Appendix F-1 Alpine Geophysical Survey Report Final Report

# Expert Lakebed Studies For the Lake Erie Wind Power Project Offshore Cleveland, Ohio

Prepared for:



### Cuyahoga County Department of Development Cleveland, Ohio

Submitted by:



Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc. 70 Oak Street Norwood, NJ 07648

December 14, 2010

## **Table of Contents**

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
2.0 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY	7
2.1 Survey Layout	7
2.2 Equipment and Methods	
2.2.1 Vessel	
2.2.2 Navigation Control	
2.2.3 Bathymetric Survey	
2.2.4 Magnetic Survey	
2.2.5 Seismic Survey	
2.2.6 Side Scan Sonar Survey	
2.3 Personnel	
3.0 GEOPHYSICAL DATA PRESENTATION AND DISCUSSION	
3.1 Bathymetric Data	
3.2 Lakebed Features	
3.2.1 Side Scan Sonar Features	
3.2.2 Magnetometer Targets	
3.3 Seismic Data	
3.3.1 Soft Silty Sediments	
3.3.2 Glacial Sediments	
3.3.3 Shale	
3.4 Data Review for Evidence of Aquatic Species	
CONCLUSIONS	
REFERENCES	19
Table of Figures	
Figure 1 - Bathymetry and Boring Locations (Dames & Moore, 1974)	4
Figure 2 - Soft Silt-Clay Isopach (Dames & Moore, 1974)	5 c
Figure 3 - Top of Shale Elevations (Dames & Moore, 1974) Figure 4 - Survey Line Plan	0 8
Figure 5 - M/V Sancho	9
Figure 6 - Offset diagram of M/V Sancho in feet, not to scale.	9
Figure 7 - Side Scan image of typical bottom in survey area, width approx. 140 ft	
Figure 9 - Magnetometer Target #12, with a total amplitude of over 40 Gamma	





Figure 10 – Side Scan Sonar Data Example of Possible School of Fish	18
Table 1 - Vessel Offsets	10

## Appendices

APPENDIX 1- Side Scan Sonar Targets APPENDIX 2- Magnetometer Targets APPENDIX 3- Field Logs APPENDIX 4- Daily Reports APPENDIX 5- Equipment Specifications APPENDIX 6- Charts Chart 1. Lakebed Elevation Map with Survey Track Lines Chart 2. Side Scan Sonar Mosaic Chart 3. Lakebed Features Chart 4. Soft Sediment Thickness Isopach Map

Chart 5. Total Sediment Thickness Isopach Map

- Chart 6. Top of Shale Elevation Map
- Chart 7. Geological Profiles of Centerline and Turbine 3 Crossline





#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Between September 23rd and September 29th, 2010, Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc. (Alpine) performed a geophysical investigation of the Lake Erie lakebed related to the five turbine Lake Erie Wind Power Project. The survey area is approximately 14,500 foot by 1,000 foot area and is located eight miles offshore of Cleveland, Ohio.

#### Background

In 2006, the Board of County Commissioners established the Cuyahoga Regional Energy Development Task Force, now known as the Great Lakes Energy Development Task Force, in order to investigate and implement alternative and renewable energy projects. In 2009, juwi GMBH and its Ohio-based subsidiary JW Great Lakes Wind LLC, a consultant engaged by Cuyahoga County, submitted a Feasibility Study for an offshore wind energy demonstration project. The project was limited to five turbines to be located approximately eight miles offshore of Cleveland.

#### Previous Work

In 1974, Dames and Moore submitted a report entitled *Lake Bottom Geotechnical and Geophysical Studies, Reports No. 5-1 and 5-2*, which was part of the First Phase Airport Feasibility Study for the Lake Erie Regional Transportation Authority. The report presented the methods and findings of a survey conducted in an area 12 miles by 20 miles, which included the current wind farm site. The survey was performed using Uniboom subbottom profiling and an echo sounder. In addition, five geotechnical borings and twenty five Vibracores were taken throughout the site. The bathymetric data collected during this survey, corrected to elevation (IGLD), shows the lakebed to be relatively smooth and gently dipping to the north in the area of the proposed wind farm. The closest boring to this area was the geotechnical boring BH-3, located approximately 2.3 miles to the west. (See Figure 1 for the 1974 survey grid, with the currently proposed wind farm area and boring BH-3 highlighted in red.)

The 1974 survey shows a layer of soft silt and clay, ranging in thickness from five to twenty feet, near the area of the proposed wind farm (Figure 2). The depth below lakebed to the top of shale in this area was reported to range from seventy to ninety feet (Figure 3).





The Dames and Moore reports describes the sediments present below the soft silt-clay as consisting of two types of significantly denser material: 1) brown or gray-brown stiff to very stiff, silty to slightly gravelly clay and 2) gray to gray-brown massive to varved clay.

Unconfined compression and triaxial tests were run on samples taken from the five geotechnical borings to determine consolidation.

#### **Survey Objectives and Methods**

The survey objectives were as follows and were designed to confirm and augment currently available data:

- Acquire bathymetry at the proposed site and generate contours. Image the lakebed using Side Scan Sonar and describe targets and other surface features.
- Interpret site magnetic data and describe anomalies that stand out against the background magnetic field.
- Use boomer to obtain seismic records down to, when possible, 100 feet below the lakebed, to document the stratigraphy and the thickness of sediments above the shale layer present in the area.

The instrumentation utilized for the survey included an Innerspace 456 Dual Frequency Echo Sounder, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar, Geometrics G-882 Cesium Vapor Magnetometer, and GeoAcoustics Uniboom Subbottom Profiler.

#### Survey Results

Lake bottom elevations at the site range from approximately 513 to 510 feet (International Great Lakes Datum - IGLD). Corresponding water depths are 56 to 59 feet relative to the Lake Erie Chart Datum of 569.2 feet (IGLD).

The only targets detected by the Side Scan survey were relatively small and interpreted as being primarily natural in origin. There were only a few scattered magnetic targets and none of these were associated with the Side Scan targets.

An interpretation of geophysical data was made using a previous study (Dames and Moore, 1974) as a guide to describe the sediment and geologic units found at the site. The total thickness of sediment ranged between 78 and 95 feet, with 10 to 16 feet of likely soft silt and clays underlain by stiffer clay. The stiffer clay layer shows slight





variations in thickness in the northwest to southeast direction. A layer corresponding to a shale unit previously identified in the Dames and Moore report, was seen to underlay the stiffer clay throughout the site. Borings will be required to confirm the exact nature of the sediments and underlying rock.

#### Schedule

Due to weather conditions at the site, the geophysical survey was conducted in two parts. A reconnaissance survey, on September 23, 2010, consisted of bathymetric and seismic profiling, as well as Side Scan Sonar and magnetometer surveying. Lines were planned at 492 feet (150 meters) spacing in a NW-SE direction, with additional cross lines run at each of the proposed turbine locations.

The second part of the survey, which did not include seismic profiling, was conducted on September 29, 2010. Ninety eight (98) foot (30 meter) line spacing, in compliance with State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) standards, was used to collect data as part of an archaeological and ecological assessment of the proposed turbine sites.

(See Appendices 3 and 4 for Field Logs and Daily Reports)













Figure 2 - Soft Silt-Clay Isopach (Dames & Moore, 1974)







Figure 3 - Top of Shale Elevations (Dames & Moore, 1974)





#### 2.0 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY

#### 2.1 Survey Layout

The original plan was to carry out a geophysical survey in a corridor 1,969 feet (600 meters) wide and approximately 14,500 feet (4420 meters) long located eight miles offshore of Cleveland, Ohio. This width was chosen to take into account a possible shift in the position of the centerline due to geological or other obstacles encountered during the survey. After a reconnaissance survey along the centerline and two lines 492 feet (150 meters) on either side showed no significant obstacles, it was decided to reduce the width of the corridor to 984 feet (300 meters). Within this corridor, five lines to either side of center were spaced 98 feet (30 meters) apart to comply with SHPO standards.

Additionally, survey lines intersecting the proposed wind turbine locations were drawn perpendicular to the main survey lines. This provided enhanced data resolution at those locations.

Figure 4 shows the survey line plan, with the 984 feet (300 meter) survey grid in red and the 1,969 feet (600 meter) grid in blue and green.



Figure 4 - Survey Line Plan

#### 2.2 Equipment and Methods

#### 2.2.1 Vessel

The M/V Sancho, a 55 foot steel workboat, was used for the survey (Figure 5). The single screw, diesel engine driven vessel featured a stern A-frame and a deck level cabin with space for the navigation, magnetometer, and echo sounder acquisition hardware. Additional lab space and storage space in the bow was used to house the Side Scan Sonar and seismic electronics.

The Innerspace Echo Sounder transducer was positioned along the middle, port side, of the ship, while the magnetometer and boomer were towed off the back corners of the ship. The Side Scan Sonar was towed using a digital counter block positioned over the center of the stern. All equipment offsets (Table 1) were measured against a Vessel Reference Point (VRP). (Figure 6)







Figure 5 - M/V Sancho



Figure 6 - Offset diagram of M/V Sancho in feet, not to scale.





	Equipment	X (feet)	Y (feet)	Z (feet) from water line
1	Primary GPS (GPS)	0.00	14.00	10.30
2	TSS Motion Sensor (TSS)	-7.05	0.00	3.00
3	Innerspace 445 (DFES)	-7.50	0.00	-4.00
4	Side Scan Sonar Tow (SSS TOW)	0.00	-33.50	N/A
5	Magnetometer Tow (MAG TOW)	-7.05	-33.50	N/A
6	Boomer Tow (BOOMER TOW)	7.05	-33.5	N/A

#### **Table 1 - Vessel Offsets**

#### 2.2.2 Navigation Control

A Hemisphere Vector DGPS System was used for navigation during the survey. The Hemisphere System does not require any specialized calibration procedures with the exception of ensuring that the antenna is installed in-line with the vessel in order to generate a correct heading. Differential corrections were received from the Detroit, MI Coast Guard Station and then applied in real time to the GPS navigation, increasing horizontal accuracy. The positioning data were output to a computer with Hypack 2010 navigation software. The software used measured equipment offsets to send corrected navigation data to all systems requiring geo-referencing and converted the raw latitude/longitude provided by the Hemisphere System into NAD83 Ohio State Plane North (US survey feet).

#### 2.2.3 Bathymetric Survey

Water depth data were collected using an Innerspace 456 Dual Frequency Echo Sounder. The use of a dual frequency system (versus a single frequency system) allows for the identification of very soft muddy bottoms since its low frequency channel can penetrate the bottom while its high frequency channel reflects off the lakebed surface.

Heave data were acquired with a TSS-DMS05 Motion Reference Sensor which was placed less than 0.5 feet horizontally from the dual frequency echo sounder. The heave data were applied during processing to dampen the effect of wave motion on the echo sounder readings.





Sound velocity profiles of the water column were taken daily using an Applied Microsystems SV plus V2 System to determine the speed of sound needed to correct echo sounder depth readings. The profiles showed an average speed of sound of 4,881 feet/second on September 23rd, and 4,868 feet/second on September 29<sup>th</sup>. These values are close to the average speed of sound in fresh water, which is 4,800 feet/second at approximately 40° F.

Bathymetric data were corrected to IGLD 85 using the NOAA tide station #9063063, Cleveland, OH. Additionally, a Coastal Leasing MacroTide Gauge, was deployed at the site to measure offshore lake levels during the two survey days. Data from the Coastal Leasing Tide Gauge revealed a difference of nearly 0.5 feet from the 23rd to the 29th, which was more pronounced than the difference seen in the NOAA data. The difference was noted in the raw bathymetry data, and corrected lake levels from the NOAA tide station were adjusted to account for this. The difference between the data sets was likely the result of differing wind intensity and direction at the location of Alpine's tide gauge relative to the NOAA tide station.

#### 2.2.4 Magnetic Survey

A Geometrics G-882 cesium vapor magnetometer was used to collect magnetic data. The sensor was towed with 230 feet of cable off the back of the boat, using its supplied data/tow cable and an additional safety line. The depth of the magnetometer was recorded and monitored in real time by a pressure sensor installed on the towfish. The altitude of the magnetometer did not exceed the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation and Enforcement's standard of 20 ft (6 meters).

Depth calibration values (scale and bias) provided by the manufacturer were utilized to correctly convert the pressure sensor data into depth values. These calibration values were input in the MagLog software, which logs the magnetometer data while drawing navigation from Hypack. The depth reading from the magnetometer was compared to the Innerspace Echo Sounder to ensure accuracy.

