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Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Benefits

Indian Canyons Trading Post – Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians

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Overview



Objective

- Renewable Energy
- Background
 Energy Efficiency
- MethodsComparisons
- Indian Canyons Trading
 Conclusion
 Post

History

Objective



- Benefits of renewable energy & energy efficiency
 - Energy demand
 - Cost
 - Emissions

Background

Sandia National Laboratories

- Global warming
- Climate change
- Non-renewable energy
- Biggest energy users: buildings
- Solutions: energy efficiency & renewable energy

Methods



- Site visit
- Approval from Agua Caliente Band Tribal Council
- Communication with tribe
- Research

Indian Canyons Trading Post





Photo showing Trading Post prior to PV installation, taken from Eastern view. Source: *Mineral Assessment Program Phase II*

- Historical site within tribal boundaries
- Situated within canyon
- Off-grid ~700 square feet visitor's center & retail shop

History



- Propane: generator, refrigerator, & freezer
 - High costs
 - Noise pollution
- 2005: DOE Tribal Energy Program Grant
 - Strategic Energy Plan
- 2009: DOI Bureau of Indian Affairs 638 Mineral Assessment Program Grant
 - Implementation

Renewable Energy



- 8.25 kW photovoltaic array
- Diesel generator back-up
- Propane designed equipment removal
- Roof repair



Picture showing Trading Post after PV installation, taken from Southwestern view. Source: Sandra Begay-Campbell

Energy Efficiency



- Electric Frigidaire Refrigerator/Freezer
- Electric Arctic Air Commercial Freezer Model
- Lights: 160w to 475w
- Toaster: 1000w to 1500w
- Two ceiling fans
- Unnecessary extra electric freezer

Energy Comparison



Table 1: Comparison of Energy Demand Before and After Energy Efficiency Measures				
	Before EE	After EE		
Energy Demand	34 kWh/day	25 kWh/day		

Comparison of Energy Demand: Before & After Energy Efficiency Measures





Cost Comparison



Table 2: Comparison of Off-Grid Costs Before andAfter Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Implementation

	BEFORE	AFTER	
	Propane	PV	Diesel
Operations	\$1,194.27	\$160.00	\$4.00
Maintenance	\$153.85	\$100.00	\$5.83
Total Costs Per Month	\$1,348.12	\$269.83	





Cost Savings

- \$12,939.48 per year
- \$129,394.80 per decade
- Initial cost of system = \$117,000
- Return on investment = ~9.5 years
- At 10 years: \$12,394.80 after investment
 - O&M costs for 3 years & 10 months

Emissions Comparison



Table 3: Comparison of Off-Grid Carbon Emissions Before and AfterEnergy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Implementation

	BEFORE	AFTER	
	Propane	PV	Diesel
Fuel Amount (per month)	329.39 gal	-	0.83 gal
CO ₂ Emissions (per month)	4,280.8 lbs	-	18 lbs



Comparison of CO2 Emission: Before & After Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy Measures



Emission Savings



4,262.8 pounds = 1.9336 metric tons per month





Versus Carbon Neutral. (March 2011). What Does a Metric Ton of CO2 Look Like? Retrieved from <u>http://www.verus-</u> co2.com/blog/?p=1964

23.203 metric tons per year

Conclusion



- Cost effective than running business as usual
- Uniquely designed systems
- Energy efficiency & conservation as 1st step
- Sustainable marketing
- Future implementation = future benefits
- Reducing effects of climate change

Before & After

Eastern view. Source: Mineral Assessment Program Phase II





Picture showing Trading Post after PV installation, taken from Southwestern view. Source: Sandra Begay-Campbell





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