

Getting All the Light Out: Light Extraction from Organic Light Emitting Devices

Yue Qu ¹

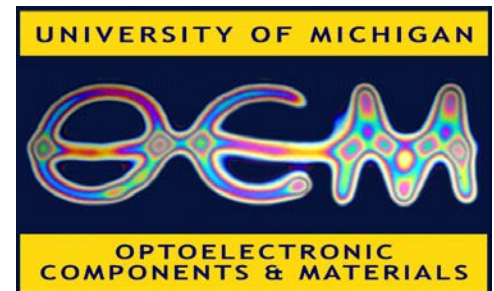
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University of Michigan, Ann Arbor



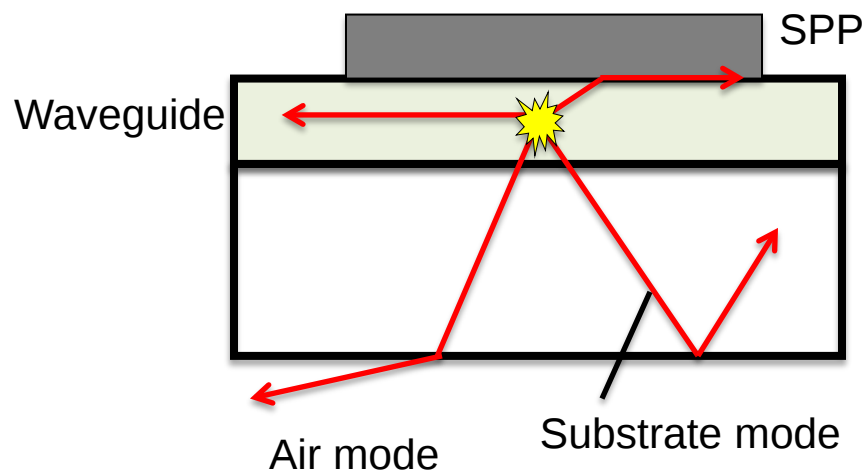
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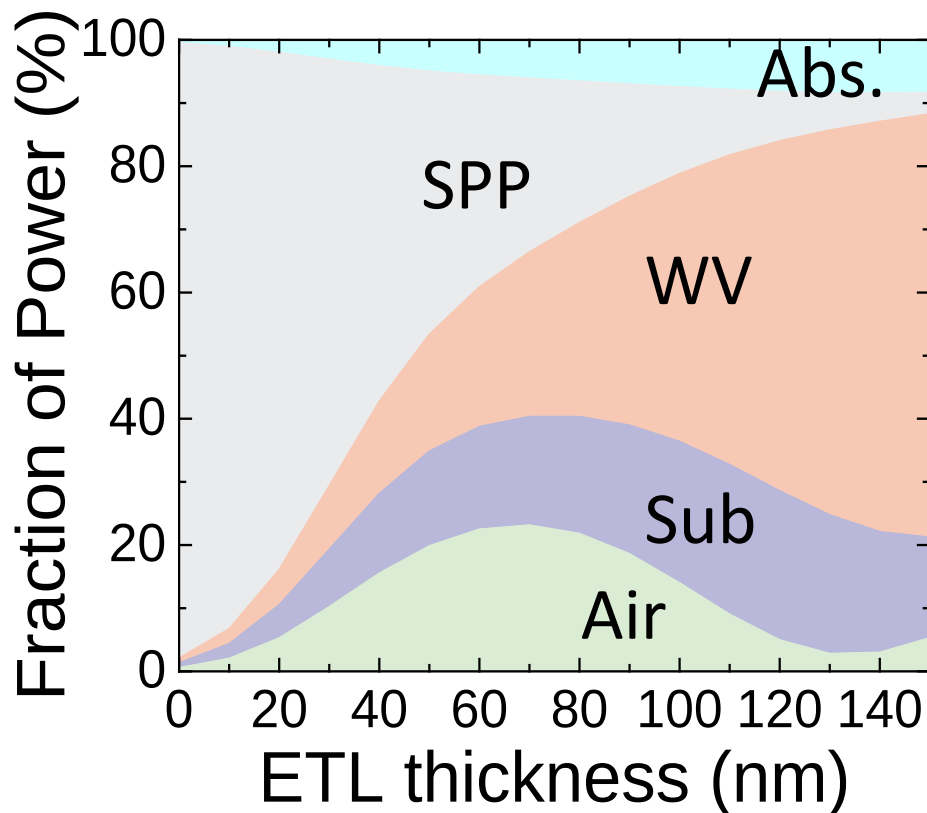
Motivation & Background

$$\eta_{\text{EQE}} = \eta_{\text{IQE}} (\sim 100\%^1) \times \eta_{\text{Ext}} \approx 20\%$$