#### 2.2.5 Seismic Survey

A GeoAcoustics GeoPulse Boomer System was used to collect geophysical data for the project. A GeoAcoustics Model 5420 Power Supply provided power to a Model 5813 Transmitter Plate mounted on a sled and towed behind the survey boat. The unit was operated at 1/4 second repetition rate at a power setting of 105 joules. Returning





acoustic signals were received by a 20 element streamer with a built in pre-amp towed behind the boat. These signals were then transmitted to a GeoPulse Model 5210A Filter/Pre-Amp, and recorded by a CODA DA2000 Seismic Acquisition System. Filters were set to 700 Hz low cut and 2500 Hz high cut. The layback of the streamer was measured and recorded directly into the CODA DA2000 System so that the resultant navigation data were correctly geo-referenced. Data were later processed by the CODA System to obtain the depth of reflectors below the lakebed. These data were optimized using various post-acquisition filters.

#### 2.2.6 Side Scan Sonar Survey

A Klein Model 3000 Side Scan Sonar System was used to collect the Side Scan data. During the survey, data were digitally acquired using Klein Sonar Pro software. The software displayed the data in real time, enabling the operator to note any significant targets. The side scan was interfaced to the navigation system, and all data were continuously geo-referenced. The towfish was deployed off the stern and kept at an altitude near 10 percent of its range. Cable out was tracked via a 3PS Inc. Digital Counter Block, and layback was calculated by the Side Scan Sonar acquisition computer using Klein Sonar Pro software. The system was operated at a range of 492 feet (150 meters) during the initial reconnaissance survey conducted on September 23rd, allowing for approximately 100 percent overlap between adjacent lines. During the detailed survey on September 29th, the system was operated at a range of (164 feet) 50 meters per channel. Since the lines were spaced 98 feet (30 meters) apart, this provided more than 100 percent overlap on data from adjacent lines.

#### 2.3 Personnel

Contract Manager	Robert Mecarini
Geotechnical Manager	Chuck Dill
Geophysical Manager	Leo Gherardi
Marine Scientist/Equipment Operator	Dan Ciarletta
Marine Scientist/Equipment Operator	Phil Morton





#### **3.0 GEOPHYSICAL DATA PRESENTATION AND DISCUSSION**

#### 3.1 Bathymetric Data

Bathymetric data revealed a smooth bottom, gently deepening towards the north, with a change in elevation of slightly more than three feet over 2.75 miles. Bottom elevations at the south end of the survey area are approximately 513 feet (IGLD), while elevations at the north end are approximately 510 feet (IGLD). A map of this data is available as Chart 1 in Appendix 6. Corresponding water depths at the time of survey were close to 58 feet in the south and approximately 61 feet in the north. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and NOAA list the Chart Datum for Lake Erie at 569.2 feet (IGLD), which would produce corrected depths of 56 feet in the south and 59 feet in the north. The user level of Lake Erie at the time of survey was approximately 571 feet IGLD, which accounts for the difference in corrected and uncorrected depths.

#### 3.2 Lakebed Features

#### 3.2.1 Side Scan Sonar Features

The Side Scan Sonar showed a generally uniform and smooth lake bottom (Figure 7). No evidence of ripples or other sedimentary features were observed along the survey route. However, some areas of the bottom revealed enhanced reflectivity, which may represent locally disturbed areas. Possible isolated boulders were also noted. These locations were assigned a target number, and corresponding imagery and information can be found in Appendix 1- Side Scan Sonar Targets.

For comparison purposes, Alpine conducted a brief Side Scan Sonar test near the Crib structure, located south of the survey site. The test showed the lakebed at this location presents significant bottom features, including ripples. (Figure 8)

A few linear targets less than 100 feet long were found in the survey area, representing apparent bottom scars. No significant patterns or groupings of targets were found, and none of the Side Scan targets revealed an association with magnetic targets.







Figure 7 - Side Scan image of typical bottom in survey area, width approx. 140 ft



Figure 8 - Side Scan image of bottom near Crib structure, width approx. 165 ft





#### 3.2.2 Magnetometer Targets

After adjusting for the background magnetic field, only sixteen magnetic anomalies (see Appendix 2- Magnetometer Targets) of any significance were noted. Of these sixteen anomalies, only seven had a total amplitude of greater than 40 Gamma (Figure 9, example), with the most magnetically intense having an amplitude of 227.2 Gamma. The more intense anomalies also showed the least width, having pole-to-pole distances of less than 0.01 feet. This indicates that the objects are likely very small or thin. Most other anomalies did not exceed a width of 10 feet. The short anomaly lengths present in the area signify that the magnetic targets were probably within close range of the magnetometer as it passed by. This is confirmed by the lack of magnetic influence seen in survey lines run adjacent to lines previously found to feature magnetic anomalies.

It is possible that some of the more intense anomalies are manmade, such as small metallic objects discarded from a ship. The less intense objects are most likely a function of geology, perhaps representing small pockets of glacial till or other magnetic rocks/sediment near the surface. In both cases, the Side Scan Sonar imagery did not show any objects that would correlate with the anomalies. The lack of correlation islikely due to the magnetic objects being masked by overlying sediment.



Figure 9 - Magnetometer Target #12, with a total amplitude of over 40 Gamma





#### 3.3 Seismic Data

Dames and Moore, in their 1974 report, used a speed of sound of 5700 feet per second to determine the thickness of sediment in their seismic records. To be consistent with their interpretation, Alpine used the same speed.

The current seismic survey presented reflectors that could differentiate two potential sedimentary units. Following Dames and Moore's interpretation, the upper unit is likely soft silt 10 to 16 feet in thickness. The lower unit is probably dense clay and silt of glacial origin underlain by a shale unit.

#### 3.3.1 Soft Silty Sediments

The soft silts in the upper unit contain a number of closely spaced and relatively horizontal reflectors, typical of sediments deposited in a quiet environment. The contact between the bottom of this unit and the top of the underlying glacial sediments is somewhat irregular, but generally slopes down to the north and east through the survey area. The thickness of this soft sediment unit was mapped and contoured at two foot intervals. This map is shown as Chart 4 in Appendix 6. The data compare well with the analysis from 1974.

#### 3.3.2 Glacial Sediments

The nature of the sediment between the soft silt and the underlying shale varies over the site. As shown on Chart 7 in Appendix 6, in the northern portion of the surveyed block, from Turbine 5 to Turbine 3, a distinct reflector, or a pair of closely spaced flatlying reflectors, is present in the middle of the glacial sediment section. The upper part of the glacial sediment contains several faint internal reflectors, while the bottom portion contains few, if any, reflectors. The reflectors in the upper portion are likely attributable to occasional sand lenses.

The reflectors marking the division between the upper and lower parts of the glacial sediment were found to become indistinct between Turbine 3 and Turbine 2. South of Turbine 3, there are few, if any, horizontal reflectors within the glacial unit, indicating more uniform sediment.





#### 3.3.3 Shale

The seismic reflectors representing the shale surface are broken and indistinct. The elevation of this irregular shale surface was mapped and contoured, and the results are presented on Chart 6 in Appendix 6. The data compare well with the elevation contours determined by Dames and Moore.

#### 3.4 Data Review for Evidence of Aquatic Species

Side scan sonar and single beam echo sounder systems are capable of detecting schools of fish, due to the relatively high frequency of the acoustic pulse used. Depending on the density of fish in the school, a school of fish may block out both the side scan and echo sounder data, creating a shadow on the data. The size of the school can be estimated from the scale lines shown on the data. The signals from a lower frequency subbottom profiler system, such as the Uniboom as used on the Lake Erie project, may pass through the fish and therefore fish, if present, would not be detected on the data.

The Lake Erie survey was conducted in two parts due to weather constraints. The first part of the survey was conducted during daylight hours. During this part of the project, the side scan system was operated at a range of 150 meters (495 feet) per channel and the tow fish was deployed at a depth of approximately 15 feet below water surface or 45 feet above the lake bed. Four survey lines were completed at this time, with each line being approximately 2.5 miles long.

The second part of the survey was run at night approximately one week after the first part. During the night time operations, the system was operated at a range of 50 meters (164 feet) per channel, and the tow fish was between 18 and 25 feet off the lake bottom. Seven lines were run during the second part of the project. No distinct evidence of schools of fish were observed on any of the data collected during the night time geophysical surveys conducted at the proposed offshore wind farm site in Lake Erie.

However, a few targets possibly representing small schools of fish were observed during the daylight operations. An example of one of these potential small schools is shown below.



Figure 10 – Side Scan Sonar Data Example of Possible School of Fish

The white area within the water column, which is the black background portion on the lower left of the figure, is interpreted as a possible school of fish. The elongated black area to the right on the adjacent yellow colored data is interpreted as the being the shadow created by the school. This target was the largest of eleven similar targets observed during the collection of four survey lines, with the smaller groups consisting of white targets observed in the water column with no shadow on the data. On average we estimate that we observed about one such target each mile. The estimated size of the target is less than five meters across.

It is not possible to determine how many fish may have been present within any of the apparent targets detected on the data.

Note that, since the tow fish was deployed relatively close to the lake bottom during the lines run at night, any fish present between the tow and the lake surface would likely not be detected by the side scan system, as the side scan system is designed to detect targets to the side and below, but not above the tow fish.

#### CONCLUSIONS

The purpose of this project was to determine the bathymetry and stratigraphy of the site, as well as the possible presence of natural or man-made features on, or below, the lakebed which might adversely impact the installation or stability of wind turbines at their proposed locations. No significant man-made features were identified on the lakebed





by the Side Scan Sonar, and no magnetometer targets were found that would pose a hazard to engineering near the turbines.

Bathymetry data show the area around the proposed turbines to be nearly flat, with a very gentle deepening towards the north of approximately one foot per mile. Bottom elevations range from approximately 513 to 510 feet (IGLD). Corresponding water depths over the survey area are about 56 to 59 feet after correction to the Lake Erie Chart Datum.

Seismic data showed reflectors that probably delineate multiple geologic units. Based on the study by Dames and Moore, it is likely that soft silts and clays, approximately 10 to 16 feet thick, are present on the lakebed over the entire work site. These soft sediments are underlain by a thick sequence of stiffer silts and clays of glacial origin which, in turn, overly what is believed to be an irregular shale surface 78 to 95 feet below the lakebed.

An engineering analysis of the data collected during the present survey, taking into consideration information from the Dames and Moore report, will be required to determine the most suitable foundation design for wind turbines at the site. Additional borings at the proposed turbine locations should be taken prior to final project design.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Dames & Moore, 1974. Lake Bottom Geotechnical and Geophysical Studies, Reports No. 5-1 & 5-2. First Phase Airport Feasibility Study for the Lake Erie Regional Transportation Authority. Prepared under contract to Howard Needles Tammen & Bergendoff.
- Driedger-Marschall et al, 2009. *Final Feasibility Report*. Great Lakes Wind Energy Center Feasibility Study. Prepared by JW Great Lakes Wind LLC, subsidiary of juwi GmbH.





