

IPGT Reservoir Modeling Working Group

Summary of Recommendations &

Geothermal Reservoir Benchmarking Workshop

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Who/What is IPGT?

- Forum for geothermal leaders from government, industry and academia to coordinate their efforts and collaborate on projects
- Accelerate the development of geothermal technology
- Coordinate efforts to reduce duplication

Working Groups

- Seven areas of technology focus
 - drilling, zonal isolation, high temp tools, stimulation, reservoir modeling, exploration, and induced seismicity
- Summarize the current state of the art and provide recommendations on ways to advance the technology
- Development of technology roadmaps

09/09/2009





Reservoir Modeling Working Group

- Has held two formal workshops/meetings
- Drafted a reservoir modeling white paper
- Has begun to identify potentially collaborative projects
- Is gathering information.....
 - Revise whitepaper
 - Further engage industry
 - In-depth summary of current model capabilities
 - Gathering data for code benchmarking exercise





Drivers for Technology Development Whitepaper

- Dynamic changes in permeability current models are ill-equipped
 - Short-term, fracturing and reservoir creation
 - Long-term, reactive geochemistry within the fractures and matrix
 - Also near-field and far-field
- There have been substantial advances over the past several decades
 - Incorporation of more accurate EOS for the fluid system, an increased ability to represent geometric complexity and heterogeneity, treatment of material heterogeneity in space and time
 - Increase of computational power, code capabilities, faster and more robust computational schemes
- Conceptual models need to be further developed and /or updated
 - Thermodynamics, geochemistry, mechanics

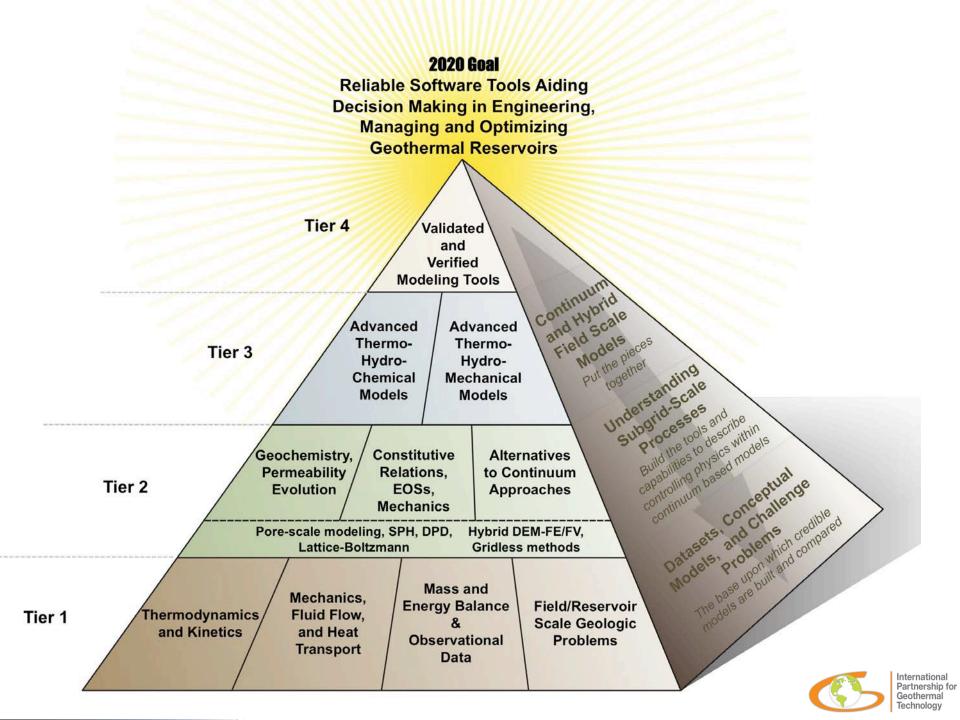




Technology Development Vision

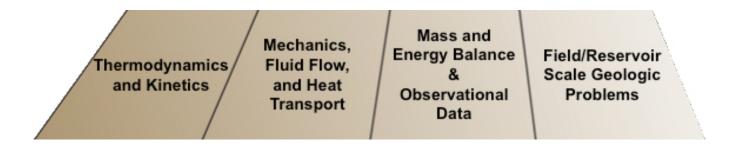
- Goal: Fully-coupled thermal-hydro-mechanical-chemical simulator by 2020
- Hierarchical building of key components
 - Development or collection of laboratory and field datasets
 - Model-component development exercises
 - Physically realistic model(s)
- Support improved predictions of reservoir performance
- Predict permeability enhancement and evolution over varying spatial and temporal scales
- Help elucidate system behavior