- ❑ substrate modes
- ❑ waveguide modes
- ❑ surface plasmon modes



¹Adachi et al, *J. Appl. Phys.* 90, 5048–5051 (2001)

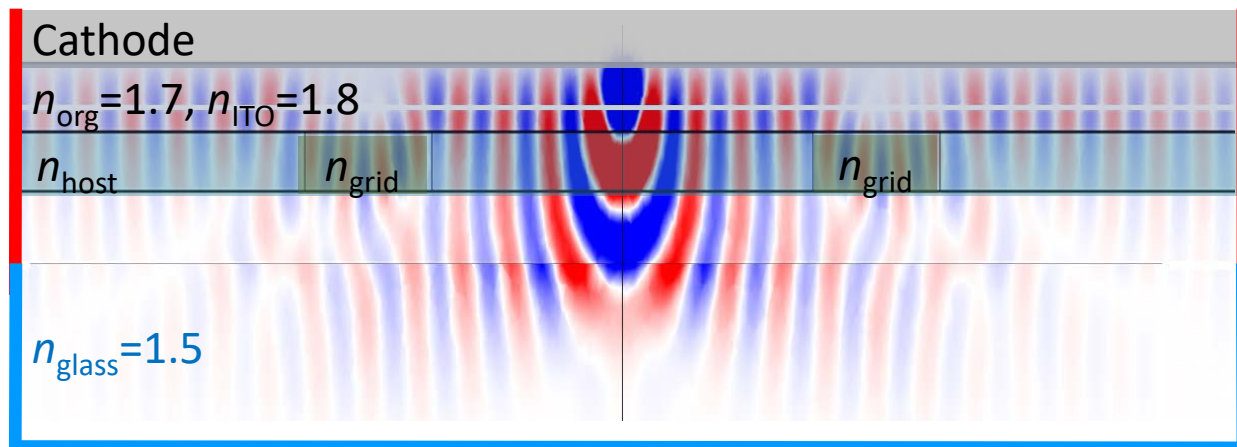
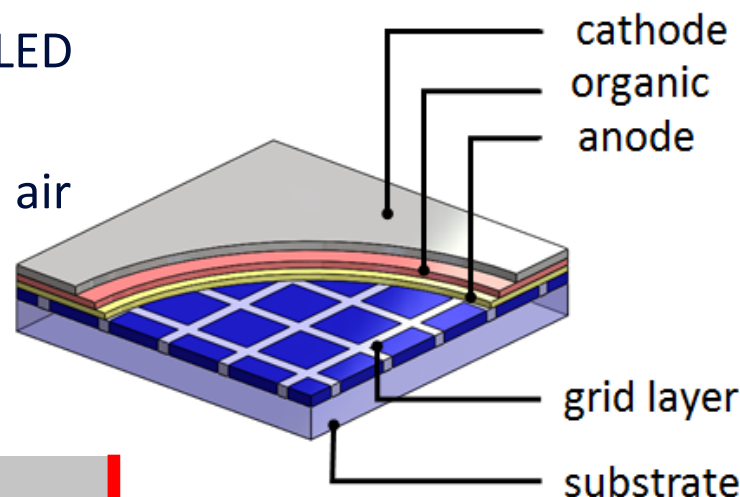


As ETL increases

- ☐ SPPs decrease
- ☐ Waveguide modes increase
- ☐ Substrate and air modes fluctuate