# **APPENDIX 1**

## SIDE SCAN SONAR TARGETS





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	1			
11.	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2157351.452	708057.042	Target Length	29 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	4 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 20		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular reflecte	or target and pos	sible low relief object	:(S)

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact 2				
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155236.533	711661.856	Target Length	3 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1.5 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 11		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like object			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact 3				
-	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2163100.828	701041.324	Target Length	43 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Drag scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	4			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162562.815	701433.521	Target Length	9.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Drag scar	Drag scar		





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	5			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162548.572	701783.222	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Isolated scar or	low relief object		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	6			
the state of the state of the state of the	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162547.209	701782.603	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5	Line 5		Target
	Description	Isolated scar or	low relief object		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact 7				
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162401.044	701927.779	Target Length	2.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like obj	ect		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	8	8		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162400.055	701993.362	Target Length	6.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	4 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5	Line 5		Target
	Description	Unidentified Re	Unidentified Reflector and boulder		





Contact Image	Contact Info	Contact Info			
	Contact	9			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162106.113	702033.487	Target Length	12.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	4 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unidentified Re	flectors and possi	ible irregular scars	

Contact Image	Contact Info	Contact Info			
	Contact	10			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162106.113	702033.487	Target Length	14 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Possible linear so	Possible linear scar		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	11			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2162025.068	702469.492	Target Length	2.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like object			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	12			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2161829.529	702407.175	Target Length	6 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Linear reflector	Linear reflector		





Contact Image	Contact Info				
	Contact	13			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2161331.781	703013.5	Target Length	5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular small r	eflector or low re	elief object	

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info		
	Contact	14				
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet	
		2161441.055	703256.7	Target Length	8 US Feet	
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		1 US Feet	
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target	
	Description	Linear scar	Linear scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	15			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2160994.733	703877.427	Target Length	5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5 & 8		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unknown low relief object			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	16			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2160477.79	704609.334	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like object			





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	17			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2160281.31	704892.587	Target Length	10 US Feet
and the second second	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	4 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Half-moon scar and reflector			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	18			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2159600.229	705690.607	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	3.5 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like obj	ect		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	19			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2159521.204	705767.711	Target Length	3 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
and the second second second	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unidentified low relief object(s) a		and possible scar	

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	20			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60.5 US Feet
		2157096.573	708931.999	Target Length	7 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	7 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 3 & 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular boulde	Irregular boulder target		





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	21			
and the second second	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60.5 US Feet
all set of		2156997.029	709070.289	Target Length	7 US Feet
i i na sana	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unidentified target and reflector			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	22			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60.5 US Feet
		2156631.231	709507.102	Target Length	27 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
人一次的情况。	Line Name	Line 5		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unidentified lov	Unidentified low relief object(s),		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	23	23		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155613.709	710406.438	Target Length	28 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Linear scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	24			
frankriger († 1957) 1970 - Stanford († 1967) 1970 - Stanford († 1970)	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155072.91	712071.126	Target Length	46 US Feet
B Bables -	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	tate Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 12		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Linear scar			





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	25			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155432.461	711201.825	Target Length	- US Feet
》 和学校的主义和教	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	- US Feet
	Line Name	Line 10		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Numerous unidentified reflector		3	

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	26			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2156020.933	710493.447	Target Length	12.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 10		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	27			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2156080.513	710335.404	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 10		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unidentified Reflectors			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	28			
a second and the second se	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2157550.706	708738.822	Target Length	12.5 US Feet
Charles experies	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	4 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 12 and 29		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular linears	scarring		





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	29	29		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2158235.117	707903.722	Target Length	16 US Feet
The second second	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 12		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Scarring			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	30			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59.5 US Feet
		2158755.328	706859.02	Target Length	13 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	10 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 10		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular reflect	or		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	31			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2160902.335	704593.928	Target Length	8 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	7 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 31		Classification 1	Target
Star Carton Star	Description	Irregular reflector targets			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	32			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2161640.088	703111.954	Target Length	10 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	4 US Feet
の一定を設置	Line Name	Line 10		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular reflect	or targets		





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	33	33		
。	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2161283.929	703406.052	Target Length	4.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
生 一、 山田 建制	Line Name	Line 9		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like objects			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	34			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
A SALE		2160411.76	704543.819	Target Length	9 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		8 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 9		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular reflect	or targets		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	35	35		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2160021.644	705040.509	Target Length	4 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 9		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like object			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	36			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59.5 US Feet
		2158157.234	707093.542	Target Length	3 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular reflector target at edge		of side scan range	





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	37	37		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2157879.951	707685.3	Target Length	47 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	1.5 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 9		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Inconsistent scarring			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	38			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
A STREET		2157337.864	708391.569	Target Length	3.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 9		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Boulder-like obj	ect or possible de	ebris	

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	39			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155700.45	710561.986	Target Length	52 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 9 and 28		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular linear scarring			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	40			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2161213.124	703931.42	Target Length	56 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	State Plane	Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 10 and 11		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Possible boulder-like objects			





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	41			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58.5 US Feet
		2161827.822	702449.066	Target Length	7 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	1 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Lone boulder-like object			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	42			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59 US Feet
		2159578.55	705437.788	Target Length	49 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Linear scarring	and reflectors		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	43	43		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	59.5 US Feet
		2158636.61	706483.964	Target Length	7 US Feet
<b>的</b> 现在,这个人的问题。	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Possible scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	44			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2157459.773	708077.334	Target Length	7 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	state Plane	Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 19 and 3		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Irregular scarrin	Irregular scarring		





Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	45			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60.5 US Feet
		2155861.131	709775.55	Target Length	12.5 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 21		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unknown objects and reflectors, possible scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	46	46		
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155153.194	710722.281	Target Length	41 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 21	Line 21		Target
	Description	Irregular linear scarring			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	47			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162430.192	702436.343	Target Length	15 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 12 and 32		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Unknown low relief object or drag scar			

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	48			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	58 US Feet
		2162974.17	700638.246	Target Length	2 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	2 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 20		Classification 1	Target
	Description	Lone boulder-like object			




Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	49			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	60 US Feet
		2157097.556	708404.243	Target Length	7 US Feet
	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. S	itate Plane	Target width	5 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 20 and 29		Classification 1	Target
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Description	Inconsistent ref	nsistent reflectors with light scar		

Contact Image	Contact Info			User Entered Info	
	Contact	50			
	Projected Coordinates	Easting	Northing	Depth	61 US Feet
		2155637	710342.244	Target Length	9 US Feet
100 M 100 M 100 M	Map Projection	NAD83 Ohio N. State Plane		Target width	3 US Feet
	Line Name	Line 20		Classification 1	Target
and the second second	Description	Inconsistent ref	ectors with unkr	nown low relief objec	t





# **APPENDIX 2**

# **MAGNETOMETER TARGETS**





Target	Line	Easting (ft)	Northing (ft)	AMP1 (Γ)	АМР2 (Г)	Атр 1 - Атр 2 (Г)	Width (ft)	Character
1	16	2162089.38	701564.16	6.38	-5.17	11.55	5.50	Dipole
2	16	2160604.88	703596.00	6.05	-12.30	18.35	4.96	Dipole
3	16	2160222.63	704133.25	5.25	-14.58	19.83	5.36	Complex Dipole
4	16	2154100.38	712015.28	40.31	-22.27	62.58	4.90	Complex Dipole
5	23	2156519.50	707925.88	88.50	-138.70	227.20	0.01	Dipole
6	23	2157893.50	708957.63	114.33	-58.31	172.64	0.01	Dipole
7	25	2160044.00	703970.06	25.75	-17.27	43.02	0.01	Dipole
8	6	2163602.00	701168.31	7.61	-42.19	49.80	3.72	Complex Dipole
9	6	2163523.25	701265.09	10.42	-6.67	17.09	0.86	Complex Dipole
10	6	2162317.88	702926.69	5.73	-2.62	8.35	4.26	Dipole
11	6	2160518.00	705319.06	8.16	-5.66	13.82	5.66	Dipole
12	12	2162767.88	701293.06	23.29	-25.45	48.74	1.36	Dipole
13	9	2155015.00	711955.81	39.91	-19.52	59.43	0.01	Dipole
14	9	2158420.00	707457.63	20.37	-5.70	26.07	4.70	Complex Dipole
15	14	2159331.13	705523.41	5.37	-3.51	8.88	14.10	Complex Dipole
16	15	2162342.00	701391.81	66.62	-29.04	95.66	6.20	Complex Dipole





# APPENDIX 3

# **FIELD LOGS**



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

 CLIENT\_\_\_\_\_Cuyahoga County\_\_\_\_\_
 DATES\_\_\_\_\_9/23/2010\_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/23	0730	At dock; Whiskey Island Marina			
	0750	Underway to site; clear day light SE wind			
	0855	At site; deploy pressure/tide gauge			
		Bar check echo sounder			
		Deploy gear			
	1010	Pull in magnetometer and add 2 more weights			
	1030	Deploy – now ok			
		Seeing rock on Boomer at +/- 90			
	1101	Start of line #6 150m E of center line			
		Mag lay back 140 feet; depth 46/58			
		Boomer – 65			
		Speed 3.4 knots- line run to NW;			
		first fix #1 @100' interval			
	1135	Lost Hypack @ fix120			
	1208	Restart line near Tower 3			
	1230	Start of line at fix 205			
		Check data and then return to center line			
	1242	Start center line line 6 fix 206			
	1322	End of line 6 = center line last fix 363			
		Check data			



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

 CLIENT\_\_\_\_\_Cuyahoga County\_\_\_\_\_
 DATES\_\_\_\_\_9/23/2010\_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/23	1345	Start of line 16 – 150 m west of C/L			
		Fix 364; heading NNW			
	1430	End of line fix 522			
	1509	Start of cross line 22 = tower 5 east to west			
		Fix # 523; cable out – mag – 230' at Start of line			
		Layback 186 ft			
	1519	End of line; last fix 555			
	1530	Start of line 23 – cross line tower 4			
		Fix 556 heading East			
	1542	End of line fix 588; SE to next line			
	1552	Start of line 24 heading west			
		Fix 589			
	1603	End of line 24 – tower 3			
		Last fix 622			
	1614	Start of line 25; tower 2			
		First fix 623			
	1625	End of line 25; last fix 656 Tower 2			
	1636	Start of line 26; tower 1			
		First fix 657			



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

 CLIENT\_\_\_\_\_Cuyahoga County\_\_\_\_\_
 DATES\_\_\_\_\_9/23/2010\_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/23	1646	End of line at fix 691
		Go to SE end of line 6 to rerun first part
		from this morning
	1700	Start line 6_3 (redo of inshore portion) first fix 692
	1755	Infill done; last fix 795
	1822	Start line 10 to SSE – run all gear
		First fix 796
	1912	End of line 10; last fix 956
	1915	Recover all geophysical gear
	1930	Recover tide gauge; head toward dock
	2100	Docked at Whiskey Island Marina



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

CLIENT \_\_\_\_\_ Cuyahoga County \_\_\_\_\_ DATES \_\_\_\_\_9/24/2010 \_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/24	0700	Wind SSW 15-25; standby for weather			
		NOAA Forecasts			
		Friday afternoon - WSW 24kts; 3 ft small craft			
		Friday night - W 26kts; 8 ft small craft			
		Saturday - W 22kts; 5-6 ft small craft			
		Saturday night - NW 16kts; 6 ft small craft			
		Sunday - NE 11kts; 3-4 ft			
		Sunday night - ENE 11kts; 2 ft			
		Monday - ENE 11kts; 2 ft			



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

 CLIENT\_\_\_\_\_Cuyahoga County\_\_\_\_\_
 DATES\_\_\_\_\_9/29/2010\_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/29	1500	At boat – ready to set up gear again			
	1535	Underway – seas and wind calm			
	1710	At site; deploy tide gauge and echo sounder,			
		SSS and Mag			
		Start line 12 – Mag, Echo and SSS			
	1721	First fix 957			
	1810	End of line 12			
	1823	Start of line 9 to South			
	1918	End of line 9; last fix 1269			
	1919	Start of line 13 to North			
	2017	End of line 13			
	2020	Start of line 8 to SSE			
	2107	End of line 8; fix 1582			
	2110	Start of line 14; fix 1583 to NNW			
	2203	End of line 14; fix 1738			
	2207	Start of line 7; fix 1739			
		@1018 – SSS to layback 25 m			
	2256	End of line 7; fix 1897			
	2259	Start of line 15; fix 1898			



NAVIGATION LOG

JOB NO.\_\_\_\_1634\_\_\_\_\_ LOCATION \_\_\_\_Cleveland, Ohio\_\_\_\_\_

CLIENT \_\_\_\_\_ Cuyahoga County \_\_\_\_\_ DATES \_\_\_\_\_9/29/2010-9/30/2010 \_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUMENTATION\_Boomer, Klein SSS, Geometrics Mag, Hypack, Innerspace 456\_\_\_\_\_

# DATE TIME

9/29	2351	End of line 15; last fix 2053		
		Recover SSS & Mag		
		Stopped Tide Gauge		
9/30	0046	Completed lines & download		
		Underway to dock		
	0150	Docked at Whiskey Island Marina		





# **APPENDIX 4**

# **DAILY REPORTS**

Ś	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750			
Project #:	1634			
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development			
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio			
Date:	22-Sep-10			
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho			
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar			
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder			
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna			
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton			
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.			
Weather:	10kts South, seas one foot			
Weather Forecast				

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY							
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining				
40	0	0	40				
C. DAILY SEDIMI	C. DAILY SEDIMENT SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY						
Planned # of ft to	# of ft Drilled in Sediment	Total # of ft Drilled in	# of ft Remaining to Drill in				
Drill in Sediment	Last 24 hrs	Sediment	Sediment				
50	0	0	50				
Planned # of ft to	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in				
Drill in Rock	hrs		Rock				
10	0	0	10				
Planned Shelby	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests				
Tube Tests	24 hrs		Remaining				
2	0	0	2				

Boat to move to lake side marina in AM; crew meet boat at 07:15 ready to sail to site Start Uniboom seismic, Side Scan, magy and echo survey along main tower route

#### **E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES**

September 24, 2010

# F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)		
Time	Activity	
7:30	At boat, commence mobilization	
17:30	All gear tested and operational	

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

# G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

#### **H. Alpine Comments:**

Mobilization Day, All equipment installed and working properly

#### I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/23/2010	Gregory Zucca	9/22/2010	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date	
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey				

Ş	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750 DAILY REPORT LOG #2
Project #:	1634
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio
Date:	23-Sep-10
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.
Weather:	Winds light and variable; seas calm
Weather Forecas	t: 20-30 kts South-west, seas two-four feet

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	14	14	26
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Standby for weather on Friday

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/26/2010 for geophysical survey; Sept 29 for geotechnical boring

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

#### (Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
7:30	Meet boat at Whiskey Island marina
7:50	Underway to work site; weather and seas calm
8:55	At site;deploy tide gage: deploy SVP for bathy calibration; deploy all geophysical
	gear and commence testing
10:00	Boomer, echo and Side Scan OK. Add two additional weights to maggy to
	achieve required tow depth of sensor; retest at survey speed- good
11:01	Start survey line #6, 150 m east of centerline
11:35	Problem with navigation program requires break in line to reset computer
12:08	Resume survey of line #6
12:30	End line #6;
12:42	Start survey line CenterLine (Line 11)
13:27	End survey of Centerline
13:45	Start line #16, 150 m west of Centerline
14:30	End line # 16
15:09	Start crosslines, #22, Tower 5
16:46	End of all cross lines, towers 1-5
17:00	Start re-run of first survey line (#6) to ensure data coverage
17:55	Complete infill of first survey line
18:22	Run survey line #10, offset from Centerline by 30 m to east
19:12	End survey lines; recover geophysical gear
19:30	Recover tide gage; underway to dock
21:00	Docked at Whiskey Island Marina

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

#### G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

#### H. Alpine Comments:

Side Scan and Magnetometer surveys found only one or two small objects on sea floor. Subbottom survey confirmed previous survey reported range of depths to bedrock and thickness of soft sediments. Seismic reflections from near rock surface characterized by several irregular layers, vs one distinct reflector.

