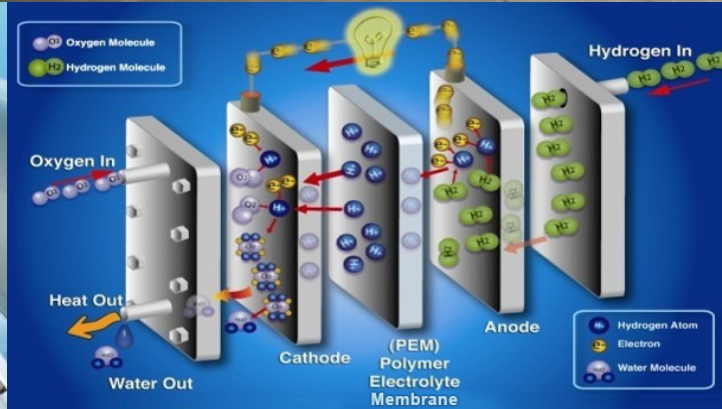


U.S. Department of Energy Fuel Cell Technologies Office

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY | Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy



Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Progress Overview

Houston, TX

May 23, 2017

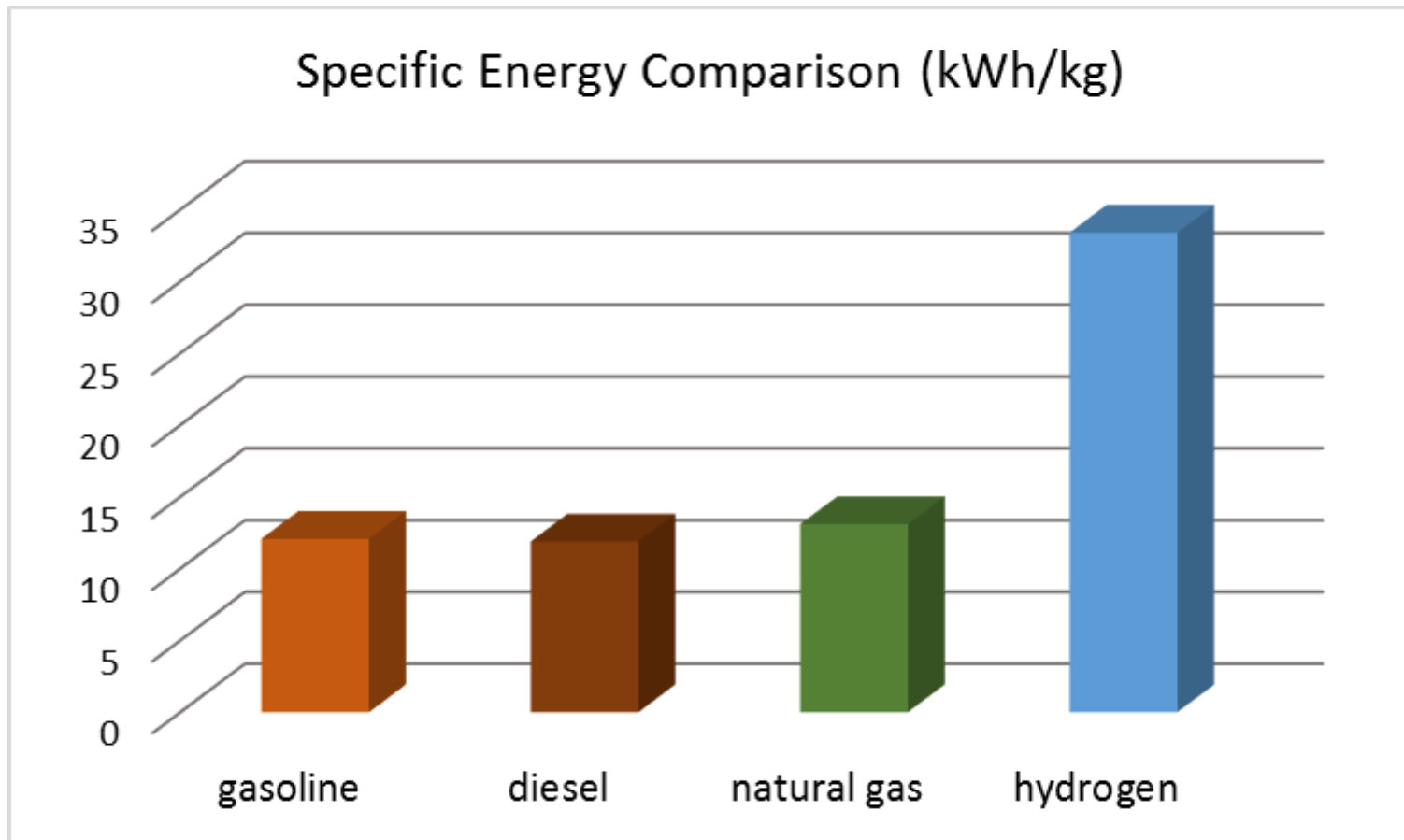
Dr. Sunita Satyapal

Director
Fuel Cell Technologies Office
U.S. Department of Energy



Napoleon Hill

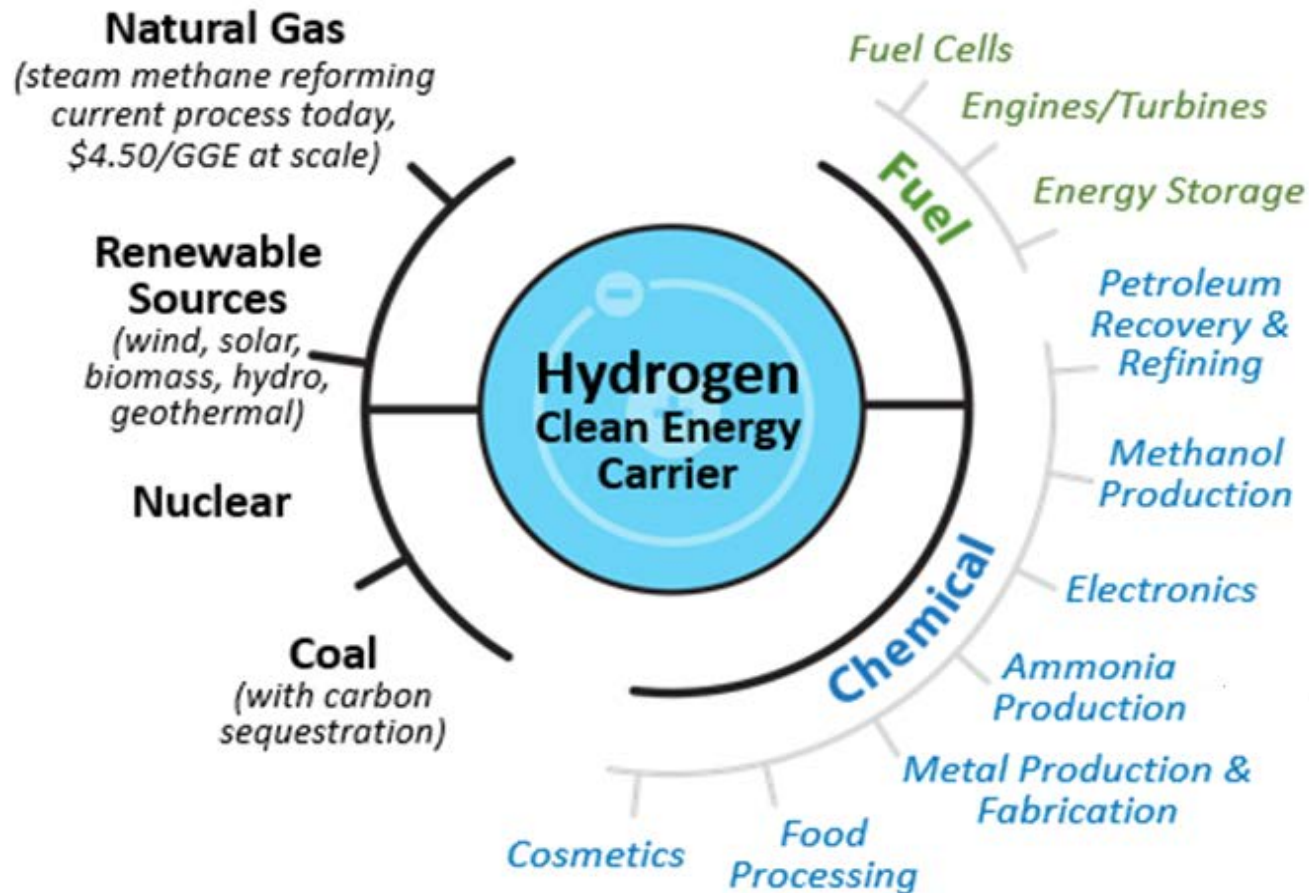
“It is literally true that you can succeed best and quickest by helping others to succeed”



~ Three times more energy by mass than most other fuels but need higher volumes to store

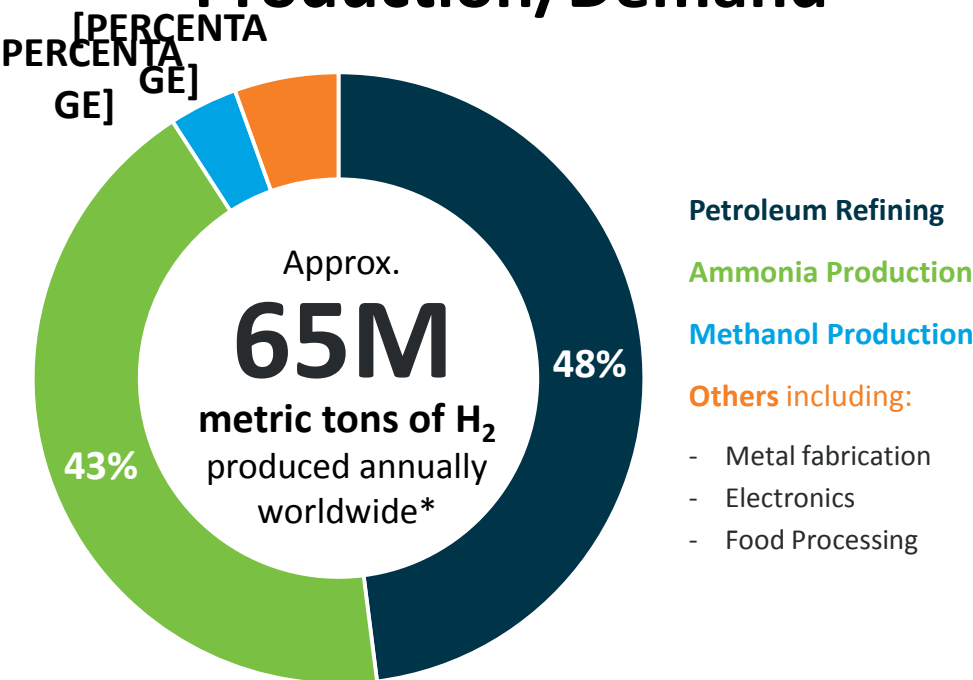
**Diverse domestic sources
can be used to produce H₂**

