural Jobs
- ✓ Farmer Profits
- ✓ Soil Quality
- ✓ Water Quality
- ✓ Biodiversity
- ✓ Reduced Carbon Emissions
- ✓ Energy Security

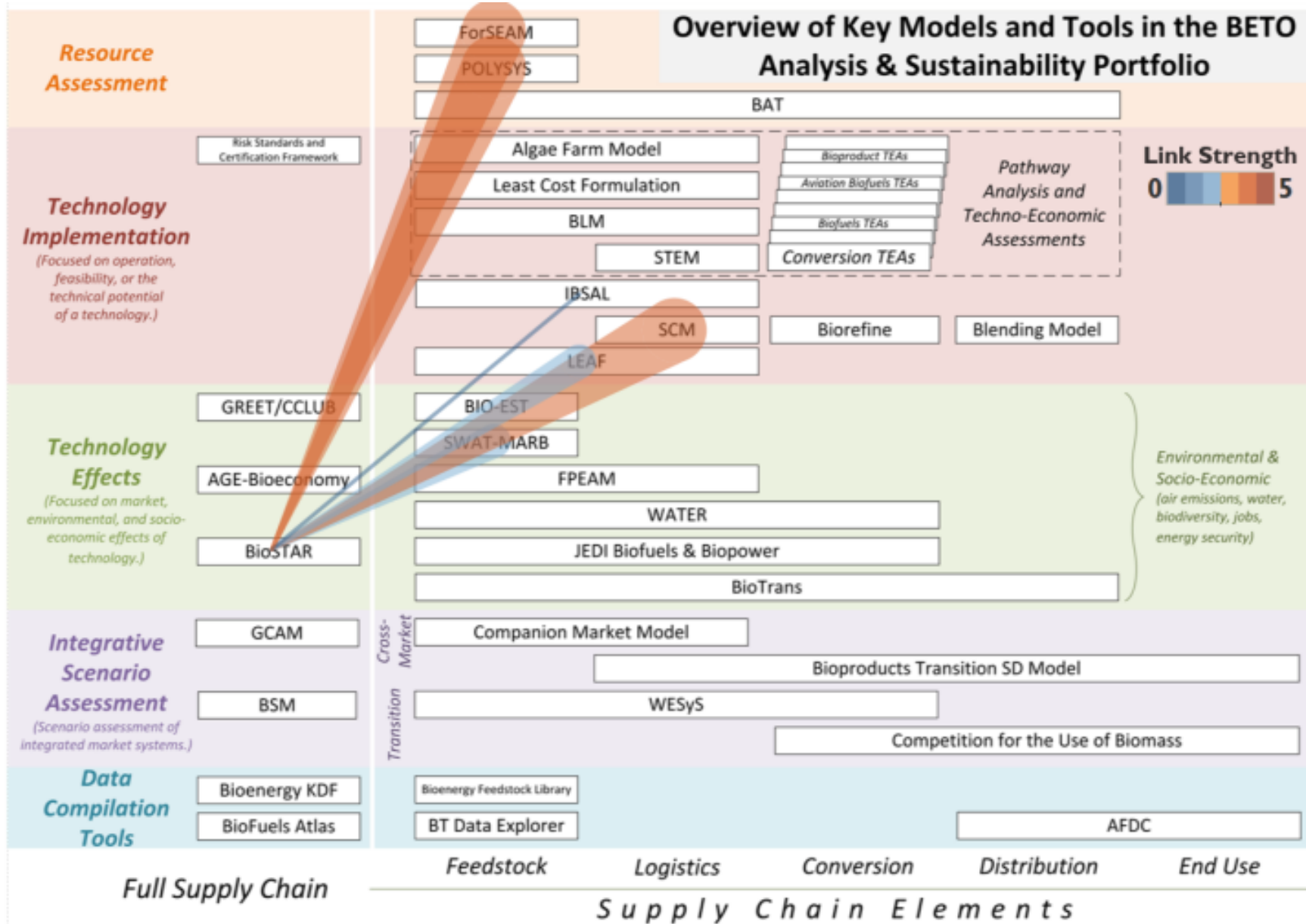
4 – Relevance (cont'd)

Feedback from March 2018 Stage Gate Review Iowa Landscape Design Project

“The process for prioritizing and choosing relevant sustainability indicators is outstanding. The journal article published by Dale et al* (provided to us during the review meeting) on this process and its outcomes is an important contribution to the literature on sustainability metrics. The team has gone to extraordinary and yet efficient means to engage a large number of organizations and stakeholders who would be impacted by the development of sustainable bioenergy and product supply chains in the targeted region of Iowa by taking advantage of multiple venues during 2015 and 2016. The analysis of the stakeholder feedback is intelligently and cogently presented, and is **a model for others who wish to adopt a valid stakeholder engagement process.**”