Tier 1



- Laboratory-scale to well-scale to reservoir-scale datasets
- Examine phenomena in isolation from one another
- Build or compile a series of benchmarking, validation, and challenge problems
 - Code comparison efforts
- Support process conceptualization and numerical simulation of subgrid scale properties





IPGT Inaugural Workshop on Geothermal Reservoir Simulator Benchmarking

- Villa Garbald, Castasegna, Switzerland, September 22-28, 2012
- Goal is to develop the framework for benchmarking—physics, dimensionality, comparison methods, etc.
- Identify the various types of benchmarking problems
 - Basic code testing and verification
 - Defining meaningful problems and standards for reservoir management simulations
 - Challenge problems that test the capabilities of simulation codes to treat complex, coupled processes occurring in geothermal reservoirs
 - Shape benchmarking such that future developments can be integrated smoothly
- Event limited to ~3 people from each IPGT country (16 -18 total)
- Expected to form the basis for an open, international workshop in 2013 or 2014





Problem Examples-Analytical Solution Based

- Laplacian type problems—conductive heat transfer, pressure diffusion
- Poisson type problems
- Equations of state (What would be the reference? IAPWS-97?, What about brines?)
- Convection-Diffusion problems
- Reactive transport (Can we define a set of simple (fictitious) minerals/ species and controlling kinetics?)
- Mechanics
 - 2D compression/tension around circular opening,
 - shear displacement on a plate
 - Terghazzi compaction problems
- Given a reasonable set of boundary and initial conditions, problems such as these should come to a consistent result no matter what code does the calculations.



Challenge Problems

- We may not know the "correct" answer a priori, we may have strong guesses (or observations), but emergent behavior may be a possibility
 - Use certain coupling from the previous slide
 - Can be either analytical or field based
 - Problems with known numerical difficulties
- Specific problems for specific classes of codes
- Coupling methods for "fully coupled" applications
 - Globally implicit
 - Sequential
 - Between different codes
 - Within same code
 - Iterative vs. non-iterative
 - Data transfer
- Method of Manufactured Solutions
- More.....

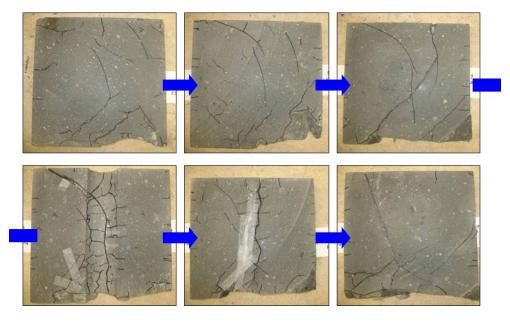


Some Laboratory and Field Data Examples

- Early Stanford papers on two-phase flow experiments
- Icelandic meso-scale relative permeability experiments
- Need more, have seen several in presentations this week.....







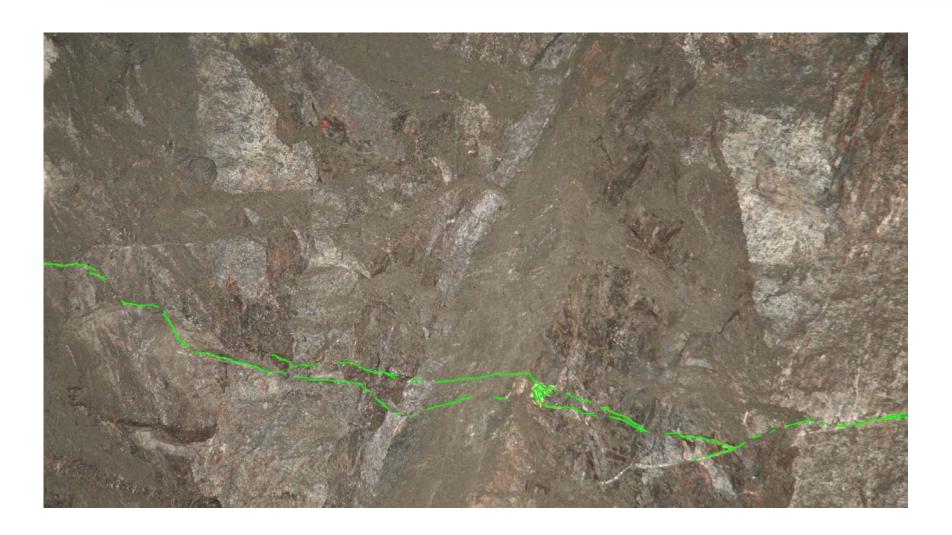
Courtesy M. Gutierrez, Colorado School of Mines