**Many applications rely on
or could benefit from H₂**



Hydrogen is a versatile, clean, and efficient energy carrier

Global Annual H₂ Production/Demand

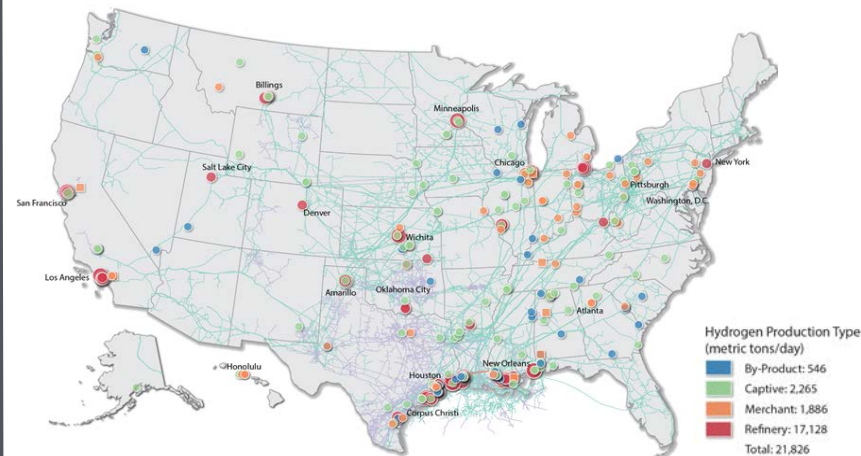


Steam methane reforming of natural gas (SMR):
currently most cost-competitive process to produce H₂

Source: Markets and Markets. Hydrogen Generation Market: Global Trends & Forecasts to 2019, 2014.

Current H₂ Infrastructure:
1,600 miles of H₂ pipeline
>50 H₂ Stations (27 public)

Centralized H₂ production facilities in the U.S.



Source: NREL

10 million metric tons of H₂
produced every year in the U.S.

Cost- Competitive H₂ Fuel

- H₂ from Natural Gas through SMR
- At-scale production
- <\$2/gge produced (low pressure, at source)

1970s

Government and industry stakeholders met at Los Alamos, set the foundation for DOE fuel cell programs



Lab researchers taught scientists around the world how to fabricate fuel cell electrodes. Group from GM relocated to Los Alamos.

Forty years later, for the first time in history....



Hyundai Tucson Fuel Cell SUV



Toyota Mirai



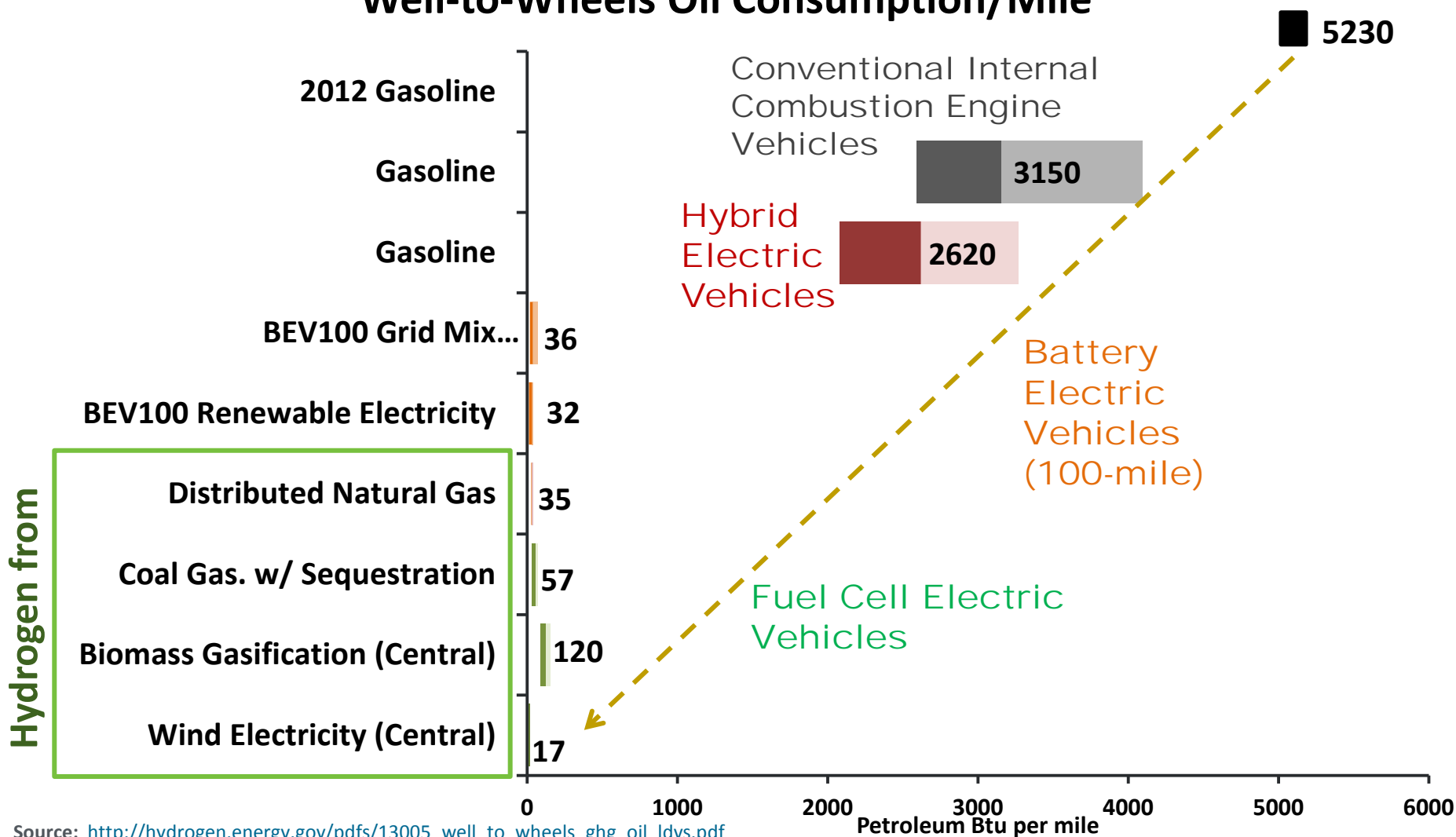
Honda Clarity

**Commercial
fuel cell electric
cars are here!**

**Power, performance,
petroleum-free, pollution-free**

**Refuels in minutes
>360 mi driving range
>60 mpgge**

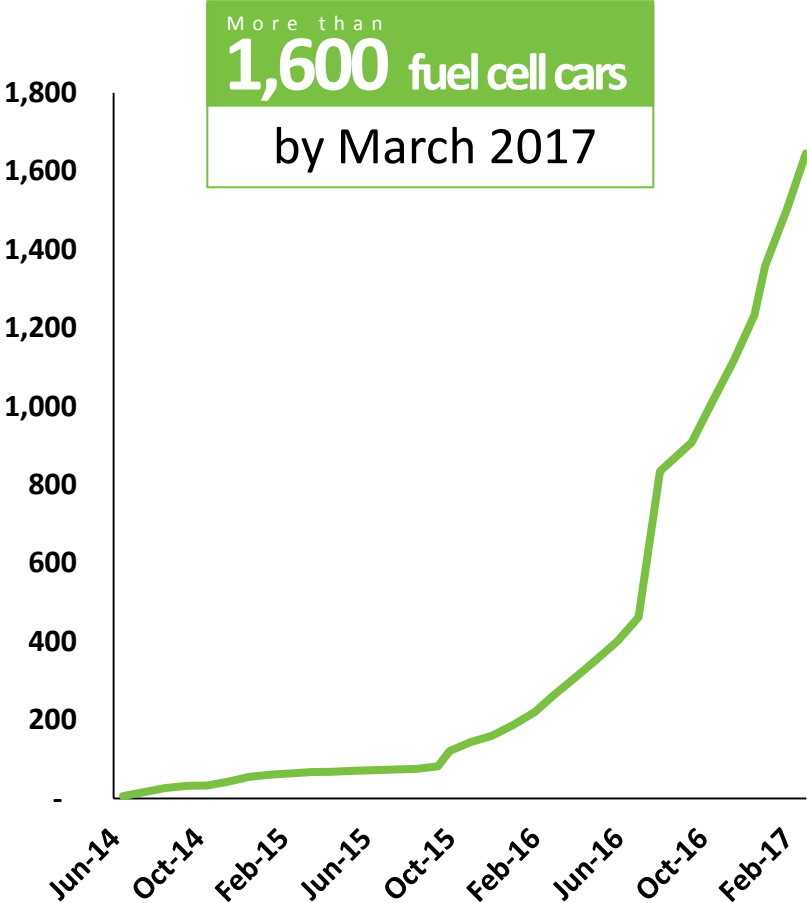
Well-to-Wheels Oil Consumption/Mile



If DOE targets are met, petroleum use by LDVs would decline by 80% by 2050.



