

# Low-Cost LED Luminaire for General Illumination

2014 Building Technologies Office Peer Review

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# Project Summary

## Timeline:

Start date: 8/1/12

Planned end date: 7/31/14

## Key Milestones

1. White LED with custom primary optic providing 95% optical efficiency compared to conventional hemispherical lens LED: August 2013 (complete)
2. Fixture surface luminance of 20 lm/in<sup>2</sup>: February 2014 (complete)
3. Prototype mechanical fixture with a cost reduction of 33% over the mechanicals cost for the CR24 troffer product: July 31, 2014 (upcoming)

## Budget:

Total DOE \$ to date: \$2,031,285

Total future DOE \$: \$312,662

## Target Market/Audience:

Numerous residential, commercial, and industrial end users who currently utilize conventional fluorescent troffers.

## Key Partners: None

## Project Goal:

Develop a low-cost, high efficacy LED **troffer** suitable for indoor lighting. This troffer will provide 4000 lumens at an efficacy of >90 lm/W and a color temperature of 3500 K, with a color rendering index (CRI) of  $\geq 90$ . A cost reduction of >30% will be achieved relative to Cree's CR24 troffer.

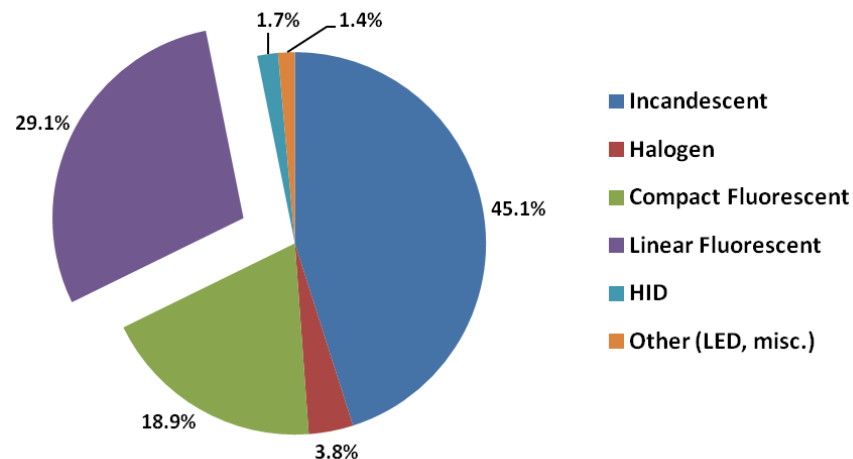
# Purpose and Objectives

**Problem Statement:** normalized cost (in \$/klm) of LED-based lighting has improved steadily, but needs a step function reduction to encourage broad replacement of low-cost fluorescent fixtures.



**Target Market and Audience:** there are **~2.4B** installed linear fluorescent fixtures in the U.S., most of which are in troffer form.\* Replacing these with LED equivalents could yield **58 TWh** of energy savings by 2030.\*\*

2010 U.S. Lighting Inventory



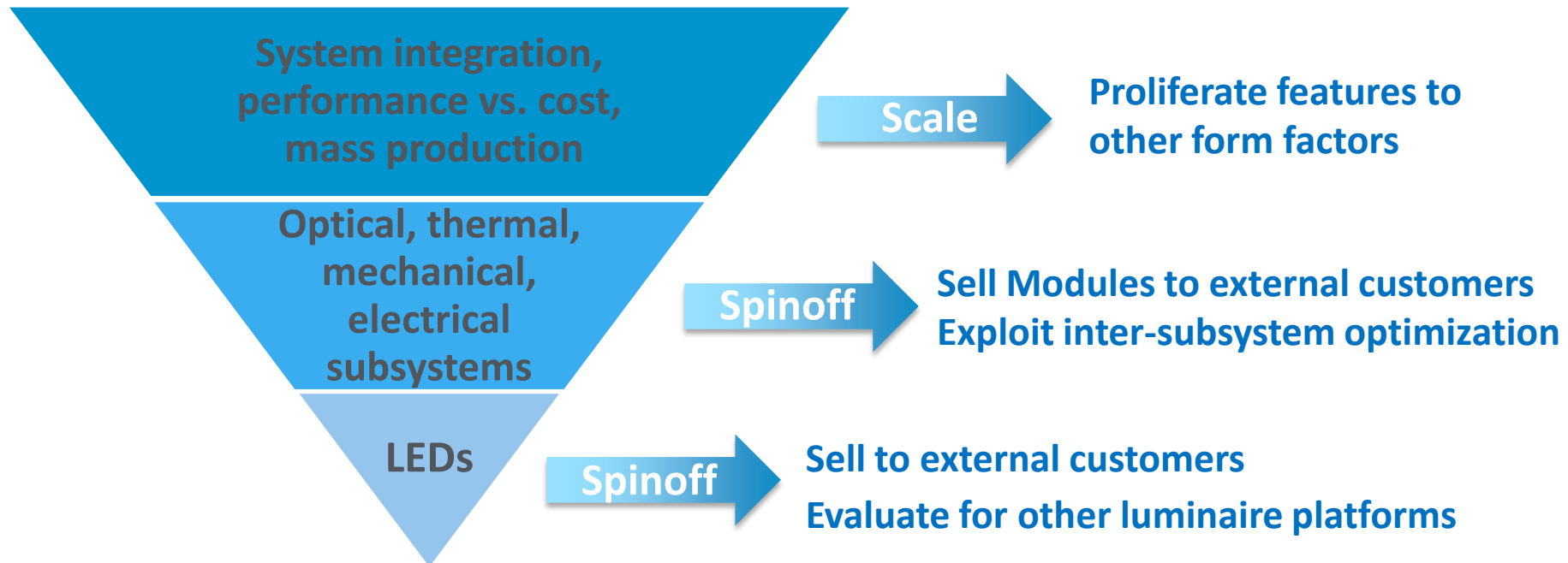
\* "2010 U.S. Lighting Market Characterization", Navigant Consulting 2012.

