



SHINES Program Review 2017



Austin SHINES Project

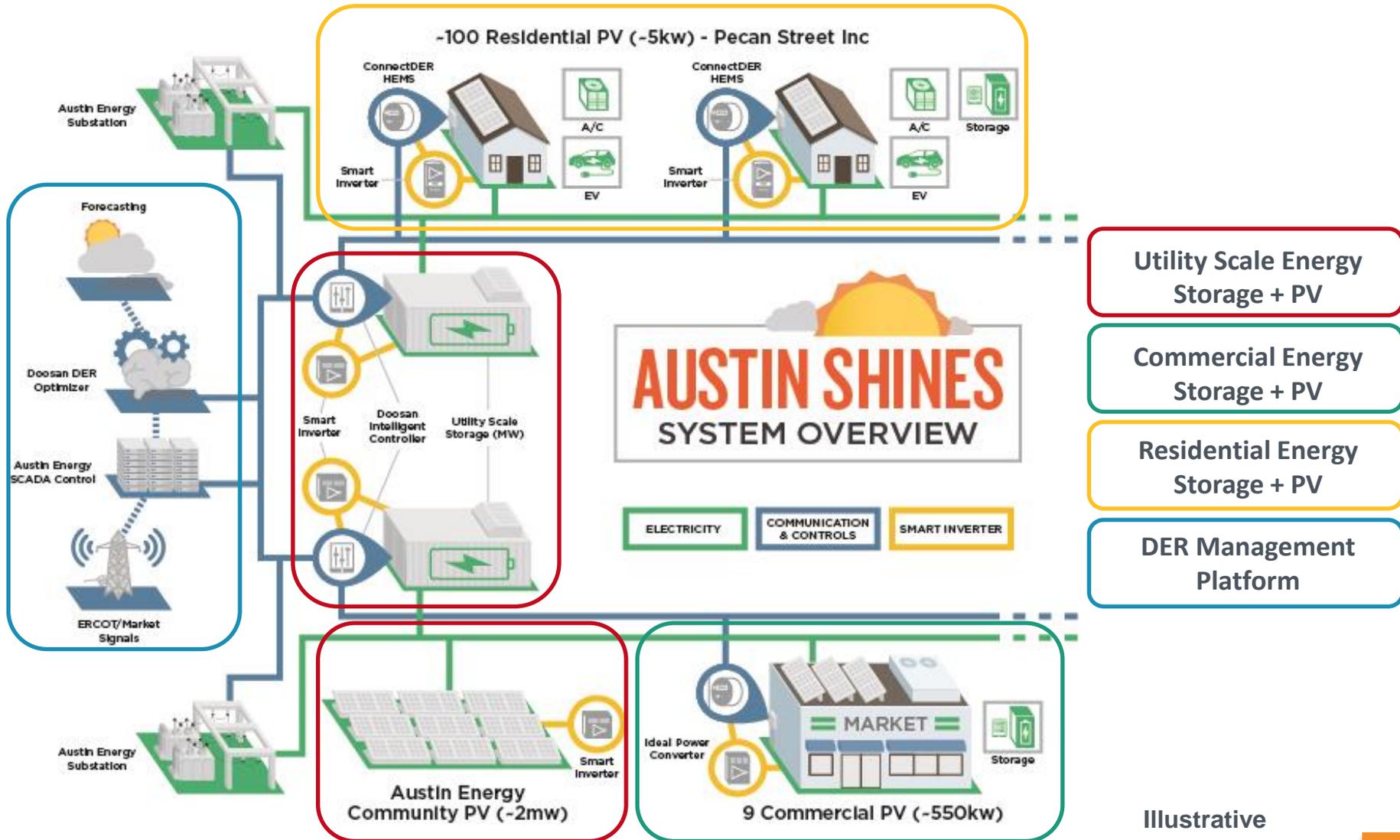
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Sr. Power Systems Engineer, Analytics, Doosan GridTech

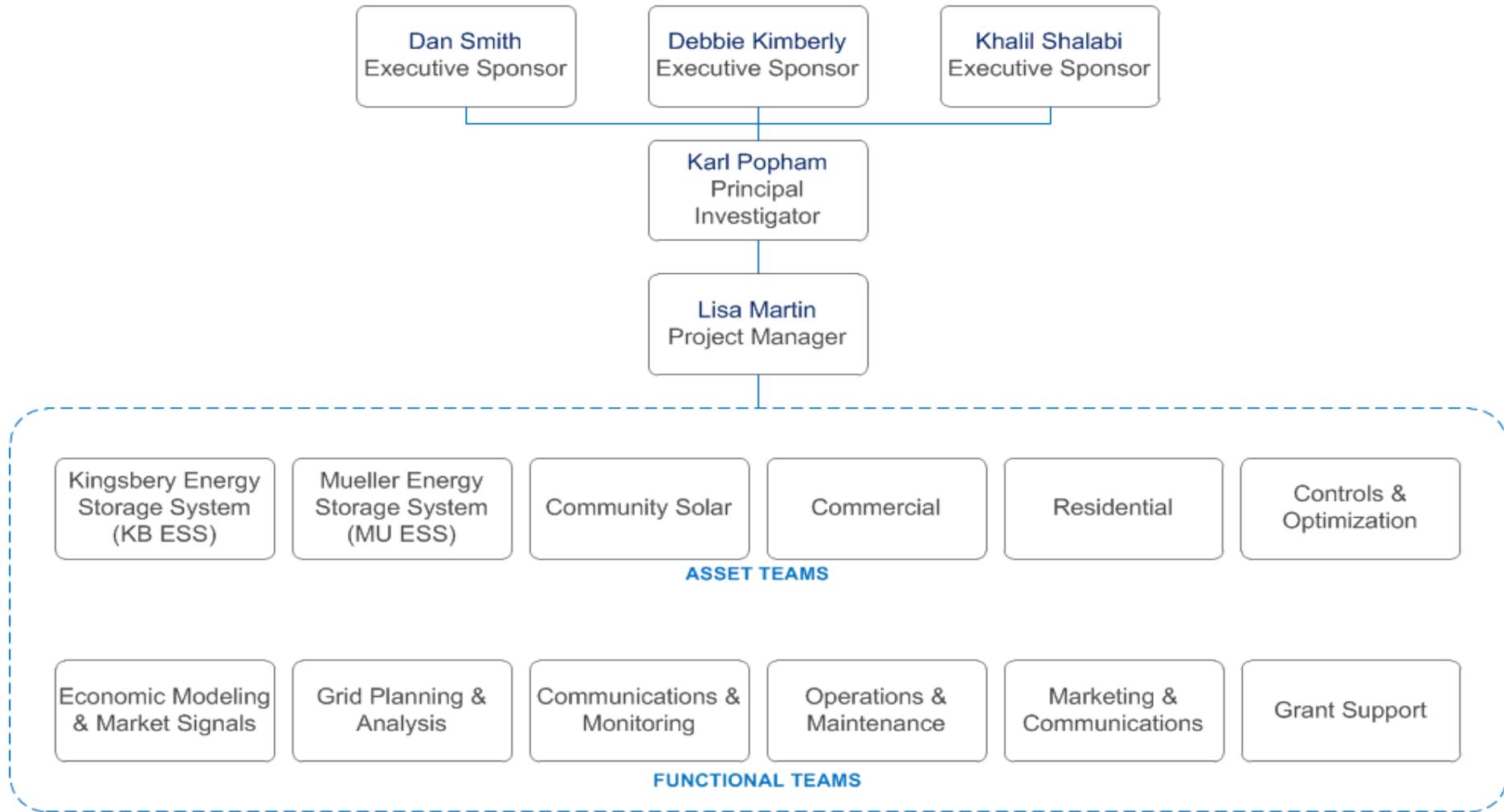
Objectives/Agenda

- Austin SHINES project overview and status
- Budget Period 1 highlights
 - Control platform conceptual design
 - Economic modeling framework
 - Communications and monitoring
- Next steps
 - Remainder of Budget Period 1
 - Budget Periods 2 and 3
- Austin SHINES impact