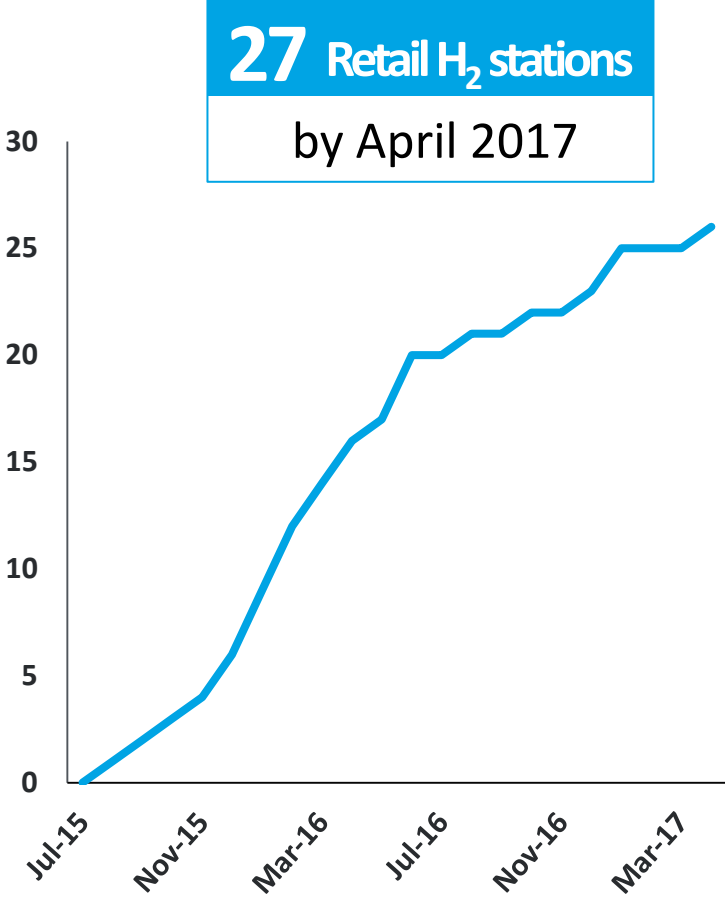
U.S. Fuel Cell Car Sales Growing Exponentially



Note: Cumulative number of vehicles sold/leased. Source: hybridcars.com

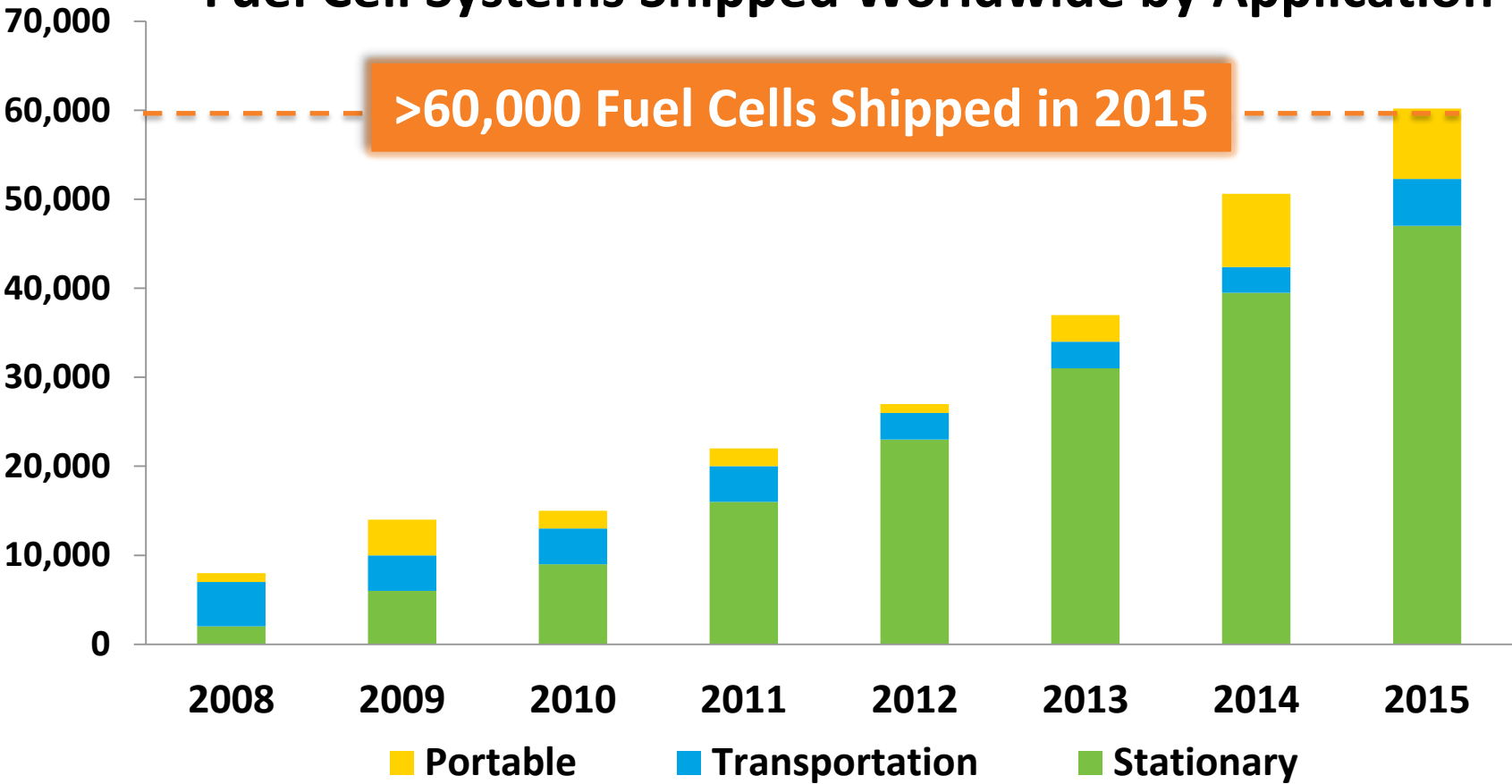


Number of Retail H₂ Stations in CA Increasing



Sources: CaFCP

Fuel Cell Systems Shipped Worldwide by Application



Capacity shipped in 2015 \rightarrow Approximately **300 MW** & **~2X** \rightarrow the capacity in 2014

Source: Navigant Research (2008-2013) & E4tech (2014-2015)

Consistent ~30% annual growth since 2010



Data centers require non-stop electrical power



Reliable power is vital at hospitals



Supermarkets- growing interest for reliable power

Fuel Cell Stationary Power in the U.S.

Installations

More than
235 MW
in at least
43 states

Top States

- **By unit size:** DE (30 MW) and CT (14.9 MW)
- **By number of units** CA (480 systems)

Source: DOE Fuel Cell Technologies Office. State of the States Report (2016)