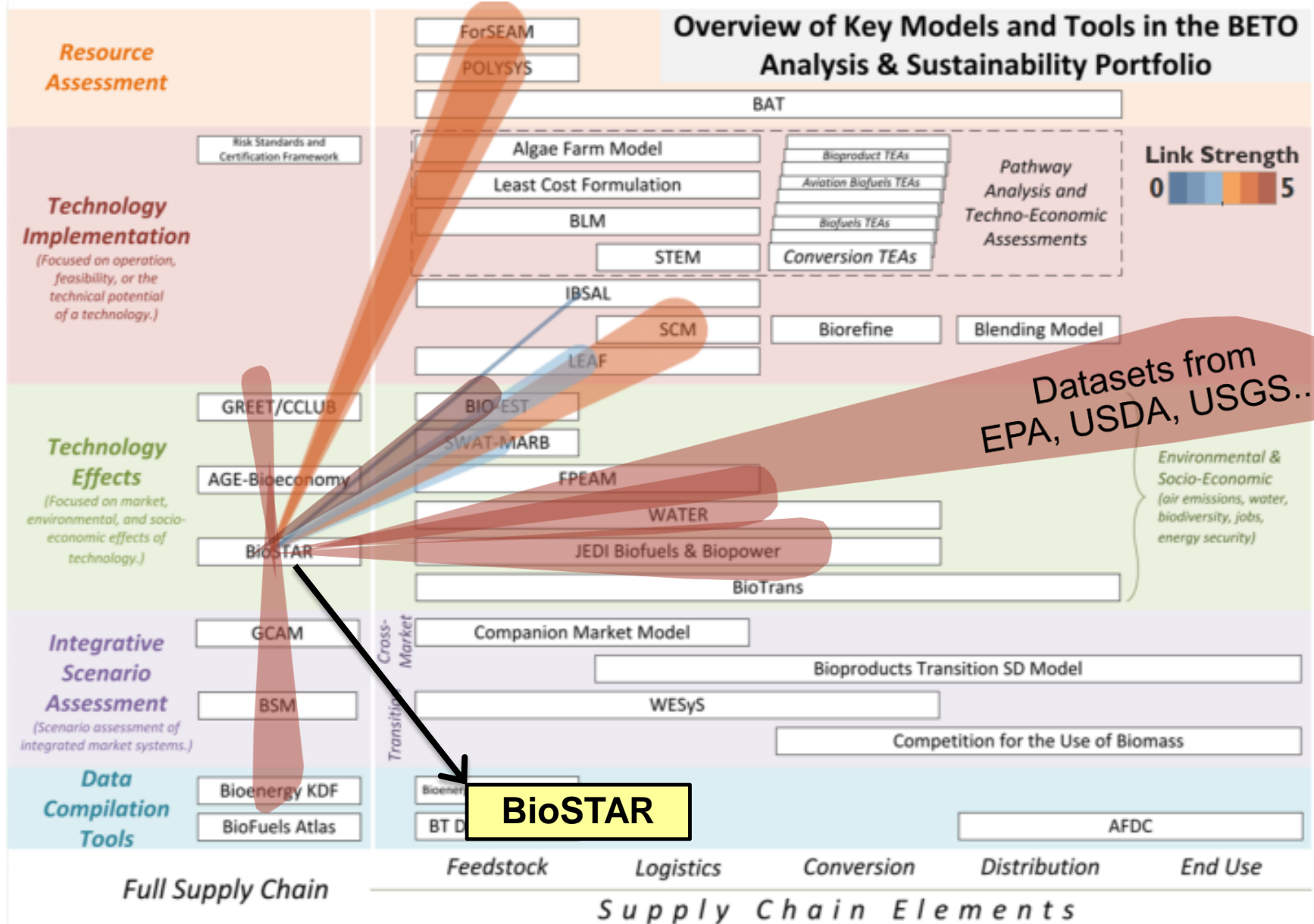


*Dale VH, Kline KL, Richard TL, Karlen DL, Belden WW (2018) Bridging biofuel sustainability indicators and ecosystem services through stakeholder engagement. Biomass & Bioenergy 114:143-156.



4 – Relevance (cont'd)

BioSTAR Inputs (Recent & Planned)