#### I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/23/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

Ş	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750		
Project #:	1634		
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development		
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio		
Date:	24-Sep-10		
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho		
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar		
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder		
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna		
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton		
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.		
Weather:	Wind WSW-20-25 kts		
Weather Forecast:	20-30 kts West, seas 5-6 feet		

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY				
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining	
40	0	14	26	
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY		
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment	
50	0	0	50	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock	
10	0	0	10	
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining	
2	0	0	2	

Standby for weather on Friday

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/26/2010 for geophysical survey; Sept 29 for geotechnical boring

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
8:00	Confirm standby for weather
17:00	Standby for weather

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

## G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

## H. Alpine Comments:

#### I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/24/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750	
Project #:	1634	
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development	
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio	
Date:	25-Sep-10	
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho	
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar	
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder	
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna	
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton	
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.	
Weather:	Wind NW-20-25 kts	
Weather Forecast:	15-20 kts West, seas 3-4 feet	

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	0	14	26
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Standby for weather through the weekend: Saturday AM, demob personnel, leave equipment and vessel in star in standby at reduced rate, due to extended bad weather forecast.

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/29/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
7:00	Saturday AM, crew departs by air flight to NJ
17:00	Standby for weather

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

#### G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

## H. Alpine Comments:

## I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/25/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

Ş	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750	
Project #:	1634	
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development	
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio	
Date:	26-Sep-10	
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho	
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar	
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder	
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna	
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton	
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.	
Weather:	Wind NW-NE 20-25 kts	
Weather Forecast:	15-20 kts West, seas 3-4 feet	

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	0	14	26
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Standby for weather through the weekend at reduced rate.

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/29/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
7:00	
17:00	Standby for weather

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

## G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

## H. Alpine Comments:

## I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/26/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750 DAILY REPORT LOG #1
Project #:	1634
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio
Date:	27-Sep-10
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.
Weather:	Wind NE 11-15 kts, Seas 3-4 feet
Weather Forecas	NE-N winds 15-20 kts, seas 4-6 feet, subsiding overnight

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	0	14	26
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Standby for weather

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/29/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
7:00	
17:00	Standby for weather

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

## G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

#### H. Alpine Comments:

#### I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/27/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

Ş	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750		
Project #:	1634		
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development		
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio		
Date:	28-Sep-10		
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho		
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar		
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder		
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna		
Crew:	Dill, Gherardi, Ciarletta, Morton		
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.		
Weather:	Wind NW 11-15 kts, Seas 3-4 feet		
Weather Forecast	: Wind West to South, decreasing		

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	0	14	26
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Standby for weather

Will fly crew of three to Cleveland to resume geophysical survey

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/30/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

(Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

(	
Time	Activity
7:00	
17:00	Standby for weather

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

#### G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

## H. Alpine Comments:

## I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/28/2010	Gregory Zucca	
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey			

Ş	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750		
Project #:	1634		
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development		
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio		
Date:	29-Sep-10		
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho		
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar		
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder		
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna		
Crew:	Dill, Ciarletta, Morton		
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.		
Weather:	south 5-10 knots, seas calm		
Weather Forecast	Wind to increase from NW noon on Thursday and continue windy through wee		

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY			
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining
40	21	38	0
C. DAILY SEDIME	ENT SURVEY OPERATIONS S	SUMMARY	
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment
50	0	0	50
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock
10	0	0	10
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining
2	0	0	2

Complete geophysical survey and demob survey vessel

Then drive home

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/30/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

#### (Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity
12:20	Flight departs NY for Cleveland
15:00	Crew at boat; reset gear
16:00	Underway to work site
17:20	Set tide gage; deploy side scan, echo and magnetometer
midnight	completed 6 of 7 survey lines
	will continue survey and finish during night

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

### G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

## H. Alpine Comments:

## I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/29/2010	Gregory Zucca		
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date	
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey				

	ALPINE OCEAN SEISMIC SURVEY, INC 70 Oak Street, Norwood, New Jersey 07648 Tel: 201-768-800 Fax: 201-768-5750
Project #:	1634
Company:	Cuyahoga County of Ohio - Cuyahoga Department of Development
Location:	Lake Erie - Cleveland, Ohio
Date:	30-Sep-10
Vessel Name:	M/V Sancho
Equipment Used:	Hypack Nav, Uniboom, Coda DA2000, Klein 3000 Side Scan Sonar
	Sonar Pro, Geometrics Magnetometer, Innerspace 456 echo sounder
	Tide Gauge, CSI DGPS Antenna
Crew:	Dill, Ciarletta, Morton
Subcontractors:	Underwater Marine Contractors, Inc.
Weather:	south 5-10 knots, seas calm
Weather Forecas	Wind to increase from NW noon on Thursday and continue windy through we

A: OPERATIONAL SUMMARY	(Yes/No)
Survey/Sampling gear working properly (If no, describe in comments below)	Yes
Was downtime incurred? (If yes, describe in comments and note length of time below)	No
Length of Downtime:	N/A
Any route realignment, incidents, accidents or pertinent observations (If yes, describe in comments below)	No

B. DAILY GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY					
Planned Line Miles	Total Line Miles Surveyed/24 Hrs.	Total Line Miles Surveyed	Total Line Miles Remaining		
40	21	38	0		
C. DAILY SEDIME	C. DAILY SEDIMENT SURVEY OPERATIONS SUMMARY				
Planned # of ft to Drill in Sediment	# of ft Drilled in Sediment Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Sediment	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Sediment		
50	0	0	50		
Planned # of ft to Drill in Rock	# of ft Drilled in Rock Last 24 hrs	Total # of ft Drilled in Rock	# of ft Remaining to Drill in Rock		
10	0	0	10		
Planned Shelby Tube Tests	# of Shelby Tube Tests Last 24 hrs	Total # of Shelby Tube Tests	Shelby Tube Tests Remaining		
2	0	0	2		

Complete geophysical survey and demob survey vessel

Then drive home on Friday,October 1, 2010

#### E. ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATES

9/30/2010 for geophysical survey; geotechnical boring schedule to be determined

#### F. DAILY CHRONOLOGY OF EVENTS

#### (Activites in the last 24 hours and observations of note)

Time	Activity		
midnight	continuing survey started yesterday		
0:30	complete last of 7 survey lines with magy, side scan and echo		
0:45	Recover geophysical gear; steam south to recover tide gage		
1:00	Recover tide gage;conduct SVP		
2:00	At dock; secure for night		
9:30	meet boat at dock to commence demob of equipment		
13:00	Demob of boat complete. All equipment packed in trucks for drive back on Friday		

\* All times in local Eastern Daylight Time.

#### G. Health and Safety Incidents

None

# H. Alpine Comments:

## I. Client's Comments:

Chuck Dill	9/30/2010	Gregory Zucca		
Party Chief	Date	Client	Date	
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey				





# **APPENDIX 5**

# **EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS SHEETS**

# www.coastal-usa.com



# **Coastal's MacroTide**

Description:	Coastal's MacroTide and MacroTide+ record pressure levels in aquatic environments for tidal measurements using either an ICS Strain Gauge Pressure Sensor or a high-precision Paroscientific Digiquartz Sensor.
Capacity:	200K standard Optional (Compact Flash Cards): 8MB, 16MB, etc.
Housing:	Diameter – 5.5 in. Length – 14 in. (including handle) Weight – 15 lbs. in air Material – Stainless steel and UHMW plastic housing MacroTide+ length is 15.5 in., weight is 17 lbs. in air
Power:	User replaceable standard alkaline D cells
Interface:	<i>Wizard</i> IBM PC compatible software ASCII data files in engineering units User controlled sampling parameters and sensor functions
Clock:	Solid state real time, accuracy one minute per year
Standard:	Pressure, Standard – ICS Strain Gauge Temperature, Internal – YSI Thermister
<b>Optional:</b> Standard, MacroTide+	Pressure, High Precision – Paroscientific Digiquartz
Optional:	Temperature, External – YSI Thermister Additional External Pressure – ICS Strain Gauge



Coastal MacroTide Exterior(above), Interior(below)



Function	Sensor (*optional)	Range	Accuracy	Resolution	Units
Pressure,	IC Sensors Strain Gauge,	30, 50,	0.1%	12 bit	nsia
Standard	piezoresistive	100, 250	0.170	12 010	pola
Temperature	Internal YSI Thermister	-5° to 35°	0.1°	.02 typ	°C
Pressure, High Precision	*Paroscientific Digiquartz	900<	0.015%	16 bit	psia



# HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY SOFTWARE

# **HYPACK<sup>®</sup>**

**HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> is one of the most widely used hydrographic surveying packages in the world, with over 3,000 users. It provides the surveyor with all of the tools needed to design their survey, collect data, process it, reduce it, and generate final products. Whether you are collecting hydrographic survey data or environmental data, or positioning your vessel in an engineering project, HYPACK<sup>®</sup> provides the tools needed to complete your job. With users spanning the range from small vessel surveys with just a GPS and single beam echosounder to large survey ships with networked sensors and systems, HYPACK<sup>®</sup> gives you the power needed to accomplish your task in a system your surveyors can master.



**SURVEY DESIGN: HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> allows you to create a 'Project' that contains all of your survey information for each job. You can easily define your geodetic basis, selecting from existing national grids or defining your own projection or local grid. HYPACK® also allows you to import background files in a variety of formats, including S-57, OrthoTif, ARCS, DXF, DGN, BSB and VPF. These files can be displayed while you create your planned lines, survey, edit and plot your results.



**SURVEY: HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> contains interface drivers to over 200 devices includings positioning systems, echosounders, heave-pitch-roll sensors, gyros and other types of equipment. SURVEY supports a single vessel or multiple vessels, along with towfish and ROVs. Data is logged with incredible precision (<1mSec). Survey data and windows can be broadcast over a network to any other computer or saved to a file using our Shared Memory Output routines.



**EDITING:** The SINGLE BEAM EDITOR program is used to quickly review your survey data and to automatically and/or manually remove outliers. Sounding data is simultaneously displayed in plan, spread-sheet, and profile views with the channel design info drawn in the backgrounds. Routines developed by **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> from collaboration with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to integrate water level corrections based on RTK GPS elevation info are a standard part of package.



**FINAL PRODUCTS:** The ability to create the final products you need separates **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> from the rest. The plotting program generates professional smooth sheets with soundings, grids, graphics and contours in a WYSIWYG display. The VOLUMES program is the de facto standard of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for the computation of quantities in dredging projects. TIN MODEL creates surface models that can be used for contouring, volume computations and surface visualization.

# **HYPACK<sup>®</sup>**

**Support:** An important factor in the purchase of any hydrographic survey system is the support provided to the end-user. **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> prides itself on taking good care of our users. A trained, professional staff is on-call to answer your questions, develop custom device drivers or modify programs to meet your needs. **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> training seminars are held annually in many countries to provide you with the latest information. We continue to update our training materials every year to make it easier for you to get the most out of our products. Our latest training material contains PowerPoint presentations with embedded AVI demonstrations on over 100 topics. Our bi-monthly newsletter, 'Sounding Better' is published on our web site (www.hypack.com) and contains technical articles on how to get the most out of your package.