Photo credit. Time.com

New World Trade Center using fuel cells

Fuel Cells: Recent Highlights



**Over 10,000 fuel cell forklifts
~ 5 million H₂ refuelings**



Fuel cell buses surpass 15M passengers

**Industry demonstrates first heavy duty
truck**



**ZH2: U.S. Army and GM collaboration
First of its kind**



Fuel Cells: Emerging Applications

World's first hydrogen fuel cell train in Germany



First fuel cell cargo truck at U.S. airport

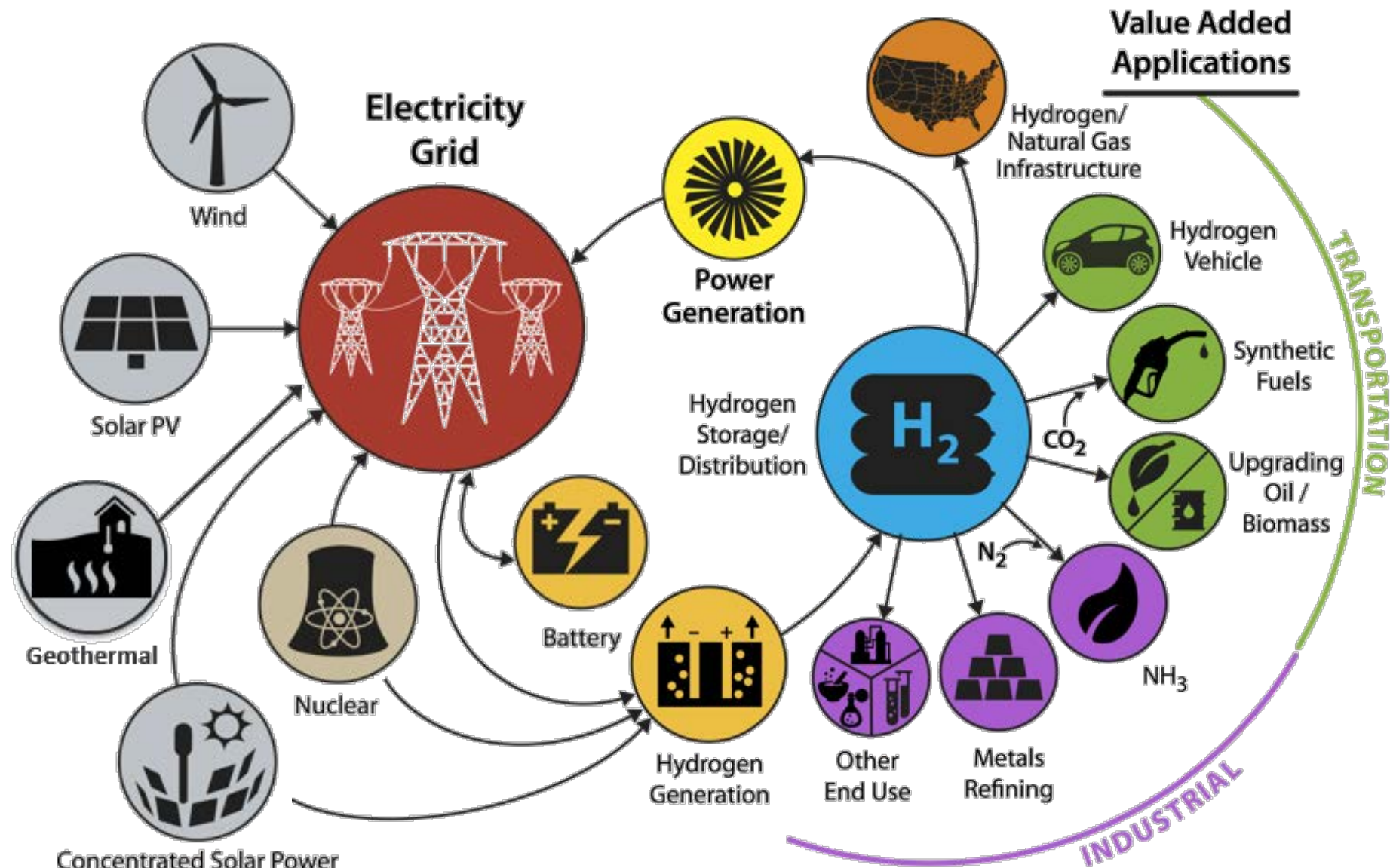


World's first fuel cell for maritime ports

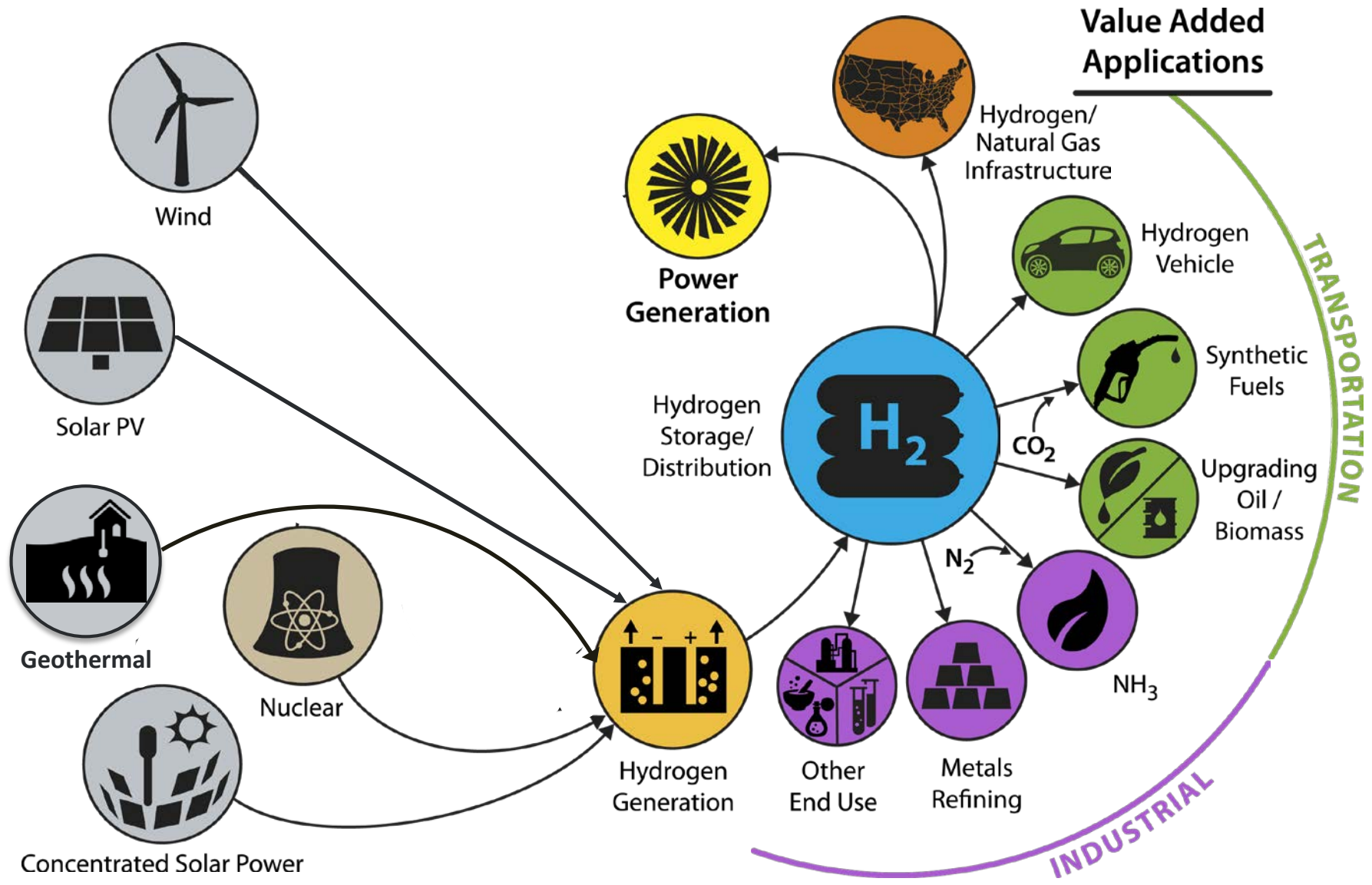


Fuel cell powered lights at Super Bowl





Conceptual H2 @ Scale Energy System



The Hydrogen Council: A Global Initiative

Launched in 2017

Position **hydrogen** among the **key solutions** of the energy transition at a global level by:

- **Showcase hydrogen technology and benefits** to the world
- **Accelerate investment** in the industry
- **Engage key stakeholders**

Commitment

\$10.7 Billion
in the hydrogen and fuel cells

Formed by 13 companies

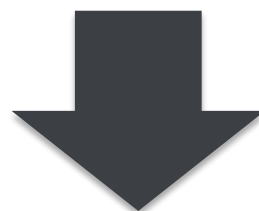


More information: [Hydrogen Empowers the Energy Transition- 2017 Report](http://hydrogeneurope.eu/) (<http://hydrogeneurope.eu/>)





* Indicates total number of employees working at member companies.

How much hydrogen for 1 car?

$$\frac{12,000 \text{ miles per year}}{60 \text{ miles per kilogram}} = 200 \text{ kg per year} \text{ or } 0.2 \text{ tonnes per year}$$

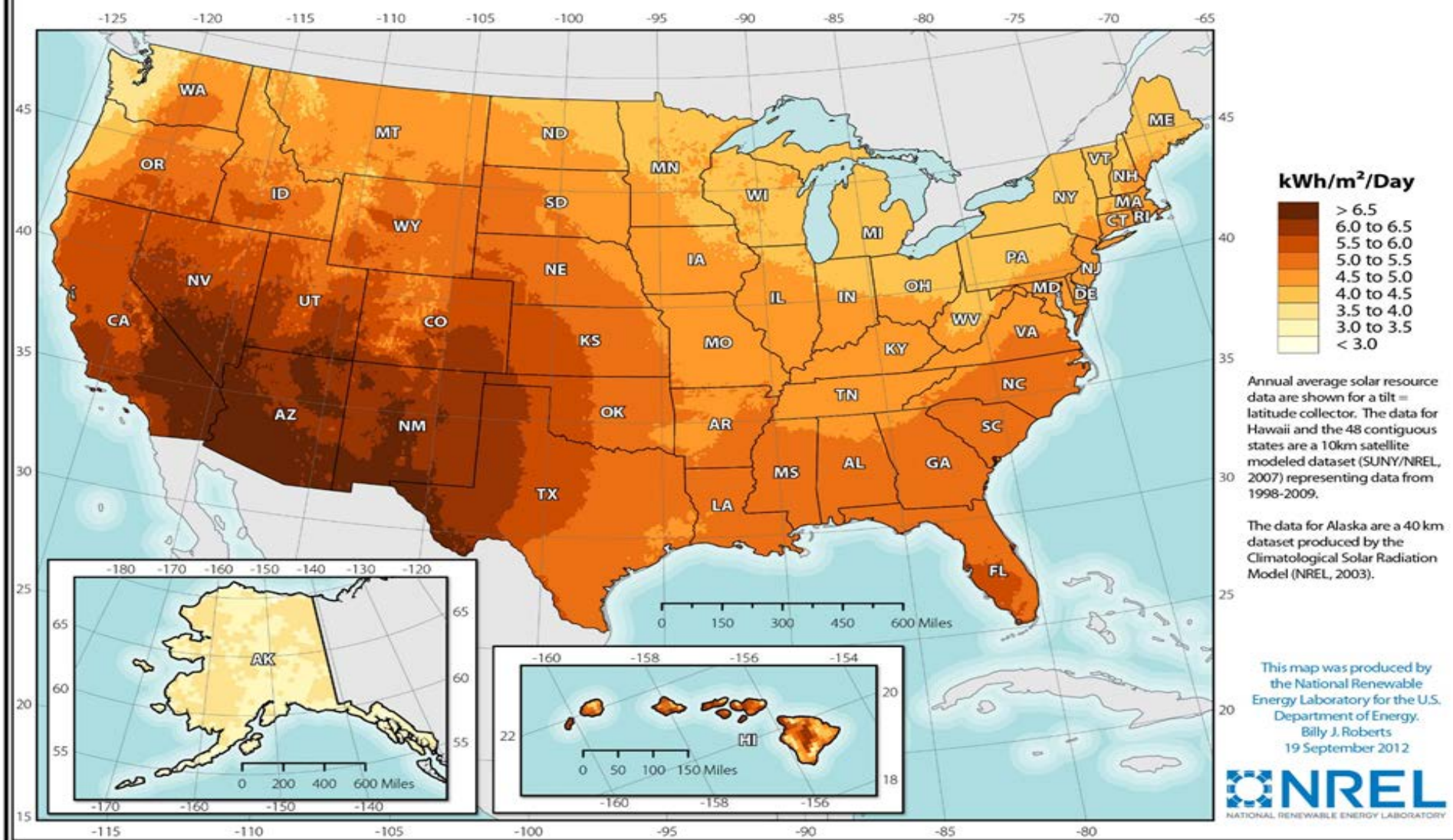


How much hydrogen for many cars?

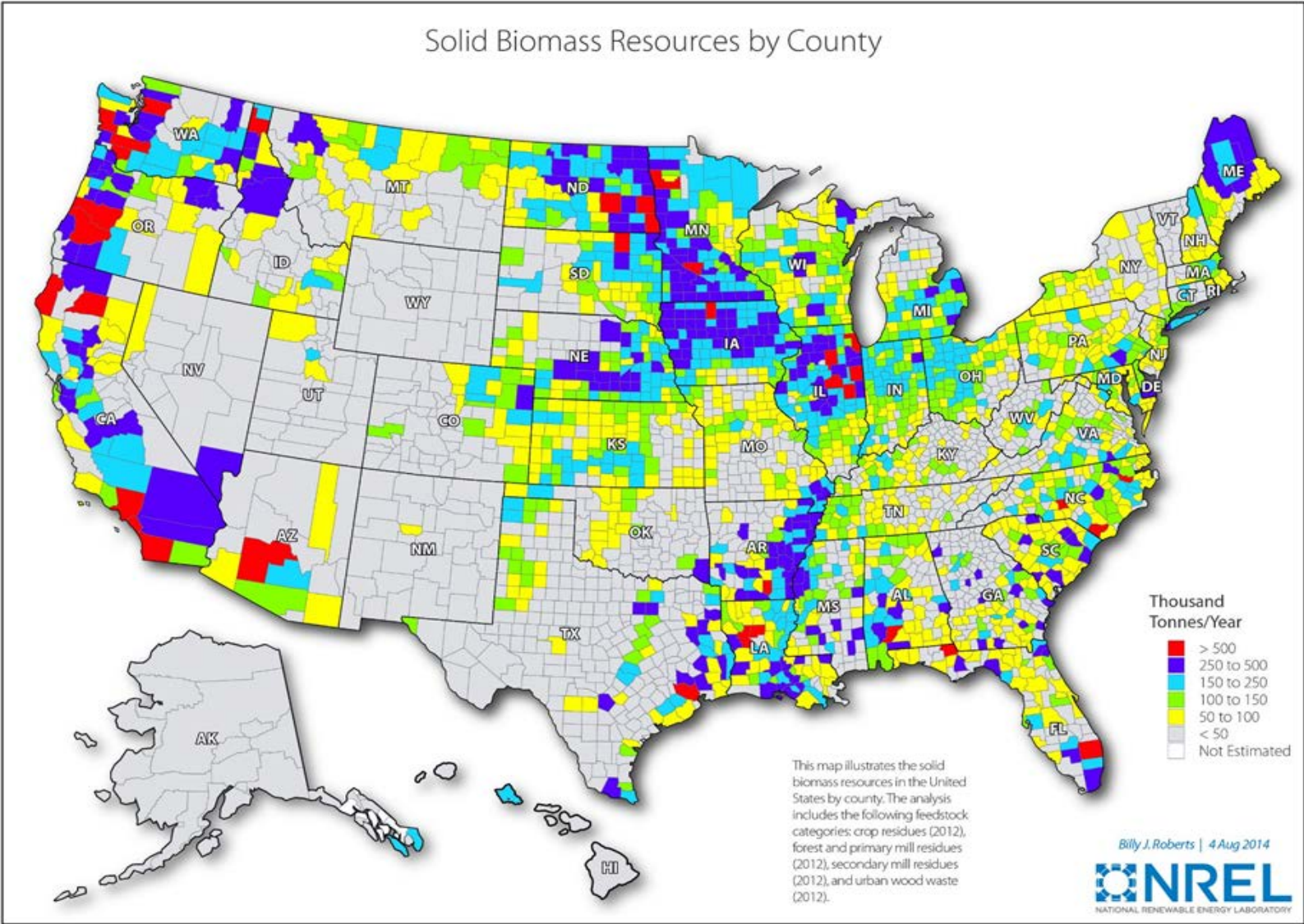
1 M cars   = 100,000 cars	0.2 M tonnes H ₂ per year 200 M kg H ₂ per year	100 M cars   = 10M cars	20M tons H ₂ per year 20 B kg H ₂ per year
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Solar Sources: Opportunity for Renewable H₂