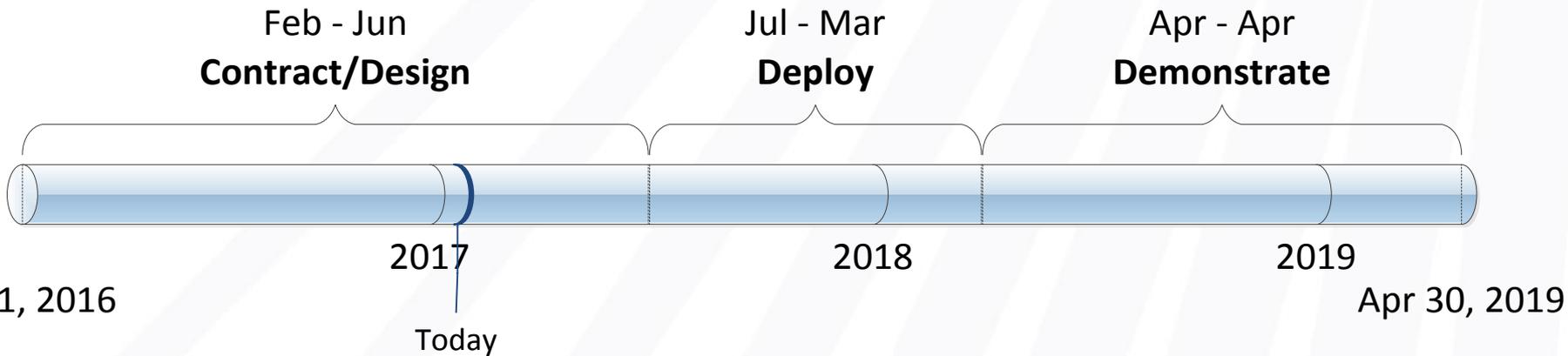
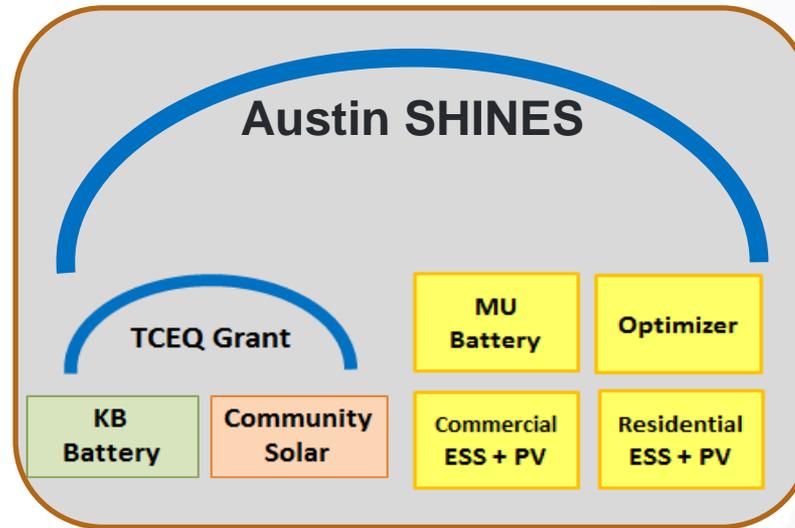
Austin SHINES Conceptual Overview



Austin SHINES Project Org Chart



Project Structure and Timeline



39-month project with phases

Key Benefits of the Austin SHINES Project

- Distributed Energy Resource (DER) management platform based on **open standards** to drive interoperability and lower costs
- Enables **diverse strategies/business models** for both utility and customer owned resources; to include direct utility control, third-party, and autonomous resource management of DERs
- Studies **Distributed Energy Resource (DER) value** for the utility and the customer
- Employs a **modular approach** allowing utilities across the country to adopt the scale and use-cases right for them
- Includes affordability targets and captures holistic benefits via **System Levelized Cost of Energy metrics**

Budget Period 1 Highlights

Budget Period 1 Highlights

1

DERO Conceptual Design

2

System LCOE to Serve Load

3

Communications &
Monitoring

Budget Period 1 Highlights

1

DERO Conceptual Design

2

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Communications &
Monitoring

DER Control System

Austin SHINES includes **multiple levels of control** to achieve DER optimization

DERO

- Provides bulk power system (BPS) control
- Used to deploy DERs to meet overall goals for grid
- Connects directly into ADMS; inputs include market signals, forecasts, grid data

DER Optimizer

DG-CM

- Provides control at the distribution circuit level
- Allocates commands from DERO across available circuit-connected assets
- Used in select applications such as voltage support

Circuit Manager

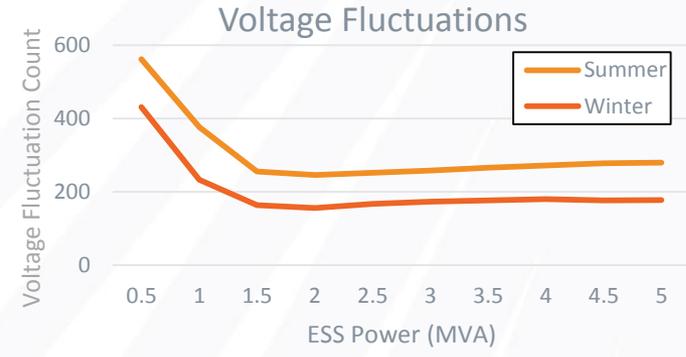
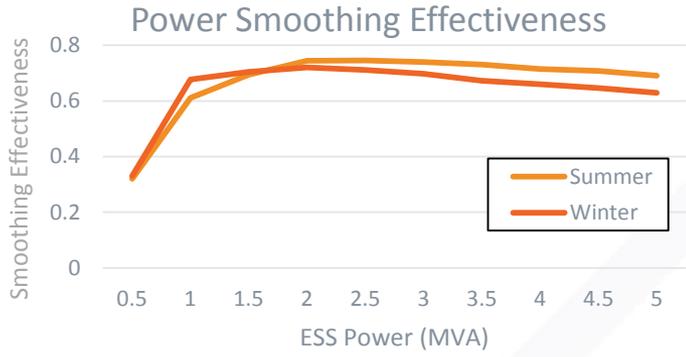
DG-IC

- Provides local control for a single energy storage site
- Applies to grid-scale energy storage systems
- Tries to make as many decisions as it can locally