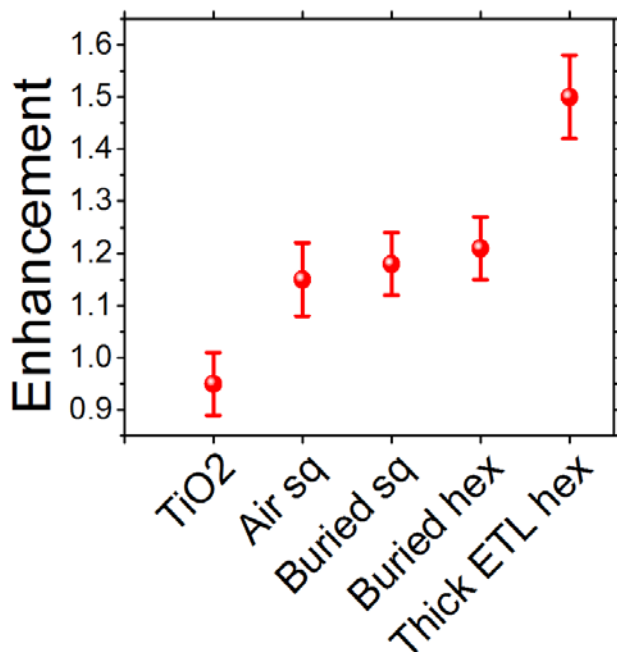
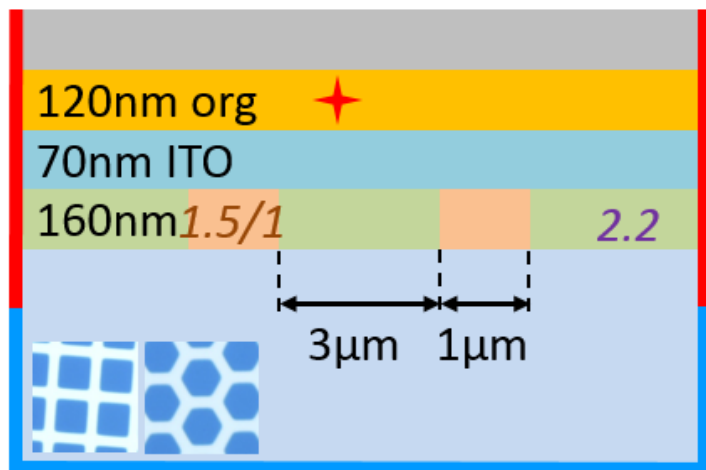
Sub-Anode Grid

- ❑ A multi-wavelength scale dielectric grid between glass and transparent anode (sub-anode grid)
- ❑ The grid layer is planar and non-intrusive into OLED active region
- ❑ Waveguided light is scattered into substrate and air modes

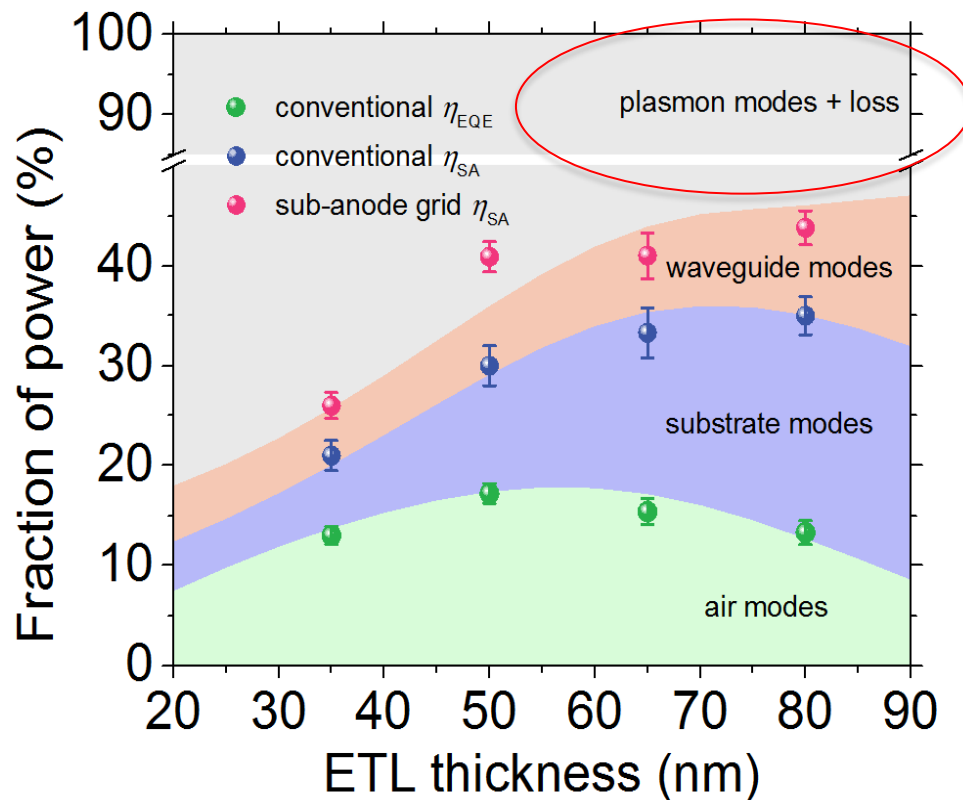


Qu, Sloatsky, Forrest, *Nature Photonics* (2016)

