# Co-Product Opportunities

## Lessons Learned



## A look back at bio-based products

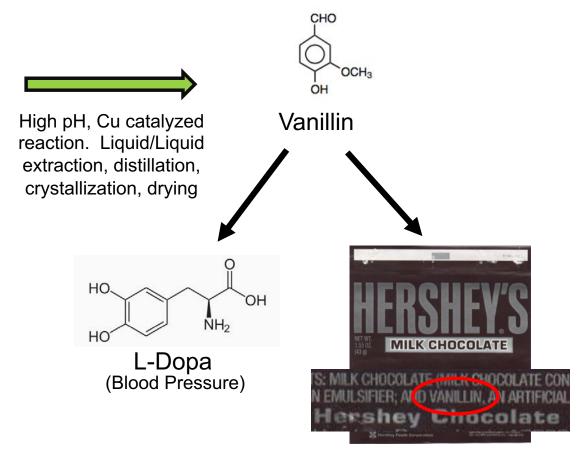


GP Bellingham, WA (lignin source)



Monsanto Seattle Vanillin Plant

- Plant Operated from 1946 to 1991
- Highly profitable, made ~30% of world supply in 1980's
- Merck and Hershey were largest customers
- Inability to consistently sell co-product caused shutdown
- · Replacement process was synthesis from crude oil





## Recent perspective

Advisors



## What do bio-processes have in common?

#### Co-products cause a difficult balancing act

Bio-Products Spent Cell Mass

Cellulosic Ethanol Lignin

Soybean Oil Soy Meal

Corn Ethanol DDG's

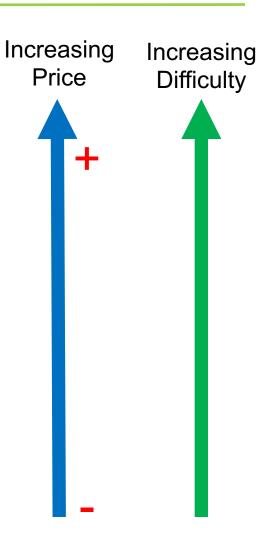




#### Residual Biomass/Cells

#### **Hierarchy of Options**

- → Nutritional value (human or animal food)
- → Ingredient for bio-based products (plastics, etc.)
- → Anaerobic digestion
- → Burned for heat value
- → Wastewater treatment
- → Landfill disposal





## Co-product Considerations

#### Is the co-product better than what is out there now?

Even if the answer is yes, the fact it is new may extend timelines for adoption, especially if target customer is making an iso-certified product

#### Is there a consistent specification that can be met?

Whether you are selling as a high value product or sending to a break-even energy recovery option, you will need to be able to consistently meet a specification for the option to remain

#### Co-product revenue can be significant

Often in the range of 10% of revenue from primary product. This can often be the difference between a venture being break-even or profitable

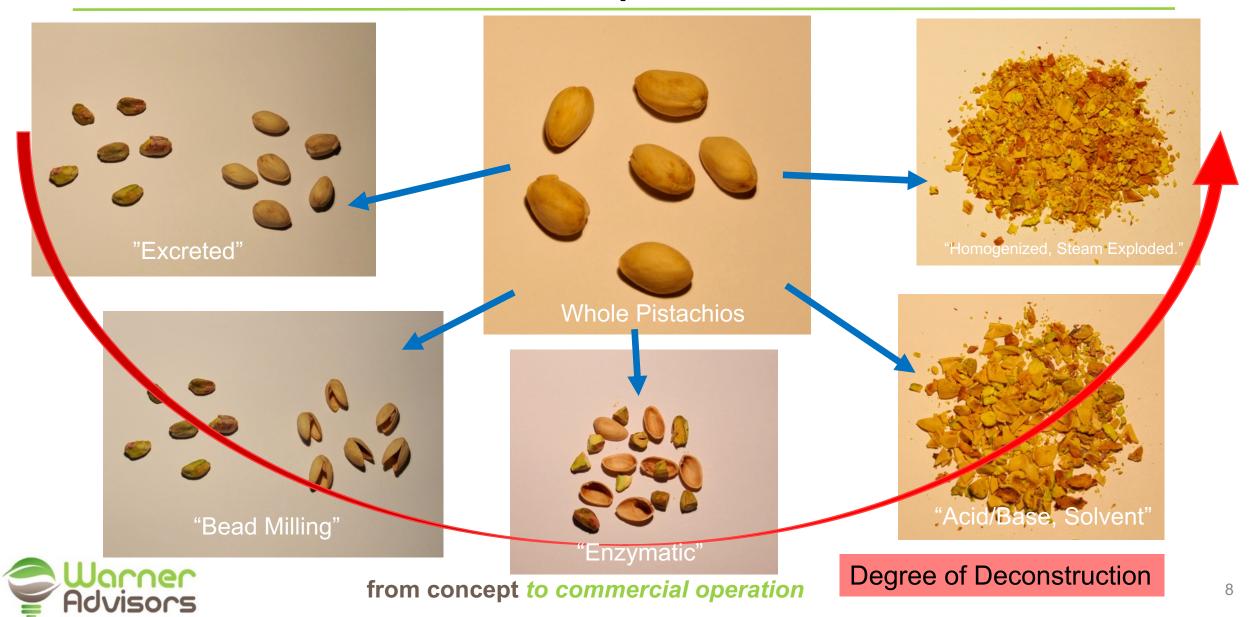


## Plan for co-products as process is developed

- → Upstream process has direct impact on co-product quality
- → Degree of "deconstruction" impacts recovery and quality
- → How biomass or organism is "deconstructed" matters
  - → **Excretion** product is taken without disrupting biomass/organism
  - → Light Deconstruction biomass or organism is partially deconstructed and product extracted. Large pieces of organism/biomass survive and product is reasonably accessible
  - → Robust Deconstruction biomass or organism is completely deconstructed to allow access to product. Resulting matrix can be complex to recover target product and de-value co-product



## De-Construction Example



#### **Lessons Learned**

- → The higher the degree of deconstruction of biomass, the lower on use hierarchy the co-product will likely be
- → Need to plan for co-products up-front
- → Impact of processing changes on co-product must be considered during process development
- → Always have multiple outlets for co-products, including disposal
- → Markets will shift and there will be a need to adapt
- → Consider base-loading key options, not try to shift between "all or nothing" options as you may lose interest from some



### Questions?

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