**DATA VISUALIZATION:** The TIN MODEL and 3D TERRAIN VIEWER (3DTV) programs of **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> provide fantastic tools to view and present your data. 3DTV allows you to fly a 'camera' across your edited XYZ surface and display the results or save them to a AVI file for distribution to your clients. 3DTV also allows you to position the camera relative to the actual vessel position, showing the vessel in real time against the bottom surface.



**ENCEdit** is a new **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> module that allows you to create, modify and verify ENC data in S-57 format. ENCEdit provides you with tools to re-attribute, create, move or delete existing features. You can also create new features by manually entering coordinates, by importing data from DXF/DGN, or by transferring targets in real time from SURVEY directly into ENCEdit.



Side Scan Sonar (SSS) Support: HYPACK<sup>®</sup> provides support of SSS systems in its basic package. All analog and several digital side scan systems can be utilized with the SIDE SCAN SURVEY program. Users can display the real time data and perform targeting in real time or post-processing. A program that generates side scan mosaics in Geo-TIF format allows you to plot your results in HYPACK<sup>®</sup> or export them to your GIS.



**Export to CAD:** Many of our users are interested in exporting their survey data into their CAD/GIS package. **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> has several tools to import/export via DXF/DGN. The EXPORT TO CAD program takes all of the our files and converts them to DXF and DGN. The plotting sheets and sectional plots can also be exported directly to DXF. Users can create planned lines in their CAD/GIS program and import them into **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup>.

# **DREDGEPACK<sup>®</sup>**

**DREDGEPACK**<sup>®</sup> is a specially modified version of **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup> used for providing precise digging information on dredges. It allows you to see exactly where you are digging, how deeply you are digging and how deeply you need to dig. With the ADVANCED CHANNEL DE-SIGN program, you can create complex dredging plans. Real time cross sections are provided to show you the design profile, the depth of the cutting tool and the material that has to be removed.



**DREDGEPACK**<sup>®</sup> runs on cutter suction, hopper, excavator and bucket-style dredges. It can store a history of the dredge's position, draft, digging tool depth and digging status in order to meet reporting requirements. DREDGEPACK<sup>®</sup> has been designed to run with a minimum of user intervention. Make sure you are maximizing your dredge's efficiency with DREDGEPACK<sup>®</sup>





HYPACK, Inc. 56 Bradley St. Middletown, CT 06457 Phone: 860-635-1500 Web: www.hypack.com Sales: sales@hypack.com

# **HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup>

**HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup> is an optional module that integrates the collection and processing of multibeam and multiple transducer sonar systems into **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup>. Time and again, surveyors switch to HYSWEEP<sup>®</sup> due to the powerful tools and the ease-of-use of the package. Survey data collected in **HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup> is fully integrated with the final products of **HYPACK**<sup>®</sup>. More surveyors use **HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup> for multibeam data collection and processing than any other multibeam software package.



**HYSWEEP® SURVEY:** The data collection program of **HYSWEEP®** runs simultaneously with the SURVEY program of **HYPACK®**. It provides real time display, QC functions and data logging for most commercially available multibeam systems, including those from Atlas, Odom, Reson, Sea Beam and Simrad. A coverage map lets you examine the bottom coverage in real time, ensuring that you have 100% or 200% coverage before leaving the area.



**MULTIBEAM EDITING:** Multibeam data editing, sonar alignment calibration and system performance testing are all provided in the powerful MUL-TIBEAM EDITOR of **HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup>. The program performs automatic or manual filtering, using geometric and statistical methods. It also contains the Performance Test that measures the overall performance of your system versus beam angle as required by USACE. **HYSWEEP**<sup>®</sup> can also use water level corrections created from RTK GPS elevations.

# Hemisphere

# **V100 Series GPS Compass**

# **Professional Heading and Positioning Smart Antenna**







#### **V100**<sup>™</sup>

Experience superior navigation from the accurate heading and positioning performance available with the V100<sup>™</sup> Series GPS Compass. The rugged enclosure combines Hemisphere GPS' Crescent<sup>®</sup> Vector board and two multipath-resistant antennas for portability and simple installation. The half-meter length smart antenna mounts easily to a flat surface or pole. The stability and maintenance-free design of the V100 replaces traditional gyrocompasses at a fraction of the cost.



#### Powered by **Cres(ent**.

The latest Hemisphere GPS products are powered by Crescent Receiver Technology, the future of precision GPS.

# **Key V100 Series Advantages**

- Affordable solution delivers 2D GPS heading accuracy better than 0.3 degree rms
- Differential positioning accuracy of less than 60 cm, 95% of the time
- Smart antenna design ensures simple installation and portability
- Integrated gyro and tilt sensor deliver fast start-up times and provide heading updates during temporary loss of GPS
- Fast heading and positioning output rates up to 20 Hz
- Differential options including SBAS (WAAS, EGNOS, etc.) and optional beacon differential
- COAST<sup>™</sup> technology maintains accurate solutions for 40 minutes or more after loss of differential signal
# Hemisphere

# **V100 Series GPS Compass**

#### **GPS Sensor Specifications**

Receiver Type:	L1, C/A code, with carrier phase smoothing
Channels:	Two 12-channel, parallel tracking (Two 10-channel when tracking SBAS)
Update Rate:	Standard 20 Hz (position and heading)
Horizontal Accuracy:	< 0.6 m 95% confidence (DGPS)* < 2.5 m 95% confidence (autonomous, no SA)**
Heading Accuracy:	< 0.3° rms
Pitch / Roll Accuracy:	< 1° rms
Rate of Turn:	90°/s max
Start up Time:	< 60s typical
Heading Fix:	< 20s
Satellite Reacquisition:	< 1s

#### **Beacon Sensor Specifications (V110 version)**

Channels:	2-channel, parallel tracking
Frequency Range:	283.5 to 325 kHz
Operating Modes:	Automatic (signal strength or range)
	and manual
Compliance:	IEC 61108-4 beacon standard

#### Communications

Serial ports:	2 full duplex RS-232 and 2 half-duplex RS-422
Baud Rates:	4800 - 57600
Correction I/O Protocol:	RTCM SC-104, L-Dif (Hemisphere GPS proprietary)
Data I/O Protocol:	NMEA 0183, Crescent binary, L-Dif (Hemisphere GPS proprietary)
Heading Warning I/O:	Open relay system indicates invalid heading

#### Environmental

Operating Temperature: Storage Temperature: Humidity: EMC:

#### Power

nput Voltage:
Power Consumption:
Current Consumption:
solation:

-32°C to +74°C (-25°F to +165°F) -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F) 100% non-condensing FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Class B CISPR22, CE

9 to 36 VDC
< 5 W
< 360 mA @ 12 VDC
Power supply isolated
from serial ports

Reverse Polarity Protection: Yes

#### Mechanical

Dimensions (not including mounts):

Weight: Power/Data Connector: 60 cm L x 16 cm W x 18 cm H (23.6" L x 6.3" W x 7.1" H) 1.5 kg (3.3 lb) 18-pin, Environmentally sealed

#### Aiding Devices

Gyro:

Single axis gyro provides reliable <1° heading for periods up to 3 minutes when loss of GPS lock has occurred

Assists in fast start up of RTK

Tilt Sensor: solution

Depends on multipath environment, number of satellites in view, satellite

- geometry, baseline length (for local services), and ionospheric activity
- \*\* Depends on multipath environment, number of satellites in view, and satellite geometry

#### Authorized Distributor:

Certifications BSH/4612/4411140/09



Copyright © 2009 Hemisphere GPS. All rights reserved. Specifications subject to change without notice. Hemisphere GPS and the Hemisphere GPS logo and Crescent and the Crescent logo are trademarks of Hemisphere GPS.

HEMISPHERE GPS 4110 - 9th Street S.E. Calgary, AB T2G 3C4 Canada Phone: 403.259.3311 Fax: 403.259.8866 precision@hemispheregps.com www.hemispheregps.com



#### **TSS DMS-05 Surface Motion Sensor**

The TSS DMS-05 is a Surface Motion Sensor designed specifically for the emerging needs of multibeam users allowing highly productive surveys aboard small boats, in rough sea conditions undertaking tight turns and rapid speed changes. The sensor can interface to an optional GPS unit or external GPS/DGPS or a speed log if already available. The auxiliary input also accepts Heading gyro compass data. Systems are available for deck mount or in 1000m underwater housings for ROV, AUV or Towed vehicle applications.

#### **Key Features**

High dynamic accuracy and immunity to vessel turns and speed changes.

Easy and convenient to install.

No Data timing errors

Real time digital and analogue updates.

Compact unit.

Technical Specifications				
Title	Value			
Heave	Accuracy: 5 cm or 5% whichever is greater, Range: ±99m Resolution: 1cm, Bandwidth: 0.05 to 10Hz			
Roll & Pitch	Accuracy: 0.05% dynamic Range: ±50° Resolution: Digital 0.01° (RS232 or RS422), Analogue 0.024° (12 bit - 10V ~+10V), Bandwidth: 0 to 10Hz			
Update Rate	Digital: up to 200Hz, Analogue: up to 500Hz			
Operating Temperature	0° to +40°C			
Power Requirement	18 to 36V DC (10W)			
Velocity Input Packet Format	NMEA 0183 VTG TSIP (Trimble Standard Interface Protocol)			
Heading Input Packet Format	NMEA 0183, HDT:SGB1000S: SGB ASCII; Robertson: Plath Navigat X			

Dimensions					
Title (mm)		(inch)	(kg)	(lbs)	
	257 x 127 x 171mm	10.1" x 5" x 6.7"	2 kg	4.4 lbs	





The all-new Coda GeoSurvey<sup>™</sup> DAseries<sup>™</sup> acquisition system is available for all sidescan sonars and sub-bottom profilers including the latest digital sonars and popular analogue systems. Building on more than 12 years of experience as a leader and innovator in the field of geophysical acquisition, Coda GeoSurvey is the system of choice for many of the world's leading survey companies and research institutes.

The Coda DAseries is a purpose-built, turn-key hardware solution specifically designed for the most demanding of offshore survey requirements and is delivered pre-installed, ready to run. With options including two-channel and four-channel analogue acquisition, two independent triggers, digital network interfaces, Windows or Linux operating systems, rugged, compact rack-mountable hardware, the DAseries is a highly flexible solution for all geophysical data acquisition requirements. With Coda's extensive range of real-time and post-processing software tools such as Pipeline Inspection, Mosaicing and GeoKit interpretation tools, Coda GeoSurvey fulfils the most demanding marine geophysical and engineering survey specifications.