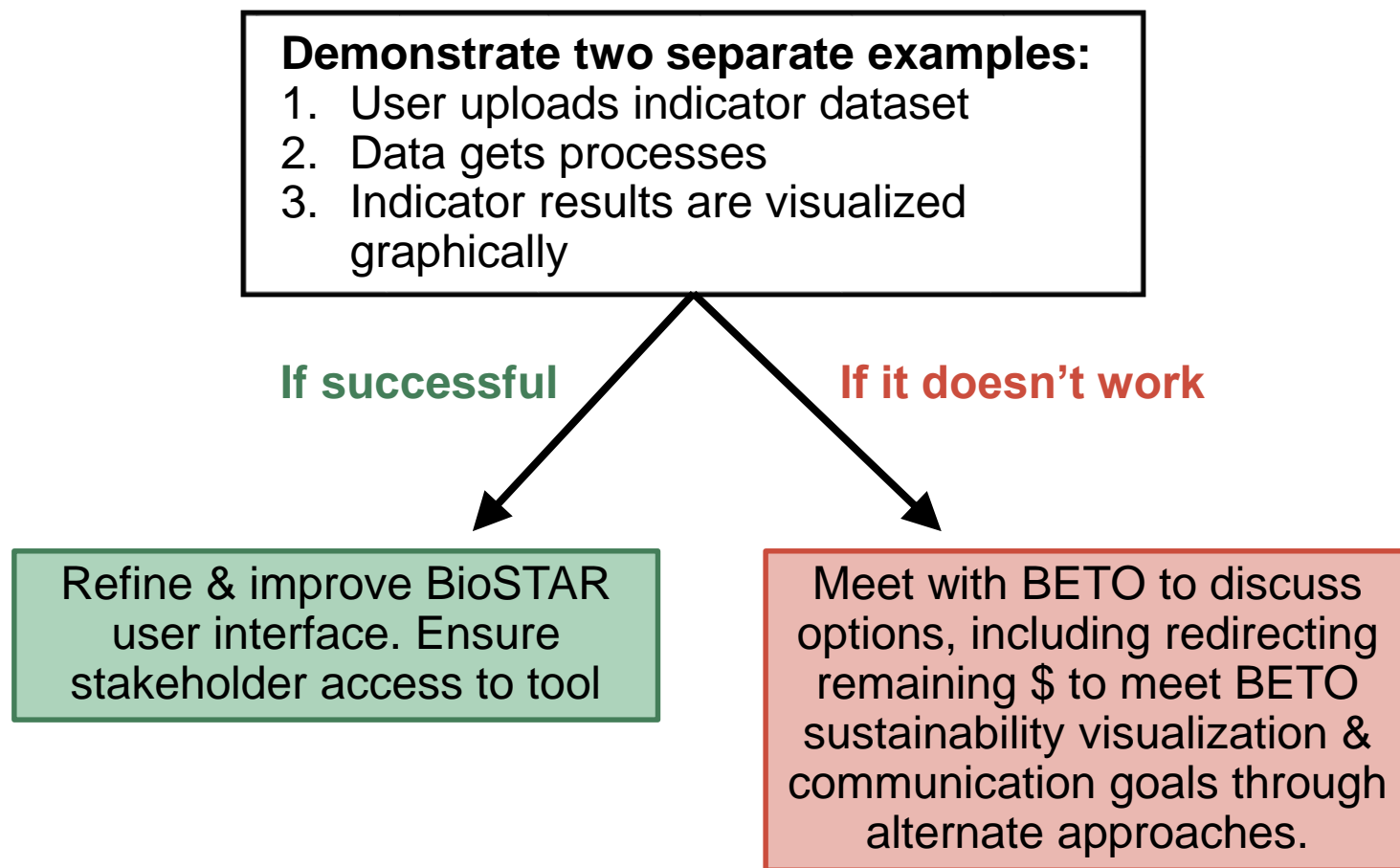


5 – Future Work

Due Date	Milestone	Expected Outcomes
March 2019	Develop draft theoretical framework for setting targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Targets established for Iowa case study environmental & socioeconomic indicators • Publication(s) • Methodology incorporated into BioSTAR
June 2019	IEA collaboration session with BioSTAR prototype	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wood pellet case study indicators vetted & prioritized by many stakeholders • Feedback used to refine & improve tool
Sept 2019	Pick set of national-scale datasets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incorporation of 'default' indicator datasets within BioSTAR to assist with new project evaluation
Dec 2019	Prioritization capability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visualize sustainability outcomes based on different stakeholder priorities
March 2020	Set Iowa socioeconomic targets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quantify changes in net jobs, household income & social acceptability for alternative landscape designs
June 2020	'Go' / 'No Go'	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BioSTAR allows users to explore their own projects (+ the 3 case studies)

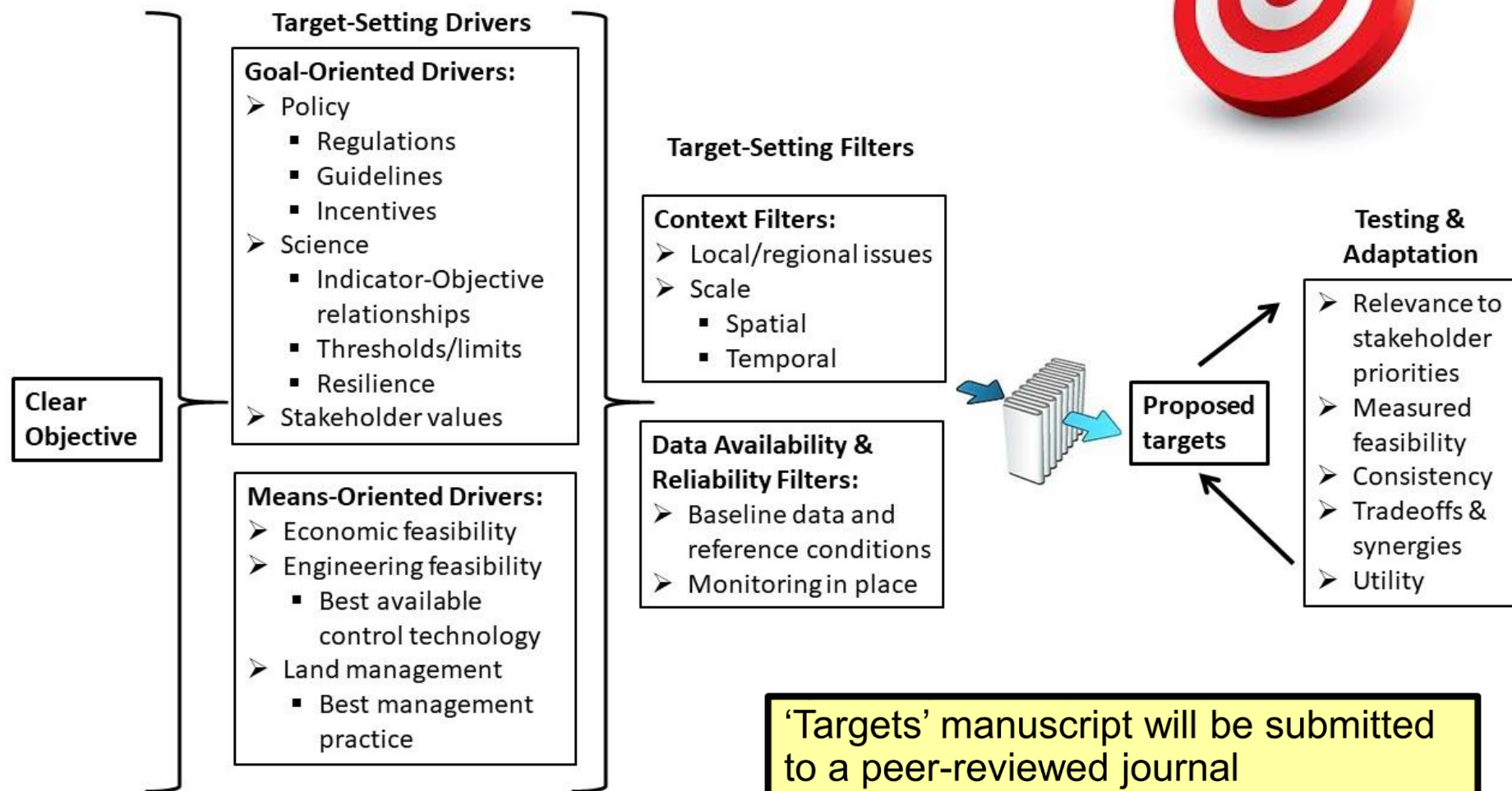
Project 'Go'/'No Go' Milestone (June 2020)

Is it feasible for users to enter their own projects into BioSTAR?