\*\* "Energy Savings Potential of Solid-State Lighting in General Illumination Applications", Navigant Consulting 2012.

# Purpose and Objectives (cont.)

## Impact of Project:

1. **Output:** low-cost, high-efficacy, and high color quality LED troffer platform
2. **Impact path:**
  - a. Near term: Evaluation of technology by Cree luminaire production groups
  - b. Int. term: Mass manufacture of troffers based on adopted technology elements
  - c. Long term: Further improvements in normalized cost; proliferation to other platforms



# Approach

## Approach:

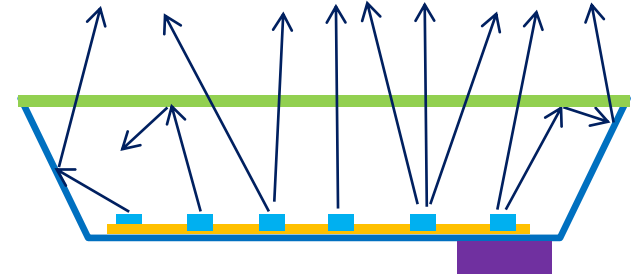
- **Efficient LEDs** with desirable broad emission vs. angle: increase inter-LED spacing
- **High system optical efficiency** with minimized complexity, assembly cost
- **No heat sinks** and minimized mechanical elements
- **Cost-effective driver** with integrated controls

## Key Issues:

- **LED Efficacy:** no compromises or color quality for desired wide emission profile
- **Thermal management:** achieved without conventional heat sinks
- **Optical Diffuser:** no glare and high luminance uniformity (no visible “pixelation”)

## Distinctive Characteristics:

- Minimized optical losses within the system
- Combined subsystem functionality
- Simplified assembly, low Bill of Materials (BOM)



## System Efficacy:

$$E_{\text{sys}} = E_{\text{LED}} * E_{\text{op}} * E_{\text{th}} * E_{\text{el}}$$



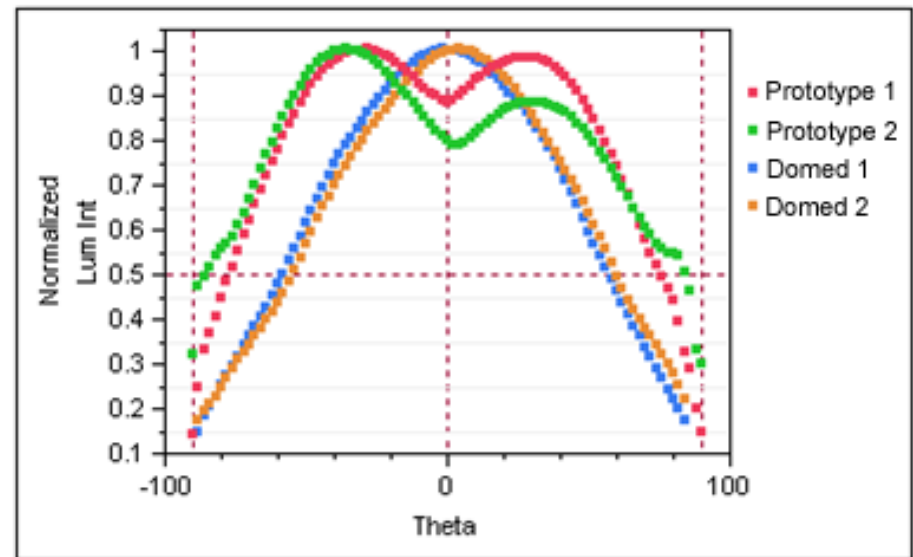
# Progress and Accomplishments

## Lessons Learned:

- Wider LED emission vs. angle: LEDs spaced further apart (fewer in system)
- Inter-LED and LED-diffuser spacing must be co-optimized
- Luminaire subsystems (optical, thermal, mechanical electrical) are interdependent

