Re-inventing the Nation's Urban Water Infrastructure [ReNUWIt]



Energy-efficient Wastewater Reuse

Richard G. Luthy, Stanford University and the ReNUWIt Team

Main messages



- Recycling & energy recovery
 - Decentralized systems
 - New technologies
 - Efficient desalination
- Demonstrate at test-bed scale
 - Assess reliability & control
 - Gain acceptance
 - Systems-level analysis
 - Savings & cost analysis
 - Scale-up & build out



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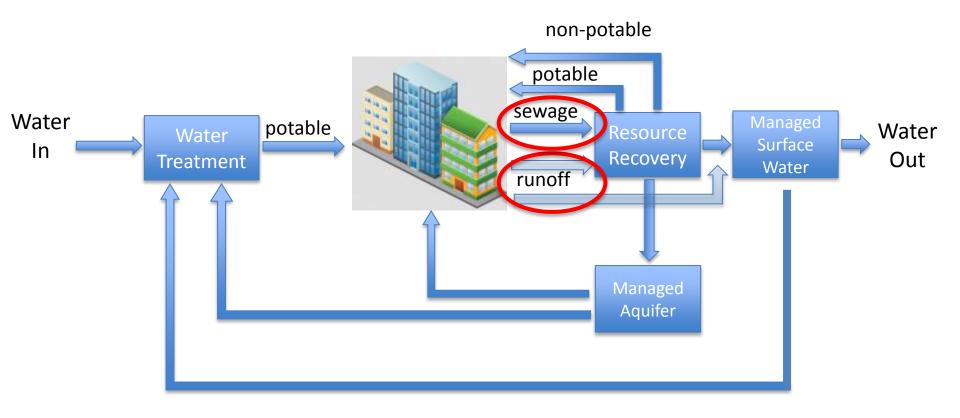




"Measuring" the Sierra snowpack on April 1, 2015

First time that there was no snow to measure

Urban systems for water supply resiliency & energy efficiency

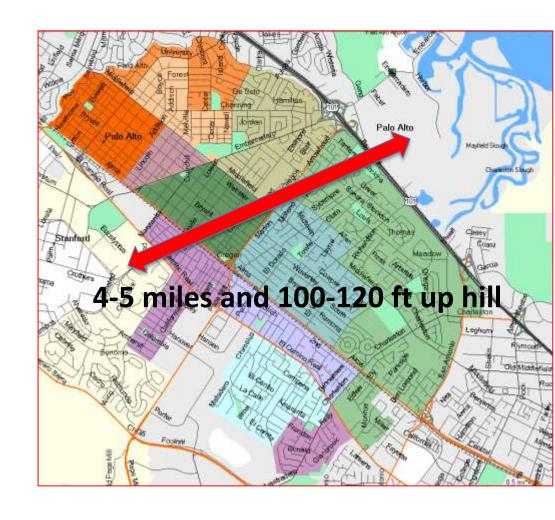


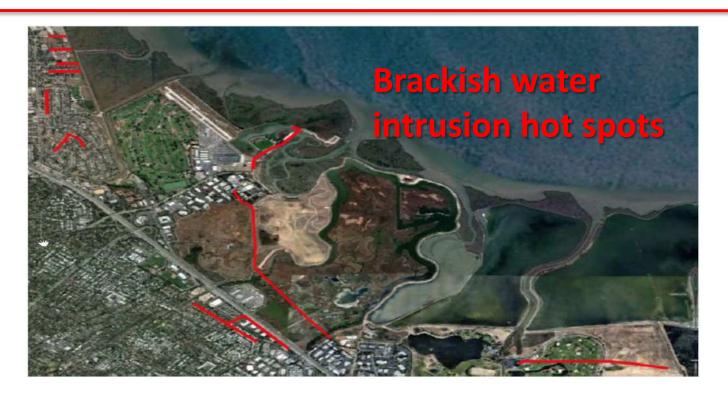
- "Satellite" treatment plants
- Working together with centralized treatment
- Hybrid operations for greatest efficiencies