5 – Future Work (cont'd)

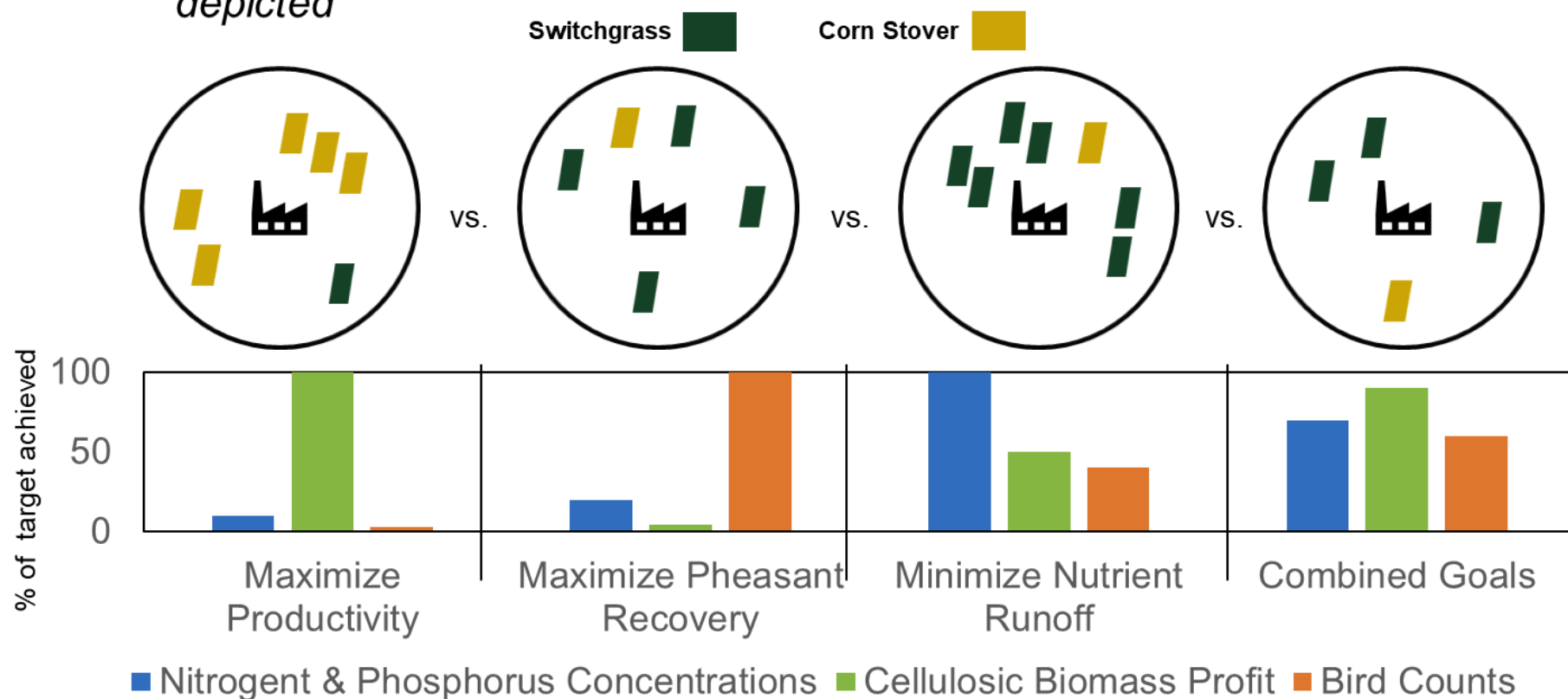
DRAFT Framework for Setting Sustainability Indicator Targets



5 – Future Work (cont'd)

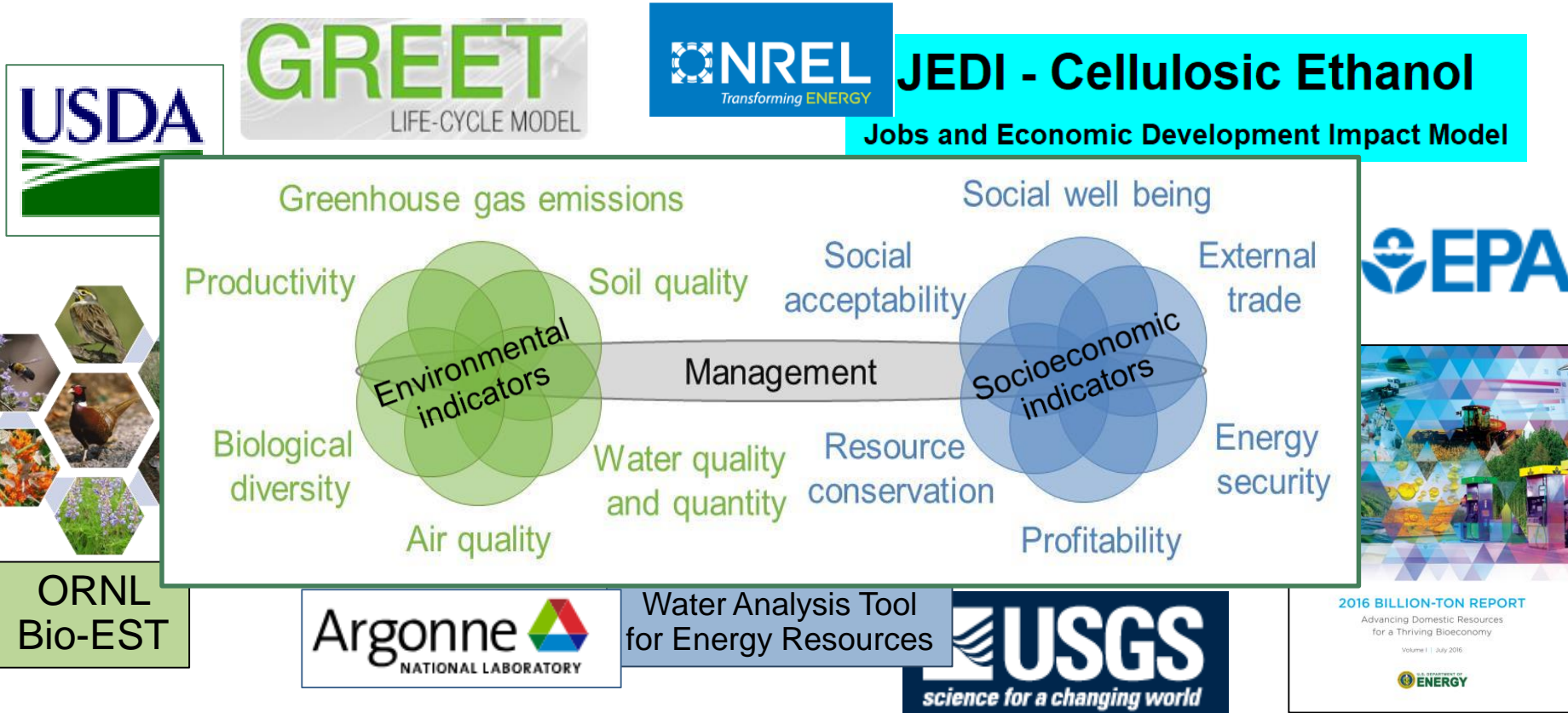
Use Iowa Case Study to develop methods for quantifying & visualizing sustainability tradeoffs & synergies across a fuelshed