Photovoltaic Solar Resource of the United States

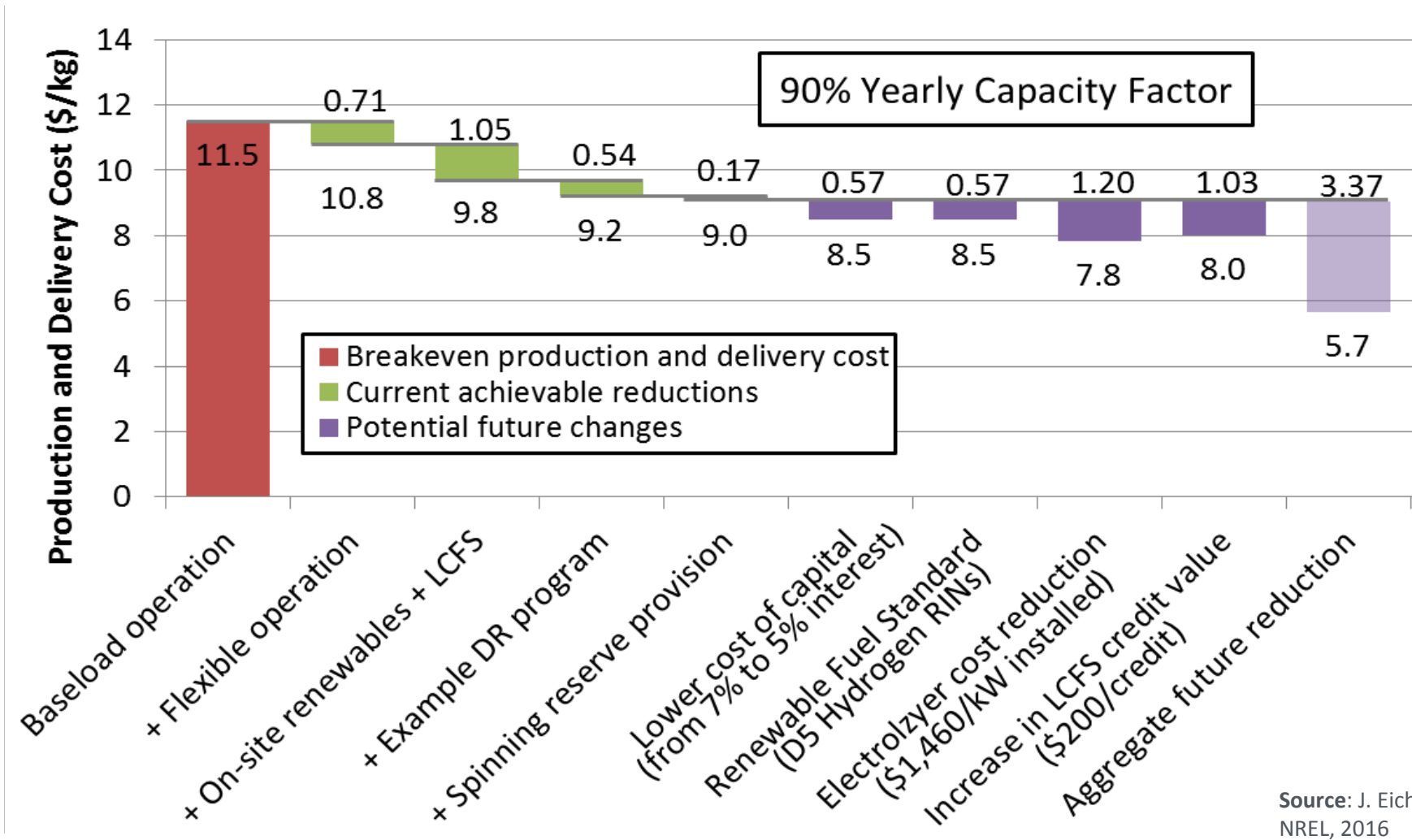


Analysis being updated for hydrogen resource availability

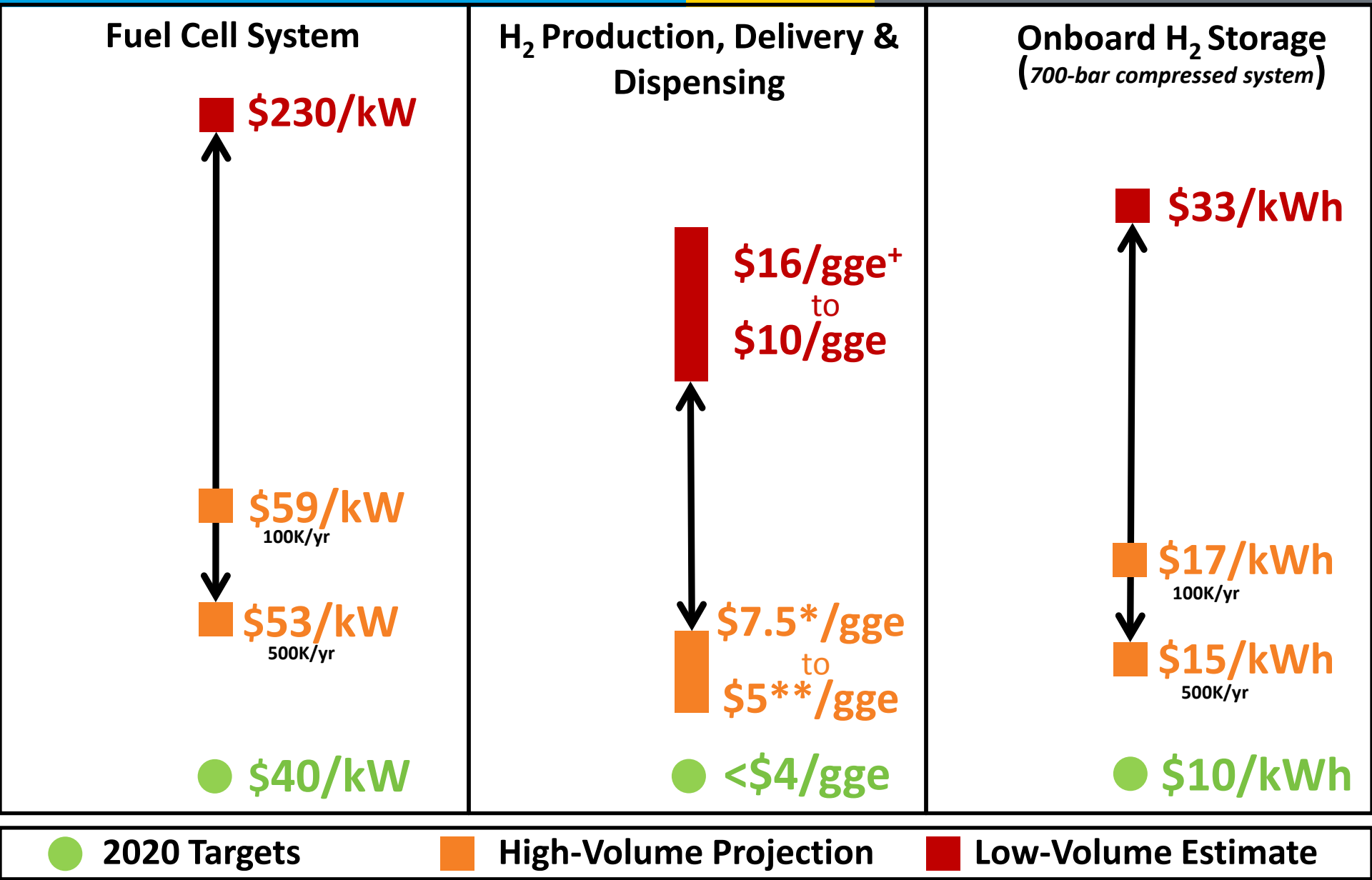


Bio-feedstock reforming is a near term option

Business case assessment for electrolytic H₂ production



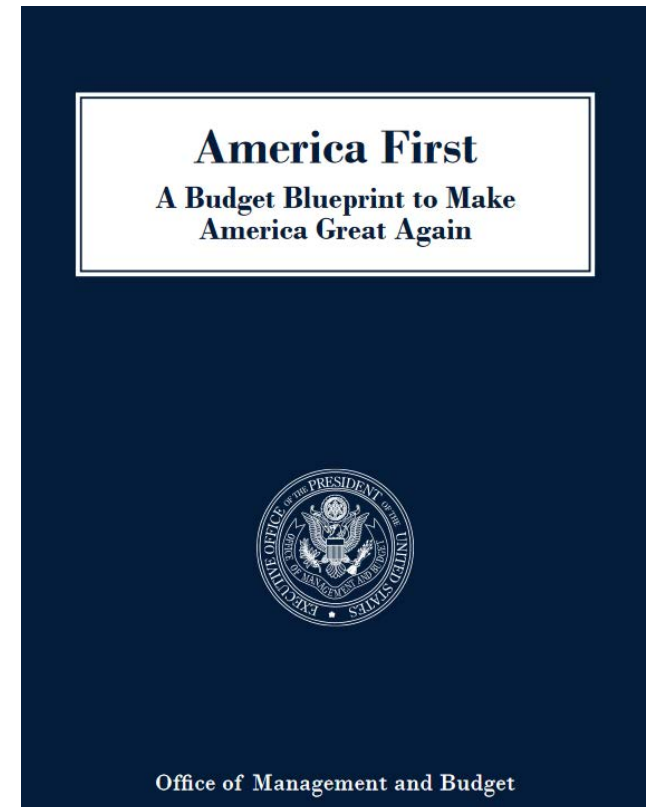
Integration with the electric grid, capital cost reductions and credit market opportunities help provide a path to low cost H₂