Lee et al., Environ. Sci. & Tech., 47(19), 2013

- Avoid pumping water back up hill and save energy
- Avoid cost of reverse pipeline
- Reclaim the water where it's generated and needed





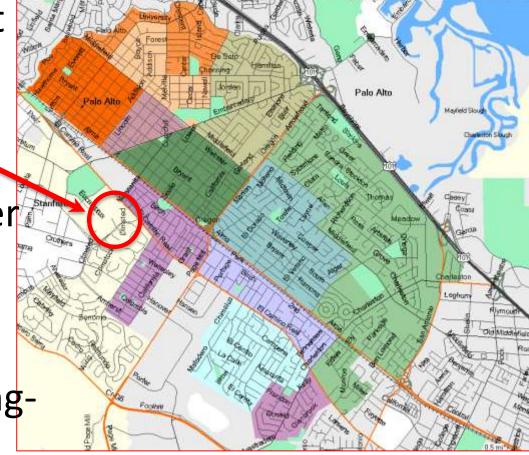
- Avoid salt water intrusion
- There's less salt further up in the system
- Less risk of salt build up in soils

•Stanford wastewater at Serra Street approx.

360 ppm salt

Palo Alto recycled water approx. 770 ppm salt

•Stanford wastewater best for irrigation & long-term salt management



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New technologies & water reuse

 Recover energy & water from treatment using new technologies

 Convert organic matter to methane & electricity

Avoid energy-intensive

aeration

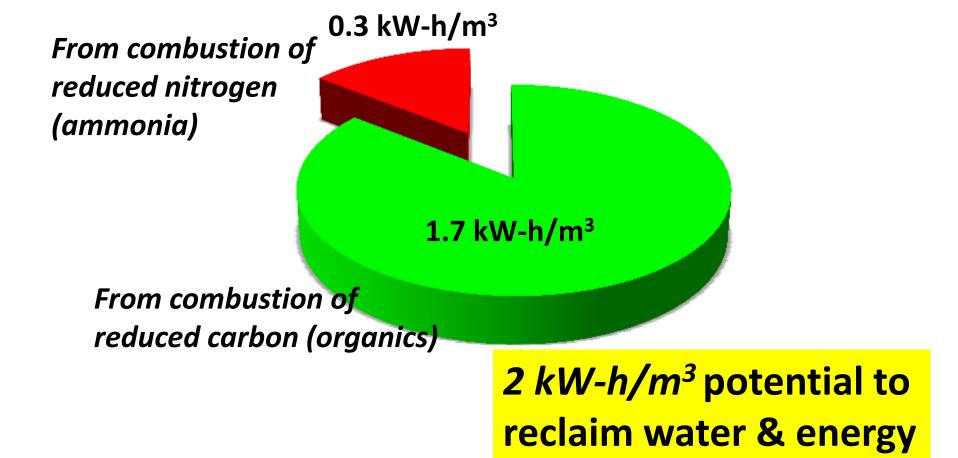
Palo Alto Regional Water Quality
Control Plant





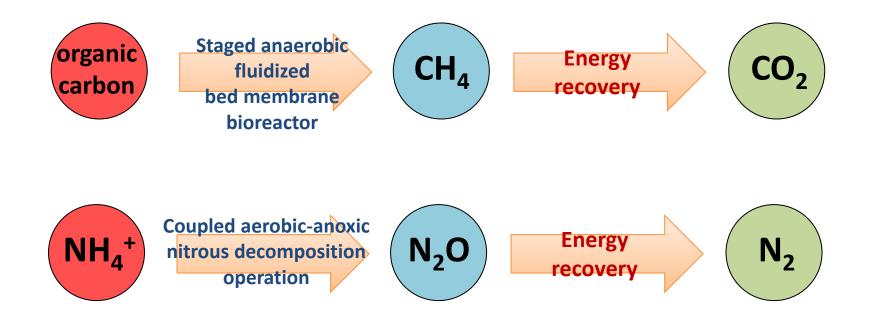
Innovative water reclamation:

Recover energy from carbon & nitrogen



Recovery energy using new technologies

Innovative water reclamation: Recovery of energy from carbon & nitrogen

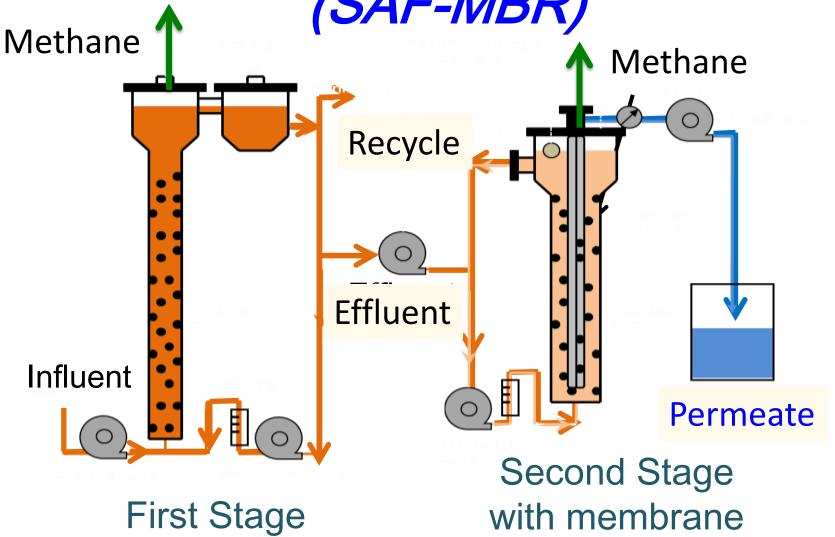


"Green energy" because it's from biomass not fossil fuels

Question

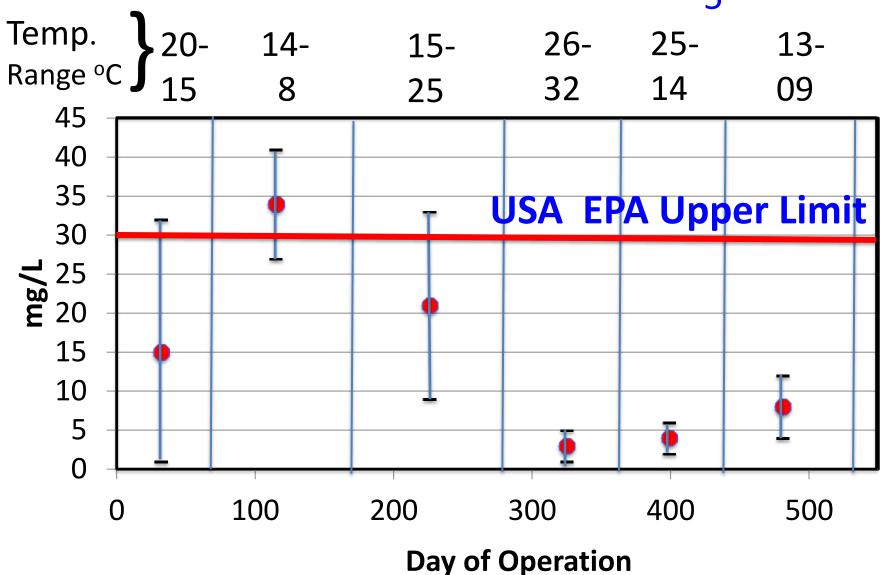
 Can we treat municipal wastewater 100% anaerobically to achieve net energy production while meeting effluent quality standards, and at lower cost than by conventional aerobic treatment?

Staged Anaerobic Fluidized MBR (SAF-MBR) Methane



Kim et al., Environ. Science & Technology, 45:576(2011)