Sub-Anode Grid



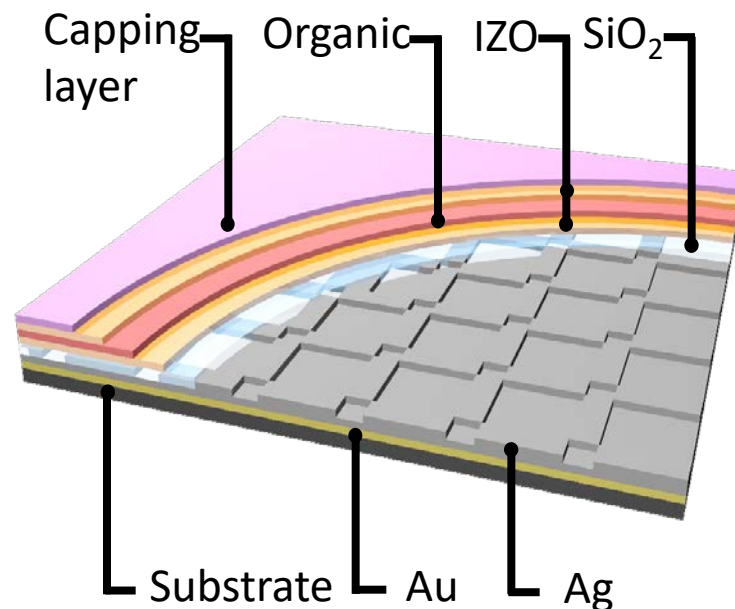
160nm grid/ 70nm ITO/ 2nm MoO₃/40nm CBP/15nm CBP:Ir(ppy)₃/xnm TPBi/1nm LiF/Al



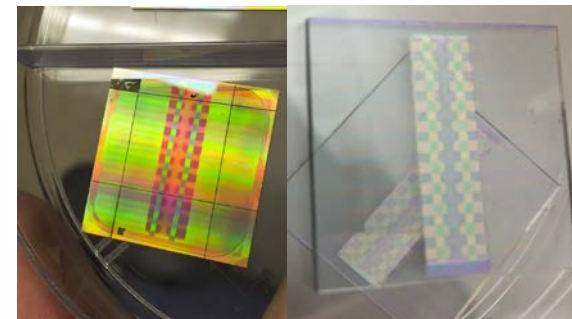
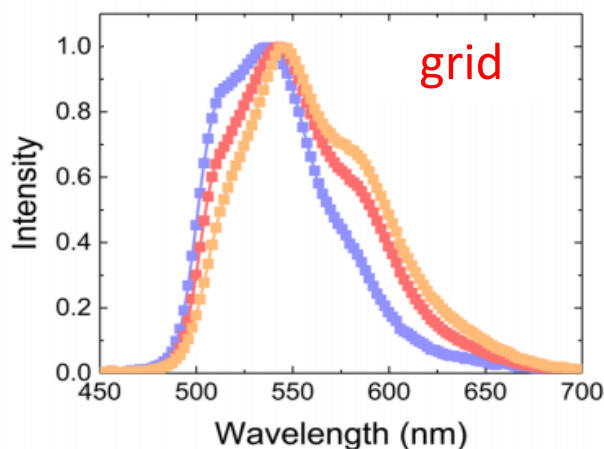
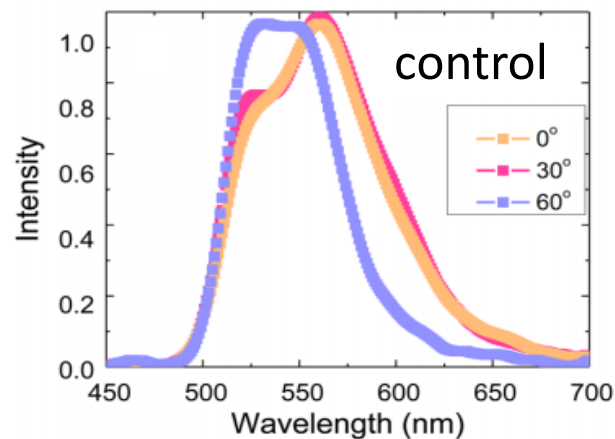
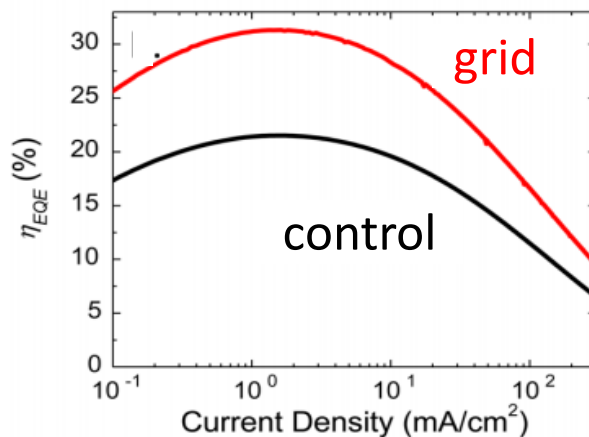
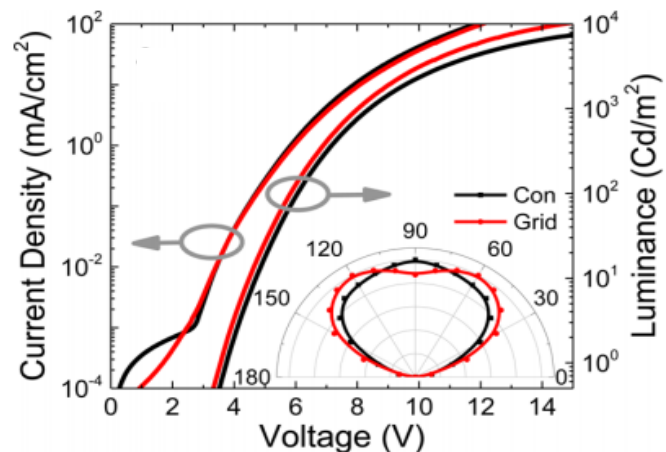
Thick-ETL organic structure:

