Tax Deduction Qualified Software for buildings placed in service on or after January 1, 2016.

**TRNSYS 18.00.0019**


Date Documentation Received by DOE: August 1, 2018

*Statements and information in the right hand column of this table are from the software developer.*

| 1) The name, address, and (if applicable) Web site of the manager in charge of software development; | Thermal Energy System Specialists, LLC  
22 N Carroll St, Suite 370  
Madison, WI 53703  
Trnsys.com |
|---|---|
| 2) The name, email address, and telephone number of the person to contact for further information regarding the software; | Timothy P McDowell  
mcdowell@tess-inc.com  
+1-608-274-2577 |
| 3) The name, version, or other identifier of the software as it will appear on the list; | TRNSYS 18.00.0019 |
| 4) All test results, input files, output files, weather data, modeler reports, and the executable version of the software with which the tests were conducted; and | Provided to DOE |
| 5) A declaration by the manager in charge of software development, made under penalties of perjury, that all statements and information in the righthand column of this table are true and correct | On behalf of the TRNSYS development team I certify the following:  
(a) The software has been tested according to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 140-2014 Standard Method of Test for the Evaluation of Building Energy Analysis Computer Programs;  
(b) The software can model explicitly— | The software has been tested according to ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 140-2014 Standard Method of Test for the Evaluation of Building Energy Analysis Computer Programs.  
The TRNSYS software is fully compliant with ASHRAE 90.1-2007 and meets all of the below requirements. |
(i) 8,760 hours per year; The TRNSYS software complies.

(ii) Calculation methodologies for the building components being modeled; The TRNSYS software complies.

(iii) Hourly variations in occupancy, lighting power, miscellaneous equipment power, thermostat setpoints, and HVAC system operation, defined separately for each day of the week and holidays; The TRNSYS software complies.

(iv) Thermal mass effects; The TRNSYS software complies.

(v) Ten or more thermal zones; The TRNSYS software complies.

(vi) Part-load performance curves for mechanical equipment; The TRNSYS software complies.

(vii) Capacity and efficiency correction curves for mechanical heating and cooling equipment; and The TRNSYS software complies.

(viii) Air-side and water-side economizers with integrated control. The TRNSYS software with the add-on TESS Libraries complies.

(c) The software can explicitly model each of the following HVAC systems listed in Appendix G of Standard 90.1-2007:1

| (i) Packaged Terminal Air Conditioner (PTAC), constant volume (CV) fan, DX coil cooling, hot-water fossil fuel boiler. The TRNSYS software models this system. |
| (ii) Packaged Terminal Heat Pump (PTHP), CV fan, DX coil cooling, electric heat pump heating. The TRNSYS software models this system. |
| (iii) Packaged Rooftop Air Conditioner (PSZ-AC), CV fan, DX coil cooling, fossil fuel furnace heating. The TRNSYS software models this system. |
| (iv) Packaged Rooftop Heat Pump (PSZ-HP), CV fan, DX coil cooling, electric heat pump heating. The TRNSYS software models this system. |

---

1 90.1-2007 is defined by the PATH Act of 2015 as "Standard 90.1–2007 of ASHRAE and IESNA (as in effect on the day before the date of the adoption of Standard 90.1–2010 of such Societies)." This definition includes 90.1-2007 and the addenda supplement package (Addenda a, b, c, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, s, t, u, w, y, ad, and aw) and addendum r, plus all published errata.
(v) Packaged Rooftop Variable-Air-Volume (PVAV) with reheat, Variable-Air-Volume (VAV) fans, DX coil cooling, hot-water fossil fuel boiler. The TRNSYS software models this system.

(vi) Packaged VAV with parallel fan-powered boxes (PVA with PFP boxes) with reheat, VAV fans, DX coil cooling, electric resistance heating. The TRNSYS software models this system.

(vii) Packaged Rooftop VAV with reheat, VAV fans, chilled water cooling, hot-water fossil fuel boiler. The TRNSYS software models this system.

(viii) VAV with PFP boxes with reheat, VAV fans, chilled water cooling, electric resistance heating. The TRNSYS software models this system.

(d) The software can—

(i) Either directly determine energy and power costs or produce hourly reports of energy use by energy source suitable for determining energy and power costs separately; and

(ii) Design load calculations to determine required HVAC equipment capacities and air and water flow rates. The TRNSYS software complies.

(e) The software can explicitly model:

(i) Natural ventilation. The TRNSYS software models natural ventilation.

(ii) Mixed mode (natural and mechanical) ventilation. The TRNSYS software models mixed mode ventilation.

(iii) Earth tempering of outdoor air. The TRNSYS software with the add-on Type460 Hypocaust models earth tempering of outdoor air.

(iv) Displacement ventilation. The TRNSYS software models displacement ventilation.

(v) Evaporative cooling. The TRNSYS software with the add-on TESS Libraries models evaporative cooling.

(vi) Water use by occupants for cooking, cleaning or other domestic uses. The TRNSYS software models water use by occupants.
(vii) Water use by heating, cooling, or other equipment, or for on-site landscaping. | The **TRNSYS software** models water use by heating, cooling, and other equipment as well as for on-site landscaping.
---
(viii) Automatic interior or exterior lighting controls (such as occupancy, photocells, or time-clocks). | The **TRNSYS software** models automatic interior and exterior lighting controls.
---
(ix) Daylighting (sidelighting, skylights, or tubular daylight devices). | The **TRNSYS software** models sidelighting, skylights, and tubular daylighting devices.
---
(x) Improved fan system efficiency through static pressure reset. | The **TRNSYS software cannot** model improved fan system efficiency through static pressure reset.
---
(xi) Radiant heating or cooling (low or high temperature). | The **TRNSYS software** models low and high temperature radiant heating and cooling.
---
(xii) Multiple or variable-speed control for fans, cooling equipment, or cooling towers. | The **TRNSYS software with the add-on TESS Libraries** models multiple and variable-speed control for fans, cooling equipment, and cooling towers.
---
(xiii) On-site energy systems (such as combined heat and power systems, fuel cells, solar photovoltaic, solar thermal, or wind). | The **TRNSYS software** models on-site energy systems including combined heat and power, photovoltaic systems, and solar water and air systems.

**Date Posted:** 8/1/2018

1) 90.1-2007 is defined by the PATH Act of 2015 as "Standard 90.1–2007 of ASHRAE and IESNA (as in effect on the day before the date of the adoption of Standard 90.1–2010 of such Societies)." This definition includes 90.1-2007 and the addenda supplement package (Addenda a, b, c, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, p, q, s, t, u, w, y, ad, and aw) and addendum r, plus all published errata.

2) Software that cannot explicitly model one or more of the HVAC systems or features in sections 5.c and 5.e of the table can still be listed as qualified software. It cannot, however, be used for 179D analyses of projects that need to model such systems or features. When this is the case, the statement used for the particular requirements shall be as follows: The *AAA EnergySoftware* cannot model system or feature X and shall not be used for projects with this technology.


I hereby affirm the claims in this document of behalf of TRNSYS 18.00.0019.

Timothy P McDowell
Vice President
Thermal Energy System Specialists, LLC