For digital-only sonar systems and sub-bottom profilers from L3-Klein, EdgeTech and Teledyne Benthos and for all post-processing applications, Coda GeoSurvey can be installed on any standard PC running Windows XP.





www.codaoctopus.com sales@codaoctopus.com Worldwide +44 131 553 1380; USA & Canada +1 888 340 2627 **24hr support:** support@codaoctopus.com

# **FEATURES**

- Compatible with all leading sidescan sonars & sub-bottom profilers
- We to 4 analogue input channels
- //>
  Digital/network interface
- Dual independent triggering
- Devices Channels V 6, 1U, 19" rack-mountable
  - M Dual monitors
  - M Dual printer interface
  - **Real-time heave input**
  - Magnetometer input

# BENEFITS

- Compact size & weight
- Guaranteed hardware compatibility
- Minimal field setup with factory configured and tested hardware
- 24/7 technical support for hardware and software



# Coda GeoSurvey™ DAseries Technical Specifications

System	Triggers	Channels	Serial Ports	Interfaces	Additional Information
DA500	1	2	2	SSS or SBP	19" rack-mountable
DA1000	1	4	2	SSS and SBP separately	19" rack-mountable
DA2000	2	4	2	SSS and SBP simultaneously	19" rack-mountable, dual printing, supports dual monitors, multiple sensor positions

INPUTS & OUTPUTS				
Analogue inputs	Adjustable input-range analogue inputs compatible with all analogue sidescan sonar outputs and sub-bottom profilers including direct hydrophone connection. Improved low voltage performance			
Trigger inputs	Standard TTL input. Up to 2 independent/asynchronous triggers			
Trigger outputs	Standard TTL output			
Navigation & fix data	Multiple serial ports for NMEA compatible navigation data and other proprietary format navigation, fix and annotation strings			
Printer interfaces	Up to two independent parallel printer interfaces compatible with printers from Octopus, EPC, Alden/GeoAcoustics Ultra and Isys			
Network	2 Ethernet interfaces (1 x 1Gb, 1 x 10/100Mb) for data transfer and interface to digital sonars			
Other interfaces	USB x 4; IEEE 1394 (peripheral interface)			
DATA RECORDING				
Recording devices	Internal hard disk, external hard disk (via USB 2.0 or IEEE 1394), DVD RAM and remote network devices. Automatic continuous recording switch-over. Raw or processed data recording and copying. Post acquisition data back-up to DVD-R and CD-R disks			
Recording formats	CODA, SEGY, XTF, QMIPS			
DISPLAY MODES				
Sonar	Vertical and horizontal scrolling waterfall, A-scan/oscilloscope, dual or single channel			
Sub-bottom	User-defined seismic zoom windows, left/right, up/down, scroll directions			
Dual format	Simultaneous display of multiple channels and data types in multiple windows, on single or dual monitors (DA1000 & DA2000)			
Navigation On screen real-time nav. updates, track plot, corrected nav, navigation smoothing, speed correction e				
PROCESSING				
Sidescan	Real-time sonar gain correction and colour palette display enhancement facilities, cross-track smoothing, speed correction. Extensive real-time and post-processing modules including Pipeline Inspection, Mosaicing and GeoKit interpretation tools. See Coda GeoSurvey Productivity Suite for more information			
Sub-bottom	Extensive real-time signal processing and gain correction for sub-bottom profiler together with display enhancement facilities. User-defined depth and time based filters and gain controls. Stacking, auto seabed tracking, speed correction. Extensive post processing modules for reprocessing and interpretation. Supports heave sensor input for real-time heave correction See Coda GeoSurvey Productivity Suite for more information			
PHYSICAL				
Description	19" rack-mountable system – 1U, slim-line ruggedized industrial PC			
Dimensions	17" wide x 1.75" high x 14" deep (19" wide x 1.75" x 14" deep with rack mounting)			
Shipping case	Custom Peli-case			
Power	100-240 Volts AC			
Processor	Pentium M 1.8GHz or better			
Memory	512Mb as standard			
Hard Disk	300 gigabyte			
Display	Compatible with single or dual screens (optional)			

Coda GeoSurvey<sup>™</sup> Coda<sup>™</sup> and the Coda logo are Trademarks of CodaOctopus

NEW GeoSurvey DAseries 20070131

A CodaOctopus<sup>®</sup> product. We reserve the right to change equipment specifications without notice.

#### www.codaoctopus.com

Sales: worldwide tel +44 131 553 1380; sales@codaoctopus.com USA & Canada tel +1 888 340 2627; salesamericase@codaoctopus.com 24hr support: worldwide tel +44 131 553 7003; USA & Canada tel +1 888 340 CODA; support@codaoctopus.com

CodaOctopus: a CodoOctopus GROUP company.





#### Introduction

The GeoPulse 5420S is a compact solid state power supply specifically designed for use with Boomer systems.

#### Solid State High Voltage Switching

The GeoPulse 5420S employs a solid state high voltage switching device which offers significant advances over the older technology, spark gaps and ignitrons. Solid state switching offers higher efficiency, very high reliability and excellent repeatability. Other advantages include:

- No wear out mechanism, unlike spark gaps.
- A greatly increased life span as compared to ignitrons & spark gaps.
- Less RF is produced when the unit fires, easing EMC compliance.
- No air freight restrictions, unlike mercury filled ignitrons.

#### **Designed** for Safety

The GeoPulse 5420S offers a number of considerably improved safety features, these include:-

- All controls are situated on the front panel, therefore there is no requirement to open the unit to change energy settings.
- A fully rated HV connector allows safe, rapid and reliable connection to the transducer.
- The specially developed low cross sectional area high flexibility screened cable provides low RF emissions and improves on-deck safety with minimum energy loss.
- Safety interlocks prevent operation of the 5420S when the lid is removed and when the cable is disconnected from the front panel.

# GeoPulse 5420S Solid State Power Supply



- Residual energy from the capacitors is dumped to a resistor bank when the unit is opened.
- An over-current safety trip is provided to protect the unit from damage in certain fault conditions.

#### System Operation

The GeoPulse 5420S is controlled entirely from the front panel, which makes the unit very easy to operate. The energy output of the unit is regulated irrespective of the key rate and does not drop at higher key rates within the power envelope of the system. The following controls and indicators are provided:

- Energy settings are adjusted using a front panel switch. Energy settings are 105J, 175J, 280J 350J and 455J. It should be noted that the maximum permissible energy setting when using the GeoPulse 5813B Boomer Plate is 280 Joules at 2 pulses per second.
- A Capacitor Status indicator shows which capacitors have been selected.
- A Charge Rate indicator shows the voltage ramping up to its full value, thereby giving a direct measure of the HV available across the capacitors.
- Temperature and Voltage warning indicators are provided to alert the operator to potential problems.

#### Specification

•	Dimensions:	60 cm (W) x 41
		cm (D) x 39 cm
		(H)
•	Weight:	83kg

#### Power

- Input Voltage: 115 230Vac 50/60 Hz
   Output Voltage: 3750 Vdc nominal
- Output Energy: Switch selectable 105J, 175J, 280J, 350J & 455J

#### **Energy Storage**

•	Capacitance:	C1	C2	C3
		15µF	F 25μF	$25 \mu F$
•	Charging Power:	910V	V Max.	

#### Environmental

Operational: 0 to 50°C
Storage: -15°C to 65°C

#### Connections

Power In: 25A 3 pin panel mounted
 Power Out: HV panel mounted connector with safety interlock
 Key Input: CMOS/TTL & optical fibre on front panel

#### **Power Cable**

•

- Nominal OD: 25 mm
- Estimated weight in air: 1080 kg/km
- Min. static bend radius: 180 mm

Min. dynamic bend radius:



280 mm

GeoAcoustics Asia Pacific Pte Ltd 30 Loyang Way, #07-12, Singapore 508769 Tel: +65 6546 3687 Fax: +65 6546 3680 e-mail: sales@geoacoustics.com.sg www.geoacoustics.com



GeoAcoustics Limited Shuttleworth Close, Gapton Hall Ind. Est., Gt. Yarmouth, Norfolk, UK, NR31 0NQ Tcl: +44 (0) 1493 600666 Fax: +44 (0) 1493 651100 e-mail: sales@geoacoustics.co.uk www.geoacoustics.com

• Electrical characteristics at 20°C:

Insulation

core:

resistance core/

10.00 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor resistance = 1.95  $\Omega/km$  of cable 1.50 mm<sup>2</sup> conductor resistance = 13.7  $\Omega/km$  of cable Min 1500 M $\Omega$ at 5000 VDC



- 1. Tinned copper conductor
- Semi conductive foil
- Insulation of MPR 105
- 4. Filler
- 5. Tinned copper conductor
- 6. Insulation of MPR 105
- 7. Polyesterfoil
- 8. Double braid of tinned copperwire
- 9. Nonwoven polyesterfoil
- 10. Jacket of HFS 100, yellow

*Specification subject to change without notice.* (9-5420S-6900/A 01/2001)



GeoAcoustics Inc 12626 William Dowdell Drive Cypress, Texas 77429, USA Tel: +1 281 894 5570 Fax: +1 281 894 7196 e-mail: sales@geoacoustics.com www.geoacoustics.com

# **INNERSPACE**

#### HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY SOUNDER MODEL 456 Dual Frequency



#### DESCRIPTION

The Innerspace Technology Model 456 Dual Frequency Hydrographic Survey Sounder provides survey quality electronic chart and digital depth information. Dual analog depth soundings are displayed on a high resolution, daylight readable, color graphic LCD, in six colors. The digital depths are displayed on a separate, large character, alphanumeric LCD which also displays operator menu selections for set up. Designed with the operator in mind, the easy-to-use menu is controlled via up / down, left / right arrows; no numerical entries are required and, when power is turned off, all entries are saved for next power on. Once the set up parameters are entered, the 456 operates automatically – tracking up and down slopes – with a minimum of operator intervention. The 456's analog chart display provides a continuous, dual frequency, high resolution bottom profile with alphanumerical annotation of pertinent information including: Speed-of-Sound, Tide, Draft, Time and Fix Number. The chart display screens can be internally stored, either continuous or on command, on a 72 or 112 MB Flash Ram for later viewing or hard copy printout via standard computer equipment. Digital depths are output to a computer via one of four bi-directional RS232 ports available. Optionally, the 456 can be furnished with built in DGPS or RTK. The small, lightweight unit contains the latest electronic technology and is ideal for use on small boats for waterways maintenance hydrographic surveys and for any survey with varying bottom densities and sub-bottom conditions.



728 GARDEN STREET, CALSTADT, NJ 07072 (201) 933-1600 FAX (201) 933-7340 E-mail: info@innerspacetechnology.com Website: www.innerspacetechnology.com

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **GRAPHIC DISPLAY**

- 640 x 480 Pixel Color TFT LCD
- Dual Backlight 350 nits with Brightness Control
- 10.4 inch Diagonal Size

#### ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY

• 4 lines x 40 characters with large numerics 1 in. High with Backlight

#### OPERATION

• Menu driven set up of operating parameters

#### PARAMETER SELECTION

• Speed-of-Sound, Tide, Draft, Gate Width, Scale, Backlight, Com Ports and many more

#### **DEPTH RANGES**

- 0-45, 40-85, 80-125, 120-165, 160-205 Feet 0-22.5, 20-42.5, 40-62.5, 60-82.5, 80-102.5, Meters
- Resolution: .1 unit Feet and Meters, .01 unit CM
- Multipliers: 1, 2
- Auto Ranging

#### ANNOTATION

 LCD graphic display numerically displays Speed-of-Sound, Tide, Draft, Date, Time, Depth, Fix Number, External Annotation and GPS or Heave Data

#### TRANSMITTER

• High and low frequency front panel Power Level switches with four levels 10 to 500 watts

#### RECEIVER

- High and low frequency front panel manual gain controls with 12 db range
- Time Varied Automatic Gain adjustment under microprocessor control 20 or 30 Log
- Adjustable Blanking

#### DIGITIZER

- Range Gated (selectable widths)
- Initial Depth Entry
- 4 Modes of Operation
- Upper Gate Mark on Graphic Display
- Depth/GPS Multiplexer

#### UTILITIES

- Depth Simulator (for testing)
- Chart Speed (four)
- Continuous Screen Capture to Memory
- Factory Defaults

#### INPUT / OUTPUTS

- RS232 Ports A, B, C, D
- Parallel Port
- Keyboard Port
- VGA Port
- Floppy Port
- Optional GPS Antenna
- Optional Remote Readout Model 605

#### TRANSDUCER

- Dual Frequency Molded Urethane
- Low Sidelobes, Internal Transformers
- Lightweight, Portable Housing

#### FREQUENCIES (standard)

- 200kHz 6° / 50kHz 15°
- 200kHz 6° / 33kHz 23°
- 200kHz 6° / 24kHz 33°

#### POWER

- 12VDC, 5 Amp
- 120-240VAC 2 Amps 50/60Hz

#### ENCLOSURE

- Drawn Aluminum Case
- Aluminum panel painted to resist corrosion.
- Heavy duty transit case included

#### OVERALL SIZE

- 17 in. Wide x 14.5 in. High x 9.5 in. Deep
- 43.2 cm Wide x 36.8 High x 24.1 Deep

#### WEIGHT

- 30 lbs. less GPS
- 13.6 kg less GPS

#### **OPTIONS:**

- Heave Sensor
- 12 Channel GPS Receiver (Sub-Meter or Centimeter Accuracy)
- Remote VGA Display & Cable
- Model 605 Remote Alphanumeric Display (Large Numeric LCD)
- Additional Memory 112 MB
- Floppy disk drive (1.44 MB) in travel case
- Zip drive and adapter cable
- Mini Keyboard (89 key) and adapter cable
- VGA cable
- Parallel cable
- Special transducers
- Over-The-Side Transducer Mount
- GPS Antenna Adapter and Pole
- Transducer Pipes and Adapter
- Speed-Of-Sound Probe
- Speed-Of-Sound Graphics software



# INNERSPACE TECHNOLOGY, INC.

728 GARDEN STREET, CALSTADT, NJ 07072 (201) 933-1600 FAX (201) 933-7340 E-mail: info@innerspacetechnology.com Website: www.innerspacetechnology.com

# System 3000 Digital Side Scan Sona "The difference is in the Image!"

Klein Associates, Inc.'s, new System 3000 presents the latest technology in digital side scan sonar imaging. The simultaneous dual frequency operation is based on new transducer designs as well as the high resolution circuitry recently developed for the Klein multi-beam focused sonar. The System 3000 performance and price is directed to the commercial, institutional, and governmental markets.