340nm grid/70nm ITO/2nm MoO₃/40nm TcTa/15nm CBP:
Ir(ppy)₃/10nm TPBi/230nm Bphen:Li/Al

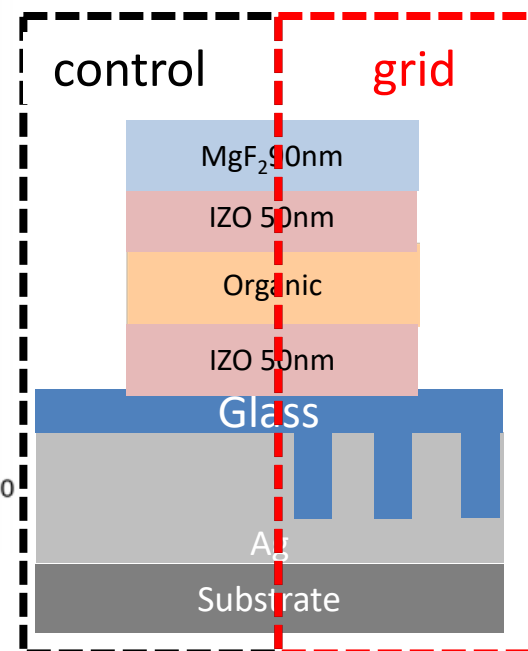
- ☐ Metal reflector far away from the EML
No excitation of SPPs
- ☐ Grid $\gg$ optical wavelengths
- ☐ The grid is planar and non-intrusive into the active region



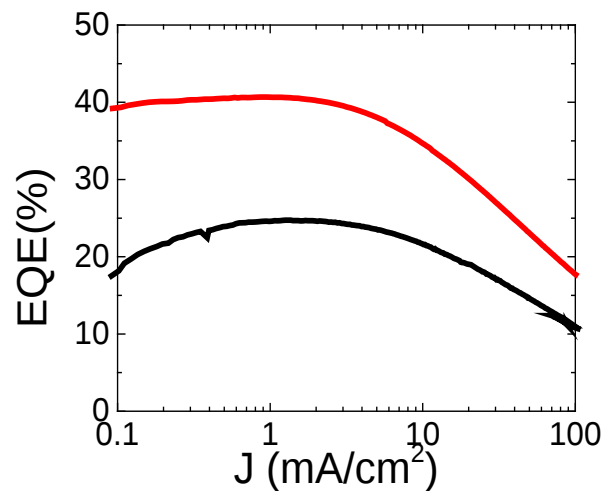
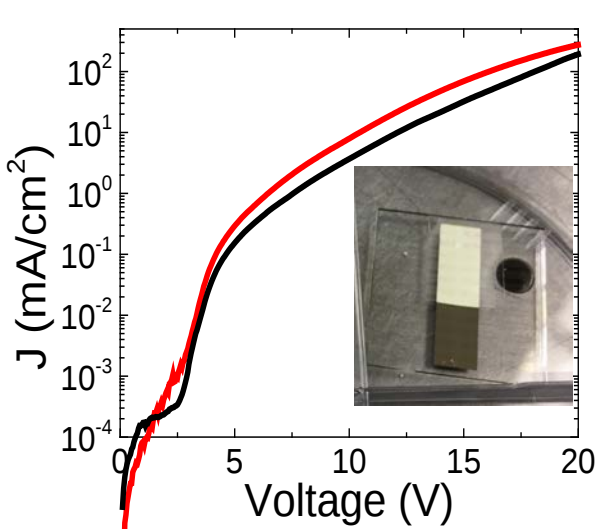
Sub-Electrode Grid in TE-OLEDs