Hypothetical results depicted



5 – Future Work (cont'd)

QUANTIFY & VISUALIZE A SET OF SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS based on transparent national-scale spatiotemporal datasets loaded into BioSTAR

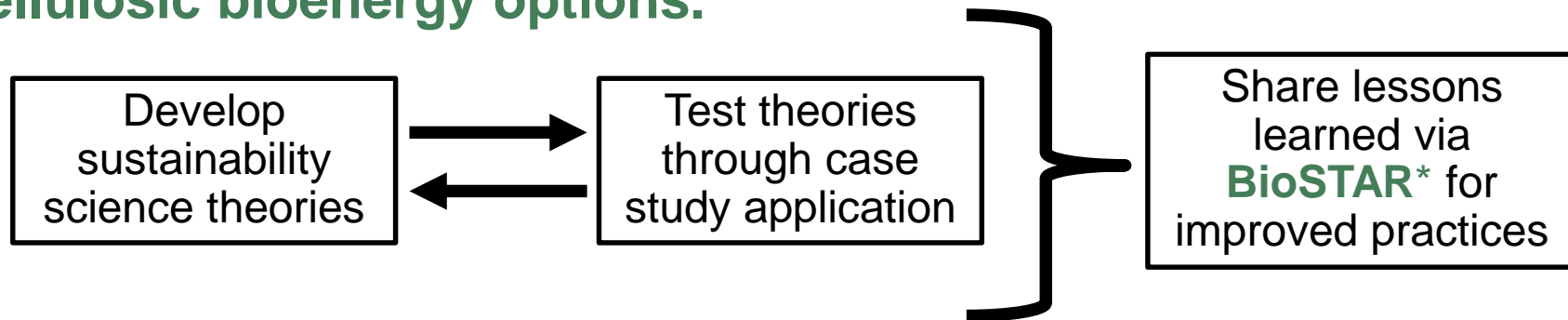


Potential Risk: Not getting enough indicator datasets of sufficient quantity/quality for consistent visualization of progress toward sustainability for all 12 categories.

Abatement Strategy: If this happens, we will narrow our focus to a few key indicators that have the best available data.

Summary of “Quantifying & Visualizing Progress Toward Sustainability” (Project 4.2.2.40)

GOAL: Provide DOE, industry and other researchers with tools to holistically quantify benefits & costs and visualize tradeoffs of cellulosic bioenergy options.



WHY? Maximize environmental & socioeconomic benefits for bioenergy stakeholders

ACCOMPLISHMENTS (*since March 2017*):

- 19 new publications + 7 manuscripts + many invited presentations
- Effective collaboration with researchers at the USDA Forest Service, International Energy Agency (IEA), Antares Group, Penn State, University of Tennessee, INL, ANL, and more
- BioSTAR wireframes built to showcase 3 case studies + user-added projects



***BioSTAR = Bioenergy Sustainability Tradeoffs Assessment Resource**

Additional Information

Environmental sustainability indicators (19 in 6 categories)

Category	Indicator	Units
Soil quality	Total organic carbon (TOC)	Mg/ha
	Total nitrogen (N)	Mg/ha
	Extractable phosphorus (P)	Mg/ha
	Bulk density	g/cm ³
Water quality & quantity	Nitrate concentration in streams (and export)	concentration: mg/L; export: kg/ha/yr
	Total phosphorus (P) concentration in streams (and export)	concentration: mg/L; export: kg/ha/yr
	Suspended sediment concentration in streams (and export)	concentration: mg/L; export: kg/ha/yr
	Herbicide concentration in streams (and export)	concentration: mg/L; export: kg/ha/yr
	Storm flow	L/s
	Minimum base flow	L/s
	Consumptive water use (incorporates base flow)	feedstock production: m ³ /ha/day; biorefinery: m ³ /day

Category	Indicator	Units
Greenhouse gases	CO ₂ equivalent emissions (CO ₂ and N ₂ O)	kgC _{eq} /GJ
Biodiversity	Presence of taxa of special concern	Presence
	Habitat area of taxa of special concern	ha
Air quality	Tropospheric ozone	ppb
	Carbon monoxide	ppm
	Total particulate matter less than 2.5µm diameter (PM _{2.5})	µg/m ³
	Total particulate matter less than 10µm diameter (PM ₁₀)	µg/m ³
Productivity	Aboveground net primary productivity (ANPP) / Yield	gC/m ² /year