## Key Accomplishments:

- **Novel LED:** efficacy at 3500K / 90CRI comparable to domed lens components
- **Luminaire:** < 4% LED luminous flux thermal roll-off at steady state without costly heat sinks
- **Luminaire:** Diffusing optics yielding system optical efficiency > 95%



## Market Impact:

- LED design based on project prototype already adapted by Cree LED production group and ramped into mass production
- New LED design in use in Cree luminaires, and also being evaluated for new form factors

# Project Integration and Collaboration

## Project Integration:

- Cree Santa Barbara Technology Center (SBTC) leads project
- SBTC collaborates with other Cree R&D and pre-production groups to evaluate results and determine priorities & future direction

## CREE's NPI approach



## Partners, Subcontractors, and Collaborators:

- None

## Communications:

- Project results reported monthly and quarterly to DOE staff
- Presentations made at DOE SSL workshops
- Selected Cree LED component customers appraised of progress

# Next Steps and Future Plans

## Next Steps and Future Plans:

- Fabricate and test full LED light engine from arrays of LEDs, with high (99.5%) solder attach yield
  - ✓ *Progress: 99% yield demonstrated for single LED array; optimization underway*
- Verify low thermal roll-off (< 6%) for LED light engine as installed in full-scale system
  - ✓ *Progress: 3% demonstrated for single LED array; building full-scale demos*
- Verify high optical efficiency (> 95%) of diffuser optics in full-scale assembled troffer
  - ✓ *Progress: 96% demonstrated for scaled-down prototypes*
- Confirm reductions in system costs (BOM, anticipated assembly) relative to Cree's CR24 troffer
  - ✓ *Progress: assessment begun based on anticipated LED, other sub-system content*



# REFERENCE SLIDES

# Project Budget

**Project Budget: \$2.34M** Federal Share, **\$700K** Cree Cost Share

**Variances:** None

**Cost to Date: \$2.03M** Federal Share, **\$597K** Cree Cost Share

**Additional Funding:** 20% Cree Cost Share, as detailed above

## Budget History

8/1/12 – FY2013 (past)		FY2014 (current)		FY2015 – 7/31/14 (planned)	
DOE	Cost Share	DOE	Cost Share	DOE	Cost Share
<b>\$1.17M</b>	<b>\$350K</b>	<b>\$703K</b>	<b>\$210K</b>	-	-

# Project Plan and Schedule – Past Work

Project Schedule										
Project Start: 8/1/12	Completed Work									
Projected End: 7/31/14	Active Task (in progress work)									
	◆ Milestone/Deliverable (Originally Planned)									
	◆ Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)									
	FY2013				FY2014					
Task	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)		
<b>Past Work</b>										
Custom LED primary optic defined			◆							
White LED w/ primary optic w/ 95% efficiency of std. domed LED				◆						
Light engine with 97% solder attach process yield				◆						
LED primary optic mfg. method selected					◆					
LED w/ >90% lumen maint., color shift <0.005 @ 500 hrs. accel. testing					◆					
LED board integration process selected						◆				
Specification of integrated thermal management				◆						
Diffusing optics design specified				◆						
Fixture thermal roll-off of <10%					◆					
Diffusing optics with >85% optical efficiency					◆					
Fixture surface luminance >20 lm/in <sup>2</sup>						◆				

# Project Plan and Schedule – Current/Future Work

Project Schedule									
Project Start: 8/1/12	Completed Work								
Projected End: 7/31/14	Active Task (in progress work)								
	◆ Milestone/Deliverable (Originally Planned)								
	◆ Milestone/Deliverable (Actual)								
	FY2013				FY2014				
Task	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)	Q1 (Oct-Dec)	Q2 (Jan-Mar)	Q3 (Apr-Jun)	Q4 (Jul-Sep)	
<b>Current/Future Work</b>									
LED light engine w/ 5500lm at 3500K, 90 CRI								◆	
Light engine with 99.5% solder attach process yield									◆
LED w/ >90% lumen maint., color shift <0.004 @ 1000 hrs. accel. testing									◆
Light engine with >23% cost reduction over Cree CR24									◆
Diffusing optics with >90% optical efficiency								◆	
Fixture thermal roll-off of <6%								◆	
Prototype fixture components procured								◆	
Prototype fixture mechanicals cost >33% lower than Cree CR24									◆
2x4 ft. LED troffer emitting 4000lm @ 90 LPW, 3500K, 90 CRI									◆
2x4 ft. LED troffer with COGS reduced by >30% from CR24									◆