*Based on Electrolysis **Based on NG SMR + Preliminary, updates underway

*For illustration purposes only, not drawn to scale

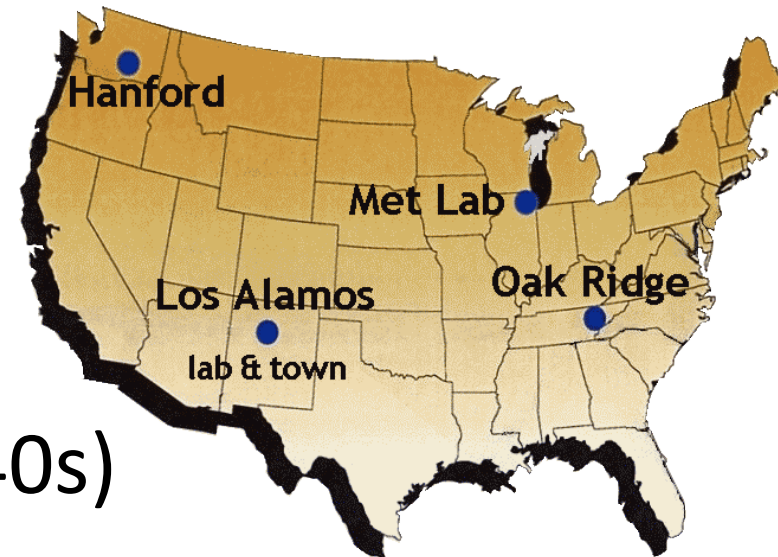
- Former Governor of Texas **Rick Perry** sworn in as the **Energy Secretary** on March 2
- White House **budget proposal** released
 - “...reflects an **increased reliance on the private sector to fund later-stage research, development, and commercialization** of energy technologies...”
 - “... **focuses resources toward early-stage research and development.**”



WH Budget Blueprint released on
March 16

Collaboration
is
Critical

- DOE founded the National Laboratory system in the 1940s.
- The war effort motivated breakthrough scientific work
 - Manhattan Project
 - Development of Radar
- DOE invested a few \$M ('40s) to today ~ \$10B



Places of the Manhattan Project

Modern water-purification techniques

Resilient passenger jets

Supercomputers

Fluorescent lights

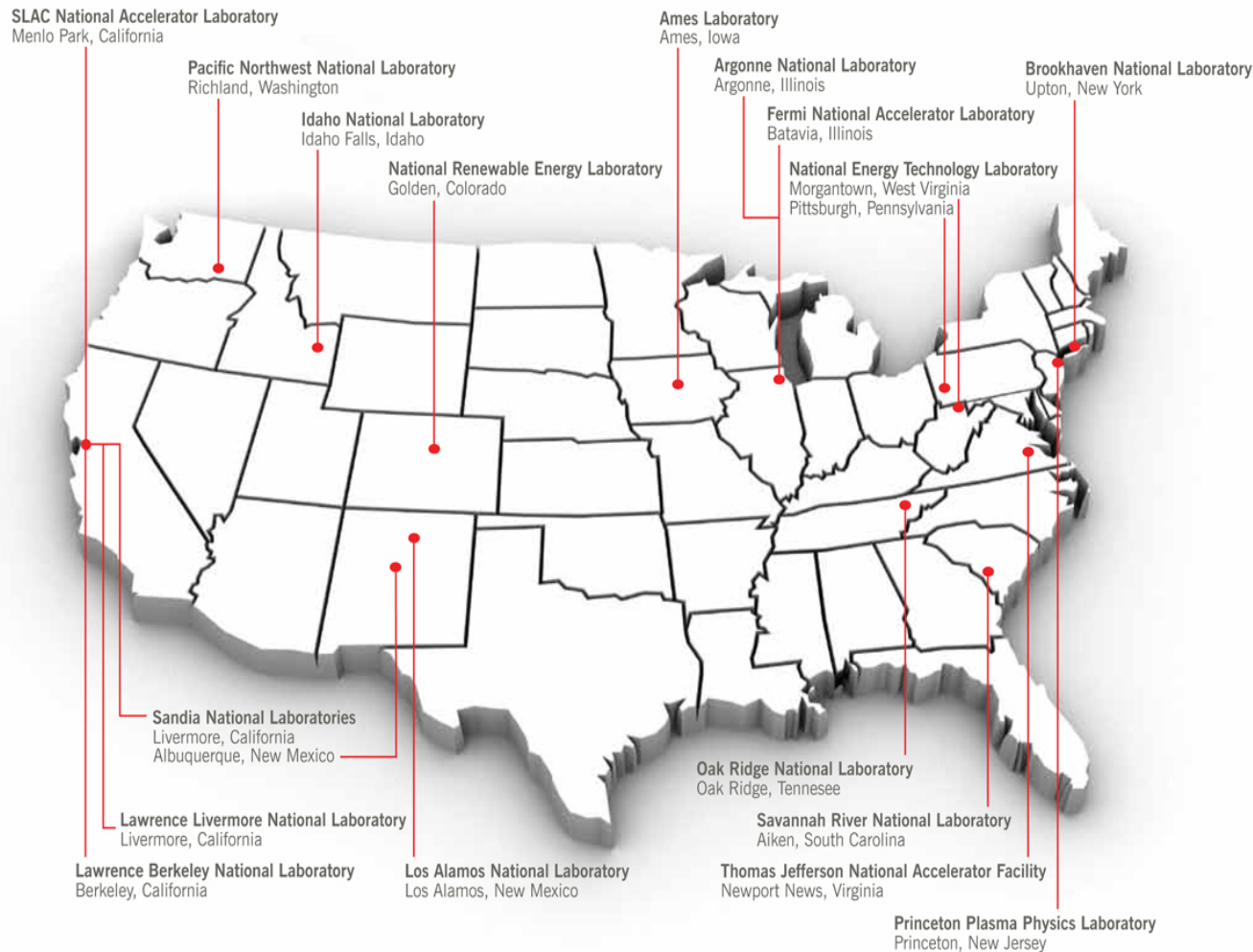
Satellite technology

Advanced batteries

Better cancer therapies

Optical digital recording technology

Where in the US?



How Many?

17 Facilities

- 10 Office of Science
- 3 NNSA
- 1 Nuclear Energy
- 1 Fossil Energy
- 1 Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy
- 1 Environmental Management

~ **66,000 Total Employees**

Over 50 Nobel laureates affiliated with DOE Labs

Consortium Approach

Multi-lab core capabilities with
steady influx of new partners

Labs

Core Consortium Team
(Consortium Lead, Deputy Lead,
& Technical Partners: National
Labs)

FOA

University
&
Non-Profit

Industry

National
Lab

Consortia Launched

Improved PEM fuel cells



PGM-free catalysts



Advanced H₂ materials storage



Materials for renewable H₂ production



Other Lab Capabilities (Examples- Draft)

Modeling and Analysis

Examples

- Value proposition
- Demand/market projection
- Cost/benefit, financial and application evaluation
- Scenario analysis
- Resource assessment

Labs



H₂ – Materials Compatibility R&D

Examples

- H₂ materials exposure effects testing
- Materials selection and innovation

Labs



Simulation and Testing

Examples

- Grid simulation
- Electrolyzer performance testing
- Model Validation

Labs



Safety R&D

Examples

- Hydrogen behavior assessment
- Safety training and outreach
- Certification/permitting
- Quantitative risk assessment
- Safety testing and model validation
- Project/Facility safety review

Labs



Example: ORNL Materials Characterization Core (MCC)

Materials Characterization Capabilities

Transmission
Electron
Microscopy

Electron Probe
Microanalysis

Scanning
Electron
Microscopy

Focused Ion
Beam

X-ray
Photoelectron
Spectroscopy

Future Additions

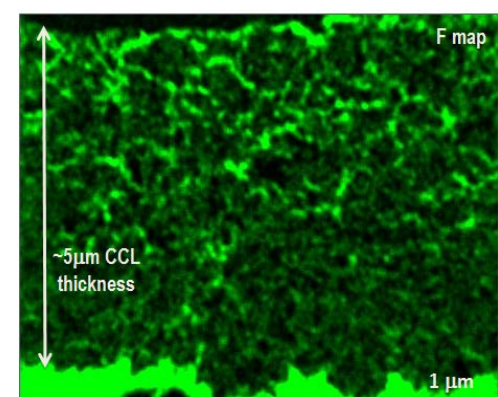
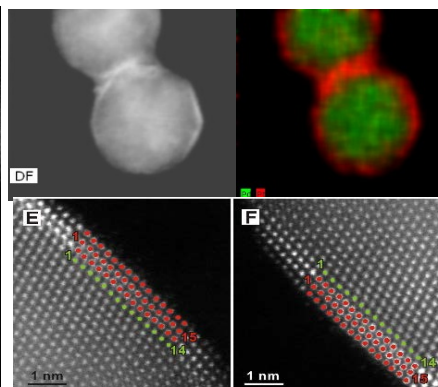
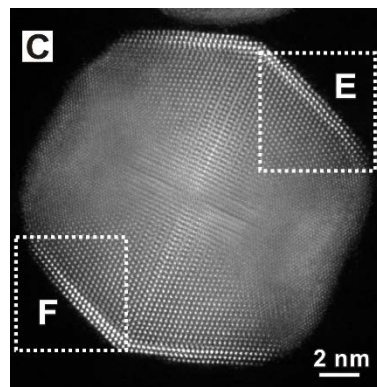
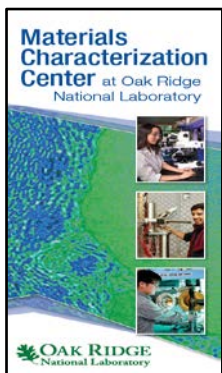
Time-of-Flight SIMS
Nuclear Magnetic
Resonance (NMR)
X-Ray Diffractometer (XRD)

Examples of Applications and Industries

Catalysts, alloys,
films/interfaces,
polymers, coatings,
high temp. materials
(e.g.. 1000 °C *in situ* XRD),
etc.