ADVANCED SIGNAL PROCESSING AND TRANSDUCERS PRODUCE SUPERIOR IMAGERY

COST EFFECTIVE, AFFORDABLE

KLEIN SYSTEM 3000 www.kteinsonar.com

PC BASED OPERATION WITH SONARPRO SOFTWARE, DEDICATED TO KLEIN SONARS

SMALL, LIGHTWEIGHT, AND SIMPLE DESIGNS -EASY TO RUN AND MAINTAIN

EASILY ADAPTED TO AUVS, ROVS, AND CUSTOM TOWFISH



#### Outputs Options Towfish Power Navigation Input Standard Sensors Weight Size Depth Rating Beam Tilt Beams SPECIFICATIONS Basic Hardware Uperating System Construction Maximum Range **Transmission Pulse** fransceiver Processor Unit (TPU) requencies 29 kg in air 120 watts @ 120/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz **NMEA 0183** 100 Base-Tx, Ethernet LAN and Responder Interface Kits Magnetometer Interface, pressure, Acoustic Positioning Responder, Vertical - 40 deg. 19-inch rack or table mount, VME bus structure vxWorks® with custom application Roll, pitch, heading 600 meters @ 100 kHz; 150 meters @ 500 kHz Horizontal - 1 deg. @ 100 kHz, 0.2 deg. @ 500 kHz Independent pulses for each frequency Tone Burst, operator selectable from 25 to 400 usecs. 100 kHz (125 kHz +/- 1% act.), 500 kHz (445 kHz, +/- 1% act.) 22 cm long, 8.9 cm diameter stainless Steel 5, 10,15, 20, 25 degrees down, adjustable ,500 meters standard, options to 3km & 6km depths cables, double armored steel cables, and interfaces to fiber optic cables. All cables come fully terminated at the towfish end. Klein offers a selection of coaxial, Kevlar® reinforced, lightweight **Tow Cables** Hardware Data Storage **Basic Operating System** Klein Sonar Workstation onar Software KLEIN ASSOCIATES, INC. KLEIN Salem, N.H. 03079-1249, U.S.A E-mail: mail@kleinsonar.com Phone: (603) 893-6131 Fax: (603) 893-8807 1 Klein Drive optional devices available Industrial PC with technically Internal hard drive, advanced components SonarPro Windows NT® & 2000® or equiv. "Wizards" Multiple Display Windows Custom developed software by users and for users of Klein side scan sonar systems operating on Windows NT® & 2000°. Field proven for many years on Klein's Multi-Beam Focused Sonar Series 5000 Networking Sensor Window Target Management Survey Design **Basic Modules** ease of use with advanced sonar features. Systems and adapted to the System 3000 single-beam system. SonarPro® is a modular package combining SonarPro® Software navigation window. target layers, and teature enhancements. Locates target in comparisons, tiling, classification, positioning, time & survey Independent windows permitting mensuration, logging, set tolerances, monitor actual coverage, and store settings. Quick & easy survey set up with ability to change parameters, and Sensor Display. To help operator set up various manual and default parameters responder set up to suit many trequencies and ping rates Displays all sensors in several formats (includes some alarms) and targets in real time or in playback modes. Permits multiple windows to view different features as well as AN including "master and slave" configurations. <sup>2</sup>ermits multiple, real time processing workstations via a status monitors, targets, etc. Management, Navigation, Data Recording & Playing, Main Program, Data Display, Information, Target Aulti-Windows for sonar channels, navigation, sensors,

Vindows VI & 2000, vxViarks, and Awhar - are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corp., Wind River Systems, Inc., and DuPont - respectively. SonDrab<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Mein Associates, Inc.

web site: www.kleinsonar.com

# $SV Plus^{v2}$ Setting the Standard for

# Sound Velocity Profiling

Updated in 2004, the SV Plus<sup>v2</sup> was released in 1996 as the first-ever time of flight sound velocimeter. By directly measuring the time-of-flight of an acoustic ping, the SV Plus<sup>v2</sup> improves sound velocity accuracies by a factor of five over CTD based calculations such as Chen & Millero or Del Grosso.

Applied Microsystems has manufactured more than 3000 time-of-flight sound velocity sensors, making the SV Plus<sup>v2</sup> a proven field partner. Used by surveyors worldwide and recommended by leading multi-beam manufacturers, the SV Plus<sup>v2</sup> is the industry standard for reliable sound velocity measurement.



#### **Key Features:**

- *Sound Velocity:* Time-of-Flight, +/-0.03 m/s (precision)
- *Temperature:* Precision Aged Thermistor, +/-0.05°C (precision), +/-0.005°C (optional)
- *Pressure*: Temperature Compensated Strain Gauge, +/-0.03%FS (precision), +/-0.01%FS (optional)
- Sampling: user selectable sampling to 25 Hz
- *Power:* dual power (internal battery and external supply)
- *Memory:* gigabyte non-volatile memory (expandable)
- Additional Channels: up to 10 analog or 5 digital channels
- SV·Xchange<sup>TM</sup>: optional SV·Xchange<sup>TM</sup>, the industry's only field-swappable sound velocity sensor
- USB: optional USB port for high-speed data download

# SV•Xchange<sup>™</sup>

### Exchangeable SV Sensor Option

SV•Xchange<sup>™</sup> is the industry's only field-swappable sound velocity sensor. Any SV•Xchange<sup>™</sup> sensor can be connected to any Xchange enabled instrument - when you want, where you want - without compromising calibration accuracy.

Key benefits include increased instrument field time, lower cost of ownership, greater convenience and increased flexibility. The SV•Xchange<sup>™</sup> is available as an option on the SV Plus<sup>v2</sup>.

#### **Electrical**:

- Gigabyte non-volatile memory (expandable)
- Up to 25 scans per second
- Real time clock
- 8 to 26 VDC (external)
- Auto detect RS232 or RS485
- Optional additional channels (10 analog or 5 digital)
- Auto shut-down in low battery conditions

#### Sampling Modes:

· Continuous; defined increments of time or pressure; on request Accessories:

#### **Power Options:**

- 9 D cell Alkaline batteries
- 3, 6, or 9 D cell Lithium batteries
- 9 D cell Ni-Cad rechargeable batteries

#### Mechanical:

- · Housing & End Cap: Hard anodized 6061-T6 Aluminium to 5000 m or 7075-T6 Aluminium to 6000 m
- Size: 100 mm / 4.0" (diameter) x 881 mm / 34.9" (end-to-end, logger version)
- Connectors: Subconn Micro 8 wet pluggable, Female
- Environmental: Storage, -40°C to 60°C; Usage, -20°C to 45°C

- Instrument suspension bar
- Instrument protection frame
- Field spares kit

#### **Ordering Code:**

• PDC-A1500

\*specifications subject to change without notice

		Range	Precision	Accuracy	Response	Resolution
Standard	Sound Velocity (Invar)	1400 to 1550 m/s	+/-0.03 m/s	+/-0.05 m/s	145 microseconds	0.015 m/s
	Temperature	-2 to 32°C	+/-0.003°C	+/-0.05°C	1 second	0.001°C
	Pressure (Strain Gauge)	Various to 6000 m	+/-0.03%FS	+/-0.05%FS	10 milliseconds	0.005%FS
Optional Upgrades	SV•Xchange™	1375 to 1625 m/s	+/-0.006 m/s	+/-0.025 m/s	47 microseconds	0.001 m/s
	Temperature	Various to 45°C	+/-0.003°C	+/-0.005°C	350 milliseconds	0.001°C
	Pressure (Quartz Crystal)	Various to 7000 m		+/-0.01%FS	Varies	0.000001%FS
Calculated Parameters	Salinity	o to 40 psu		+/-0.035 psu		

## APPLIED MICROSYSTEMS

2071 Malaview Avenue, Sidney BC Canada • TEL: +1-250-656-0771 info@appliedmicrosystems.com • www.appliedmicrosystems.com Version 1.08

# **G-882SX MARINE MAGNETOMETER**

- CESIUM VAPOR PERFORMANCE Tow the Cesium magnetometer "Anywhere Any Direction" worldwide
- NEW STREAMLINED DESIGN FOR TOW SAFETY Low probability of fouling in lines or rocks
- NEW QUICK CONVERSION FROM NOSE TOW TO CG TOW Simply remove an aluminum locking pin, move tow point and reinsert. New built in easy carry handle!
- NEW INTERNAL CM-221 COUNTER MODULE Provides Flash Memory for storage of default parameters set by user
- NEW ECHOSOUNDER / ALTIMETER OPTION
- NEW DEPTH RATING 4,000 psi !
- NO EXPORT LICENSE REQUIRED 0.01 nT with speeds up to 40 Hz with the internal CM-221 Mini-Counter
- EASY PORTABILITY & HANDLING no winch required, single man operation, only 44 lbs with 200 ft cable (without weights)
- COMBINE TWO SYSTEMS FOR INCREASED COVERAGE Internal CM-221 Mini-Counter provides multi-sensor data concatenation allowing side by side coverage which maximizes detection of small targets and reduces noise

Cesium Vapor performance is now available in a low cost, small size system for professional surveys in shallow or deep water. Good sensitivity and sample rates are maintained for all applications. The well proven Cesium sensor is combined with a unique and new CM-221 Larmor counter and ruggedly packaged for small or large boat operation. Use your computer and standard printer with our MagLogLite<sup>TM</sup> software to log, display and print GPS position and magnetic field data. The G-882SX is the lowest priced full range marine magnetometer system ever offered.

The G-882SX offers flexibility for operation from small boat, shallow water surveys as well as deep tow applications (4,000 psi rating, telemetry over steel coax available to 10Km). The G-882SX also directly interfaces to all major Side Scan manufacturers for tandem tow configurations. Being small and lightweight (44 lbs net, without weights) it is easily deployed and operated by one person. But add several streamlined weight collars and the system can quickly weigh more than 100 lbs. for deep tow applications. Power may be supplied from a 24 to 30 VDC battery power or the included 110/220 VAC power supply. The tow cable employs high strength Kevlar strain member with a standard length of 200 ft (61 m) and optional cable length up to 500m with no telemetry required.

A rugged fiber-wound fiberglass housing is designed for operation is all parts of the world allowing sensor rotation for work in equatorial regions. The shipboard end of the tow

G-882SX with Weight Collar Depth Option & Altimeter

cable is attached to an included junction box or optional on-board cable for quick and simple hookup to power and output of data into any Windows 98, ME, NT, 2000 or XP computer equipped with RS-232 serial ports.

The G-882SX Cesium magnetometer provides non-export license operating sensitivity and sample rates for quick deployment anywhere in the world. MagLogLite<sup>™</sup> Logging Software is offered with each magnetometer and allows recording and display of data and position with Automatic Anomaly Detection and automatic anomaly printing on Windows<sup>™</sup> printer! Additional options include: MagMap2000 plotting and contouring software and post acquisition processing software MagPick<sup>™</sup> (free from our website.)





The G 882SX system is particularly well suited for the detection and mapping of all sizes of ferrous objects. This includes anchors, chains, cables, pipelines, ballast stone and other scattered shipwreck debris, munitions of all sizes (UXO), aircraft, engines and any other object with magnetic expression. Objects as small as a 5 inch screwdriver are readily detected provided that the sensor is close to the seafloor and within practical detection range. (Refer to table at right).

The design of this high sensitivity G 882SX marine unit is directed toward the largest number of user needs. It is intended to meet all marine requirements such as shallow survey, deep tow through long cables, integration with Side Scan Sonar systems and monitoring of fish depth and altitude.