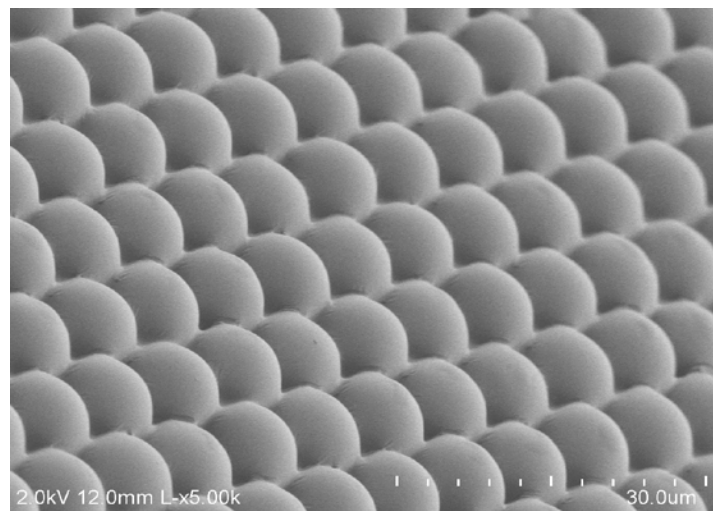
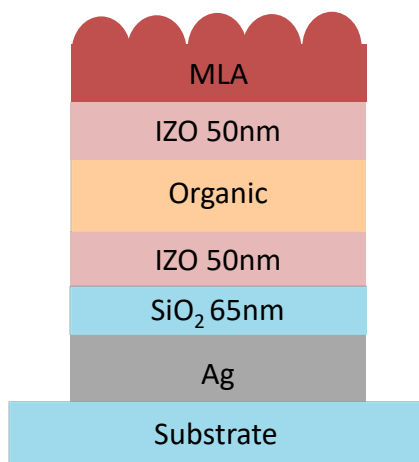
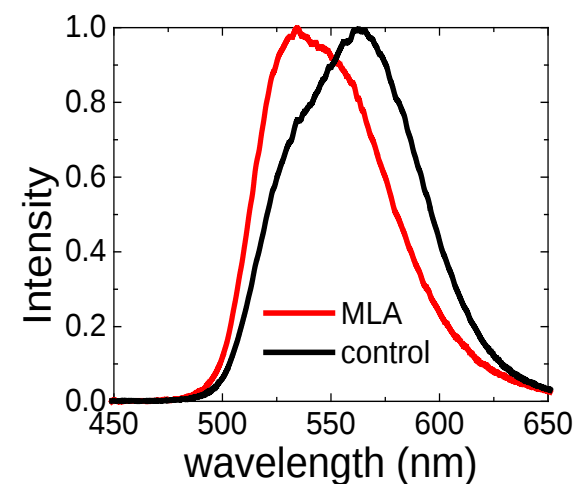
Organic structure: MoO_3 30nm/ BPhen: Li 30nm/ Bphen 30nm / CBP : $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_3$ 25nm/ TAPC 40nm / MoO_3 30nm/