Intelligent Controller

Utility-Scale ESS Sizing Analysis and Controls Design

LOCAL

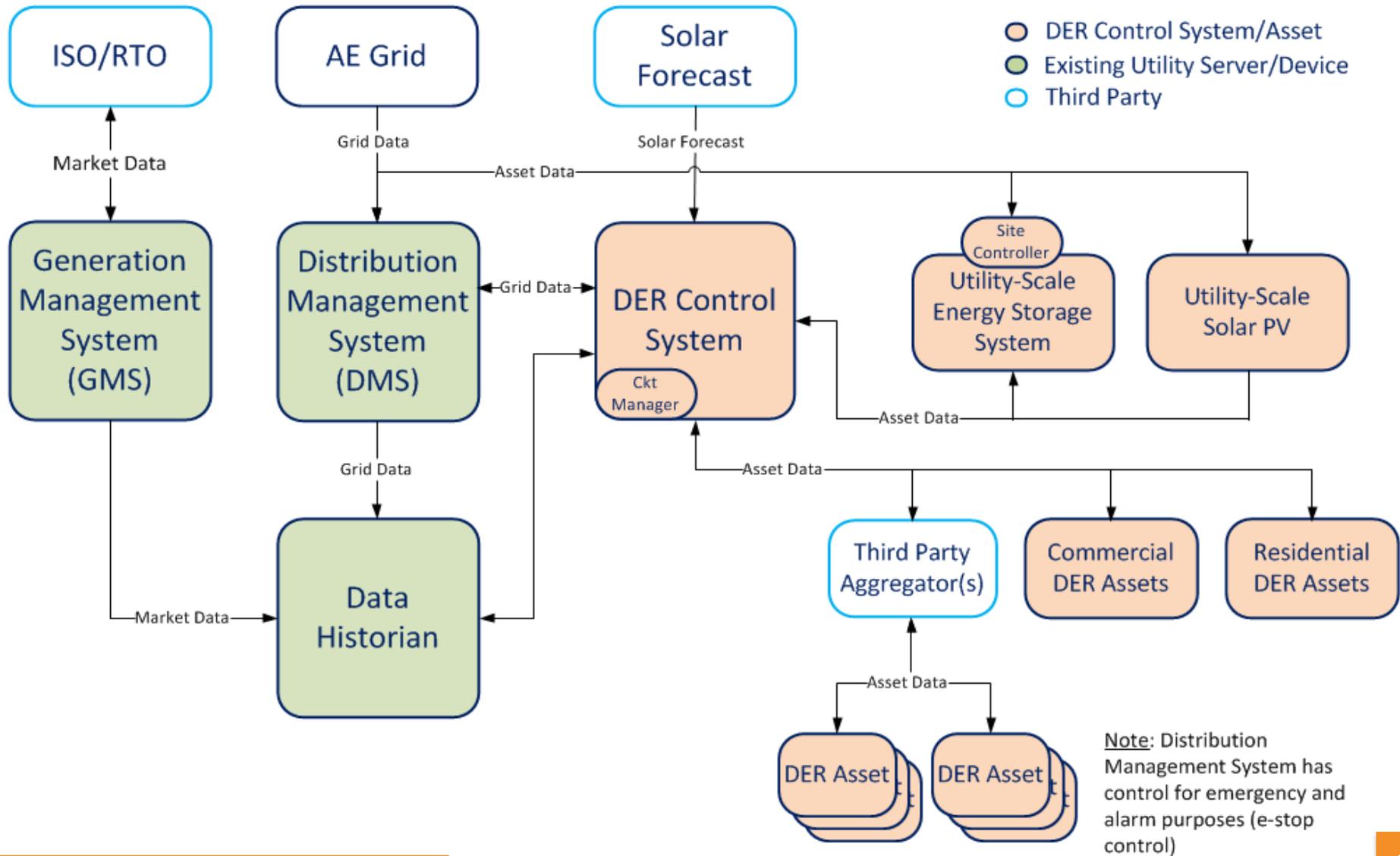


BULK

Use Case	Optimal Range	Use Case Priority
AS Revenue: Summer	2.5-3.5 MWh	Medium
AS Revenue: Winter	2.0-2.5 MWh	Medium
Energy Arbitrage Revenue: Summer	2.0 MWh	Low
Energy Arbitrage Revenue: Winter	2.0-2.5 MWh	Low

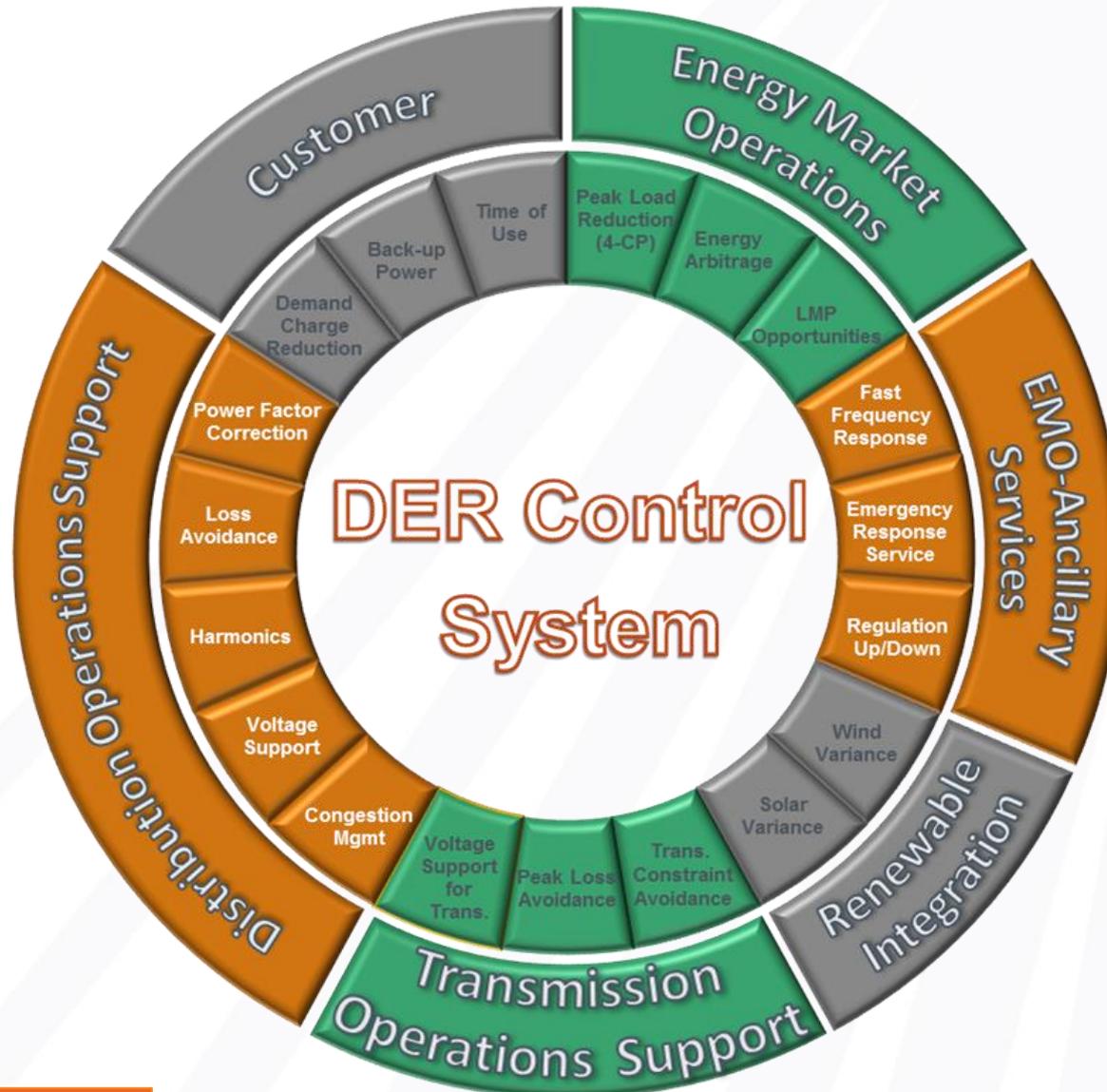
Mueller ESS: 1.5MW / 2.5MWh
 Kingsbery ESS: 1.5MW / 3.0MWh

Conceptual Architecture



Potential Control System Applications

The Austin SHINES team considered 19 applications during conceptual design of the DER Control System



Application List

Transmission

- 1) Transmission Constraint Avoidance
- 2) Peak Loss Avoidance
- 3) VAR Support for Transmission

Distribution

- 4) Congestion Management
- 5) Voltage Support
- 6) Power Factor Correction
- 7) Loss Avoidance
- 8) Harmonics

Customer

- 9) Back-up Power (Islanding)
- 10) Demand Charge Reduction
- 11) Time of Use

Market

- 12) Peak Load Reduction
- 13) Energy Arbitrage
- 14) LMP Opportunities

Ancillary Services

- 15) Regulation Up/Down
- 16) Fast Frequency Response
- 17) Emergency Response Service