Fuel cells,
compressors,
motors, seals
valves, sensors,
batteries, heat
exchangers, etc.

Renewables, Energy Efficiency,
Oil & Gas, Nuclear



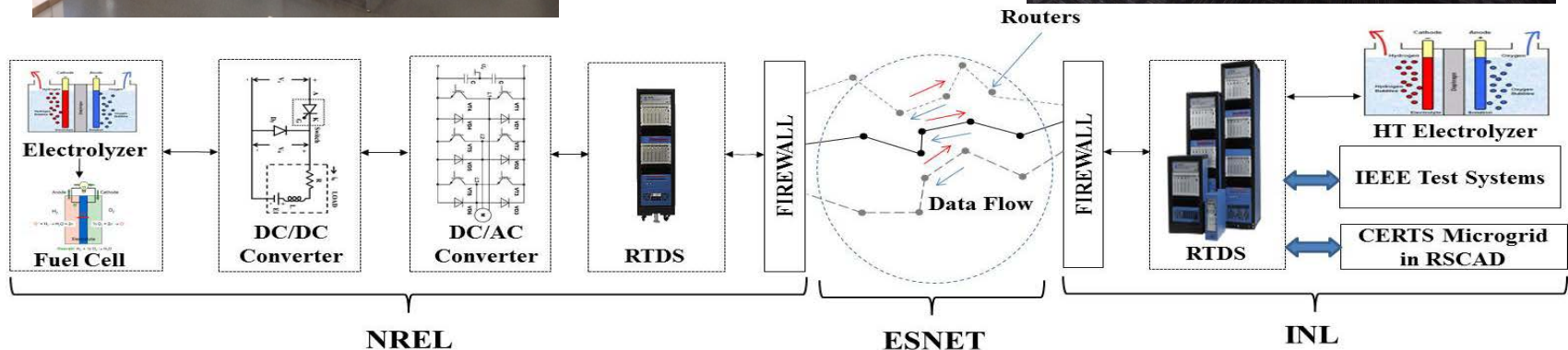
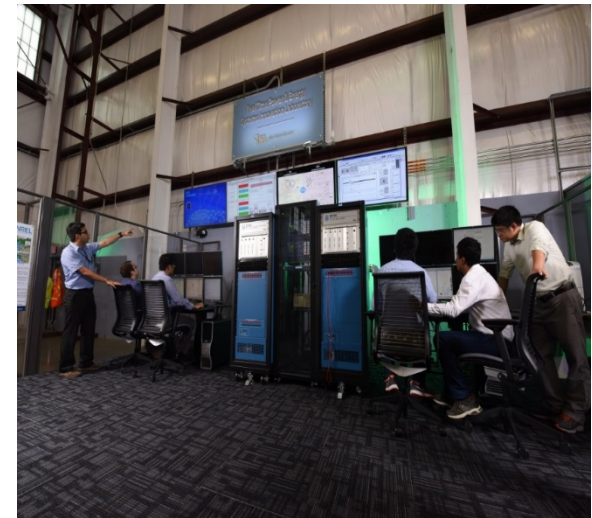
For more information contact Karren More (morekl1@ornl.gov)

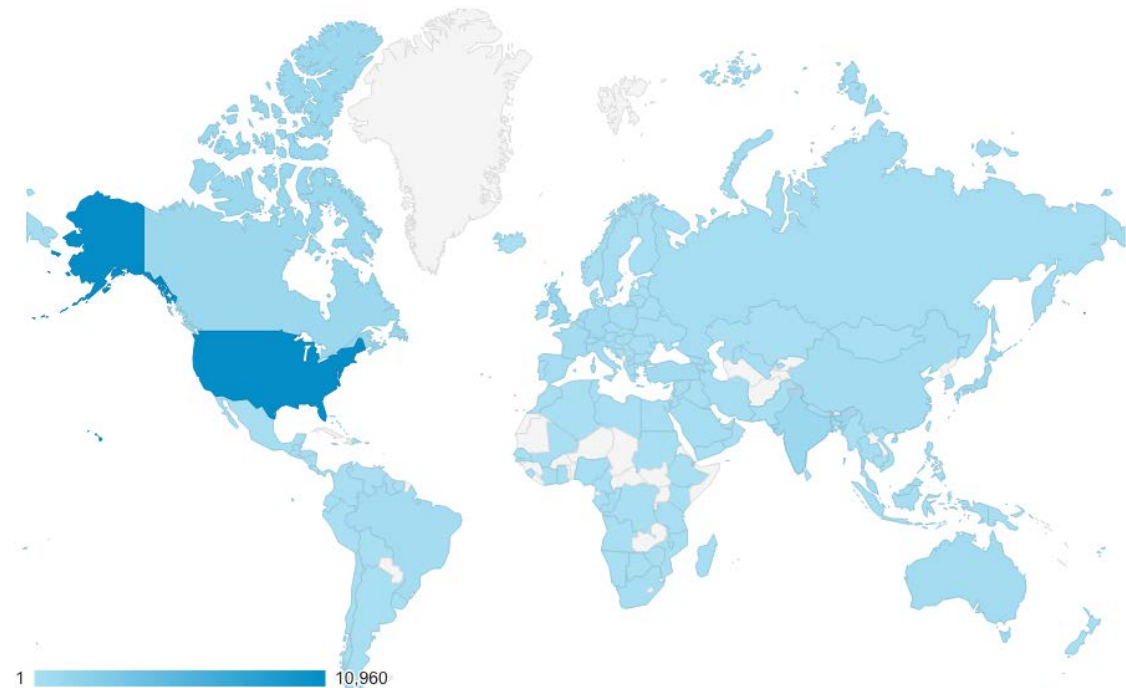
To characterize **cost value and impact of integrating electrolyzers with electric grids** that serve hydrogen fueling station networks in various regions of California and the Northeast.

NREL



INL





- Includes resources on **safety** best practices, **first responder training**, and **H₂ codes & standards**
- Educated **>36,000** code officials and first responders
- **50%** of visits are **international**
- Over **150,000** **site visits** since 2015
- Training resource **translated into Japanese**

Enabling dissemination of safety information around the world

- ✓ **Lab Big Idea Summit**
- ✓ **Stakeholder Engagement- Workshops, Request for Information**
- ✓ **Analysis Task Initiated**
- ✓ **Initiate Roadmap Development**
- ✓ **Grid Simulation and Testing**

Next Steps

- **Complete Roadmap**
- **Identify and prioritize efforts**
- **Annual Merit Review (June 5, June 9)**
- **CRADA Call**

H2@Scale requires collaboration across stakeholders!

Save the Dates!

2017 AMR

June 5-9

Washington, DC



National **Hydrogen &**
Fuel Cell Day | 10-08

Participate in social media using
#HydrogenNow #FuelCellsNow

2017 Fuel Cell Seminar

November

Long Beach, LA

Summer 2018:
AMR and Industry Expo
Washington, DC

Objectives:

- Gather stakeholder feedback on early-stage R&D needs to advance H2@Scale, as outlined in the draft Roadmap
- Identify opportunities to align R&D needs with industry priorities & national lab capabilities
- Identify regional and near-term opportunities to use domestic hydrogen production to support resiliency of power generation (align with industry and global needs)

Thank you

Dr. Sunita Satyapal

Director

Fuel Cell Technologies Office

Sunita.Satyapal@ee.doe.gov

hydrogenandfuelcells.energy.gov

- 1. Innovative H₂ production technologies**
 - Electrolyzer cost reduction
 - Alternative feedstocks (e.g. solid and liquid waste, process gases)
 - Integrate H₂ production with waste heat (e.g. from nuclear or steelmaking)
- 2. Integrated H₂ systems (e.g., reversible fuel cells,)**
- 3. Innovative H₂ storage and delivery technologies**
 - Liquid organic carriers, metal organic frameworks; bulk storage
- 4. Use of H₂ to enable grid stability and energy storage**
- 5. Data collection & sharing on the value proposition and feasibility of H2@Scale**
 - Demonstration of electrolyzer integration with the grid; RD&D on power-to-gas
- 6. Deployments of H₂ in near-term markets, including for buses, ammonia, & steel**

RFI & workshop will guide cross-cutting H2@Scale RD&D Roadmap.

H2@Scale RD&D Roadmap that addresses issues including:

- ✓ **Hydrogen production from diverse domestic sources**
- ✓ **Hydrogen for grid stability and energy storage**
- ✓ **Development of industrial scale hydrogen delivery and storage infrastructure**
- ✓ **Penetration of clean/sustainable (including renewable) hydrogen in current and future end-use markets- e.g. industrial applications**

H2@Scale requires collaboration across stakeholders!

Key Tasks:

1. **Economic criteria that must be met for H2@Scale.**
2. Forecast **hydrogen supply curves.**
3. Forecast **hydrogen demand curves.**
4. Determine **economic penetration of hydrogen.**
5. Develop **Sankey diagrams**, and down-select scenarios.
6. Analysis of **down-selected scenarios.**
7. Analyze **spatial issues of H2@Scale** (e.g. proximity of supply and demand).
8. Comparison of **H2@Scale impact with base case business as usual.**

Techno-economic analysis will forecast the resource requirements and impact of H2@Scale.

Key barriers:

- Technical and economic viability
- Ability of hydrogen to serve multiple end uses
- Unified supportive policy
- Partnerships and coordination

Next Steps:

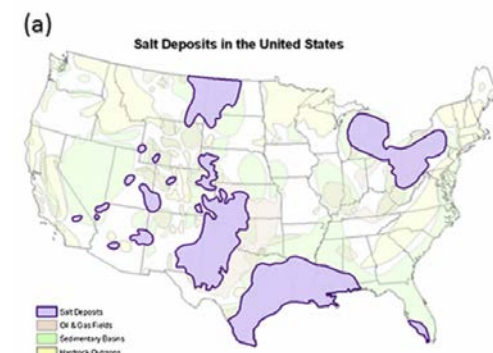
- Demonstration/pilot projects
- Partnerships/coordination
- Assess technical viability
- Education/outreach
- Pathway to successful business case- **upcoming lab project!**
- Develop roadmap and implement H2 plan and targets- **2016 RFI!**
- Develop/revise policy, regulations, codes and standards
- Determine probability of success



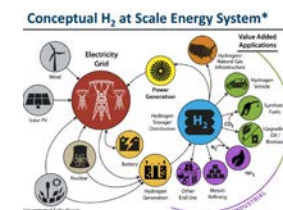
NREL partnership with SoCal Gas and National Fuel Cell Research Center to evaluate power-to-gas



Electrolyzer integration with grid (INL/NREL)



Techno-economic analysis of geologic storage of hydrogen



H2@Scale webinars and presentations

FCTO has been addressing previously identified barriers through collaborative RD&D.