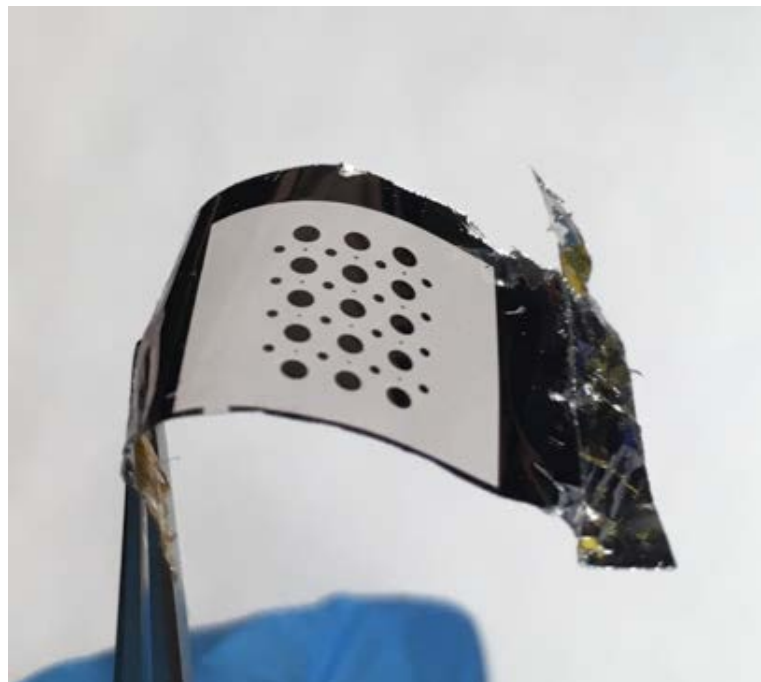
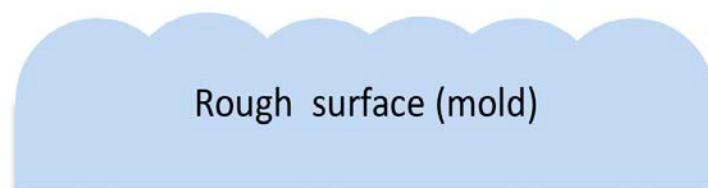
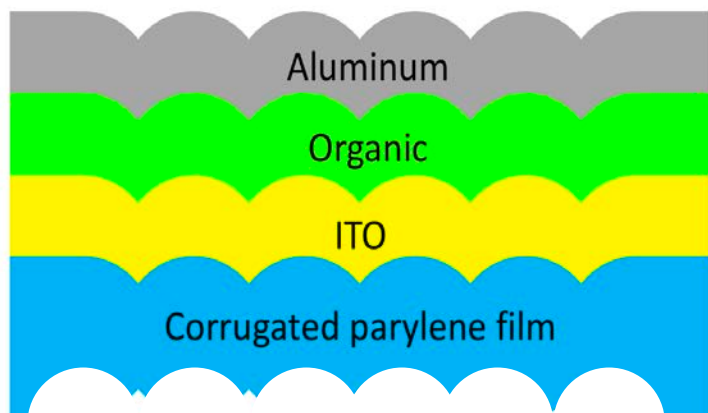
Microlens on Top of TEOLEDs



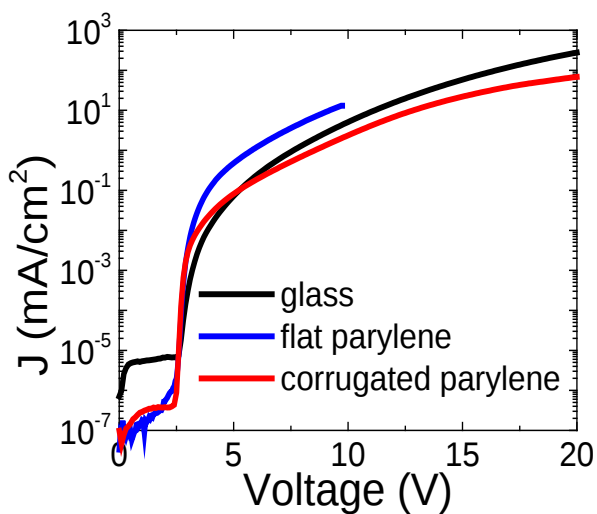
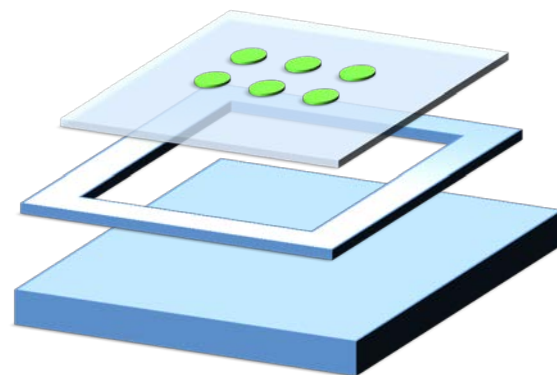
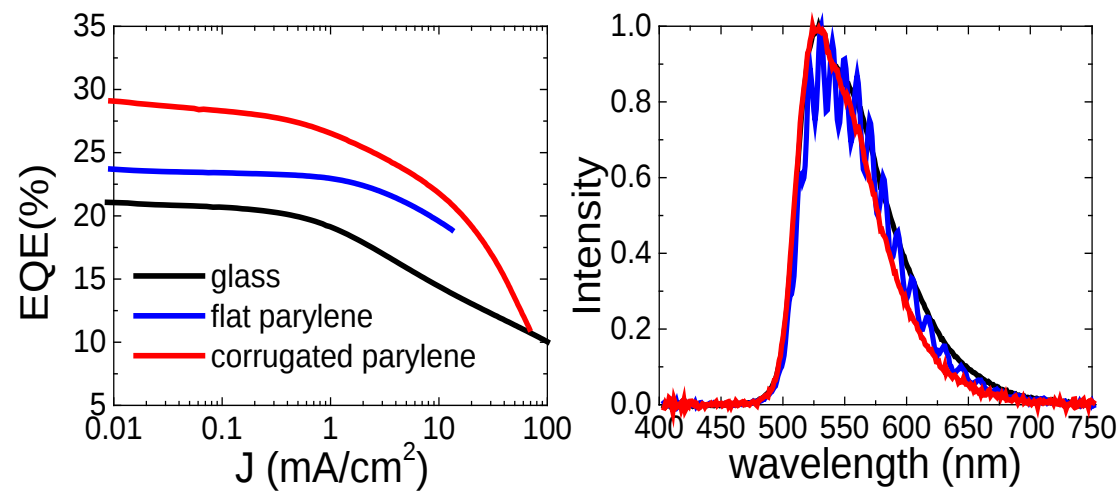
Organic structure: HatCN 30nm/ BPhen: Li
 30nm/ Bphen 30nm / CBP : (acac)Ir(ppy)₂
 30nm/ TAPC 40nm / HatCN 30nm/