Renewable

- 18) Solar Variance
- 19) Wind Variance

Prioritization

- SHINES Goals
- Team Feedback
- Value
- Variety
- Practicality

Budget Period 1 Highlights

1

DERO Conceptual Design

2

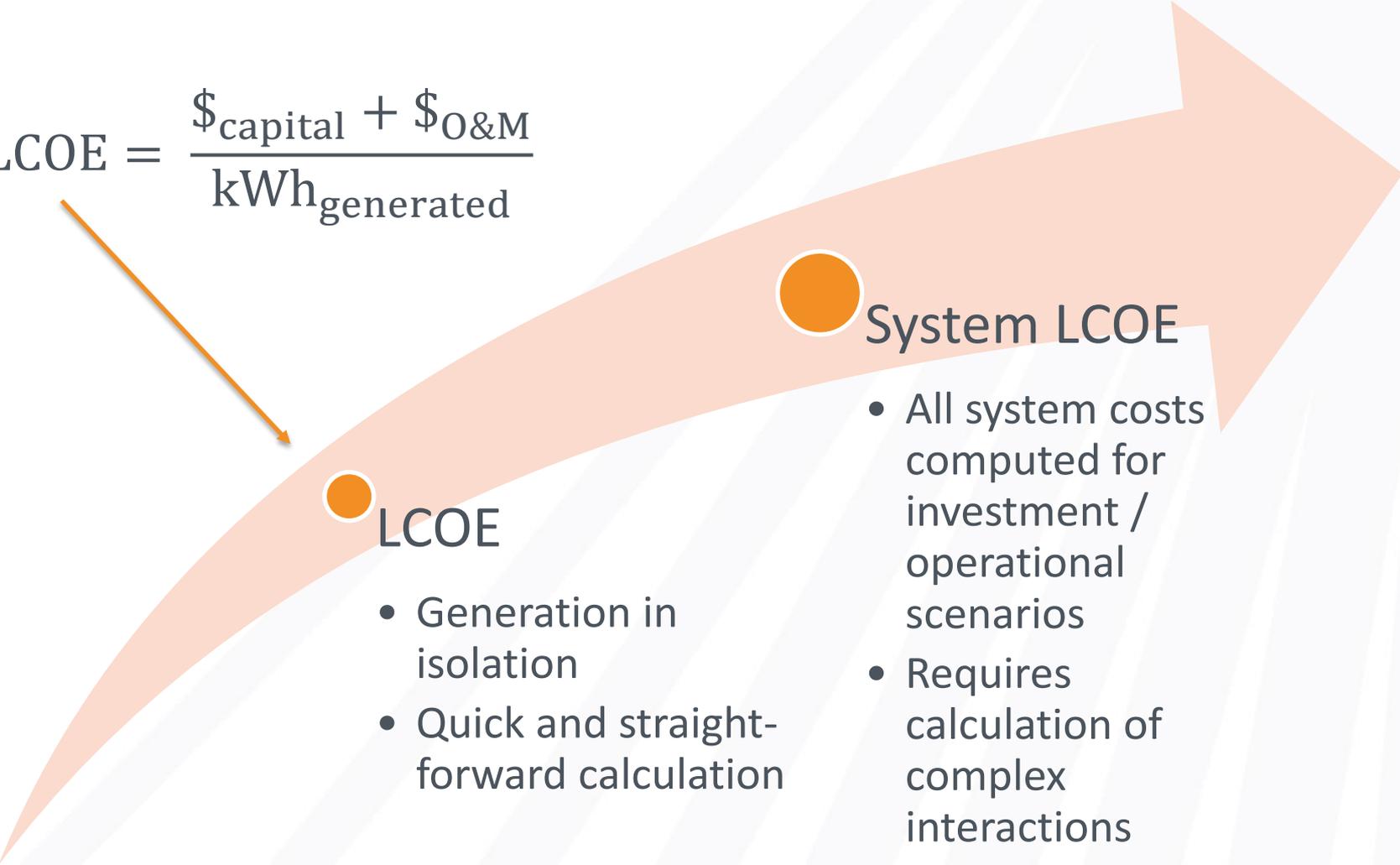
System LCOE to Serve Load

3

Communications &
Monitoring

A Different Perspective on LCOE

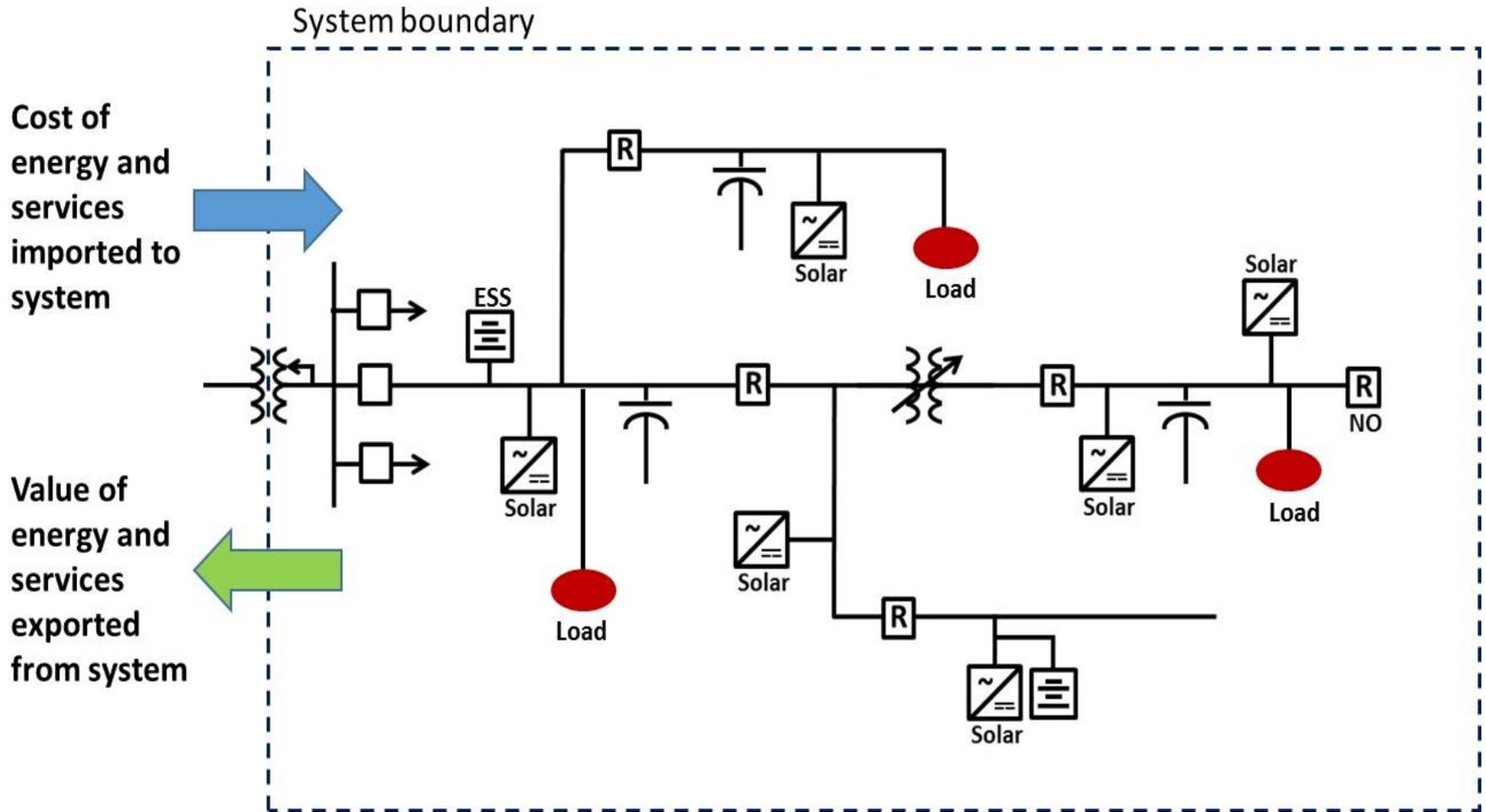
$$\text{LCOE} = \frac{\$_{\text{capital}} + \$_{\text{O\&M}}}{\text{kWh}_{\text{generated}}}$$



- LCOE**
- Generation in isolation
 - Quick and straight-forward calculation

- System LCOE**
- All system costs computed for investment / operational scenarios
 - Requires calculation of complex interactions