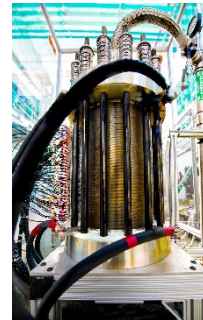
Previous Workshops: Electrolysis, 2014

Key Barriers for Commercial Electrolysis:

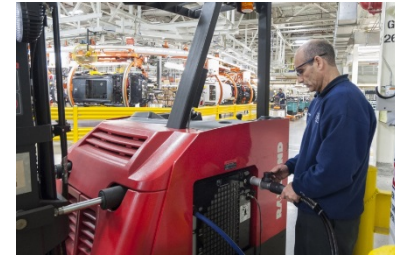
- Stack performance, durability, cost, and efficiency
- Scale-up to megawatt capacity
- High-pressure performance to reduce downstream compression
- Identifying best markets to penetrate
 - Power-to-gas
 - Ancillary grid services
 - Renewable hydrogen for petroleum refining
 - Material handling equipment
- Grid Integration



Consortium on water splitting R&D, including low- and high-temperature electrolysis



MW-scale electrolyzers now in commercial use!



BMW plant using H₂ from landfill gas

Testing of electrolyzer performance under variable load, and innovative drying technologies at NREL



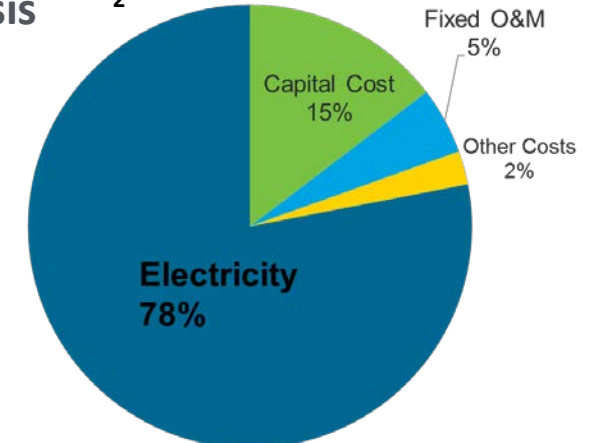
Key barriers to commercial electrolysis are being addressed by DOE and industry.

Significant R&D Achievements: Low-Temp PEM Electrolysis

H₂ Production High Volume Cost Projections for PEM Electrolysis

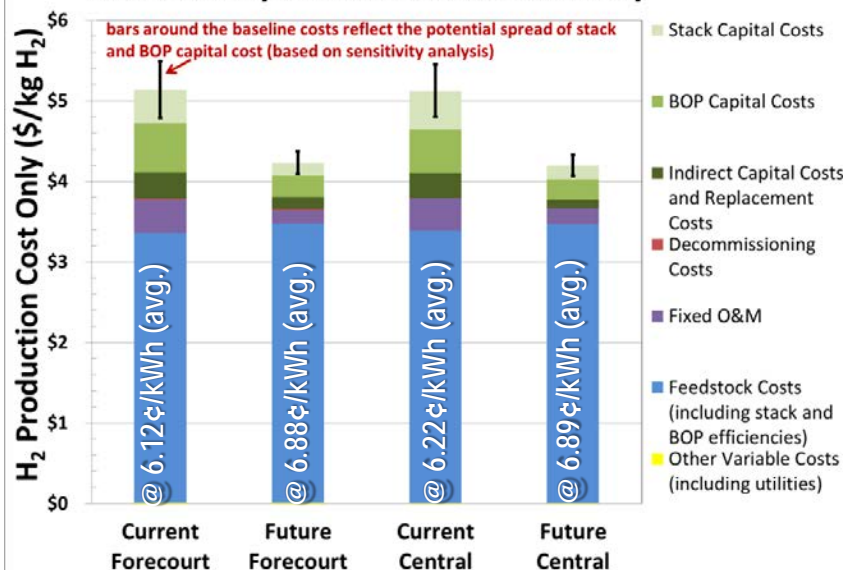
	Low Range (\$/kg H ₂)	Baseline Cost (\$/kg H ₂)	High Range (\$/kg H ₂)
Forecourt			
Current Case	\$4.79	\$5.14	\$5.49
Future Case	\$4.08	\$4.23	\$4.37
Central			
Current Case	\$4.80	\$5.12	\$5.45
Future Case	\$4.07	\$4.20	\$4.33

H₂ Production Cost Breakdown

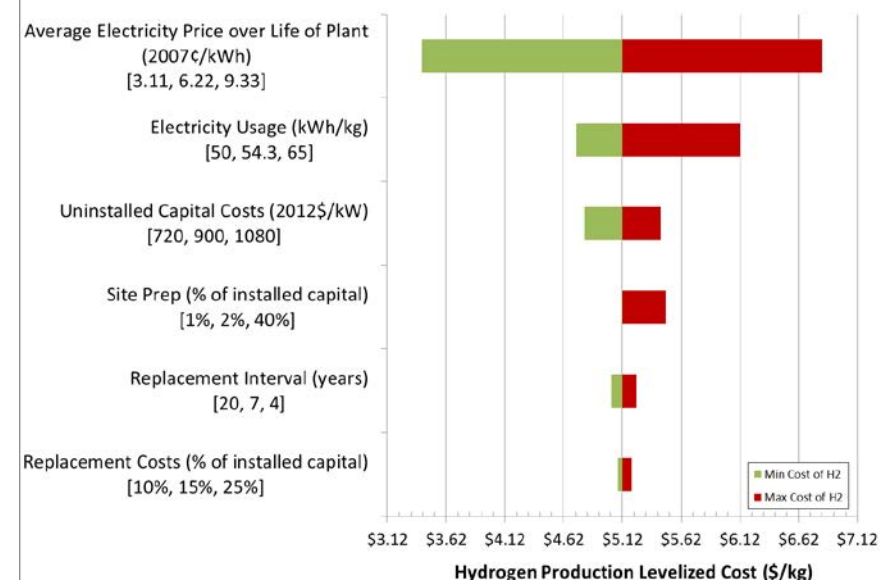


Electricity feedstock cost is largest cost driver

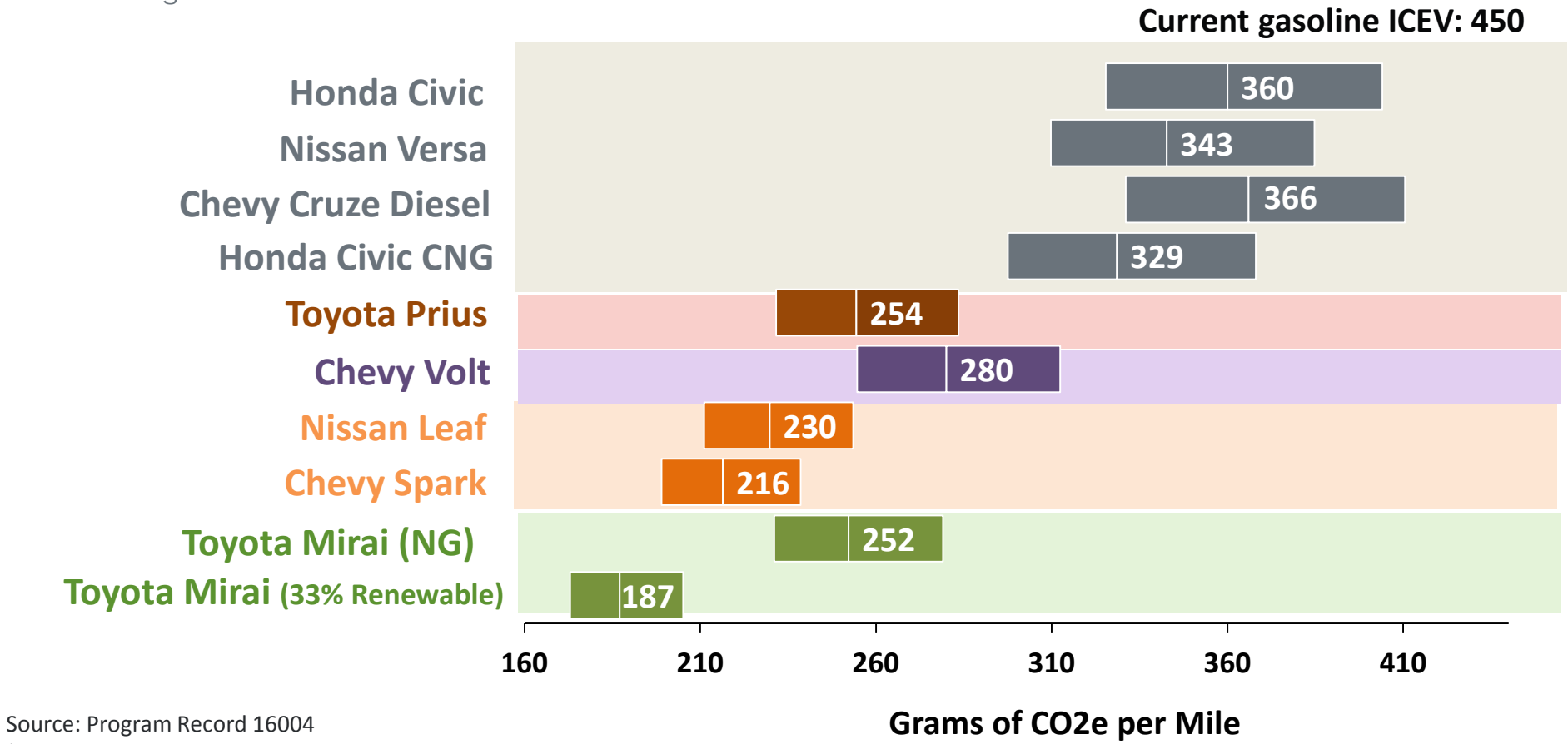
PEM Electrolysis H₂A Case Cost Summary



Sensitivity Analysis for Current Central PEM Electrolysis H₂ Production



Life-Cycle GHG Emissions- Today's Cars



Source: Program Record 16004
(https://www.hydrogen.energy.gov/pdfs/16004_life-cycle_ghg_oil_use_cars.pdf)

Almost 50% reduction in GHG can be achieved with today's FCEVs.