McBride et al. (2011) *Ecological Indicators* 11:1277-1289

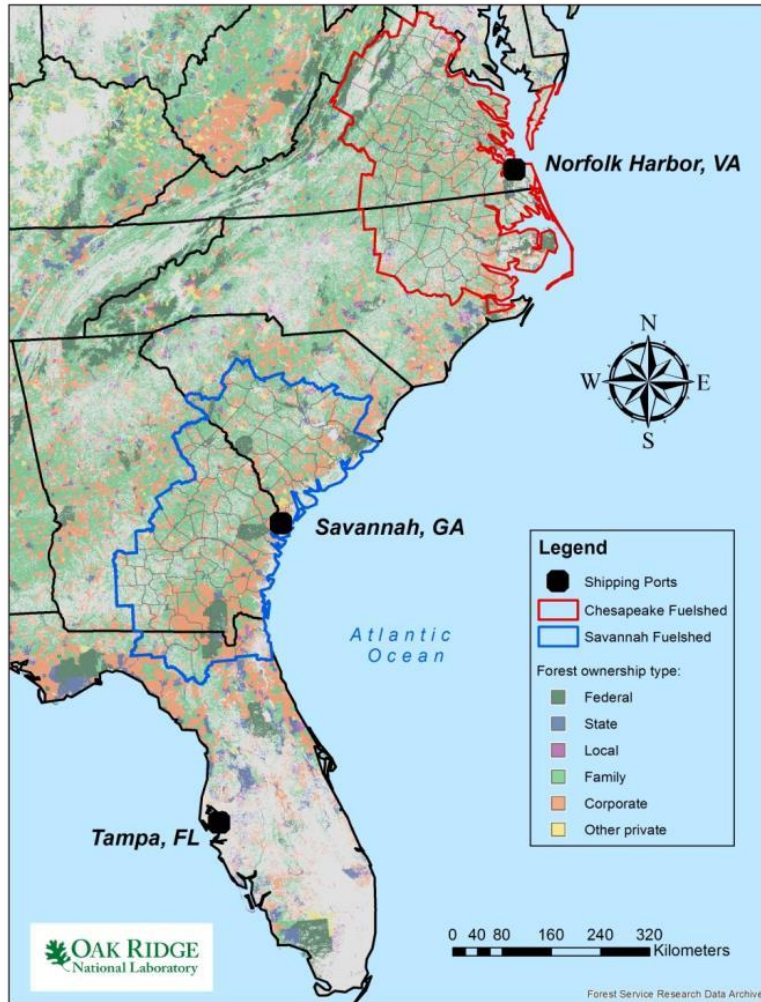
Socioeconomic sustainability indicators (16 in 6 categories)

Category	Indicator	Units
Social well-being	Employment	Number of full time equivalent (FTE) jobs
	Household income	\$ per day
	Work days lost due to injury	Average number of work days lost per worker per year
	Food security	% change in food price volatility
Energy security	Energy security premium	Dollars /gallon biofuel
	Fuel price volatility	Standard deviation of monthly percentage price changes over one year
External trade	Terms of trade	Ratio (price of exports/price of imports)
	Trade volume	Dollars (net exports or balance of payments)
Profitability	Return on investment (ROI)	Percent (net investment/ initial investment)
	Net present value (NPV) ²	Dollars (present value of benefits - present value of costs)

Category	Indicator	Units
Resource Conservation	Depletion of non-renewable energy resources	MT (amount of petroleum extracted per year)
	Fossil Energy Return on Investment (fossil EROI)	MJ (ratio of amount of fossil energy inputs to amount of useful energy output)
Social acceptability	Public opinion	Percent favorable opinion
	Transparency	Percent of indicators for which timely and relevant performance data are reported
	Effective stakeholder participation	Number of documented responses to stakeholder concerns and suggestions reported on an annual basis
	Risk of catastrophe	Annual probability of catastrophic event

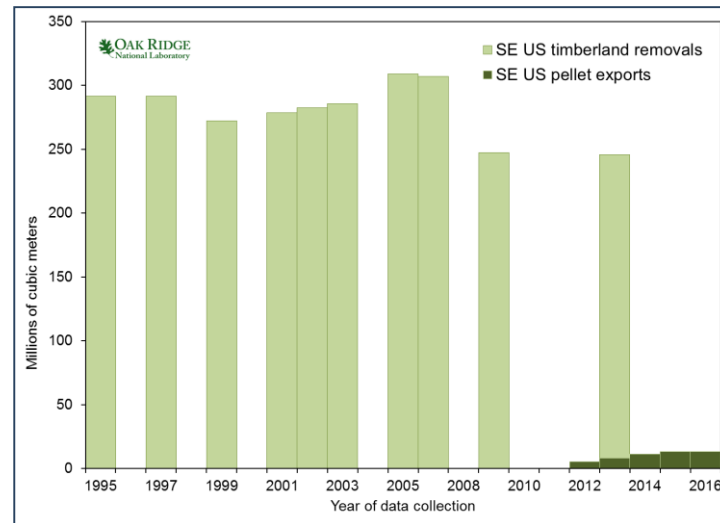
Dale et al. (2013) *Ecological Indicators* 26:87-102

Wood Pellet Case Study: Background Information



- Over half of US wood pellets ship to Europe from Savannah, GA & Norfolk, VA
- Examined USDA Forest Inventory & Analysis (FIA) data for changes from pellet production