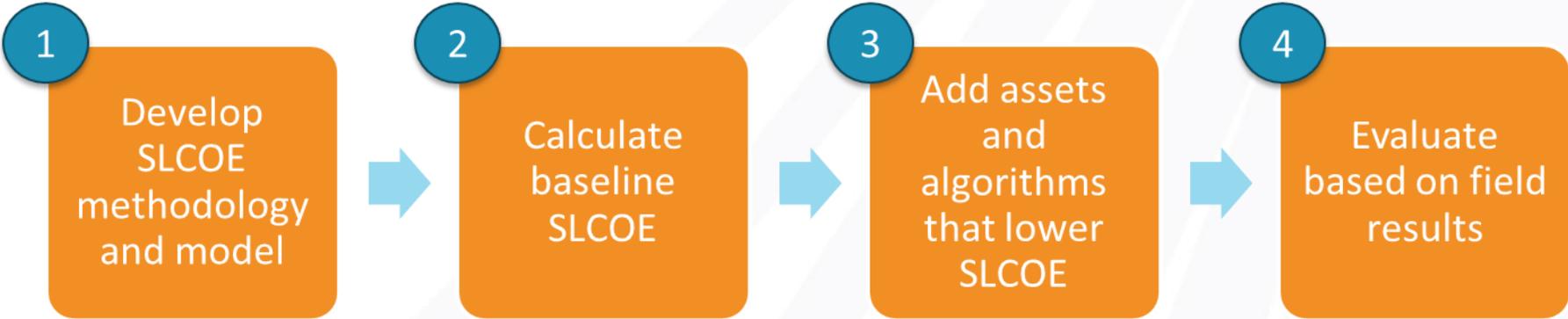
System LCOE Boundary



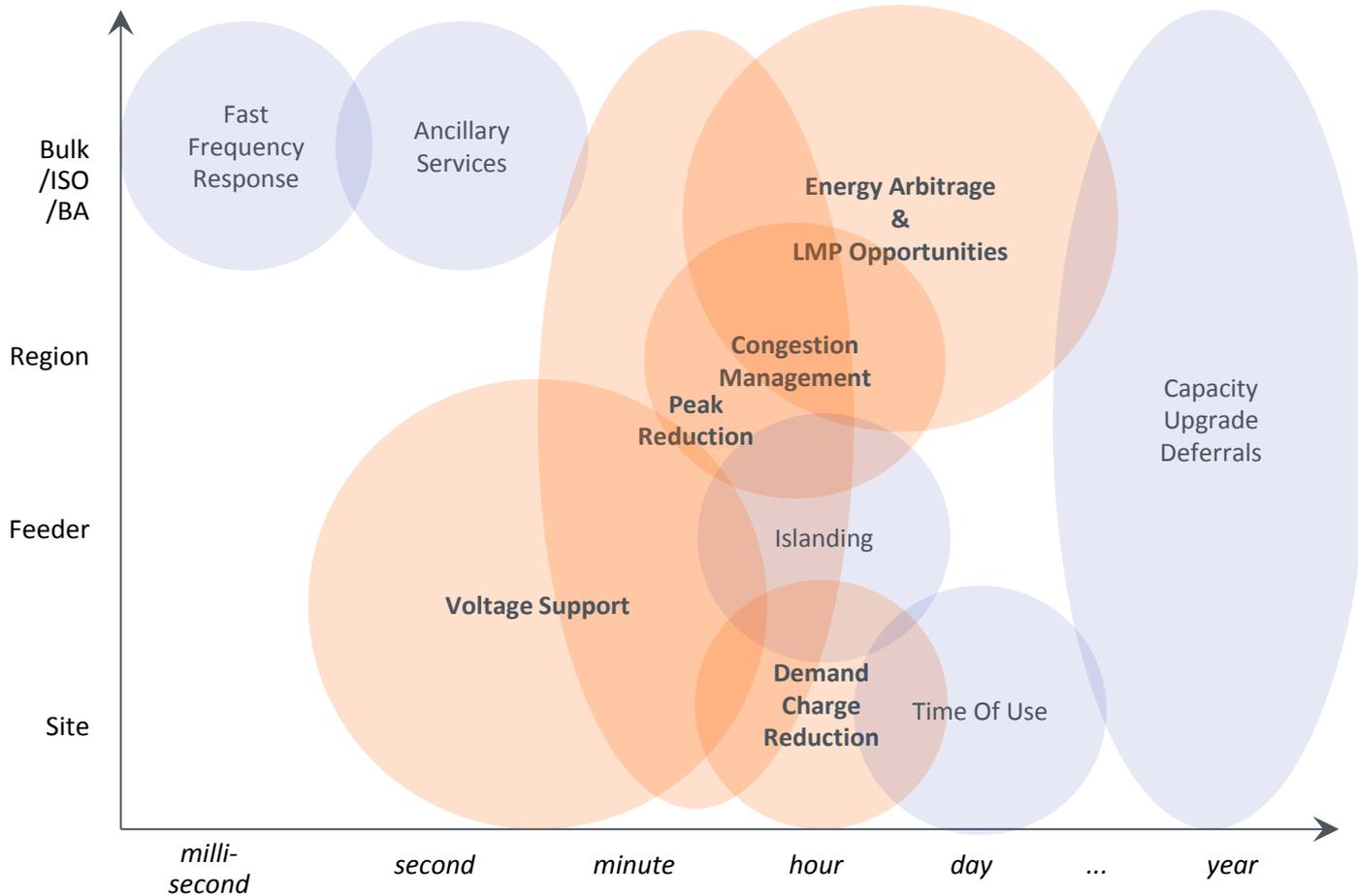
System LCOE Equation

$$\text{System LCOE to Serve Load} = \frac{
 \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Capital cost} \\ \text{of all} \\ \text{equipment} \\ \text{within} \\ \text{system} \end{array} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Operating} \\ \text{costs of all} \\ \text{equipment} \\ \text{within} \\ \text{system} \end{array} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Cost of} \\ \text{energy and} \\ \text{services} \\ \text{imported to} \\ \text{system} \end{array} \right] - \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Value of} \\ \text{energy and} \\ \text{services} \\ \text{exported} \\ \text{from system} \end{array} \right]
 }{
 \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{All load served} \\ \text{within the system} \\ \text{(kWh)} \end{array} \right]
 }$$