Flexible Corrugated Substrates



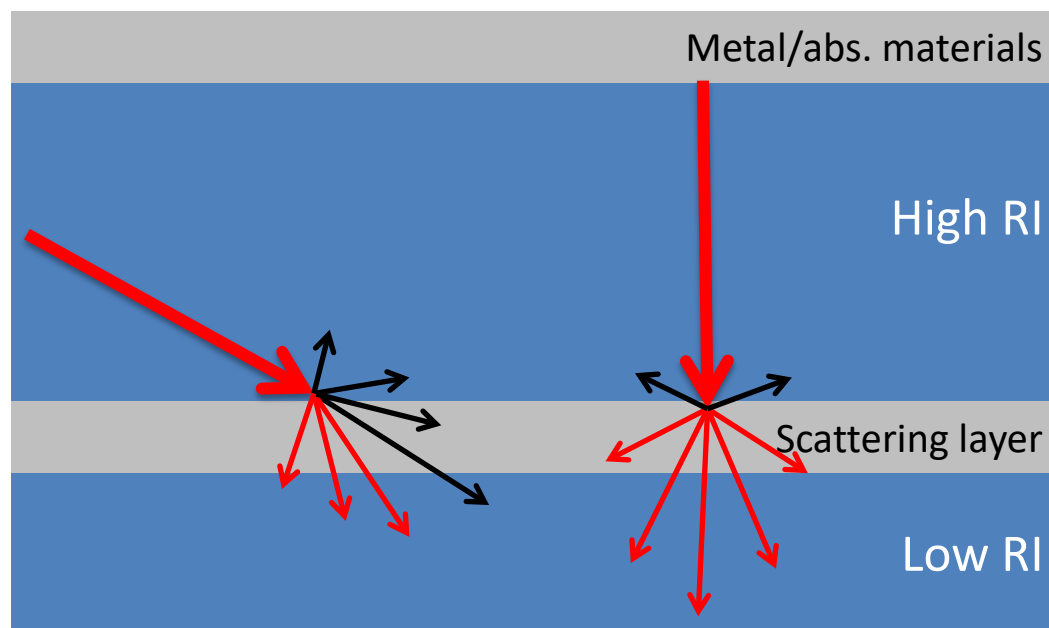
- ☐ Ultra-thin ($\sim \mu\text{m}$)
- ☐ Flexible
- ☐ Light extraction from substrate, waveguide and SPP modes



70nm ITO/2nm MoO₃/40nm TAPC/25nm CBP: Ir(ppy)₂acac/65nm TPBi/LiQ/Al



- ❑ Four light extraction methods
- ❑ Non-intrusive structures can be better in light extraction
- ❑ Substrates integrated with outcoupling structures are applicable for both top and bottom emitting OLEDs
- ❑ Wavelength & angle independent outcoupling methodes



- ❑ DoE SSL Program (DE-EE0007626)
- ❑ Universal Display Corporation
- ❑ Lurie Nanofabrication Facility