Timberland Characteristic	Savannah Fuelshed	Chesapeake Fuelshed
Naturally regenerating stand volume	Increased	No change
Plantation volume	Increased	Increased
Large-diameter tree area	Increased	Increased
Medium diameter tree area	No change	No change
Small diameter tree area	No change	No change
Standing dead tree density of natural stands (#/ha)	Increased	No change
Standing dead tree density of plantations (#/ha)	Decreased	No change
Carbon content of soil and leaf litter	Increased	No change
Carbon content of live harvestable material	Increased	Increased
Carbon content of dead non-harvestable material	Increased	No change



Only a small portion of SE US timberland removals are used for bioenergy wood pellets

Dale et al. (2017) *GCB Bioenergy*, Dale et al. (2017) *Forest Ecology and Management*, Parish et al. (2017) *Data in Brief*, Parish et al. (2017) *World Biomass*, Parish et al. (2017) *WIREs*

Project Publications (*since March 2017*)

- Baskaran, Latha Malar (2017) *Effects of Switchgrass Related Land-Use Changes on Aquatic Macroinvertebrates*. PhD dissertation, University of Tennessee. https://trace.tennessee.edu/utk_graddiss/4384
- Dale VH, HI Jager HI, AK Wolfe, RA Efroymson (2018) Risk and resilience in an uncertain world. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment* 16(1):3. <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/fee.1759/full>
- Dale VH, KL Kline (2017) Interactive Posters: A valuable means for enhancing communication and learning about productive paths toward sustainable bioenergy. *Biofuels, Bioproducts and Biorefining* 11:243–246.
- Dale VH, KL Kline, ES Parish, AL Cowie, R Emory, RW Malmshiemer, R Slade, CT Smith, TB Wigley, NS Bentsen, G Berndes, P Bernier, M Brandão, H Chum, R Diaz-Chavez, G Egnell, L Gustavsson, J Schweinle, I Stupak, P Trianosky, A Walter, C Whittaker, M Brown, G Chescheir, I Dimitriou, C Donnison, A Goss Eng, KP Hoyt, JC Jenkins, K Johnson, CA Levesque, V Lockhart, MC Negri, JE Nettles, M Wellisch (2017) Status and prospects for renewable energy using wood pellets from the southeastern United States. *GCB Bioenergy* 9(8):1296-1305.
- Dale VH, Kline KL, Richard TL, Karlen DL, Belden WW (2018) Bridging biofuel sustainability indicators and ecosystem services through stakeholder engagement. In a Special Issue on “Biofuels and Ecosystem Services” *Biomass & Bioenergy* 114:143-156.
- Dale VH, Parish ES, Kline KL, Tobin E (2017) How is wood-based pellet production affecting forest conditions in the southeastern United States? *Forest Ecology and Management* 396:143-149.
- Dimitriou I., Berndes, G., Englund, O., Brown, M., Busch, G., Dale, V., Devlin, G., English, B., Goss, K., Jackson, S., Kline, K. L., McDonnell, K., McGrath, J., Mola-Yudego, B., Murphy, F., Negri, MC., Parish, E. S., Ssegane, H., and Tyler, D. (2018) *Lignocellulosic Crops in Agricultural Landscapes: Production systems for biomass and other environmental benefits – examples, incentives, and barriers*. IEA Bioenergy Task 43 Report TR2018-05. Available online at <http://task43.ieabioenergy.com/publications/lignocellulosic-crops-in-agricultural-landscapes/>
- Duden AS, PA Verweij, HM Junginger, RC Abt, JD Henderson, VH Dale, KL Kline, D Karssenberg, JA Versteegen, APC Faaij, F van der Hilst (2017) Modelling the impacts of wood pellet demand on forest dynamics in southeastern United States. *Biofuels, Bioproducts and Biorefining* 11(5):1007-1029.

Project Publications (cont'd)

- Eichler Inwood SE, López-Ridaura S, Kline KL, Gérard B, Monsalve AG, Govaerts B, Dale VH. (2018) Assessing sustainability in agricultural landscapes: a review of approaches. *Environmental Reviews* 26(3):299-315.
- Fritsche UR, G Berndes, AL Cowie, VH Dale, KL Kline, FX Johnson, H Langeveld, N Sharma, H Watson, J Woods (2017) *Energy and land use*. Working Paper for the UNCCD Global Land Outlook. Prepared for UNCCD and IRENA.
- Kanter DR, Musumba M, Wood SLR, Palm C, Antle J, Balvanera P, Dale VH, Havlik P, Kline KL, Scholes RJ, Thornton P, Tiftonnell P, Andelman S. 2018. Evaluating agricultural trade-offs in the age of sustainable development. *Agricultural Systems* 163:73-88.
- Kline KL, Parish ES and Dale VH (2018) The importance of reference conditions in assessing effects of bioenergy wood pellets produced in the southeastern United States. *World Biomass* 2018/2019 Edition, Pages 82-86. DCM Productions, United Kingdom.
- Liu J, Dou Y, Batistella M, Challies E, Connor T, Friis C, Huettmann F, Millington J, Parish E. et al. (2018) Spillover systems in a telecoupled Anthropocene: Typology, methods, and governance for global sustainability. *Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability* 33:58–69.
- Parish, Esther Sullivan (2017) *Investigating the Sustainability of Southeastern United States' Wood Pellet Production for Use in European Biopower Facilities*. PhD Diss., University of Tennessee. https://trace.tennessee.edu/utk_graddiss/4832/
- Parish ES, Dale VH, Kline KL (2017) Has pellet production affected SE US forests? *World Biomass* 2016/2017 Edition, Pages 38-42. DCM Productions, United Kingdom.
- Parish ES, Dale VH, Kline KL Abt RC (2017) Reference scenarios for evaluating wood pellet production in the Southeastern United States. *WIREs Energy and Environment* 6:e259.
- Parish, ES, Dale VH, Tobin E, Kline KL (2017) Dataset of timberland variables used to assess forest conditions in two Southeastern United States' fuelsheds. *Data in Brief* 13:278–290.