System LCOE Task Breakdown

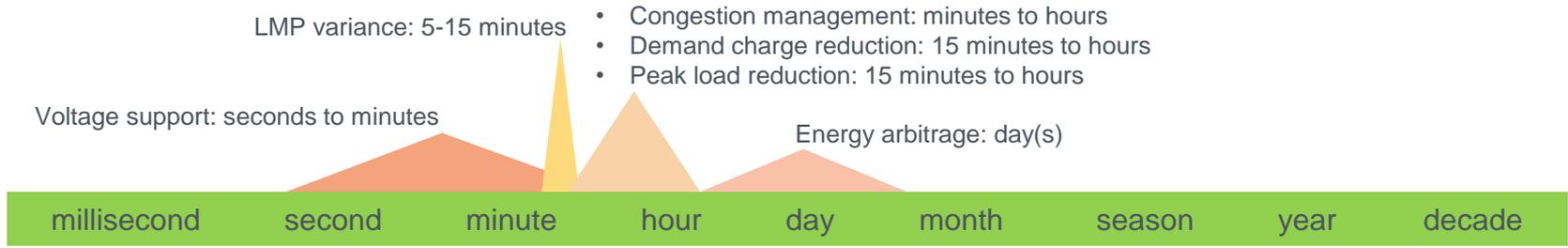


Value Creation Mechanisms

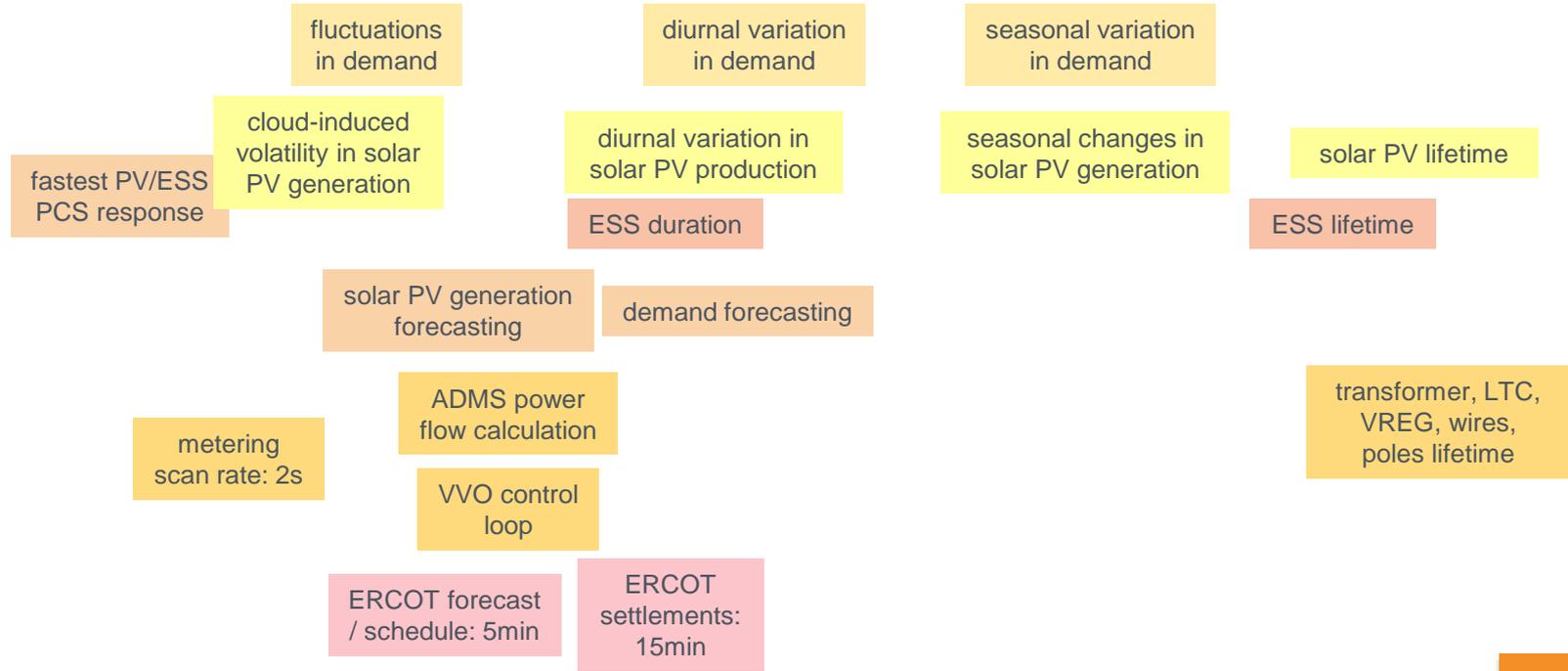


Timescales for Austin SHINES Controls

SHINES applications



System characteristics



System LCOE Modeling Requirements

- Time dependency → need a **time-series** modeling tool
- Coordinated voltage control and congestion management → need a **power flow solver**
- The solution: GridLAB-D™, a power system simulation and analysis tool
 - Developed by the DOE at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) with support from Office of Electricity
 - Strongest at the nexus of electrical and economic interactions
 - Flexible environment enables detailed study of controls design and configuration