SAF-MBR Effluent BOD₅



Biosoids Production

0.05 kg VSS/kg COD

and

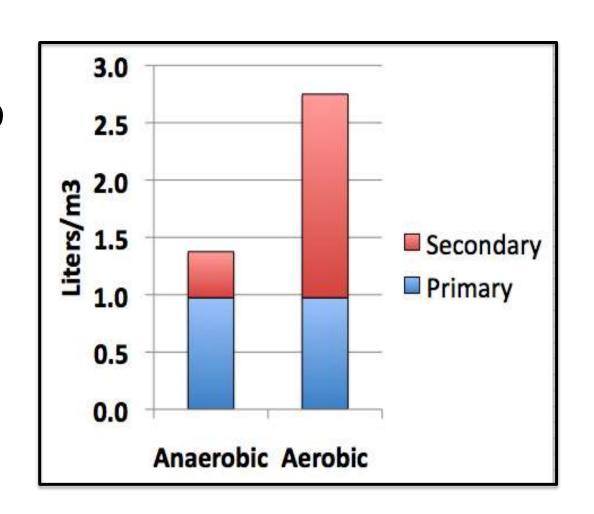
already digested

and

less than half

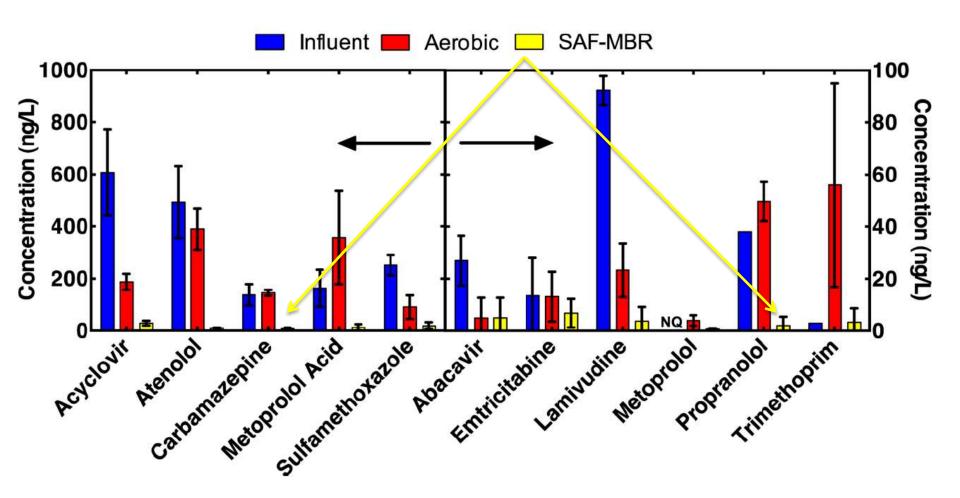
that from aerobic

treatment



Shin et al., Bioresource Technology, 159, 95-103 (2014)

Superior removal of pharmaceuticals: new anaerobic system vs aerobic system



Innovative water reclamation



This size is believable!