#### Typical Detection Range For Common Objects

Ship 1000 tons Anchor 20 tons <u>Automobile</u> Light Aircraft Pipeline (12 inch) <u>Pipeline (6 inch)</u> 100 KG of iron 100 lbs of iron 1 lb of iron Screwdriver 5 inch <u>1000 lb bomb</u> 500 lb bomb Grenade 20 mm shell 0.5 to 1 nT at 800 ft (244 m) 0.8 to 1.25 nT at 400 ft (120 m) 1 to 2 nT at 100 ft (30 m)0.5 to 2 nT at 40 ft (12 m) 1 to 2 nT at 200 ft (60 m) 1 to 2 nT at 200 ft (60 m)1 to 2 nT at 50 ft (15 m) 0.5 to 1 nT at 30 ft (9 m) 0.5 to 1 nT at 20 ft (6 m) 0.5 to 1 nT at 10 ft (3 m) 0.5 to 5 nT at 100 ft (30 m) 1 to 5 nT at 100 ft (30 m) 0.5 to 5 nT at 50 ft (16 m) 0.5 to 2 nT at 10 ft (3 m) 0.5 to 2 nT at 10 ft (3 m) 0.5 to 2 nT at 5 ft (1.8 m)

#### **MODEL G 882SX CESIUM MARINE MAGNETOMETER SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS**

OPERATING PRINCIPLE:	Self-oscillating split-beam Cesium Vapor (non-radioactive)	
OPERATING RANGE:	20,000 to 100,000 nT	
OPERATING ZONES:	The earth's field vector should be at an angle greater than 6° from the sensor's equator and greater than 6° away from the sensor's long axis. Automatic hemisphere switching. Now towable "Anywhere – Any Direction"	
CM-221 COUNTER SENSITIVITY:	0.01nT with speeds up to 40 samples per second	
HEADING ERROR:	±1 nT (over entire 360° spin )	
Absolute Accuracy:	<2 nT throughout range	
Ουτρυτ:	RS-232 at 1,200 to 19,200 Baud	
Mechanical:		
Sensor Fish:	Body 2.75 in. (7 cm) dia., 4.5 ft (1.37 m) long with fin assembly (11 in. cross width), 40 lbs. (18 kg) Includes Sensor and Electronics and 1 main weight. Additional collar weights are 14lbs (6.4kg) each, total of 5 capable	
Tow Cable:	Kevlar Reinforced multiconductor tow cable. Breaking strength 3,600 lbs, 0.48 in OD, 200 ft maximum. Weighs 17 lbs (7.7 kg) with terminations.	
OPERATING TEMPERATURE:	-30°F to +122°F (-35°C to +50°C)	
STORAGE TEMPERATURE:	-48°F to +158°F (-45°C to +70°C)	
ALTITUDE:	Up to 30,000 ft (9,000 m)	
WATER TIGHT:	O-Ring sealed for up to 4,000 psi (9000 ft or 2750 m) depth operation	
Power:	24 to 32 VDC, 0.75 amp at turn-on and 0.5 amp thereafter	
Accessories:		
Standard:	View201 Utility Software operation manual and ship kit	
Optional:	Telemetry to 10Km coax, gradiometer (longitudinal or transverse), reusable shipping case	
MagLog Lite™ Software:	Logs, displays and prints Mag and GPS data at 10 Hz sample rate. Automatic anomaly detection and single sheet Windows printer support	

#### SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

	GEOMETRICS, INC.	2190 Fortune Drive, San Jose, California 95131 408-954-0522 Fax 408-954-0902 Internet: sales@mail.geometrics.com		
FTDICS	GEOMETRICS Europe	<b>20 Eden Way, Pages Industrial Park, Leighton Buzzard, LU7 4TZ, UK</b> Tel: 44-1525-383438 Fax 44-1525-382200 Eml: chris@georentals.co.uk		
	GEOMETRICS China	Laurel Industrial Co. Inc Beijing Office, Room 2509-2511, Full Link Plaza #18 Chaoyangmenwai Dajie, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China 100020 10-6588-1126 (11271130), 10-6588-1132 Fax 010-6588-1162		

12/06



Expert Lakebed Studies for The Lake Erie Wind Power Project Offshore Cleveland, Ohio



# **APPENDIX 6**

**CHARTS** 



2150000E	<u></u> È F.M. EOÈEËN	2152500E	ê F.Á Jứtế	
712	500N			
I F»Á	Ĩ Œ́€€ÄÞ			
710	000N			
I F»Ád	(Ǿ.⊣∈ÄÞ			
707	500N			
-				
I F»Á	í ¢€€äþ  000N			
_				
702	500N			
I F »Ad				
		≩		
2150000	700000N	<ul> <li>④ F.M. €Ø</li> <li>● 152500</li> </ul>		



2150000E	eì Fwi eaceàr	Z 1.02.00L	
712	500N		4
I F»Á	Ĩ Œ€ÄÞ		
710	000N		
I F»Ád	Î ŒHEÄÞ		
707	500N		
_			
I F»Á	í <i>d</i> €€Ä> 000N		
_			
702	500N 		
-			
215000E	700000N	7	E F % J QHE



![](_page_90_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_91_Figure_0.jpeg)

215000E	E MA EQECTIV	2152500E	ê Fŵj <u>át</u> eñ	
712500N				
<u>IF»ÁHİ</u> ÓEEÄÞ				
710000N				
<u>IF»ÁHÎ</u> QÁHEÄÞ				
707500N				
I F»ÁĤ ŒEEÄÞ				
705000N				
702500N				
<u>IF»ÁTÍ</u> ÓHEÄÞ				
Щ 700000N	F MÁ EGÉN	152500E	F % J QHEÄV	
		5	<u> </u>	

![](_page_92_Figure_1.jpeg)

	580.0
	490.0 470.0 460.0 450.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 40.0 410.0 4
580.0 570.0	ORTH WATER SURFACE
560.0 — 550.0 — 540.0 — 530.0 — 520.0 — 510.0 — 500.0 —	LAKE BOTTOM SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT
490.0 — 480.0 — 470.0 — 460.0 — 450.0 — 440.0 — 430.0 —	UPPER GLACIAL SEDIMENT         LOWER GLACIAL SEDIMENT         TOP OF SHALE
420.0 410.0	Turbine 4
N	
580.0 — 570.0 — 560.0 —	URTH WATER SURFACE
580.0	WATER SURFACE     LAKE BOTTOM     SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT
580.0         570.0         560.0         550.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         520.0         510.0         540.0         480.0         480.0         470.0         460.0         440.0         420.0         410.0	VATER SURFACE LAKE BOTTOM SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT TOP OF SHALE
580.0 570.0 560.0 550.0 540.0 530.0 520.0 510.0 490.0 480.0 480.0 440.0 430.0 410.0 410.0 MA	DRTH WATER SURFACE LAKE BOTTOM SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT TOP OF SHALE TOP OF SHALE TOP LAYEY SEDIMENT
580.0 570.0 560.0 550.0 540.0 530.0 520.0 510.0 500.0 480.0 480.0 470.0 460.0 430.0 410.0 <b>MA</b>	DRTH water surface LAKE BOTTOM SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT TOP OF SHALE TOP OF SHALE TOHLINE 2
580.0         570.0         560.0         550.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         540.0         530.0         510.0         500.0         440.0         430.0         420.0         410.0         580.0         580.0         580.0         580.0         580.0         550.0	NORTH
580.0	UARE BOTTOM         SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT           TOP OF SHALE
580.0	

	V	/EST	
ШZ	580.0	WATER SURFACE	
COSSEI	530.0	LAKE BOTTOM SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT	
к С Л П	490.0 — 480.0 — 470.0 — 460.0 —	UPPER GLACIAL SEDIMENT	
JKBINI	450.0	LOWER GLACIAL SEDIMENT	
_	410.0		//////////////////////////////////////

UPPER GLACIAL SEDIMENT	
	SOUTH
Turbine 2	MATCHLINE 3
SOUTH	SEE INSET OF THE SERVICE STACK STACK DIVED WATE LA TOP OF GLACIA
WEST EAST	
SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT SOFT CLAYEY SEDIMENT UPPER GLACIAL SEDIMENT LOWER GLACIAL SEDIMENT Turbine 3	CENT Party Chief: C.DI Vessel: M/V SAI
	Date Of Survey: 9/23-2

UPPER GLACIAL SEDIMENT	5	
	SOUTH	
WEST WATER SURFACE 5000 500		
T 410.0		

SOUTH SO		
SOUTH SOUTH		SOUTH
SOUTH SOUTH		
SOUTH SO		
SOUTH SOUTH		
SOUTH SO		MATCHLINE 1
SOUTH		
SOUTH		
SOUTH		
SOUTH SOUTH		SOUTH
SOUTH SOUTH ANTOINER SOUTH ANTOINER SOUTH ANTOINER ANTOINER ANTOINER SOUTH ANTOINER A		
SOUTH SO		
SOUTH SO		
SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SHUT LEE SOUTH SHUT LEE SHUT L	///////////////////////////////////////	
SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH MINIMUM SINCE SOUTH S		
SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH MCCRIMES MCC		
SOUTH CATERING & CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O		SURVEY AREA
SOUTH		83 18 5 167 758 71 28838 10473
ANTORINE 3	SOUT	<b>H</b> <b>16</b> <b>16</b> <b>16</b> <b>15</b> <b>15</b> <b>15</b> <b>14</b> <b>306</b> <b>14</b> <b>306</b> <b>14</b> <b>306</b> <b>14</b> <b>306</b> <b>16</b> <b>16</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>17</b> <b>1</b>
MITCHES MIT		$7_{3}$ $17$ $7_{6_{4}}$ $15_{a}$ $15_{a}$ $14_{a}$ $10_{3}$ $10_$
ANTERLINES		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
MITCH-LIKE 3 MITCH-LIKE 3 MI		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
CLEVELAND CLEVELAND	MATCHLINE 3	12g
CUPPEND  CU		ID3     WK     T     Iduiting depined on the mining depined on the
LEGEND		SPIRE CONTRACTOR CLEVELAND Chart 14839
INFERIOR       INFERIOR         INFE		LEGEND         WATER SURFACE         TOP OF LOWER GLACIAL         SEDIMENT (REELECTOR 1)
CUERT CALL CALL TO THE TOTAL TO		LAKE BOTTOM     TOP OF LOWER GLACIAL SEDIMENT (REFLECTOR 2)       TOP OF UPPER     TOP OF SHALE
(1 inch = 50 feet) (1 inch = 50 feet) (1 inch = 100 feet) (1 inch = 50 feet) (1 inch = 100 feet) (		GLACIAL SEDIMENT
HORIZONTAL SCALE 1: 1200 (1 inch = 100 feet)		(1 inch = 50 feet)
Image: second		HORIZONTAL SCALE 1:1200 (1 inch = 100 feet)
DATUM:: NAD 83 PROJECTION:: OHIO STATE PLANE FEET VERTICAL DATUM: IGLD FEET CUYAHOGA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT 1701 EAST 12TH STREET CLEVELAND, OHIO 44114		
CUYAHOGA COUNTY         DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT         1701 EAST 12TH STREET         CLEVELAND, OHIO 44114 <b>Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc.</b> 70 Oak St.         Norwood, NJ 07648         EXPERT LAKEBED STUDIES         FOR THE         LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT <b>GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF</b> CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Model Wit Sancho         <		DATUM : NAD 83 PROJECTION : OHIO STATE PLANE FEET VERTICAL DATUM : IGLD FEET
1701 EAST 12TH STREET CLEVELAND, OHIO 44114         Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc. 70 Oak St. Norwood, NJ 07648         EXPERT LAKEBED STUDIES FOR THE LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT         GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Weet         Waret         Weet         Waret         Weet         WIND POWER PROJECT         GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Weet         Weet Konstance         Weet Konstance         Weet Konstance         Weet Konstance         Over State         Over State </td <th></th> <td>CUYAHOGA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT</td>		CUYAHOGA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT
Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc. 70 Oak St. Norwood, NJ 07648 EXPERT LAKEBED STUDIES FOR THE LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE M/V SANCHO 10/21/10 Det 0/ Saray: 9/23-28/10		1701 EAST 12TH STREET CLEVELAND, OHIO 44114
Vorwood, NJ 07648         EXPERT LAKEBED STUDIES         FOR THE         LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT         GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF         CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Person         Vesset         VV SANCHO         10/21/10         Deter Of Survey:         9/23-28/10		Alpine Ocean Seismic Survey, Inc. 70 Oak St.
FOR THE LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE Party Chief: C.DILL BHE Vesset: M/V SANCHO Deavor: 9/23-28/10 Chart Number: C.DILL Chart Number:		Norwood, NJ 07648
LAKE ERIE WIND POWER PROJECT         GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF         CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Party Chief:         C.DILL         Drawing Name:         1634_CUYAHOGA         Vesset:         M/V SANCHO         Date Of Survey:         9/23-28/10		
CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE         Party Chief:       Drawn:       Drawne:       1634_CUYAHOGA         Vessel:       Issue Date:       10/21/10       1634_CUYAHOGA         Date Of Survey:       9/23-28/10       Chart Number :       Chart Number :		GEOLOGICAL PROFILES OF
C.DILLBHE1634_CUYAHOGAVessel:Issue Date:M/V SANCHO10/21/10Date Of Survey:9/23-28/109/23-28/10Chart Number :		CENTERLINE & TURBINE 3 CROSSLINE
9/23-28/10 Chart Number :		C.DILL     BHE     1634_CUYAHOGA       Vessel:     Issue Date:     10/21/10       Date Of Survey:     0/22, 28/40     0
7 of 7		9/23-28/10         Chart Number :           7 of 7