OILSEED FEEDSTOCKS

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Oilseeds





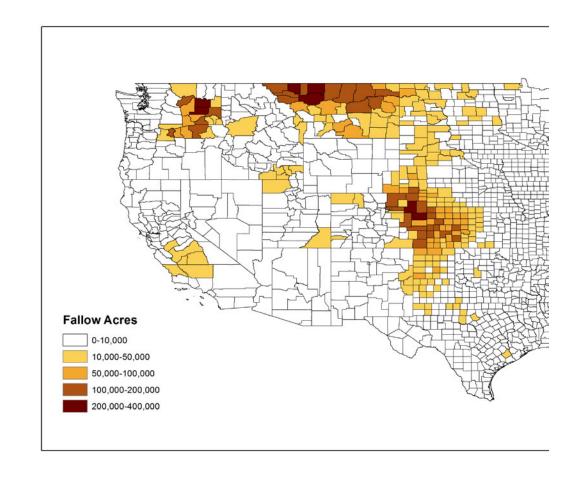
Key questions

- Are these crops economically viable for the farmer to produce?
 - At a price low enough for industry to be viable?
- Will farmers grow these crops?
- Impacts on natural resources and environment
- Long-term effects on agricultural productivity and economic viability



More Efficient Land Use

- Fallow
- Rotational benefits
- Double-crop or Relay-crop





Farm-level profitability

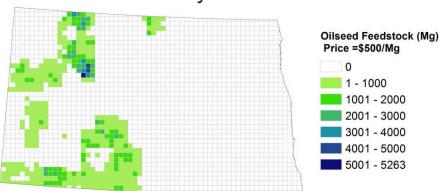
- Agronomics oilseed productivity, input use, rotational impacts, climate and soil effects
- Local demand -> reduce transport cost -> retain oilseed value at the farm level



Oilseed Supply Analysis

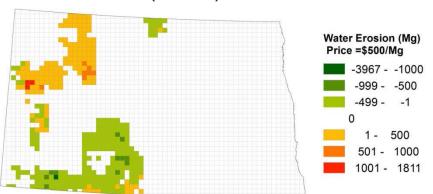
Scenario: Oilseed Price = \$500/Mg 298,000 Mg Oilseed 131,000 Mg Oil (35.4 million gallons) 64,400 Mg Jet Fuel (20.5 million gallons)



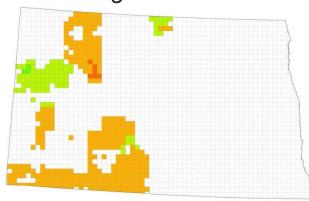


Soil Erosion (water)

_300,000_200,000_100,000



Soil Organic Carbon





Sunflower Soybean Field Pea Field Pea Fallow Durum Durum Corn Spring Wheat

Change in Production Area (ha)

0 100,000 200,000 300,000

Farmer adoption

- Changing behavior
 - Uncertainty how to grow, production potential, input needs, marketing
 - Risk variability of returns
 - Investment capital changes
 - Profitability relative to existing crops

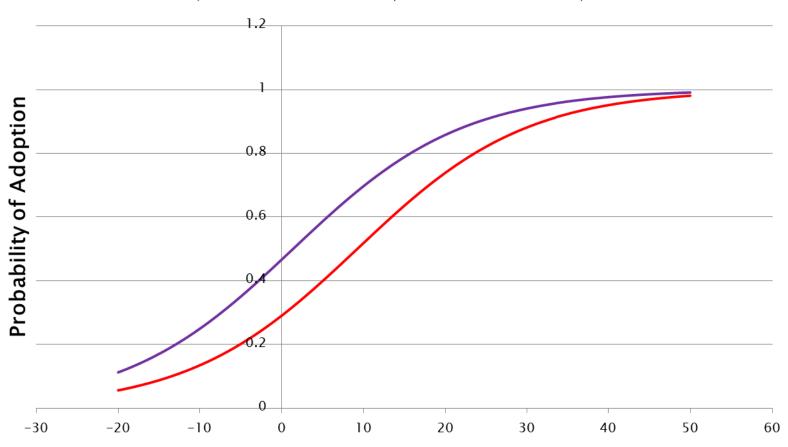




Farmer Adoption

Northern Plains

(Blue - with insurance/ Red - no insurance)

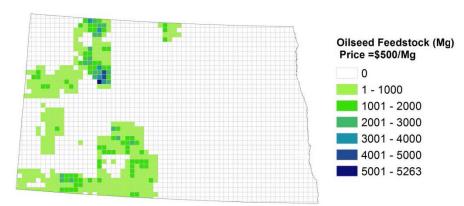


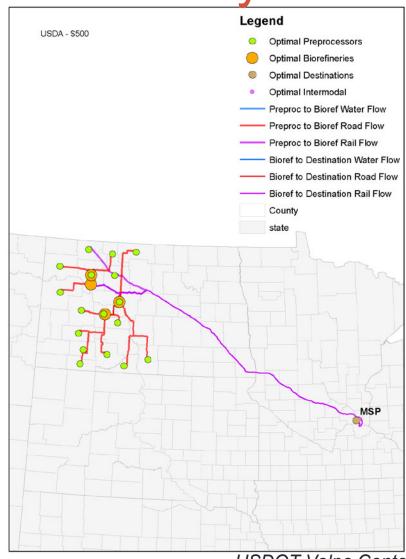


Net Returns Above Wheat Production (\$)

Source: Bergtold et al. (preliminary)

Linkage to Transportation Analysis







Key Points

- Feedstock Availability
 - Agronomics where can feedstocks be grown?
 - Economics profitability of feedstock production
 - Adoption other factors influencing farmer willingness to grow
- Spatial Impacts
 - Not good enough to know how much is available, need to know where
 - Infrastructure and transportation needs
 - Environmental impacts
 - Tied to spatial characteristics
 - Soil and weather
 - Farmer characteristics