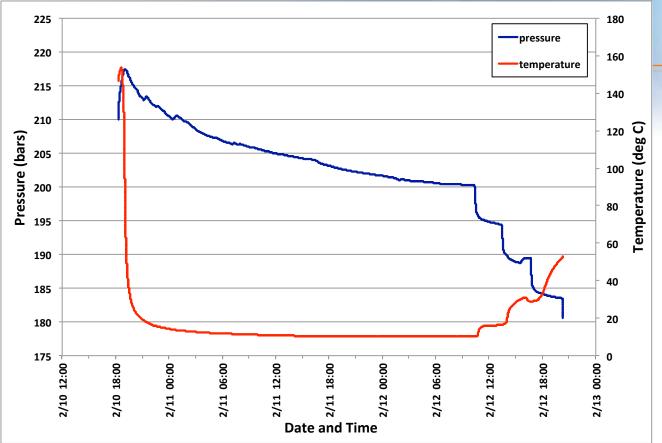


Courtesy R. Jeffery, CSIRO





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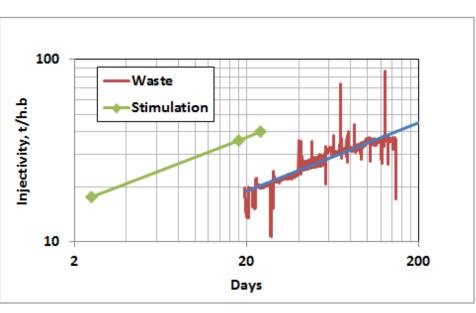


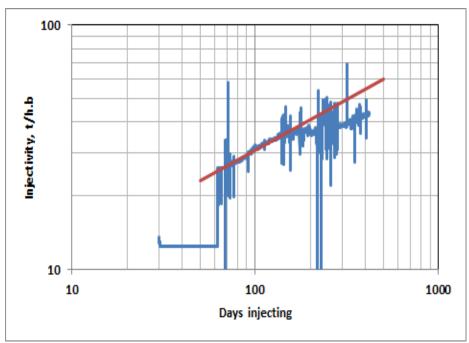


- Injectivity low for hot water injection—1.4lps/bar
- Cold water injectivity significantly higher—8.2lps/bar
- Behavior counter to what would be expected due to viscosity changes
 - Viscosity ~5X higher at 20°C
- Injectivity ~6X greater with cold water

Courtesy G. Gunnarsson, Reykjavik Energy

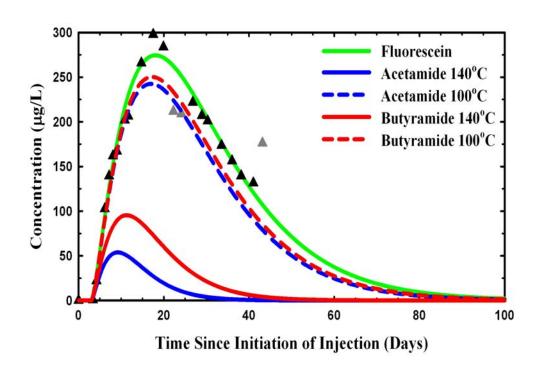






Courtesy M. Grant and Mighty River Power





Courtesy Mitch Plummer, INL



Summary

- If you have a relevant dataset that can be openly shared, please contact me (<u>robert.podgorney@inl.gov</u>)
- If interested to participate in workshop, please email Lauren Boyd (<u>Lauren.Boyd@ee.doe.gov</u>) at GTP
 - Summarize background and area of expertise
 - Why interested?
 - What you can offer?
 - Dataset you can bring?
- Things are developing quickly......



Acknowledgements

- Reservoir modeling workshop (March 2010) attendees
- Working group members in Iceland, US, Australia, Switzerland, and New Zealand
- Reviewers and those of you who provided comments to the white paper