Modeling and Simulation Process



Budget Period 1 Highlights

1

DERO Conceptual Design

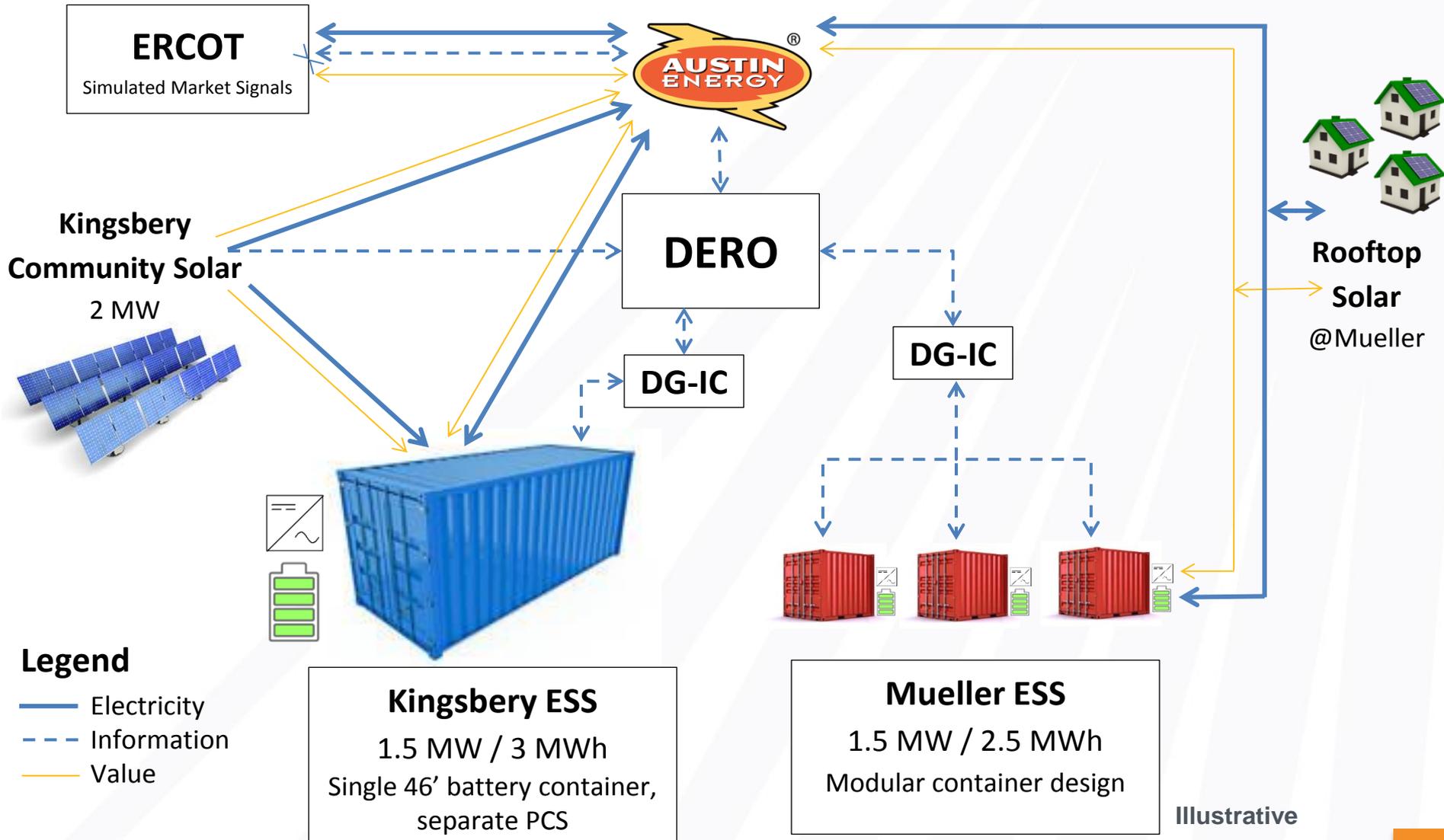
2

System LCOE to Serve Load

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Communications &
Monitoring

Utility-Scale Components



Legend

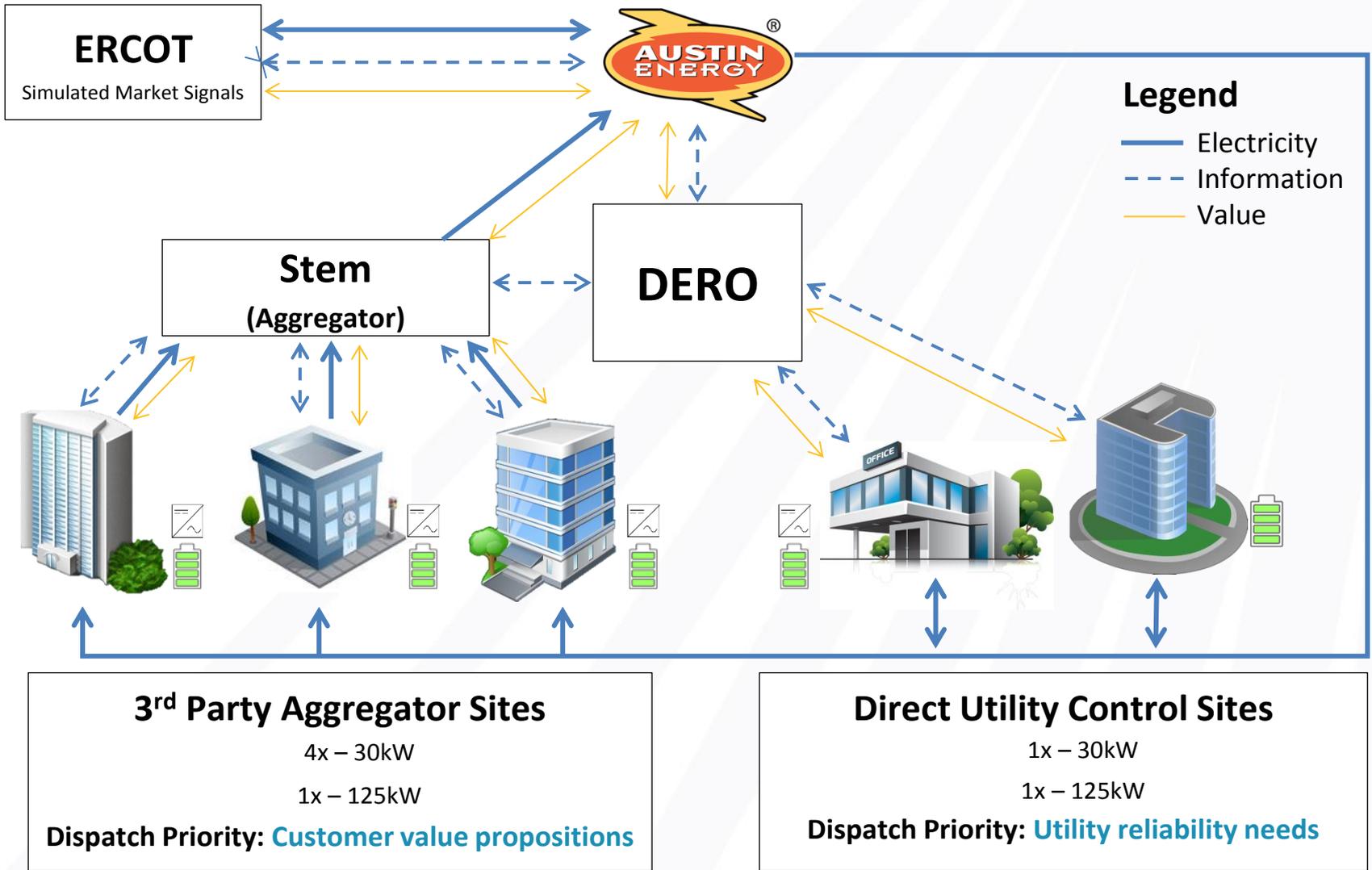
- Electricity
- - - Information
- Value

Kingsbery ESS
 1.5 MW / 3 MWh
 Single 46' battery container,
 separate PCS

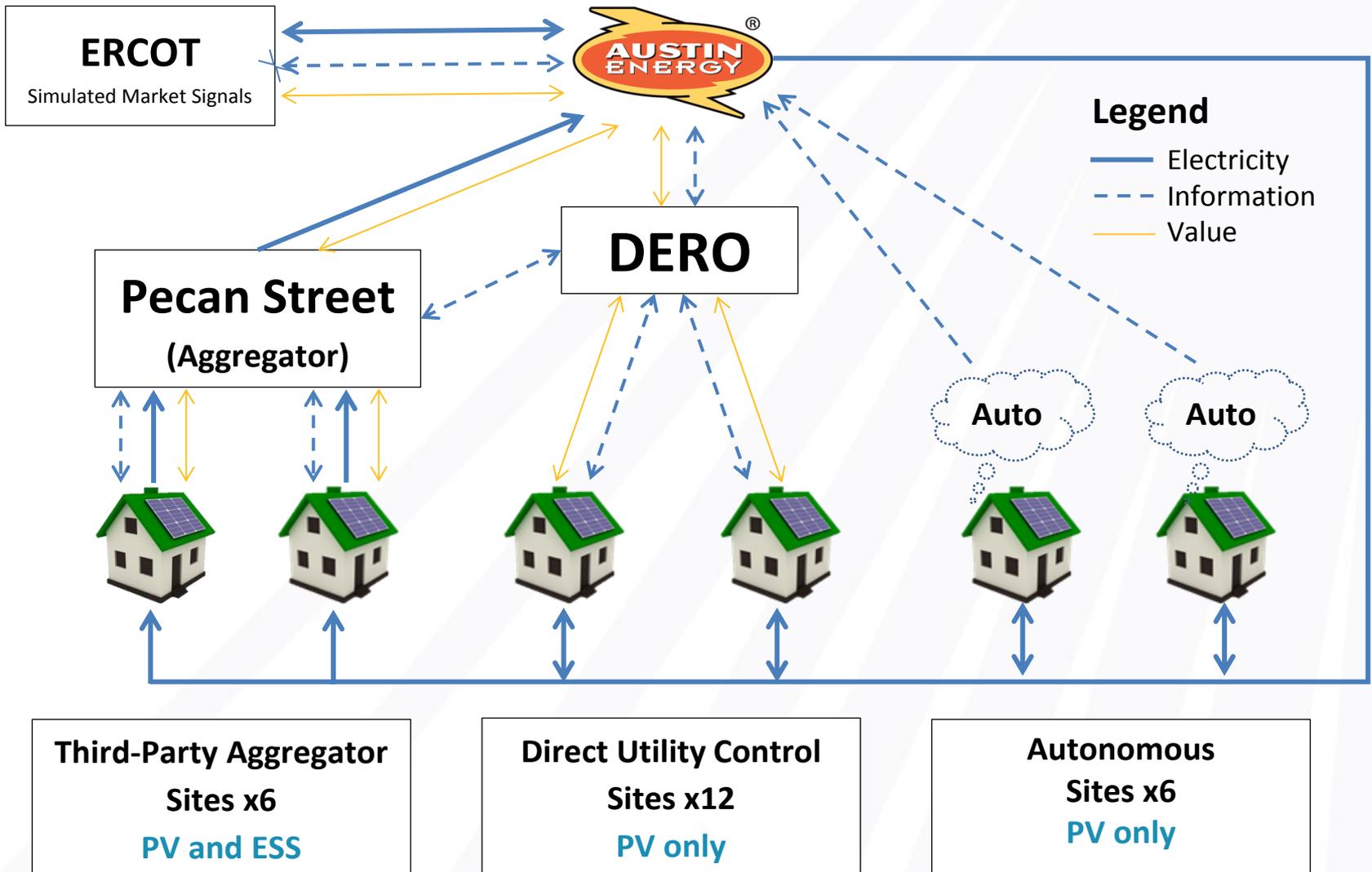
Mueller ESS
 1.5 MW / 2.5 MWh
 Modular container design