Project Publications (cont'd)

- Parish ES, Herzberger A, Phifer C, Dale VH (2018) Telecoupled transatlantic wood pellet trade provides benefits in both the sending and receiving systems. *Ecology and Society* 23(1):28. Synthesis article for a special issue on “Telecoupling: A New Frontier for Global Sustainability.”
- Souza G, Ballester MVR, Cruz CHB, Chum H, Dale B, Dale VH, Fernandes E, Foust T, Karp A, Lynd L, Maciel R, Milanez A, Nigro F, Osseweijer P, Verdade L, Victoria R, Van Der Wielen L (2017) The role of bioenergy in a climate-changing world. *Environmental Development* 23:57-64.

Current Manuscripts

Baskaran LM, Parish ES, Dale VH (In Revision) How will SE US wood pellet production affect the gopher tortoise (*Gopherus polyphemus*)?

Dale VH, Kline KL, Parish ES, Eichler SE (Submitted) Engaging Stakeholders to Assess Landscape Sustainability. *Landscape Ecology*

Hodges DG, Chapagain B, Watcharaanantapong P, Poudyal NC, Kline KL, Dale VH (In Review) Dataset of Forest Landowner Survey to Assess Interest in Supplying Woody Biomass in Two Southeastern United States Fuelsheds. *Data in Brief*

Hodges DG, Chapagain B, Watcharaanantapong P, Poudyal NC, Kline KL, Dale VH (In Review) Opportunities and attitudes of private forest landowners in supplying woody biomass for renewable energy. *Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews*

Nair S, Parish ES, Baskaran LM (In Preparation) Analysis of hydrologic impacts from forest thinning for bioenergy wood pellet production.

Parish ES, Brandeis C, Turner J, Kline KL (In Preparation) What is the sensitivity of environmental indicators derived from USDA Forest Inventory and Analysis Data to bioenergy fuelshed boundaries?

Parish ES, Baskaran LM, Brandeis C, Dale VH, Jager H, Kline KL, Langholtz LM, Nair S, Turner J (In Preparation) Sustainability analysis of two Southeastern US bioenergy wood pellet fuelsheds.

Related Team Publications (*since March 2017*)

Davis M, Alves BJR, Karlen D, Kline KL, Galdos M, Abulebdeh D (2018) Review of Soil Organic Carbon Measurement Protocols: A U.S. and Brazil Comparison and Recommendation. *Sustainability* 10(1)53.

Efroymson RA, VH Dale, MH Langholtz (2017) Socioeconomic indicators for sustainable design and commercial development of algal biofuel systems. *GCB Bioenergy* 9:1005-1023.

Parish ES, Pracheil BM, McManamay RA, Curd SL, DeRolph C, Smith B (2019) Review of environmental metrics used across multiple sectors and geographies to evaluate the effects of hydropower development. *Applied Energy*
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2019.01.038>

Sylvester L, Omitaomu OA, Parish ES, Bhaduri BL (2019) Evaluating the Implications of Climate Projections on Heat Hardiness Zones for Green Infrastructure Planning. *Current Environmental Engineering*. Available online at
<http://www.eurekaselect.com/167284/article>

Wang G, Jager HI, Baskaran LM, Brandt CC (2018) Hydrologic and water quality responses to biomass production in the Tennessee river basin. *GCB Bioenergy* 10(11)877-893.

Feedback from March 2017 ‘Go/No Go’ BioSTAR Workshop

BioSTAR is a “Very useful and one-of-a-kind tool for evaluating sustainability for different bioenergy land use options.”

We agree that BioSTAR is unique. We do not know of any other decision tool that tries to address all three pillars of sustainability for bioenergy systems.

“It is challenging to communicate biomass sustainability to diverse stakeholder groups.”

True! We think that BioSTAR users may include researchers from government & academia, industry, NGO’s, and potential feedstock producers. It is challenging to build a tool that can assist all of these stakeholders with decision-making.

“Taking a lot of complex data on a large issue-sustainability-is a huge undertaking. Take a small slice of this challenge and focus on it to be successful.”

We started with 3 case study applications before beginning to think about ways for users to analyze their own projects.

“Incorporate data from BT16 Vol 2 into the tool.” We are currently working on this.

“Include options to explore all data by feedstock type, by sustainability indicator data available, etc.”

BioSTAR’s “Indicator Data Explorer” and “Feedstock Comparison” modules are under development to address these suggestions.

Responses to 2017 DOE Peer Review Comments

“The true value of this project is to get people thinking about a broad umbrella of indicators especially going beyond the traditional environmental indicators and including economic and social impacts as well. It will be important as the project moves forward to enable the use of best practices by providing examples of how these various metrics can be assessed, integrated, and effectively visualized.”

Our web-based BioSTAR tool is being built to demonstrate 3 case studies that use a combination of environmental & socioeconomic indicators to assess and visualize sustainability relative to stakeholder priorities. Sharing lessons learned will promote good practices.

“It would be useful to consider how the project could support making data available for the analysis of future biofuel systems and/or how could data be brought together from disparate sources to support a comprehensive sustainability assessment of biofuel systems.”

In addition to sharing ORNL’s case study results, we are beginning to pull together national-scale datasets that can provide baseline values for our starting checklist of environmental & socioeconomic indicators of bioenergy sustainability (or perhaps a subset of key indicators). These datasets and our sustainability assessment methodology will be made available through the web-based BioSTAR tool so that they can be used to comprehensively evaluate the benefits & costs of new cellulosic biomass systems.

Comments from 2018 Project AOP Merit Review

*“This proposal is to develop an online tool and support database to quantify and visualize the potential sustainability costs and benefits of using different cellulosic bioenergy feedstocks in different geographic contexts. **It is very innovative, and if successful, could yield strong rewards to local and regional decision makers and planners.**”*

“An important aspect of the work is making existing and forthcoming BETO research more understandable and accessible.”

“Overall, this project's objective - to inform decisions and better implement bioenergy systems - is admirable and supports BETO's mission.”