Scale of Wastewater Treatment

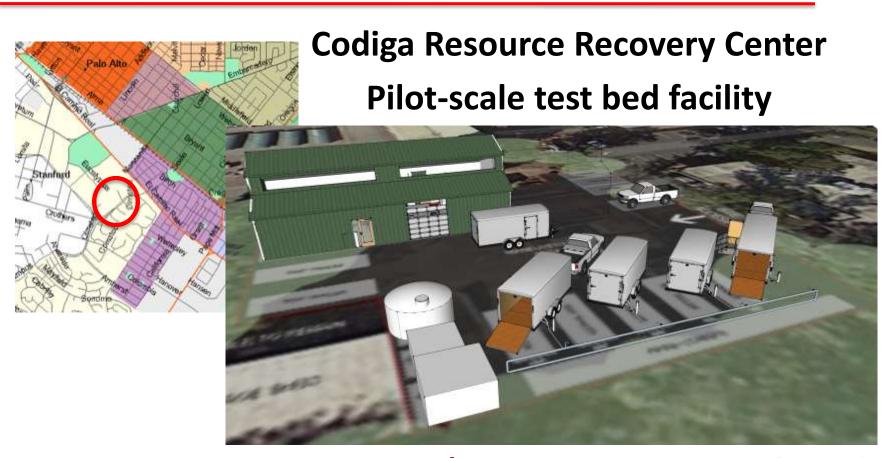
Lab scale: gal/day

Pilot-scale: 1-10 gal/min

Full scale: 10-100 gal/second

Pilot-scale is also practical for decentralized or satellite applications

Innovative water reclamation



Wastewater and Waste Organics





Construction started April 20, 2015



Seawater desalination





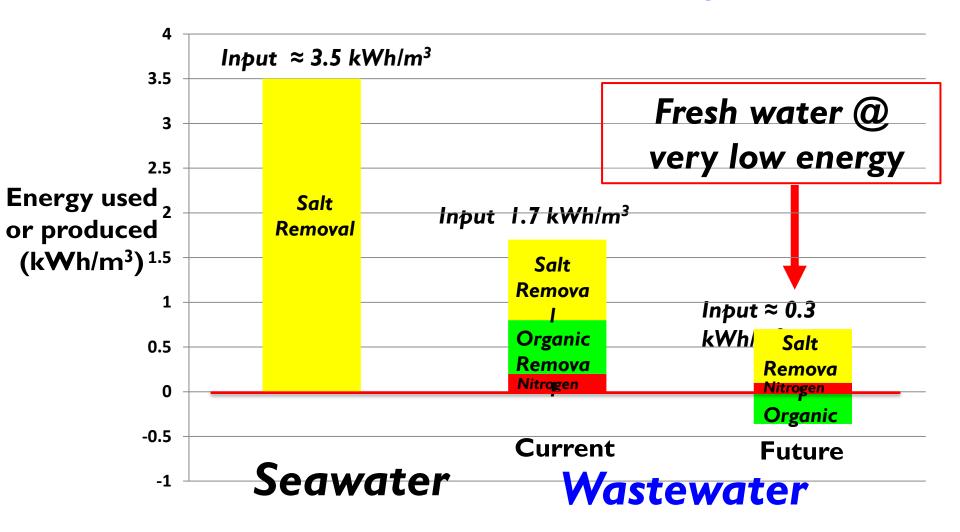
50 mgd, Carlsbad, CA
Poseidon
San Diego County Water Authority

Wastewater desalination

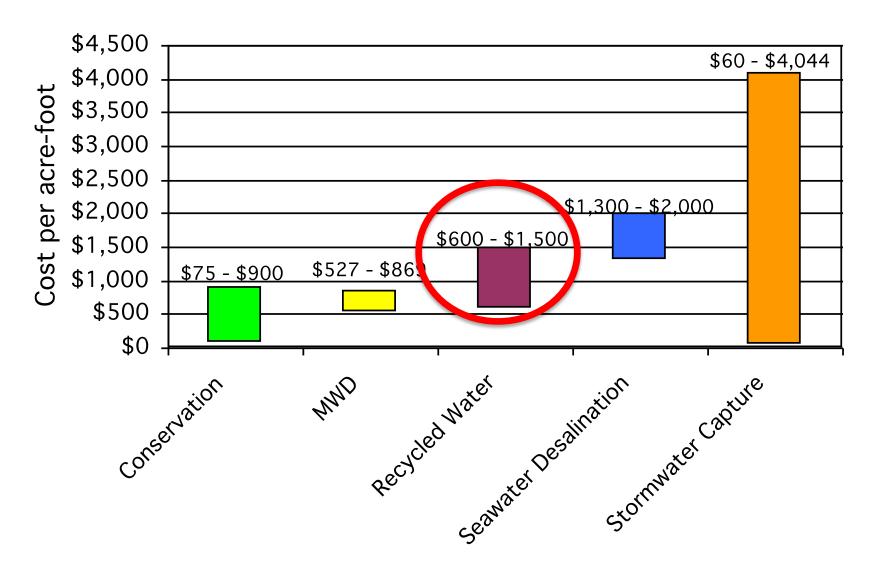


8 mgd, San Jose, CA Silicon Valley Adv. Water Purification Fac. Santa Clara Valley Water District

Fresh water recovery



Cost comparison of water supplies



Food-energy-water nexus Salinas/Monterey/Watsonville



- Case study
- Not part of the State Water Project
- No imported water
- Three growing seasons/year
- Nutrient-rich muni. wastewater
- All-year water supply



Monterey Water Reclamation Plant



Take-home messages



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- Food-energy-water nexus