Illustrative

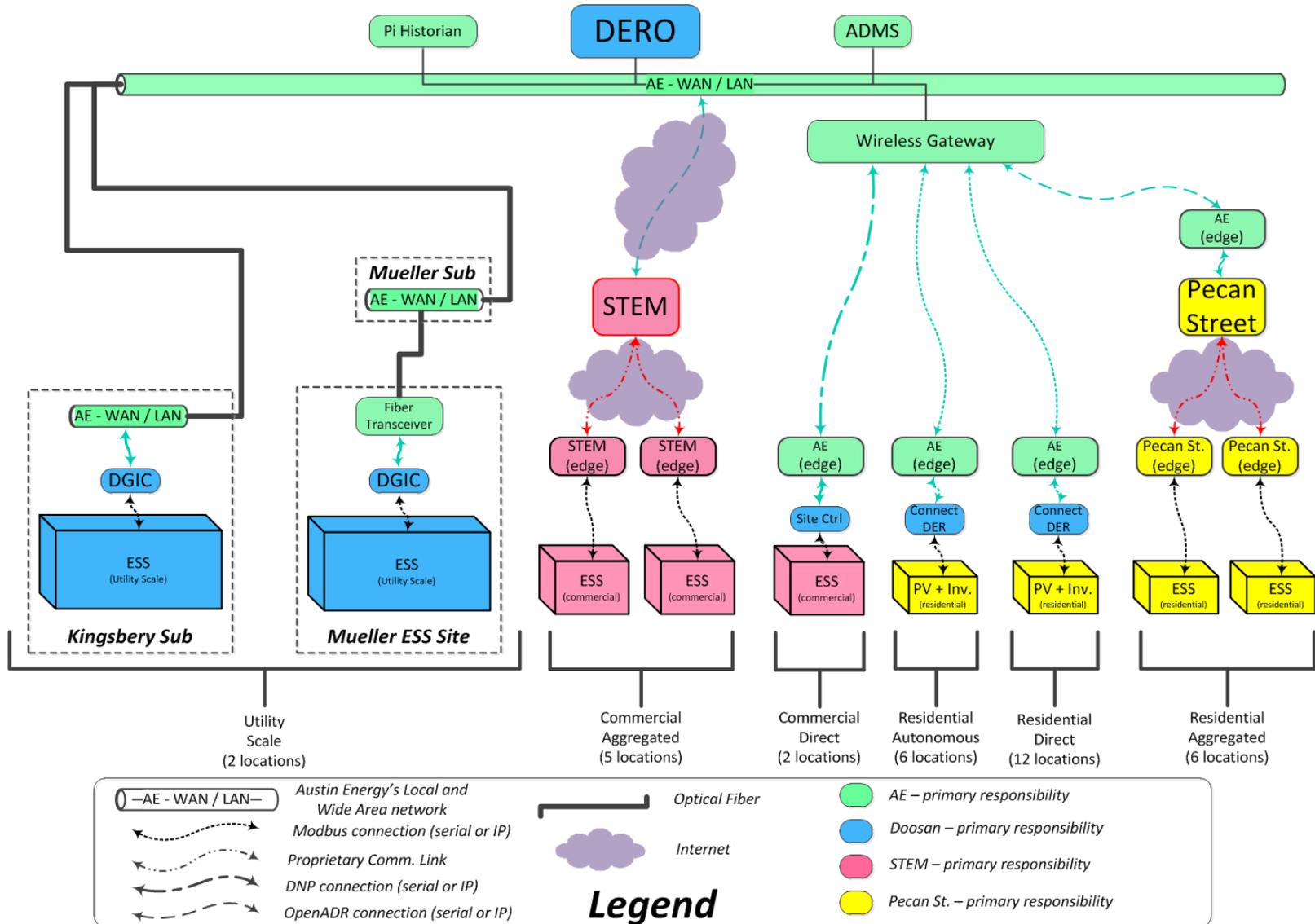
Commercial Components



Residential Components



Communications Connectivity



Next Steps & Austin SHINES Impact

Next Steps

Remainder of BP1

- Detailed design documentation
- Commercial & Residential participant selection
- Lab testing
- Permitting
- Econ modeling
 - Calcs for System LCOE “as designed”

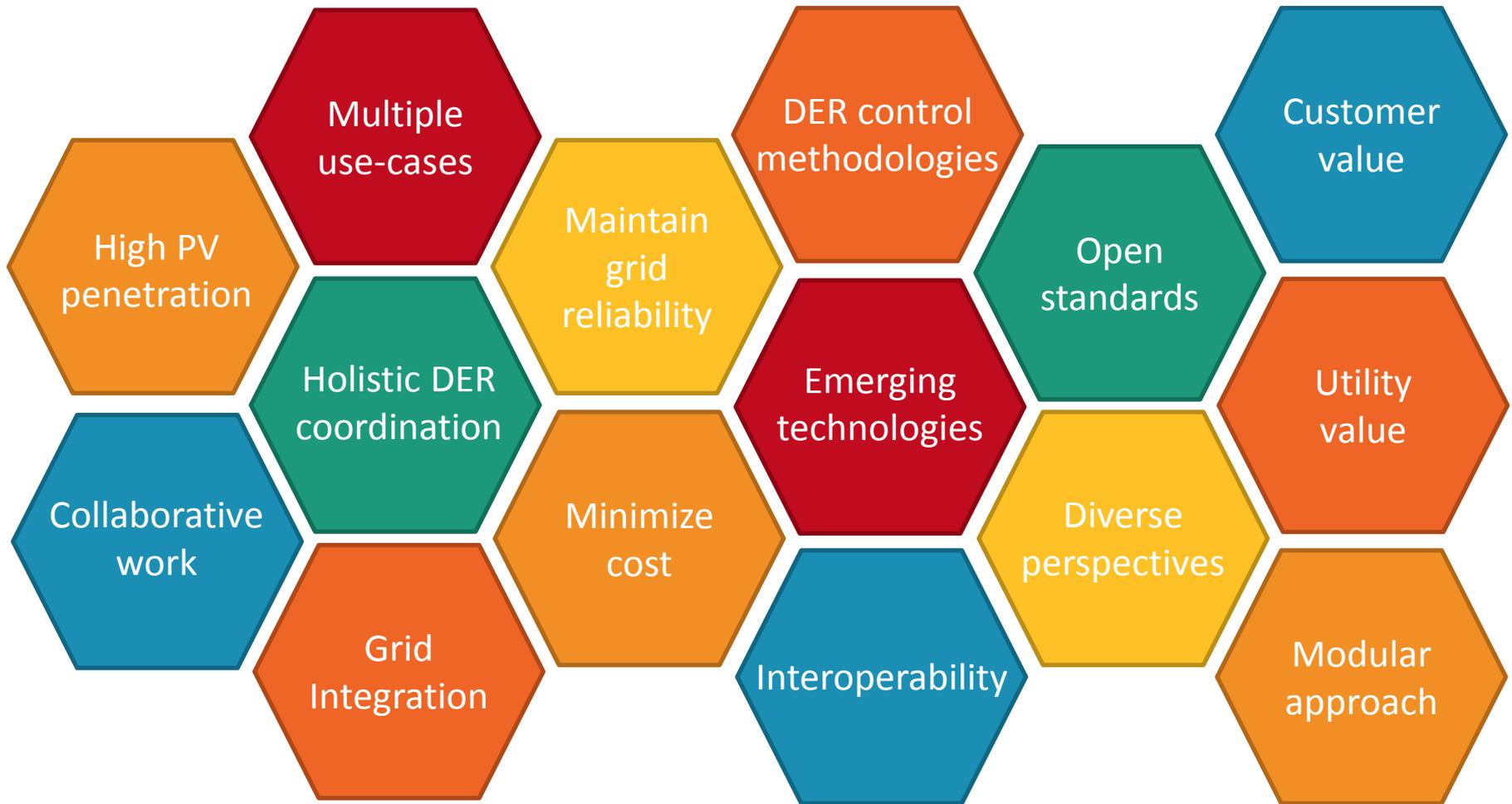
BP2

- Deploy all SHINES assets
- Site acceptance testing
- Econ modeling
 - Calcs for System LCOE “as deployed”

BP3

- Demonstration year
- Performance analysis
- Econ modeling
 - Calcs for System LCOE “as demonstrated”
- Final deliverables

Austin SHINES Impact



Questions?

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